DICCIONARIO

ESPAÑOL E INGLES.

TOMO I

1333 y 31

DICCIONARIO
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ESPAÑOL E INGLES,

Conteniente la ſignificacion y uſo de las voces, con terminos propios á la Marina, á las Artes, Ciencias y Comercio, con la acentuacion de la Real Academia de Madrid.

NUEVA EDICION,

Reviſta y corregida deſpues de la edicion de JOSEPH BARETTI, *Secretario de la Real Correſpondencia de Pintura, Eſcultura y Arquitectura.*

TOMO I.

LONDRES,

A Coſta de PIESTRE Y DELAMOLLIERE.

1786.

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NUEVA EDICION

DICCIONARIO

PROLOGO.

DE todos los Diccionarios en qualquier idioma que ſean, el mejor, ſin duda, es el ultimo que ha ſalido á luz; entretanto un editor ha de ſer juycioſo y dar toda ſu atencion á un objeto de tanta importancia, y es meneſter que incluya en ſu obra todo lo que falta en otros Diccionarios que precedieron.

En Inglaterra publicaron tres Diccionarios Ingleſes y Eſpañoles, el primero lo hizo el Capitan Stevens, quien deſpues de ſu larga demora en Eſpaña, puſo á luz eſta preſente obra, que no es ſin algun merito, y de que ſe hizieron muchas impreſſiones en el ſiglo proximo-paſſado; deſpues de aver ſu autor uſado y cotejado con baſtante dexteridad y cuydado el Diccionario de Nebrixa y Aldrete, mediante que fue eſte, el mejor que tuvo curſo en Eſpaña.

Deſpues de Stevens, Pineda pretendio hace un Diccionario Ingles y Eſpañol perfecto, pero no hizo nada, ſino mutilar el Diccionario de Stevens, y muy poco añadio; en ſu Prefacio, critica ſin razon al Diccionario de la Real Academia de Madrid, impreſſo en ſeis tomos *in-folio*, con autoridad y á los gaſtos de S. M. el Rey Felipe V. y tiene la temeridad de diſputar con eſtos Academicos, de ſu propia Ortografia y de ſus reglas.

Finalmente Delpino, deſpues de Pineda, hizo tambien un Diccionario Ingles y Eſpañol; condenó á Pineda por no eſtar conforme á la Ortografia de la Real Academia, y el ſe conformo á ella: eſte miſmo Diccionario fue reviſto, emendado y mucho aumentado por Joſeph Baretti, quien por ſu regla en la Ortografia de la parte Ingleſa, ſiguio el Diccionario de Johnſon, y por la parte Eſpañola, ſiguio el Diccionario de la Academia.

Eſta nueva impreſſion del miſmo Diccionario que aora damos á luz, tambien ſe emendo de muchos errores que eſtavan en las precedentes ediciones, y ſi no hemos logrado el punto de perfecion deſſeado á lo menos hemos hecho nueſtros esfuerzos para merecer los ſufragios del publico.

A NEW DICTIONARY, SPANISH and ENGLISH.

A, The firſt letter of the alphabet in all languages, and the firſt of the five vowels.

A is ſometimes an article which marks the dative caſe either ſingular or plural; ex. *á Pedro*, to Peter; *á los hombres*, to the men.

A marks alſo the acuſative caſe; ex. *amo á Pedro*, I love Peter.

A, in Spaniſh, ſounds always like *a* in theſe Engliſh words, *tall*, *war*; *call*; ex. *cadaver*, a corpſe; *abanico*, a fan.

A, ſ. f. ex. *una buena*, *A*, a good A; *una A bien hecha*, an A well made.

It is uſed likewiſe before the articles *el*, *la*, and *los*; ex. *á el hombre*, to the man; *á los Ingleſes*, to the Engliſhmen.

A is a prepoſition, which ſignifies to, into, at, &c. ex. *ir á Roma*, to go to Rome, *ir al campo*, to go into the country; *á las tres*, at three o'clock, *á veinte leguas de aqui*, twenty leagues off; *á dos dedos de tierra*, within two inches of the ground, *á razón de ſeis por ciento*, at the rate of ſix per cent, *a la derecha*, on the right hand.

A is alſo a particle which has ſeveral ſignifications, ſometimes it ſignifies the faſhion, ex. *veſtida a la Franceſa*, dreſſed after the French faſhion.

Sometimes the quality; ex. *a prueba de bombas*, bomb-proof.

Sometimes it is put for the adverb *about*, ex. *nueve á diés mil hombres*, about nine or ten thouſand men.

A precedes many adverbs; ex. *poco a poco*, ſoftly; *a trueco*, by changing; *a brazo partido*, by ſtrength of arms; *á viſta de ojos*, evidently; *a pecho deſcubierto*, ſincerely.

It is alſo a particle of compoſition in many verbs, as from *deuda*, *lanza*, *palo*, are formed, *adeudar*, *alanzar*, *apalear*, &c.

Theſe are the principal ſenſes where in this letter is uſed, but there are ſome others beſides, which can hardly be brought under the foregoing ſignifications, or indeed under any particular rules; yet you will find them all in the ſeries of tibs dictionary.

AARO'N (*barba de Aaron*) ſ. f. the herb wake-robbin, or cuckow-pintle.

A B

A'BA, ſ. f. a little ſpace of ground of about two yards.

ABAO'L, ſ. m. (*amapóla*) poppy, ſleep wort.

ABA'CA, ſ. f. a kind of flax that grows in America..

ABACERI'A, ſ. an oil-ſhop.

ABACE'RO, ſ. m. the maſter or miſtreſs of an oil-ſhop, or any one who hath obliged himſelf to ſupply the thown he lives in, with all the goods commonly ſold in an oil-ſhop, or chandler's ſhop.

ABACIA'L, adj. belonging to an abbot.

A'BACO, ſ. m. (a term of architecture) the uppermoſt member of a column.

ABA'D, ſ m. an abbot. The head of ſome principal churches in Spain.

Abad bendito, an abbot with biſhop's privileges.

Abad mitrado, a mitred abbot.

Anciently they called *abad*, the curate of a parish church.

Prov. *El abad de lo que cantá yanta*, every body muſt live by his own labour.

ABA'DA, ſ. f. the female of a rhinoceros.

ABADE'JO, ſ. m. that ſort of ſalt fiſh we call poor Jack, the bird called a wagtail, and the fly we call the Spaniſh fly, or *cantharis*, uſed for raiſing bliſters.

ABADE'NGO, ſ. m. the territory and other things belonging to an abbot.

ABADE'NGO, adj. belonging to an abbot.

ABA'DES, ſ. m. the fly called *cantharis*.

ABADE'SSA, ſ. f. an abbeſs of a monaſtery of religious women.

Abadéſſa, ſ. f. the laſt ſpark that remains in a bit of paper burn to aſhes.

ABADI'A, ſ. f. the dignity of an abbot.

Abadia, ſ. f. church, monaſtery, the place where friars live.

ABAHA'R, vid. *AVAHAR*.

ABAJA'R, vid. *ABAXAR*.

ABAJARRO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of locuſt that devours the leaves and buds of trees.

ABAJE'RA, ſ. f. the herb called balmgentle or bee wort.

ABALA'DO, adj. ſoft, ſpungy.

ABALANZADO'R, ſ. m. one who thruſts forwards or hazards.

ABALANZA'R, v. a. to hold or make the balance or ſcales even.

Abalanzarſe, v. r. to attack, to rush on ſuddenly.

ABALDONA'R, v. a. to taunt, to caſt reproaches upon one, to give ill language.

ABALGA'R, ſ. m. a ſort of purge, a purging potion.

ABALLA'R, v. a. to lead a flock haſtily to ſome place or other.

Aballar, v. a. to ruin, to undo, to demoliſh.

ABALO'RIO, ſ. m. bugles. *No vale un abalorio*, it is not worth a pin.

ABALO'TE, ſ. m. uproar, tumult.

ABANDALIZA'R, v. a. to divide people into bands.

ABNADERA'DO, ſ. m. an enſign's ſervant, that carries the colours to him.

ABANDERA'DOS, ſ. m. pl. the name the people of Salamanca give thoſe that carry the colours at the proceſſion on Good-Friday and Eaſter Day.

ABANDERA'R, v. a. to hang or adorn a place with colours and ſtreamers.

ABANDERIZA'R, v. a. to raiſe a rebellion in a nation, to divide in to many parties.

ABANDONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of abandoning.

ABANDONA'R, v. a. to abandon, to forſake, to deſert.

Abandonárſe, v. r. to abandon one's ſelf to deſpair, to want courage to ſupport adverſity.

ABANDO'NO, ſ. m. the ſame an *abandonamiénto*.

ABANICA'R, v. a. to fan, to cool with a fan.

Abanicárſe, v. r. to fan one's ſelf.

ABANI'CO, ſ. m. a fan.

Abanico, ſ. m. a curtain gathered in the form a fan.

Abanicos de culpas, a nick-name given to the alguaſils or Spaniſh bailiffs, becauſe they blow the fire, and exite men to commit crimes, that they may have an occaſion to arreſt them.

ABANI'LLO, ſ. m. a little fan.

ABANI'NO, ſ. m. a ſmall ſort of ruff or gorget, formerly worn by women in Spain.

A'BANO, ſ. m. any ſort of fan.

ABANTA'L, ſ. an apron.

ABANTA'R, v. a to row on, to paſs forwards.

ABARATA'R, v. a. to ſell cheap, alſo to cheapen, to beat down the price of a thing.

ABA'RCA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſhoes worn by country people, made of raw ſkins.

ABARCA'DO, adj. ſhod with *abarcas*.

ABARCA'R, v. a. to claſp in the arms, to rake together much wealth, to aſſume command, to aſpire to honour. *Quien mucho abarca, poco aprièta*, all covet, all loſe.

ABARCO'N, ſ. m. any thing whereby another is retained, as an anchor or chord, or any thing that holds another; an iron circle that ſerves to faſten the pole of a coach.

ABARLOA'R, v. n. to ſail, to windward, to gain upon a wind, to tack from ſide to ſide.

ABARQUILLA'R, v. a. to bend any thing in the ſhape of a little boat.

ABARRACA'R, v. a. to put into barracks.

Abarracarſe, v. r. to cover from the inclemency of the weather by entering into barracks.

ABARRAD'O adj. (*puño abarrádo*) cloth ill dyed, with ſpots and bars.

ABARRAGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the life of a man and woman who live together in fornication.

ABARRAGANA'DA, ſ. f. a miſtreſs kept by one, a whore in keeping.

ABARRAGANA'DO, ſ. m. a man that keeps a wench.

ABARRAGANA'RSE, v. r. to live in fornication.

ABARRANCADE'RO, ſ. a. ſteep downfall, a dangerous hill or rock, a precipice, alſo a great difficulty.

ABARRANCA'DO, adj. ſticking in clefts, or craggy places, or in bogs between hills.

ABARRANCA'R, v. n. y a. to fall or throw down headlong, to tumble off precipices, to ſtick in bogs. *Metaph.* To run one's ſelf into dangers, or troubleſome buſineſs.

ABARRA'Z, ſ. an herb called ſtaveſacre, or louſebane.

ABARRI'SCO, adv. confuſedly, diſorderly, inconſiderately.

ABARROTA'R, v. a. to bind down, to preſs hard.

ABARRO'TES, ſ. pl. by Engliſh ſailors called dennage, being ſmall parcels of goods to fill up the cavities in ſtowing of a ſhip.

ABASTADAME'NTE, adv. abundantly, copiouſly.

ABASTA'DO, adj. well furniſhed, or provided. *Caſa abaſtada*, a houſe well ſtored.

ABASTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the ſame as *abaſtanza*. Obſ.

ABASTA'NZA, ſ. f. or *Abaſto*, ſufficiency, ſtore, plenty.

ABASTA'R, v. a. to ſtore, furniſh plentifully, or fully provide.

ABASTECEDO'R, ſ. m. provider.

ABASTECE'R, v. a. to furniſh, provide, ſupply or ſtore with proviſions, or other things.

ABASTECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the care and action of providing.

ABASTIONA'R, v. a. to fortify with baſtions.

ABA'STO, ſ. m. plenty, abundance.

ABATANADO'R, ſ. m. a fuller of cloth.

ABATANA'R, v. a. to full or mill cloth.

ABA'TE, ſ. m. an Italian word uſed to denote one dreſſed like a prieſt in a ſhort cloak; *abate*, interj. take care.

ABATEA'R, v. a to waſh.

ABATIDAME'NTE, adv. meanly, baſely, faintly, negligently feebly, humbly.

ABATI'DO, adj. mean, humble, diſcouraged, diſmayed, low in ſpirit, caſt down.

ABATIDO'R, ſ. m. a perſon that oppreſſes or caſts down others, or diſcourages them.

ABATIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſcouragement, diſheartening, debaſing, humbling, caſting down; in the ſeaman's phraſe, leewar way.

Abatimiénto, ſ. m. humiliation, alſo meanneſs of birth.

ABATI'R, v. a. to beat down, to diſcourage or caſt down, to debaſe, to humblee.

Abatirſe, v. r. to humble or ſubmit one's ſelf.

Abatir la bandéra, to ſtrike the colours.

Abatir la bandéra por guindamánia, to

ſtrike the colours ad hoiſt them again as ſoon as run down.

Abatioſe el gerifalte, the gerfaulcon ſtooped.

ABAXADE'RO, ſ. m. a place to deſcend or come down, as the ſide of a hill, or the like.

ABAXADO'R, ſ. m. he that takes down, humbles, leſſens, or abates any thing.

ABAXAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an humbling, debaſing, leſſening, taking down, or abating.

ABAXA'R, v. a. to come down, to ſtoop, to bring down, to humble, to lower, to deſcend.

Abaxár la cabéza, to hang down the head, that is, to ſubmit or aſſent.

Abaxár los parpados, to wink.

Abaxar los brios, to cool a man's courage.

Abaxar la maréa, to ebb, as the water does.

Abaxar las réntas, to lower the revenue.

Abaxar el balcon, in falconry, to bring down a hawk's fat.

Abaxar el tono, to lover the voice, or ſet the tune lower.

ABA'XO, adv. below.

De Dios abaxo, under God.

A B D

ABDICACIO'N, ſ. f. abdication.

ABDICA'R, v. a. to abdicate, renounce, the power once aſſumed.

ABDO'MEN, ſ. m. the *peritonæum*, or inner rim of the belly covering the entrails.

A B E

ABECE', ſ. m. the alphabet, the A,B,C.

ABECEDA'RIO, ſ. m. the firſt book in which children learn to read, like our primer, ſo called from the A,B,C.

ABE'JA, ſ. f. a bee.

ABEJA'R, ſ. m. a hive, a bee-hive.

ABEJARRO'N, ſ. m. a horſe-fly.

ABEJERI'A, ſ. f. a place where they keep many bees.

ABEJE'RO, ſ. m. one who takes care of the bee-hives. Alſo an obſcure mean perſon.

ABEJERU'CO, ſ. m. a bird that devours bees, called a witwall, or woodwall; alſo an unknown man.

ABEJILLA, a little bee.

ABEJO'N, ſ. m. a bee that has loſt its ſting, a drone.

Abejon, a ſort of play among children, at which one cries buz, and if the other is not watchful to pull away his head, he gives him a cuff on the ear. Thence *Jugár con úno al abejón*, is to make ſport of, or to make a jeſt of a man.

ABEJONA'ZO, ſ. m. a great bee, or a waſp.

ABEJO'RRO, ſ. m. a ſort of fly that lives and breeds in the woods.

ABEJU'ELA, ſ. f. a little bee.

ABEJURU'CO, vid. *ABEJERUCO*.

ABE'LLA, ſ. f. a bee.

ABELLA'R, ſ. m. a bee-hive.

ABEMO'LAR, v. a. to ſoften, to ſupple.

ABENU'LAS, ſ. f. the eye lashes, or the hair on the eye-lids. Obſ.

ABENU'Z, ſ. m. the ebony-tree. This name is Arabick: the common Spaniſh name *ébano*.

ABERENGENADO, adj. the colour of a fruit growing in Spain, called *berengéna*, which in the beginning is green, and afterwards changes to the colour of a violet.

ABERNARDA'RSE, v. r. to be highly incenſed, raiſed into a paſſion beyond meaſure, ſpoken jeeringly to any one.

ABERNU'NCIO, interj. far be it from me.

ABERTE'RO, adj. eaſy to be opened.

ABERTU'RA, ſ. f. an opening, a chink, breach, or cleft; a yawning; a leak in a ſhip. In architecture, the doors and windows of a houſe are called *aberturas*.

Hablar con abertúra, to ſpeag freely.

ABE'SO, adj. bad, naught. Obſ.

ABESA'NA, ſ. f. a yoke of oxen.

ABETE'RNO, interj. from eternity.

ABE'TO, ſ. f. a fir-tree.

ABETUNAR, v. a. to dawb over with bitumen, or any glutinous matter.

ABE'YA, ſ. f. Obſ. a bee.

ABEYE'RA, ſ. f. Obſ. a bee-hive.

ABE'ZA, ſ. m. vid. *AVEZAMI'ENTO*.

ABEZADAME'NTE, adv. knowingly, cuſtomarily.

ABEZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. accuſtoming, an inuring.

A B I.

ABIERTAME'NTE, adv. openly, plainly, manifeſtly, evidently.

ABIE'RTO, adj. open. clear, manifeſt, plain, conſpicuous. v. *abrir*.

Crédito abierto, a term among the merchants, ſignifying full credit without any limitation.

ABIGARRA'DO, ſ. a garment of ſeveral colours.

ABIGARRA'R, v. a. to paint in many colours.

ABIGEA'TO, ſ. m. the thieving or ſtealing of cattle; a word uſed in law.

ABIGE'O, ſ. m. a driver of cattle properly he who drives a whole flock or herd to will them.

ABIGOTA'DO, ſ. m. one with long whiskers.

ABINI'CIO, ad. from the beginning.

ABINTESTA'TO, adv. one that dies without making a will.

ABITA'QUE, ſ. m. the fourth part of the meaſure called *viga*.

A'BITO, ſ. m. habit, dreſs.

ABIZCOCHA'DO, adj. made in the form of a biſket, and as hard.

ABJURA'R, v. a. to abjure, forſake, renounce with an oath.

ABJURACI'ON, ſ. f. abjuration, the act of abjuring.

A B L.

ABLANDADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſoftens, ſmooths, or ſooths, pacifies, appeaſes, or aſſwages.

ABLANDADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſoftning, ſoothing, ſmoothing, pacifying, or appeaſing.

ABLA'NDAHIGOS, ſ. m. a ſoft fellow that i ſto be moulded every way.

ABLANDAR, v. a. to ſoften, to ſoothe, flatter, appeaſe, or pacify; from *blándo*, ſoft.

ABLATI'VO, ſ. m. the ablative caſe.

ABLENTA'DOR, ſ. m. one that fans or winnows.

ABLENTA'R, v. a. to fan, or winnow corn, or the like.

A B N.

ABNEGACIO'N, ſ. f. abnegation, denial, or alienation.

A B O.

ABOBAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. aſtoniſhment, gazing as if one were beſide himſelf.

ABOBA'R, v. a. to become fooliſh or make one a fool, or to make a man gaze, as if he were beſide himſelf.

ABO'BAS, adv. fooliſhly, ignorantly.

ABOCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a congreſs, or meeting together.

ABOCA'R, v. a. a term uſed by ſportſmen, when a dog ſeizes a partridge.

Abocar las vérgas, to make faſt the yards of a ſhip, particularly in time of battle, to ſeize them faſt that they may not fall.

Abocar la artilleria, to point a gun, to aim, to direct the cannon; ex. *abocó la artilleria a la brecha*, he pointed the artillery to the breach.

ABOCA'RSE, v. r. that is, for two to come mouth to mouth to confer.

ABOCARDA'DO, adj. (*cañon abocardado*) with a mouth like that of a trumpet.

ABOCHORN'AR, v. a. to overcome or ſtifle, to make faint with exceſſive heat.

Abochornar, to plague, to weary, to tire, to trouble.

Abochornar, to irritate, to provoke.

Abochornar, to aſhame, to diſgrace.

ABOCINA'DO, adj. (in architecture) divided in two.

ABOFETEADO'R, ſ. m. one that cuffs, boxes, or buffets another.

ABOFETEA'R, v. a. to cuff, box, buffet, or ſtrike on the face.

ABOGACI'A, ſ. f. the office or duty of a counſellor at law; alſo the practice or art of pleading.

ABOGACIO'N, ſ. f. pleading, arguing, or defending a cauſe, as lawyers do.

ABOGADA, ſ. f. patroneſs, protectreſs.

ABOGA'DO, ſ. m. a counſellor at law, or advocate; alſo an interceſſor or, mediator.

Abogado ſin létras, an ignorant pettifogger.

ABOGADO'R, ſ. an advocate.

ABOGA'LLA, ſ. f. an oak apple.

ABOGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a plea at the bar.

ABOGA'R, v. a. to plead as a counſellor or lawyer does.

ABOLE'NGO, vid. *AVOLENGO*.

ABOLICIO'N, ſ. f. an abolishing, annulling, or making void.

ABOLI'R, v. a. to abolish, to annul, to cancel or vacate.

ABOLLADU'RA, ſ. f. a bruiſe.

ABOLLADO'R, ſ. m. one that bruiſes, batters, or makes dents in things.

ABOLLA'DOS, ſ. m. pl. raiſed work, or emboſſing in embroidery.

ABOLLA'R, v. a. to bruiſe, batter, or beat dents in things.

Abollar la cabeza de uno, to vex, to tire, to plague one.

ABOLLO'N, ſ. m. the ſhoot of avine.

ABOLLONA'DO, adj. full of bunches, ſticking out, or knobs made with beating, as in veſſels of metal that are battered out.

ABOLLONA'R, v. a. to raiſe knobs, or riſings on any thing with bruiſing or beating.

ABOLSA'DO, adj. any thing folded in the manner of a purſe.

ABOMINA'BLE; adj. abominable, deteſtable, loathſome, execrable.

ABOMINABLEME'NTE, adv. abominably.

ABOMINACIO'N, ſ. f. abomination, deteſtation, loathing, abhorring.

ABOMINADO'R, ſ. m. an abominator, or one that abhors or deteſts any thing.

ABOMINA'R, v. a. to abominate, to abhor, to deteſt, to loath; from the Lat. *abominor*.

ABONA'DO, ſ. m. one that has a good account given of him, or that has ſecurity or bail given for him.

ABONADO'R, ſ. m. one that anſwers or ſpeaks a good word for another; alſo a ſurety, or bail.

ABONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſpeaking a good word, or giving a good character of another, or giving ſecurity or bail for him. Obſ.

ABONA'NZA, ſ. f. the clearing or breaking up of the weather, and becoming fair. Obſ.

ABONNANZAR, v. a. to clear up, to grow fair weather.

ABONA'R, v. a. to ſpeak a good word for, or give a good character of another, to be bound for one, to bail a man.

Abonár mercadurias, to warrant goods, to anſwer for their goodneſs.

Abónarſe el tiempo, the weather mends.

ABONDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. abundance, plenty.

ABONDA'R, v. a. to abound, to have plenty, to be well ſtored.

ABO'NDO, adj. (or *Abondóſo*) obſ. plentiful, abundant, copious.

ABO'NO, ſ. m. giving a man a good word, or character, being bound for him.

ABORDADU'RA, ſ. f. boarding of a ſhip, or bringing a ſhip cloſe to the ſhore.

ABORDA'R, v. n. to lay a ſhip aboard, or to board her as in fight; alſo to bring her cloſe to the ſhore.

ABO'RDO, ſ. m. (a ſea term.) aboard, that is, in the ſhip; alſo boarding of a ſhip.

ABORDONA'R, &c. ſee *BORDONEAR*.

ABORRASCA'DO, adj. grown bluſtering, ſtormy, foul weather.

ABORRASCA'R, v. n. to grow bluſtering, ſtormy, foul. weather.

ABORRECEDE'RO, adj. hateful, odious, abominable, deſpicable, contemptible.

ABORRECEDO'R, ſ. m. one that hates, loaths, or abhors.

ABORRECE'R, v. a (*yo aborréſco*) to hate, abhor, loath, or diſlike.

Aborrecer, los huevos, to fall off from one's friendſhip; verbatim, to hate the eggs; becauſe birds leave their eggs when they find they have been handled.

ABORRECI'BLE, adj. hateful, loathſome.

ABORRECIBLEME'NTE, adv. hatefully.

ABORRECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. hatred, loathing, diſlike.
ABORRESCE'NCIA, ſ. f. abhorrence, hatred.
ABORRI'R, v. a. to vex, torment, or diſguſt, to be vexed at one's ſelf or another.
ABORTADU'RA, ſ. f. an untimely birth, bringing into the world before time.
ABORTA'R, v. a. to bring forth before the due time.
ABO'RTIVO, adj. abortive, born before the time.
ABO'RTO, ſ. m. a miſcarriage, bringing, forth before time.
ABORTO'N, ſ. m. an abortive child, or other creature, born before its time.
ABOTAGA'RSE, v. r. to ſwell, form of a boot.
ABOTINA'DO, adj. any ting in
AROTINA'DO, adj. having the form of a boot. It is ſaid of a particular kind of shoes.
ABOTONA'DO, adj. buttoned, as a man's coat; in trees it is budded.
ABOTONADO'R, ſ. m. an inſtrument of iron uſed to button cloaths with.
ABOTONADU'RA, ſ. f. buttoning, or the place on which the buttons are faſtened.
ABOTONA'R, v. a. to button a garment; in trees, to bud.
ABOVE'DAR, v. a. to vault, or arch.

A B R.

A'BRA, ſ. f. an opening, a creek of the ſea, or an inlet to the land.
ABRACIJO, ſ. m. a ſincere embrace.
ABRASADAMENTE, adv. vigorouſly, fervently, ardently.
ABRASADO'R, adj. that burns or conſumes with fire.
ABRASAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a burning or conſuming with fire.
ABRASA'R, v. a. to burn, to conſume with fire.
ABRASA'RSE, v. r. to be inflamed.
ABRAZADE'RAS, ſ. f. cramping irons, to hold faſt ſtone or timber.
ABRAZADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who embraces another; (in cant) the hangman.
ABRAZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an embracing.
ABRAZA'R, v. a. to embrace, to hug, to claſp in the arms, alſo to encompaſſ, to hem in.
Abrazar la opinion de otro, to follow another's opinien.
ABRAZA'RSE, v. r. to embrace mutually, or one with another.
ABRA'ZO, ſ. m. an embrace a hug, a cloſe embrace; ex. *darſe el ultimo abrazo*, to take leave.
A'BREGO, ſ. m. the ſouth-weſt wind.
ABREVADE'RO, ſ. m. a watering place for cattle.
ABREVA'DO, adj. wet, moiſtened.
ABREVADO'R, ſ. m. one who waters cattle.
ABREVA'R, v. a. to water cattle.
ABREVIACIO'N, ſ. f. an abbreviation, epitome, compendium.
ABREVIA'DO, adj. abridged, ſhortened, made brief, cut off ſhort.
ABREVIA'DO, adj. according to Quevedo, a jocoſe expreſſion, intimating that a perſon is illegitimate.
ABREVIADO'R, ſ. m. an abridger, one that makes ſhort; alſo an officer that diſpatches the pope's briefs.
ABREVIADU'RA, ſ. f. an bridgment, retrenchment, cutting off, or ſhortning, or writting with abreviations.
ABREVIA'R, v. a to make ſhort, to be brief, to abridge, to cut off ſhort.
Abreviarſe, v. r. to be ſtraitned, to be bound cloſe.
ABREVIA'TU'RA, ſ. f. an abridgment, a ſummary, a compendium; alſo an abreviation.
ABRIBONA'RSE, v. r. tobe a rogue, or to be abandoned to vice.
ABRIDE'RO, adj. a thing eaſy to be opened.
ABRIDO'R, ſ. m. one that opens: alſo an iron uſed to ſtarch bands on; alſo an engraver, or carver.
ABRIGA'ñO, ſ. m. a ſheltering place, particularly uſed by ſhepherds as a cottage.
ABRIGA'R, v. a. to cover warm, to clothe warm, to ſhelter clo- from the weather; alſo to ſupport, to defend, or protect.
ABRI'GO, ſ. m. covering, or clothing warm, any covert againſt the weather, but more particularly againſt cold.
ABRIL, ſ. m. the month of April.
Viene hecho un Abril, or *eſtá hecho un Abril*, he comes very handſome or beautiful.
ABRIMIE'NTO, ſ. an opening, a diſcovery.
ABRI'R, v. a. to open, to diſcover, to diſcloſe, to reveal, to cleave aſunder, to expound.
Abrir lo ſelládo, to unſeal.
Abrir mano de una cóſa, to deſiſt from a thing.
Abrir portillo, to make a breach.
Abrir en cóbre, to engrave on copper.
Abrir puérta, to give an opportunity to make away.
Abrir tiénda, to open ſhop; taken in a bad ſenſe for women when they firſt expoſe t..em ſelves to be lewd.
Abrir el ojo, to ſtand upon ene's guard, to be watchful.
Abrir el tiémpo, is when the weather clears up, and clouds break away
Abrir camino, to facilitate, to make way
Abrir los oidos, to hearken, to be attentive.
Abrir trinchéra, to open the trenches.
Abrir el paſſo, to facilitate.
Abrir el puerto, to take off an embargo upon ships detained.
Abrir los ojos a uno (deſengañarle) to undeceive to diſabuſe one.
Abrir un canal, to baffle, to joke, to offend one.
Abrir las ganas, to ſharpen the ſtomach.
Abrir la mano, to be generous or libera..
Abrir las manos, to let one's ſelf be bribed or corrupted.
Abrir las piernas, to conſent in a bad ſenſe..
Abrir la puerta a los delitos, to give occaſion to crimes.
En un abrir y cerrár de ojos, in a twinkling of the eyes, quickly.
Abrirſe, v. r. to be opened, to be wide, or open.

Abrirſe la paréd, is when the wall craks.

Abiérto, p. p. of the verb *abrir*.

Hombre abiérto, an open, free, ſincere man.

Campo abierto, an open field.

Canta á libro abierto, he ſings at the opening of the book.

Crédito abierto, a credit without limits (in trade;) *guerra abierta*, an open war.

Lugar abierto, an open place.

Vér el cielo abierto, to find a favourable occaſion to execute a project.

ABROCHADU'RA, ſ. f. claſping, hooking, or drawing cloaths together.

ABROCHA'R, v. a. to haſp, or claſp cloaths together, but uſed ſometimes for any way of making them faſt.

ABROGACI'ON, ſ. f. an abrogating, annulling, or making void (in law.)

ABROGA'R, v. a. (preſ. *yo abrógo*, pret. *yo abrogué*) to abrogate, to annul, to abolish, to make void.

ABRO'JO, ſ. m. bramble, briar. Alſo ſuch as ſoldiers call calthrops, chauſſetrapes, or crowsfeet, being four-pointed irons, ſo made, that whatſoever way they fall, one point is always up; they are uſed to hinder the approach of cavalry, becauſe they run into the horſes, feet and lame them.

Abrójos, ſ. pl. the Spaniſh ſailors gave that name to ſome places in the ſea, full of shelves, or covered with shallow rocks.

ABROMA'RSE, v. r. to be eaten by worms.

ABROQUELA'RSE, v. r. to cover one's body with a buckler or target againſt an enemy; to ward off a blow; to be protected, defended, ſupported.

ABRO'TANO, ſ. m. the herb ſouthernword.

ABRUMADO'R, adj. heavy, or de preſſed by weight.

Abrumadór, adj. troubleſome, teizing, importunate, haranguing.

ABRUMA'R, v. a. to oppreſs, to afflict, to moleſt, trouble, or teize.

A B S

ABSCESSO, ſ. m. an abſceſs, a ſore ſwelling full of matter.

ABSCONDE'R, v. a. to hide or conceal, abſcond.

ABSE'NCIA, or *AUSE'NCIA*, ſ. f. abſence.

ABSENTARSE, v. r. to be abſent, vid. *AUSENTA'RSE*.

ABSENTE, adj. abſent.

ABSOLVEDE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. eaſineſs in a confeſſor to give abſolution. A jocoſe word.

Confeſſor de admirables abſolvedéras, a confeſſor that abſolves eaſily.

ABSOLVEDO'R, ſ. m. obſ. a confeſſor.

ABSOLVE'R, v. a. (preſ. *abſuélvo*, pret. *abſolvi*) to abſolve, forgive, diſcharge ſins, or offences.

ABSOLUCIO'N, ſ. f. abſolution, remiſſion, forgiveneſs, or pardon of ſins or offences.

ABSOLUTAME'NTE, adv. abſolutely; alſo preciſely, wholly; and truly.

ABSOLU'TO, adj. abſolute.

ABSORTA'R, v. a. to ſuſpend, to aſtonish.

ABSORTO, p. p. wholly taken up, wrapped in imagination, amazed.

ABSOLVE'R, v. a. to ſup up, or ſwallow, or ſuck up.

ABSTE'MIO, abſtemious, one that is abſtinent or ſparing in his meat, drink, and other things. Latin *abſtemius*.

ABSTENE'RSE, v. n. to abſtain, to refrain from meat, drink, pleaſure, or any other thing; ex. *para que te abſténgas y reportes en el hablár demaſiádo conmigo*, that you abſtain and keep from ſpeaking too much with me.

ABSTERSI'VO, adj. abſterſive, that has the quality of cleanſing.

ABSTINE'NCIA, ſ. f. abſtinence, refraining, or forbearing of meat, drink, pleaſures, or the like.

Día de abſtinencia, a day of abſtinence, is that which only obliges to abſtain from eating of flesh; but is not a faſt, which allows but one meal a day.

ABSTINE'NTE, adj. abſtinent, continent.

ABSTRACCIO'N, ſ. f. abſtraction, or taking from.

ABSTRACTIVAME'NTE, adv. abſtractedly.

ABSTRA'CTO, adj. extatick, abſtract, or who is in an extaſy, trance, or rapture.

ABSTRAHE'R, v. a. to ſeparate one thing from another.

Abſtraherſe, v. r. to abſtain from doing a thing.

ABSTRU'SO, abſtruſe, hidden, concealed, profund. Latin *abſtruſus*.

ABSUELTO, p. p. of the verb *abſolver*.

ABSURDAME'NTE, adv. abſurdly, preposterouſly.

ABSURDIDA'D, ſ. f. abſurdity, that which is againſt reaſon.

ABSU'RDO, ſ. m. abſurdity, what is done or ſaid againſt reaſon.

Abſurde, adj. abſurd, prepoſterous.

ABSY'NTHIO, ſ. m. wormwood.

A B U

ABUA'RSE, v. r. to be in the dark.

ABÙBA'DO, adj. one that has the French pox.

ABUBI'LLA, ſ. f. a bird called a hoope, that has a creſt from the bill to the neck, and delights in dung and filth.

ABUCA'STA, vid. *AVUCASTA*.

ABUCASTRO, ſ. m. a tireſome, diſagreeable fellow.

ABUCHORNA'R, vid. *ABOCHORNAR*.

ABUE'LA, ſ. f. a grandmother; better ſpelt *aguela*: ſee it there.

ABUE'LO, ſ. m. a grandfather; better ſpelt *aguelo*: where ſee more of it.

Abuélas déſſo, together with that. It is properly two words, *a buelas*.

ABUE'NAS. adv. fairly, by fair means. Two words, like the laſt.

ABUHAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſwelling, puffing up, bloating; alſo ſplenetickneſs, moroſeneſs, or foppish ill-nature.

ABUHA'RSE, v. r. to ſwell, puff up, bloat; alſo to be ſplenetick, moroſe, or in the mumps.

ABULLA, ſ. f. a bubble in the water.

ABULTA'R, v. a. to make a great bulk, to have a large body.

ABU'LTO, adv. by the lump. *Tomar a bulto*, to take a ting upon content; *Comprar a búlto*, to buy by the parcel without examining.

ABUNDA'NCIA, ſ. f. abundance, plenty, great ſtore.
ABUNDA'NTE, p. a. abounding, plentiful, well ſtored.
ABUNDANTEME'NTE, adv. abundantly, plentifully.
ABUNDA'R, v. n. to abound with, or in, to have in great plenty, alſo to be in great plenty to have great ſtore.
ABUNDOSEME'NTE, adv. as *abundantemente*, barbarous.
ABUNDOSIDA'D, abundance, plenty, great ſtore.
ABUNDO'SO, adj. abounding, plentiful, well ſtored.
ABUñUELA'R, v. a. to make any thing in the form of a fritter, or pancake.
ABURA'R, v. n. to burn, to ſcorch.
ABURELA'DO, adj. dark red.
ABURRI'R, v. a. to vex, diſtract or make a man weary of his life.
Aburrir los huevos la gallina, is for the hen to take a diſtaſte to her eggs, not ſit upon them any more
ABUSA'R, v. n. to abuſe, miſuſe, miſemploy.
ABUSIO'N, ſ. f. abuſe, miſemploying, miſapplying; alſo ſuperſtition.
ABU'SO, ſ. m. (as *abuſion*) the abuſe of any thing.
ABUTA'RDA, a buſtard, ſo called from the Latin *avis tarda*, a ſlow bird. Vid. *AVUTA'RDA*.
ABUVI'LLA, vid. *ABUBILLA*.

A B Y

ABYSMAI'ES, ſ. m. pl. great nails, ſuch as faſten the pole of a coach.
ABYSMA'R, v. r. to throw any thing into an abyſs or deep place.
ABY'SMO, ſ. m. an abyſs, or deep place; alſo hell.

A C A

ACA', adv. hither, here; ex. *vén acá mentecato*, come hither you foolish.
Por acá, hereabouts.
Acá y acullá, hither and thither.
Acá, a note of calling, as in English, hey.
Acá, de notes the time in which a thing hath happened.
Deſde un mes acá, a month ago, or ſince.
Acá como allá, it is the ſame there as here.
Andar de acá para allá, ù de acá para acullá, to run backwards and forwards, or ramble here and there.
Prov. *De quando acá Perico (ò Marica) con guantes?* how long is it ſince you have gone ſo fine?
ACABA'BLE, adj. any thing that can be finished.
ACABADAME'NTE, adv. completely, perfectly, abſolutely,
ACABALA'R, v. a. to make equal, even.
ACABALLADE'RO, ſ. m. the time and place where horſes cover the mares.
ACABALLA'DO, adj. reſſembling a horſe; alſo proxed.
ACABALLA'R, v. a. to leap the female, as a ſtallion.
ACABALLERADO, adj. endued with a noble and generous diſpoſition, gentleman like.
ACABALLERA'R, v. a. to think one's ſelf a knight, without being ſo.
ACABA'DO, adj. completed, entirely finished; alſo wiſe man.
Es un hombre acabádo, an accompliſhed man.
ACABAMIENTO, ſ. m. the end of any thing; alſo death.
ACABAR, v. a. to make an end, to conclude, to finish, to perfect, to accompliſh, to depart out of this life.
No puédo acabár con el, I cannot prevail wit him.
Acaba yá, do it then.
Seria nuncar acabár, a thing that never would be ended, finished, completed, perfected.
Quien mal anda en mal acába, a bad beginning, a bad ending.
Acabé aóra de llegár, I am but juſt come this moment.
ACABDILLADAME'NTE, adv. orderly.
ACABDILLADO'R, ſ. m. a general.
ACABDILLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a conducting, guiding, or leading on the ſoldiers.
ACABDILLA'R, v. a. to conduct, or guide ſoldiers.
ACABELLA'DO, adj. cheſnut colour.
ACA'BO, ſ. m. the end, the concluſion. Properly two words, *a cabo*.
ACABRONA'DO, adj. wild, free, as free as a wild goat.
ACACHA'RSE, v. r. to lay ſquat, to lay cloſe that one may not be ſeen.
ACACI'A, ſ. f. a tree and drug ſo called.
ACADE'MIA, ſ. f. an academy.
ACADE'MICO, ſ. m. a member of an academy.
Academico, adj. belonging to an academy.
ACAECE'R, v. imp. to happen, to chance, to fall out; from the Latin *accidere*.
ACAECE'RSE, v. r. to be preſent.
ACAECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an accident, event, incident.
ACAIRELA'R, v. a. to fringe.
ACALLA'R, v. n. to ſtill, quiet, appeaſe, ſilence, to hush as they do children; from *callar*, to be ſilent.
ACALMA'R, v. n. to calm, or ſtill.
ACALOñA'R, v. a. to calumniate.
ACALORA'R, v. a. to warm, heat, or make hot. Alſo to protect, or encourage.
Acalorarſe, v. r. to hurry one's ſelf.
ACAMPAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the place where an army is encamped.
ACAMPA'R, v. n. to encamp, to lie in the field.
ACAMUZA'DO, adj. buff-coloured.
ACA'NA, ſ. a ſort of fine wood brought from the Weſt-Indies of a very deep red.
ACANALA'R, v a. to cut in gutters or channels. In columns and carved work called fluting.
ACANA'LES, adv. in gutters or channels, or a fluted column.
ACANDILA'R, v. a. to make any thing in the ſhape of a candle.
ACANELA'DO, adj. of a cinnamon colour, or dreſſed with cinnamon.
ACANILLA'DO, ſ. m. interwoven canes, or reeds, like watling, or any thing done after that manner.
Pano acanillado, a coarſe ſort of

cloth, with great threads like reeds.

ACAñAVEREADO'R, ſ. m. one that pricks or wounds others with ſharp canes or reeds.

ACAñAVEREA'R, v. a to pierce, prick, or wound with ſharp canes or reeds, which was formerly uſed to make criminals confeſs, running ſharp reeds between their nails and their flesh.

ACAñONEA'R, v. a. to fire a gun, alſo to batter any place with cannon.

ACANTALEA'R, v. a. to throw ſtones, to ſling ſtones to; and alſo, to hail, to drop hail as big as ſtones.

ACANTARA'R, v. a. to meaſure out by pitchers; alſo to ſtrike with a pitcher.

ACA'NTHO, ſ. m. a ſort of thiſtle called in English, bears-foot, or bearsbreech.

ACANTHOBO'LA, ſ. f. the name of a chirurgical inſtrument uſed in taking out ſomething that ſtichs in the throat.

ACANTILA'R, v. a to ſtrengthen, to preſs hard, to drive to neceſſity.

ACANTONA'R, v. a. to canton troops.

ACAPA'R, v. a. to muffle up in a cloak; from *capa*, a cloak.

ACAPARRA'R, v. a. to ſtrowd or shelter under another's cloak; to put under another's protection.

ACAPAROSA'DO, adj. of a colour between blue and green.

ACAPIZARSE, v. r. to pluck one another by the hair.

ACAPONA'DO, adj. that is like an eunuch or a capon; alſo effeminate.

ACAPTAR, v. a. the ſame as *comprar*, to buy. Obſ.

ACARA'R, v. a. to confront, to bring face to face.

ACARDENALA'R, v. a. to make ſcars, to beat or wound ſo, that the ſcars remain.

ACAREAR, v. a. to bring face to face.

ACARICIADO'R, ſ. m. a perſon that makes much of his gueſt or entertains his friends kindly.

ACARICIA'R, v. a. to make much of, to treat tenderly and affectionately.

ACAREADI'ZO, adj. that may be, or is brought, or carried.

ACARREADO'R, ſ. m. one that brings, and carries.

ACARREADU'RA, ſ. f. bringing, or carrying.

ACARREA'R, v. a. to bring or carry.

ACARRE'O, *ACARRETO*, } ſ. m. carriage.

ACARRILA'R, v. a. to put into the way, or into the track.

ACARRILLA'DO, adj. full cheeked, plump faced, or that has great cheeks.

ACARRILLAR, v. n. full cheeked, plump faced.

ACA'SO, adv. by chance, accidentally, caſually.

ACA'SO, ſ. m. chance, hazard, accident.

ACATADAMENTE, adv. reveverently.

ACATADURA, ſ. f. the countenance, preſence, aſpect, or face.

ACATAMIE'NTO, ſ. f. preſence, aſpect; alſo reverence, reſpect, honour.

ACATA'R, v. a. to reſpect, honour, reverence; alſo to behold, to look upon, to view.

ACATARRARSE, v. r. to take cold.

ACAUDALADO'R, ſ. m. one that gathers wealth, or makes up a ſtock.

ACCAUDALAR, v. a. to growrich, to gather vealt, to lay up a ſtock.

ACAUDILLADO'R, ſ. m. one that leads, or conducts, as an officer does ſoldiers.

ACAUDILLADU'RA, ſ. f. *ACAUDILLAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. leading, conducting, as officers do their ſoldiers.

ACAUDILLA'R, v. a. to lead, conduct, or command, as an officer over ſoldiers.

ACAUTELAR'SE, v. r. to be cautious, to be careful, or reſerved.

ACAYRELA'R, v. a. to adorn with ſquare loops, or laces, or needlework.

A C C

ACCELERACIO'N, ſ. f. ſwiftneſs, velocity.

ACCELERADAMEN'TE, adv. ſwiftly, haſtily, raſhly, with precipitation.

ACCELERAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vid. *ACCELERACIO'N*.

ACCELERA'R, v. a. to haſten make ſpeed.

ACCENDER, vid. *ENCENDER*.

ACCENTO, ſ. m. accent, tone, pronounciation.

Accento muſico, the ſweetneſs of the voice, or ſoftneſs of ſound in muſic.

Accénto, a note or mark upon words, that regulates their pronunciation, according to the Latins and others.

ACCENTUA'R, v. a. to lay a true accent upon words; alſo to pronounce right the accents; and in muſic, to ſing melodiouſly.

ACCESSI'BLE, adj. acceſſible, eaſy of acceſs.

ACCESSION, ſ. f. acceſſion, increaſe, coming, or adding to; alſo the fit or paroxyſm of a fever, otherwiſe called *accidente*, the Spaniſh phyſicians uſing both terms indifferently.

ACCE'SSO, ſ. m. an addition; alſo acceſs, or an avenue, or way to a place.

ACCESSO'R, ſ. m. one that adds, or conſents to, an acceſſary.

ACCESSORIAMENTE, adv. acceſſarily.

ACCESSO'RIO, adj. acceſſary, or conſenting, or aſſiſting to.

ACCIDENTA'DO, adj. affected with an ill ſtate of health.

ACCIDENTA'L, adj. accidental.

ACCIDENTALME'NTE, adv. accidentally, caſually.

ACCIDE'NTE, ſ. m. the fit of paroxyſm of a fever, or any other fit of a diſeaſe; alſo an accident.

ACCIO'N, ſ. f. a deed, an action; alſo the title or claim a woman has to any thing; it is alſo an action at law, or an accuſation laid againſt a man.

ACCIONA'R, v. a. to adapt the action proper to the words ſpoken.

A C E.

ACEAR, ſ. m. a Moorish ceremony, part of their devotions.

ACEBADAMIE'NTO, ſ.

ſurfeit in horſes; mules, &c. proceeding from eating too much barley.

ACEBADA'R, v. a. to ſurfeit a beaſt, by giving him too much barley.

ACE'BO, ſ. m. holly, agrifolium.

ACEBU'CHE, ſ. m. oleaſter.

ACECHADO'R, ſ. m. one that is always watching, and prying, or obſerving, or peeping.

ACECHAMIE'NTO. ſ. m. a watching, obſerving, prying, or peeping.

ACECHA'NZA, vid. *ASSECHANZA*.

ACECHAR, verb. a. to watch, pry, or peep into others' actions. Prov. *Quien acecha por agujéro vé ſu duelo*: Who peeps through a hole, ſees ſomething proper to trouble him; that is, he who is over-curious, often hurts himſelf.

ACECHE, ſ. m. a kind of black earth.

ACE'CHO, ſ. m. the act of watching, or prying; an obſervation.

ACECHON, ſ. m. vid. *ACECHA'DOR*.

ACECINA'R, v. a. to ſalt and dry meat in the air or ſmoke.

Acecinárſe, v. r. to grow lean and dry like ſmoaked meat.

ACEDA'R, v. a. to make acid, to ſour; alſo to trouble, to diſguſt.

ACEDE'RA, ſ. f. the herb ſorrel.

ACEDI'A, ſ. f. a ſour taſte; alſo metaphorically diſguſt; alſo a flat fish reſembling a flounder.

ACE'DO, adj. ſour, acid; alſo harsh of temper, crabbed, peevish.

ACEDU'RA, ſ. f. vid. *ACE'DIA*.

ACE'FALO, vid. *AZE'PHALO*.

ACE'ITE, ſ. f. vid. *AZE'ITE*.

ACEITE'RA, ſ. f. vid. *AZEITE'RA*.

ACEITU'NA, ſ. f. vid. *AZEITU'NA*.

ACE'LGA. ſ. f. white-beet.

Cara de acelga, a pale, greenish, melancholy face.

ACEMI'LA, ſ. f. vid. *AZEMI'LA*.

ACEMI'TE, vid. *AZEMI'TE*.

ACENDRADU'RA, ſ. f. the refining of gold or ſilver.

ACENDRA'R, v. a. to refine ſilver or gold, to cleanſe, purify, or bring to perfection.

ACE'ñA, ſ. f. a water-mill. vid. *AZE'ñA*.

ACEPCIO'N, ſ. f. acceptation, or receiving any thing, reception, whether good or bad.

Acepcion de perſonas, the preference given to perſons without their deſerving it.

ACE'PHALO, adj. any thing that wants a head or beginning.

Libro acéphalo, a book that wants the beginning.

Verſos acéphalos, a ſort of heroicks, that begin with a short ſyllable; alſo fag ends of verſes.

Hereges acéphalos, a ſort of ancient hereticks, ſo called, becauſe it is not known who was the firſt that ſtarted their hereſy; they aſſerted there was but one nature in the perſon of Chriſt.

ACEPILLADO'R, ſ. m. one that planes, as joiners and carpenters do with a plane.

ACEPILLADU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. ſhavings of wood, ſuch as are taken off with a plane when the wood is planed.

ACEPILLA'R, v. a. to ſmooth, or plane, as joiners do with a tool called a plane; alſo to brush cloaths.

ACEPTA'BLE, adj. acceptable, pleaſing.

ACEPTACIO'N, ſ. f. vid. *ACEPTIO'N*.

ACEPTADO'R, ſ. m. a receiver.

ACEPTA'R, v. a. to accept.

Aceptar una letra, to accept a bill.

ACEPTA'NTE, ſ. the perſon that accepts.

ACE'PTO, adj. well received, well taken, grateful.

ACEQUI'NA, ſ. f. a canal to carry water.

A'CER, ſ. m. the maple-tree.

ACE'RA, ſ. f. the foot path in the ſtreets.

ACERA'R, v. a. to ſteel, or ſteel arms or inſtruments.

ACERBAME'NTE, adv. harshly, bitterly, ſeverely, auſterely.

ACERBIDA'D, ſ. f. cruelty, aſperity.

ACE'RBO, adj. harsh, bitter, auſtere, ſevere; from the Latin *acerbus*.

ACE'RCA, adv. near, or cloſe by: alſo concerning.

ACERCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. drawing near, or approaching.

ACERCAR, v. a. (preſ. *yo acerco*, pret. *yo acerque*) to approach, to draw near, to be cloſe at hand.

Acercárſe, v. r. to come near at hand.

Acercate, draw near, come cloſer, approach.

ACERCE'N, adv. cut off cleverly cloſe to the root or marks.

Cortar las orèjas a cercén, to cut off the ears cloſe to the head.

ACERI'CO, ſ. m. a ſmall pillow: alſo a pin-cushion.

ACE'RO, ſ. m. ſteel, a ſort of metal alſo a ſword; alſo courage, ſpirit.

Tomar el acero, to drink a ſort of potion mixed with ſteel.

ACERO'SO, ſa, adj. sharp.

ACERRAVE'LAS, or *ASERRAUE'LAS*, the cords by which the ſail is made faſt to the yard, called by English ſailors the robbins.

ACERRIMAME'NTE, adv. sharply, bitterly.

ACERRIMO, adj. very sharp, bitter.

ACERTADAME'NTE, adv. rightly, dextrouſly, cleverly.

ACERTADO'R, ſ. f. skilful in shooting, expert in gueſſing any thing.

ACERTAJO, an enigma, a riddle.

ACERTAJO'N, ſ. m. an augmentative of *acertajo*.

ACERTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. or rather *Acierto*, the hitting the work, or doing a thing right.

ACERTA'R, v. a. (preſ. *acierto*, pret. *acerté*) to hit the nail on the head; to do or to take a thing right; to hit a mark; to give a true ſolution to a queſtion.

Acertár, is uſed by taylors to expreſs the putting and fitting together of the pieces they have cut out for a garment, to ſew them together. This word is alſo uſed to ſignify what happened accidentally; as.

Acertó paſſar por aquí á tal tiémpo, he happened to paſs this way at ſuch a time.

Acertar errando, to happen right by going wrong.

ACERTIJO, ſ. m. enigma, riddle.

ACERUE'LO, ſ. m. diminutive of *acero*; a little ſword, the weapon of a dwarf.

ACE'RVO, ſ. m. a heap.
ACETA'BULO, ſ. m. a little meaſure by apothecaries.
ACETA'R, v. a. to accept, to admit, to receive.
ACE'TO, p. p. of *acetar*.
ACE'TRE, ſ. a braſs or copper bucket to carry water in, often uſed for that they carry the holy water in, in great churches; taken alſo for the ſprinkler of the holy water.
ACETRERI'A, ſ. f. the place or ſtreet where the braſiers live a braſier's shop: the place where alſo hawks are kept; inthis ſenſe more commonly called *cetreria*.
ACETRE'RO, ſ. m. a braſier; alſo a faulconer.
ACEVILA'DO, adj. mean, baſe, vile, and of no repute.
ACEVILA'RSE, v. r. to become mean, baſe, vile, and of no repute. Obſ.
ACEZA'R, v. n. obſ. to pant as dogs do when overheated.
ACEZA'R, v. n. to draw one's breath short and hard, as one does after running, or ſome fright.
ACE'ZO, ſ. m. drawing the breath short, and with difficulty.
ACEZO'SO, adj. one that draws his breath with difficulty, by reaſon of ſome obſtruction.

A C H

ACHACADI'ZO, adj. deceitful fraudulent.
ACHACA'R, v. a. to make a pretence, to frame an excuſe, to lay to another's charge.
Achacárſe, v. r. to claim to one's ſelf another man's merit or deeds.
ACHACOSAME'NTE, adv. ſickly, ill.
ACHACO'SO, adj. one that is full of excuſes, or pretences; alſo a diſeaſed perſon that is full of failings.
ACHANCLETAR, v. a. to put on the shoes with the heel down like ſlippers.
ACHAPARRADO, adj. belonging to shrubs.
ACHAPARRA'RSE, v. r. to be short of growth.
ACHA'QUE, ſ. m. a pretence, an excuſe; alſo a diſtemper, an ailing.
ACHAQUIA'R, v. a. to accuſe any one.
ACHAQUIE'NTO, adj. valetudinarian, who is always taking care of his health.
ACHAQUI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *achâque*.
ACHICADU'RA, ſ. leſſening, diminishing, drawing into a leſs compaſs.
ACHICA'R, v. a. to leſſen, to diminish, to bring into a leſs compaſs.
ACHICHARRA'R, v. a. to toaſt, or fry too much.
ACHICO'RIA, ſ. f. dandelion.
ACHINELA'DO, adj. that wears ſlippers.
ACHIO'TE, ſ. m. a great tree growing in America, whoſe ſeed is uſed in dying.
ACHOCADO'R, ſ. m. an unmerciful fellow that knocks down, or fells.
ACHOCA'R, v. a. (pref. *achuéco*, pret. *achoqué*) to knock down, to fell; alſo to hoard up money.
ACHO'TE, ſ. a hard ſubſtance of a very deep red, formerly uſed to be put into chocolate to give it a good colour, and becauſe it is an excellent peſtoral.
ACHUCHA'R, v. a. to preſs, or ſqueeze cloſe together; alſo to perſuade, to convict.
ACHUCHURRA'R, vid. *ACHUCHA'R*.
ACHUGA'R, v. a. to bind, or preſs hard, to ram down, to thruſt down in meaſuring, to wedge, or shore up.

A C I

A'CIA, adv. vid. *HA'CIA*.
ACIA'GO, adj. vid. *HACIA'GO*.
ACIA'L, ſ. m. a hair rope made faſt to a ſtrong ſtick, uſed by farriers in Spain to hold untuly horſes by the noſe, inſtead of our barnacle. Prov. *Mas puede acial que fuérza de oficial*: The barnacle can do more than the ſtrength of the farrier; that is, towards holding the horſe. It is equivalent to, Policy goes beyond ſtrength.
ACI'BAR, ſ. m. the purging drug made of the juice of the plant aloes.
ACIBARA'R, v. a. to make bitter with aloes; alſo to vex, to trouble, to diſguſt.
ACIBARRA'R, v. a. to dash againſt.
ACICALADO'R, ſ. m. polisher, burnisher.
ACICALADU'RA, ſ. f. polishing, burnishing, or ſetting out to the beſt advantage.
ACICALA'R, v. a. to polish, burnish, or ſet off to the beſt advantage; to sharpen the edge of a ſword.
ACICA'TES, ſ. m. pl. ſpurs which have a long broad point ſticking out inſtead of rowels; uſed in Spain by gentlemen when they ride at bulls or the like ſports.
ACICATA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with ſuch a ſpur as above.
ACI'CHE, ſ. m. a trowel, as bricklayers uſe.
ACIDA'TES, ſ. m. vid. *ACIRA'TES*.
ACI'DIA ſ. f. ſloth.
ACIDIO'SO, adj. ſlothful.
ACIDO, ſ. m. acid, when oppoſed to alkali.
A'cido, adj. acid. ſour.
ACIE'GAS, adv. blindfold.
ACIE'RTO, ſ. m. the right doing or performing of any buſineſs, a good hit, a right method.
ACIGUATA'DO, adj. that has the yellow jaundice.
ACIMBO'GA, ſ. f. a citron-tree.
ACIMENTA'RSE, v. r. to ſettle in a neighbourhood.
ACI'NA, ſ. f. vid. *HACI'NA*.
ACINA'R, v. a. vid. *HACI'NAR*.
ACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſtirrup leather.
ACIPRE'S, ſ. f. the cypreſs-tree.
ACIPRE'STE, ſ. m. vid. *ARCIPRESTE*.
ACIRATES, ſ. m. pl. limits, or bounds.
ACITRO'N, ſ. m. a preſerved citron.
ACIVILA'R, v. a. to debaſe.

A C L

ACLAMACIO'N, ſ. f. acclamation.
ACLAMADO'R, ſ. m. the proclaimer.
ACLAMA'R, v. a. to receive with acclamations, to shouth by way of approbation.

ACLARACIO'N, ſ. f. a clearing, or making plain.
ACLARADO'R, ſ. m. a clearer, or explainer of matters, one that lays things open.
ACLARA'R, v. n. to clear, to cleanſe, to explain, to lay things open.
ACLARECE'R, v. n. to explain, to clear up, to put a thing in a true light.
'ACLA'VILLA, ſ. an inſtrument dyers uſe for dipping the things they dye.
'ACLOCA'RSE, v. r. to ſet as a hen does on her eggs; alſo, to be lazy.

A C O

'ACOBA'R, v. a. to prop, ſupport, uphold. Obſ.
ACOBARDA'R, v. a. to make one afraid, or cowardly, or to be afraid, or cowardly.
Acobardárſe, v. r. to be a coward.
ACOCEADO'R, adj. that kicks or ſpurns.
ACOCEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a kicking, a ſpurning.
ACOCEA'R, v. a. to kick, or ſpurn.
ACOCHIN'AR, v. a. to come to a ſecret agreement with a criminal.
ACOCOTA'R, v. a. to kill with a blow or cut given on the nape of the neck.
'ACODADU'RA, ſ. f. a bending like that of an elbow; alſo the act of leaning on the elbow; alſo the pruning of vines, and their taking root.
'ACODA'R, v. a. to make a bending like an elbow; alſo to lean on the elbow; it is alſo a term uſed by carpenters in meaſuring; and in trees it is to prune them, and their taking root in the ground.
'ACODICIA'R, v. n. to covet.
ACO'DO, ſ. m. a knot in a tree; (a word uſed by gardeners.)
ACOGE'DOR, ſ. m. one that receives or entertains others.
ACOGE'R, v. a. (preſ. *acójo*, pret. *acogí*) to entertain, to admit, to receive friendly.
Acogérſe, v. r. to betake one's ſelf to flight, to make an eſcape, to have recourſe to.
ACOGE'TA, ſ. f. an eſcape.
ACOGI'DA, ſ. f. a place to betake one's ſelf to, a place of refuge; alſo reception, or entertainment; as, *Me hizo buena acogida*, he received me friendly.
ACOGIMIENTO, ſ. m. reception, entertainment, an eſcape, protection.
ACOGOTA'R, v. a. to grow thick necked; alſo to ſtrike on the neck, or kill with a blow on the neck as we do rabbits.
ACOHOMBRA'DO, adj. made like a cucumber, or dreſſed with cucumber.
ACOI'TA, ſ. f. punishment, affliction. Obſ.
ACOITA'RSE, v. r. to be affected with trouble, to be perplexed, Obſ.
ACOLCHAR, v. a. to quilt.
ACOLY'TO, ſ. m. an acolyte, one that ſerves the prieſt at the altar.
ACOLLADO'R, ſ. m. a rope made uſe of ſailors to bind the maſt.
ACOLLARA'R, v. a. to yoke beaſts together.
ACOLLE'R, obſ. vid. *ACO'GER*.
ACOLVA'DO, adj. filled, heaped up. Obſ.
ACOLVA'R, v. a. to fill, to heap up. Obſ.
ACOMANDA'R, v. a. to recommend, to ſpeak well of. Vid. *ENCOMENDAR*.
ACOMBA'R, vid. *COMBA'R*.
ACOMETEDOR, ſ. m. one that aſſaults, attacks, or ſets upon, or one that undertakes.
ACOMETE'R, v. a. to aſſault, to attack, to ſet upon; alſo to undertake.
Acometer con dadivas, to tempt a man with gifts.
ACOMETI'DA, ſ. f. an aſſault, an attack; alſo an undertaking.
ACOMETIMIE'NTO, ſ. an aſſault, an attack; alſo an undertaking.
ACOMODA'BLE, adj. convenient, fit.
ACOMODACIO'N, ſ. f. accommodation.
ACOMODAME'NTE, adv. conveniently, opportunely.
ACOMODADO'R, ſ. m. he who adapts ſomething to another; alſo the man who has the care to aſſign women their places at the playhouſe.
ACOMODADO'RA, ſ. f. a woman whoſe buſineſs is to look for nurſes.
ACOMODAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a fitting, making convenient, bringing to reaſon, a ſettlement or proviſion.
ACOMODA'R, v. a. to make fit, or convenient, to compound a difference, to place a ſervant, to provide for another.
Acomodárſe, v. a. to provide for one's ſelf, or to get an employment; alſo to conform, and ſettle one's ſelf to the times or circumſtances.
ACOMPAÑADO'R, ſ. m. one that keeps company with, or follows another.
ACOMPAÑAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a retinue, attendance, or keeping in company.
ACOMPAÑA'R, v. a. to accompany, or be of a retinue.
Mas vale ſolo que mal acompañado, it is better to be alone, than in bad company.
ACOMPLEXIONA'DO, adj. belonging to the complexion either good or bad.
ACOMULA'R, v. a. obſ. vid. *ACUMULA'R*
ACOMPLIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. complement, that which makes any thing complete.
ACONCHADI'LLO, ſ. m. any ſort of ragoo.
ACONCHA'R, v. a. to cover with ſhells, or to lay and fit together, that things may lie as a fiſh does in the ſhell.
Aconchár dinéro, to hoard money.
ACONDICIONA'R, v. a. to put into good condition.
ACONGOJA'R, v. a. to vex, fatigue, perplex, trouble, oppreſs.
ACO'NITO, m. a poiſonous herb, of which there are two ſorts, the one called libbards-bane, the other wolfs-bane.
ACONSEJADAMENTE, adv. with advice, maturely, diſcreetly.
ACONSEJADO'R, ſ. m. a counſellor, an adviſer.
ACONSEJA'R, v. a. to counſel, to adviſe.

ACONSOLAR, v. a. to comfort. Vid. *CONSOLA'R.*

ACONTAGIA'R, v. a. to infect. Vid. *INFICIONA'R.*

ACONTA'R, v. a. vid. *CONTAR.*

ACONTECE'R, v. imp. (pref. *acontesco*) to happen, to chance, to fall out.

No me acontecéra otra vez, it shall be ſo no more, I will not be ſerved ſo again.

ACONTECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an accident, any thing that has happened.

ACONTENTA'RSE, v. r. vid. *CONTENTA'RSE.*

ACONTRASTA'R, vid. *CONTRASTAR.*

ACOPA'DO, adj. that is made round like a cup; as *arbol acopado*, a tree that has a round head like a cup.

ACOPA'R, v. a. to make a thing have a round head like a cup.

ACOPETADO, adj. curled.

ACOPIAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an account or eſtimate taken at the diſpoſing of any paſtures or flocks of cattle.

ACOPIA'R, v. a. to value or ſet a price on paſture grounds.

ACOPLA'R, v. a. to join together as carpenters do boards.

Acoplárſe, v. r. to be joined together.

ACOQUINA'R, v. a. or rather.

ACOQUINA'RSE, v. r. to be frightened, to fear.

ACORALA'DO, adj. adorned with coral, or of the colour of coral.

ACORAA'R, v. a. to cut the hoof to the quick.

ACORA'R, v. a. to kill, to ſtifle.

ACORDADAME'NTE, adv. with common conſent.

ACORDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vid. *CONFORMI'DAD.*

ACORDA'NZA, vid. *CONSONANCIA.*

ACORDA'R, v. a. (pref. *acuerdo*, pret. *acordé*) to remember, to awake from ſleep, to put in mind, to agree together, to determine; in muſick, to tune.

ACO'RDE, adj. agreed, unanimous.

ACORNEA'R, v. a. to but as horned beaſts do; alſo to abuſe.

ACO'RO, ſ. m. galingall.

ACORRALA'R, v. a. to fold cattle; alſo to drive up where one cannot eſcape, to pen up to diſtreſs, to bring into ſtreights.

Acorralárſe, v. r. to be ſtreightned, penned up.

ACORRE'R, v. a. to run to, to help, to relieve, tu ſuccour, or aſſiſt.

ACORRIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. aid, aſſiſtance, ſuccour, relief, running to.

ACORRO, ſ. m. help, aid, aſſiſtance, ſuccour, relief.

ACORRUCA'RSE, v. r. vid. *ACURRUCA'RSE.*

ACORTADI'ZO, ſ. m. ſhreds, fragments.

ACORTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſhortning, abridging, retrenching.

ACORTA'R, v. a. to ſhorten, to abridge, to retrench; alſo to ſuſpend, to detain.

Acortárſe, v. r. to be ſtopped ſhort with fear or ſhame, to be out, to falter.

ACORVA'R, v. a. to crook, bend, or bow.

ACORZA'R, v. a. vid. *ACORTA'R.*

ACOSADO'R, ſ. m. one that purſues, perſecutes, or moleſts, or baits others.

ACOSAMIE'NTO, ſ. f. cloſe purſuit, perſecuting, moleſting, or vexing, baiting.

ACOSA'R, v. a. to purſue cloſe, to perſecute, moleſt, fret and vex, to bait.

ACOSTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vid. *SUE'LDO.*

ACOSTA'R, v. a. to put to bed, to lay one down; alſo to incline, to be in decay or ready to fall; alſo to enliſt ſoldiers, or to follow the opinion or party of one.

Acoſtárſe, v. r. to approach, to come near, or to draw and bring near.

Acoſtárſe el peſo, to incline the balance on one ſide.

Acoſtárſe al parécer de otro, to incline to another man's opinion.

ACOSTUMBRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. accuſtoming, uſe.

ACOSTUMBRA'R, v. a. to accuſtom, to uſe.

Acoſtumbrarſe, v. r. to be in faſhion.

Hijo de viuda ó mal criádo ó mal acoſtumbrádo, a widow's ſon is generally ſpoil'd by the love of his mother.

ACOTACIO'N, ſ. f. the action of putting bounds or limits; alſo a mark, an annotation they put in the margin of a writing or book.

ACOTA'R, v. a. to bound, to limit; alſo to take notice, to mark, to make annotations.

Acotárſe, v. r. to put one's ſelf in ſafety.

ACOTOLA'R, v. a. to uſe ill.

ACOYTA'R, v. n. to procure. Obſ.

ACOYUNDA'R, v. a. to yoke the oxen.

A C R

A'CRE, adj. ſour, ſharp; (it is uſed in a proper and figurative ſenſe.)

ACRECENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that increaſes, enlarges, augments, or improves.

ACRECENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. increaſing, enlarging, improvement.

ACRECENTA'R, v. a. (pref. *acreciento*, pret. *acrecenté*) to increaſe, inlarge, augment, or improve.

ACRECE'R, v. a. to increaſe, to add to.

ACRECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. increaſe, or augmentation. Vid. *CRECIMIE'NTO.*

ACREDITA'R, v. a. to give credit, to put in eſteem; alſo to be bound for.

Acreditar una opinion, to give credit to an opinion.

Acreditar en quenta, to credit in account.

Acreditárſe, v. r. to get into credit, to get a name.

ACREEDO'R, ſ. m. a creditor.

ACREE'R, v. n. to lend money upon goods, as the pawnbrokers do.

ACREME'NTE, adv. ſharply.

ACRIBADU'RA, ſ. f. the action of ſifting.

ACRIBADU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. ſiftings.

ACRIBA'R, v. a. to ſift; alſo to ſhoot through and through.

ACRIBILLA'R, v. a. to pierce full of holes; alſo to tire, to plague, to perſecute, to moleſt.

ACRIMINACIO'N, ſ. f. the action of exaggerating a crime.

ACRIMINADO'R, ſ. m. a proſecutor, an evidence.
ACRIMINA'R, v. a. to accuſe, to lay crimes to one's charge, to proſecute rigorouſly.
ACRIMONIA, ſ. f. ſharpneſs, tartneſs; metaphorically, ſeverity, aſperity; alſo ardour, vehemence, energy.
ACRISOLA'R, v. a. to refine in a crucible; metaphorically, to cleanſe, or purify, to try a man thoroughly.
ACRO'STICO, ſ. m. acroſtick.
ACROTE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. (in architecture) little pedeſtals without baſes, placed at the middle and the two extremes of pediments.

A C T

'ACTAS, ſ. f. pl. publick acts, or records.
ACTITADERO, adj. in law, imminent, ready to be done.
ACTITA'R, v. a. in law, to act, to bring before judge.
ACTIVIDA'D, ſ. f. activity, diligence, expedition, vivacity.
'ACTIVO, adj. efficacious, active, diligent, expeditious.
A'CTO, ſ. m. act, action, deed.
ACTO'R, ſ. m. a performer, an actor; in the law plaintiff, or proſecutor.
A'CTOS, ſ. m. pl. vid. *A'UTOS*.
Actos de caballeria, deeds of noblemen.
Actos de comedia, acts of a play.
Actos de los Apoſtoles, the acts of the Apoſtles.
Actos de poſſeſſion, (in law) a form of taking poſſeſſion of an eſtate, employment, dignity, &c.
Actos de univerſidad, an act or ſolemn diſpute in an univerſity.
Actos publicos, public acts of juſtice, as thoſe of the inquiſition againſt criminals.
Tener actos poſitivos, to deſerve an employment.
'ACTUA'L, adj. actual.
ACTUALME'NTE, adv. actually, truly, indeed.
'ACTUA'R, v. a. to act, to perform, to operate.
El eſtómago actua los manjares, y el entendimiento los conceptos, the ſtomach digeſts the aliments, and the underſtanding prepares the ideas.
ACTUA'RIO, ſ. m. a ſcrivener, a regiſter.
ACTUO'SO, adj. diligent, careful.

A C U

ACUCHILLADI'ZO, adj. that has been, or is expoſed to be ſlashed and cut; ſaid of a quarrelſome perſon, who is always ſlashing, a bully.
ACUCHILLADO'R, ſ. m. a prize-fighter, a gladiator.
Mangas acuchilladas, ſlashed ſleeves.
ACUCHILLADU'RA, ſ. f. or *ACUCHILLAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. a cutting, ſlashing, or hewing.
ACUCHILL'AR, v. a. to cut, ſlash, or hew; to wound.
Acuchillárſe, v. r. to fight another both ſword in hand.
ACUCI'A, ſ. f. ſharpneſs of edge, or of wit.
ACUCIAR, v. a. to sharpen; alſo to haſten.
ACUCIOSAME'NTE, adv. ſharply, diligently.
ACUCIO'SO, adj. obſ. ſharp, diligent.
ACUCLI'LLAS, adv. ſetting on one's legs, with the body hanging on the hams.
ACU'DA, ſ. a great wheel to draw water with out of wells, commonly uſed to water gardens.
ACUDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. repairing to; alſo relief or aſſiſtance.
ACUDI'R, v. n. to repair to, to come to a call; alſo to relieve or aſſiſt; alſo to apply to.
Acudir la tierra con frutos, to bring forth plenty of fruits.
ACUENTO, adv. on account, conveniently.
ACUERDA'R, v. n. to grow or make wiſer.
ACUE'RDO, ſ. m. agreement, reſolution, judgment, reaſon, knowledge, capacity.
Hacer acuerdo, to remember.
Acuerdo de aſſeſſor, the opinion of the counſellor to the jury.
Acuerdos del reyno, the reſolution taken in the Spaniſh courts.
Eſtar fuera de ſu acuerdo, to loſe one's ſenſes, as in a fainting fit.
El libro de acuerdo, the rolls.
Por ultimo acuerdo, by the laſt determination.
Quedar ò eſtar de acuerdo, to be unanimous, to agree together.
Tomar acuerdo, to conſult, to ask advice.
Volver en ſu acuerdo, to recover the ſenſes after a fit.
ACUERNA'R, v. a. to but, to ſtrike with the horns.
ACUE'STAS, adv. upon a mans back, on his ſhoulders.
Tener ſeſenta años acueſtas, to be threeſcore years old. Verbatim, to have threeſcore years upon one's back.
Tomar un muchacho acueſtas, to hoiſt up a boy as they do at ſchool to be whipped.
Llevar a otro acueſtas, verbatim, to carry another upon one's back; metaphorically, to maintain him.
ACUITA'RSE, v. a. to afflict or trouble one's ſelf, to pine away.
ACULLA', adv. there, in that place *Allá y acullá*, here and there.
ACULLI'R, v. a. to receive or entertain a gueſt.
ACUMBRA'R, v. a. to raiſe, extol, elevate.
ACUMEN', ſ. m. acuteneſs, ſharpneſs, ſubtilty.
ACUMULACIO'N, ſ. f. an heaping together.
ACUMULADO'R, ſ. m. one that accumulates, or heaps together, one that lays faults to others, and magnifies them.
ACUMULA'R, v. a. to accumulate, to heap on, to lay to one's charge.
ACUNZADO'R, ſ. m. poliſher, refiner, one that adorns and ſets things in order.
ACUNZA'R, to poliſh, refine, adorn, or ſet things in order. Obſ.
ACUñADO'R, ſ. m. a coiner; alſo a cleaver that cleaves with wedges.
Acuñador de teſtigos falſos, a coiner; that is a ſuborner of falſe witneſſes.
ACUñA'R, v. a. to coin money, to cleave with wedges.
Acuñar dinero, beſides the literal ſenſe

of coining, ſignifies metaphorically. to heap or gather wealth.

ACURRUCA'RSE, v. r. to clothe one's ſelf well againſt cold weather.

ACURRULLA'R, v. a. (a ſea term) uſed in the galleys to expreſs the action of furling the ſails.

ACURTIDO'R, ſ. m. vid. *CURTIDO'R.*

ACURTI'R, v. a. vid. *CURTI'R.*

ACUSACIO'N, ſ. f. an accuſation.

ACUSADO'R, ſ. m. accuſer, evidence.

ACUSAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an accuſation.

ACUSA'R, v. a. to accuſe, to charge with offences.

Acuſárſe, v. r. to accuſe one's ſelf.

ACUSATI'VO, ſ. m. the accuſative caſe.

ACUSATO'RIO, adj. accuſatory.

ACUTA'NGULO, ſ. m. an acute angled triangle.

A D A

ADAFI'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of ragoo uſed among Jews in Spain.

ADA'GIO, ſ. m. an adage, a proverb.

ADAGUA'R, v. a. to water cattle.

ADAHA'LA, ſ. f. vid. *ADEHA'LA*

ADA'LA, ſ. a gutter, a nautical word.

ADALI'D, ſ. m. a guide, a conductor. This word is generally uſed for thoſe that conduct armies.

ADAMADI'LLO, adj. ſparkish, beauish.

ADAMA'DO, adj. finical, fine, nice, dainty, lady-like.

ADAMADU'RA, ſ. f. effeminacy.

ADAMAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vid. *ADAMADU'RA.*

ADAMA'R, v. a. to love eagerly.

Adamárſe, v. r. to make, or become finical, nice, dainty, or lady-like.

ADAMASCA'DO, adj. diverſified or variegated like a damasked ſtuff.

ADANI'SMO, ſ. m. a meeting of naked men and women; or the ſect called Adamites.

ADAPONE'R, v. a. to preſent. Obſ.

ADAPTA'DO, ſ. m. a perſon who is fit, or proper for any thing.

ADAPTA'R, v. a. to adapt, to fit, to make equal.

ADARAGADA'NTE, ſ. m. one who covers himſelf with a target.

ADA'RGA, ſ. f. a ſhort light target, or buckler, made of buffaloo's hide, or buff, uſed by the Spaniards and Africans.

ADARGA'MA, ſ. f. the fineſt flour.

ADARGA'R, v. a. to arm or cover with a target, or buckler, to ſtand upon one's guard.

Adargárſe, v. r. to be covered with a target or buckler.

ADA'RME, ſ. m. a dram weight; alſo a ſmall piece of money formerly ſo called in Spain.

ADARME'NTO, ſ. m. a herd of cows.

ADARVA'DO. adj. ſtupified, benumbed, or become motionleſs with a fright, like the ſtatues they uſed formerly to ſet on the *adarves*, or walls, to make the number of the defendants ſeem the greater.

ADARVA'R, v. a. obſ. to ſtupify; to ſtrike with wonder.

ADA'RVE, ſ. m. the ſpace or breadth on the top of the walls of a fortified place, where the battlements are for the defendants to ſtand on.

Prov. *Abáxanſe los adárves, y levantanſe los muladáres*, the high walls ſtoop, and the dunghills riſe, uſed when perſons of note humble themſelves, or are caſt down, and baſe fellows ſtrive to look great, or riſe high.

Adaután bebér adaután, to drink to a pitch, to drink hard; to drink as much as another.

A D E

ADEFI'NA, ſ. f. vid. *ADAFI'NA.*

ADEFE'SIOS, ſ. f. *hablar adefeſios*, to ſpeak nothing to the purpoſe; or though it be to the purpoſe, to talk to thoſe that will not mind, or at leaſt will not admit of what is ſaid.

ADEFUE'RA, adv. outwardly, externally.

ADEHA'LA, ſ. f. any thing taken or given over and above the bargain agreed on.

ADELANTACI'ON, ſ. f. vid. *ADELANTAMIENTO.*

ADELANTADAME'NTE, adv. before time.

ADELANTA'DO, ſ. m. a preſident, one that is chief, or placed over others.

ADELANTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. going before, advancing, riſing to preferment; alſo the poſt and authority of the lord lieutenant of a province; and the province itſelf that is under ſuch a governor.

ADELANTA'R, v. a. to go before, to advance, to riſe to preferment, to excel, to outſtrip others.

Adelantárſe, v. r. to advance one's ſelf, to go forwards.

ADELA'NTE, adv. before, beyond; alſo on, or go on, go forwards.

Mas adelánte, farther yet.

De oy en adelánte, from this time forward.

ADE'LFA, ſ. f. the plant oleander, or roſe-bay-tree.

ADELGAZADO'R, ſ. m. one that make things ſmall and ſlender.

ADELGAZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a leſſening, decreaſing, a diminution.

ADELGAZA'R, v. a. to make ſmall or ſlender, to grow ſlender; alſo to ſubtilize, to uſe ſubtilities, to refine.

Adelgazár la pluma, to make a pen write ſmall.

Adelgazár un punto, ò queſtión, to canvaſs a point, to manage it nicely to make the moſt of it.

ADELGAZA'RSE, v. r. to grow thin.

ADEMAN, ſ. f. trick, motion, geſture.

ADEMA'S, adv. moreover, over and above.

ADENSA'R, v. a. to condenſe, to make thick.

ADENTELLA'DAS, adv. by mouthfuls, by bites of the teeth.

ADENTALLADO'R, ſ. m. one that bites, ſnaps; or marks with his teeth.

ADENTALLADU'RA, ſ. f. a biting, ſnapping, or ſetting of the teeth in a thing.

ADENTALLA'R. v. a. to bite, to ſnap, to ſet the teeth in a thing.
ADE'NTRO, adv. within.
Volver lo de adentro afuéra, to turn the inſide out.
ADEQUACIO'N, ſ. f. adequation.
ADEQUADAME'NTE, adv. adequately, compleately.
ADEQUA'DO, adj. adequate.
ADEQUA'R, v. a. to make equal.
ADERE'CHAS, adv. on the right hand, on the right way.
A tuertas ò á derechas, right or wrong.
ADEREZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. dreſſing, making ſtraight, ſetting in order, adorning.
ADEREZA'R, v. a. to dreſs, to make ſtraight, prepare, furniſh, make ready, ſet in order, adorn.
Aderezár la caſa, to furniſh, or ſet the houſe in order.
Aderezár las calles, to hang and adorn the ſtreets.
Aderezár el camino, to repair the highway.
Aderezár la comida, to dreſs meat.
Aderezárſe, v. r. to dreſs one's ſelf; alſo to paint as women do.
ADERE'ZO, ſ. m. dreſſing, order, ornament.
Aderezo de diamantes, a ſet of diamonds.
ADE'RRA, ſ. f. a mop made of rushes.
ADESHO'RA, adv. out of time, out of ſeaſon; alſo on a ſudden, unexpected, unlooked for.
ADESTRADO'R, ſ. m. one that guides, directs, or inſtructs.
ADESTRA'R, v. a. to guide, direct, or inſtruct.
Adeſtrarſe, v. a. to exerciſe one's ſelf.
ADEUDA'RSE, v. r. to run in debt.
ADEVINACIO'N, ſ. f. divination. Vid. *ADIVINACION.*
ADEVINA'NZA, ſ. f. foretelling; alſo gueſſing. Vid. *ADIVINANZA.*

A D H

ADHERE'NCIA, ſ. f. adherence, connexion.
Tener adherencias, to have friends to get a name.
ADHERE'NTE, ſ. an adherent.
ADHERE'R, v. n. to cleave, or to adhere to, to cling, or keep cloſe to.
ADHESIO'N, ſ. f. adherence, adheſion.

A D I

ADIA'DO, adj. appointed on a certain day, or that has a day ſet him.
ADIAMANTA'DO, adj. hard like a diamond, adamantine.
ADICIO'N, ſ. f. an addition.
ADICIONADO'R, ſ. m. one who makes a new addition.
ADICIONA'R, v. a. to add.
ADINTELA'DO, (*termino de architectura*) an arch ending in a right line.
ADI'R, v. a. Obſ. to diſtribute, to divide into compartments.
ADITAME'NTO, ſ. m. an addition, a ſupply; alſo a revenue.
ADITI'CIO, adj. added.
ADIVA, ſ. m. a beaſt in Aſia, much reſembling a dog, but with a fox's tail.
ADI'VAS, ſ. f. pl. the diſeaſe in horſes and other beaſts called the *vives*; alſo crooked pins put into dog's meat to kill them.
ADI'VE, ſ. m. v. adiva.
ADIVINACIO'N, ſ. f. divining, gueſſing at things to come.
ADIVINADO'R, ſ. m. a diviner, a fortune-teller, a ſoothſayer.
ADIVINA'NZA, ſ. f. divining, gueſſing at what is to happen.
ADIVIN'AR, v. a. to divine, to gueſs at what is to happen.
ADIVI'NO, ſ. m. a ſoothſayer, a fortuneteller, a diviner.
Adivina quien te dió, gueſs who hit you; the play uſed by children, called hot cockles.
Prov. *Lo que con el ojo ſe ve, con el dedo ſe adivina*, what the eyes ſee, the finger divines; that is, in things plain and viſible there needs no art or conjuration to make them out.
ADJETIVACIO'N, ſ. f. the art of joining nouns adjectives with ſubſtantives.
ADJETIVA'R, v. a. to agree together like adjectives with ſubſtantives. *Adjectiva bien*, he writes elegantly.
ADJECTI'VO, ſ. (*termino de gramatica*) an adjective.
ADJUDICACIO'N, ſ. f. adjudging, giving by ſentence of the court.
ADJUDICA'R, v. a. to adjudge, to award, to give by ſentence of the court.
Adjudicárſe, v. r. to appropriate any thing to one's ſelf.

A D M

ADMINICULA'R, v. a. to help or ſuccour in trivial things.
ADMINI'CULO, ſ. m. ſupply, ſuccour in ſmall things, vehicle.
ADMINISTRACIO'N, ſ. f. adminiſtration, managing of affairs.
ADMINISTRADO'R, ſ. m. he that adminiſters, a manager, a diſtributer.
Prov. *Adminiſtradóricillos, comér en plata y morir en grillos*, guardians and adminiſtrators generally live well, but are frequently deficient in their accounts, and often perish in gaol.
ADMINISTRA'R, v. a. to adminiſter, to manage, to diſtribute.
ADMIRABLE, adj. admirable, wonderful, excellent.
ADMIRABLEME'NTE, v. admirably, wonderfully, excellently.
ADMIRACIO'N, ſ. f. admiration, wonder, aſtoniſhment, excellency.
ADMIRA'R, v. a. to admire, or be admired, to wonder, and to cauſe aſtoniſhment.
Admirárſe, v. r. to be aſtoniſhed, to be amazed.
ADMIRATI'VO, adj. wondering.
ADMISSION, ſ. f. admiſſion, admittance, entrance.
ADMITI'R, v. a. to admit, receive, or allow of.
ADMONICIO'N, ſ. f. admonition, advice.
ADMONITOR, ſ. m. an adviſer.

A D N

ADNA'TA, ſ. f. the tunicle covering the interior part of the eye.

A D O

ADO', adv. where, or whither.
ADOBADO, adj. put into a pickle, well ſeaſoned.
ADOBADO'R, ſ. botcher, mender, patcher.
ADOBAR, v. a. to dreſs meat, to botch cloaths, to cobble shoes, to daub, to plaiſter, to ſet right, to pickle.
Adobár cuéros, to tan or dreſs hides, or skins.
ADO'BE, ſ. m. the clay which bricks are made of, that are not burnt, but only dried in the ſun; thence uſed for other clay, or compoſition like it.
ADOBERI'A, ſ. f. the pickling place.
ADO'BIO, } ſ. m. mending, repairing,
ADO'BO, } or daubing.
Adóbo, ſ. m. pickle.
ADOCENA'R, v. a. to make into dozens; alſo to deſpiſe.
ADOCI'R, v. a. obſ. to bring.
ADOLECE'R, v. n. preſ. *adoléſco*, pret. *adoleci*, to fall ſick, to be under any tedious diſtemper.
Adolecérſe, v. r. to condole, to pity.
ADOLENTA'RSE, v. r. to grow ſick, diſeaſed, or in pain.
ADOLESCE'NCIA, ſ. f. adoleſcence, youth.
ADOLESCE'NTE, ſ. m. a youth, a young man.
ADO'LO, adv. a ruſtick word, where, whither.
ADOLORA'DO, adj. grieved, ſorry, ſorrowful.
ADO'NDE, adv. where, whither.
Adónde quiéra, whereſoever, or whitherſoever.
ADOPCIO'N, ſ. f. adoption, taking another for one's ſon and heir.
ADOPTADO'R, ſ. m. he that adopts or takes another in the place of his own ſon.
ADOPTA'R, v. a. to adopt, to take another's child for one's own; metaphorically, to graft trees.
ADOPTI'VO, adj. adoptive; alſo counterfeit.
ADO'R, ſ. m. a time appointed for watering gardens.

ADORA'BLE, adj. one term, adorable.
ADORACIO'N, ſ. f. adoration.
ADORADO'R, ſ. m. adorer, worſhipper.
ADORA'R, v. a. to adore, to worship, to reverence; alſo to be paſſionately in love.
Fuláno quiére ſer adorádo, ſuch a one is ſo proud, he would have a ſort of adoration paid him.
ADORATORIO, ſ. m. a temple of idols.
ADORMECEDO'R, ſ. m. a thing that cauſes ſleep.
ADORMECE'R, v. a to nap, to nod, as when one is neither faſt aſleep, nor quite awake, to grow ſleepy, to ſlumber.
Adormecérſe la pierna, o brazo, is when a leg or arm is numbed with being long in one poſture.
Adormecérſe, v. r. to be nodding or napping.
ADORMECIME'NTO, ſ. m. ſlumbering, nodding, growing ſleepy.
ADORMIDE'RAS, ſ. f white poppies.
ADORMIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vid. *ADORMECIMIENTO*.
ADORMI'R, v. a. vid. *ADORMECER*.
ADORMI'RSE, vid. *ADORMECERSE*.
ADORNA'R, v. a. to adorn, to trim up, to grace, to beautify.
ADORNADO'R, ſ. one that adorns, dreſſes, or ſets out to the beſt advantage.
Adornárſe, v. r. to be adorned, ſet out to the beſt advantage.
ADO'RNO, ſ. m. ornament.
ADO'S, adv. ſo many to ſo many, love.
A dos mános, adv. liberally, prodigally.
Dós á dós, adv. two againſt two, two to two.
ADOTAR, v. a. v. adoptar.

A D Q

ADQUIRIDO'R, ſ. m. one that acquires, purchaſes, procures, obtains, or gets.
ADQUIRI'R, v. a. to acquire, to purchaſe, obtain, procure, get.
ADQUISICIO'N, ſ. f. acquiſition.

A D R

ADREDA'ñAS, adv. vid. *ADREDE*.
ADREDE, adv. purpoſely, deſignedly, premeditately.
ADREDEME'NTE, adv. vid. *ADREDE*.
ADRIA'NES, ſ. m. corns, or hardneſs in the flesh growing in any part of the body; alſo magpies neſts.
ADRIZAR la galera, to trim the galley.
ADRO'LLA, vid. *HADROLLA*.
ADRUBADO, adj. hump-backed, round shouldered. Vid. *ESTROPEADO*.

A D S

ADSTRICCIO'N, ſ. f. compreſſion of pores.
ADSTRINGI'R, vid. *ASTRINGER*.

A D U

ADUA'NA, ſ. f. the cuſtom-houſe; (in cant) a bawdy houſe.
ADUANE'RO, ſ. m. a cuſtom-houſe officer, one that receives the duty upon goods.
ADUA'R, ſ. m. a village of tents or huts, which is removed up and down; a ſtreet of booths or tents, shepherds cottages, properly a village of Arabs, who remove about.
ADUCA'R, ſ. f. a coarſe ſilk ſtuff.
ADU'CHO, adj. tried, proved, experienced.
ADUCI'R, v. a. to bring.
ADU'FE, ſ. m. a timbrel, or ſort of tabor.
ADUFE'RO, ſ. m. one that plays on a timbrel, or tabor, or he that makes or ſells them.
ADU'LA, ſ. f. a place that is deſtitute of water, for want of a ſervant to ſupply it.
ADULACIO'N, ſ. f. flattery.
ADULAD'OR, ſ. m. a flatterer, a ſycophant.
ADULA'R, v. a. to flatter, to ſooth, to play the ſycophant.
Adulárſe, v. r. to flatter oneſelf.

ADULEA'R, v. a. to cry loud by intervals, to howl.
ADULE'RO, ſ. m. he who has the care of a number of beaſts of burde non holidays, or when they are left to reſt.
ADULE'RO, ſ. m. a vociferous fellow.
ADULTERACIO'N, ſ. f. adulteration.
ADULTERADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who adulterates, vitiates, or corrupts; alſo the perſon who commits adultery.
ADULTERA'R, v. a. to adulterate, to vitiate, to corrupt, to commit adultery.
ADULTERINAME'NTE, adv. adulterately, corruptly.
ADULTERI'NO, adj. adulterate, counterfeit, vitiate, falſified; a child got in adultery.
ADULTE'RIO, ſ. m. adultery.
ADU'LTERO, ſ. m. f. an adulterer.
ADU'LTO, adj. one that is grown up, or come to the age of man.
ADULZAR, vid. *ENDULZAR*.
ADUNA'R, v. a. to meet together, to aſſemble.
Adunarſe, v. r. to be aſſembled.
ADU'NIA, adv. enough, ſufficient, plenty. Obſ.
ADUSTIO'N, ſ. f. burning.
ADU'STO, adj. burned up, dried up, by the heat of the ſun.
ADUTA'QUE, ſ. f. the fineſt meal.
A'DVENA, ſ. m. a foreigner, ſtranger.
ADVENEDI'ZO, adj. one who ſettles in a foreign country.
ADVENIDE'RO, adj. that which is to come.
ADVENIMIE'NTO, vid. *VENIDA*.
ADVENI'R, v. a. obſ. to come.
ADVENTI'CIO, adj. adventitious, caſual, accidental.
ADVE'RBIO, ſ. m. an adverb.
ADVERSAME'NTE, adv. unhappily, unluckily.
ADVERSA'RIO, adj. unfortunate, unlucky.
Adverſario, ſ. m. an adverſary, an enemy.
Adverſarios, ſ. m. plur. a collection, of notes, extracts.

ADVERSATI'VO, adj. adverſative.
ADVERSIDA'D, ſ. f. adverſity, ill fortune.
ADVERSIO'N, vid. *ADVERTENCIA*.
ADVERSO, adj. unhappy, adverſe.
ADVERTE'NCIA, ſ. f. adverſity, attention, alſo advice, counſel.
ADVERTIDAME'NTE, adv. on purpoſe.
ADVERTIMIE'NTO, vid. *ADVERTE'NCIA*.
ADVERTI'R, v. a. to take into conſideration, to reflect upon; alſo to counſel, to adviſe. *Un hombre advertido*, a cautious careful man.
ADVIE'NTO, ſ. m. advent.
ADVOCACIO'N, ſ. f. the name given to a church.
ADVOCA'DO, vid. *ABOGADO*.
ADVOCAR, vid. *AVOCAR*, or *ABOGAR*.
ADYACE'NCIA, ſ. f. the ſituation of a thing near another.
ADYACE'NTE, adj. adjacent, near, contiguous.

A E C

AECHADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where corn is winnowed.
AECHADO'R, ſ. m. one who winnows corn.
AECHADADU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the ſiftings.
AECHA'R, v. a. to winnow, to fan; alſo to perfectionate.

A E R

AE'REO, adj. aerial, ethereal; alſo vain, uſeleſs. *Titulo aerio*, a vain title.
AEREOMANCIA, ſ. f. the art of divining, by obſerving the air.
AEREOMA'NTICO, ſ. m. the perſon who foretels or divines by the air.
AEREOPHILA'CIOS, ſ. m. pl. cavities in the earth, full of air.

A E S

A ESCARRAMONCHONES, adv. aſtride.
A ESCONDI'DAS, adv. hiddenly, privately.
A ESCONDIDI'LLAS, adv. privately.
A ESCU'RAS, adv. in the dark alſo inconſiderately, or conjecturally. *Dexar a uno a eſcuras*, to baffle one, to deceive him.
A ESQUADRA, adv. at right angles.

A E X

AEXCU'SO, adv. privately.

A F A

AFABILIDA'D, ſ. f. affability.
AFA'BLE, adj. affable, eaſy to be ſpoken with, and courteous in ſpeech.
AFABLEMENTE, adv. affably courteouſly, obligingly.
AFACIMIENTO, ſ. m. obſ. familiarity.
AFALAGA'R, v. a. to fawn, coax or wheedle.
AFAMADO'R, one that ſpreads abroad reports, or endeavours to make others famous.
AFAMA'R, v. a. to make, or to become famous and renowned.
Afamárſe, v. r. to be famous.
AFA'N, ſ. m. labour, wearineſs, vexation, exceſſive care, or anxiety.
AFANADAMENTE, adv. laboriouſly vexatiouſly.
AFANADO'R, ſ. m. one that takes much pains, or rather that is always caring over-anxious, or ſolicitous.
AFANA'R, v. a. to toil, to labour, to be weary; to be over careful, onxious, or ſolicitous.
AFA'NO, ſ. m. obſ. vid. *AFAN*.
AFASCALA'R, v. a to heap up the ſheaves in the field.

A F E

AFE', adv. faith, in truth, verily by my faith.
AFEADO'R, ſ. m. he that deforms or makes any thing ugly; he that repreſents things in the worſt manner.
AFEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. defaming, deforming, making ugly, or repreſenting tings heinouſly.
AFEA'R, v. a. to deform, or make any thing ugly; alſo to cry down,

to repreſent any thing in the worſt manner.

Aſehr un delito, to repreſent a crime as black as may be.

AFECCIO'N, ſ. f. affection, love, benevolence, good-will; alſo aggregation, union.

AFECTACIO'N, ſ. f. affectation, overmuch niceneſs in ſpeaking, writing, dreſſing, or the like; from the Lat. *affectatio.*

AFECTADAME'NTE, adv. affectedly.

AFECTADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who affects.

AFECTA'R, v. a. to affect, or to uſe affectation.

AFECTI'LLO, ſ. m. diminut. of *afecto.*

AFECTI'VO, adj. belonging to affection.

AFE'CTO, ſ. m. ſubſt. an affection of the mind; alſo affection or kindneſs.

Afecto, adj. affected, inclined, well diſpoſed.

AFECTUOSAME'NTE, adv. amorouſly.

AFECTUO'SO, adj. amorous.

AFEITADAME'NTE, adv. handſomely.

AFEITA'DOR, ſ. m. a barber.

AFEITAR, v. a. to dreſs, to clean, to paint the face as women do; alſo to adorn, to beautify; alſo to ſhave.

AFE'ITE, ſ. m. paint, or dreſſing.

AFELPA'DO, adj. hairy.

AFEMINA'CION, ſ. f. effeminaney.

AFEMINA'DO, ſ. effeminate in carriage, habit, or otherwiſe; ſometimes ſignifying a man that has a womaniſh ſhape or face, of a weak conſtitution.

AFEMINA'R, v. a. to effeminate.

AFE'RES, ſ. m. affairs, buſineſs, generally taken for buſineſs of little conſequence or moment. Obſ.

AFERMOSEA'R, v. a. vid. *HERMOSEA'R.*

AFERRADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who grapples.

AFERRA'R, v. a. to grapple, to anchor as ſhips do, to hook together, to lay faſt hold of, to cramp with iron.

Aferrárſe, v. r. to be grappled, or hooked together with irons.

Aferrárſe en ſu parecer, to be poſitive in one's own opinion.

AFERRAVE'LAS, ſ. f. pl. ſmall lines reev'd into the eyelet-holes of the ſails, under the head rope, to make faſt the ſail to the yard, called by our ſailors the robbins.

AFERVENTA'R, v. a. to make hot.

AFERVORA'RSE, v. r. vid. *ENFERVORISARSE.*

AFERVORIZA'R, v. a. to raiſe into a heat.

AFIANZA'R, v. a. to be ſecurity, to bail, to prop, to ſecure; to fix a criminal on the rack in order to torture him.

AFI

AFICE, ſ. m. an overſeer, a maſter in any trade to examine work or wares.

AFICIO'N, ſ. f. affection, inclination, love.

AFICIONADAME'NTE, adv. affectionately.

AFICIONA'R, v. a. to gain the affection or love of others.

Aficionárſe, v. r. to take an affection to any thing or perſon.

AFIE'RRO, vid. *AFERRAR.*

AFI'GIR, v. a. obſ. to fix, to faſten.

AFILADO'R, a ſharpener of tools, one that whets.

AFILADU'RA, ſharpening of tools, or whetting.

AFILA'R, v. a. to ſharpen, to whet, from the word *filo*; an edge.

Afilár el ingénio, to ſharpen the with.

Afilárſe, v. r. to be ſharpened, to be whetted.

AFILIGRANA'DO, adj. very thin, nice, delicate, delicately done.

AFI'N, adv. to the end that; properly two words.

AFI'N, ſ. m. a kinſman, a relation by affinity.

AFINACIO'N, ſ. f. affinage, refining of metals.

AFINADAME'NTE, adv. finally, perfectly.

AFINADO'R, ſ. m. one that finiſhes, brings to perfection, or ends; a refiner.

AFINADU'RA, ſ. f. a perfecting, finiſhing, bringing to an end or concluſion; dying; alſo refining.

AFINA'R, v. a. to perfect, finiſh, or bring to an end, or concluſion; to die, to refine, to tune inſtruments nicely.

Afinár los metales, to refine metals.

AFINCADAME'NTE, adv. vehemently, earneſtly.

AFINCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the force of a blow.

AFINCA'R, v. a. to faſten, to be conſtant.

AFI'NCO, ſ. m. vid. *AHINCO.*

AFINIDA'D, ſ. f. affinity, the kindred that in contracted by marriage, without the tie of conſanguinity.

AFINOJA'RSE, v. r. obſ. to kneel down.

AFI'R, ſ. m. a liquor made of juniper berries.

AFIRMACIO'N, ſ. f. in affirmation in diſcourſe; alſo making faſt, or ſtrengthning.

AFIRMADAME'NTE, adv. affirmatively; alſo ſtrongly.

AFIRMADO'R, ſ. m. one that affirms with words; or one that makes faſt any thing.

AFIRMAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of affirming.

AFIRMA'NTE, p. a. a deponent, one that affirms any thing, or avouches.

AFIRMA'NZA, ſ. f. ſtability.

AFIRMA'R, v. a. to affirm, to reſt upon, to avouch, to fix; in fencing, to make directly at one's adverſary with the point of one's ſword.

Afirmárſe, v. r. to be certain; to be aſſured.

AFFIRMATIVA, ſ. f. the affirmative, oppoſite to the negative.

AFIRMATIVAME'NTE, adv. affirmatively; alſo ſtrongly.

AFIRMATI'VO, adj. that ſtands upon the affirmative, that faſtens or makes ſure.

AFISTOLA'R, v. a. to grow into a *fiſtula*; alſo to play on a pipe, or to make any thing in the ſhape of a pipe.

AFIXAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of fixing any thing.
AFIXA'R, v. a. to affix, made faſt to.

A F L

AFLECHA'TES, ſ. m. the ſmall ropes made faſt acroſs the ſhrouds, like ladders, for men to ride up; called by our ſailors the ratlings of the ſhrouds.
AFLETADO'R, ſ. m. a freighter of a ſhip.
AFLETAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the hiring, or freighting of a ſhip.
AFLETA'R, v. a. to hire, to freight a ſhip.
AFLICCIO'N, ſ. f. affliction, ſorrow, trouble.
AFLICTO, adj. afflicted, grieved, troubled, ſorry, ſorrowful.
AFLIGIDAMI'NTE, afflictedly.
AFLIGIDO'R, ſ. m. one that afflicts, troubles, or moleſts others.
AFLIGIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. affliction.
AFLIGI'R, v. a. pref. *afflijo*, to afflict, trouble, grieve.
AFLOXADO'R, ſ. m. one that looſens, weakens, aſſuages, mitigates, ſlackens.
AFLOXADU'RA, ſ. f. a looſening, a relaxation.
AFLOXA'R, v. a. to let looſe, to ſlacken, to mitigate to grow eaſy.
Afloxár el arco, to unbend the bow.
Afloxár el brio, to loſe courage.
Afloxár el dolór, is for a pain to abate.
Afloxár las agujétas, to untie the points, to untruſs a point.
AFLUE'NCIA, ſ. f. affluence, abundance.
AFLUE'NTE, adj. abundant, copious, fluent.
A'FO, ſ. m. a den, a cave.
AFOGA'R, v. a. vid. *AHOGAR*.
AFOLLA'DO, adj. blown up, as we do the fire; alſo made in puffs, as was formerly uſed in garments to have great puffs of ſilk.
Afolládo, ſ. m. a pair of breeches made in large plaits.
AFOLLA'R, v. a. to blow, to make puffs upon a thing to be worn, to make a garment very full.
AFONDA'R, v. a. to ſink down.
AFORA'DO, adj. that has got a privilege or charter, or one made free of a corporation that has a charter, and therefore ſubject to its laws.
AFORADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who gauges.
AFORAMIE'NTO, vid. *AFUERO*.
AFORA'R, v. a. to make free of a corporation, to grant a privilege, or charter.
AFORISMA, ſ. m. a ſwelling, a diſtemper among beaſts.
AFORI'SMO, ſ. m. an aphoriſm, a ſuccinct account, a ſhort determinative ſentence, a rule in phyſic.
AFO'RRO, ſ. m. the meaſurement, or the dimenſion of the casks.
AFORRADO'R, ſ. m. a liner.
AFORRADU'RA, ſ. f. a lining.
AFORRAR, v. a. to line; alſo to make a ſlave free.
AFO'RRO, ſ. m. a lining.
AFORTUNADAME'NTE, adv. fortunately, luckily, ſucceſsfully.
AFORTUNA'DO, adj. fortunate, lucky, proſperous, ſucceſsful.
AFORTUNA'R, v. a. to make or become fortunate or lucky.
AFRATELLARSE, v. r. to become as familiar as a brother.

A F R

AFRECHA'DO, obſ. adj. ſifted from the bran, or mixed or ſtrewed with bran.
AFRECHADU'RA, ſ. f. obſ. bran; alſo the mixing or compound with bran.
AFRECHA'R, v. a. obſ. to ſift the bran out of the meal; alſo to mix any ting with bran.
AFRI'CHO, ſ. m. obſ. bran.
AFRE'NTA, ſ. f. an affront, a dishonour, or diſgrace.
AFRENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that affronts, or dishonours another.
AFRENTA'R, v. a. to affront, diſgrace, or dishonour.
Afrentárſe, v. r. to be affronted, to be diſgraced, dishonoured.
AFRENTOSAME'NTE, adv. dishonourably, shamefully, after a diſgraceful manner.
AFRENTO'SO, adj. dishonourable, shameful, diſgraceful.
AFRETA'R, v. a. to clean a ship.
A'FRICO, ſ. m. the ſouth-weſt wind.
AFRISONADO, adj. corpulent, not well shaped; ſaid of horſes.
AFRONTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of confronting or facing one another.
AFRONTA'R, v. a. to confront, as was uſed with witneſſes and criminals; in old *Spaniſh* it ſignified to require, and ſometimes to affront.
Afrontárſe, v. r. to be brought face to face.
AFRUENTA'R, v. a. to adviſe, admonish, to give counſel.
AFUSIA'R, v. a to give ſecurity for another.

A F U

AFUE'R, adv. after the manner.
AFUE'RA, adv. without; alſo a word of command, as make room.
AFUE'ROS, ſ. m. pl. a word uſed among merchants, ſignifying the rate put upon the goods at the cuſtomhouſe, or the general valuation of them, in order to pay the king's duties.
AFU'FA, ſ. f. flight, running away.
AFUFA'R, v. a. to ſcamper, to make way, to fly; a ſort of cant word.
AFUFE'LAS, } adv. obſ. giving
AFUFO'LAS, } the ſlip, by running away.
AFUFO'N, ſ. m. an eſcape.
AFUMADA, ſ. f. a ſignal given by ſmoke.
AFUMA'R, v. a. to ſmoke.
AFU'STE, ſ. m. the carriage for a gun by land, which are long, and with high wheels, fit to be drawn by horſes; the carriages of guns at ſea in Spaniſh are called *cureñas*.
AFUXENTAR, v. a. to put to flight.
AFUZI'A, obſ. confidence, hope.
AFUZIA'R, v. a. to put in hope, to aſſure; from *fuzia*.

A G A

AGA', ſ. m. commander of the Janizaries in Turky.

AGACHADIZA, f. f. a ſmall bird of the patridge kind.
AGACHA'R, v. a. to lie ſquat or flat.
AGALANA'R, v. a. to deck, to make fine, to adorn.
AGA'LLA, f. f. a gall nut, ſuch as ink is made of; a kernel in the flesh, the gill of a fish, the almonds of the ears.
Agállas de acipres, the cypreſs nut.
Tenér caidas las agállas, to have the almonds of the ears down.
AGALLO'NES, f. m. pl. great hollow ſilver beads, like galls, of which the country brides in Spain uſed to wear ſtrings for ornament.
AGAMITA'R, v. a. to imitate the cry of ſmall game, to imitate the bleating of a young hind, or fawn.
AGARBARSE, v. r. to hide one's ſelf ſuddenly; ſaid of a hare when hunted.
AGARE'NO, a Moor, an Arab, any of the race of Ishmael.
AGA'RICO, f. m. agarick, a ſweet ſmelling mushroom, which ſhines in the night, and grows on high trees, eſpecially the larix.
AGARRADO'R, f. m. f. one who gripes or graſps.
AGARRA'MA, f. f. a king of tribute.
AGARRAR', v. a. to graſp, to gripe, to lay faſt hold of, as birds of prey do with their talons, called *garras*.
AGARRO, f. m. the action of graſping any thing.
AGARROCHA'R, v. a. to prick, or ſtick full of thoſe ſmall darts they uſe in Spain called *garrochas*; to prick and fret the bulls at the bull-feaſts.
AGARROTA'R, v. a to bind, or tie with cords.
AGASAJADO'R, f. m. one who makes much of, or entertains his friends well.
AGASAJA'R, v. a. to make much of, to treat, or entertain lovingly.
AGASA'JO, f. m. kind and loving uſage and entertainment; alſo a preſent, a gift.
AGASTA'R, v. a. vid. *GASTAR*.
AGATA, f. f. an agate.
AGATA'R, v. a. to creep on all four, like a cat.
AGA'TAS, adv. going on all four, like a cat.
AGAVA'NZA, f. f. a bush like a bramble.
AGAVILLA'R, v. a. to truſs, or bundle up, to tie up like a faggot; from *gavilla*, a faggot.
AGAZAPA'R, v. a. *AGAZAPA'RSE*, v. n. to ſquat down, or ſquat one's ſelf down like a hare.
AGEDRE'Z, f. m. the game of chefs.
AGEGA'DO, adj. obſ. got together.
AGENCI'A, f. f. diligence, application, care, agency.
AGENCIA'R, v. a. to procure any thing diligently.
AGENCIO'SO, adj. active, ſolicitous.
AGE'NO, adj. of another, belonging to another.
AGENOLLA'RSE, v. r. to kneel down.
AGE'NTE, f. m. an agent.
AGENU'Z, f. m. cockle, the weed that grows among corn.
AGERA'TO, f. m. a kind of acrimony; ſome call it maudlin and eupatory.
AGESTA'DO, adj. countenanced; as *bien ageſtádo*, one that has a good face or countenance.

A G I

AGI', f. m. Guinea pepper.
AGIGANTA'DO, adj. giant like.
A'GIL, adj. nimble, active; from te Latin *agilis*.
AGILIDA'D, f. f. agility, nimbleneſs, levity.
AGILITA'R, v. a. to facilitate, or make eaſy.
AGILME'NTE, adv. nimbly, quickly.
AGIRONA'R, v. a. to put three cornered pieces or gores into a garment.
AGITACIO'N, f. f. agitation.
AGITA'R, v. a. to agitate, to be about doing a thing; alſo to moleſt, to vex.
AGITA'NTE, p. a. from *agitár*.
AGITIDES, f. f. pl the veins under the tongue.

A G L

AGLAYA'RSE, v. r. to be ſtupified, aſtonished, or amazed, with any ſudden accident or ſurprize.
AGLA'YO, f. m. obſ. ſurprize, aſtonishment, ſtupefaction.

A G N

AGNACIO'N, f. f. a relation by the father's ſide.
AGNA'DO, f. m. a kinſman by the father's ſide.
AGNOCASTO, f. m. a ſort of ozier, called chaſte-tree.
A'GNUS DEI, f. m. a flat cake of wax, caſt with a lamb on one ſide, and ſome other figure on the reverſe; ſo called from the lamb on it, bleſſed by the pope, and kept as a relick.

A G O

AGOBIA'R, v. a. to bow, to bend as old men do.
AGOLA'R la véla, v. a. to hoiſe the ſail as high as it will go.
AGONA'LES, f. m. pl. *juégos agonales*, ſports or games celebrated formerly in Rome in honour of Janus.
AGONI'A, f. f. an agony, the great diſorder a man is put into by any anguish, or paſſion, or the agony of death.
AGONI'STA, f. m. the perſon who is in agony.
AGONIZA'R, v. a to be in great anguish, to be giving up the ghoſt.
AGO'RA, adv. now, at this time.
AGORADO'R, f. m. a fortune-teller, ſoothſayer.
AGORA'R, v. a. to divine, to tell fortunes, to gueſs; alſo to be ſuperſtitious in obſerving ſigns of what will happen, or omens.
AGORERI'A, f. f. foretelling of things to come, fortune-telling.

or ſuperſtition in obſerving omens.

AGORE'RO, ſ. m. a ſoothſayer, a fortune-teller; one that is ſuperſtitious in obſerving ſigns of what will happen, or omens.

AGOSTADE'RO; ſ. m. a ſummer-houſe, a cool place to keep cattle in the heat of ſummer; alſo any place to lay up the harveſt.

AGOSTADO'R, ſ. m. one who lives in a ſummer-houſe, or in a cool place; metaph. one that ſpends another man's ſubſtance.

AGOSTA'R, v. a. to gather in the harveſt; alſo to reſide in ſome cool place in the heat of ſummer; to dry, wither, or parch in the heat of the ſun; metaph, to ſpend to conſume.

AGOSTE'RO, ſ. m. one that ſerves the reapers at harveſt time.

AGOSTI'ZO, ſ. m. born or brought forth in Auguſt; alſo parched, withered, or burnt up with the ſun.

AGO'STO, ſ. m. the month of Auguſt: it is alſo frequently uſed to ſignify the harveſt, becauſe Auguſt is the great harveſt month.

AGOTADO'R, ſ. m. one that empties or drains.

AGOTADU'RA, ſ. f. emptying to the laſt drop, or draining.

AGOTA'R, v. a. to empty to the laſt drop, to drain, to exhauſt.

Agotár la paciéncia, to tire one's patience.

Agotár la haziénda, to run out an eſtate.

Agotár un pozo, to drain a well.

Agotár unjarro, to drink up the liquor to the laſt drop.

A G R

AGRACE'RA, ſ. f. a veſſel that contains verjuice.

AGRACIA'DO, adj. well favoured, or well behaved.

AGRACIA'R, v. a. to make things graceful, well ſhaped, or well favoured.

AGRAZO'NES, ſ. m. pl. green gooſeberries.

AGRADA'BLE, adj. grateful; acceptable, pleaſing, of a courteous behaviour.

AGRADABLEME'NTE, adv. gratefully, acceptably, pleaſingly, after a taking manner.

AGRADA'R, v. a. to pleaſe.

AGRADECE'R, v. a. to give thanks.

AGRADECI'DO, adj. grateful, thankful; alſo thanked.

Prov. *Al agradecida mas de lo pedido*, to a grateful man more than is asked; that is, grant him more than he asks, becauſe gratitude deſerves it.

AGRADECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. thankfulneſs, gratitude.

AGRA'DO, ſ. m. pleaſing, obliging behaviour.

AGRAMADE'RA, ſ. f. an inſtrument to cut hem with.

AGRAMA'R, v. a. to beat hemp.

AGRAME'NTE, adv. ſourly, ſharply, ſeverely.

AGRAMI'ZA, ſ. f. the reeds in hemp growing.

AGRAMO'NIA, vid. *AGRIMONIA*.

AGRANDA'R, v. a. to magnify, to aggrandize.

AGRAVAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. heavineſs, gravity.

AGRAVANTEME'NTE, adv. in a loading manner.

AGRAVA'R, v. a. to aggravate; to make heavy: as age or a diſtemper bears a man down.

AGRAVATO'RIO, adj. a writ in law, obliging the perſon to appear; alſo as a warrant from a juſtice.

AGRAVIADO'R, ſ. m. the offender.

AGRAVIA'R, v. a. to wrong, to injure.

Agraviárſe, v. r. to be affronted.

AGRA'VIO, ſ. m. a wrong, an injury.

Prov. *Un agravio conſentido, otro venido*, the taking of one wrong brings on another.

AGRA'Z, ſ. m. green ſour grapes, verjuice.

AGRAZE'JO, ſ. m. the holm-tree.

AGRE, adj. obſ. v. *AGRIO*.

AGREGACION, ſ. f. heaping together, gathering into one place; alſo accuſing, or laying to one charge.

AGREGA'DO, ſ. m. a heap.

AGREGADO'R, ſ. m. one that heap together; alſo an accuſer, one that lays things to another's charge.

AGREGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. heaping together, gathering into one place; alſo accuſing or laying to another's charge.

AGREGAR, v. a. to gather into one place, to heap together; accuſe, or lay to one's charge.

AGRE'LLES, ſ. f. the herb ſorrel, a word little in uſe.

AGRESSO'R, ſ. m. the aggreſſor or offender.

AGRE'STE, adj. ruſtick, clownish, unpolished, country-like.

Agreſte, adj. all things produced by nature herſelf without cultivation.

AGRE'TE, ſ. m. any thing a little ſourish.

AGRIAME'NTE, adv. ſourly, tartly, ſeverely.

AGRICULTO'R, ſ. m. a husbandman.

AGRICULTU'RA, ſ. f. husbandry, tillage.

AGRIDU'LCE, adj. between ſweet and ſour.

AGRIFO'LIO, ſ. m. the holm or holly-tree.

AGRILLA'DO, adj. bound with fetters.

AGRI'LLO, adj. ſourish, sharpish; metaph. pettish, or froward.

AGRIMO'NIA, ſ. f. the herb agrimony, or liver-wort.

A'GRIO, adj. ſharp, ſour, tart; metaph, peevish, ill-natured, alſo ſteep; as.

Subida agria, a ſteep aſcent.

A'GRO, adj. ſour.

AGRO'R, ſ. ſourneſs, ſharpneſs, tartneſs; metaphe, harshneſs of temper.

AGRUADO'R, ſ. m. obſ. the perſon who offends.

AGRU'RA, ſ. f. ſharpneſs, tartneſs, ſourneſs; metaph. harshneſs of temper.

A G U

AGUA, ſ. f. water.

Agua de angeles, angels water, a ſort of ſweet water extracted from

ſeveral ſweet flowers of a moſt delicious ſcent, and therefore ſo called.

Agua de azahár, ſ. f. orange-flower-water.

Agua de cepas, wine.

Agua de cerrajas, the water of an herb called *cerrajas*; alſo they call *aguà de cerrajas*, every thing that is uſeleſs.

Agua de eſpiritu ſanto, the water uſed in baptiſm.

Agua de pié, running water, or ſpring water.

Agua fuerte, aqua fortis.

Agua lluvia, rain water.

Camelote de aguas, watered camlet.

Cinta de aguas, a watered ribbon.

Aguas vivas, the ſpring of a well or fountain.

Aguas vertientes, water running from mountains, and from the tops of the houſes.

Hacer aguas, (*méar*), to make water, to piſs.

Agua roſáda, ſ. f. roſe-water.

Agua de trébol, ſ. f. ſweet trefoil-water.

Agua benáita, ſ. f. holy-water.

Agua cirſina, ſ. f. a water betwixt the ſkin and the fleſh.

Agua ardiénte, ſ. f. brandy, or any ſtrong water.

Agua pié, ſ. f. a ſmall liquor made of the grapes ſqueezed a ſecond time, with water among them, after the wine has been preſſed out; ſo called, as it were the waſhings of feet.

Agua niéve, a fleet, half rain, half ſnow.

Agua acerada, ſ. f. chalybeate, or ſteel water.

Agua miél, ſ. f. water and honey, a ſmall ſort of hydromel, or mead.

Agua canilla, ſ. f. a ſort of houſ-leek that grows on the tops of houſes.

Agua llovedíta, ſ. f. rain-water.

Agua chirle, ſ. f. water bewitched, any poor liquor good for nothing.

Agua mános, ſ. f. water to waſh the hands.

Agua de páſſo, ſ. f. a running water.

Agua viva, ſ. f. a ſpring water, or a flowering water.

Agua va, ſ. f. verbatim, it is water goes, the word uſed in Spain to give notice when any thing is thrown out of the vindow, for the people in the ſtreet to avoid is.

Aguas vivas, ſ. f. the ſpring tide, wich falls out with the full of the moon, when the water riſes higheſt with the flood, and falls loweſt with the ebb.

Aguas chiefles, ſ. f. the neap-tide, which happens when the moon is in the middle of the ſecond and laſt quarter. It is the oppoſite to the ſpring, for in this the water never riſes ſo high, nor falls ſo low as in the ſpring-tide. The loweſt neap-tide is four days before the full or change of the moon.

Aguas muértas, ſ. f. ſtanding waters; alſo the low tides, or neap-tides; alſo the city *Aigues mortes* in Languedoc in France.

Aguas mayóres y menóres, ſ. f. a way of children expreſſing themſelves at ſchool, ſignifying to make water, and eaſe themſelves both.

AGUAS, ſ. f. it is alſo ſometimes taken for urine, and for the waters in watered ſilks or ſtuffs.

Hace agua el navio, the ſhip is leaky.

Mas claro que el agua, clearer than water; this they ſay of any matter that is eaſy, without any difficulty.

La lengua del agua, the edge of the water.

Echárſe ál aguá, verbatim, to leap into the water; metaphorically, to launch out, to venture upon any thing that is difficult or dangerous.

Hay más deſſo que de agua, there is more of that than of water; to expreſs the great plenty of it, that nothing is more common.

No dár un jarro de agua, not to give a pitcher of water; that is, to give nothing, to be niggardly in the higheſt degree.

Faltárle ha el agua, he will want water; to ſignify an idle lazy perſon that can get nothing, or one ſo unfortunate, that nothing ſucceeds with him.

Dále el agua á la bóca, the water is up to his mouth, he is in the utmoſt danger.

No vale ſus oréjas llénas de agua, he is not worht his ears full of water; that is, worth nothing, ſince nothing is ſo cheap as water, and no leſs quantity than what a man can hold in his ears.

Baylár el aguà delánte, to dance with the water before one, that is, to be very nimble, or quick in performing one's duty, or pleaſing another; taken from the maids watering the rooms and courts in Spain in hot weather againſt their maſters come, doing it nimbly, as if they were dancing as they carry and ſcatter the water before them.

Llevár el agua á ſu molino, to carry the water in his own mill; that is, to turn all things to one's own advantage.

Tenér el agua, á la gargánta, to be up to the neck in water; to be in imminent danger.

Deſeádo como agua de Mayo, wiſhed for like rain in May; this they ſay of any thing they earneſtly deſire or covet; becauſe in Spain rain in May fills the corn, and prevents that ſcarcity, which often follows a dry May, and is good for the vineyards.

AGUABRE'SA, ſ. f. a gutter.

AGUACA'TE, ſ. m. a green precious ſtone; alſo a ſort of fruit growing in New Spain, on a tree like a walnuttree.

AGUACE'RO, ſ. m. a violent ſhower, or ſtorm of rain.

AGUACEVE'RA, ſ. f. a dry ſoil, which is watered after it is ſown.

AGUA'CHA, ſ. f. corrupted water.

AGUACHINA'R, v. a. to fill any ſpot of ground full of water.

AGUACI'L, ſ. m. (*alguacil*) an officer of juſtice, a bailiff.

AGUACIVERA, ſ. f. a portion of land ſown when dry, and watered afterwards.

AGUA'DA, ſ. f. watering, or taking freſh water into a ſhip.

AGUADA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſcythe.

AGUADE'RA, ſ. f. a frame ſet on an horſe or an aſs, to hold the earthen veſſels to carry water in.

AGUADE'RAS, ſ. f. in faulconry,

the flags which are four-feathered in each wing of the hawk, the next to the ſix principal feathers, called in Spaniſh *cuchillo*, and in Engliſh *ſarcel* feathers.

AGUADE'RO, ſ. m. a watering-place, or a place to take water; alſo a water-carrier.

AGUA'DO, ſ. m. a man that does not drink wine.

Aguádo, adj. watered; alſo a waterdrinker.

Cabállo aguádo, is a foundered horſe.

AGUADO'R, ſ. m. a water-carrier, one that ſells water.

AGUADUCHO, ſ. m. a conduit, or water-courſe; properly a gutter made by a ſudden rain.

AGUA'GE, ſ. m. the rapidity of currents in the ſea.

AGUAITADO'R, ſ. m. one that watches, or lies in wait for another.

AGUAITAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an ambush, or ſnare, watching and lying in wait for another.

AGUAITA'R, v. a. to lie in wait, to lie in ambush, to wait to inſnare another.

AGUAMANI'L, ſ. m. an ewer to carry water to wash the hands.

AGUAMANOS, ſ. m. water to wash the hands.

AGUAMIE'L, ſ. f. water and honey hydromel mead.

AGUANOSIDA'D, ſ. f. a watry humour in the body.

AGUANO'SO, adj. watery, damp.

AGUANTA'DO, ſuffered, tolerated, endured, borne with patience.

AGUANTA'R, v. a. to ſuffer, to tolerate, to endure, to bear patiently.

AGUA'NTE, ſ. m. ſtrength, force.

AGUA'R, v. a. to water.

Aguár vino, to mix wine and water.

Aguár placéres, to diſturb, allay, or ſpoil pleaſures.

Aguárſe, v. r. to benummed; (ſpeaking of horſes and other beaſts.)

AGUARDA'DA, ſ. f. expectation.

AGUARDA'R, v. a. to expect, to attend, to ſtay, to wait for.

Aguardár, in muſic is to make reſts, or pauſes.

Aguardár por la déuda, to forbear a debt, and not to arreſt the debtor.

No aguádor razónes, to proceed without hearing reaſon.

AGUARDENTE'RO, ſ. m. f. a brandy merchant.

AGUARDIE'NTE, ſ. f. brandy, ſpirit of wine.

AGUA'RRAS, ſ. f. ſpirit of turpentine prepared for varniſhing.

AGUATO'CHA, ſ. f. the cock of a conduit, a tap, a ſyringe; alſo an engine to extinguish fire with.

AGUAXAQUE, ſ. m. gum ammoniac.

AGUA'ZA, ſ. f. a watery humour betwen the skin and the flesh.

AGUAZA'L, ſ. m. a marshy, fenny place.

AGUA'ZO, ſ. m. water-colour.

Aguázo, adv. in water-colours.

AGUCI'A, ſ. f. an earneſt deſire of obtaining or doing any thing. Obſ.

AGUCIA'R, v. a. obſ. to deſire earneſtly.

AGUCIOSAME'NTE, adv. eagerly, greedily, covetouſly. obſ.

AGUDAME'NTE, adv. sharply, readily, wittily.

AGUDE'ZA, ſ. f. sharpneſs, readineſs, quickneſs of wit, piercing of ſight; alſo the sharpneſs of the edge of a tool.

AGUDI'LLO, adj. sharpish, or a little sharp fellow; diminutive of *agúdo*.

AGU'DO, adj. sharp, that has a cutting edge; alſo one that has a quick ready wit; alſo a perſon that cannot ſtay long in a place.

AGUE'LO, vid. *AVUELO*.

AGUE'RA, ſ. f. furrows in ploughed lands full of water.

AGUERA'R, v. a. to divine, to prophesy.

AGUE'RO, ſ. m. omen, a ſuperſtitious obſervation, or ſign of what is to happen.

AGU'JA, ſ. f. a needle; alſo an obelisk; alſo the sharp part of the loin of any creature.

Agúja de boſſár, a ſtitting needle.

Aguja de ſalmar, a great packing needle.

Agúja de mareár, the ſea compaſs.

Agúja marina, a fish with a long sharp beak like a needle; alſo an herb with a kind of blade shooting out harp, called ſtork's-bill.

AGUJA'DA, ſ. f. a prick of a needle.

AGUJERA'R, *AGJEREA'R*, v. a. to bore, to pierce. holes.

AGUJERI'LLO, ſ. m. a little hole.

AGUJE'RO, ſ. m. a hole; alſo a needlemaker.

AGUJE'TA, ſ. f. a point.

AGUJETE'RO, ſ. m. a point-maker.

AGUIJA'DA, ſ. f. a prick with a goad.

AGUIJADO'R, ſ. m. one that pricks on, or puts forward.

AGUIJAD'URA, ſ. f. putting on, or prinking forward.

AGUIJA'R, v. a. to put on, to prick forward, to haſten, to ſpur on.

AGUIJE'ñO, adj. gravelly, or full of prebble ſtones.

AGUI'JON, ſ. m. a goad, a prick, a ſting.

Aguijon, ſ. m. a large needle.

Aguijonázo, ſ. m. a prick with a goad, or ſting.

AGUIJONEA'R, v. a. to prick forward, to ſting.

A'GUILA, ſ. f. an eagle.

Aguila pſcadéra, an oſprey.

Aguila negra; the hawk called a ſaker.

Aguila atahorna, a heron.

Aguila de flóres llanas, in cant, is a common plain thief.

AGUILEñA'DO, adj. hook-noſed, or hawk-noſed.

AGUILEñO, adj. of or belonging to an eagle, alſo hook or hawk-noſed.

AGUILU'CHO, ſ. m. an eagle's chicken, a young eagle; in cant, it is one that has a share in ſtolen goods, though he is not at the ſtealing of them.

AGUINA'LDO, ſ. m. a new-year's gift.

AGUISA'R, v. a. to put in order, to fit, to compoſe or prepare any thing.

Hacer aguiſádo, to do right, to do one a kindneſs.

Aguiſádos de acabállo, a ſort of horſe formerly uſed in Andaluzia, and Caſtile.

AGUSTI'NOS, ſ. m. pl. the religious order of the Auguſtin friars.

Aguſtinos deſcalzos, the bare-foot friars of St. Auguſtin.

AGUSTO, adv. to one's mind, to one's liking.

AGULADE'RA, ſ. f. a whetſtone.

AGUZADE'ROS, ſ. m. pl. a place where wild boars ſharpen their tuſks.

AGUZADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who provokes or aggravates another.

AGUZADU'RA, ſ. f. a whetting.

AGUZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. whetting.

AGUZANIE'VE, ſ. m. the bird called a wagtail.

AGUZA'R, to whet, to ſharpen, to gnash one's teeth.

Aguzár las navájas el puérco, is for a boar to ſharpen his tuſks.

A H A

AH! interj. an adverb of calling.

AHA'JAR, v. a. to rumple, to diſorder, to ſully.

Muger ahajáda, a woman that has to do with many men, that has been too much handled, that has loſt her reputation.

AHA'O! interj. ho! a word of calling.

AHA'STA, adv. vid. *HASTA*.

A H E

AH! interj. alas! oh!

AHECHA'R, vid. *AECHAR*.

AHE'CHO, adv. indifferently.

AHE'DO, ſ. m. a ſteep rock.

AHELEA'R, v. a. to imbitter, to mix with gall.

AHELGA'DO, adj. that has bright teeth, and parted from one another.

AHEMBRA'DO, adj. a man with a ſoft effeminate look.

AHERROJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of fettering a perſon.

AHERROJA'R, v. a. to bolt, to ſhackle, to fetter; from *hierro*, iron.

AHERRUMBRADU'RA, or *AHERRUMBRAMIE'NTO*, ruſt, or ruſting.

AHERRUMBRA'R, v. n. to ruſt.

Aherrumbrárſe, v. r. to be corrupted by ruſt.

AHERVORADAME'NTE, adv. warmly.

AHERVORA'RSE, v. r. to be burnt up with heat.

A H I

AHI', adv. there.

AHIDALAGME'NTE, adv. genteelly. Obſ.

AHIDALGA'DO, adj. genteel, gentleman-like.

AHIDALGA'R, v. n. to grow genteel.

AHIGADA'DO, adj. liver-coloured, alſo a valiant man.

AHIJA'DA, ſ. f. a god-daughter.

AHIJA'DO, ſ. m. a god-ſon.

AHIJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an adoption, or taking another perſon's child for your own.

AHIJA'R, v. a. to beget ſpiritually, to taked for one's god-ſon.

AHILAMIE'NTO, ſtarving, pining away with hunger.

AHILARSE, v. r. to be ſtarved, to be wore away with hunger, metaphorically, to be fainting.

AHI'LO, ſ. m. a ſwoon.

AHI'LLO, ſ. m. a gang, a company a ſociety. Obſ.

AHI'NA, adv. quickly.

AHINCADAME'NTE, adv. earneſtly, preſſingly.

AHINCA'NZA, ſ. f. diligence.

AHINCA'R, v. a. to be earneſt, or preſſing, to ſtick in.

AHI'NCO, ſ. m. earneſtneſs, preſſing, alſo thruſting in.

AHINOJA'R, v. a. to kneel.

Ahinojárſe, v. r. to be upon one's knees.

AHI'RMAR, v. n. vid. *AFIRMAR*.

Ahirmárſe, v. r. vid. *AFIRMARSE*.

AHITAR, v. a. to ſurfeit.

Ahitárſe, v. r. to be ſurfeited.

Ahitarſe con un piñon, to ſurfeit with eating a pine-apple kernel; that is, to have a very weak ſtomack and ill digeſtion, ſo that the leaſt thing ſurfeits one.

AHITE'RA, ſ. f. a great rawneſs of ſtomach, an ill digeſtion.

AHI'TO, ſ. m. ſurfeit, indigeſtion.

Ahito, adj. raw, indigeſted.

A H O

AHO'! interj. ho! come here!

AHOBACHONA'DO, adj. given up to ſloth and idleneſs.

AHOCINARSE, v. a. to grow crooked as a river, to contract.

AHOGADE'RO, ſ. m. the ſmalleſt of the two ropes uſed in hanging criminals in Spain; metaph. a great preſs or crowd, alſo a woman's necklace; alſo a crowd of people.

AHOGADI'ZO, adj. apt to choak in ſwallowing.

Ahogamiénto, ſ. m. ſtrangury; alſo affliction, anxiety.

AHOGA'R, v. a. to choak, to drown; to ſtew very cloſe.

No me ahogues, verbatim, do not choak me; metaphorically, do not preſs ſo hard upon me, be not haſty.

Ahogárſe, v. r. to be choaked.

Se ahogó con ſu miſmo aliénto, he choaked himſelf with his own breath.

Prov. *Nadár, nadár, y á la orilla ahogár*, to eat an whole ox and faint at the tail, *toto devorato bove in cauda deficere*. This proverb is ſaid when any body falls ſhort of a thing after having uſed all endeavours.

Ahogárſe, en aprétura, to be thronged to death.

Abogárſe de calór, to be ſtifled with heat.

Dar mate ahogádo, to require things to be done with precipitation, with a breating time; taken from a term at cheſs, ſignifying to give checkmate.

Carnéro ahogádo, mutton ſtewed very cloſe.

Prov. *Ahogárſe en poca agua*, to be drowned in little water; that is, to be overcome with little labour or trouble, to be fit for little buſineſs.

AHO'GO,

AHO'GO, ſ. m. affliction, pain, trouble.
AHOJA'R, v. a. (*el ganado*) to feed cattle with leaves.
AHOMBRA'DA, ſ. f. a maſculine woman.
AHO'MBRO, ſ. m. vid. *HOMBRO*.
AHONDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. deepening; alſo ſearching or diving to the bottom.
AHONDA'R, v. a. to deepen; alſo to ſearch or dive to the bottom.
AHO'RA, adv. now, this hour.
Ahóra ahóra, juſt now, this inſtant.
Ahóra bien, well then.
AHORCADI'ZO, adj. that may be hanged.
AHORCADO'R, ſ. m. a hangman.
AHORCAJA'DAS, adv. forked wiſe, aſtride, ſtraddling.
AHORCAJA'RSE, v. r. to ſet aſtride, as on horſeback.
AHORCA'R, v. a. to hang.
Ahorcárſe, v. r. to hang one's ſelf.
Que me ahorquen, I'll be hanged.
Que ſe ahórque, go, and be hanged.
En caſa del ahorcádo no ſe ha de mentar la ſoga, you ſhould not mention a halter to any whoſe relations or friends have ſuffered by it.
AHORMAR, v. a. to ſtretch upon a laſt.
Ahórmar, to inſtruct or educate youth well.
AHORNAGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a blaſting by heat.
AHORNAGA'RSE, v. r. to be blaſted by heat.
AHORNA'R, v. a. to put into the oven.
Ahornárſe la tierra, is for the land to be ſcorched, or burnt up.
AHORQUILLA'R, v. a. to place a little fork to ſupport the branches of trees.
AHORRADU'RA, ſ. f. ſaving, ſparing; alſo ſetting free.
AHORRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. idem.
AHORRA'R, v. a. to ſave, to ſpare, to make a ſlave free.
No ahorrárſe con ſu padre, not to abate one's own father.
Ahorrárſe, v. r. to redeem one's ſelf from ſlavery.
AHORRATI'VO, adj. too ſparing.
AHO'RRO, ſ. m. ſaving of expences, parſimony.
AHOTA'DO, obſ. bold, ſurly, daring.
AHOTA'R, v. a. obſ. to make bold, ſurly, or daring.
AHOYA'DO, adj. made into holes, ditched.
AHOYADOR, ſ. m. a ditcher, a digger.
AHOYADU'RA, ſ. f. ditching, digging of holes.
AHOYA'R, v. a. to ditch, to dig holes.

A H U

AHUCHADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who hoards up money in a box.
AHUCHA'R, v. a. to put into a box; to hoard money.
AHUCIA'R, v. a. obſ. to give hope.
AHUECAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a hollowing, or boring an hole.
AHUECA'R, v. a. to make hollow.
Ahuecárſe, v. r. to be hollowed; metaph. ſpoken of a man when he is foolish or illiterate, as calling him an empty fellow.
AHUELO, ſ. m. f. vid. *AVUELO*.
AHUETA'R, v. a to ſplice, as ſailors do ropes.
AHULLA'R, v. a to howl.
AHUMA'DA, ſ. f. ſmoking; ſmoke made in the day, as fire at night to alarm the country.
AHUMA'R, v. n. to ſmoke.
AHUMO, ſ. m. vid. *HUMO*.
AHURTA CORDEL, vid. *HURTAR*.
AHURTA'DAS, AHURTADI'LLAS, adv. by ſtealth.
AHUSA'R, to ſhape like a ſpindle; from *húſo*, a ſpindle.
AHUYENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that puts to flight, one that frights away.
AHUYENTA'R, v. a. to put to flight, to fright away.
AHUZIA'DO, adj. obſ. truſted.
AHUZIAMIE'NTO, obſ. truſting, confidence.

A I D

AIDO'RO, ſ. m. obſ. help.

A I N

AI'NA, adv. quickly, ſuddenly; alſo ſooner, rather.
AI'NAS, adv. quite near, almoſt

A I R

AIRA'RSE, v. r. to be angry.
A'IRE, ſ. m. the wind, or air.
Aire corrupto, a corrupt air.
Béber los aires, to deſire any thing earneſtly, or greedily.
Hender un cabello en el aire, ſo very acute; that he can ſplit a hair; ſpoken of a man who is exceeding witty or ſatirical in his expreſſions.
Centár ó tañer con aire, to ſing well, or to play well upon an inſtrument.
Creerſe del aire, to believe eaſily every thing.
Dar aire a una coſa, to embellish, to beautify.
Dar de buen aire, to give a ſtrong blow.
Dar a uno el aire, to ſuſpect, to conjecture; to give an inkling of.
Darle un aire a otro, ó tener el aire de otro, to look like one.
Echarſe el aire, to be calm, (ſpeaking of wind.)
En el aire, quickly, ſuddenly.
Eſtar con un pie en el aire, to be unſettled, alſo to be on a voyage.
Eſto es un poco de aire, that is, a trifling.
Hablar al aire, to beat the air, to ſpeak foreign to the purpoſe.
Hacerſe aire, to fan one's ſelf.
Matarlas en el aire, to be a ſagacious man.
Mudarſe a qualquier aire, to be inconſtant.
Mudarſe el aire, to be changed, (ſpeaking of the weather and fortune.)
Quedarſe en el aire, to loſe an employment.
Tener buen aire, to look well.
Tener la cabeza llena de aire, to be an empty noodle.
Tomar el aire, to take a walk.
Tomar el aire a una res, to wind or ſcent game.
Tomar los aires naturales, to breathe one's own country air.
Aircárſe, v. r. to take the air.
AIRECI'LLO, diminut. of *aire*.
AIRO'N, ſ. m. heron, a bird ſo called.

AIRO'NES, ſ. m. heron's feathers, or others like them; helmet-feathers.
AIROSAME'NTE, adv. elegantly, genteely.
AIROSIDA'D, ſ. f. gracefulneſs, gentility.
AIRO'SO, adj. lying open to the wind; alſo elegant, nice, fine, genteel.

A I S

AISLA'DO, adj. encompaſſed with water like an iſland.
Quedar uno aiſl'ado, to be ſo ſurrounded by misfortunes to, as not to be able to extricate one's ſelf.
AISLA'R, v. a. to encompaſs with water like an iſland.
Aiſlárſe una perſona, to be ſo ſurpriſed or aſtonished, as not to know what one does.

A J A

AJA'DA, ſ. f. a ſauce made with garlick and ſalt.
AJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of reproaching, injuring or degrading a man's reputation.
AJA'R, v. a. to handle any thing ſo as to ſpoil its beauty or make it fade.
Ajár, to injuré, reproach, or degrade any one's reputation.

A J E

AJENADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who delivers poſſeſſion to another, or parts with an eſtate outright.
AJENA'R, v. a. to alienate, to paſs away an eſtate to deliver up poſſeſſion to another.
AJE'NO, adj. belonging to another man, of another country, foreign, none of our kin or relation, alien, ſtrange, inconvenient, unmeet, misbecoming, contrary, different, of another ſort, abſurd, beſide the purpoſe, diſagreable, averſe, unwholeſome, hurtful, unkindly.
AJE'TE, ſ. m. young garlick; alſo a ſauce made with garlick.

A J I

AJICO'LA, ſ. f. a ſort of glue, made by boiling pieces of leather with garlick.
AJILIMO'GE, ſ. m. a ſort of ſauce.
AJILLO, diminut. of *ajo*, ſ. m. garlick.

A J O

AJO, ſ. m. garlick; alſo paint uſed by women.
Un májame un ajo, a numbskull, a dunce.
Villano harto de ajos, a ſtubborn ſtinking clown.
Dalle ſu ajo, to ſeaſon meat, to dreſs meat, to daub any thing, or to paint a woman's face.
Prov. *Tieſſo como un ajo*, as ſtiff as garlick; that is, healthy, ſtrong, robuſt.
Prov. *Suſpirár por los ajos y cebollas de Egypto*, to ſigh after the garlick and onions of Egypt; to deſire to return to the paſt wicked life; to wish for filth and loathſomeneſs.
Prov. *Hacér morder el ajo*, to make bite the garlick; to hold a man's noſe to the grind-ſtone.
Prov. *Ajo crudo y vino puro, paſſan el puerto ſegúro*, raw garlick and pure wine paſs the port ſafe; in Spain they call the paſſes of mountains dryports; theſe mountains are generally very cold, and wine and garlick comfort the ſtomach, and keep out the cold; ſo it ſignifies they are a good defence for travellers who are to paſs them.
AJOBA'R, v. a. to load, to carry upon the back.
AJO'BO, ſ. m. the action of loading.
AJO'LIO, ſ. m. a ſauce made with oil and garlick.
AJO'NGE, ſ. m. the juice of a thiſtle, with which they make birdlime.
AJONJE'RA, ſ. f. the wild plant birdlime is made with.
AJONJO'LI, ſ. m. a very ſmall bright ſeed ſo called.
AJORA'R, v. a. to force or drive by violence.
AJO'RCA, vid. *AXO'RCA*.
AJODA'R, v. n. to cry out till one is hoarſe.
AJORNALA'R, v. a. to hire by the day.
AJO'RRO, adv. towing one boat after another.

A J U

AJUA'GAS, ſ. f. an ulcerous ſwelling among horſes.
AJUANETA'DO, adj. full of corns.
Cara ajuanetada, a lean face.
AJUA'R, ſ. m. vid. *AXUAR*.
AJUFA'YNA, ſ. f. a deep baſon.
AJUCIA'R, v. n. to grow ripe in judgment.
AJUNTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. putting together, joining.
AJUNTA'R, v. a. to put together, to join.
AJUSTADAME'NTE, adv. rightly, juſtly, truly.
AJUSTADO'R, ſ. m. an under waiſtcoat.
Ajuſtadme eſſas medidas, this is ſaid when a man ſpeaks foreign to the purpoſe, and another ſhould anſwer, combine this matter if you can.
AJUSTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. equality.
AJUSTA'R, v. a. to adjuſt, to make fit; alſo to reconcile differences, to make accounts even.
Ajuſtárſe, v. r. to agree in any bargain, or contract.
Ajuſtárſe al tiempo, à con el tiempo, to conform to the times.
Hombre ajuſtádo, dictamen ajuſtádo, a man of integrity and ſincerity.
AJU'STE, ſ. m. a contract, a bargain.
AJUSTICIA'R, v. a. to execute criminals.

A L A

AL, in old Spaniſh, ſignifies another thing.
Non ſagades al, do no other.
Al, from *ALGO*, ſomething.
Al, is alſo the article of the dative caſe, corruptly from *a el*; as, *al hombre*, to the man; *al moménto*, this moment; ſometi-

mes it ſtands for the preposition *in*, as *al fin*, in fine.

A'LA, ſ. f. a wing; alſo the bonnet of a ſail.

Ala de texádo, the eves of a houſe.

Alas de pez, the fins of a fish.

Ala de batálla, the wing of a battle.

Ala de gente de acabállo, a ſquadron of horſe.

Ala yérva, the herb *enula campana*.

Alas de ſombréro, the brims of a hat.

Ala de móſca, in cant, is a cheating trick at cards.

Alas de murciélago, bat's wings, taph. any thing that has a falſe appearance, becauſe a bat's wings have no feathers.

Batir las alas, to clap the wings; to make haſte, as birds do in their flight.

Caérſe las alas, to hang the wings, to diſmay, to loſe courage.

Dár alas, to grow bold, proud.

Quebrárſe las alas; to be caſt down.

Llevar alas en los carcañales, to run as if one had wings at their heels.

Cubrir con las alas, to protect.

Alá! interj. Ex. *Alá! que tengo un doblon*, O Lord! I have got a dobloon in my pocket.

ALABADO'R, ſ. m. one that praiſes.

ALABAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of praiſing.

ALABANCE'RO, ſ. m. a flatterer, a ſycophant.

ALABANCIO'SO, ſ. m. a boaſter.

ALABANDI'NA, ſ. f. a red ſtone mixed with blue.

ALABA'NZA, ſ. f. praiſe, commendation applauſe.

ALABA'R, v. a. to praiſe, to commend.

Es para alabár a Dios, when any thing is very beautiful or good, they ſay it is a ſubject to praiſe God.

Alabárſe, v. r. to boaſt, to vaunt.

ALABA'RDA, ſ. f. halberd.

ALABARDA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a halberd.

ALABARDE'RO, ſ. m. a halberdier, a yeoman of the guard.

ALABARDI'LLA, ſ. f. a little halberd.

ALABASTRI'NO, adj. of the colour of alabbaſter.

Alabaſtrinas, ſ. f. pl. thin pieces of alabbaſter.

ALABA'STRO, ſ. m. alabbaſter.

ALABEA'R, v. n. to bend any wood ſo as to make it crooked.

ALABE'GA, ſ. f. the herb called baſil royal.

ALABE'O, ſ. m. the vicious bent of a plank.

ALABE'SA, ſ. f. the handle of an halbert.

ALABE'Z, ſ. m. the ſides of a target or shield.

ALACA'YO, ſ. m. vid. *LACAYO*.

ALACAYUE'LO, ſ. m. diminut. of *alacayo*.

ALACE'NA, vid. *ALHACENA*.

ALACER, ſ. m. a circle.

ALA'CHA, ſ. f. a little fish like a herring, taken for it.

ALACRA'N, ſ. m. a ſcorpion; alſo the rings which the reins of a bridle are faſtened to.

Alacran márino, ſ. m. a ſea ſcorpion.

ALCRANA'DO, adj. bitten by ſcorpions.

ALADA'R, ſ. m. the hair on the temples.

ALA'DO, adj. winged.

ALADRA'DA, ſ. f. a furrow in ploughed land.

ALA'DRO, ſ. m. a plough.

A LA FE, in faith, in truth.

A LA HE, idem.

ALAFI'A, ſ. f. the pardon of a fault.

ALA'GA, ſ. f. a ſort of grain called in Latin *alica*.

ALAGA'R, v. a. to make much of, to ſooth.

ALAGARE'RA, ſ. f. a talkative, pratling woman.

ALAGARTA'DO, adj. coloured like a lizard.

Aedias, telas, cintas alagartadas, ſtockings, ſtuffs, ribbons of ſeveral colours.

ALA'GO, vid. *HALAGO*.

ALAGRE'ZA, ſ. f. obſ. joy, hilarity, alacrity.

ALAU'NA, ſ. f. vid. *LAGUNA*

ALAHI'LCA, ſ. f. hangings to adorn the walls.

ALAI'CA, ſ. f. an ant that has go wings.

ALAJU', ſ. m. a ſort of ſweet-meat, or compoſition made of flour, honey, pine-apple kernels, and ſpice.

ALA'JA, ſ. f. vid. *ALHA'JA*, and its derivatives.

AL ALBA, adv. at break of day.

ALAMA, ſ. f. vid. *LAMA*.

A LA MA'NO, at hand.

A las manós, as *venir a las mános*, to come to handy ſtrokes.

ALAMA'R, ſ. m. ſilver or ſilken twiſt for cloaths.

ALAMA'RES, ſ. m. great ſilk, or gold and ſilver loops.

ALAMARA'DO, adj. a garment trimmed with loops.

ALAMBA'R, ſ. m. vid. *AMBA'R*.

ALAMBICA'R, v. a. to diſtil.

ALAMBI'QUE, ſ. m. a limbeck.

Araér por alambique, to bring through a limbeck, that is, the fartheſt way about.

Alambicárſe el celébro, to crack one's brain.

ALAMBO'R, ſ. m. the cavity of any thing.

ALA'MBRE, ſ. m. copper.

ALAME'DA, ſ. f. a grove; alſo a walk planted with trees.

ALAMI'N, ſ. m. a man of reputation, one that may ſafely be truſted.

ALAMI'NA, ſ. f. a tax laid upon potters.

ALAMIRE', ſ. f. a key or cliff in muſick.

ALA'MO, ſ. m. a poplar-tree.

Alámo blanco, the white poplar.

Alámo negro, the black poplar, or alder.

ALAMO'N, ſ. m. a bird of a violet colour, with red feet and beak.

ALAMU'D, ſ. m. the bolt of a ſpringlock, or other bolt or bar to faſten windows or doors with.

ALANCEADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who brandiſhes a ſpear.

ALANCEAR, v. a. to wound with a lance.

LANCE'L, ſ. m. vid. *ARANCEL*.

ALANDA'L, ſ. m. a maſs of coloquintida, out of which the pills are made.

ALANI'A, ſ. f. a cupboard made in the wall.

ALA'NO, ſ. m. a maſtiff dog, particularly a bull-dog.

ALANTOI'DES, ſ. f. the name of one of three tunicks, wherein the fœtus is encloſed.

A LA PAR, even, equal.

A LA POSTRE, at the end.

ALANZA'DA, ſ. f. ſo much ground as one yoke of oxen will ear in a day, or a meaſure of land as far as a man can throw a dart.

ALANZA'R, v. a obſ. to fling, to throw, to caſt.

ALAQUE'QUES, ſ. m. pl. glaſs beads.

ALA'R, vid. *HALAR*.

AIA'RA, ſ. f. an egg without a ſhell, only covered with a pellicle.

AIA'RBE, ſ. m. an ignorant, croſs, ruſtical man.

ALARA'CAS, ſ. f. pl. ſhouts, cries.

ALARAQUIE'NTO, adj. noiſy.

ALA'RDE, ſ. m. a muſter, a review of forces.

Hazér alárde, is properly to muſter; metaph. to boaſt.

A la redónda, adv. round about.

ALA'RES, ſ. m. pl. ſnare, gin, or ſpringe.

ALARGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. prolonging, getting far off, lengthening, ſtretching.

ALAGA'R, v. a. to prolong, to lengthen, to ſtretch out.

Alargár la vela, to looſe the ſail, to ſpread it to the wind.

Alargár la riénda, to give a horſe his head; metaph. to give one more liberty.

Alargár el tiémpo, to drive off, or protract time.

Alargár el paſſo, mend your pace, go faſter.

Alargár la bólſa, to have money at will.

Alargárſe, v. r. to get far off; to talk long upon a ſubject.

ALARGAS, ſ. f. a delay.

ALARGE'Z, ſ. f. roſe of Jeruſalem, our Lady's roſe.

ALARGUE'Z, ſ. f. the ſeed, or thin rind of a kind of weed uſed to give hair a fair colour; or a ſort of wood called roſe-wood, becauſe it ſmells like roſes.

ALARI'DO, ſ. m. a crying out.

Alarídos, cries, ſhouts, ſhrieks.

ALARIFA'ZGO, ſ. m. ſurveyorſhip.

ALARI'FE, ſ. m. a ſurveyor, overſeer, or maſter builder.

ALARI'XES, ſ. f. a kind of grapes of a purpliſh colour.

AIA'RMA, to arms! to arms! a militari cry.

ALARSE, v. r. to run away from juſtice or punishment.

ALASTA'R, v. a. to pay a fine or penalty.

ALASTRADO'R, ſ. m. one that carries ballaſt to ships.

ALASTRA'R, v. a. to ballaſt.

Alaſtrárſe, v. r. to lay one's ſelf flat on the ground, as birds do when they are purſued.

A LAS VE'ZES, adv. by turns.

ALATON, ſ. m. vid. *LATON*.

ALATONA'R, v. a. to place with thin braſs;

ALATONE'RO, vid. *ALMEZ*.

ALATRON, ſ. m. ſalt-petre.

ALA'VAS, ſ. f. pl. the teeth of a wheel in clock-work.

AIAVE'O, ſ. m. the white that is in ſome wood between the body and the bark.

A LA VISTA, to the ſight.

ALAXEA'DO, adj. paved with flagſtones.

ALAXU, vid. *ALAJU*.

AIAZA'N, ſ. m. a ſorrel horſe.

Alazán claro, a bright ſorrel.

Alazan dorádo, betwixt roan and ſorrel.

Alazán toſtádo, a dark ſorrel.

Prov. *Alazan toſtádo, antes muerto que canſádo*, a dark ſorrel horſe will die before he'll jade; ſo good an opinion the Spaniards have of that colour.

ALAZO, ſ. m. a blow with the wing.

ALAZO'R, ſ. m. wild ſaffron.

A L B

A'LBA, ſ. f. the dawn or break of day; alſo an albe, ſuch as prieſts wear at the altar.

El reir del alba, the firſt dawning of the day.

Al alba, adv. at break of day.

ALBACA'RA, ſ. f. a pulley wherein a cord or rope runneth to draw any thing by; ſome call it a windlace.

ALBACE'A, ſ. m. an executor, adminiſtrator, or aſſign left by will.

ALBACEA'ZGO, ſ. m. the office, or charge of an executor.

ALBACO'RA, ſ. f. the early or firſt figs.

ALBA'DA, ſ. f. the ſong ſung, or the muſick played under the window of a miſtreſs very early in the morning, by her lover.

ALBAHA'CA, ſ. f. a very fragrant herb called majericon, or ſweet garden baſil.

ALBAHAQUERO, ſ. m. a flowerpot, any ſuch pots as are uſed in gardens; from *alhaháca*, becauſe that herb is kept in them.

ALBAHAQUI'LLA, ſ. f. ſmall baſil.

Albahaquilla ſalvage, wild baſil.

ALBAI'DA, obſ. whiteneſs; alſo formerly a ſmall piece of money worht half a *maravedi*.

Albalda, vid. *ALBAYDA*.

ALBAI'RE, ſ. m. an egg. Obſ.

ALBALA, ſ m. a note, a receipt, a paſs, an acquittance; alſo a licence.

ALBANA'DO, adj. a ſleep.

ALBANE'GA, ſ. f. a kind of network coif that women wear to keep their hair up.

ALBANEGUE'RO, *ALBANE'S*, ſ. m. a cant word.

for a gameſter at dice.

ALBAñAR, ſ. m. a kennel, gutter, ſink, or common-ſhore.

ALBAñIL, ſ. m. a plaiſterer, or brick-layer.

ALBAñILERI'A, ſ. f. plaiſterers, or brick layers work, or buſineſs.

ALBAQUI'A, ſ. f the reſidue, the remainder to ballance the account.

ALBA'R, adj. that which is ſoon ripe; alſo very white.

ALBARA'DA, ſ. f. a dry ſtone wall without mortar; alſo a cauſeway.

ALBARAN, ſ. m. a writing, a ſheet of paper.

Albarán, ſ. m. a note, acquittance, receipt, or paſs.

ALBARAZA'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of grapes of jaſper colour.
ALBARAZADO, adj. affected with morphew.
ALBARA'ZO, ſ. m. a kind of morphew ſtaining the skin.
ALBA'RCA, ſ. f. a kind of shoe tied about the foot.
ALBA'RDA, ſ. f. a pannel, a packſaddle.
Beſtia de albárda, a beaſt to carry burdens.
Fulano es una albárda, ſuch a one is a packſaddle; to avoid ſaying he is an aſs.
ALBARDA'DOR, ſ. m. one that puts the packſaddles upon the beaſt, or that makes them.
ALBARDA'N, ſ. m. an impudent merry fellow.
ALBADANI'A, ſ. f. an impudent, bold jeſt.
ALBARDA'R, v. a. to put on a packſaddle or pannel.
ALBARDERI'A, ſ. f. the ſtreet the packſaddlers live in.
ALBARDE'RO, ſ. m. a pannel, or packſaddle maker.
ALBARDI'LLA, ſ. f. a little pannel or packſaddle.
ALBARDI'N, ſ. m. ſmall rushes, or mat-weed.
ALBARDO'N, ſ. m. a beaſt of burthen, that carries a packſaddle; a great packſaddle.
ALBARDONCI'LLO, diminut. of *albardon*.
ALBARE'JO, ſ. m. diminut. of *albár*.
ALBARICO'QUE, ſ. m. an apricot.
ALBARI'GO, adj. a kind of corn to make bread very white.
ALBARI'LLO, ſ. m. diminut. of *albaricóque*.
ALBARI'NO, adj. a dun, ſwarthy colour.
ALBARJO'N, vid. *ALVARJO'N*.
ALBARRA'DA, ſ. f. a dry wall of ſtones without mortar; alſo a cauſeway.
ALBARRA'N, ſ. m. a batchelor, or ſingle man, a ſtranger, or one that has no certain place of abode.
ALBARRA'NA, ſ. f. a watch-tower ſtanding by itſelf in the fields; alſo a wild onion.
ALBARRANE'O, ſ. m. a foreigner or ſtranger.
ALBARRANI'A, ſ. f. ſingle life, batchelor ſhip.
ALBARRA'Z, ſ. m. the herb ſtaveſacre, or louſe-bane.
ALBARTA'DA, ſ. f. a heap, a pile, a ſtack, a reek, any great maſs,
ALBATA'RA, the clitoris.
ALBATO'CHA, ſ. f. a ſmall ſort of covered veſſel or bark.
ALBATO'ZA, ſ. f. a ſmall boat covered over.
ALBAYALDA'DO, adj. daubed with ceruſe.
ALBAYA'LDE, ſ. m. white ceruſe.
ALBA'YRE, ſ. m. in cant ſignifies an egg.
ALBAZA'NO, adj. of a cheſnut colour.
ALBA'ZO, ſ. m. an aſſault made at break of day.
ALBEDRIADO'R, ſ. m. an arbitrator.
ALBEDRIA'R, v. a. to arbitrate, or determine between two parties.
ALBEDRIO, ſ. m. arbitrement, will, pleaſure, advice, opinion.
ALBE'DRO, ſ. m. a crab-tree.
ALBE'ITAR, *ALBE'ITE*, ſ. m. the perſon who cures diſtempers in beaſts, a farrier.
ALBEITERI'A, ſ. f. the art of curing ſickneſs in beaſts.
ALBELIO'N, ſ. m. vid. *ALBAñAR*.
ALBE'NDA, ſ. f. hangings made of white linen.
ALBENDE'RA, ſ. f. the woman who weaves ſuch hangings.
ALBENDO'LA, ſ. f. a net of the ſmalleſt ſize, to catch ſhrimps or prawns.
ALBENGA'LA, ſ. f. a fine web woven in ſilk, uſed by the Moors to adorn themſelves.
ALBE'RCA, ſ. f. a pool or pond, a fish-pond.
ALBERCHI'GA, ſ. f. the fruit of the apple-quince.
ALBERCO'QUE, ſ. m. an apricot.
ALBERCHI'GO, ſ. m. an apple quince.
ALBERENGE'NA, ſ. f. vid. *BERENGENA*.
ALBERGA'DA, ſ. f. a trench uſed in fortification.
ALBERGADO'R, ſ. m. one that lodges, harbours, or entertains others.
ALBERGA'R, v. a. to lodge, harbour, or entertain.
Albergárſe, v. r. to be entertained, to be lodged.
ALBERGUE, ſ. m. a shelter, any ſafe place againſt bad weather alſo a public houſe; and among the knights of Malta, the ſeveral quarters where the nights of different nations live.
ALBERGUERI'A, ſ. f. a public houſe.
ALBERGUE'RO, ſ. m. an innkeeper.
ALBIHA'R, ſ. m. the herb called daffodil, or Narciſſus.
ALBIHA'RES, ſ. m. pl. the flower called Narciſſus, or daffodil.
ALBI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſort of white grape.
ALBI'LLO, ſ. m. wine made from a ſort of white grape called *albilla*.
ALBI'N, ſ. m. a blood-ſtone.
ALBI'NA, ſ. f. the beating of the water upon the shore.
Albina, ſ. f. a place overflowed with water, as a marsh or fen.
ALBI'NO, adj. born with very white hair, and a white skin.
ALBITA'NA, ſ. f. a piece of timber in a ship ſo called.
A'LBO, adj. white.
ALBOAI'RE, ſ. m. chequer works made with varnished tiles of different colours.
ALBOGO'N, ſ. m. a flute.
ALBO'GUE, ſ. m. a pipe or flute, according to ſome; yet in *Don Quixote* we find this word explained to be braſs plates like candleſticks; which being hollow and beaten one againſt another, make a ſort of ruſtic muſick.
ALBOGUE'RO, ſ. m. a piper or one that makes pipes, or one that plays, or makes *albógues*.
ALBOHE'RA, ſ. m. vid. *ALBUFERA*.
ALBOHO'L, ſ. m. the white flower of the herb jarion.
ALBO'NDIGAS, ſ. f. balls made of forced meat.
ALBONDIGUI'LLAS, ſ. f. little balls of forced meat.

ALBO'R, ſ. m. whiteneſs.
ALBORADA, ſ. f. muſic played to one at the break of day; alſo the break of day itſelf.
ALBORBO'LAS, ſ. f. pl. a noiſe made for ſome trifling matter.
ALBORBOLE'AR, v. a to make a noiſe of rejoicing. Obſ.
ALBORE'A, ſ. f. the dawn of the day.
ALBOREA'R, v. n. to dawn.
ALBORECE'R, vid. *ALBOREAR.*
ALBORGA, ſ. f. ſhoes made of broom.
ALBORNI'A, ſ. f. a great earthen pan, ſuch as they uſe to put milk in.
ALBORNO'Z, ſ. m. a ſort of upper garment cloſe before, with only a place for the head to come out, and a hood to it, made of a ſort of ſtuff that turns off water, ſo that none goes through.
ALBORONI'A, ſ. f. a kind of ſallet made of herbs, milk, wine, oil, cheeſe, garlick.
ALBORO'QUE, ſ. m. a gratuity given to one that makes up a bargain between two, in the nature of brokerage; or to a workman above his hire.
ALBOROTADAME'NTE, adv. diſorderly, tumultuouſly, ſeditiouſly.
ALBOROTADO'R, ſ. m. a mutinous ſeditious fellow.
ALBOROTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſedition, tumult, diſorder, commotion.
ALBOROTA'R, v. a. to raiſe a tumult, or ſedition, to put in diſorder.
ALBORO'TO, ſ. m. mutiny, tumult, or ſedition, diſorder, confuſion.
ALBOROZADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who excites mirth in others.
ALBOROZA'R, v. a. to rejoice, to be full of joy; alſo to raiſe a tumult.
ALBORO'ZO, ſ. m. joy, a violent commotion of the heart, cauſed by any thing that is joyful.
ALBRI'CIAS, ſ. f. pl. a reward or gratuity given to one that brings good news.
ALBUDE'CA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſpongy, watry, and unſavory melon.
ALBUFE'RA, ſ. f. a pool of ſtagnating water.
ALBU'R, ſ. m. a gudgeon.
ALBU'RA, ſ. f. whiteneſs.
ALBURE'JO, ſ. m. a little mullet, a fish ſo called.
ALBURE'S, ſ. m. a term uſed in a certain game at cards.

A L C

ALCABA'LA, ſ. f. a duty impoſed upon things ſold.
ALCABALE'RO, ſ. m. a collector or gatherer of that duty.
ALCABO'R, ſ. m. the ſoot of a chimney.
ALCABU'CO, ſ. m. a foreſt or thick wood.
ALCABU'Z, vid. *ARCABU'Z.*
ALCACE'L, ſ. m. green barley cut for horſes.
ALCACERI'A, ſ. f. obſ. v. *Alcaicerla.*
ALCACHO'FA, ſ. f. an artichoke.
ALCACHOFA'DO, adj. belonging to an artichoke.
ALGACHOFA'L, ſ. m. the place where artichokes grow.
ALCACI'L, vid. *ARCACIL.*
ALCAFAR, ſ. m. the trappings of a horſe.
ALCAHA'Z, ſ. m. a cage or coop for birds, made of cane.
ALCAHAZA'DA, ſ. f. a quantity of birds incloſed in a cage, called *alcahaz.*
ALCAHAZAR, v. a. to ſhut birds up in a cage called *alcahaz.*
ALCAHOTAR, v. a. vid. *ALCAHUETAR.*
ALCAHOTERI'A, ſ. f. vid. *ALCAHUETERIA.*
ALCAHUE'TA, ſ. f. a bawd.
ALCAHUE'TE, ſ. m. a pimp, or pandar.
ALCAHUETEA'R, v. a. to procure, to pimp, or bawd.
ALCAHUETE'JO, ſ. m. a little pimp.
ALCAHUETERI'A, ſ. f. bawding, or a bawdy-houſe.
ALCAHUETI'LLO, ſ. f. a little pimp.
ALCA'IDE, ſ. m. the governor of a fort, town, or caſtle; alſo a goaler.
ALCAIDE'SA, ſ. f. the wife of a gaoler.
ALCAIDI'A, ſ. f. the government of a fort or town; alſo the keeping of a gaol.
ALCALDA'DA, ſ. f. a blunder, a bull, a prepoſterous ſaying.
ALCA'LDE, ſ. m. a magiſtrate, of which there are theſe ſeveral ſorts.
Alcalde de aldea, a mayor, bailiff, or headborough of a country town.
Alcálde mayor de juſticia, a lord chief-juſtice.
Alcálde de corte, a juſtice belonging to the king's houſhold.
Alcálde de alcádes, a high commiſſioner over the juſtices.
Alcálde de las alzádas, a judge of appeals, a chief judge to whom appeals lie from inferior courts.
Alcálde de los hidálgos, a judge to try the caſe of gentility; that is, whether a man be really a gentleman, and conſequently free from paying taxes, from arreſts, &c.
ALCALDI'A, ſ. f. the juriſdiction, office, power, and territory, of diſtrict of the *alcalde.*
ALCALLE'R, ſ. m. a potter; alſo a potter's work-houſe.
ALCA'M, ſ. m. a kind of wild gourd called *coloquintida.*
ALCAMI'Z, ſ. m. a review of ſoldiers, or the liſt of their names.
ALCAMONI'AS, ſ. f. ſweet ſpice.
ALCAMPHO'R, ſ. m. camphire, the gum of a tree in the Eaſt-Indies.
ALCAMPHORA'DO, adj. belonging to camphire.
ALCA'NA, ſ. f. an exchange, a place full of ſhops.
ALCA'NCE, ſ. m. the action of reaching a thing, or of coming up with a perſon.
Alcance de cuenta, the ballance of an account.
Alcance de un cañon, the reach of a gun.
Alcánce, ſ. m. a wound which horſes

receive by rubbing their feet one againſt another in running.

Deſpachar alcance, to ſend an expreſs in order to reach the poſt.

Seguir el alcance, to purſue the enemies after an action.

ALCANCI'A, ſ. f. a little round earthen pot to keep money in, ſuch as children play with.

Alancia de fuego, a pot full of wild fire to throw among enemies, in the nature of our hand-grenadoes.

ALCANCIA'R, v. a. to throw ſuch pots of wild fire; it is alſo a ſport uſed in Spain where they have thin pots made, and riding, throw them at one another where they break on the armour.

ALCANCIA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with ſuch a pot.

ALCANCI'LLA, ſ. f. a reddiſh ſort of dye.

ALCA'NDARA, ſ. f. a perch for a hawk.

ALCANDI'A, ſ. f. a kind of ſmall grain, called millet or hirſe.

ALCANDIA'L, ſ. m. the ground where ſuch ſeed is ſown.

ALCANDI'GA, vid. *ALCANDI'A*.

ALCANDO'RA, ſ. f. a beacon, to alarm the country; metaph. a ſhirt.

ALCA'NNA, ſ. f. an Egyptian plant uſed in dying.

ALCA'NTARA, ſ. f. a bridge.

ALCANTARI'LLA, ſ. f. a little bridge.

ALCANZADI'ZO, adj. that which may be reached.

ALCANZAD'OR, ſ. m. one that reaches, obtains, compaſſes, or overtakes.

ALCANZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of obtaining.

ALCANZA'R, v. a. to reach, to obtain, to compaſs, to overtake

Alcanzár el techo, to reach to the cieling.

Alcanzár lo que ſe deſſéa, to obtain or compaſs one's wish.

Alcanzár al que húye, to overtake one that runs away.

Alcanzár a uno de cuenta, to prove an account is short; alſo to confute a man.

Alcanzárſe la beſtia, is when a horſe over reaches.

No me alcánza la pretina, the girdle will not come about me.

No ſe os alcánza, you do not comprehend it.

No le alcánza un huelgo a otro, he is quite out of breath.

No le alcanza la ſal al agua, he is ſo poor he has not ſalt enough to ſeaſon his water.

ALCAPA'RRAS, ſ. f. capers; a fruit.

ALCAPARRA'DO, adj. like capers, or dreſſed with capers.

ALCAPARRA'L, ſ. m. a piece of ground where capers grow.

ALCAPA'RRILLA, ſ. f. a little caper.

ALCAPARRO'N, ſ. m. a larger ſort of caper; alſo the hilt of a ſort of ſword anciently uſed.

ALCAPARRONNA'L, ſ. m. a place where capers grow.

ALCAPARRO, ſ. m. the caper-tree.

ALCAPARRO'SA, ſ. f. a kind of mineral ſalt flound in copper-mines.

ALCAPARRO'SO, adj. full of capers, or that taſtes of capers.

ALCARAVA'N, ſ. m. the fowl called a bittern.

Piernas de alcaravan, long ſpindle ſhanks.

ALCARAVE'A, ſ. f. carraway ſeed.

ALCARCE'ñA, ſ. f. dwarf elder.

ALCARCHO'FA, an artichoke.

ALCARCHOFA'DO, adj. of an artichoke colour.

ALCARCI'L, ſ. m. a wild artichoke.

ALCARRA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſort of pitcher, commonly with four handles.

ALCARRI'A, ſ. f. a country full of villages and country houſes, or cottages; alſo the country houſes or cottages themſelves.

ALCARTA'Z, ſ. m. a paper turned sharp at one end, and open at the other; ſuch as confectioners uſe to wrap up ſweetmeats, or the like.

ALCATA'RA, ſ. f. vid. *ALQUITA'RA*.

ALCATI'FA, ſ. f. a carpet, a blanket for a bed, a bed in a garden.

ALCATIFE, ſ. m. in cant. ſignifies ſilk.

ALCATIFERO, ſ. m. in cant, is a ſilk ſtealer.

ALCATRAZ, ſ. m. a ſea fowl, like a ſea gull.

ALCA'VIA, ſ. f. a Moorish carpet.

ALCAUCI', or *ALCAUCI'L*, ſ. m. a kind of thiſtle.

ALCAUDO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of bird.

ALCAYA'TA, ſ. f. a pin or nail to hang cloaths, hats, or the like on.

ALCAZABA, ſ. f. a ſtrong caſtle.

ALCA'ZAR, ſ. m. a fortreſs, caſtle, or the king's palace.

ALCAZU'Z, ſ. m. vid. *ALCUZCU'Z*.

A'LCE, ſ. m. an elk.

ALCEDO'N, ſ. m. vid. *HALCYON*.

ALCHERMES, ſ. m. a little worm of a red colour, which is generated in peaſe.

ALCHIMIA, ſ. f. alchymy; alſo metal that is gilt and refined, pronounced *alquimia*.

ALCHIMI'LLA, ſ. f. the herb ſtarr wort.

ALCHIMISTA, ſ. m. an alchymiſt.

ACIBIA'DO, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.

ALCIO'N, ſ. m. the bird called a king's fiſher.

ALCIO'NIO, or *ALCYO'NIO*, ſ. m. a hard, yet ſpongy ſort of matter growing in the ſea.

A'LCO, ſ. m. a little ſort of beaſt in the Weſt-Indies, like a dog.

ALCO'BA, ſ. f. an alcove, a ſeparate part of the room where the bed ſtands; alſo the beam of a ballance.

ALCOBI'LLA, *ALCOBITTA*. } ſ. f. diminutives of *alcoba*.

ALCOCA'RRA, ſ. f. a mouth, a wry face, a grimace.

ALCO'FA, ſ. f. a basket.

ALCOFO'L, vid. *ALCOHOL*.

ALCOHE'LA, ſ. f. the herb endive.

ALCOHO'L, ſ. m. antimony, a mineral of a metallic nature.

ALCOHOLA'DO, p. p. coloured with antimony, black.

Toro alcoholádo, a bull with black eyes, as if blacked with antimony.

ALCOHOLA'R, v. a. to colour with antimony.

ALCOHOLE'RO, ſ. m. one that ſells antimony.

ALCO'LLA, ſ. f. a little pot to preſerve liquors in.

ALCOMENI'AS, ſ. f. all ſorts of ſpice uſed in dreſſing meat.

ALCO'N, vid. *HALCON*.

ALCONCI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſort of red, uſed by women for their faces.

ALCO'R, ſ. m. a hill.

ALCORA'N, ſ. m. the Coran, the book of the law of Mahomet.

ALCORAN'ISTA, ſ. m. one who profeſſes the doctrine of the Alcoran.

ALCORCI', ſ. m. a ſort of jewel uſed by women.

ALCORNOCA'L, ſ. m. a grove or wood of cork-trees.

ALCORNO'QUE, ſ. m. the cork-tree.

ALCORNOQUE'ñO, adj. belonging to a cork-tree.

ALCO'RQUE, ſ. m. a ſhoe or ſlipper with a cork ſole.

ALCO'RZA, ſ. f. a lozenge.

ALCORZA'R, v. a. to cover any thing over with ſugar mixed with honey, or the white of an egg, as cakes are done.

ALCOTA'N, ſ. m. a hawk called hobby.

ALCOTO'N, ſ. m. cotton.

ALCOTONI'A, ſ. f. cloth made with cotton.

ALCO'VA, vid. *ALCOBA*.

ALCREBITE, ſ. m. brimſtone.

ALCUCE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes and ſells *alcuzas*.

ALCU'ñA, *ALCURNIA*, } ſ. f. family, race.

ALCU'ZA, ſ. f. a tin oil bottle.

ALCUZA'DA, ſ. f. the quantity of oil that may be contained in the *alcuza*.

ALCUZA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with an oil pot.

ALCUZCU'Z, ſ. m. a paſte made with flour and honey, and reduced into round pellets no bigger than ſeeds, good to eat.

ALCUZCU'ZA, ſ. m. vid. *ALCUZCUZ*.

ALCUZCE'UZA, ſ. f. a ſort of pottage thickened with meal.

ALCUZI'LLA, ſ. f. a little oil pot.

ALCUZO'N, ſ. m. a great oil pot.

A L D

A'LDA, ſ. f. a skirt, a woman's coats.

Ponar aldas en cinta. to tuck up one's coats under their girdle; that is, to be in readineſs.

ALDA'BA, ſ. f. a handle, ring, or haſp to lift a thing, or to hold by; alſo the knocker of a door.

ALDABA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke with a knocker or ring at a door.

ALDABA'ZO, ſ. m. augm. of *Aldába*.

ALDABEA'R, v. a. to knock at a door, to clatter with a knocker.

ALDABI'LLA, ſ. f. a little knocker of a door, a little ring, handle or haſp.

ALDABO'N, ſ. m. a great knocher at a door, a great ring to hold by.

ALDA'VA, ſ. f. v. *ALDABA*.

ALDE'A, ſ. f. a village.

ALDEA'NA, ſ. f. a country laſs, or woman.

ALDEANIE'GO, ruſtick, not wellbred.

ALDEAñE'GO, adj. mean, countrylike, ill bred.

ALDEA'NO, ſ. m. a countryman.

ALDEGUE'LA, ſ. f. a little village.

ALDEA'R, v. a. v. *HALDEAR*.

ALDEO'RIO, ſ. m. a village or little place where the inhabitants are poor.

ALDERREDO'R, adv. round about.

ALDI'CA, *ALDIZA*, } a ſort of brushwood or heath they make brooms of.

ALDUCA'R, ſ. m. the ſilk of the ſecond ſort.

ALDU'DO, adj. vid. *HALDU'DO*.

A L E

ALEACIO'N, ſ. f. allaying, or mixing of metals.

ALEA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke with a wing.

ALEA'R, v. a. to mix metals; alſo to beat with the wings; metaph. to begin to show courage.

Alear metales, to put alloy to metals.

ALEBRA'RSE, v. r. to be frighted; or in fear.

ALEBRASTA'RSE, v. r. vid. *ALEBRARSE*.

ALEBRONA'RSE, v. r. vid. *ALEBRARSE*.

ALE'CHE, ſ. m. a herring.

ALECHUGA'R, v. a. to plait or fold any thing in the form of a lettice.

ALECTO'RIA, ſ. f. a ſtone found in the liver of a cock.

ALE'DA, ſ. f. bee-glue found at the entrance of the hive.

ALEDAñO, ſ. m. boundary, limit.

ALEFRI'S, ſ. m. (a ſea term) a concavity made in building ships, to place the ſide planks.

ALEGACIO'N, ſ. f. allegation.

ALEGADO'R, ſ. m. one that alledges.

ALEGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. alledging.

ALEGA'R, v. a. to alledge, to plead, to quote law or authors for what one ſays.

ALEGA'TO, ſ. m. allegation.

ALEGORI'A, ſ. f. allegory.

ALEGORICAME'NTE, adv. allegorically.

ALEGO'RICO, adj. allegorical.

ALEGORIZA'R, v. a. to ſpeak allegories.

ALEGRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of rejoicing or making merry.

ALEGRA'R, v. a. to rejoice, to make merry.

Alegrárſe, v. r. to be joyful or merry.

ALE'GRE, adj. joyful, merry, of a pleaſant diſpoſition.

ALEGREME'NTE, adv. joyfully; merrily.

ALEGRE'ZA, ſ. f. mirth, joy.

ALEGRI'A, ſ. f. mirth, joy; alſo the ſeed called *ajonjoli*.

ALEGRO'N, ſ. m. a great ſudden joy upon any groundleſs news.

ALEGU'STRE,

ALEGU'STRE, ſ. m. a flower ſo called.
ALEJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſtance.
ALEIA'R, v. a. to putat a diſtance, to remove.
Alejár, v. a. to be afar or far off.
ALEJU', ſ. m. a ſort of ſweet-meat.
ALELI', or *ALHELI'*, ſ. m. a violet, a clove gilliflower.
ALLELUYA, ſ. f. hallelujah, ſung in churches.
ALEMA'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of dance.
ALEMANA'DO, adj. of, or like a German.
ALEMANI'SCO, adj. a ſort of German cloth.
ALE'NDRO, ſ. m. the roſe bay-tree.
ALENTADAME'NTE, adv. courageouſly, man-like.
ALENTA'R, v. n. to breathe, to encourage, to grow bold.
ALEPHANGI'NAS, adj. fem. pl. an epithet given to a kind of medical pills.
ALE'RA, ſ. f. the right of feeding herd near another village.
ALE'RCE, ſ. m. the cedar-tree.
ALE'RO, ſ. m. the eves of a houſe.
ALE'RTA, adv. in a readineſs, upon one's guard, watchful.
ALERTA'R, v. a. to be quick, to be ready.
Alertárſe, v. r. to be watchful or vigilant.
ALE'RTO, adj. vigilant, watchful, diligent, careful.
ALE'SNA, ſ. f. an awl.
Agúdo como úna aleſna, as ſharp as an awl, a man of a ſharp wit; alſo an active, ſtirring perſon.
ALESNA'R, v. a. to polish, burnish, or make bright.
ALE'TA, ſ. f. a little wing, or fin of a fish.
ALE'TO, ſ. m. a ſparrow-hawk, oſprey, or falcon.
ALETRI'A, ſ. f. vermicelly, a ſort of Italian paſte made with flour and eggs.
ALEVADA'R, v. a. to leaven bread.
ALE'VE, ſ. m. and f. traitor, traitreſs.
Aleve, adj. traitorous.
ALE'VO, ſ. m. a godſon.
ALEVOSAME'NTE, adv. treacherouſly, deceitfully.
ALEVOSI'A, ſ. f. treachery, falshood.
ALEVO'SO, adj. treacherous.
ALEXI'XA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſauſage of ſwines flesh.
ALEXU', ſ. m. a ſort of ſweet-meat.

A L F

ALFAA'R, ſ. m. vide *ALFAHA'R*.
ALFABE'GA, ſ. f. vid. *ALBAHACA*.
ALFADI'A, ſ. f. preſent, gift.
ALFAGE'ME, ſ. m. a barber.
ALFAHA'R, ſ. m. a potter's shop, or the place where he makes his pots.
ALFAHARERI'A, ſ. f. the place where all the potters live and work at their trade.
ALFAHARE'RO, ſ. m. a potter.
ALFAJO'R, vid. *ALEXU*.
ALFA'LFA, ſ. f. three-leaved, or clover graſs.
ALFALFA'R, ſ. m. a field of clover, graſs.
ALFA'LFES, ſ. m. vid. *ALFALFA*.
ALFAMA'R, ſ. m. more properly *athamar*, a coverlid, or red blanket.
ALFA'NA, ſ. f. a ſtrong bold ſpirited horſe.
ALFANE'QUE, ſ. m. the hawk called a lanner.
ALFANGA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke of a cymetar.
ALFA'NGE, ſ. m. a cymetar.
ALFANGO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *alfange*.
ALFANGONA'ZO, ſ. m. augment. of *alfangon*, and a blow or cut with the *alfange*.
ALFAQUE'QUE, ſ. m. one that is employed in the redemption of captives.
ALFAQUI', ſ. m. a high prieſt of the Moors.
ALFARA'CES, adj. the light horſe.
ALFARA'ME, ſ. m. a long gauſe hood to cover the face.
ALFA'RDA, ſ. f. a tribute the Moors and Jews paid to Chriſtian princes, for liberty to live in their dominions.
Alfárda, ſ. f. a tribute paid for water, to water the lands.
ALFARDE'RO, ſ. m. a collector of the water tribute.
ALFARDO'N, ſ. m. the axle tree of a waggon, coach, or cart.
ALFA'RGE, ſ. m. an oil-mill; properly the under-ſtone of the oil-mill.
ALFARGI'A, ſ. f. a very thin board.
ALFA'RMA, ſ. f. the herb rue, great ſaint John's wort.
ALFARO'BAS, ſ. f. pl. the herb and ſeed called carobes.
ALFAXE'ME, vid. *ALFAJE'ME*.
ALFAXOR, vid *ALEXU*.
ALFA'YA, ſ. f. houſhold-ſtuff, implements, furniture, all things moveable within the houſe.
ALFA'YA'TA, ſ. f. obſ. a woman taylor.
ALFAYATE, ſ. m. obſ. a taylor.
ALFEI'ZA, ſ. m. an opening made in a wall for a window to be fixed in.
ALFELI'CHE, ſ. m. the epilepſy, or falling-ſickneſs of children.
ALFEñA, ſ. f. vid. *ALHEñA*.
ALFEñA'DO, adj. vid. *ALHEñADO*.
ALFEñICA'DO, adj. ſoft, kind, ſweet.
ALFEñIQUE, ſ. m. a paſte made of ſugar to open obſtructions in the breaſt, commonly made up in long ſlender rolls, to put into children's mouths for them to ſuck.
Hecho de alfeñique, a man that is very ſlender, or that is very dainty and nice.
ALFERA'ZGO, ſ. m. an enſign's employment.
ALFERECI'A, ſ. f. convulſions.
ALFERE'Z, ſ. m. an enſign. At cheſs it is a bishop.
ALFEREZA'DO, ſ. m. vid. *ALFERAZGO*.
ALFICO'SO, *ALFICO'Z*, } ſ. m. a kind of cucumber.
ALFI'D, ſ. m. obſ. vid. *AGUE'RO*.

ALFIDE'L, ſ. m. obſ. vid. *ALFILER.*

ALFI'L, ſ. m. an elephant, a term uſed in the game at cheſs.

ALFILE'R, ſ. m. a pin, ſuch as are uſed about cloaths.

Alfilères de las ſeñoras, pin-money.

ALFI'N, adv. at the end, or in fine.

ALFITE'TE, ſ. m. a compoſition of ſeaſoning things.

ALFOCI'GO, vid. *ALHOCIGO.*

ALFOLI', ſ. m. a granary for corn.

ALFO'LLA, ſ. f. a cloth tiſſued with gold and ſilk, a brocade.

ALFO'MBRA, ſ. f. a carpet.

ALFOMBRA'R, v. a. to cover with carpets.

ALFOMBRI'LLA, ſ. f. diminut. of *alfombra*; alſo St. Antony's fire.

ALFO'NDEGA, *à ALFO'NDIGA*, vid. *ALHONDIGA.*

ALFONSA'RIO, ſ. m. a charnel-houſe where the ſkulls and bones of the dead are laid up.

ALFONSI', vid. *ALPHONSI'.*

ALFONSIGO, ſ. m. a piſtach-nut.

ALFONSI'NA, ſ. f. a ſevere act they go through, who take their degrees in divinity at *Alcalâ.*

ALFO'RJA. ſ. f. a wallet; a crooked-back fellow.

Cazadór de alfórja, a poacher, that takes all game he can come at.

ALFORJA'DO, adj. made in the ſhape of a wallet.

ALFORJE'RO, ſ. m. a maker of wallets.

ALFORJI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. a little wallet.

ALFO'RNAS, ſ. f. pl. the herb fennugreek.

ALFO'RRIA, or *ALFO'RVA*, vid. *ALFORNAS.*

ALFO'RXA, vid. *ALFORJA.*

ALFO'RZA, ſ. f. a tuck in a garment.

ALFO'STIGO, ſ. m. vid. *ALFONSIGO.*

ALFOZ, ſ. m. obſ. the limits, or bounds.

A L G

ALGA', ſ. f. ſea-weed.

ALGACI'AS, ſ. f. pl. a horſe man's equipage.

ALGALA'BA, ſ. f. wild grapes.

ALGAI'DA, ſ. f. obſ. a thicket or wood, a place full of bushes.

ALGA'LIA, ſ. f. civet, the civet cat; alſo a probe.

ALGALIE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who ſells civit or perfume; alſo perfumed with civet.

ALGA'ñA, ſ. f. darnel.

ALGA'R, ſ. m. a cave.

ALGA'RA, ſ. f. a budy of horſe that goes out to pillage, or the incurſion they make.

ALGARABI'A, ſ. f. the Arabick tongue; alſo any unintelligible words or writings, gibberish.

ALGARA'DA, ſ. f. a tumult, a hurlyburly; alſo the paſſing of an army ſeveral times before fires in the night, to make the enemy believe they are more tan they are.

ALGAREA'R, v. a. to cry out, to make a great noiſe.

ALGARE'RO, adj. ſeditious, noiſy.

ALGA'RES, ſ. m. caves, dens, holes, or pits.

ALGARI'NO, adj. concealed, hid in a cave.

ALGARRA'DA, ſ. f. a warlike engine uſed by the ancients to ſhoot ſtones, darts, &c.

ALGARRO'BA, ſ. f. the fruit called a carobe.

ALGARRO'BO, ſ. m. the carobe-tree.

ALGA'VA, or *ALGAYDA*, vid. *ALGAIDA.*

ALGAZA'RA, ſ. f. properly the cry or shout of the Moors, when in battle. Thence uſed for any confuſed noiſe.

ALGEBE'NA, ſ. f. an earthen baſon.

A'LGEBRA, ſ. f. algebra.

ALGEBRI'STA, ſ. m. one that underſtands algebra; alſo a bone-ſetter.

ALGECERI'A, ſ. f. the place where chalk is made or ſold.

ALGECE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who brings or ſells chalk.

ALGREDE'Z, *vid. AXEDREZ.*

ALGEMIFA'O, ſ. m. a pedlar that goes from fair to fair, and from market to market.

ALGE'R, ſ. m. plaiſter, ſuch as is uſed on walls; alſo whiting.

ALGERI'FE, ſ. m. a. fisherman's net.

ALGERIFE'RO, ſ. m. a fisherman.

ALGE'Z, ſ. m. plaiſter uſed in ſtuccoworks.

ALGEZA'R, ſ. m. the mine plaiſter is found in, or taken from.

ALGEZO'N, ſ. m. a great piece of plaiſter.

ALGI'BE, ſ. m. a ciſtern, a great veſſel to keep water in; alſo a place where ſlaves were kept.

ALGIONIFRA'DO, adj. affectedly, adorned.

A'LGO, ſ. m. ſomething; it was formerly taken for wealth.

Fuláno es algo, ſuch a one is a man of note, or of worth.

Hombre de algo, a man of ſubſtance.

Mas válе algo que náda, ſomething is better than nothing.

ALGOD'ON, ſ. m. cotton.

Algodónes, ſ. m. pl. the cotton uſed in the ink glaſs.

Tener a uno entre algodones, criar entre algodones, to bring up one with effeminacy.

ALGODONADO'R, ſ. m. a cottoner.

ALGODONADU'RA, ſ. f. cotton, the nap of cloth.

ALGODONA'L, ſ. m. the ground where cotton grows.

ALGODONA'R, v. a. to ſtuff with cotton.

ALOGODONE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who deals in cotton.

ALGO'RFA, ſ. f. a corn-loft, or a corn-houſe.

ALGORI'SMO, ſ. m. the ſcience of numbers, arithmetick.

ALGORITHMO, ſ. m. arithmetick.

ALGO'SO, adj. abundant of ſea weeds.

ALGRINA'L, ſ. m. a ſort of cap uſed anciently by women.

ALGUACI'L, ſ. m. the proper name of an officer to apprehend malefactors.

Alguacil de corte, is equivalent to our ſerjeants at arms, and king's meſſengers.

Alguacil de móſcas, a great ſpider that catches flies in her web.

Cada uno tiene ſu alguacil, every one has his fault finder.

ALGUACILA'ZGO, ſ. m. the office of an *alguacil*.

ALGUAQUI'A, *ALGUAQUI'DA*, } ſ. f. a match to light a fire with.

ALGUAQUIDE'RO, ſ. m. a ſeller of matches.

ALGUARI'N, ſ. m. a pantry.

ALGUA'ZA, ſ. f. an hinge.

ALGUIE'N, pron. rel. ſomebody.

ALGUI'NIO, ſ. m. a large basket to gather fruit.

ALGUIRNA'LDA, ſ. f. vid. *GUIRNALDA*.

ALGU'N, pron. ſome, (only uſed before ſubſtantives, never after;) as *algun hombre*, *algun ſoldado*, &c. ſome man, ſome ſoldier.

ALGU'NO, pron. ſomebody, or ſome one.

A L H

ALHA', ſ. m. God.

ALHACE'NA, vid. *ALHAZEN'A*.

ALHADI'DA, ſ. f. burnt braſs; alſo a rule belonging to the aſtrolabe.

ALHAGA'R, vid. *HALAGAR*.

ALHAG'O, vid. *HALAGO*.

ALHAI'TE, ſ. m. a jewel.

ALHA'JA, ſ. f. toy, all manner of furniture, houſhold goods, or any other.

Prov. *Alhája que tiene boca, nadie la toca*, nobody will meddle with a piece of furniture that has a mouth; that is, none care for ſuch things as are a conſtant charge.

Prov. *Quién trabája, tiene alhája*, he that works has furniture; we muſt take pains if we expect to get any thing.

ALHAJA'R, v. a to furnish.

ALHAJE'ME, ſ. m. obſ. a barber.

ALHALI', vid. *ALHELI*.

ALHAMAR, ſ m. a red blanket.

ALHAME'L, obſ. a porter that carries burthens, or a packhorſe.

ALHA'NGE, vid. *ALANGE*.

ALHANI'A, ſ. f. an alcove, or place for a bed to ſtand.

ALHAQUE'QUE, ſ. m. a herald at arms.

ALHAQUI', vid. *ALFAQUI*.

ALHARA'CA; ſ. f. an out-cry.

ALHARAQUIE'NTO, ſ. m. a noiſy, bawling man or woman.

ALHARGA'MA, ſ. f. wild rue.

ALHAVARA, ſ. f. a tribute collected from the aſs-mills.

ALHAVEGA, ſ. f. majericon, or ſweet garden baſil.

ALAXE'ME, vid. *ALHAJEME*.

ALHAZE'NA, ſ. f. a cupboard.

ALHE'GA, *ALHE'LGA*, ſ. f. the ſtaple of a lock or bolt; alſo the ſpace betwixt teeth that do not ſtand cloſe.

ALHELI'; ſ. m. vid. *ALELI*.

ALHE'ñA, ſ. f. a plant called priver, or prim-print; alſo a ſort of ointment to die the hair black.

Molido como una albeña, tired or weary.

Prov. *No eſté la tiénda ſin alhéna*, this proverb is to ridicule thoſe who fill their houſes with things of little or no uſe, and neglect the more uſeful.

ALHEñA'R, v. a. to dye the hair black.

Aleñarſe, v. n. to be blaſted.

ALHE'RCE, ſ. m. a ſort of cedar.

ALHOCI'GO, ſ. m. the fiſtick nut or tree; the piſtacho.

ALHO'JA ſ. f. a lark.

ALHO'LBA, ſ. f. fenigreek.

ALHOLI', ſ. m. a place to keep corn in, a barn, a granary, a bin.

ALHO'LIA, or *ALFO'LLA*, ſ. f. a weaving, or texture of ſilk and gold.

ALHO'MBRA, ſ. f. a carpet; alſo the red ſpots in the face, proceeding from heat.

ALHOMBRAR, v. a. vid. *ALFOMBRAR*.

ALHO'NDIGA, ſ. f. a shop, a ware houſe, a granary.

ALHONDIGUE'RO, ſ. m. a shopkeeper, a warehouſe or granarykeeper.

ALHONDO'N, adv. at the bottom.

ALHORI, vid. *ALHOLI*.

ALHO'RRE, ſ. m. a ſort of trouble ſome running tetter.

ALHO'RZA, vid. *ALFORZA*.

ALHOSTIGA, ſ. f. the fiſtick nut, or piſtacho.

ALHO'STIGO, ſ. m. the piſtacho-tree, or fiſtick-tree.

ALHO'Z, ſ. m. vid. *ALFOZ*.

ALHO'ZIGO. vid. *ALHOCIGO*.

ALHURRE'CA, ſ. f. the ſalt foam that comes out of the roots of canes; alſo the foam of the ſea.

ALHUZE'MA, ſ. f. lavender.

A L I

ALIAÇA'N, ſ. m. the jaundice.

ALIACANA'DO, adj. jaundiced.

ALIACRA'N, ſ. m. vid. *ALIACAN*.

ALIA'GA, ſ. f. broom.

ALIA'NZA, ſ. f. alliance, confederacy.

ALIA'R, v. a to ally, to confederate.

ALIA'RA, ſ. f. jack of the hedge, or ſauce alone, having a taſte like garlick.

ALI'CA, ſ. f. a little wing.

ALICAI'DO, adj. wing-fallen.

ALICA'NTE, ſ. m. a ſort of ſnake.

ALICATA'DO, ſ. m. chequer work of different colours.

ALICATES, ſ. m. pl. pliers, a tool like pincers, uſed by ſeveral trades for ſmall work; alſo nippers to pull out hair with.

ALICERES, ſ. m. pl. the Dutch tiles, ſuch as we uſe to adorn the ſides of chimnies with.

ALICIONA'R; v. a. to teach one one's leſſon, to inſtruct.

ALICO'TA, ſ. f. an aliquot part, as two to ſix, and three to nine, being the third part, and ſo of other numbers.

ALIDA'DA, ſ. f. a croſs-ſtaff.

ALIENACIO'N, ſ. f. alienation.

ALIENAR, v. a to eſtrange, to alienate.

ALIE'NDE, adv. vid. *ALLIENDE*.

ALIE'NTO, ſ. m. breath, ſpirit, courage.

ALIE'R, ſ. m. a ſoldier placed at the ſides of a ship to guard it.

ALIFAFE, ſ. m. any thing that is lined with skins.
ALIFAFES, ſ. m. pl. a diſtemper that breaks out in bliſters on the joints of beaſts.
ALIFA'R, v. a. to polish.
ALIFA'RA, ſ. f. over meaſure, over weight; alſo a luncheon.
ALIGACIO'N, ſ. f. allaying, or mixture of metals.
ALIGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of binding, or tying together.
ALIGA'R, v. a. to bind, to tie; metaph, to lay under an obligation for a favour received.
ALIGERA'R, v. a. to lighten, to be nimble, or quick.
ALI'GERO, adj. having wings, aligerous, winged, bearded.
ALIJA'R; v. a. to lighten a ship, taking out goods, either in a ſtorm, or that she may draw leſs water, to paſs over shoals.
ALI'JO, ſ. m. the lightening a ship of her burden.
ALI'LLA, ſ. f. a little wing.
ALIMADO'R, ſ. m. filer.
ALIMA'ñA, *ALIMA'ñIA*, } ſ. f. a brute beaſt, more particularly tame cattle.
ALIMA'R, v. a. to file; metaph. to polish, to refine.
ALIMA'RA, ſ. f. a ſign made by the beacons on the coaſt.
ALIMENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that nourishes, feeds, or maintains.
ALIMENTA'R, v. a. to nourish, to feed, or maintain.
ALIME'NTO, ſ. m. nourishment, food, maintenance.
Aliméntos, ſ. m. pl. proviſion made for children in a contract or deed.
ALIMPIADE'RO, ſ. m. any thing that ſerves to make things clean.
ALIMPIADO'R; ſ. m. a cleanſer.
ALIMPIADU'RA, ſ. f. a cleanſing.
ALIMPIADU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the dregs, ſcurf, parings, or any thing taken off to cleanſe another thing.
ALIMPIA'R, v. a. to cleanſe; from *limpio*, clean.
ALINDA'R, v. n. to limit, ſet bounds, or confine alſo to make fine or curious.
ALI'NDE, ſ. m. the bounds or limits of any place; alſo a magnifying glaſs, and the quickſilver behind a looking-glaſs.
ALIñADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſets things in order, that dreſſes or fits.
ALIñA'R, v. a. to dreſs, to adorn, to ſet in order, to make fit.
ALI'ñO, ſ. m. neatneſs, dreſſing.
ALIñO'SO, adj. belonging to finery, dreſs, or ornament.
ALIO'X, ſ. m. obſ. marble.
ALIPTE, ſ. m. the ſervant who anoints, cleans, and perfumes people in the bagnio.
ALIQUIDA'R, v. a. to perform, or tranſact any thing diligently or expeditiouſly.
ALIRO'N, ſ. m. a large wing.
ALISADU'RA, ſ. f. ſmoothing, plaining and ſliding.
ALISA'R, v. a. to ſmooth, to make plain, and to ſlide.
ALIS'MA, ſ. f. a ſort of plantain.
ALISO, ſ. m. a ſort of willow.
ALISONGEADO'R, ſ. m. a ſycophant, a flatterer.
ALI'SSA, ſ. f. vid. *ALI'SO*.
ALISTA'R, v. a. to enroll, to liſt; from *liſta*, a roll or liſt; alſo to be ready, to be prepared.
Aliſtárſe, v. r. to be enrolled, to be enliſted.
ALITERACIO'N, ſ. f. a figure in rhetorick ſignifying an alluſion to any thing, by playing upon the word.
ALIVIADO'R, ſ. m. one that eaſes another.
ALIVIANA'R, v. a. to make light, or ſlight, or giddy-headed.
ALIVIA'R, v. a. to eaſe.
ALIVIO, ſ. m. eaſe.
Alivio de luto, ſecond mourning.
ALIXA'RES, ſ. m. pl. public walks or places, for the people to divert themſelves without the town.
ALIZA'CE, *ALIZA'QUE*, } ſ. m. a foundation.
ALIZA'R, ſ. m. a row of Dutch tiles in a wall; alſo the tile itſelf.
Aliżár, ſ. m. a dial poſt fixed againſt a wall, wherein were ſeveral dials wrought with checquer work.

A L J

ALJA'BA, ſ. f. a quiver.
ALJABIBE, ſ. m. a perſon who ſells cloaths ready made.
ALJAFE'RIA, ſ. f. the palace of the kings at Zaragoza.
ALJA'MA, ſ. f. an aſſembly, a congregation; alſo a particular place where Jews and Moors live among the Chriſtians.
ALJAMI'A, ſ. f. a ſtrange barbarous language invented by the Moors, to make themſelves underſtood by the Spaniards.
ALJAMIA'DO, adj. belonging to the language.
ALJA'RFA, ó *ALJARFE*, ſ. f. a ſort of net uſed by the Moors in fishing.
ALJARA'Z, ſ. m. a ſmall bell.
ALJEMIFA'O, ſ. m. a pedlar.
ALJOFAI'NA, ſ. f. a baſon.
ALJOFA'R, ſ. m. ſeed pearl.
ALJOFARA'R, v. a. to embroider, or adorn with ſeed-pearl.
ALJOFI'FA, ſ. f. a coarſe cloth.
ALJOFIFAR, v. a. to dry or rub with a coarſe cloth.
ALJOFIZA'R, ſ. m. a place laid with fine tile, or the tile itſelf.
ALJONGE, ſ. m. the juice of a thiſtle bird-lime is made of.
ALJO'NGE'RA, ſ. f. a ſow-thiſtle.
ALJONGE'RO, adj. the appellative of that plant or thiſtle, out of which that bird-lime is made, called *aljonge*.
ALJUBA, ſ. f. a Moorish garment like a short veſt, after the eaſtern fashion.
ALJUFA'NA, *ALJUFA'INA*, } ſ. f. a deep baſon without brims.
ALKALI', ſ. m. a ſort of plant called ſalt-wort or kali.
ALKANQUE'GI, *ALKAQUE'NGI*, *ALKAKE'NGI*, } ſ. m. alkekengi, a medecinal fruit or berry, produced by a plant of the ſame name, called winter-cherry.

A L L

ALLA', adv. thither; as *voy allá*, I go thither.
Alla, there, as *alla eſtá*, he is there.

ALLA'DO, adv. by the ſide, two words.

ALLANADO'R, ſ. m. one that plains, levels, or makes eaſy.

ALLANADU'RA, ſ. f. plaining, levelling, making eaſy.

ALLANA'R, v. a. to make plain, to level, to make eaſy; to quell difficulties, to quell rebels.

Allanárſe, v. r. to be mitigated, or appeaſed, to be ſubmiſſive to any law.

ALLEGADI'ZO, adj. that is, or that may be brought together.

ALLEGADO'R, ſ. m. one that gathers, or heaps.

Allegadór de ceniça, y derramádor de harina, one that gathers ashes and ſcatters flour; that is, one that ſaves at the ſpiggot, and lets it run out at the bung.

ALLEGADOS, ſ. m. pl. hangers on; alſo friends.

ALLEGADU'RA, ſ. f. } a gathering, or heaping.
ALLEGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. }

ALLEGA'NZA, ſ. f. kindred.

ALLEGA'R, v. a. to gather, to heap, to draw near, to take a party.

Prov. *Allégate a los buenos, y ſerás uno dellos*, join with good men, and you will be one of them; that is, keep good company, and you'll learn their good cuſtoms, and be a good man, or at laſt you will not fail to be thought one; the contrary to evil communication corrupts good manners.

ALLENA'R, v. a. to fill.

ALLENDE, adv. beyond, furthermore, or over and above, on the other ſide.

Allénde y aquénde, on this ſide, and the other.

ALLI' adv. there, in that place.

ALLI'CO, ſ. f. a certain herb that comes up with the flax.

ALLOMA'R, v. a. obſ. to curſe.

ALLO'ZA, ſ. f. a green almond.

ALLOZA'R, ſ. m. a grove of almond-trees.

ALLO'ZO, ſ. m. the almond-tree.

ALLUVION, ſ. f. a great ſudden inundation that carries all before it.

A L M

ALMA, ſ. f. the ſoul.

Alma de cañon, the bore, or chamber of a cannon.

Alma de cántaro, a ſilly fellow.

Mi alma, my dear ſoul.

Alma en pena, a melancholy, dull ſoul.

En mi alma, upon my ſoul (an aſſeveration.)

Cuerpo ſin alma, a heavy, lumpish perſon.

En alma de la ley, the reaſon, or ground of the law.

Irſe el alma tras una cóſa, to covet a thing paſſionately, as if one's ſoul yearned after it.

Peſame en el alma, I am ſorry at my heart.

Tocár en el alma, to touch to the quick.

Mil almas, a thouſand ſouls, or men.

No háy un alma, there is not one ſoul, there is no body.

No tener alma, to have no ſoul, that is, no conſcience.

Dar alma a una coſa, to make a thing lively.

Dár el alma a Dios, to give one's ſoul to God; that is, to die.

Dár el alma al diablo, to give one's ſoul to the devil, to ſtick to wickedneſs, or to curſe one's ſelf.

Dar el alma un amigo, to give one's ſoul to a friend, to expoſe or hazard one's life for him.

Amigo del alma, a dear friend.

En alma me dá que es aſsi, my ſoul, that is, my mind gives me it is ſo.

Prov. *Por vueſtra alma váyan eſſos paternoſtros*, let thoſe *paternoſters*, or prayers be for your own ſoul; this they ſay to one that mutters or curſes.

Prov. *Su alma en ſu palma*, you have your liberty to do as you will; as you brew you may bake; as the ſpaniards ſay, *Allá ſe lo háya.*

Prov. *Un alma ſola, ni canta, ni llora*, one ſoul alone, neither ſings, nor weeps; that is, one perſon alone makes no harmony, wants ſociety, and help.

Prov. *Es como el alma de Garibay, que no quiſo Dios ni el diablo*, he is like the ſoul of Garibay, which neither God nor the devil would have.

ALMACAE'RO, ſ. m. a fiſherman who goes to fish in a boat called *almancébes*, a skiff or ſmack.

ALMACE'N, ſ. m. vid. *ALMAZE'N.*

ALMACERI'A, ſ. f. a dry wall of ſtones or bricks without mortar; alſo any wall or fence about a ground.

ALMA'CIGA, ſ. f. gum-maſtich.

ALMA'CIGAS, ſ. f. the beds in gardens where ſeeds are planted.

Almacigas, great pots, or boxes, or little beds, in which gardeners raiſe plants from the ſeed to tranſplant.

ALMACIGA'R, v. a. to ſtick, or mix with gum-maſtich.

ALMA'CIGO, ſ. m. ſeeds fit for tranſplanting.

ALMADA'NA, ſ. f. a mattock, or ſpade, or a hoe.

ALMAD'EN, ſ. m. a mine, or vein of metal.

ALMADE'NA, ſ. f. a great iron ſledge, to break ſtones, or work in a forge, or the like.

ALMADI'A, ſ. f. a low built veſſel uſed in the Indies; alſo a float of ſeveral pieces of wood joined together.

ALMADRA'BA, ſ. f. the fiſhing of tunny.

ALMADRA'QUE, ſ. m. a coarſe quilt, flock, or ſtraw beds for ſervants to lie down in their cloaths, when they muſt be ready at call.

ALMADRA'VAS, ſ. f. pl. places on the ſouth coaſt of Spain, into which the fiſhermen drive the tunny fish; at theſe places abundance of the archeſt rogues in Spain are bred, and learn all ſorts of wickedneſs of one another, ſo that they are fit for any ſort of villany.

ALMADRAVE'RO, ſ. m. is not only a fiſherman of thoſe places,

but any vile fellow that has the education of them.

ALMADRE'ÑAS, ſ. f. wooden ſhoes.

ALMAGAZE'N, ſ. m. vid. *ALMAZE'N.*

ALMAGE'STO, ſ. m. the title of one of Ptolemey's books, which treats of aſtrology in general.

ALMA'GRA, ſ. f. vid. *ALMAGRE.*

ALMAGRADO'R, ſ. m. one that marks, or colours red.

ALMAGRA'R, v. a. to mark, or colour with red.

ALMAGRE, ſ. m. red oaker, or red lead.

ALMAIA'L, ſ. m. an herb, the aſhes, whereof are uſed with ſand, for making of glaſs, and called glaſs-wort, or ſaltwort, of which *ſal alkali* is made.

ALMAIZA'L, ALMAYZA'L, ſ. m. a ſort of veil, or head attire uſed by the Moorish women, made of thin ſilk, ſtriped of ſeveral colours, and shagged at the ends, which hangs down on the back; alſo a hair cloth, ſuch as they rub horſes with.

ALMAIZALA'DO, } adj. covered
ALMAYZALA'DO, } with, or made like ſuch a veil.

ALMAIZA'R, ſ. m. vid. *ADMAIZA'L.*

ALMALA'FA, the ſame ſort of veil as the *almaizál*, only that is of ſilk, and this of linen; it is alſo a Moorish ſort of upper garment, or veſt.

ALMANACH, ſ. m. an almanack, a calendar.

ALMANA'QUE, idem.

ALMANDARAHE, obſ. ſ. m. a harbour or road for ships.

ALMANTA, vid. *ALMACIGA.*

ALMARA'DA, ſ. f. a dagger or poniard with three edges.

ALMARAX, ſ. m. obſ. a bridge.

ALMA'RCHA, ſ. f. a village ſituated in a bottom.

ALMARIA'LES, ſ. m. pl. low lands, which receive all the rain which runs down from the hills.

ALMARIE'TE, ſ. m. obſ. a little cupboard.

ALMA'RIO, ſ. m. obſ. a cupboard.

ALMARJA'L, ſ. m. the place where the herb grows that glaſs is made of.

ALMA'RJO, ſ. m. the herb that glaſs is made of.

ALMA'RO, ſ. m. an herb like marjoram; the herb maſtich.

ALMARRA'XA, ſ. f. a glaſs bottle full of ſmall holes to ſprinkle water with.

ALMARRE'GA, ſ. f. a kind of blanket, a cloth to cover horſes.

ALMARTAGA, a head-ſtall for a horſe, or a rein to hold, or lead him by when then rider alights; alſo the ſcum of lead, or litharge; and a ſort of medicinal herb.

ALMARTAXA, ſ. f. the ſcum, foam, or froth of ſilver.

ALMARTEGA, } vid. *AMAR-*
ALMARTI'GA, } *TAGA.*

ALMARZE'N; ſ. m. vid. *ALMAZE'N.*

ALMASTECH, ſ. m. vid. *ALMASTIGA.*

ALMA'STIGA, ſ. f. gum-maſtich.

ALMA'TICA, ſ. f. vid. *DALMATICA.*

ALMATRE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who fiſhes for ſhads.

ALMAXI'A, a Moorish garment.

ALMAYZA'L, vid. *ALMAIZA'L.*

ALMAYZO'R, vid. *ALMAIZO'R.*

ALMAZA'RA, ſ. f. an oil mill.

ALMAZE'N, ſ. m. a ſtorehouſe, a warehouſe, a magazine.

Almazén de aguadúcho, the conduit head which ſerves the aqueduct with water.

ALMAZENA'R, v. a. to lay up in a warehouſe.

ALMAZI'GA, vid. *ALMA'CIGA.*

ALME'A, ſ. f. red ſtorax; alſo daffodil flowers.

ALMEA'R, ſ. m. an hay-rick.

Almear de héno, a hay-loft.

ALME'JA, ſ. f. the ſhell-fish called a muſcle.

ALMEJE'RO, ſ. m. one that gathers or ſells muſcles.

ALME'LLE, ſ. f. vid. *ALMENDRA.*

ALMEN'A, ſ. f. a battlement or turret of a wall.

ALMENA'DO, adj. made with battlements, or turrets.

ALMENA'RA, ſ. f. a beacon.

Almenára de azofár, a braſs candleſtick with ſeveral ſockets, or a braſs lamp to hold ſeveral ſconces, ſuch as we call a branch.

ALMENA'RA, ſ. f. a piece of iron in which the poor among the Spaniards fix the *téa*, or heart of a pine tree, which, ſplit, in pieces, burns like a torch, and is uſed as ſuch.

ALME'NDOLA, ſ. f. vid. *ALME'NDRA.*

ALMENDOLO'N, } ſ. m. vid. *AL-*
ALMENDO'N, } *MIDON.*

ALME'NDRA, ſ. f. an almond.

ALME'NDRA, de los andes, vide *COCOS.*

ALMENDRAS de chachapoyas, a delicious and wholeſome fruit in the Indies.

ALMENDRA'DA, ſ. f. milk of ſweet almonds, with the ſubſtance of melon and pompion ſeeds preſſed into it, and then boiled till it grows to a conſiſtence.

ALMENDRA'L, ſ. m. an orchard of almond-trees.

ALMENDRE'RA, ſ. f. the almond-tree.

ALMENDRI'CA, ſ. f. a little almond.

ALMENDRO, ſ. m. an almond-tree.

Prov. *Al almendro y al villáno, el palo en la mano*, to deal with the almond-tree, and with a clown, you muſt have a ſtick in your hand; that is, they both require thrashing.

ALMENDROLO'N, ſ. m. a great almond.

ALMENDRO'NES, ſ. m. pl. candied almonds.

ALMENDRU'CO, ſ. m. a green almond.

ALMENI'LLA, ſ. f. a little battlement of a wall.

ALME'NOS, adv. at leaſt.

ALMENORE'TE, adv. at the very leaſt.

ALMERO'N, vid. *ALMIRO'N.*

AL ME'S, adv. monthly.

ALME'TE, ſ. m. a helmet.

ALMETOLI', ſ. m. obſ. a tin oil pot.

ALMEXI'A, ſ. f. a ſort of ſilk

uſed anciently by ladies.

ALME'Z, ſ. m. the lote, or nettle-tree.

ALME'ZA, vid. *ALME'JA.*

ALMEZI'NA, ſ. f. the lote-tree, and its fruit.

ALMEZO; ſ. m. the fruit of the lotetree.

ALMIA'R, ſ. m. a hay-rick; alſo a ſtone, or heap of earth riſing, and ending in a point for a boundary or landmark.

ALMI'BAR, ſ. m. ſugar melted and boiled to make ſweet-meats with.

ALMIBARA'R, v. a. to ſweeten.

ALMIDO'N, ſ. m. ſtarch.

ALMIDONADO'RA, ſ. m. a ſtarcher.

ALMIDONA'R, v. a. to ſtarch.

ALMIFO'R, ſ. m. an horſe ſo called in cant.

ALMIFO'RA, ſ. f. in cant ſignifies a mule.

ALMIFORE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a horſe or mule ſtealer.

ALMI'LLA, ſ. f. a waiſtcoat; alſo the bridge of a fiddle, and a long ſtip of flesh they cut out of ſwine from head to tail, counted excellent meat; alſo a little ſoul.

ALMI'NA, ſ. f. obſ. a tower or turret.

ALMIRA'NTA, ſ. f. the admiral ſhip of a fleet.

ALMIRA'NTAZGO, ſ. m. the office of an admiral.

Almirantazgo, the court of admiralty, or the office of an admiral.

ALMIRA'NTE, ſ. m. an admiral.

Almiránte de Caſtilla, the admiral of Caſtile.

ALMIRE'Z, ſ. m. a mortar of metal.

ALMIRO'N, ſ. m. white endive.

ALMISCLE'RO, adj. belonging to musk.

ALMISOR, ſ. m. f. a horſe or mare, called ſo in cant.

ALMISORE'RO, *ALMISOTE'RO*, ſ. m. a horſe or mare ſtealer.

ALMI'SQUE, vid. *ALMIZCLE.*

ALMISQUE'RA, ſ. f. a box, or place to keep muſic.

ALMIXAR, ſ. m. the place where figs are dried to keep.

ALMIZCLA'DO, adj. perfumed with musk.

ALMISCLE, ſ. m. musk.

ALMISCLERO, ſ. m. a ſort of mouſe that breeds in the water, whoſe skin ſmells of musk.

ALMO, adj. kind, nourishing.

ALMOCADE'N, ſ. m. a captain of foot.

ALMOÇAFRE, ſ. m. a dibble to ſet herbs with.

ALMOCA'TI, ſ. m. the marrow of the bone, and the ſubſtance of the brains.

ALMOCE'LA, ſ. f. a hood of a particular form, ſo called.

ALMOCRE'BE, *ALMOCRE'VE*, ſ. m. a carrier, a mule-driver.

ALMODON, ſ. m. flour, fine meal, or corn.

ALMODRO'TE, ſ. m. a ſort of ſauce made of garlick, cheeſe, and other ingredients, to dreſs the fruit called in Spain *berenjenas.*

ALMOFA'R, ſ. m. ſome covering for the head, whether cap, hood, or veil.

ALMOFARI'Z, ſ. m. vid. *ALMIRE'Z.*

ALMOFE'X, vid. *ALMOFRE'S.*

ALMOFI'A, ſ. f. a baſon.

ALMOFRE'Z, ſ. m. or *ALMOFRE'X*, a bag made like a pillow, properly a caſe to carry a travelling bed in.

ALMOGA'MA, ſ. f. the narrow parts of a ship towards head and ſtern, diſtant about half way from the wideſt in the hold, and sharpening away, that the water may run the faſter to the rudder.

ALMOGAVA'RES, *ALMOGA'RAVES*, ſ. m. pl. old experienced ſoldiers, that were formerly kept in garriſon; alſo a party of horſe ſent out to reconnoitre the enemy.

ALMOGO'TE, ſ. m. a battalion of ſoldiers in battle array.

ALMOHA'DA, ſ. f. a pillow, or a cushion; alſo the ſtones at the corner of a building which jet out beyond the reſt of the wall.

Conſultár con el almoháda, to conſult one's pillow, to ſleep upon a buſineſs.

ALMOHADI'LLA, ſ. f a little pillow or cushion; a cushion women in Spain uſed to work on; alſo ſwellings on the mules ſides under the ſaddle.

ALMOHA'TRE, ſ. m. mercury ſublimate.

ALMOHA'ZA, ſ. f. a curry-comb.

ALMOHAZA'R, v. a. to curry horſes.

ALMOHI'NO, adj. fretful.

ALMOJA'MA, ſ. f. the flesh of the tunny fish dried.

ALMOJA'RRA, ſ. f. a ſort of earthen pitcher with a great belly, and four or more handles.

ALMOJATE'R, ſ. m. ſal ammoniac.

ALMOJAVA'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of cheeſecake.

ALMO'NA, ſ. f. the place where ſoap is made.

ALMO'NDIGA, vid. *ALBO'NDIGA.*

ALMO'NEDA, ſ. f. a publick ſale, an auction.

Prov. *En el almonéda, ten la barba queda*, at a ſale keep your beard on your chin ſtill; that is, let not your beard wag too faſt in bidding, leſt you overbid and repent.

ALMONEDEA'R, v. a. to have to do in ſales.

ALMORADUX, ſ. m. the herb ſweet marjoram.

ALMORA'FES, ſ. m. pl. armour for the thighs.

ALMORRANA'DO, adj. one that has the piles.

ALMORRA'NAS, ſ. f. pl. the piles or hemorrhoids.

Almorránas con ſangre, the bloody piles, or hemorrhoids.

Almorránas ſin ſangre, the dry piles.

Almorránas con reſquebrajadúra, the fiſtula in ano.

ALMORRANIE'NTO, adj. one that has the piles.

ALMORTAS, ſ. f. pl. a kind of peaſe which are ſquare.

ALMO'RREFA, ſ. f. a particular manner of making floors with blue bricks.

ALMORZA'DA, ſ. f. what may be contained in both hands.

ALMORZA'R, v. a. to breakfaſt.

ALMOSNA, ſ. f. vide *LIMO'SNA.*

ALMOSTA, ſ. f. as much as a man can graſp with both hands.
ALMOTACE'N, ſ. m. a clerk of the market; alſo an officer to ſee the ſtreets are kept clean.
ALMOTACENA'ZGO, ſ. m. the office of the clerk of the market; or of the officer that is to ſee the ſtreets kept clean.
ALMOTACENI'A, ſ. f. idem.
ALMOTALE'FE, ſ. m. an officer where there are ſilk works, to view them, and put ſeals to the ſilks before they are ſold.
ALMOXARIFA'ZGO, ſ. m. cuſtom or duty upon commodities, and the office of a cuſtomer.
ALMOXARI'FE, ſ. m. a receiver of cuſtoms for commodities imported or exported; formerly the treaſures were ſo called, as may be ſeen in ancient hiſtories.
ALMOZA'DA, ſ. f. vid. *ALMOSTA*.
ALMU'CIO, ſ. m. a certain ornament of furrs, worn by canons of churches.
ALMU'D, ſ. m. a meaſure of half a bushel.
ALMUDA'DA, ſ. f. as much land as half a bushel of wheat will ſow.
ALMUDE'JO, ſ. m. vide *ALMUD*.
ALMUDE'NA, ſ. f. a publick ſtorehouſe for corn, a grange.
ALMUDE'RO, ſ. m. the officer who inſpects the dry meaſures.
ALMUDI', ſ. m. the cuſtom-houſe where all the corn is ſold; ſo called, from the meaſure *almúd*.
ALMUE'DANO, ſ. m. obſ. a cryer.
ALMUE'RZA, ſ. f. as much corn, oats, or other ſuch thing as may be contained in both hands when opened and joined.
ALMUER'ZO, ſ. m. a breakfaſt.
ALMUEZA, ſ. f. vide *ALMUERZA*.
ALMU'ñA, *ALMU'NIA*, } ſ. f. vide *ALMUDE'NA*.
ALMU'RCA, ſ. f. the lees or dregs of oil.
ALMUTAZA'F, ſ. m. an officer that has the care of inſpecting meaſures.

A L N

ALNA, ſ. f. an ell.
ALNADI'LLO, ſ. m. f. diminut. of *alnádo*.
ALNA'DO, ſ. m. a ſon-in-law; that is, a man's wife's ſon by another husband, or the husband's by another wife.
ALNA'FE, ſ. m. a cloſe furnace to put fire in, and a pot over.
ALNO, ſ. m. an elder-tree.

A L O

A'LO, ſ. m. the herb called comfrey, or camfrey.
ALOBADA'DO, adj. that has been bit by wolves.
ALOBA'DO, adj. vide *LOBADO*.
ALOBUNA'DO, adj. wolf-like, eſpecially in the colour.
ALOCA'DO, adj. freakish, maddish.
ALODIA'LES, adj. ſ. m. pl. an epithet to *bienes*; alodial, not feudal.
A'LOE, ſ. m. vide *ACIBAR*.
ALOGADO'R, ſ. m. obſ. one that lets out houſes or lands to hire.
ALOGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the letting of a houſe, or ſetting to hire.
ALOGA'R, v. a. obſ. to let out to hire, or to hire.
ALOGUE'R, *ALOGUE'RO*. } ſ. m. the rent for lodging or houſerroom, houſe rent, or any rent.
ALOJADO'R, ſ. m. one that lodges, a harbinger, a quartermaſter.
ALOJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. lodgings, quarters.
ALOJA'R, v. a. to lodge, to quarter.
Alojárſe, v. r. to be lodged, or to be quartered.
A LO MAS, adv. at moſt.
A LO ME'NOS, adv. at leaſt.
ALO'N, ſ. m. wing.
ALO'NDRA, ſ. f. a lark.
ALONGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. prolonging, protracting, or ſtretching out.
ALONGA'R, v. to prolong, to protract, to ſtretch out.
ALONJOLI', vid. *AJONGOLI'*.
ALOPECI'A, ſ. f. ſcurf, ſcab.
ALOPIADO, adj. drowzy, ſleepy, or mixed with opium, whence the word.
ALO'QUE, ſ. m. a pale wine between white and red.
ALO'SA, ſ. m. the fish called a ſhad.
ALOTO'NES, ſ. m. pl. the fruit of the lote-tree.
ALO'XA, ſ. f. mettheglin, or mead.
ALOXERI'A, ſ. f. the houſe where metheglin or mead is ſold.
ALOXE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who ſells or makes metheglin or mead.
ALO'ZNA, ſ. f. obſ. wormwood.
Alozna marina, wormſeed.

A L P

ALPARCERI'A, ſ. f. partnerſhip.
ALPARCE'RO, ſ. m. a partner.
ALPARGA'TA, ſ. f. vide *ALPARGATE*.
ALPARGATA'DO, adj. one ſhod with buſkins, made of packthread or rushes.
ALPARGATA'R, v. a. to make ſhoes of packthread, or rushes.
ALPARGATA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with an *alpargate*.
ALPARGA'TE, ſ. m. a ſort of ſhoe or buſkin made of packthread, and ſometimes of rushes.
ALPARGATE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells *alpargates*.
ALPARTA'Z, ſ. m. a coat of maiſ.
ALPECHI'N, ſ. m. the dregs or lees of oil.
ALPESTRE, adj. alpine, rough, ſtony.
ALPE'Z, ſ. m. (the ſame as *alopecia*) ſcurf, ſcab.
ALPHA; ſ. f. the firſt letter in the Greek alphabet.
ALPHABE'TICO, adj. alphabetical, in order of the alphabet.
ALPHABE'TO, ſ. m. the alphabet.
ALPHO'N, ſ. m. vide *ALBARA'ZO*.
ALPICO'Z, ſ. m. cucumber.
AL PIE', adv. at the foot.
Al pie de la létra, exactly, to a tittle.
ALPI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to the Alps.
ALPI'STE, ſ. m. an herb called foxtail;

foxtail; alſo Canary ſeed, ſuch as birds eat.

ALPISTE'LA' } ſ. f. a cake made
ALPISTERA, } with flour, eggs, and ſugar.

ALPI'VRE, ſ. f. an herb called biſhop'ſwort.

AL PRESE'NTE, adv. at preſent.

AL PRINCI'PIO, adv. at firſt, in the beginning.

A L Q.

ALQUAQUE'NGI, ſ. m. a cockle.

ALQUEMI'STA, ſ. m. vide *ALQUIMISTA.*

ALQUERI'A, ſ. f. a farmer's houſe.

ALQUE'RME, ſ. m. the grains of the ſcarlet oak, alſo the compoſition made of them with ſugar, powder of roſes, coral, pearl, and other cordial ingredients.

ALQUE'RQUE, ſ. m. the game of draughts.

ALQUETI'FA, } ſ. f. vide *ALCA-*
ALQUETI'ZA, } *TIFA.*

ALQUE'Z, ſ. m. a large meaſure containing about eighty gallons.

ALQUI'BLA, ſ. f. the ſouthern climate, coaſt, part, or quarter of the world.

ALQUICE'L, ſ. m. a Moorish mantle or covering.

ALQUILADI'ZO, adj. that may be hired.

ALQUILADO'R, ſ. m. one that hires, or lets out to hire.

ALQUILAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. letting out to hire.

ALQUILA'R, v. a. to hire, or let out to hire.

ALQUILE, } ſ. m. hire.
ALQUILE'R, }

ALQUILO'N, adj. any thing proper or capable to be hired.

ALQUI'MIA, ſ. f. alchemy, or the art of chemiſtry.

Prov. *Alquimia probáda, tenér rénta y no gaſtár náda*, it is a tried alchemy to have an eſtate, and to ſpend nothing.

ALQUIMI'LLA, ſ. f. the herb ladiesmantle.

ALQUIMI'STA, ſ. m. a chemiſt.

Prov. *Alquimiſta certéro, del hierro penſó hacer oro, y del oro hiérro*, a never-failing chemiſt, he thought to turn iron into gold, and turned the gold into iron; a ſling all chimiſts.

ALQUINA'L, ſ. m. a ſort of Moorish handkerchief.

ALQUITA'RA, ſ. f. a limbeck.

ALQUITIRA, ſ. f. gum tragacanth.

ALQUITRA'N, ſ. m. naptha, a liquid ſubſtance flowing out of the earth, in ſome places like melted pitch; in ſome places they uſe it for ſhips, inſtead of pitch and tar.

ALQUITRANA'R, v. a. to daub with *alquitran.*

Es un alquitrán, he is a paſſionate, haſty man.

ALQUITRAVE, ſ. m. vid. *ARCHITRA'VE.*

ALQUIVA'L, ſ. m. vide *ALQUICE'L.*

A L R

AL REDEDO'R; adv. round about.

AL REI'R DEL ALVA, at the dawn of day.

AL REVE'S, adv. the wrong day.

AL ROMPER EL ALVA, vid. *AL REI'R DEL ALVA.*

A L S

ALSI'NE, ſ. f. the herb chickweed.

A L T

A'LTA, ſ. f. in cant, is a tower, or a window.

Alta, ſ. f. an old Spaniſh dance.

ALTABA'QUE, ſ. m. a great baſket, a hamper; or pannier.

ALTAMA'R, ſ. m. the main ocean.

ALTAME'NTE, adv. wonderfully, prodigiouſly.

ALTAMERO'N, ſ. m. in cant, is a thief that gets in at the tops of houſes to rob.

ALTAMI'A, ſ. f. an earthen poringer.

ALTAMI'SA, vid. *ARTEMI'SA.*

ALTA'NA, ſ. f. in cant, a church

ALTANA'DO, adj. in cant, married.

ALTANERI'A, ſ. f. the ſport of hawking; alſo pride, vanity, inſolence, impudence.

ALTANE'RO, ſ. m. and adj. a hawk, or any bird that ſoars high thence, any conceited, or high flying perſon.

ALTA'NTO, adv. vide *TANTO.*

ALTA'QUE, ſ. m. a wicker basket.

ALTA'R, ſ. m. an altar.

ALTARE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who takes care to adorn the altar.

ALTARI'CO, ſ. m. diminutive of *altar.*

ALTERA'BLE, adj. alterable changeable, mutable.

ALTERACIO'N, ſ. f. alteration, change; alſo paſſion, or anger.

ALTERADO'R, ſ. m. one that often alters, or changes.

ALTERA'R, v. a. to alter, to change, to provoke, to anger.

Alterár la gente, to ſtir up the people, to commit any diſorder.

Alterárſe, v. r. to be changed, to be provoked.

ALTERCACIO'N, ſ. f. contention, wrangle, diſpute.

ALTERCADO'R, ſ. m. a wrangling fellow.

ALTERCA'R, v. a. to wrangle, to diſpute, to contend, to debate.

ALTERNACIO'N, ſ. f. acting alternatively, or by turns.

ALTERNADAME'NTE, adv. alternatively, by turns.

ALTERNADO'R, ſ. m. one that does things by turns.

ALTERNA'R, v. a. to act alternately, or by turns.

ALTERNATI'VA, ſ. f. a change, an alternative, choice, option.

ALTERNATIVAME'NTE, adv. alternatively, ſucceſſively.

ALTERNATI'VO, adj. alternate, reciprocal.

ALTE'RNO, adj. done by turns.

ALTE'ZA, ſ. f. highneſs, loftineſs.

ALTIBA'XO, ſ. m. a downright ſtroke.

ALTIBA'XOS, ſ. m. pl. uneven places, up and down hill; the uneven carriage of a man.

ALTILOQUO, adj. eloquent.
ALTISONA'NTE, adj. ſonorous, ſounding, noiſy.
ALTISONO, adj. higheſt, ſupreme.
ALTITU'D, ſ. f. loftineſs, altitude, highneſs.
ALTIVAME'NTE, adv. loftily, proudly.
ALTIVECE'R, v. n. to grow proud.
ALTIVEDA'D, *ALTIVEZ*, } ſ. f. pride, haughtineſs.
ALTIVO, adj. proud, or lofty.
ALTO, adj. high, lofty, tall, profound.
Hacér alto, to halt in a march.
Paſſóſele por alto, he took notice of it.
Alto de al, be gone.
Caſa de tres altos, a houſe three ſtories high.
Brocádo de tres altos, the richeſt brocade.
Alta mar, the deep ſea, far out at ſea.
El alto de veloz, a flight, ſcampering; it is a cant word, but whence derived I do not find.
ALTOBO'RDO, ſ. m. a ſhip of the largeſt ſize, a firſt rate.
ALTO'R, ſ. m. vide *ALTURA*.
ALTOZANI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of.
ALTOZA'NO, ſ. m. a little hill or mountain.
ALTRAMU'Z, ſ. m. a lupin, or kidneybean.
ALTRAVES, adv. a croſs.
Dar ál traves, to run aground, to be ſhip-wrecked.
ALTU'RA, ſ. f. height, altitude; and tallneſs; alſo the latitude of a place.

A L U

ALUBI'AS, ſ. f. pl. a kind of peaſe.
ALUCIA'R, v. a. obſ. to make ſhine, to give a luſtre.
ALUCIDA'D, ſ. f. obſ. luſtre.
ALUCON, ſ. m. an owl.
ALU'DA, ſ. f. an ant that has wings.
ALUDI'R, v. n. to allude.
ALU'DO, adj. winged, that has wings.
ALUENGA'R, v. a. obſ. to lengthen, to extend.
ALUFRA'R, v. a. to ſee quick, diſtinctly, and from afar.
ALUGA'R, v. a. to let out, to give for hire.
ALUMBRADO'R, ſ. m. one that lights.
ALUMBRA'R, v. a. to light, to give light, explain.
Alumbrár una perſona, is either to light a man, or to inform his judgment.
Dios te alúmbre con bien, God give you a happy hour, God ſend you a ſafe de livery; a prayer for women with child.
ALU'MBRE, *ALUMBRE'A*, } ſ. m. alum.
ALUMBRE'RA, ſ. m. an alum mine.
ALUMINO'SO, adj. mixed with alum.
ALU'MIXA, ſ. f. lavender.
ALUMNO, ſ. m. a foſter-child, one that is bred up under thoſe that are not his parents, or he that breeds ſuch a child.
ALUNA'DO, ſ. m. a lunatick.
Alunádo, adj. any thing hurt, or damaged by the influence of the moon.
Alunádo, adj. is applied to a horſe who ſuffers a contraction of his nerves all over his body, or in any part, ſo that he cannot move.
ALUNAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the madneſs that comes at full moon.
ALUNA'RSE, v. r. and n. to become mad, to run mad.
ALUQUE'TE, ſ. m. ſometimes taken for a match to light fire with, but generally for a zeſt, that is, a round, thin bit of orange peel, which ſome ſqueeze into drink, and rub the edges of the glaſs or cup with.
ALUSIO'N, ſ. f. an alluſion.
ALUSIVAME'NTE, adv. with alluſion to, alluſively.
ALUSI'VO, adj. alluſive, alluding.
ALUSTRA'R, v. a. to give a luſtre to a thing, to make it bright and ſhining.
ALUTACIO'N, ſ. f. ſo the miners call the firſt gold found in the mines, about four feet deep.
ALUZEMA, vid. *ALHUZE'MA*.
ALUZIA'R, v. a. to make ſmooth, plain, bright, or gloſſy.
ALUZINA'R, v. n. to gueſs at uncertainties, as one ſees betwixt light and darkneſs.

A L V.

ALVA, ſ. f. vid. *ALBA*.
ALVA'R, adj. white.
ALVEDRI'O, ſ. m. vid *ALBEDRI'O*, and its derivatives.
A'LVEO, ſ. m. the channel or bed of a river.
ALVE'RJA, *ALVERJA'NA*, } ſ. f. vide *ARVE'JA*.
ALVIDRIA'R, v. a. to glaze.
ALVO, adj. very white.

A L Z.

ALZA, ſ. f. a piece of leather placed between the laſt and upper leather to make the ſhoes a little wider.
ALZADA, ſ. f. the concluſion of a controverſy at law, a court of appeal, an appeal.
ALZADE'RA, ſ. f. a ſtone a man holds in his hand to leap with; alſo a pole which rope-dancers uſe.
ALZA'DO, ſ. m. a curious deſcription of any place or edifice.
ALZADU'RA, ſ. f. the action of raiſing, or lifting up.
ALZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a revolt, a rebellion.
ALZAPI'E, ſ. m. a gin or ſnare uſed by ſportſmen.
ALZAPRI'MA, ſ. f. a crane to draw up weights; alſo a trick, a trap.
Dar alçaprima, to entrap, to enſnare a man.
ALZAPRIMA'R, v. a. to crane up.
ALZA'R, v. a. to lift, to raiſe, to take up, alſo to lay up, or keep.
Alzár rey, to proclaim a king by a ſolemn and legal publication.

Alzár, to raiſe up the hoſt at maſs.
Alzár, v. n. to ſtand, to raiſe up.
Alzár, to take away; alſo to lift up a burden.
Alzár un deſtierro, to recal a baniſhed perſon.
Alzár los naypes, to cut the cards at play.
Alzár (*en la imprenta*) to put in order the printed leaves, (in printing.)
Alze dios ſu ira, (vulgar phraſe) when they are in a great paſſion.
Alzár barbecho, to till, to plough an uncultivated ground.
Alzár cabéza, to recover, to reſtore from ſickneſs or poverty, to lift up one's head.
Alzár de eras, to keep up the corn after harveſt.
Alzár de obra, to interrupt a work.
Alzár el gallo, to ſpeak with pride and arrogance.
Alzár el grito, to raiſe the voice.
Alzar el real, to decamp.
Alzár frigura, to caſt a figure, (in aſtrology.)
Alzar hervor, to begin boiling.
Alzár la mano, to threaten, to menace by action.
Alzár la mano de uno, to abandon a perſon or affair, to forſake it.
Alzár la meſa, to take away the table.
Alzár la tienda, to ſhut up one's ſhop; alſo to ſhift the tent.
Alzár velas, to ſail.
Alzárſe, v. r. to rebel.
Alzarſe en el juego, to give over play, when one is a gainer.
Alzarſe a mayores, to pretend ſuperiority, among equal perſons.

A M A

A'MA, ſ. f. a miſtreſs, a governeſs, a nurſe, a houſekeeper.
AMABILIDA'D, ſ. f. a ſweet, or amiable diſpoſition.
AMA'BLE, adj. lovely, amiable.
AMABLEME'NTE, adv. lovingly, amiably.
AMA'CA, ſ. f. a hammock, a hanging bed.
AMACE'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of large plum.
AMACHAMARTI'LLO, adv. firmly, ſolidly, reſolutely.
AMADIZITOS, ſ. m. pl. little favourite lap-dogs; alſo the niceſt ſorts of fops or beaus.
AMADO'R, ſ. m. a lover.
AMADRIGA'RSE, v. r. to take ſhelter as rabbits do by running into their burronghs; metaph. to fly for refuge or protection to a church, or a great man's houſe.
AMADRINA'R, v. a. to make horſes or mules tame and gentle. which is done at the time of breaking, by tying one that is not broke with one that is, which laſt ſerves as a kind of *madrina* or example to the other.
AMAESTRADU'RA, ſ. f. a contrivance, by which ſhopkeepers, as mercers, linen-drapers, &c. hinder their buyers from having a good ſight of their goods.
AMAESTRAMI'ENTO, ſ. m. inſtruct ing, teaching, diſcipline
AMAESTREA'R, v. a. vide *AMAESTRA'R*.
AMAGADOR, ſ. m. one that offers to ſtrike.
AMAGAR, v. a. to make an offer, or lift up the hand, as if one was going to ſtrike.
Amagárſe, v. r. to cringe to contract or draw one's ſelf in to a ſmalk compaſs.
AMA'GO, ſ. m. the action by which one offers or threatens to ſtrike.
AMAINA'R, v. a. to ſtrike ſail, to take in the ſails; metaph. to cool, to relent.
AMAITINAR, v. a. to obſerve narrowly, to fix one's eye on any thing.
AMAJADA'R, v. n. to remain, or to be lodged in the sheepfold.
AMA'LGAMA, } ſ. f. a che-
AMALGAMACION, } mical compoſition, which ſilverſmiths make uſe of for gilding.
AMAMA'R, vide *MAMAR*.
AMAMANTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. giving ſuck, ſuckling.
AMAMANTA'R, v. a. to ſuckle, to give ſuck.
AMANA'R, v. a. to put a thing in readineſs, ſo as it may be at hand.
AMANCEBAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. concubinage.
AMANCEBA'DO, ſ. m. one that keeps a miſtreſs.
AMANCEBAR'SE, v. r. to live in a ſtate of fornication.
AMANCILLA'R, v. a. to ſtain, defile, polſute.
AMANCILLA'DOR, ſ. m. one that ſtains, or defiles.
AMANDERE'CHA, adv. on the right hand.
AMANECE'R, v. n. to grow day.
Amanecér, to be, or to arrive in a place at the dawn or break of day.
Al Amanecér, adv. of time, at the dawn or break of day.
AMAñARSE, v. r. to be handy or dexterous at any thing.
AMA'ñOS, ſ. m. preparation, readineſs.
AMA'NO ISQUIERDA, } vide
AMA'NO DERECHA, } *MANO*.
AMANOJA'R, v. a. to tie or make up in bunches or parcels.
AMANSADO'R, ſ. m. a man that tames, pacifies, or quells.
AMANSAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. taming, pacifying, quelling.
AMANSA'R, v. a. to tame, pacify, or quell.
AMANTE, ſ. m. a lover.
AMANTENIE'NTE, adv. forcibly, vigorouſly, irreſiſtibly.
AMANTES, ſ. m. a ſea term, a great rope uſed to unburden ships with.
AMANTILLA'R, v. a. to rop the lifts, ſo the ſeamen call it; that is, to make the arms of the yards hang higher or lower, as they think fit.
AMANTI'LLOS, ſ. m. pl. the lifts, ſo the ſeamen call certain ropes which belong to the yard arms, and ſerve to top them; that is, to make them hang higher, or lower, or as they pleaſe.

AMANUE'NSE, ſ. m. an amanuenſis, one that writes for another.

'AMANZILLADO'R, ſ. m. one that moves compaſſion, or that ſpots or defiles.

'AMANZILLA'R, v. a. to move compaſſion; alſo to ſpot, or defile.

AMAPO'LA, ſ. f. a poppy.

AMAPOLA'RSE, v. n. to blush.

AMA'R, v. a. to love.

'AMARACI'NO, ſ. m. a ſort of unguent.

'AMA'RACO, ſ. m. ſweet marjoram, feverfew.

'AMARA'NTO, ſ. m. the amarant, or flower-gentle, whereof there are ſeveral ſorts.

'AMARGALE'JAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of plums that have a harſh taſte.

AMARGAME NTE, adv. bitterly.

AMARGA'R, v. n. to taſte bitter, to be unpleaſant.

AMARGA'ZA, the herb pellitory of the wall.

AMA'RGO, adj. bitter; any thing that is diſpleaſing.

'Al gúſto eſtragádo lo dulce le es amárgo, the ſweeteſt thing is unpleaſant to a ſick palate.

'AMARGO'N, ſ. m. wild endive.

AMAGO'R, ſ. m. bitterneſs.

AMARGO'SO, adj. bitter.

AMARGUI'LLO, adj. bitterish, a little bitter.

AMARGU'RA, ſ. f. bitterneſs; metaph, ſorrow.

AMARICA'DO, adj. effeminate, woman-like.

AMARILLEA'R, v. n. to turn yellow, pale, or wan.

AMARILLE'JO, adj. yellowish.

AMARILLE'Z, ſ. f. yellowneſs, paleneſs, wanneſs.

AMARI'LLO, adj. yellow; alſo pale and wan.

AMA'RO, ſ. m. the herb St. John's wort; by poetical writers uſed for bitter.

AMA'RRA, ſ. f. a cable, cord, or rope to make any thing faſt.

AMARRADE'RO, ſ. m. the place for anchoring; alſo the place for mooring ships.

AMARRA'R, v. a. to make faſt, to anchor; this word is uſed by ſeamen, as ours do the word *to laſh*; that is, to tie or make faſt.

Amarrár el navio, to moor a ship.

AMARRAZO'N, ſ. m. a cable rope.

AMARRI'DO, adj. afflicted, grieved, perplexed, ſad, melancholy.

AMARTAGA, ſ. f. the litharge of metals.

AMARTELA'DO, adj. fallen in love, ſmitten with beauty.

AMARTELAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. falling in love.

AMARTELA'RSE, v. r. to fall in love.

AMARTILLA'R, v. a. to hammer; alſo to cock a gun.

AMA'S, adv. beſides, over and above.

A MAS CORRE'R, adv. with all poſſible quickneſs and celerity.

A MAS TARDA'R, adv. at lateſt, at moſt.

AMASSADE'RA, ſ. f. tub, trough to knead dough in; a woman that kneads or makes bread.

AMASSADO'R, ſ. f. one that kneads bread, or any ſuch thing.

AMASSADU'RA, ſ. f. kneading of bread.

AMASSA'R, v. a. to knead, to make bread.

AMASSIJO, ſ. m. a veſſel to knead, or make bread in; alſo any quantity of dough.

AMATA'R, v. a. vide *MATA'R*.

AMATHYSTE, ſ. m. a precious ſtone, called an amethyſt.

AMATO'RIO, adj. belonging to love.

AMAZO'NA, ſ. m. a maſculine woman.

A M B

AMBA'GES, ſ. m. pl. a long tedious ſtory to no purpoſe, a fetch about, impertinencies, intricate paſſages, turnings and windings.

AMBAR, *AMBARGRIS*, ſ. m. ambergris.

Ambár, ſ. m. is alſo the yellow amber, of which we have beads, and other curioſities.

AMBARES, ſ. m. pl. the fruit of a large tree in India.

AMBARI'NO, adj. belonging to amber.

AMBA'S, adj. ſem both.

AMBI'A, ſ. f. a liquor in Peru, which flows from a ſpring.

AMBICIO'N, ſ. f. ambition.

AMBICIONA'R, v. a. to ſeek for preferment, to ſue or court another for a place.

AMBICIOSAME'NTE; adv. ambitiouſly.

AMBICIO'SO, adj. ambitious, proud, vain glorious.

Ambicioſo, adj. deſirous of honour and promotion.

AMBIDEXTRO, adj. one that uſes both hands equally.

AMBIE'NTE, ſ. m. the ambient air, that ſurrounds all the bodies.

AMBIGUAME'NTE, adv. ambiguouſly, doubtfully.

AMBIGUIDA'D, ſ. f. ambiguity, doubt.

AMBI'GUO, adj. ambiguous, doubtful.

A'MBITO, ſ. m. the ambit, the compaſs or circuit of any thing.

A'MBLA, ſ. f. the amble of a horſe.

AMBLADO'R, ſ. m. an ambler.

AMBLA'R, v. n. to amble, to pace.

AMBOS, pron. adj. both.

Ambos a dos, both together.

AMBRO'LLA, ſ. f. a deceitful practice.

AMBROLLADO'R, ſ. m. an intangler, an inſnarer.

AMBROLLAR, v. a. to trouble, perplex, or moleſt.

AMBRO'SIA, ſ. f. the meat the poets feigned the gods did eat.

Ambróſia, ſ. f. the herb oak of Jeruſalem.

AMBROSIA'NO, adj. belonging to *ambroſia*.

AMBRU'NESA, ſ. f. a ſort of cherry.

AMBULA'R, v. n. to walk.

AMBULA'RIOS, ſ. m. pl. ragged clothes.

AMBULATI'VO, adj. vide *AMBULAR*.

A M E

AMEBE'O, ſ. m. anſwering alter-

nately, verſes when one anſwereth another by courſe, as in ſome of Virgil's Eclogues.

'AMELONA'R, v. a. to ſoften or mollify; alſo to ſhape like a melon.

'AMECE'R, v. n. to mix.

AMECHA'R, vid. *MECHA'R.*

AMEDRENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that frights or puts others into fear.

'AMEDRENTA'R, v. a. to put into fear, to make one afraid; from the Latin *metus.*

'AMEJORA'R, v. a. to better, to make better.

Amejorár, v. n. to grow better.

AMELECINAR, v. a. to cure, to give a medicine or a clyſter.

'AMELGA'R, v. a. to make holes in the ground, as is done when an eſtate is taken poſſeſſion of, to know the limits.

AME'LLA, ſ. f. vid. *ALME'NDRA.*

AMELLO'N, ſ. m. vid. *ALMIDO'N.*

AME'LO; ſ. m. the herb ſtarwort, ſhare-wort, or codwort.

'AME'N, ſ m. amen, ſo be it

Amén, adv. beſides, over and above, except, excepted.

En un ſanti amén, in an inſtant, in a moment.

AMENA'ZA, ſ. f. a threat.

AMENAZA'R, v. a. to threaten.

Prov. *Los amenazádos pan comen*, threatned folks eat bread.

'AMENGUADO, p. p. vid. *MENGUADO.*

'AMENGUADO'R, ſ. m. one who leſſens.

AMENGUAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a diminution, or leſſening.

'AMENGUA'R, vid. *MENGUAR.*

AMENIDA'D, ſ. f. pleaſantneſs, clearneſs of weather.

AME'NO, adj. pleaſant, delightful.

AMENTA'R, v. a. to ſling, or throw with a ſling; alſo to tie with ropes.

AME'NTO, ſ. m. vid. *AMIE'NTO.*

AMENU'DO, adv. often.

AME'OS, ſ. m. the herb ammy.

AMERA'R, v. a. to mix water with wine.

AMESNADO'RES, ſ. m. pl. obſ. the king's guards.

AMESNA'R, v. a. obſ. to be upon guard, or to do monthly duty.

AMESURA'R, v. a. to meaſure.

AMETALA'R, v. a. to mix, or cover with metal; alſo to feign or counterfeit.

AME'XA, ſ. f. obſ. a plum, or prune.

A M I

A'MIA, ſ. a kind of fiſh that keep company in ſhoals.

AMIA'NTO, ſ. m. a kind of ſtone like alum.

AMICI'CIA, ſ. f. obſ. friendſhip.

AMIDO, adv. unwillingly.

AMIDO'N, ſ. m. vid. *ALMIDO'N.*

AMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a leathern ſtrap wound about a dart, which ſerves to ſling it with the greater force.

AMIESGA'DO, } ſ. m. a fruit like
AMIEZGA'DO, } a ſtrawberry.

AMI'GA, ſ. f. a female friend, when meant of a friend to a man; alſo taken in an ill ſenſe.

AMIGA'BLE, adj. friendly.

AMIGABLEME'NTE, adv. in a friendly manner.

AMIGA'JAS, vid. *MIGAJAS.*

AMIGAR, v. a. to make or become friends.

Amigárſe, v. r. to lie together.

AMI'GO, ſ. m. a friend, when meant of a woman's friend, taken in an ill ſenſe.

Amigo, adj. friendly, kind.

AMIGO'TE, ſ. f. a half friend.

AMIGUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſhe friend or miſtreſs; diminutive of *amiga.*

AMILANA'R, v. a. to frighten, to ſcare.

Amilanárſe, v. r. to be daunted, or frighted, as birds are when they ſee the kite.

AMISTA'D, ſ. f. friendſhip.

Prov. *Amiſtád de yérno ſol de invierno*, a ſon in-law's friendſhip is like the winter ſun; that is, but juſt warm, and not laſting.

Amiſtád, ſ. f. whoredom, fornication, harlotry.

AMISTA'NZA, ſ f. friendſhip.

AMISTA'R, v. a. to join in a league of friendſhip.

Amiſtárſe, v. r. to be in conjunction with a harlot.

AMISTOSAME'NTE, adv. friendly. Obſ.

AMISTOSO, adj. friendly, kindly. Obſ.

AMI'TO, ſ. m. an amice; that is, a ſquare linen cloth the prieſt ties about his neck hanging down behind, under the alb when he veſts to ſay maſs.

A M M

AMMI, ſ. m. biſhop's weed; a kind of herb.

AMMONIA'CO, ſ. m. gum ammoniac.

A M N

AMNESTI'A, ſ. f. amneſty, free pardon, forgetfulneſs of paſt offences.

A M O

A'MO, ſ. m. preceptor, ſchoolmaſter.

A'mo, ſ. m. maſter, owner.

AMODI'TA, ſ. f. a kind of ſerpent.

AMODORRA'DO, adj. ſick of a lethargy, ſeized with a drowzineſs.

AMODORRA'RSE, v. n. to fall ſick of a lethargy, to be ſeized with a heavineſs.

AMODORRECE'RSE, v. r. idem.

AMODORRI'DO, vid. *AMODORRA'DO.*

AMOHA'RSE, v. r. to grow mouldy; or be covered with moſs.

AMOHATRA'R, v. a. to take up, or let out at extortion, to pawn.

AMOHINA'R, v. a. to put out of humour, to anger, to fret.

AMOJAMA'DO, adj. lean, thin, barren; wrinkled with age.
AMOJONADO'R, ſ. m. one who ſets bounds or limits.
AMOJONA'R, v. a. to limit or ſe, bounds.
AMOLADO'R, ſ. m. a grinder.
AMOLADU'RA, ſ. f. the droſs that comes off iron in grinding.
AMOLA'R, v. a. to grind, to whet, to sharpen.
AMOLDADOR, ſ. m. one that caſts in a mould.
AMOLDA'R, v. a. to caſt in a mould, to fit as if things were caſt in the ſame mould.
Amoldár, to direct or correct any one's manners or life, to inſtitute one's life according to the rule of reaſon.
AMOLLA'R, v. a. obſ. to ſoften, or ſlacken.
AMOLLENTADU'RA, ſ. f. obſ. ſoftening, ſlackening.
AMOLLENTA'R, v. a. obſ. vid. *AMOLLAR*.
AMO'MO, ſ. m. a plant of a very hot, aſtringent, and drying nature.
AMONDONGA'DO, adj. groſs, all of a heap, all belly.
Roſtro amondongádo, a plumpy face.
AMONEDA'R, v. a. to ſtrike as ſmiths do, to hammer, to forge, to coin, or ſtamp money.
AMONESTACIO'N, ſ. f. warning, admonition; banns bid in churches before matrimony, then uſed in the plural *amoneſtaciones*.
AMONESTADO'R ſ. m. a warner, an admoniſher.
AMONESTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. for *amoneſtación*, but little uſed.
AMONESTA'R, v. a. to warn, to admoniſh.
AMO'NIO, ſ. m. an herb called ammony.
AMONTA'R, v. a. to amount, alſo to get up into the mountains.
Amontárſe, v. r. to ſeparate one's ſelf from the ſociety of men.
AMONTO'N, adv. by the heap.
AMONTONADAMENTE, adv. by heaps.
AMONTONADO'R, ſ. m. a heaper.
AMONTONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a heaping.
AMONTONA'R, v. a. to heap.
AMONTO'NES, adv. by heaps, in great quantities, plenteouſly, plentifully, abundantly.
AMO'R, ſ. m. love.
Amór, a ſort of ſmall tree.
Amóres, commonly taken in the worſt ſenſe for a lewd paſſion; as alſo for common courtſhip, or making love.
Amor de Dios, charity.
Amor Platonico, Platonic love a ſincere, reaſonable, and honeſt love.
Amor propio, ſelf-love ſelfiſhneſs.
En buen amor y compañia, with unanimous conſent.
Por amor de Dios, for God's ſake.
Por amor de mi, por amor de fulano, for mi ſake, or thy ſake.
Amor de bortelláno, ſ. m. the plant called burdock.
AMORADU'X, ſ. m. marjoram, a fragrant plant ſo called.
AMORATA'DO, adj. of a dark or brown colour; blackiſh.
AMORDAZADO'R, ſ. m. ſlanderer, an ill tongue.
AMORDAZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſlander, ſlandering, obloquy, detraction, backbiting.
AMORDAZA'R, v. a. to ſlander, to vilify, to detract, to backbite.
AMOREA'R, v. a to ſhow to the fire, to warm gently.
AMO'RES SECOS, ſ. m. burdocks.
AMORGA'DO, adj. about to die, half dead.
AMORGO'NAR, v. a to lay branches in ſuch a manner, as the branch from one vine is brought under thee arth to the place deſigned for another vine to grow.
AMORICO'NES, ſ. m. pl. clownish coarſe love, a among peaſants.
AMORI'OS, ſ. m. a clownish, or joceſe word for love.
AMORISCA'DO, alter the Moorish faſhion.
AMORMA'DO cabállo, vid. *CABA'LLO*.
AMORMI'OS, ſ. f. daffodil.
AMOROSAME'NTE, adv. lovingly, kindly.
AMORO'SO, adj. loving, kind.
AMO'RRA, ſ. f. a ſport among children, when one holds up fingers, and the other blindfolded is to gueſs how many were held up.
AMORRA'R, v. n. to be ſilent.
AMORTAJA'R, v. a. to put into a ſhroud for burial.
AMORTECE'R, v. a to ſwoon; or faint away; to be as it were dead.
Amortecérſe, v. r. to be in a ſwoon.
AMORTECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſwooning, or fainting away.
AMORTIGUAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. mortifying, or deadening.
AMORTIGUA'R, v. a. to mortify, to deaden. In painting, to darken colours.
AMORTIZACIO'N, the falling of an eſtate to mortmain.
AMORTIZA'R, v. a. to put an eſtate into ſuch hands as it cannot be ſold or diſpoſed of again, which the English law calls mortmain.
AMOSCADO'R, ſ. m. a fan to drive the flies away.
AMOSQUEA'RSE, v. r. to be freed from flies by driving them away.
AMOSTAZA'R, v. a. to mix, or ſeaſon with muſtard; metaphorically, to vex, fret, or put into a paſſion.
Amoſtazárſe, v. r. to be mixed or ſeaſoned with muſtard.
AMOSTRA'R, v. a. to show.
AMOTINADO'R, ſ. m. one that raiſes mutinies.
AMOTINA'R, v. a. to raiſe a mutiny, to ſtir np to ſedition.
AMOVE'R, v. a. to take away, to remove.
AMOVI'BLE, adj. moveable, or that can be moved.
AMOXAMA'DO, adj. ſhrivelled, ſhrunk up.

A M P

A'MPA, ſ. f. vid. *HA'MPA*.
AMPA'RA, ſ. f. ſequeſtration.
AMPARADO'R, ſ. m. a protector, a defender.
AMPARAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of protecting,

AMPARA'NZA, ſ. f. obſ. vid. *AMPAR'O.*

AMPARA'R, v. a to protect, defend, or ſupport.

Amparárſe, v. r. to be protected, to defend one's ſelf.

AMPA'RO, ſ. m. protection, defence, ſupport.

AMPHIBIEDA'D, ſ. f. amphibiouſneſs, the quality of being able to live in two different elements.

AMPHI'BIO, adj. amphibious, that lives either on the land, or in the water.

AMPHIBOLOGI'A, ſ. f. a doubtful ſentence that carries a doubtful meaning.

AMPHIBOLOGICAME'NTE, adv. amphibologically, doubtfully, equivocally.

AMPHIBOLO'GICO, adj. ambiguous doubtful.

AMPHISBE'NA, ſ. f. a ſerpent which ſeems to have a head at both ends, and goes both ways.

AMPHI'SCIOS, ſ. m. pl. the *amphiſcii*, ſo calleg from their aſting two ſhadows, the inhabitants of the torrid zone.

AMPHITEA'TRO, ſ. m. amphitheatre, a round theatre for the people to ſit about and ſee ſports.

AMPHORA, ſ. f. a Roman meaſure, but ſometimes uſed by the Spaniards, eſpacially poets, for any great pitcher.

AMPLE'XO, ſ. m. an embrace.

AMPLIAME'NTE, adv. fully, largely.

AMPLIA'R, v. a. to enlarge, to make wide.

AMPLIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. an enlargement.

AMPLIFICA'R, v. a. to enlarge, make wide, or ample.

A'MPLIO, adj. ample, extended, unlimited.

AMPLITU'D, ſ. f. largeneſs, amplitude.

AMPLO, adj. ample, large, wide.

A'MPO, ſ. m. whiteneſs of ſnow.

Ampo de niéve, a flaque of ſnow.

AMPO'LLA, ſ. f. a blifter in the fleſh, a bubble in the water, a glaſs viol, or bottle with a round belly.

AMPOLLA'RSE, v. r. to riſe in blifters.

AMPOLL'OSO, adj. full of blifters.

AMPO'N, adj. vainly pompous, hollow and vain, though a bounding with ornaments; foolishly gay.

AMPRI'CIA, ſ. f. a brief that lawyers uſe to plead by.

AMPUTA'R, v. a. to cut off.

A M U

AMUCHACHADO, adj. boyish, boylike.

AMUCHIGUA'RSE, v. r. to be increaſed, augmented.

AMUFA'R, v. a. to attack any thing in a roaring bellowing manner.

AMUGERA'DO, adj. imitating a woman in words or actions.

AMUGERIE'GAS, adv. in the manner that women ride on horſeback.

AMUGRONA'R, v. a. vid. *AMORGONA'R.*

AMULA'R, v. a. to numble as old women do their meat.

AMULATA'DO, adj. like a mulatto; that is, tawny, like one that is born of a black and a white.

AMULE'TO, ſ. m. an amulet.

AMU'RA, ſ. f. the main-tack, which is a great rope in a ſhip ſeized into the clew of the ſail, to carry forward the clew of the ſail, and to make it ſtand cloſe by a wind; it is alſo taken for that part of the ſhip which is the midway from the broadeſt part to the head.

AMURADAS, ſ. f. pl. the high ſides within the ſhips.

AMU'RAR, v. a. to carry the extremities of the ſails towards the prow.

AMU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the ropes which ſe the ſails.

AMU'RCA, ſ. f. the lees, or dregs of oil.

AMU'RCO, ſ. m. the blow given by ſtriking with the horns.

AMU'SCO, adj. aſh coloured.

AMUSGA'R, v. a. to make an unlucky motion, as vicious beaſts, eſpecially mules, do with their noſe and ears, when they are bent upon miſchief; alſo to ſtretch out the ſnout to bite; from the Italian *muſo*, a ſnout.

A N A

A'NA, ſ. f. a meaſure about three quarters of an English yard; it is alſo ſometimes taken for a fathom.

ANABATISTAS, ſ. m. pl. anabaptiſts, the ſectaries ſo called.

ANACA'LA, ſ. f. the baker's maid who fetches the bread from private houſes to the bake-houſe, and carries it home again baked.

ANACA'LES, ſ. m. pl. the boards which the bread is ſet on before it goes into the oven, and after it is drawn.

ANACA'LO, ſ. m. a man that carries bread from the bake-houſe.

ANACARDI'NA, ſ. f. the confection made with the fruit called *anacárdo*.

ANACA'RDO, ſ. m. a ſort of fruit

ANACENO'SIS, ſ. f. a figure uſed in rhetorick, ſignifying a repetition of any thing.

ANACEPHALEO'SIS, ſ. f. a recapitulation.

ANACHORE'TA, ſ. m. an anchorite or hermit, who leads a ſolitary life.

ANACHORETI'CO, ſ. m. diminut. of *anachoréta*.

ANACHRONI'SMO, ſ. m. a bad calculation in chronology.

A'NADE, ſ. m. a duck or drake.

ANADEA'R, v. n. to waddle like a duck.

ANADI'NA, or *ANADI'NO*, ſ. m. a ducklin, a ſmall duck.

ANADIPLO'SIS, ſ. f. a figure in rhetorick when the laſt word of a verſe is repeated at the beginning of the next.

A NA'DO, adv. as *paſſár un rio a nádo*, to ſwim over a river.

ANADO'N, ſ. m. a little duck.

ANAFALLA, ſ. f. a ſort of cottoncloth.

ANAFA'YA, ſ. f. vide *ANAFALLA.*

ANAGALI'DE, ſ. f. the herb calve'ſsnout.

ANAGLY'PHOS, ſ. m. pl. veſſels or plates chaſed, imboſſed or wrought with the hammer, not engraved.

ANAGO'GE, or *ANAGOGI'A*, ſ. f. the ſubtle or lofty interpretation of ſcripture, or other myſterious book.

ANAGOGICAME'NTE, adv. myſteriouſly, myſtically.

ANAGO'GICO, adj. ſublime, ſubtile, lofty.

ANAGRA'MMA, ſ. m. an anagram.

ANAGY'RIS, ſ. m. bean-trefoil, an herb fair to look at, but of an ill ſcent.

ANALEMMA, ſ. m. arm in dialling; a way to find out the courſe of the ſun, and the increaſe of the ſhadow.

ANALI'PTICO, adj. belonging to a reſtorative medicine uſed in a conſumption.

ANALES, ſ. m. pl. annals, hiſtories digeſted in the exact order of time.

ANALI'STA, ſ. m. vid. *ANNALISTA.*

ANALOGI'A, ſ. f. analogy, proportion, like reaſon.

ANALOGICAME'NTE, adv. proportionably, in like reaſon.

ANALOGI'CO, adj. proportionable, analogick.

ANA'LOGO, ſ. m. any thing in proportion to another.

ANA'LYSIS, ſ. f. a reſolution, or unfolding a diſcourſe.

ANALY'TICA, ſ. f. the art of reſolving, or unfolding a diſcourſe.

ANAN'AS, *ANANA'SSO*, } ſ. m. pine-apple.

ANAPE'LO, ſ. m. wolfs-bane, a poiſonous herb.

ANAP'ESTICO, adj. belonging to a foot or meaſure in verſe, having the two firſt ſyllables ſhort, and the laſt long.

ANAPES'TO, ſ. m. a foot or meaſure in a verſe, having the two firſt ſyllables ſhort, the next long.

ANAPHO'RA, ſ. f. a figure, when in the beginning of every verſe or member of a ſentence, the ſame word is repeated.

ANAPHORI'CO, adj. belonging to *anaphora.*

ANAQUE'L, ſ. m. a ſort of cupboard or hollow in a wall, to ſet glaſſes or other things; alſo a ſhelf.

ANAR'CA, } ſ. m. the author of
ANA'RCHA, } confuſion.

ANARCHI'A, ſ. f. anarchy, or confuſion; pronounce *anarkia.*

ANARCHICO, adj. belonging to anarchy or confuſion.

ANASCO'TE, ſ. m. a ſort of ſtuff, which our merchants call hounſcott.

ANASTOMO'SIS, ſ. f. the orifices of the veins and arteries where they meet, alſo the burſting of thoſe orifices, and the blood which comes by breaking a vein.

ANASTOMO'TICO, adj. belonging to *anaſtomóſis.*

ANASTRO'PHE, ſ. f. an inverſion, or ſetting that word foremoſt which ſhould follow.

ANA'TA, ſ. f. a year's revenue of a benefice, paid to the pope by the perſon promoted to it.

ANATHE'MA, ſ. m. an anathema, a curſe, or excommunication.

ANATHEMATIZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an anathematization, or curſing.

ANATHEMATIZA'R, v. a. to anathematize, or curſe.

ANATI'STA, ſ. m. an officer that receives a year's revenue of benefices for the pope.

ANATOCI'SMO, ſ. m. uſury upon uſury.

ANATOMI'A, ſ. f. anatomy; alſo a very lean man.

Hacer anatomia, to examine with the greateſt care.

ANATOMICAME'NTE, adv. anatomically.

ANATO'MICO, adj. belonging to anatomy.

ANATOMI'STA, ſ. m. an anatomiſt, he that makes an anatomy.

ANATOMIZA'R, v. a. to anatomize.

A N C

A'NCA, ſ. f. the hip or buttock of a horſe.

Cabalgár en las ancas, to ride on the rump, or to ride behind another.

Cabállo que no ſufre ancas, a horſe that will not carry-double.

Ración que no ſufre ancas, an allowance that will not admit of a ſupernumerary gueſt.

Anca de navio, the quarter of a ſhip.

ANCARO'TES, ſ. f. the gum of a tree in Perſia.

ANCHA, ſ. f. in cant, a town or city.

ANCHAME'NTE, adv. widely, largely, looſely.

ANCHARI'A, ſ. f. vide *ANCHU'RA.*

ANCHE'ZA, ſ. f. vide *ANCHU'RA.*

ANCHICO'RTO, adj. ſhort and wide.

ANCHO', adj. broad.

ANCHO'R, ſ. m. vide *ANCHU'RA.*

A'NCHORA, ſ. f. (*áncora*) the anchor of a ſhip.

ANCHO'VA, ſ. f. an anchovy.

ANCHOVE'TA, ſ. f. a little anchovy.

ANCHU'RA, ſ. f. breath.

Vivir ò andár a ſus anchúras, to live in a licentious manner.

ANCHU'ROSO, adj. very wide or broad; metaph. ſpoken of a perſon who leads an extravagant life, as if he was wide from the intent and deſign of living.

ANCHUSA, ſ. f. a kind of bugleſs, alchanet or orchanet.

ANCIANAME'NTE, adv. anciently.

ANCIANI'A, ſ. f. ancientneſs.

ANCIANID'AD, ſ. f. old age.

ANCIA'NO, adj. ancient, old.

ANCI'LA, ſ. f. a bond-woman, a ſervant maid.

ANCLA, ſ. f an anchor.

ANCLA'DO, p. p. anchored.

ANCLA'GE, ſ. m. anchorage.

ANCLA'R, v. a. to caſt anchor.

ANCLAS, ſ. f. pl. in cant ſignifies the hands.

ANCO'N, ſ. m. an harbour for ships.
A'NCORA, ſ. f. an anchor.
ANCORA'GE, ſ. m. the tribute that ships pay for anchoring.
ANCORA'R, v. a. to anchor.
ANCO'RCA, ſ. f. a pale colour.
ANCU'ZA, ſ. f. a ſort of bugloſs.

A N D

ANDABA'TAS, ſ. m. gladiators, who blindfolded themſelves before they engaged.
ANDABO'BA, ſ. f. a trick, a fraud uſed in ſome games at cards.
ANDACA', come hither.
ANDA'DA, ſ. f. wandering.
ANDADE'RA, ſ. f. a woman among the nuns to go of errands.
ANDADE'RO, ſ. m. the man who goes of errands.
ANDA'DO, adj. gone, walked over; alſo a ſon-in-law, the ſon of a man's wife, or a woman's husband in former wedloc.
Andádo, ſ. m. the common path, or highway.
ANDA'DOR, ſ. m. a walker; alſo a beadle or ſuch officer that goes about to warn people.
ANDADO'RES, ſ. m. pl. leadingſtrings, to teach children to walk.
ANDADU'RA, ſ. f. going, walking; gait, or way of going.
Cabállo de andadura, a pacing horſe.
ANDA'MIO, ſ. m. a ſcaffold. Vide Quix.
Andámio, ſ. m. a ſort of shoes, the ſoles of which are made with cork.
ANDA'NA, ſ. f. *navio de andána*, a ship well ſtowed, and fit for ſailing.
Andána, ſ. f. any thing put in good order, as a fine row of houſes or windows, or tire of guns.
ANDA'NCIA, ſ. f. going; alſo behaviour, or conduct of a perſon; alſo good luck, or bad luck, chance, fortune.
Andáncia, ſ. f. a walking place.
ANDANTE, adj. uſed in romances, as *caballéro andanté*, a knight-errant.

ANDA'NZA, ſ. f. a ramble, a jaunt, a tour, a flight, an excurſion; the manner of proceedind, behaviour, conduct; fortune, event, luck, run.
Mal andánza, ill luck.
ANDA'R, ſ. m. the action of walking.
Andár, v. a. to go, to walk.
Andár en zancos, to walk upon ſtilts.
Andár en cárnes, to go naked.
Andár en cuéros, idem.
Andár en cuérpo, to go without a cloak.
Andár del cuérpo, to go to ſtool.
Andár a la máno, to be ready at hand.
Andár a gátas, to creep on all fours.
Andár a orza, to ſail with a ſide wind.
Andár a ſeſgo, to go ſideling.
Andárſe a las anchúras, to lead a looſe life.
A mas andar, to go full ſpeed.
ANDARA'YA, ſ. f. a ſort of game-like draughts.
ANDARIE'GA, ſ. f. a gadding goſſip.

Prov. *La muela buena, como la viúda, gorda y ondariéga*, a good mule ſhould be like a widow, fat, and a great walker.

ANDARIE'GO, ſ. m. a man that always is gadding.
ANDARI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſedan, or chair to be carried in.
ADARI'N, ſ. m. a running footman.
ANDARIVE'L, ſ. m. the name of a rope ſo called on board a ship
A'NDAS, ſ. f. pl. a bier to carry the dead, or to carry images in proceſſion.
Ande, let it go, or let him go.
A'nden mis blancás tocas, let my white head-cloaths come on again; that is, off with the mourning.
Ande la loca, let us be merry.
ANDE'N, ſ. m. a walk, or a gallery, or any place to walk in.
ANDE'RO, ſ. m. the poles which chairmen carry their chairs with.
ANDILL'A, ſ. f. a ſaddle, with frame ſtanding up about it, for women to ride on; alſo a little bier, or ſuch like carriage.
ANDI'RA, ſ. f. vid *ANGELI'N*.
A'NDITO, ſ. m. a paſſage, or walk.
ANDO'LAS, y girigayes; foolerie and nonſenſe.
ANDOLI'NA, ſ. f. ſwallow. Obſ.
ANDORINA, ſ. f. a ſwallow.
ANDO'RRA, ſ. f. an ordinary goſſiping woman.
ANDORRE'RO, adj. wandering, rambling.
ANDRAJE'RO, ſ. m. a ragman.
ANDRA'JO, ſ. m. a rag, a clout.
ANDRAJOSAME'NTE, adv. nakedly, raggedly.
ANDRAJO'SO, adj. ragged, tattered.
ANDRINA, ſ. f. obſ. (*endrina*) a kind of plum ſo called.
ANDRO'MEDA, ſ. f. one of the twenty-two conſtellations.
ANDROMI'NA, ſ. f. a falſe pretence.
ANDRONA, ſ. f. vid. *ENDRI'NA*.
ANDRO'GENO, ſ. m. an hermaphrodite.
ANDRO'SACES, ſ. f. the white herb.
ANDU'ARES, ſ. m. pl. vid. *ADUA'RES*.
ANDULA'RIOS, ſ. m. pl. ragged cloaths.
ANDULE'NCIA, ſ. f. a walking, rambling.
ANDURRIA'LES, ſ. m. pl. unfrequented ways and paſſages.

A N E

ANEA'GE, ſ. m. the act of meaſuring by ells, or a duty upon every ell of cloth; in arithmetick, the rule for reducing the ells of one country to the meaſure of another.
ANE'AR, v. a. to meaſure by ells.
ANEBLA'R, v. a. to cover, or overwhelm with darkneſs.
ANECIA'RSE, v. r. to make one's ſelf foolish, or ignorant.
ANEGADI'ZO, adj. that is ſubject to be drowned, flooded, or overflowed.
ANEGADU'RA, ſ. f. } a drowning, flooding or over flowing.
ANEGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. }
ANEGA'R, v. a. to drown, flood, or overflow.

Anegárſe, v. r. to be drowned, to be overflown.
ANE'JO, adj. vid. *ANE'XO*.
ANELA'R, v. a. vid. *ANHELA'R*.
ANE'MONE, ſ. f. the wind flower.
ANE'MOSCO'PIO, ſ. m. a machine invented to ſhew the changes of the wind.
ANEXA'R, v. a. to annex.
ANE'XO, adj. annexed.

A N F

ANFIO'N, ſ. m. laudanum, given to make perſons ſleep.
ANFITEA'TRO, ſ. m. an amphitheatre, a place with ſeats round to ſee ſports.
ANFRA'CTO, ſ. m. broken, rugged paſſage.

A N G

ANGARILLAS, ſ. f. pl., a hand-barrow, alſo the frames which men have on their breaſts to carry great pitchers, or jars of waters on; alſo any hurdle to draw goods on.
ANGA'RO ſ. m. a ſignal.
A'NGEL, ſ. m. an angel.
ANGE'LICA, ſ. f. the plant angelica.
ANGELICA'L, adj. angelical.
ANGELICALME'NTE, adv. angelike.
ANGELI'CO, ſ. m. a little angel.
Angélico, adj. angelical.
ANGELI'N, ſ. m. a tree ſo called.
A'NGELO, ſ. m. an angel.
ANGELO'TE, ſ. m. augment. of *angélo*.
ANGE'NA, ſ. f. ſquinancy, ſquincy, or quincy.
ANGE'O, ſ. m. canvaſs.
ANGI'NA, ſ. f. an inflammation of the throat, quinſy.
ANGOSTA'R, v. a. to make narrow, or ſtreight.
Angoſtarſe, v. r. to be made narrow, or ſtreight.
ANGO'STO, adj narrow or ſtreight.
ANGOSTURA, ſ. f. narowneſs; ſtreightneſs.
ANGRA, ſ. f. bay, harbour.
ANGUI'LA, ſ. f. an eel.
ANGUILA'ZO, ſ. m. a laſh with a whip, becauſe it winds about like an eel.
ANGULA'R, adj. augular, that has many corners, or that belongs to the corner.
ANGULARME'NTE, adv. angularly.
ANGULE'MA, ſ. f. canvaſs.
Hacér anguelmas, to be very ceremonious; the ſpaniards, when they ſee a perſon too ceremonious, ſay *no hága anguelmas*, don't be impertinent.
A'NGULO, ſ. m. angle, or geometrical term.
Angulo recto, a right angle.
Angulo angudo, an acute angle.
Angúlo obtúſo, an obtuſe angle.
Angúlo reſáltado, an angle ſailant, which thruſts out its point from the works in fortification.
ANGURRI'A, ſ. f. a water-melon.
Angurria, ſ. f. ſtrangury, difficulty in making water.
ANGUSTIA, ſ. f. anguiſh, pain, trouble.
ANGUSTIADAME'NTE, adv. anxiouſly, painfully.
ANGUSTIA'R, v. a. to trouble, vex, or afflict.
ANGUSTIO'SO, adj. afflicted, troubled, painful.

A N H

ANHELA'R, v. n. to breathe with difficulty; alſo to be eager after any thing, to covet a thing earneſtly.
ANHE'LITO, ſ. m. the breath.
ANHE'LO, ſ. m. deſire, ambition.
ANHO'RCA, ſ. f. the herb briony.

A N I

ANIDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. neſting, lodging.
ANIDA'R, v. n. to neſt, to lodge, to ſettle.
ANIE'BLARSE, v. r. to hurt with the fog.
ANIHILA'R, v. a. v. *ANIQUILAR*.
ANIL, ſ. m. vid. *AÑIL*.
ANI'LLO, ſ. m. a ring.
ANIMA, ſ. f. the ſoul.
ANIMA'BLE, adj. capable of receiving a ſoul.
ANIMACION, ſ. f. the infuſion of the ſoul into the body.
ANIMADO'R, ſ. m. who gives the ſoul, or ſpirit.
ANIMADVERSION, ſ. f. animadverſion, or taking notice, or obſerving.
ANIMAL, ſ. m. an animal, any living creature; commonly taken for a beaſt, or for a brutiſh man.
Animal, adj. belonging to ſenſation.
ANIMALA'ZO, ſ. m. a great beaſt.
ANIMALEJO, ſ. m. a little animal.
Animales ceñidos, inſects.
ANIMA'LIA, ſ. f. an animal.
ANIMALI'TO, a little animal.
ANIMALO'N, *ANIMALOTE*, ſ. m. augm. of *animal*.
ANIMA'NTE, ſ. m. one who lives, or gives life.
ANIMA'R, v. a. to encourage, or give life.
Animárſe, v. r. to pluck up courage.
ANIME, ſ. f. the gum called gum anime.
ANIME'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who begs or collects the alms to relieve ſouls from purgatory.
A'NIMO, ſ. m. the mind; alſo courage.
ANIMOSAME'NTE, adv. courageouſly, boldly.
ANIMOSIDAD, ſ. f. courage, boldneſs.
ANIMOSO, adj. ſtout, valiant, bold, daring, courageous.
ANIÑADAME'NTE, adv. childiſhly.
ANIÑADO, adj. childiſh.
ANIÑARSE, v. a. to grow childiſh.
ANIQUILACIO'N, ſ. f. annihilation, entire diſſolution of any thing.

ANIQUILA'R, v. a. to annihilate, to reduce to nothing.
Aniquilárse, v. r. to be annihilated, to be entirely diſſolved, or reduced to nothing.
ANI'S, ſ. m. aniſeed.
ANISI'LLO, ſ. m. diminut. of *anis*.
ANIVERSA'RIO, ſ. m. anniverſary.

A N N

ANNA'L, adj. vid. *ANNUA'L*.
ANNA'LES, ſ. m. pl. annals, hiſtories of any thing.
ANNALI'STA, ſ. m. one who compoſes annals.
ANNA'TA, ſ. f. the annual product or revenue of an eccleſiaſtical benefice.
ANNEXA'R, v. a. to join, to knit together.
ANNEXIDA'D, ſ. f. a conjunction, a knitting together.
ANNEXIO'N, ſ. f. an union, or conjunction.
ANNE'XO, adj. joined, or knit together.
Annéxo, ſ. m. a ſmall living that is annexed to a great one.
ANNIA'GA, ſ. f. a yearly payment.
ANNIVERSA'RIO, ſ. m. anniverſary.
ANNO, ſ. m. vid. *AñO*.
ANNO'JO, ſ. m. vid. *AñOJO*.
ANNOMINACIO'N, ſ. f. an alluſion to the name of any thing.
ANNOTACIO'N, ſ. f. annotation.
ANNOTADO'R, ſ. m. one who makes annotations.
ANNOTA'R, v. a. to remark, obſerve.
ANNUA'L, adj. belonging to a year.
ANNUNAME'NTE, adv. annually, yearly, every year.
A'NNUO, adj. vid. *ANNUA'L*.

A N O

ANO, ſ. m. (*vóz de la cirugia*) the anus.
ANO'CHE, adv. laſt night.
ANOCHECE'R, v. n. to grow night; alſo to be at night in a place.
Anochecio y no amaneció, he was here at night, and gone in the morning; ſaid of a tradeſman that breaks, or other perſon that runs away privately.
Alanochécer, at the duſk of the evening, or the night-fall.
Anochecérſe, v. r. to become dark; alſo to hide one's ſelf.
ANODI'NO, adj. anodyne, that which has the power of mitigating pain.
ANOMALI'A, ſ. f. irregularity, deviation from rule; anomaly, anomaliſm.
ANOMALI'SMO, ſ. m. the ſame as *ANOMALI'A*.
ANO'MALO, adj. irregular.
ANO'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of fruit ſo called.
ANONADACIO'N, ſ. f. the contempt of one's ſelf.
ANONADA'R, v. r. to diminiſh, to decreaſe, leſſen.
Anonadárſe, v. r. to be diminiſhed, leſſened, decreaſed.
ANO'NYMO, adj. anonymous, without a name. *Greek*.
ANO'RCA, ſ. f. the herb ſweet briony.
ANO'RIA, ſ. f. a wheel at a well with buckets to draw up water.
ANOTOMI'A, ſ. f. vid. *ANATOMI'A*.

A N Q

ANQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little hip, or buttock; diminut. of *anca*.

A N S

AN'SAR, ſ. m. a gooſe.
Prov. *Es cómo el anſar de Cantimpola, que ſalio al lóbo al camino*, he is like Cantimpola's gooſe that went out to meet the wolf; ſaid of ſuch as voluntarily run into danger.
ANSARERI'A, ſ. f. or *ANSARIA*, a place where geeſe are kept.
ANSARI'LLO, ſ. m. a gollin.
ANSARI'NO, adj. belonging to a gooſe.
ANSARO'N, ſ. m. a little gooſe.
ANSI', adv. ſo obſ.
A'NSIA, ſ. f. anguiſh, pain, grief, anxiety, ardent deſire, torment, agony.
Las anſias de la muerte, the pangs of death.
Cantar en el anſia, to confeſs a crime in tortures and agonies.
ANSIA'DO, adj. covetous, greedy, niggard, avaricious.
ANSIA'R, v. a. to long, to deſire eagerly, avariciouſly.
ANSI'NA, adv. obſ. vid. *ASSI*.
ANSIOSAME'NTE, adv. anxiouſly, painfully, grievouſly, alſo covetouſly, avariciouſly.
ANSIO'SO, adj. full of anguiſh, anxiety, pain, or grief.

A N T

A'NTA, ſ. f. among architects, is the ſame as a pilaſter, or a half column againſt a wall.
ANTAGONI'STA, ſ. m. an antagoniſt, a contrary; in anatomy, is that muſcle which counteracts ſome other.
ANTA'NA, ſ. f. a word of no meaning, and only uſed in the phraſe *llamarſe antána*; to gainſay what one has ſaid, to knock under.
ANTAñO, ſ. m. the laſt year.
Prov. *En los nidos de antáño no hai paxáros ogañ o*, in laſt year's neſt there are no birds this year; uſed to denote that a perſon is uſed coolly, or with indifference, when he was before careſſed.
ANTAñONA, adj. an old woman.
ANTAPHRODI'TICO, adj. good againſt the venereal diſeaſe.
ANTA'RTICO, adj. antartick, and oppoſite to the artick.
ANTA'RES, ſ. f. a ſtar ſo called in the conſtellation of ſcorpion.
A'NTE, ſ. m. buff.
Ante, prep. before, in the preſence of; as, *ante eſcriváno*, before a notary.

Ante ó antes, adv. rather, before that.

Ante, ſ. m. the firſt dish ſerved for dinner or ſupper.

ANTEA'DO, adj. of a buff colour.

ANTE AYE'R, adv. the day before yeſterday.

ANTE CA'MARA, ſ. f. antichamber.

ANTECA'NTO, ſ. m. a ſtanza, or a number of verſes ſpoken or ſung by way of invitation to another poet, to ſing or ſpeak verſes.

ANTECEDE'NTE, adj. antecedent going before.

Antecedénte, ſ. m. the antecedent propoſition.

ANTECEDENTEMÉ'NTE, adv. before antecedent to.

ANTECEDE'R, v. a. to precede, to go before.

ANTECE'SSOR, ſ. m. an anteceſſor.

ANTECHI'NOS, ſ. m. pl. plate chaſed.

ANTECOGE'R el ganado, v. a. to drive cattle before one.

ANTECHORO, ſ. m. the hall or room through which one goes to choir.

ANTE'COS, ſ. m. pl. the inhabitants of the earth that live in the ſame meridian of the globe.

ANTEDA'TA, ſ. f. antidate.

ANTEDATA'R, v. a. to antidate.

ANTEFERIR, v. a. to place before.

ANTEIGLESI'A, ſ. f. the church porch.

ANTELACI'ON, ſ. f. the act of preferring one before another.

ANTEMA'NO, ſ. m. a preſent made before hand; or before obtaining the favour that is expected.

Antemano, adv. previouſly, with a yearly notice.

ANTEMERIDIA'NO, adj. before noon.

ANTEMU'LAS, ſ. m. the groom of the mules.

ANTEMURA'L, ſ. m. a fort or mountain that defends a place.

ANTEMU'RO, ſ. m. a fauſſebraye, a ſmall mount of earth erected round the foot of the rampart.

ANTE'NA, ſ. f. vide. *ENTE'NA*.

Anténa de caracól, the upright poſt in the middle of a winding ſtaircaſe.

ANTENA'DO, ſ. m. a ſon, or daughter-in-law; that is, the ſon of a man's wife, or of a woman's husband by another.

ANTENO'CHE, adv. the night before laſt.

Ante omnia, before all things; it is plain Latin, but become a Spanish phraſe in common uſe.

ANTEO'JOS, ſ. m. pl. ſpectacles.

ANTEPASSA'DO, m. gone before; anceſtor, predeceſſor.

ANTEPE'CHO, ſ. m. any thing to lean one's breaſt againſt, to look over; parapet, rail of a balcony, or the like; alſo the poitrel, or armour, for the breaſt of a horſe.

ANTEPENSA'R, v. r. to premedidate, to think on before.

ANTEPENU'LTIMO, adj. the laſt but two.

ANTEPONE'R, v. a. to prefer, or ſet before.

Anteponérſe, v. r. to be preferred, to be ſet before.

ANTEPORTA'L, ſ. m. the ſpace before the porch of a houſe.

ANTEPUERTA, ſ. f. a piece of tapeſtry, or any other hanging before a door.

ANTEPUE'STO, p. p. irreg. of the verb *anteponer*.

ANTERIO'R, adj. precedent, going before.

ANTERIORIDA'D, ſ. f. precedency, preference.

ANTERIORME'NTE, adv. previouſly, before hand.

ANTES, prep. and adv. before, rather.

Antes que, before that.

Prov. *Antes que caſes mira lo que házes*, look before you leap; that is, conſider and examine well the conſequences of things before you engage.

ANTESALA, ſ. f. antichamber, a room before the room of ſtate.

ANTESALE'TA, ſ. f. a little antichamber.

ANTESIGNA'NO, ſ. m. an enſign.

ANTESTADU'RA, ſ. f. trenches made with expdition in great neceſſity.

ANTETO'DO, adv. firſt of all, in chief.

ANTEVEDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. providence, foreſight.

ANVEVE'R, v, a. to foreſee.

ANTEVISO, adj. adviſed, admoniſhed.

ANTEVI'SPERA, ſ. f. the day before the vigil.

ANTEVI'STO, p. p. of *antevér*; foreſeen.

ANTHI'A, ſ. f. a kind of fish.

ANTHROPOLOGI'A, ſ. f. the method among men to convoy an idea of the attributes of God.

ANTHROPO'PHAGO, ſ. m. a maneater, a cannibal.

ANTIPO'PHORA, ſ. m. a figure in rhetorick ſo called.

Antypóphora, ſ. f. a figure in retorick, wen the orator asks, and anſwers himſelf.

ANTIBA'CCHIO, ſ. m. a foot of a Latin verſe ſo called, conſiſting of two ſyllables long, and one short.

ANTIBO, ſ. m. the force or impuiſe of the water.

ANTICIPACIO'N, ſ. f. anticipation, prevention.

ANTICIPADAME'NTE, adv. beforetime.

ANTICIPADO'R, ſ. m. one that prevents or anticipates.

ANTICIPA'R, v. a. to anticipate, or prevent.

Anticipárſe, v. r. to be prevented, to be ſurpriſed.

ANTICO'LAS, ſ. m. pl. vide *ANTECOS*.

ANTICUE'SCOS, ſ. m. pl. large breeches formerly worn.

ANTIDILUVIA'NO, adj. antediluvian.

ANTIDOTA'RIO, ſ. m. the place where apothecaries put the cordials in their shoop.

ANTI'DOTO, ſ. m. antidote, preſervative againſt poiſon.

ANTIFA'Z, ſ. m. any thing that is worn before the face, to keep off the duſt and ſun.
ANTIFO'NA, ſ. f. an anthem.
ANTIGUA'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. antiquities, pieces of antiquity.
ANTIGUAME'NTE, adv. anciently.
ANTIGUAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. antiquating, or abolishing.
ANTIGUA'R, v. n. to antiquate, to abolish.
ANTIGUA'RIO, ſ. m. antiquary.
ANTIGUEDA'D, ſ. f. antiquity.
ANTI'GUO, adj. ancient.
ANTIGUO'NES, ſ. m. pl. pieces of antiquity.
ANTIGU'OR, ſ. f. obſ. antiquity.
ANTI'GUOS, ſ. m. pl. or ancient authors.
ANTILO'GIA, ſ. f. a contradiction.
ANTIMETA'BOLE, ſ. f. a figure, when words are repeated in the ſame ſentence, in a diverſe caſe or perſon.
ANTIMONIA'L, adj. belonging to antimony.
ANTIMO'NIO, ſ. m. antimony.
ANTI'NOO, ſ. m. one of the twenty-two celeſtial conſtellations.
ANTIPA'PA, ſ. m. antipope.
ANTIPA'RA, ſ. f. a ſcreen.
Antipára, any covering to hang before things to preſerve them; alſo a ſort of buskins worn by harveſt men, that the corn may not prick their legs; a leather apron.
ANTIPERI'STASIS, ſ. f. a figure in rhetorick, which granting what the adverſary ſays, denies his inference.
ANTIPATHI'A, ſ. f. antipathy, a natural averſion to any thing.
ANTIPA'THICO, adj. antipathetick, having a natural contrariety to any thing.
ANTI'PHONA, ſ. f. anthem.
ANTIPHONA'RIO, ſ. m. the book which hath the anthems.
ANTIPHONE'RO, ſ. m. who begins the anthem.
ANTIPHRASIS, ſ. f. antiphraſis, the uſe of words in a ſenſe oppoſite to their proper meaning.
ANTIPO'CA, ſ. f. a confeſſion in writing by which a man acknowledges himſelf liable to pay any fine, or demand.
ANTIPOC'AR, v. a. to acknowledge one's ſelf liable to pay any fine, or demand by a confeſſion in writing.
ANTIPODA'L, adj. antipodal, belonging or relating to the antipodes.
ANTIPODAS, ſ. m. pl. the antipodes, or people that live in that part of the world which is directly under our feet.
ANTIQUA'DO, adj. out of faſhion.
ANTIQUA'RIO, ſ. m. an antiquary, a man ſtudious of antiquity.
ANTI'SCIOS, ſ. m. the people who have their ſhadows projected oppoſite ways.
ANTISCORBU'TICO, adj. good againſt the ſcurvy.
ANTISPO'DIO, ſ. m. a kind of medicinal aſhes made of certain herbs.
ANTI'STROPHE, ſ. f. a figure, when in one ſenſe a word is repeated, either in the ſame or divers caſes.
ANTI'THESIS, ſ. f. a figure in rhetorick, when contraries are oppoſed to contraries.
ANTITY'PO, ſ. m. antitype; that which is reſembled, or ſhadowed out by the type; alſo a copy drawn from an original.
ANTIVENE'REO, adj. good againſt the venereal diſeaſe.
ANTOJADIZAME'NTE, adv. inconſtantly.
ANTOJADI'ZO, adj. that longes for every thing.
ANTOJA'RSE, v. r. to long, to deſire earneſtly.
Antojárſele a uno alguna coſa, to judge il of one thing.
Se la antojan berros, he does not underſtand what he ſays; (a vulgar expreſſion.)
ANTO'JO, ſ. m. a longing, as a woman with child does; a fancy.
Antójo de larga viſta, a proſpective glaſs.
Antójos, ſ. m. pl. ſpectacles; from *ante ojos*, before the eyes.
Antojuélo, diminut. of *antójo*.
ANTONOMA'SIA, ſ. f. a figure in rhetorick, when another name is uſed inſtead of that which is proper to a man or thing.
ANTO'R, ſ. m. one who ſells ſtolen goods.
ANTO'RCHA, ſ. f. torck, flambeau.
ANTORCHA'DO, adj. made like a torch; alſo wreathed or twiſted.
ANTORI'A, ſ. f. the action of ſelling goods before they are ſtole.
A'NTRO, ſ. m. a den, a cave.
ANTRUE'JO, ſ. m. ſhrovetide; obſolete.
ANTUVIA'DA, ſ. f. a blow, (in cant.)
ANTUVIA'R, v. a. to prevent, to ſurpriſe; metaph. to ſtrike firſt.
ANTU'VIO, vid. *ANTUBIO'N*.
ANTUVIO'N, or *ANTUBIO'N*, ſ. m. preventing another, or being too quick for him; as *jugár de antuvión*, upon a falling out to give the firſt ſtroke, or wound another by ſurprize.
ANTYE'R, adv. the day before yeſterday.

A N U

ANUBLA'R, v. a. to blaſt, or to be dark with clouds.
Anublárſe el cielo, is for the ſky to grow cloudy; from *núbe*, a cloud.
Anublárſe el trigo, is for the corn to be blaſted.
ANU'BLO, ſ. m. blight, mildew.
ANUDADO'R, ſ. m. one that knots.
ANUDADU'RA, ſ. f. knotting.
ANUDA'R, v. a. to knot.
Anudárſe la garganta, not to be able to ſpeak for trouble or concern.
Anudár en los eſtúdios, to make no progreſs in one's ſtudies.
ANULACIO'N, ſ. f. abolition.
ANULA'R, v. a. to annul, to make void.

ANULO'SO, adj. full of rings.
ANUMERA'R, v. a. to add to the number.
ANUNCIACIO'N, ſ. f. a declaration, or notification.
ANUNCIADO'R, ſ. m. f. one who declares, or notifies; a meſſenger.
ANUNCIAMENTO, ſ. m. vid. *ANUNCIACIO'N.*
ANUNCIA'R, v. a. to declare, to notify, to make known; often taken in an ill ſenſe.
AN'UNCIO, ſ. m. preſage, or warning of ſome ill.
ANXE'O vide *ANJE'O.*
ANZE'L, ſ. m. obſ. a reſolution, a decree, or deciſion of wiſe men.
ANZOLA'R, v. a. to catch in a fish-hooks.
ANZOLE'JO, ſ. m. a ſmall fish-hook.
ANZOLE'RO, ſ. m. the man who makes fish-hooks.
ANZUELA'R, v. a. vide *ANZOLA'R.*
ANZUE'LO, ſ. m. a fish-hook.
Tragár el anzuelo, to ſwallow the fish-hook; or, as we ſay, to ſwallow the bait, when a man greedily lays hold of what is laid to do him harm.
Roér el anzuelo, to gnaw off the hook, that is to eſcape the bait.
Picár en el anzuelo, to leap at the bait, to ſuffer one's ſelf to be enſnared.

A ñ A

AñA, ſ. f. a ſort of fox.
AñADA, ſ. f. the ſpace of one year.
AñADIENCIA, } ſ. f. an addition,
AñADIDU'RA, } that which is given over in buying, or a ſmall matter to make up weight.
AñADIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. addition.
AñADI'R, v. a. to add, to put to.
Añadir, to amplify, or exaggerate a thing.
Anadir, to make an addition of what we are treating of.
AñAFI'L, ſ. m. a hautboy, a ſort of ſtraight trumpet uſed by the Moors, and made of metal.
AñAFILE'RO, ſ. m. one that plays on a trumpet, or makes them.
AñAGA'ZA, ſ. f. bird call.
Añagáza, enticement, allurement.
Hacer añagázas, to flatter one, in order to deceive him.
AñA'L, adj. belonging to a year.
Añál, ſ. m. a yearly offering.
AñASCAR, v. a. to trouble, or entangle affairs.
AñASMES, ſ. m. pl. obſ. bracelets.
AñAZEAS, ſ. f. pl. days of pleaſure.

A ñ E

AñEJARSE, v. r. to grow old, or ſtale.
AñE'JO, adj. what is more than one, two, or more years old; ſpeaking of wine, &c.

A ñ I

AñI'CO, ſ. m. the ſmalleſt bit of any thing.
Hacér añicos, to cut in little bits, to pull to pieces.
Hacerſe añicos, to be in the greateſt fury.
AñIL, ſ. m. indigo, or indico.
AñILA'DO, adj. dyed with *añil*, or indigo.
AñINE'S, ſ. m. the coarſe part of flax, tow-oakum to calk ships with.
AñINOS, ſ. m. the fine fleece of a lamb one year old.
AñIR, ſ. m. obſ. vide *AñIL.*

A ñ O

AñO, ſ. m. a year.
Mal año, God forbid.
Sacar el vientre de mal año, to be very well entertained.
AñOJO, ſ. m. a yearling calf.
AñO'SO, adj. ancient, old.
AñOVE'Z, adv. every other year, when the land yields a good crop one year, and a bad one the next.

A ñ U

AñUBLA'DO, adj. blindfold.
AñUBLA'R, v. a. vide *ANUBLA'R.*
Añublárſe, v. r. vid. *ANUBLA'RSE.*
AñUBLO, ſ. m. blaſting of corn, mildew.
Añudá los labios, be ſilent, hold your tongue.
AñUDADU'RA, vide *ANUDADU'RA.*
AñUDA'R, vide *ANUDAR.*
AñUSGA'R, v. a. to vex or trouble another.
Anuſgárſe, v. n. to ſtick in the throat.

A O A.

AOA'O, an adverb of calling at a diſtance.

A O C

AOCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of making any thing hollow.
AOCA'R, v. a. to make hollow.
AOCHA'VO, ſ. m. vide *OCHAVO.*
AO'CHO, adj. num. vide *OCHO.*

A O J.

AOJADO'R, ſ. m. one that bewitches with his eyes.
AOJADU'RA, ſ. f. bewitching, or faſcinating, doing miſchief with the looks.
AOJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. idem.
AOJA'R, v. a. to bewitch, or do miſchief with only looking, to look upon any one with an evil eye.
AO'JO, ſ. m. vide. *OJO.*

A O R

AO'RA, adv. now.
Aóra poco, a little while ſince.
AORMA'R, v. a. vide *AHORMA'R.*
AO'RTA, ſ. f. the great artery.
AORZA, ſ. f. vide *ORZA.*
Aórza, adv. (a ſea word) on the left hand.

AOS

AOSAD'AS, adv. boldly, audaciouſly.

AOV

AOVA'R, v. n. to lay eggs, as birds and inſects do.

APA

APABILA'RSE, v. r. to conſume one's ſelf by degrees, as a candle does.

APACA'R, v. a. to pacify, to make eaſy, to mitigate.

APACENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that feeds, or that grazes, a herdgroom, or herdſman.

APACENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. feeding, grazing, putting into paſture; alſo paſture itſelf.

APACENTA'R, v. a. to feed, to to graze, to put into paſture; uſed alſo in a ſpiritual ſenſe.

APACIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. lenity, eaſe, quiet, peace.

APACI'BLE, adj. meek, pleaſing to all perſons, calm.

Un dia apacible, un ſitio apacible, a fine day, a pleaſant place.

APACIBLEME'NTE, adv. peaceably, quietly, calmly.

APACIGUADO'R, ſ. m. a peacemaker, one who endeavours to reconcile differences.

APACIGUAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of pacifying or appeaſing.

APACIGUA'R, v. a. to pacify, to appeaſe, to calm.

APADRINADO'R, ſ. m. one who ſupports, or is ſecond to another; a protector, a defender.

APADRINA'R, v. a. to ſecond, to back, to ſupport.

APAGA'BLE, adj. extinguiſhable, that may be quenched.

APAGADO'R, ſ. m. one that quenches or extinguiſhes, or appeaſes; alſo an extinguiſher, a hollow cone put upon a candle, to quench it.

APAGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a dejection of mind.

APAGA'R, v. a. to quench, to extinguish, to appeaſe, or pacify.

Apagár la ſéd, to quench one's thirſt.

Apagárſe, v. r. to be extinguiſhed, or to be quenched.

Aun que malicia obſcuréẓca la verdád no la puéde apagár, deceit may perplex, but can never overthrow the truth.

APAGULLA'R, v. a. to ſtrike any body unawares, and ſuddenly.

APAINELA'DO, adj. in (architecture) the appellative of an arch which imitates half an ellipſis formed upon its greater axis.

APAISA'DO, adj. (*pintura apaiſada*) a picture or landſcape diſpoſed in length.

APAJA'DO, adj. covered with ſtraw, ſtrewed over with ſtraw.

APALABRA'R, v. a to give one's word, to engage; alſo to ſpeak to.

APALAMBRA'RSE, v. r. to be very thirſty.

APALANCA'R, v. a. to raiſe, to move, to lift any weight with a lever; alſo to ſupplant, to force away by ſtratagem.

APALEADO'R, ſ. m. one that beats with a cudgel; alſo one that ventilates corn.

Apaleadór de ſardinas, in cant, a galleyſlave.

APALEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a cudgeling.

APALEA'R, v. a. to cudgel, or beat; alſo to ventilate grain.

Trás córduno apaleádo, firſt cuckolded, then beaten.

APALMA'DA, adj. the hand held up ſo, as the palm is ſeen, as in a coat of arms.

APALPA'R, v. a. vide *PALPA'R*.

APANA'GE, ſ. m. lands, or a capital, of money ſet apart for the maintenance of younger children.

APANCO'RA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſhell growing by the ſea ſide amongſt rocks.

APANDILLA'R, v. n. to be divided in different parties againſt each other; alſo (in cant) to cheat at cards.

APANIAGUA'R, v. a. to maintain, keep, or feed. Obſ.

APAÑADO'R, ſ. m. he that takes or graſps.

APAÑAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. taking, or graſping.

APAÑA'R, v. a. to take, or graſp, to keep carefully; alſo to ſeize, to take by force, to lay hold on.

Apañar, to act with conſideration and prudence.

APAÑO, ſ. m. a taking up, or graſping; but more properly, handineſs, dexterity.

APAÑUSCA'DO, adj. intangled.

APAÑUSCADO'R, ſ. m. f. the perſon who graſps or takes hold.

APAPAGA'YADO, adj. parrot-like.

Nariz apapagayada, an aquiline, or hooked noſe.

APAPAGAYA'RSE, v. r. to ſwell, or bridle, as a parrot does.

APA'R, adv. vid. *PA'R*.

APARADO'R, ſ. m. a ſide-board table, a dreſſer in a kitchen, the place where workmen keep their tools or inſtruments.

APARA'R, v. a. to prepare, provide, and make ready; alſo to hold up the hands or other things to catch what is toſſed.

Aparárſe, v. r. to be prepared, to be provided; alſo it is taken, for the female to be ready to receive the male.

APARATADO, adj. prepared; *bien ó mal aparatado*, able-bodied, or in bad health.

APARA'TO, ſ. m. pomp, ſplendour, ſumptuoſity, expenſiveneſs; alſo preparation, readineſs.

APARATOSO, adj. ſumptuous, coſtly, expenſive, ſplendid.

APARCE'RIA, ſ. f. partnership in trade, or the like.

APARCE'RO, ſ. m. a partner.

APARCIA'R, v. a. to partake, to share.

APAREADO'R, ſ. m. one that pairs or couples.

APAREADU'RA, ſ. f. or *APAREAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. pairing, or coupling.

APAREA'R, v. a. to pair, to couple.

Apareárſe, v. r. to go, or walk two by two.

APARECEDO'R, ſ. m. one that appears or comes in ſight; or one that ſeems or has a reſemblance. Obſ.

'APARECE'R, v. a. to appear, to come into ſight, to be found.

'APARECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an appearance, a reſemblance, coming in ſight.

'A parèd en médio, the next houſe, which is only parted by a wall.

'APAREJAD'OR, ſ. m. one that prepares, provides, dreſſes or makes ready.

'APAREJAMIE'NTO, a proviſion, preparation; prevention.

'APAREJA'R, v. a. to make ready, to prepare, provide, or dreſs; alſo amongſt muleteers, to ſaddle, to pannel.

'APARE'JAS, adv. alike, by pairs.

APARE'JO, ſ. m. preparation, proviſion, neceſſaries; alſo the ſaddle, or pannel, bridle, &c. for a horſe.

Aparéjo reál, a ſea term; our ſailors call it the garnet; which is a tackle, wherewith they hoiſe in all casks and goods, if they be not too heavy, as great ordnance, or the like.

'APA'REJOS, ſ. m. pl. the tools or inſtruments of a workman; alſo the rigging, or tackling of a ſhip.

'APARELLA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *APAREJA'R*.

'APARE'NCIA, ſ. f. vide *APARI'ENCIA*.

Aparenciás, ſ. f. pl. the ſcenes in a play-houſe, or other ſhows repreſenting things, but without life, or motion.

'APARENTA'R, v. n. vide *EMPARENTA'R*.

'APARE'NTE, adj. apparent, ſeeming, not real; alſo falſe, deceitful, or able, convenient, proper; alſo appearing true; *anciently*, elegant, handſome, beautiful, fair.

'APARENTEMENTE, adv. apparently, with ſemblance of truth.

'APARESCEDO'R, ſ. m. vide *APARECEDO'R*.

'APARESCE'R, v. a. vide *APARECE'R*.

APARESCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *APARECIMIE'NTO*.

APARICION, ſ. f. apparition, appearance, viſibility.

APARIE'NCIA, ſ. f. appearance, likelihood.

Apariencias, ſ. f. pl. the decorations or ſcenes of a ſtage.

APARI'R, v. a. to appear, to come in ſight.

APAROCHIA'R, v. a to furniſh one's ſhop well vith goods.

APARTADAME'NTE, adv. ſeparately, diſtinctly.

APARTADI'JO, or *APARTADI'ZO*; ſ. m. a place apart, a diviſion, or ſeparation, a bye place to lay things out of the way.

APARTADI'ZO, adj. peevish, croſs, moroſe, man-hater.

APARTADO'R, ſ. m. one that parts, or ſeparates, or puts away, but more peculiarly uſed among thoſe that deal in wool, who ſeparate four five ſorts of it.

APARTA'DOS, ſ. m. pl. the little boxes the printers letters lie in, for compoſing; or any other ſuch boxes divided from one another.

APARTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſeparation, diviſion; alſo a divorce or legal ſeparation of husband and wife.

APARTAR, v. a. to part, to ſet apart, to ſeparate.

Apartárſe, v. r. to part, to be divorced, to ſeparate, to ſet aſide.

Apartár la génte, to make room in a croud.

Apartárſe de la querella, to let fall a ſuit.

Apartárſe de lo concertádo, to go from one's bargain.

Apartár, to diſſuade, to dehort, to divert one by reaſon from any thing.

Apartar la mano de uno, ó de una coſa, to forſake one, or to ſet aſide any buſineſs.

Apartar la viſta, ó los ojos, to forget, to neglect.

Apartarſe del dictamen de otro, to be of a contrary opinion.

Apartarſe de ſi miſmo, to lead a looſe diſorderly life.

APA'RTE, adv. apart, aſide.

Llamár uno apárte, to take any body aſide; that is, when you impart ſome ſecret.

APARVA'R, v. a. to make a heap, to accumulate.

APASCENTAR, v. a. vid. *APACENTAR*.

APASSIONADAMENTE, adv. lovely, paſſionately with great love.

APASSIONA'R, v. a. to deſire eagerly; alſo to vex, to plague, to give trouble.

Apaſſionárſe, v. r. to be put into a paſſion, to be vexed, to be paſſionately in love; alſo to be partial.

Hombre apaſſionádo no quiére ſér conſoládo, a paſſionate man is deaf to all advice.

APASTA'R, v. a. vid. *APACENTA'R*.

APASTO, ſ. m. food, nourishment.

APATUSCA'R, v. a. to do things in a hurry, to make more haſte than good ſpeed.

APATU'SCO, ſ. m. an ornament of ſeveral bawbles; alſo any thing made in a hurry.

APAZOTE, ſ. m. a ſort of herb ſo called.

A P E

APE', ſ. m. an Indian word for a great commander among them.

APE'A, ſ. f. a fetter, fetlock, ſhackle.

APEADE'RO, ſ. m. a horſe-block, to mount or diſmount a horſe.

APEADO'RES, ſ. m. pl. perſons appointed to adjuſt the bounds of lands.

Apeamiento de una heredad, the extremity, bounds, or limits of a field meaſured.

APEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. alighting, diſmounting; alſo conceiving, or comprehending.

APEA'R, v. a. to alight, or diſmount; alſo to conceive, or comprehend; to ſtop a cart by putting a ſtone under the wheels.

Apearſe

Apeárſe, v. r. to alight from a horſe, or carriage; to fall from preferment.

Apeár el rio, to be able to paſs a river on foot, or to ford it.

Apeár heredádes, to fix, or ſettle the bounds of lands.

APE'CHOS, adv. as, *tomár á péchos*, to take a thing upon one, to take charge of it, to take it un der a man's own care.

APECHUGA'R, v. n. to claſp, or graſp cloſe to embrace; alſo to undertake with ſpirit and courage.

APEDAZA'R, v. a. to break any thing in to pieces.

APEDA'ZOS, adv. by piecemeal.

APEDERNALA'DO, adj. as hard as a flint-ſtone.

APEDREADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where boys throw ſtones at one another.

APEDREADO'R, ſ. m. one that is always throwing ſtones.

APEDREAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the throwing of ſtones.

APEDREA'R, v. a. to ſtone, or fling ſtones; alſo to hail, or ſpoil with hail.

Las vlñas ſe apedreáron, the vineyards were ſpoiled with a ſtorm of hail.

Roſtro apedreado, ù empedrádo, a face marked with the ſmall-pox.

APEGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſticking, cleaving, or faſtening to; alſo inclination, propenſion, of mind.

APEGA'R, v. a. to ſtick, to cleave, to cling.

Apegárſe, v. r. to be cloſe to another.

APE'GO, ſ. m. vid. *APEGAMIENTO.*

APELACIO'N, ſ. f. an appeal.

APELAMBRA'R, v. a. to take the hair off skins, as tanners do with lime.

APELA'NTE, ſ. m. he that appeals.

APELA'R, v. m. to appeal.

APELATI'VO, ſ. m. appellative, a name given.

APELDA'R, v. n. obſ. to fly, to make an eſcape.

APE'LDE, ſ. m. an eſcape, in a hurry.

APELIGRA'DO, adj. expoſed to danger.

APELIO'TES, ſ. m. a wind ſo called; the ſame as *ſubſoláno*.

APPELLAR, v. a. to ſoften a skin with oil or fat, as tanners do.

APELLIDA'R, v. a to call upon, to call for aſſiſtance; to cry for ſuch a party or faction.

APELLI'DO, ſ. m. furname.

Prov. *El más ruyn del apellído, da máyor vóz pór ſer óydo*, the moſt culpable makes the greateſt noiſe to be heard; that is, the worſt people are mo noiſy and loud.

APELLUCA'R, v. a. to force, or compreſs many things into one by ſqueezing them.

APELLUZCA'R, v. a. to mould into a maſs.

APELMAZA'R, v. a. to ſquat, ſqueeze, or flat together; to mould with the hands or feet; alſo to grow or make lazy.

APE'LO, adv. fit to a hair, exact, juſt, even.

Apélo ayúſo down the hair, or with the hair.

Apélo arriba, up the hair, or againſt the hair.

A redro pelo, againſt the grain.

APE'NAS, adv. ſcarcely, hardly, barely.

APENDI'CE, ſ. m. appendix, ſupplement, addition.

APEñUSCA'R, vid. *APELMAZA'R.*

APE'O, ſ. m. the ſettling the bounds of lands; alſo the act in juſtice by which the bounds are fixed.

APEONA'R, v. n. to run on the ground; a term properly of ſportſmen.

APERADO'R, ſ. m. one that commands and directs labourers; alſo a cart-maker.

APERA'R, v. a. to make any ſort of carts or waggons.

APERCEBIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. preparation, proviſion, warning; alſo an order.

APERCEBI'R, v. a. to prepare, provide, warn; alſo (in law) to adviſe one to appear before the judge.

Hombre aperceblđo, médio combatído, the man who is upon his guard is the leaſt hurt; that is, the more cautious ly any one acts, the leſs danger he expoſes himſelf to.

APERCOLLA'R, v. a. to take a man by the collar.

Apercollár, v. a. to take any thing clandeſtinely.

APERDIGA'DO, adj broiled, ſinged; alſo a word to reproach thoſe that have been in the inquiſition, as if they had narrowly eſcaped being burnt.

APERDIGA'R, v. a. to broil, to ſinge.

APERITIVO, adj. aperitive, opening.

APERNA'R, v. a. to hold. or catch any one by the leg.

APE'RO, ſ. m. a sheepcote, a fold.

Apéro, ſ. m. all the furniture, or harneſs, for beaſts that work in the country; alſo the tools belonging to any trade.

En caſa del herréro péor apéro, a bad knife in a cutler's houſe; or, no body goes worſe ſhod than the shoemaker's wife.

APERRE'ADO, adj. dogged, sharp, biting; alſo ill uſed, as we ſay, uſed like a dog.

APERREADO'R, adj. troubleſome, importunate.

APERREA'R, v. a. y n. to grow dogged, sharp, and biting; alſo to tire, to vex oneſelf.

APERROCHA'DO, *APERROCHIA'DO*, adj. that has good cuſtom in ſelling.

APERROCHA'R, v. a. to have good cuſtom in ſelling; to become a parishioner.

APERSONA'DO, adj. as, *bien aperſonádo*, that has a good preſence.

APERSONA'RSE, v. r. to be of a graceful comely mien, or preſence.

APESADUMBRA'R, v. a. to cauſe trouble or vexation.

APESA'R, adv. in ſpight of; to one's ſorrow.

APESARADAME'NTE, adv. grievouſly, vexatiouſly, anxiouſly.

APESARA'R, v. a. to grieve, to trouble,

APESGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſqueezing, weighing, or preſſing flat.
APESGA'R, v. a. to ſqueeze, weigh, or preſs flat.
Apeſgárſe, v. r. to be weighty, heavy.
APESTA'DO, adj. infected with the plague.
APESTA'R, v. a. to infect with the plague, thence to poiſon with a ſtench.
APETECEDO'R, ſ. m. f. one who deſires, or has an appetite for any thing.
APETECE'R, v. a. to have an appetite, or deſire for a thing, to covet, or long for.
APETECI'BLE, adj. that which excites the appetite, which is to be coveted, or deſired.
APETI'BLE, adj. vid. *APETECIBLE*.
APETENCI'A, ſ. f. the deſire or coveting any thing.
APETITI'VO, adj. belonging to the deſiring or coveting any thing.
APETI'TO, ſ. m. appetite, deſire, covetouſneſs.
APETITO'SO, adj. to be coveted, or deſired, a thing exciting the apetite; alſo one that has a fancy for every thing he ſees.

A P H

APHA'CA, ſ. f. vetches or tares.
APHE'LIO, ſ. m. that part of the orbit of a planet in which it is at the point remoteſt from the ſun.
APHE'RESIS, ſ. f. a figure in rhetorick, when a letter or a ſyllable is taken from the beginning of a word.
APHORI'SMO, ſ. m. aphoriſm, general rule.

A P I

APIADA'DO, adj. that has taken compaſſion or pity, become tender hearted.
APIADAR, v. a. to take pity, to have compaſſion, or to move pity, or compaſſion.
Apiadárſe, v. r. to be compaſſionate.
APIA'STRO, ſ. m. the herb called crows-foot.
APICARA'DO, adj. roguish, knavish.
A'PICE, ſ. m. a jot, a tittle, the leaſt thing that may be.
A'pice, ſ. m. the height, top, ſummit, perfection; alſo a very ſmall object.
Eſtar en los apices, to have a perfect knowledge of any art or ſcience.
APIÇOS PARDOS, adv. vid. *PICO*.
APIE JUNTILLAS, adv. *PIE'*.
APIE'RNA SUE'LTA, adv. vid. *PIE'RNA*.
APILA'R, v. a. to heap, thruſt, or mould together.
Apilárſe la génte, to run into a throng.
APILA'SCO, adv. caſt into large ingots.
APIñADU'RA, ſ. f. } a clinging or
APIñAMIENTO, ſ. m. } ſticking cloſe together.
APIñA'R, v. a. to cling, ſtick, or run cloſe together, to cloſe as hard as a pine-apple.
A'PIO, ſ. m. ſmallage, or water parſley.
A'pio, ſ. m. celery, an herb much uſed in winter ſallads, a ſpecies of parſley.
APIOLA'R, v. a. to tie, or hold down by the foot, to hang.
API'QUE, adv. upon the point, juſt ready, upon the brink; as *apique de perderſe*, upon the brink of perdition; *el navio ſe fue a pique*, the ship went to the bottom, or was ſunk.
APISONA'R, v. a. to ram down, to ſqueeſe or compreſs.
APITO'N, ſ. m. the bud of a flower before it bloſſoms.
APITONA'DO, adj budded; alſo paſſionate, haſty, or furious.
APITONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. budding; alſo paſſion, haſtineſs, or fury.
APITONA'R, v. n. to peep out, to begin showing itſelf, it is ſaid of the horns of cattle.
Apitonárſe, v. r. to be ſo enraged as not to know what one does.

A P L

APLACA'BLE, adj. that may be appeaſed, aſſuaged, mitigated.
APLACADO'R, ſ. m. a peacemaker.
APLACAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the peace that is made.
APLACA'R, v. a. to appeaſe, or pacify.
Aplaca el tiempo, the ſtorm is over.
APLACENTA'R, v. a. to pleaſe, to delight.
APLACE'R, v. n. to pleaſe.
A placér, adv. at pleaſure.
APLACI'BLE, adj. pleaſing, delightful.
APLACIE'NTE, adj. affable, agreable, pleaſing.
APLANAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the planing or ſmoothing any thing.
APLANA'R, v. a. to ſmooth, or plane.
Aplanárſe, v. r. to fall down; alſo to be aſtonished and ſtupified.
APLANCHA'R, v. a. to make even, ſmooth, or plain.
APLASTA'R, v. a. to ſquat, ſqueeze, or flat together, to mould with the hands or feet.
APLAUDI'R, v. a. to rejoice, or clap hands, to give praiſe; alſo to applaud.
APLA'USO, ſ. m. applauſe, approbation.
APLAYA'R, v. n. to overflow.
APLAZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an appointment, a ſet time.
APLAZA'R, v. a. to appoint a day, to warn to a day.
APLICA'BLE, adj. applicable, fit, apt, proper.
APLICAÇIO'N, ſ. f. application.
APLICADE'RO, adj. that may be applied.
APLICADO'R, ſ. m. one that applies.
APLICA'R, v. a. to apply.

Aplicárſe, v. r. to be diligent, to be careful, induſtrious.

Aplicar a uno, a una coſa, to ſet one upon a thing.

Aplicar el oido, to tend attention.

APLOMA'DO, adj. heavy as lead, leaded, like lead, dull, lumpiſh; alſo upright, or perpendicular.

APLOMA'R, v. a. to cover, or ſolder with lead; alſo to ſet upright, or perpendicular with a plummet.

Aplomárſe, v. r. to be at a ſtand, to know not what to ſay or do.

A P O

APO'CA, ſ. f. an acquittance or diſcharge.

APOCADAME'NTE, adv. meanly, abjectly, of little value.

APOCA'DO, adj. made little, or of ſmall value, leſſened, of little worth; alſo mean-ſpirited.

APOCADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who leſſens or diminiſhes.

APOCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. leſſening; alſo meanneſs of ſpirit.

APOCA'R, v. a. to leſſen, to make ſmall account of, or undervalue; to become mean-ſpirited.

Apocárſe, v. r. to be leſſened; alſo to deſpiſe one's ſelf, to undervalue one's ſelf.

APOCE'MA, ſ. f. a decoction.

APO'CHA, ſ. f. a receipt given on payment.

APO'COPE, ſ. f. a figure in poetry, which takes a ſyllable from the end of a word.

APOCRYPHO, adj. apocryphal, fabulous, uncertain.

APODADE'RO, ſ. m. joke, banter, pun.

APODA'DO, adj. reflected on, jeſted at.

APODADO'R, ſ. m. one that is full of jeſts, and biting words; a banterer, a jeſter.

APODAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a reflection, or jeſt.

APODA'R, v. a. to reflect on, to jeſt upon another, to uſe witty ſharp expreſſions.

APODENCADO, adj belonging to a ſetting dog.

APODERA'R, v. a. or *APODERA'RSE*, v. r. to take or give power, or poſſeſſion, to enable, to poſſeſs.

APO'DO, ſ. m. a witty jeſt, or reflection upon another.

APODO'SIS, ſ. f. a figure in rhetorick, called reddition.

APOGE'O, ſ. m. apogee, or apogeum, a point in the heavens, where the ſun or planet is at the greateſt diſtance poſſible from the earth.

APOLILLA'DO, adj. moth-eaten.

APOLILLADU'RA, ſ. f. eating, or the hole made by a moth.

APOLILLA'RSE, v. r. to be moth-eaten.

APOLLA'R, v. a. to ſet the hen upon her eggs.

APOLOGETI'CO, adj. belonging to an apology.

APOLOGI'A, ſ. f. an apology.

APOLOGI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who writes apologies.

APOLOGIZA'R, v. a. to defend any one's cauſe by ſpeaking or writing.

APO'LOGO, ſ. m. a fable, a tale, in which we make birds, beaſts, and things inanimate to ſpeak.

APOLTRONA'RSE, v. r. to grow lazy, and idle.

APOMAZA'R, v. a. to rub the canvaſs with the pumice-ſtone, as painters do.

APOPHASIS, ſ. f. a figure by which the orator ſeems to wave what he would plainly inſinuate.

APO'PHISIS, ſ. f. the prominent parts of ſome bones.

APOPHTHE'GMA, ſ. m. an apophthegm, a ſhort and remarkable ſaying.

APOPLETI'CO, adj. belonging to an apoplexy.

APOPLEXI'A, ſ. f. apoplexy.

APOQUECE'R, v. a. vid. *APOCA'R*.

APORCA'DO, adj. dug in ridges, or little hillocks, or made in trenches.

APORCADU'RA, ſ. f. raiſing ridges, or hillocks, or making little trenches.

APORCA'R, v. a. to make little ridges, to throw up earth about plants to keep the roots warm, or make little furrows to drain away the water.

APORFI'A, adv. contentiouſly, vying, ſtriving to outdo one another.

APORI'SMA, ſ. f. an inflammation after being let blood.

APORRA'R, v. a. vid. *APORREA'R*.

APORREADU'RA, ſ. f. / *APORREAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. } a beating.

APORREA'R, v. a. to beat.

Aporreárſe, v. r. to beat one's ſelf; alſo to faint with wearineſs.

Aporrearſe en la jaula, aporrear la jaula, to tire in vain.

APORRI'LLO, adv. abundantly, copiouſly, plentifully.

APORTADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. panniers or packs carried by horſes or mules.

APORTAMIENTO, ſ. m. arriving.

APORTA'R, v. n. to arrive, to come into a port.

APORTELLA'DO, ſ. m. the name of an honourable ancient dignity in Spain.

APORTILLA'R, v. a. to break open, or to batter down, to make a breach.

APOSE'MA, ſ. m. a phyſical potion, a decoction.

APOSENTA'DO, adj. lodged, quartered, billetted.

APOSENTADO'R, ſ. m. a harbinger.

Aposentadór de exercito, a quartermaſter.

APOSENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a lodging, or quartering.

APOSENTA'R, v. a. to lodge, to quarter.

Aposentár árboles, to plant trees in rows.

APOSENTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little chamber.

APOSE'NTO, ſ. m. a chamber, lodging, or quarters.

Aposénto de nao, a dock where ships are built; alſo a cabbin in a ship.

APOSIOPE'SIS, ſ. f. a figure in rhetorick, when one through anger or earneſtneſs leaves out a part of a ſentence.

APOSPE'LO, adv. oppoſitely, violently.

APOSSESSIONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. putting into poſſeſſion.

APOSSESSIONA'R v. a. to put into poſſeſſion.

Apoſſeſſionárſe, v. r. to take poſſeſſion.

APOSTADA'ME'NTE, adv. purpoſely, deſignedly.

APOSTA'L, ſ. m. a fit place to catch fish.

APOSTAMIE'NTOS, ſ. m. pl. obſ. furniture, or ornaments.

APOSTA'R, v. a. to lay a wager; alſo to poſt a ſentinel, or body of men.

APOSTASI'A, ſ. f. apoſtacy, departure from what a man has profeſſed.

APO'STATA, ſ. m. f. an apoſtate, one that renounces his religion.

APOSTATA'R, v. a. to apoſtatize, to renounce one's religion.

APOSTE'MA, ſ. f. an apoſtume, apoſteme, or impoſtume, a ſwelling; an abſceſs.

APOSTEMACIO'N, ſ. f. the gathering of a purulent tumour, an apoſtemation.

APOSTEMA'R, v. a. to apoſtemate, to ſwell and corrupt into matter.

Apoſtemárſe, v. r. to be apoſtemated.

APOSTIA, ſ. f. calumny, falſhood.

APOSTILLA'R, v. a. to illuſtrate with marginal notes.

APO'STOL, ſ. m. an apoſtle.

APOSTOLA'DO, *APOSTOLA'ZGO*, ſ. m. apoſtleſhip.

APOSTOLICA'L, adj. vid. *APOSTO'LICO*.

APOSTOLICAME'NTE, adv. apoſtolically.

APOSTO'LICO, adj. apoſtolical, or belonging to the apoſtles.

APO'STOLO, ſ. m. vid. *APO'STOL*.

APO'STROPHE, ſ. m. a figure when we turn our diſcourſe from thoſe we ſpeak to, to the abſent; alſo a dash with the pen, being a note of cutting off a letter, as when we write *believ'd*, for *believed*.

APOSTU'RA, ſ. f. handſomeneſs, comelineſs.

APOTHE'CA, ſ. f. an apothecary's ſhop.

APOTHECA'RIO, ſ. m. an apothecary.

APOYA'R, v. a. to maintain, to ſupport, to prop.

Apoyárſe, v. r. to be ſupported, maintained.

APO'YO, ſ. m. ſupport, prop; alſo help, protection, favour.

A P R

APRACA'R, v. a. to appeaſe, aſſuage, mitigate.

APRECI'ABLE, adj. praiſe worthy, commendable, laudable.

APRECIADAME'NTE, adv. commendably, praiſe worthily.

APRECIADO'R, ſ. m. an appraiſer, one that ſets a rate or value on goods.

APRECIADU'RA, ſ. f. prizing, valuing, ſetting a rate.

APRECIA'R, v. a. to prize, to value, to ſet a rate; to eſteem.

APRECIATI'VO, adj. commendable, laudable.

APRECIO, ſ. m. price, value, eſteem.

APREGONA'R, v. a. to cry.

APREHENDE'R, v. a. to apprehend, to conceive; alſo to ſuſpect, or be apprehenſive, to lay hold of.

APREHENDEDO'R, ſ. m. one that apprehends, conceives, or is apprehenſive.

APREHENSIO'N, ſ. f. apprehenſion, fear, ſuſpicion of ſomething.

APREHENSI'VO, adj. apprehenſive, fearful, ſuſpicious.

APREMIADAME'NTE, adv. violently, by compulſion, or force.

APREMIADO'R, ſ. m. one that forces or compels.

APREMIADU'RA, ſ. f. force, compulſion.

APREMIAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vid. *APREMIO*.

APREMIA'R, v. a. to force, to compel.

APRE'MIO, ſ. m. force, compulſion, violence.

APRENDE'R, v. a. to learn.

APRENDIGO'N, ſ. m. a beginner, a novice, an apprentice, an un experienced attempter, a learner.

APRENDI'Z, ſ. m. an apprentice.

APRENDIZA'SGO, ſ. m. apprenticeship.

APRENSADO'R, ſ. m. a preſſer.

APRENSA'R, v. a. to preſs; alſo to diſtreſs, to moleſt.

APRESA'R, v. a. to preſs one againſt his will; alſo to take him priſoner.

APRESENTA'R, v. a. vid. *PRESENTA'R*.

APRESTADO'R, ſ. m. one that prepares or makes ready.

APRESTADU'RA, ſ. f. preparing, or making ready.

APRESTA'R, v. a. to prepare, to make ready.

APRESTO, ſ. m. a preparation.

APRESURACIO'N, ſ. f. readineſs, diſpatch, diligence, celerity.

APRESURADAME'NTE, adv. haſtily.

APRESURADO'R, ſ. m. one that haſtens.

APRESURAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. haſting.

APRESURA'R, or *APRESSURA'R*, v. a. to haſten, to make haſte.

Apreſurárſe, v. r. to be expeditious, quick, or ſpeedy.

APRETADAME'NTE, adv. cloſely, preſſingly, forcibly.

APRETADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. ropes that we uſe to bind any thing.

APRETADO'N, ſ. m. the cant word for a doublet.
APRETADO'R, ſ. m. a woman's girdle, alſo a ſilver and gold wire women wore on the head.
Apretadór, ſ. m. a rammer, ſuch as paviors uſe to ram in the ſtones with.
APRETADU'RA, ſ. f. } a
APRETAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } ſqueezing, preſſing ſtreightning; alſo affliction, ſorrow, grief.
APRETA'NTE, ſ. m. in cant, a sharper at play, who lets his cully win a while, and then ſqueezes him.
APRETA'R, v. a. to ſqueeze, preſs, ſtreighten, or cloſe; alſo to purſue and moleſt.
Apretar con uno, to hold, to ſeize one.
Apretár la mano, to confirm a promiſe.
Apretár las ſoletas, to run, to fly.
Apretár las cinchas, to girt a horſe tight.
APRETO'N, ſ. m. a ſudden preſſing exigency; alſo a short ſwift race; alſo affliction.
APRETU'RA, ſ. f. ſtreightneſs; a throng, a preſſing circumſtance.
APRIE'SSA, adv. haſtily, quickly.
APRIE'TO, ſ. m. danger, preſſing circumſtance, difficulty.
APRI'MAS, adv. chiefly, firſt of all.
APRISA, adv. in a hurry, quickly.
APRISA'R, v. n. to catch fire, to take fire.
APRISCA'R, v. a. to put into a sheepfold.
APRI'SCO, ſ. m. a sheepfold.
APRISONA'R, v. a. to impriſon, to fetter.
APRI'SO, ſ. m. ob. vid. *APR'ISCO*.
APRO, ſ. m. a boar. Uſed only by poets.
APROA'R, v. a. to ſteer a ship.
APROBACIO'N, ſ. f. approbation, conſent, liking.
APROBADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who approves.
APROBA'R, v. a. to approve, to allow, to conſent, to like.
APRO'CHES, ſ. m. pl. the approaches at a ſiege.
APRONTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. preparation, the act of making ready what will ſoon be wanting.
APRONTA'R, v. a. to make ready, to put in order.
APRO'NTO, vid. *APRONTAMIENTO*.
APROPINQUA'R, v. a. to approach, to draw near.
APROPO'SITO, vid. *PROPOSITO*.
APROPRIACIO'N, ſ. f. appropriation, applying, adapting.
APROPIA'R, v. a. to appropriate, apply, adapt, fit.
Apropriarſe, v. r. to adapt any thing to one's ſelf.
APROVACIO'N, vid. *APROBACIO'N*.
APROVA'R, v. a. vid. *APROBA'R*.
APROVECE'R, v. n. vid. *APROVECHA'R*.
APROVECHADAME'NTE, adv. profitably, uſefully.
APROVECHAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. profit, gain, advantage.
APROVECHA'R, v. n. to ſave, to improve, to put to good uſe, to profit.
Aprovechárſe, v. r. to be put to good uſe, to be profitable.
APROVECHO'SO, adj. profitable, uſeful beneficial.
APROVECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vid. *APROVECHA'MIENTO*.
APROVEE'R, v. a. vid. *PROVEE'R*.
APROXIMACIO'N, ſ. f. approaching, or drawing near.
APROXIMA'R, v. a. to approach, to draw near.
APRUE'VA, adv. upon trial.

A P S

APSIDES, ſ. m. apſides, the higher apſis is called aphelion, or apogee, the lower periphelion, or perigee.

A P T

APTAME'NTE, adv. fitly, properly, aptly.
APTITU'D, ſ. f. aptneſs, readineſs, capacity.
APTO, adj. apt, ready, capable.
APTU'NO, ſ. m. autumn. Obſ.

A P U

APUE'STA, ſ. f. a wager.
APUESTAME'NTE, adv. elegantly, delicately, nobly, gracefully.
APUESTO, adj. ſeaſonable, opportune, in right time.
Apueſto, ſ. m. gracefulneſs, neatneſs.
APUñADA'R, v. a. to ſtrike with the fiſt.
APUñA'R, v. a. to graſp in the fiſt..
APUñADU'RA, ſ. f. a graſp.
APUñEADU'RA, ſ. f. a beating, or buffeting.
APUñEAR, v. a. to beat or buffet.
APUñETEA'R, v. a. to beat with the fiſt.
APUNTACIO'N, ſ. f. annotation, note.
APUNTADO'R, ſ. m. an obſerver, one that points out, or directs, or one that takes notice of faults.
APUNTALA'R, v. a. to prop, or ſhore up, to underſet, to ſupport.
APUNTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an advice, remembrance; alſo pointing, and agreement.
APUNTA'R, v. a. to appoint, to point out, to mark, alſo to ſharpen, to edge.
Apuntárſe, v. r. to grow ſour.
APUNTILLA'R, v. a. to kick, to ſpur.
APU'NTO, adv. ready.
APUñUSCA'R, v. a. to gripe roughly in the fiſt, to rumple, to ſqueeze.
APURADAME'NTE, adv. cleanly, abſolutely, or of neceſſity.
APURADE'RO, adv. cleanly, abſolutely, or of neceſſity.
APURADE'RO, ſ. m. a clear or manifeſt proof of any thing.
APURADO'R, ſ. m. one who drives another to extremity; alſo one

that ſearches out the truth of any thing.

APURAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. draining; alſo purifying, and driving to extremity.

APURA'R, v. a. to drain, to purify, to drive to extremity; alſo to examine, to drain, and to provoke.

Apurár la paciencia, to try a man's patience.

Apurár un hombre, to preſs a man hard.

APU'RO, ſ. m. vid. *APURAMIENTO*.

A Q U

AQUADRILLA'R, v. a. to conduct a ſquadron of ſoldiers.

AQUANTIA'DO, adj. belonging to quantity, equalling in quantity.

AQUA'RIO, ſ. m. the eleventh ſign in the zodiac.

AQUARTELAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the place where ſoldiers are quartered.

AQUARTELA'R, v. a. to quarter ſoldiers, to appoint them quarters.

AQUA'TICO, adj. watery, or that belongs to the water.

AQUA'TIL, adj. that lives in the water.

AQUATI'SMO, ſ. m. an ocean, or congregation of waters. Obſ.

AQUATO'CHO, ſ. m. vid. *AGUATO'CHO*.

AQUE'DA, adv. as, *tañér á qué da*, to ring the bell which ſets the watch at night.

AQUEDADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſtops, or ſtays; that ſtills or quiets.

AQUEDA'R, v. a. to ſtay or ſtop, to ſtill or quiet.

AQUEDU'CTO, ſ. m. an aqueduct.

AQUEJADAME'NTE, adv. anxiouſly, vexatiouſly, haſtily.

AQUEJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. haſtineſs, anxiety.

AQUEJA'R, v. a. to haſten, to preſs.

AQUEJOSAME'NTE, adv. anxiouſly.

AQUE'L, pron. that man.

AQUELLA, pron. that woman.

AQUE'LLO, pron. that thing.

AQUE'NDE, adv. obſ. on this ſide.

AQUEO, adj watery, or belonging to water.

AQUE'SSO, adv. that.

AQUE'STA, pron. that woman.

AQUE'STE, pron. this man.

AQUE'STO, pron. this thing.

AQUI, adv. here; alſo now.

AQUIESCE'NCIA, ſ. f. agreement, condeſcenſion.

AQUIETAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. quieting, ſtilling; pacifying.

AQUIETA'R, v. a. to quiet, ſtill, or pacify.

A'QUILA, vid. *AGUILA*.

AQUILATA'R, v. a. to refine or purify gold.

AQUILE'ñO, vid. *AGUILE'ñO*.

Aquileño, ſ. m. a man apt or fit to be a thief.

AQUILI'FER, ó *AQUILI'FERO*, ſ. an ancient enſign, a cornet.

AQUILI'NO, the ſame as *aquileño*.

AQUI'LLA, ſ. f. the keel of a ſhip.

AQUILLOTRA'DO, adj. a clownish word; deſperately. in love.

AQUILO'N, ſ. m. the north.

AQUILONA'R, adj. belonging to the north.

AQUISTAR, v. a. to acquire, to get, to obtain.

AQUITI'BI, ſ. m. a burleſque name given to each of the porters, who, dreſſed like ſextons, carry the repreſentations of the inſtruments of our Saviour's paſſion in the proceſſion of Paſſionweek.

AQUO'SO, adj. full of water.

A R A

A'RA, ſ. f. an altar, or an altar-ſtone laid on the altar where maſs is ſaid; alſo, a conſtellation ſo called.

ARA'DA, ſ. f. a ploughed field.

ARADO, ſ. m. a plough.

Arádo coméro, a crooked plough.

ARADO'R, ſ. m. plougher, ploughman.

ARA'DRO, ſ. m. vid. *ARA'DO*.

ARADU'RA, ſ. f. ploughing.

ARAGA'N, adj. vid. *HARAGA'N*.

ARA'IZ, ſ. f. vid. *RA'IZ*.

ARAJE'DA, ſ. f. the plough-ſtaff to cleanſe the coulther with.

ARA'LDO, ſ. m. vid. *HERA'LDO*.

ARA'M, ſ. m. braſs drawn or worked out to a length, as braſs wire. Obſ.

ARAMBE'L, ſ. m. a tattered cloth, a rag; ſometimes taken for the hanging of a room.

ARAMBRA'DO, adj. of a copper colour, or covered with copper.

ARAMBRA'R, v. a. to paint or dye of a copper colour, or to cover with copper.

ARA'MBRE, ſ. m. copper.

Hilo de arámbre, braſs or copper wire.

ARAMI'A, ſ. f. a ploughed field.

ARA'NA, deceit, craft.

ARANCE'L, ſ. m. a regulation of rates of proviſions; alſo ſetting the duties paid on goods in the cuſtom-houſe; alſo, a method, a rule.

ARANDA'NO, ſ. m. the fruit of the ſervice-tree.

ARANDE'LA, ſ. f. a thing in the ſhape of a funnel, faſtened to the thick end of a lance to defend the man's hand; it is alſo a ſort of band worn by women.

ARA'NDES, ſ. f. pl. ſtrawberries.

ARANEA, ſ. f. the tunicle of the eye, that contains the cryſtalline humour.

ARANIE'GO, adj. a hawk that has been taken in a net.

ARANZA'DA, ſ. f. an acre, or about the ſame quantity of ground, or land.

ARA'ñA, ſ. f. a ſpider. It is alſo a branch to hang in the middle of a room with many candles; and in ſome places a crab; alſo an induſtrious diligent man.

Prov. *Al aráña hurtó la ruéca el diáblo, porque ſaque la téla del rábo*, the devil ſtole the ſpider's diſtaff, that she might draw her

thread through her tail; this they ſay to any that do things prepoſterouſly.

ARAñADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſcratches.

ARAñADURA, ſ. f. a ſcratching or clawing.

ARAñA'R, v. a. to ſcratch, to claw; alſo to be a miſer, a ſcrape-penny.

ARAñE'TA, ſ. f. a little ſpider.

ARAñENTO, adj. full of ſpiders.

ARAñIEGO, ſ. m. a kind of kite ſo called.

ARAñITA, ſ. f. a little ſpider.

ARAñO, ſ. m. a ſcratch.

ARAñUE'LA, ſ. f. diminut. of *aráña*.

ARAñUE'LO. ſ. m. a ſnare, a net to catch birds in.

ARANZE'L, a ſcroll, a roll of paper, a muſter-roll, a liſt; alſo a proclamation ſettling the rates of proviſions.

ARA'R, v. a. to plough.

Arár el már, metaph. to plough the ſeas, to ſail; it is alſo called ploughing, becauſe the ſhip leaves a track behind her, as the plough does a furrow.

ARASA'R, v. a. vid. *ARRASA'R*.

ARASTRA'R, v. a. vid. *ARRASTRAR*.

ARASU'Z, adv. now, now for it.

ARATI'VO, adj. arable, fit for tillage.

ARATO'RIO, adj. contributing to tillage.

ARA'TOS, adv. now and then, by fits, at ſeveral times.

ARAVA'L, ſ. m. vid. *ARRABAL*.

A R B

ARBE'JA, ſ. f. the tare or vetch.

ARBITA'NA, ſ. f. vid. *ALBITA'NA*.

ARBITRADO'R, ſ. m. an arbitrator.

ARBITRA'L, adj. voluntarily left to one's own choice; arbitrary.

ARBITRAME'NTO, ſ. m. judgment, deciſion, determination.

ARBITRA'NTE, ſ. m. an arbitrator, an umpire.

ARBITRA'R, v. a. to arbitrate, to decide.

ARBITRARIAME'NTE, adv. deciſively, determinately, peremptorily.

ARBITRARIO, adj. that is, or may be put to arbitration; alſo arbitrary.

ARBITRE'RO, adj. obſtinate, ſtiff in opinion, froward, pertinacious.

ARBITRIA'NO, ſ. m. an arbitrator an umpire Obſ.

ARBI'TRIO, ſ. m. a man's will, opinion, or deciſion; alſo a project.

ARBITRI'STA, ſ. m. a projector.

ARBITRO, ſ. m. an arbitrator, umpire.

A'RBOL, ſ. m. a tree, a maſt of a ship.

Arbol del parayſo, vid. *ALHEñA*.

Arbol triſte, a tree growing in ſeveral parts of *India*.

Arbol mayor, the main-maſt of a ship.

Arbol de proa ó de trinquete, the fore-maſt.

Arbol de mezána, the mizzen-maſt, the maſt in the ſtern of a ship.

Arbol de la camiſa, the body of a ſhirt, alſo a tool uſed by watch-makers.

Prov. *Quien a buen arbol ſe arrima, buena ſombra la cobija*, he that leans againſt a good tree, has a good ſhade over him; that is, he that relies on good worthy people reaps a benefit.

ARBOLA'DO, ſ. m. in cant, a tall man.

Arboládo, adj. ſet upright as a tree, raiſed or lifted up.

ARBOLA'R, v. a. to maſt a ship, to ſet upright.

Arbolár vandéra, to ſet up, or to hoiſt, or hold up the colours, to diſplay them.

ARBO'LARIO, ſ. m. vid. *HERBOLARIO*.

ARBOLA'ZO, ſ. m. a great tree.

ARBOLCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little tree, a ſhrub.

ARBOLEC'ER, v. n. to grow up to a tree.

ARBOLECI'CO, ſ. m. vide *ARBOLECILLO*.

ARBOLE'DA, ſ. f. a grove of trees.

ARBOLEDE'RO, ſ. m. one that looks to an orchard, or a wood.

ARBOLE'TE, ſ. m. a lime-twig.

ARBOLI'LLO, diminut. of *árbol*.

ARBOLI'STA, ſ. m. a gardener, a dreſſer or planter of trees.

ARBOLLON, ſ. m. a drain to draw off water.

ARBORA'DO, adj. full of trees, or ſhaded with trees.

ARBORA'R, v. n. to grow up to trees; alſo as *arbolár*.

ARBORBO'LA, ſ. f. a tumult, an up roar.

ARBOSANTE, ſ. m. a ſhort ladder, alſo a prop to ſupport any building.

ARBU'STO, ſ. m. a little tree, a ſhrub.

A R C

A'RCA, ſ. f. a cheſt, a bin to keep bread and corn, a great ciſtern to keep water.

Arca del pan, a bin for bread; metaph. the belly.

Arca de Noé, Noah's ark; metaph. any place or cheſt that contains all ſorts of things.

Prov. *En arca de avariénto, el diáblo yáze dentro*, the devil lies in a covetous man's cheſt.

Prov. *En arca ablertá el júſto péca*, the juſt man ſins by an open cheſt; opportunity makes the thief.

Sangrár á uno de la vena del arca, to trick any one out of his money.

Prov. *Ni ojo en lá cárta, ni mano en el arca*, neither look into writing paper, nor put your hand into another man's purſe; that is, be not impertinently curious to obſerve what does not belong to you.

ARCABUCEA'DO, adj. ſhot.

ARCABUCEA'R, v. a. to ſhoot.

ARCABUCERI'A, ſ. f. the infan-

try who made uſe of an engine to shoot darts or ſtones out of. Obſ.

ARCABUCE'RO, ſ. m. an engineer; a maker of military engines. Obſ.

ARCABU'CO, ſ. m. a great thick wood of trees.

ARCABU'Z, ſ. m. a musket.

ARCABUZA'ZO, ſ. m. a musket-shot.

ARCABUZERI'A, ſ. f. musketeers a body of them.

ARCABUZE'RO, ſ. m. a musketeer.

ARCACHO'FA, ſ. f. vide *ALCACHO'FA*.

ARCA'DA, ſ. f. straining or reaching to vomit.

Eſtár uno dando arcádas, to be in the pangs of death.

ARCADE'RO, ſ. m. a cheſt-maker, a joiner.

ARCADO'R, ſ. m. vide *ARQUEADOR*.

ARCADU'CES, ſ. m. pl. buckets fixed to the wheel of a water-mill to draw up water in.

ARCADU'Z, ſ. m. a pipe, or conduit for water, an aqueduct, a pot, whereof they tie a great many to a rope ſet round a wheel to draw up water.

Arcadúz, a mark or token of the affections of the mind; alſo a buſy-body flatterer or pimp.

ARCADUZA'R, v. a. to lay pipes, or other conveniencies to carry water; metaph. to contrive and lay the method to carry on any buſineſs.

ARCANIDAD, ſ. f. a ſecret.

ARCA'NO, adj. ſecret, concealed, hidden, undiſcon vered.

ARCA'Z, ſ. m. a man's cheſt, or breaſt, all that part of him which is shut in by the ribs; alſo a great trunk or cheſt.

Arcáz, ſ. m. a great cheſt.

ARCE, ſ. f. the bladder-nut.

Arce, ſ. m. a tower.

ARCE'A, ſ. f. a wood-cock, or a ſnipe.

ARCEBI'SBE, ſ. m. obſ. an archbishop.

ARCEDIANA'ZGO, ſ. m. an archdeaconship.

ARCEDIA'NO, ſ. m. an archdeacon.

ARCE'N, ſ. m. vide *ARZE'N*.

ARCE'RO, ſ. m. vide *ARCHERO*.

A'RCHA, ſ. f. the blade of the weapon uſed by archers anciently.

ARCHA'NGEL, ſ. m. an archangel; pronounce *arcángel*.

ARCHE'RO, ſ. m. an archer; alſo one of the King of Spain's guard, a yeoman of the guard.

ARCHERUE'LO, ſ. m. a little archer, or ſmall yeoman of the guard.

ARCHE'TYPO, ſ. m. original, model, pattern. Pronounce *arkétypo*.

ARCHIBA'NCO, ſ. m. a table, or a ſeat with a drawer under it.

ARCHI'BO, ſ. m. vide *ARCHI'VO*.

ARCHIBRIBO'N, ſ. m. a maſter beggar, the chief of the mumpers.

ARCHIDIA'BLO, ſ. m. a grand or arch-devil.

ARCHIDUCA'DO, ſ. m. an archdukedom.

ARCHIDU'QUE, ſ. m. an archduke.

ARCHIDUQUE'SA, ſ. m. an archdutcheſs.

ARCHIGA'TO, ſ. m. the chief among the cats; a word uſed jocoſely.

ARCHILAU'D, ſ. m. a large lute.

ARCHIMANDRI'TA, ſ. m. a ſuperior of religious men.

ARCHIPIE'LAGO, ſ. m. the Archipelago, a part of the Mediterranean Sea which is full of iſlands.

ARCHIPOBRE, ſ. m. the chief of the beggars or mumpers.

ARCHIPOE'TA, ſ. m. the prince of poets.

ARCHPRE'STE, ſ. m. an archprieſt, or chief-prieſt.

ARCHISYNAGOGO, ſ. m. the chief of the ſynagogue.

ARCHITE'CTO, or *ARCHITE'TO*, ſ. m. an architect.

ARCHITECTU'RA, ſ. f. architecture.

ARCHITRA'VE, ſ. m. architrave, the maſter or principal beam in any ſtructure; in ſtone-work it is that part which lies immediately upon the columns, and ſupports the ſtructure.

ARCHITRICLI'NO, ſ. m. he that orders and takes care of a feaſt.

ARCHITYRA'NO, ſ. m. an archtyrant.

ARCHIVA'R, v. a. to have any thing recorded; to keep it in the archives.

ARCHIVE'RO, ſ. m. the maſter of the records.

ARCHIVI'STA, ſ. m. a keeper of the records.

ARCHI'VO, ſ. m. an archive, a place where records are kept.

Archivo, the perſon who keeps a ſecret.

ARCI'LLA, ſ. f. clay.

ARCILLO'SO, adj. belonging to clay.

ARCIPRETA'ZGO, ſ. m. the dignity or juriſdiction of the chief-prieſt.

ARCIPRE'STE, vide *ARCHIPRE'STE*.

A'RCO, ſ. m. a bow; alſo an arch.

Arco entéro, an arch that is a complete ſemicircle, whoſe chord is the whole diameter.

Arco diminuído, an arch that is leſs than a ſemicircle, and therefore its chord is leſs than a ſemidiameter.

Arco compuéſto, an arch compoſed of two ſmall arches, which meeting at the top cut one another there, and form an angle.

ARCO'LA, ſ. f. a ſort of coarſe canvas.

ARCO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *arca*, a great cheſt.

ARCTICO, adj. belonging to the north pole.

ARCTU'RO, a ſtar in the heavens ſo called.

A R D

A'RDA, ſ. f. a ſquirrel.

ARDALEA'R, v. n. to grow thin, (ſpeaking of grapes.)

ARDENTIA

ARDENTI'A, ſ. f. the light cauſed by the waves in a tempeſt; a ſeaterm.

ARDE'OLA, ſ. f. a little heron.

ARDE'R, v. n. to burn, to flame. to blaze.

ARDI'D, ſ. m. a ſtratagem and cunning contrivance.

ARDIDAME'NTE, adv. bravely, couragiouſly.

ARDIDE'ZA, ſ. f. magnanimity, bravery; alſo cunning, craft.

ARDI'DO, adj. burnt; ſet on fire; alſo hot in temper, haſty.

ARDIDO'SO, adj. ſagacious, acute, quick ſighted; alſo ſtout valiant, couragious.

ARDI'ENTE, adj. burning hot, alſo paſſionate and bright.

ARDIENTEME'NTE, adv. hotly fiercely.

Ardienteménte, adv. bravely, couragiouſly.

ARDI'LLA, ſ. f. dim. of *arda*.

ARDIME'NTO, ſ. m. heat, burning; alſo a fiery temper, boldneſs, courage, an earneſt deſire.

ARDI'TE, ſ. m. a piece of copper money formerly in ſpain, worth three maravedies.

No vale un ardite, no ſe me dd un ardite, no ſe eſtima en un ardite, not worth a doit. I don't value it a pin, it is not worth a pin.

ARDO'R, ſ. m. heat, burning, a flame, or blaze; alſo eagerneſs, boldneſs.

ARDUAME'NTE, adv. difficultly.

ARDUIDA'D, ſ. f. difficulty, hard labour, great pains.

A'RDUO, adj. difficult.

A R E

A'REA, ſ. f. the area, or ſuperficial contents of any thing; alſo in geometry, the ſurface between any line.

ARECE'R, v. a. vide *SECAR*.

ARE'ITO, ſ. m. a kind of dance.

ARE'NA, ſ. f. ſand.

Dár cálza de aréna, to take a heavy revenge on a man.

Eſcribir en la aréna to write on ſand; to make ſlight of what one hears.

Sembrár en la arená, to ſow on the ſand; to labour in vain.

Contar las arénas, to count the ſands; to undertake impoſſibilities.

Ay mas de tal cóſa que de aréna, there is more of ſuch a thing than of ſand; that is, there is great plenty.

Prov. *Comer aréna antes que hacér vilézа*, to eat ſand, rather than do a baſe action; that is, to ſuffer all extremities.

ARENA'L, ſ. m. a ſandy place, a ſandpit, or the ſands on the ſhore.

ARENALI'LLO, ſ. m. diminut. of *arenál*.

ARENCA'DO, adj. like a herring, or taſting of herring; as dry as a herring.

ARENCO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *aréngue*.

ARE'NGA, ſ. f. a long ſpeech, or a tale.

ARENGA'DO, adj. belonging to a ſpeech foolishly or idly uttered.

ARENGA'R, v. n. to make an oration.

ARENI'LLA, ſ. f. ſmall ſand.

Arenillas, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of dice that have no ſpots, but upon one ſide.

ARENI'SCO, *ARENOSO*, adj. ſandy.

ARE'NQUE, ſ. m. a herring.

Aréngue ahumádo, a red herring.

ARENQUI, ſ. the name of a liquor diſtilled from dates.

ARENQUE'RO, ſ. m. one that ſells herrings.

ARE'STA, ſ. f. the coarſeſt ſort of flax.

ARESTI'N, ſ. m. a diſeaſe in a horſe's paſterns, called the ſcratches; in children a ſcald head.

A R F

ARFA'R, v. n. to plunge, or roll as a ship does,

Arfár el navio, the ship plunges ſometimes a-head, and ſometimes a-ſtern.

ARFI'L, ſ. m. the biſhop at cheſs.

A R G

ARGADI'JO, *ARGADI'LLO*, *ARGADI'XO*, ſ. m. a reel, to reel thread or yarn on; or any ſuch frame made of ſmall ſticks; alſo a buſy body.

ARGA'DO, ſ. m. a ſhuffle, a trick.

Prov. *Argádo ſobre argádo, y no miél ſobre ojuélas*; reel upon reel, and no honey upon fritters, that is, toil upon toil, or misfortune upon misfortune, and nothing to ſweeten them.

ARGALI'A, ſ. f. obſ. a ſyringe.

ARGAMANDE'L, ſ. m. a tattered rag.

ARGAMANDI'JO, ſ. m. a reel, or any ſuch frame made of ſmall ſticks.

ARGAMA'SSA, ſ. f. a ſtiff clay, plaſter, ſtrong lime and ſand, cement, and mortar.

ARGAMASSA'R, v. a. to cover with cement, or mortar.

ARGANAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of panniers made of hemp, like a cloſe net, to carry corn on beaſts backs from the field, or any ſuch uſe; alſo a crane to draw up ſtones.

ARGANDIJO, ſ. a pair of yarn windles.

ARGANE'O, ſ. m. a little iron or braſs ring that boats are generally fixed to.

A'RGANO, ſ. m. an engine of many, arches, uſed formerly at the ſieges of towns.

ARGAVIE'SO, ſ. m. a ſtormy ſhower.

ARGA'YO, ſ. m. a great coat or cloak, which covers the reſt of the cloaths.

ARGE'L, ſ. m. a horſe with his off foot white, and no other white about him, which in Spain is looked upon as an ill mark.

Argél, adj. un fortunate, unhappy, alſo ſlavish.

ARGE'MA, ſ. f. a film that grows over a horſe's eye, either by the falling of humours, or cauſed by a blow.

ARGE'MONE, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.

ARGE'N, ſ. m. a cant word for plate, or money.

Argén vivo, quickſilver.

ARGE'NT, ſ. m. obſ. plate, ſilver.

ARGENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſilvers over; or plates, or adorns with ſilver.

ARGENTA'R, v. a. to ſilver over, to plate, or adorn with ſilver.

ARGENTERI'A, ſ. f. any veſſels of plate, or any garments adorned with plate.

ARGENTIFODI'NA, ſ. f. a ſilvermine.

ARGE'NTO VIVO, ſ. m. vide *ARGE'N VI'VO.*

ARGI'LLA, ſ. f. clay.

ARGO'LLA, ſ. f. a great iron ring to hold by, or for ſuch uſe.

Juégo de argólla, a game at which they drive a ball through a ring.

ARGOLLI'CA, } ſ. f. a ſmall
ARGOLLITA, } iron ring.

ARGOLLO'N, ſ. f. a very great maſſive iron ring.

ARGO'MA, ſ. f. a linden tree.

ARGONAVE, ſ. m. one of the ſixteen conſtellations.

ARGU'CIA, ſ. f. ſubtilty, briſkneſs, ſmartneſs.

ARGU'E, ſ. m. an inſtrument to draw up weights; a crane.

ARGUELLA'R, v. a to leſſen or diminiſh.

ARGUE'LLO, ſ. m. filth, uncleanneſs.

ARGUE'NA, ſ. f. a budget, bag, or wallet.

ARGUEñAS, ſ. f. pl. vide *ANGARILLAS.*

ARGUI'R, v. n. to argue, to diſpute; alſo to convince, and to accuſe, and reprove.

ARGU'LLO, *ARGULLO'SO*, *ARGULLOSAME'NTE*, vide *ORGULLO*, *ORGULLOSO*, *ORGULLOSAME'NTE.*

ARGUMENTACIO'N, ſ. f. argumentation, diſputation.

ARGUMENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that argues or diſputes.

ARGUMENTA'R, v. a. to argue, diſpute, or reaſon.

ARGUMENTI'LLO, ſ. m. diminut. of *argumento.*

ARGUME'NTO, ſ. m. an argument, a reaſon; alſo the brief contents of a book.

ARGUMENTO'SO, adj. diligent, ingenious.

ARGUTO, adj. ſharp, ready, quickwitted.

ARGUYE'NTE, ſ. m. he that argues, or diſputes.

A R I

A'RIA, ſ. f. vide *ARIETA.*

ARIBA'R, v. a. to wind up thread or yarn upon a reel.

ARI'BO, ſ. m. a reel for thread or yarn.

ARICA'R, v. a. vide *ARREJACA'R.*

ARI'DEZ, ſ. f. dryneſs.

A'RIDO, adj. dry, withered.

ARIE'NZO, ſ. m. a little young ram.

A'RIES, ſ. m. the firſt ſign in the zodiack, called the ram.

ARIE'STA, ſ. f. vide *ARISTA.*

ARIE'TA, ſ. f. an opera-ſong.

ARIETE, ſ. m. a battering ram.

ARI'JA, ſ. f. vide *HARI'JA.*

ARI'LLOS, ſ. m. ear-rings.

ARIO'SO, adj. viſcous, ſlimy.

ARISA'RGO, ſ. m. obſ. a great coat of coarſe cloth.

ARISA'RO, ſ. m. an herb ſo called.

ARI'SCO, adj. auſtere, rigid, intractable, ill-natured.

ARISTA, ſ. f. the beard of the ear of corn, called the awn.

ARISTOCRACI'A, ſ. f. ariſtocracy, commonwealth governed by the nobility.

ARISTOCRA'CIO, } adj. belon-
ARISTOCRATICO, } ging to ariſtocracy.

ARISTOLOCHI'A, } ſ. f. the herb
ARISTOLOGI'A, } called hartwort.

ARITHME'TICA, ſ. f. arithmetick, the art of numbering.

ARITHME'TICO, ſ. m. an arithmetician.

Arithmético, adj. belonging to arithmetick.

A R L

ARLEQUI'N, ſ. m. a harlequin.

Arlinga de véla, our ſeamen call it a bolt-rope, and is the rope into which the ſail is ſewed or made faſt.

A'RLO, ſ. m. a ſhrub ſo called. Women in Spain uſed it formerly to dye their hair yellow.

A R M.

ARMA, ſ. f. weapon, alarm.

ARMACIU'N, ſ. f. obſ. a military tune in uſe among the ancients.

ARMA'DA, ſ. f. a fleet of men of war.

Dar armáda, ó armadilla, in cant, is to furniſh one with money to play with another.

ARMADI'A, ſ. f. a raft to ſend things down a river; a trap, a ſnare.

ARMADI'JO, ſ. m. a ſnare, a gin to catch birds, or any ſmall creatures.

ARMADI'LLA, ſ. f. a little fleet of fighting ſhips, a ſmall ſquadron.

ARMADI'LLO, ſ. m. an animal in the Weſt-Indies, covered all over with ſcales like armour.

ARMADO'R, ſ. m. one that fits out armed ſhips againſt ennemies; alſo an under-waiſtcoat.

ARMADU'RA, ſ. f. armour, furniture; alſo a bedſtead, or any ting formed in that nature.

ARMAME'NTO, } ſ. m. arma-
ARMAMIE'NTO, } ment, warlike preparation.

ARMANDI'JAS, vide *ARMADIJO.*

ARMA'R, v. a. to arm.

Armár á los pájaros, to ſet ſnares for birds.
Armár navio, to equip, or fit out ſhips.
Armár una ballesta, to bend a croſs-bow.
Armár una cása, to ſet up the wooden frame of a houſe.
Armár al que juéga, to furniſh a gameſter with money.
Armár en el juégo, to ſharp, to cheat at play.
Armar un lázo, to lay a ſnare.
Armár bréga, or *pendencia*, to begin a quarrel.
Armár una cáma, to ſet up a bedſtead.
Armár zancádilla, to trip up one's heels, or to lay a ſtumbling-block in a man's way.
Armár una celáda, to lay an ambush.
ARMA'RIO, ſ. m. cupboard, preſs, cheſt of drawers.
ARMAS, ſ. f. pl. arms, weapons, armour; alſo the coat of arms of a family.
ARMATO'STE, ſ. m. a rack to bend a croſs-bow, commonly uſed for any piece of lumber; alſo a ſnare.
ARMAZO'N, ſ. f. arming, or equipping; alſo any frame-work, as the timber-work of a houſe, or the like.
Armazón de camá, a bedſtead.
ARMELI'NA, ſ. f. an ermin.
ARME'LLA, ſ. f. an iron ſtaple for a lock or bolt, or any ſuch uſe; alſo a ring, and a knocker of a door.
ARMELLETA, ſ. f. diminut. of *armella*.
ARMENDO'N, ſ. m. ſtarch.
ARMERI'A, ſ. f. an armoury.
ARME'RO, ſ. m. an armourer, one that makes or ſells arms.
ARMIFE'RO, adj. armed, belonging to, or bearing arms.
ARMIGERO, adj. warlike, belonging to war.
ARMI'LA, ſ. f. a bracelet.
ARMILA'R, adj. a reſembling a bracelet, armillary, compoſed of rings or circles.
ARMI'LLA, ſ. f. the ſhell-fish, called a cockle.
ARMI'N, ſ. m. vid. *ARMIÑO*.
ARMIÑA'DO, adj. belonging to ermine.
ARMIÑO, ſ. m. ermine.
Blanco como un armiño, white as an ermine.
ARMIPOTE'NTE, adj. powerful in arms.
ARMISTI'CIO, ſ. m. armiſtice, truce, ſuſpenſion of arms.
ARMO'LES, ſ. m. pl. an herb called orach or golden flower.
ARMONI'A, ſ. f. vid. *HARMONIA*.
ARMONI'ACO, vid. *AMMONI'ACO*.
ARMO'NICO, adj. vid. *HARMO'NICO*.
ARMONIO'SO, vid. *HARMONIO'SO*.
ARMUE'LLES, ſ. m. pl. an herb called orach, or golden herb.

A R N

A'RNA, ſ. f. a bee-hive made of cork; alſo the belly.
ARNEQUI'N, ſ. m. layman, a figure of a man made with joints to put in any poſture, uſed by painters and carvers; thence taken for a tumbler, or a fellow that puts himſelf into all ſorts of poſtures.
ARNE'RO, ſ. m. a ſieve.
ARNE'S, ſ. m. armour.
Echar mano a los arneſes, to draw the ſword.

A R O

A'RO, ſ. m. a hoop, either of wood or iron, for casks, or any other uſe.
ARO'CA, ſ. f. a web of fine texture.
ARO'MAS, ſ. f. pl. ſweet, or aromatick drugs.
AROMA'TICO, adj belonging to ſweet ſpices or drugs, aromatick.
AROMATIZA'R, v. a. to perfume or ſcent with ſweet ſpices.
ARO'MO, ſ. m. a ſpice-tree.
ARO'ZA, ſ. m. the chief among the blackſmiths.

A R P

A'RPA, vid. *HARPA*.
ARPE'LLA, ſ. f. a bird of prey.
ARPE'OS, ſ. m. pl. our ſeamen call them grapnels, which are in the nature of anchors for gallies, or boats to ride by.
ARPI'A, ſ. f. vid. *HA'RPIA*.
ARPILLA'R, v. a. vid. *HARPILLA'R*.
ARPILLE'RA, ſ. f. a coarſe piece of canvas, or ſuch cloth vo wrap goods.
ARPON, ſ. m. vid. *HARPON*.

A R Q

ARQUEA'DOR, ſ. m. a gauger, an officer whoſe buſineſs it is to gauge ſhips, or take their dimenſions, to know what burthen they will carry.
ARQUE'AGE, ſ. f. the ganging of a ſhip to know its dimenſions.
ARQUEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. gauging, or taking the dimenſions of ſhips.
ARQUEA'R, v. a. to bow, or to arch; alſo to gauge, to take the dimenſions of ſhips.
ARQUE'O, ſ. m. vid. *ARQUEA'GE*.
ARQUERI'A, ſ. f. arched work.
ARQUE'RO, ſ. m. a bow-maker, or a cheſt-maker; alſo he that keeps the key of a public cheſt.
ARQUE'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall cheſt.
ARQUETO'N, ſ. m. a great cheſt, a bin for provender.
ARQUETO'NCILLO, a little cheſt.
ARQUIBA'NCO, ſ. m. a chief or principal form or bench.
ARQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little cheſt.
ARQUILLO, ſ. m. a little bow.
ARQUIME'ZA, ſ. f. a cheſt of draws; alſo a buroe.
ARQUI'TA, ſ. f. diminut. of *arca*.

ARR

A'RRA, ſ. f. an earneſt given as a ſecurity to fulfil the contract.

ARRAA'X, ſ. m. the ſtones of the olives, after they have been broken in the mill to rake out the oil.

ARRABA'L, ſ. m. a ſuburb.

ARRABIADAME'NTE; adv. furiouſly, paſſionately.

ARRACA'DAS, ſ. f. pl. pendants for women to wear at the ears.

ARRACEA'R, v. a. to leſſen, to diminish.

ARRACI'FE, ſ. m. a cauſe-way, thence taken for a ridge of rocks in the ſea.

ARRACIMA'R, v. a. to heap up many things together, ſuſpending them like grapes.

ARRAE'Z, ſ. m. a maſter of a veſſel.

ARRAIGA'DAS, ſ. f. pl. the main beams belonging to any ship or veſſel.

ARRAIGA'R, v. n. to produce roots.

Arraigárſe, v. r. to fix or eſtablish one's ſelf any where.

Prov. *De hombre arraigádo no te verás vengádo*, you shall never be revenged of a rich man; that is, might will overcome right.

ARRAI'GO, ſ. m. a ſecurity, or bail for another.

ARRAMBLA'R, v. a. to gravel over.

ARRA'NCA, ſ. f. a pulling or tearing violently, rooting up.

ARRANCA SIEGA, ſ. m. a plucking or tearing up any thing by the roots, which ought to be mowed.

ARRANCA'DA, ſ. f. precipitation, running haſtily.

ARRANCADERO, ſ. m. the but end of a musket or gun.

ARRANCADO'R, ſ. m. one that pulls or tears away violently, that roots up.

ARRANCADU'RA, ſ. f. pulling or tearing away violently rooting up.

ARRANCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the ſame as *arráncadúra*.

ARRANCA'R, v. a. to pull, or tear away violently, to root up, to ſnatch away.

Arrancár el caballo, to ſtart for a race, to fly out on a ſudden.

Arrancárſe el álma, to die with much ſtruggling, to be in great ſorrow or pain, as if one's ſoul were torn away.

Arrancár del pecho, to hauk up phlegm.

Arranćáte nabo, ſay the children in a play they have, when one ſits on the ground, and the others ſtrive to lift him. They ſay, *arranćáte nábo*; that is, come up, turnip; and he anſwers, *no puédo de harto*, I am ſo full I cannot. They reply, *arrancáte cépa*, come up, root; and he again, *no puédo de ſeca*, I am ſo dry I cannot.

ARRA'NQUE, ſ. m. pulling out, rooting up.

Caballo de grande arranque, a horſe flying out on a ſudden.

Carbon de arranque, charcoal made by burning the roots of trees.

ARRAPA'R, v. a. to ſnatch away, to take by force.

ARRAPIE'ZO. ſ. m. the loweſt hanging part of any garment; any tatter, rag.

Llévar à uno de los arrapiézos, to tug a man away by his cloaths; that is, to arreſt, to force him away.

ARRA'PO, ſ. m. vid. *HARRA'PO*.

ARRAQUIBE, ſ. m. ſort of narrow bordering worn for ornament about the bottom of a petticoat.

A'RRAS, ſ. f. pl. the money a huſband gives his wife when they are maried; alſo earneſt-money given to bind any bargain.

ARRASADU'RA, ſ. f. ſmoothing, levelling, reaping, mowing, or shearing; alſo, ſtriking a meaſure that is over full.

ARRASA'R, v. a. to ſmooth, to level, to raiſe; alſo to mow, reap; or shear, to fill to the brim, to ſtrike a full meaſure.

Arraſár, to level down, to lay waſte.

ARRASTRADU'RA, ſ. f. drawing, dragging, trailing along the ground.

ARRASTRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. idem.

ARRASTRA'R, v. a. to draw drag, trail along the ground, to draw, to execution.

Arráſtra la hónra, honour puts a man upon many things he would not do.

Llevár la ſóga arraſtrándo, to drag, a halter after one; that is, to be in danger.

Andár arraſtrádo, to be in very mean condition, or full of troubles, to be harraſſed with too much buſineſs.

Ser arraſtrádo, to be drawn as malefactors to execution.

Arraſtrar, to trump, to win with a trump card.

Arraſtrar a uno, to tire one, to moleſt him.

Arraſtrar tutos, to be in a deep mourning.

Hacer una caſa arraſtrando, to do a thing by force, unwillingly.

ARRA'STRE, ſ. m. trumping at cards.

ARRATONA'R, v. a. vid. *RATONA'R*.

ARRAVA'L, ſ. m. vid. *ARRABA'L*.

ARRA'X, ſ. m. vid. *ARRAA'X*.

ARRAXA'QUE, ſ. f. an iron prong, or fork with three crooked points; alſo a ſort of ſwallows called martlets, with very little feet, and their claws bent like thoſe forks.

ARRAYA'N, ſ. m. a myrtle-tree.

ARRAYANA'L, ſ. m. a myrtle-grove.

ARRAZI'FE, vid. *ARRACIFE*.

A'RRE, the word cariers uſe to their horſes, mules, or aſſes to make them go.

ARREA'R, v. a. to dreſs, to adorn.

ARREBAÑADO'R, ſ. m. one that rakes, or ſcrapes.

ARREBAÑADU'RA, ſ. f. a raking, or ſcraping.

ARREBAÑA'R, v. a to rake, to ſcrape, to hoard, to ſave.

ARREBATADAMEN'TE, adv. precipitately, haſtily, inconſiderately, madly.

ARREBATADO'R, adj. one that ſnatches, or catches haſtily.

ARREBATADO'RA, ſ. f. a buzzard.

ARREBATAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſnatching, or caching; alſo haſtineſs, paſſion.

ARREBATA'R, v. a. to ſnatch; to pull away violently, to catch ſuddenly, to attract by violence.

Arrebatárſe, v. r. to be rapt in ſpirit.

Arrebáta cápas, a cloak-ſtealer; alſo a foppiſh perſon.

Arrebatádo en eſpiritu, rapt in ſpirit, in an extaſy.

ARREBAT'IÑA, ſ. f. a catching, or ſnatching, a fray.

ARRE'BENTA BUEY, ſ. m. a great fly that vexes and hurts the cattle.

ARREBENTA'R, v. n. vid. *REBENTA'R*.

ARREBOCA'DO, adj. muffled, covered with a vail, or cloack.

Carne arreboçáda, meat dreſſed with eggs and other ingredients which diſguiſe it.

ARREBO'L, ſ. m. the redneſs of clouds; alſo the red colour uſed by women to paint their face.

Arreboláda mugér, a woman paintedred.

ARREBOLAR, v. a to colour, paint, or counterfeit.

Arrebolárſe, v. r. to be coloured, or painted.

Arrebolárſe, to paint red.

ARREBOLE'RA, ſ. f. a little box of paint.

ARREBO'LES, ſ. m. pl. the red curdling clouds in fair weather, coloured by the riſing or ſetting ſun, morning and evening; thence metaphorically the red paint in women's faces.

ARREBOLLA'RSE, v. r. to throw one's ſelf headlong from a precipice.

ARREBOLVE'R, v. a. vid. *REBOLVE'R*.

ARREBOZA'DA, ſ. f. a company of bees.

ARREBOZA'RSE, v. r. to muffle one's ſelf up, to cover one's face with a vail or cloak.

ARREBUJA'R, v. a. to muffle, wrap, or cover up.

ARREBU'JADURA, ſ. f. } wrap-
ARREBUJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } ping.

up, covering, or muffling.

ARRECA'FE, ſ. m. a kind of thiſtle very thorny.

ARRECHADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſtiffneſs, erection.

ARRECHA'R, v. a. to ſtand, to be ſtiff, or erect.

ARRE'CHO, ſ. m. ſtanding, or ſet up an end.

ARRECIA'R, v. n. to increaſe in health, or grow ſtrong after ſickneſs; alſo to augment.

ARRECI'FE, ſ. m. a cauſeway; alſo a ridge of rocks in the ſea, or a ſandy place.

ARRECI'RSE, v. r. to be numbed, or grow ſtiff with cold.

ARRECOGE'R, v. a. vid. *RECOGE'R*.

ARREDOMA'DO, adj. made in the faſhion of a glaſs viol; in cant it ſignifies aſſembled, or agreed; alſo that has had a viol of ink thrown in is face.

ARREDOMA'R, v. a. a cant word, ſignifying to aſſemble, or to agree; alſo to caſt a viol full of ink againſt one's face, ſo that the glaſs breaks and cuts the face, and the ink runs about ands gets into the gaſhes, which is troubleſome to be cured, ſo as not to leave a ſcar; a villainous ſort of revenge, practiſed by ruffians.

Arredomárſe, v. r. to be offended.

ARREDONDA'R, v. a. to make round.

ARREDRADU'RA, ſ. f. putting back, forcing or removing back.

ARREDRA'R, v. a. to put, force, or drive back.

Arredrárſe, v. r. to give ground, to retire, to fall back.

ARRE'DRO, adv. behind.

Arrédro váyas enemigo málo, go behind me, ſatan.

Arrédro pelo, againſt the hair, or the grain.

ARREGAZA'DO, adj. tucked up as women do their petticoats, when they go in the dirt.

Nariz arregazáda, a noſe that turn up as if it were tucked up.

ARREGAZA'R, v. a to tuck up as women do their coats to keep them from the dirt.

ARREGLADAME'NTE, adv. orderly, with good order, and rule.

ARREGLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a regulation.

ARREGLA'R, v. a. to give orders, rules, or directions, to do any thing.

Arreglárſe, v. r. to conformable to eſtabliſhed rules.

ARREGOSTA'RSE, v. r. to taſte and pleaſe one's ſelf with the relish; to deſire ſuch things as one has taſted.

Arregoſtóſe la viéja a los blédos, ni dexo verdes ni ſecos, the gluttonous old woman, when ſhe had taſted her beetroot, ſpared none in her garden; that is, the covetous perſon cannot be ſatisfied, the more he has, the more he deſires.

ARREHE'NES, ſ. m. vid. *REHENES*.

ARREJACA'R, v. a. to roll the ground, and ſo to break the clods, and cover the ſeed.

ARREJA'DA, ſ. f. the plough-ſtaff, or the iron in a plough-ſtaff, with which the coulter is ſcraped.

ARRE'LDE, ſ. m. a four pound weight.

Arrélde, ſ. m. a little bird ſo called.

ARRELLANA'DO, adj. ſitting, ſpread in a lazy poſture.

ARRELLANA'RSE, v. r. to ſquat, or ſit down at one's full eaſe, or in a lazy poſture.

ARREMANGADU'RA, ſ. f. } truſſing or
ARREMANGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } tucking up of ſleeves.

ARREMANGA'R, v. a. to tuck or truſs up the ſleeves.

ARREMA'NGO, ſ. m. truſſing or tucking up of ſleeves.

ARREMEDA'R, v. a. to mock.

ARREME'TE, ſ. m. precipitation, running haſtily, the act of an attack.

ARREMETE'R, v. a. to aſſault, to ſet upon, to attack, to run at.

Arremetérſe, v. r. to meddle in, to interfere, to interpoſe importunely or officiouſly.

ARREMETI'DA, ſ. f. an aſſault, an attack, a ſetting upon, or running at.

ARREMOLINA'R, v. a. to turn round like a whirlpool.

ARREMPUJA'R, v. a to push with violence.

ARREMUE'CO, ſ. m. motions, geſture.

ARRENDA'BLE, adj. what is hired, or fit to be hired.

ARRENDACIO'N, ſ. f. a hiring, or letting out to hire.

ARRENDADE'RO, ſ. m. an iron hook or ring to tie horſes and mules to in a ſtable.

ARRENDADO'R, ſ. m. one that hires, or lets out to hire; a farmer alſo a mimick, one that mimicks another.

ARRENDADORCILLO, ſ. m. a litle farmer.

Prov. *Arrendadorcillos, comer en plata, morir en grillos*, little farmers eat in plate, and die in irons. The farmers of the revenue get much by their farms, but live high, and die in a goal; applied to an extravagant perſon.

ARRENDA'JO, ſ. m. a bird that imitates any voice it hears.

Arrendájo, alſo the perſon who imitates any voice he hears, or any action he ſees.

ARRENDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. farming, hiring, or letting to hire.

ARRENDA'R, v. a. to bridle, curb, or rein, to hire, or let out to hire, or to farm; alſo to mimick or act another.

ARRENTA'DO, adj. rich, wealthy.

ARRE'O, adv. one after another, ſucceſſively.

Arréo, ſ. m. ornament or dreſs for a woman; furniture for a horſe.

ARREPASSA'R, v. n. to paſs and repaſs.

ARREPASTA'R, v. a. to feed, graze, or put into paſture.

ARREPENTI'DAS, ſ. f. pl. women that have been lewd, and are retired to live in a religious life.

ARREPENTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. repentance, penitence, ſorrow for what is paſt.

ARREPENTIRSE, v. r. to repent, to be ſorry for what is done.

ARREPI'SO, adj. penitent.

ARREQUI'VE, ſ. m. a ſort of woman's dreſs.

ARRESTA'R, v. a. to ſtop, detain, or arreſt.

Arretárſe, v. r. to be bold, or enterprizing.

ARRE'STO, ſ. m. rashneſs, boldneſs.

ARREVOLVE'R, v. a. obſ. to revolve, to roll any thing round; to cover by involution, to enwrap; to aſſemble in a circle.

ARREXA'QUE, ſ. f. a fork with three prongs, or any tool that has three teeth; alſo the bird called a martlet.

ARREYE'TO, ſ. m. a ſort of dance.

ARREZA'FES, ſ. m. pl. places full of briars and brambles.

ARREZLA'R, v. n. to grow ſtronger.

ARREZI'FE, ſ. m. vid. *ARRECIFE*.

ARREZU'L, ſ. m. an inundation, a flood that carries all before it.

ARRIA'GA, ſ. f. a very ſtrong place.

ARRIA'L, ſ. m. the hilt of a ſword.

ARRI'AR, v. a. to veer, to fall back, as a ship does when they veer out cable.

Arriár las velas, is to ſtrike ſail; that is, to let the ſail run down.

ARRIA'TE, ſ. m. a bed in a garden; a hedge; a cauſe-way; a path.

ARRIA'Z, ſ. m. obſ. an iron button fixed in the middle of the hilt, that the ſword may be held faſt.

ARRIBA, adv. above.

Arriba, adv. a ſea term, bear up; bring the ship more before the wind.

De arriba abáxo, from the head to the foot, from the top to the bottom.

ARRIBA'DA, ſ. f. arrival; putting into an harbour.

ARRIBA'R, v. n. to arrive; to ſucceed; to be forced back into the harbour.

ARRI'BO, ſ. m. an arrival.

ARRICE'TE, ſ. m. a place in the ſea full of rocks ands ſands.

ARRICISES, ſ. m. pl. an horſe's girth; alſo the ſtraps of ſtirrups.

ARRIE'DRO, adv. backwards.

ARRIE'NDO, ſ. m. vid. *ARRENDAMIENTO*.

ARRIE'RO, ſ. m. a carrier.

ARRIESGADAME'NTE, adv. dangerouſly, with hazard.

ARRIESGADO, adj. hazardous, bold, daring.

Hombre arrieſgádo, a venture ſome daring man.

ARRIESGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. hazarding or venturing.

ARRIESGA'R, v. a. to hazard, to venture.

ARRIESTO, ſ. m. vid. *ARRESTO*.

ARRIMADE'RO, ſ. m. the thing that a man leans againſt, a leaning-place.

ARRIMADILLO, ſ. m. any thing placed againſt the walls to prevent the white-wash coming off on them that lean againſt them, a ſort of fine mats they nail and cover the walls with.

ARRIMADI'ZO, adj. paraſitical, one that flatters.

ARRIMADO'R, ſ. m. one that leans againſt any thing.

ARRIMADU'RA, ſ. f. the act of leaning againſt.

ARRIMAR, v. a to lean, or ſet up one thing againſt another.

Arrimár las eſpuélas, to clap ſpurs to a horſe.

Arrimár a uno, to leave a man dead, or in a deſperate condition, as it were leaning againſt a wall.

Arrimár un delito, to add one crime more; to accuſe a man of one crime more; to accuſe falſly of a crime.

Arrimár el clávo, to cheat; a metaphor taken from knavish farriers,

who, on ſeeing a ſtranger upon a good horſe, prick him that he may go lame, and then ſend ſome body after him, with another horſe to ſell.

Arrimár, to ſtow; that is; to place goods in order in the hold of a ſhip.

Arrimár un teſtigo falſo, to ſuborn a falſe witneſs.

Arrimárſe a la paréd, to lean againſt the wall.

Arrimárſe a ruynes, to keep ill company.

Arrimárſe al parecér de otro, to adhere to another man's opinion.

Prov. *Arrimate a buenos, y ſerás uno deltos*, keep company with good men, and you will be one of them.

ARRI'MO, ſ. m. any thing to lean againſt or rely on, leaning-place, ſupport, prop, ſtay.

ARRIMO'N, ſ. m. (a jocoſe word) the act of leaning.

ARRINCA'R, v. a. vid. *ARRANCA'R*.

ARRINCONADO'R, ſ. m. one that thruſts into corners.

ARRINCONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. thruſting into a corner, living obſcure or in miſery.

ARRINCONA'R, v. a. to mew up, to keep cloſe, as it were in a corner, to deject or caſt down.

Arrinconárſe, v. r. to keep one's ſelf up cloſe, to live in private.

ARRISCADAME'NTE, adv. boldly, valiantly, couragiouſly,

ARRISCADO'R, ſ. m. a perſon who gathers olives.

ARRISCA'R, v. a. to hazard, to endanger, to venture.

ARRISQUE, ſ. m. danger, hazard.

ARRITRA'NCA, ſ. f. the crupper of beaſts of burthen.

ARRI'VA, adv. vid. *ARRI'BA*.

ARRIVA'R, v. n. vid. *ARRIBA'R*.

ARRIXA'QUE, ſ. m. vid. *ARREXA'QUE*.

ARRIZA'FA, ſ. f. a royal garden.

ARRIZAR, v. a. to laſh, baſte, or cudgel; a word uſed aboard the galleys.

ARRO'BA, ſ. f. twenty-five pounds; or a quarter of an hundred weight; in liquid meaſure eight *axumbres*, about twelve quarts Engliſh.

Arrobá, ſ. f. an inſtrument uſed in agriculture to lay the ground even and ſmooth.

ARROBA'DO, adj. one in a rapture, in an extaſy.

ARROBADO'R, ſ. m. one that meaſures by the *arróba*.

ARROBA'L, adj. belonging to *arróba*.

ARROBAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. rapture, extaſy.

ARROBA'R, v. a. to ſell by the *arróba*.

Arrobár, v. a. to weigh or ſell by *arrobas*. In agriculture, to lay the ground even by means of the inſtrument called *arroba*.

Arrobárſe, v. r. to be in rapture; to be deprived of one's ſenſes.

ARROBE'RO, ſ. m. f. the perſon who ſells by *arróbas*, or quarters of an hundred weight.

ARROBINA'R, v. a. to gather or ſcrape together.

ARROBI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *arróba*.

ARRO'BO, ſ. m. rapture, extaſy.

ARROCA'DO, adj. raiſed high; alſo belonging to a diſtaff.

Mangas arrocádas, high ſleeves tucked up.

ARROCA'R, v. a. to raiſe, tuck, or roll up.

ARROCINA'RSE, v. r. to be ſtupid, to be ignorant.

Caballo arrocinado, a ſorry horſe.

ARRODEA'R, v. a. vid. *RODEAR*.

ARRODILLADU'RA, ſ. f. the act of kneeling.

ARRODILLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. idem.

ARRODILLAR, v. n. to kneel.

Arrodillárſe, v. r. to kneel down, to bend one's knees.

ARROGA'NCIA, ſ. f. arrogance, pride, haughtineſs.

ARROGA'NTE, adj. arrogant, proud, haughty; alſo valiant, couragious.

ARROGANTEME'NTE, adv. proudly, haughtily, arrogantly.

ARROGAR, v. r. to arrogate, take more upon one than belongs to him.

ARROJADAME'NTE, adv. boldly, audaciouſly.

ARROJADI'ZO, adj. miſſible, thrown with the hand; alſo bold, ſtout, brave.

ARROJA'DO, adj. caſt thrown, caſt away; alſo al bold, raſh, or deſperate man.

ARROJA'DOS, ſ. m. pl. in cant, ſignifies breeches.

ARROJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. boldneſs, audacity, impudence.

ARROJA'R, v. a. to caſt, to throw, to fling away.

Arrojárſe, v. r. to caſt, one's ſelf violently, as from a high place; to do, or ſay any thing raſhly, or without conſideration.

ARRO'JO, ſ. m. boldneſs, audacity, impudence.

ARROLLADOR, ſ. m. a roller.

ARROLLA'R, v. r. to roll.

Arrollár; to be carried in a circle by the force of the air or water.

ARROMADIZA'DO, adj. that has taken cold, that has a defluxion, or a rheum falling.

ARROMADIZA'RSE, v. r. to take cold, to have a defluxion, or a rheum falling.

ARROMADIZO, adj. vid. *ROMADI'ZO*.

ARROMBA'DA, ſ. f. the bend or wale of galley.

ARROMPER, v. a. to plough an untilled field.

ARROMPIDO'S, ſ. m. pl. lands newly ploughed up, that vere not ſown before.

ARRONDA'R, v. a. to make round.

ARRONJA'R, v. a. vid. *ARROJAR*.

ARRONZA'R, v. n. to weigh anchor.

ARROPA'R, v. a. to cloath warm, to put on cloaths to keep out the cold.

Arrópate que ſúdas, put on more cloaths, for you ſweat; the advice good, when given ſeriouſly, but this is commonly ſpoke ironically, as when one pretends to be very weary with doing little or nothing.

ARRO'PE, ſ. m. muſt, new wine boiled thick.

Arrópeſe con ello, let him have it to himſelf.

ARROPE'AS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of handcuffs, with a bar going up from them to the collar to hinder one from lifting his hand.

ARRO'PLA, ſ. f. vid. *MELCO'CHA*.

ARROSCA'R, v. a. to make up like a roll of bread; to wrap up.

ARROSTRA'R, v. a. to face, or bring face to face; alſo to have a liking to a thing.

ARROTULA'R, v. a. to enroll, or to make up to a roll.

ARRO'VA, ſ. f. vid. *ARRO'BA*.

ARROVE'RO, ſ. m. vid. *ARROBE'RO*.

ARROVINA'R, v. a. obſ. to ſnatch, or catch haſtily.

ARROXAR, v. a. vid. *ARROJA'R*; alſo to make red.

Arroxár, v. a. to heat an oven.

ARROYA'DA, ſ. f. a torrent, a fierce running ſtream.

ARROYA'R, v. a. to cut furrows or trenches for water to run.

Arroyárſe, v. r. to divide itſelf into ſmall channels.

ARRO'YO, ſ. m. brook, little ſtream of water.

ARROYUE'LO, ſ. m. a little brook; diminutive of *arroyo*.

ARRO'Z, ſ. m. rice.

ARROZA'R, v. a. to freeze, or congeal drinking.

ARRUA'R, v. n. to grunt as a wild boar does when hunted.

ARRUFALDADO, adj. tucked up as women do their cloaths.

ARRUFA'RSE, v. r. to be angry, to be in a paſſion.

ARRUFIANA'DO, adj. become a bully, pimp, or ruffian, or after the manner of one.

ARRUFFIANA'R, v. a. to become a bully, pimp, or ruffian.

ARRU'GA, ſ. f. a wrinkle; a fold; a plait.

ARRUGADU'RO, ſ. f. a wrinkling, or rumpling.

ARRUGA'R, v. a. to wrinkle.

Arrugárſe, v. r. to be wrinkled; alſo to die.

ARRU'GIA, ſ. f. a gold-mine in which they dig very deep for the metal.

ARRUINAME'NTO, ſ. m. ruin, deſtruction, ruination.

ARRUINA'R, v. a. to ruin, deſtroy, undo.

Arruinárſe, v. r. to be ruined, or undone.

Arruinár la caſa, to ruin one's houſe.

ARRULLADO, adj. lulled aſleep.

ARRULLADO'R, ſ. m. who lulls to ſleep.

ARRULLA'R, v. a. to cool.

Arrullár un niño, v. a. to lull a child to ſleep.

Arrullárſe, v. r. to fall aſleep.

ARRU'LLO, ſ. m. the cooing of pigeons or doves; the ſinging or lulling a child to ſleep.

ARRUMA'CO, ſ. m. a coy diſdainful look when diſpleaſed, twitching up the noſe; alſo catterwawling.

ARRUMAJE, ſ. m. the ſtowing of goods on board a ſhip.

ARRUMA'R, v. a. to ſtow goods in a ſhip, to lay one cloſe to another.

ARRUMAZO'N, ſ. m. the gathering of clouds in the horizon.

ARRUMBA'DA, ſ. f. the place aboard the galley where the men goto eaſe themſelves.

ARRUMBA'R, v. a. to caſt headlong.

Arrumbárſe, v. r. to take a direction, or line according to the voyage.

ARRUMBLA'R, v. a. to run down impetuouſly.

Arrumblár, v. a. to carry off the ſuperfices of the ground. It is ſaid of torrents.

Arrumblar con todo, to carry every thing, to leave nothing behind.

ARRUMUE'CO, ſ. m. vid. *ARRUMACO*.

A R S

ARSENA'L, ſ. m. dock, arſenal, a place to build ſhips and lay up all their ſtores.

ARSENICA'L, adj. arſenical, containing arſenick.

ARSE'NICO, ſ. m. arſenick; poiſon in general.

A R T

ARTADEGUA, ſ. f. louſebane; an herb.

ARTALE'TE, ſ. m. a little pye made with birds flesh minced.

ARTAMU'Z, ſ. m. vid. *ALTRAMU'Z*.

ARTA'R, v. a. to force, to compel any one.

A'RTE, ſ. f. art; alſo workmanſhip and ſagacity.

Arte máyór, a ſort of Spaniſh poetry.

Prov. *Quien tiene arte, vá por toda parte*, he that a trade may get his living any where.

Prov. *Con arte, y con engáño ſe vive el medio año; con engáño y con arte ſe vive la otra parte*, man lives one half year by art and deceit, and the reſt he lives by deceit and art; that is, by cunning and cheating all his lifetime.

ARTE'JO, ſ. m. a joint of a finger or a toe.

ARTEMI'SA, *ARTEMI'SIA*, *ARTEMI'SSA*, } ſ. f. the herb mugwort.

ARTEMO'N, ſ. m. the main-ſail of a galley, the mizzen-ſail.

ARTERAME'NTE, adv. artificially.

ARTERI'A, ſ. f. ſagacity, craft, cunning.

Artéria, ſ. f. an artery.

ARTERI'AL, adj. belonging to the artery.

ARTERIOTÓMI'A, ſ. f. arteriotomy, letting blood from the artery.

ARTE'RO, adj. cunning, deceitful, crafty.

Prov. *La muger artéra el marido por la delantéra*, a ſubtle wife always obſerves her husband's commands.

ARTE'SA, ſ. f. a tray or a trough; a boat like a tray hewed out of a tree.

Arteſa, ſ. a tray full.

ARTESA'NO, ſ. m. a handicraft man.

ARTESI'LLA, ſ. f. a little tray.
ARTESO'N, ſ. m. a vaulted roof of an houſe.
ARTESONA'DO, adj. a cieling that is made like a tray, with the hollow part turned upwards.
ARTESONCI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *artesón*.
ARTESO'NES, ſ. m. pl. great trays, or troughs to knead bread in, or the like.
ARTESUE'LA, ſ. f. diminutive of *artesilla*.
ARTE'TICA, adj. fem the appellative of the gout that falls upon the joints and articulations.
ARTEXO, ſ. m. a ſmall joint, as of a finger, or toe.
ARTI'CA, ſ. f. a piece of ground newly cultivated.
ARTICHO'CA, ſ. f. vide *ARCHACO'FA*.
ARTICO, adj. arctick, northern.
ARTICULACIO'N, ſ. f. articulation; alſo the ſpringing or ſhooting of twigs from joint to joint.
ARTICULA'R, v. a. to articulate in ſpeaking; alſo to article, capitulate, or condition.
ARTI'CULO, ſ. m. an article; alſo a joint.
ARTIFA'RA, *ARTI'FE*, ſ. f. in cant, bread.
ARTIFE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a baker.
ARTI'FICE, ſ. m. an artificer, a handicraft man; alſo a forger or contriver.
ARTIFICIA'L, adj. artificial; fictitious.
ARTIFICIALME'NTE, adv. vid. *ARTIFICIOSAME'NTE*.
ARTIFI'CIO, ſ. m. artifice; alſo art; alſo a trick, ſtratagem.
ARTIFICIOSAME'NTE, adv. artificially, deceitfully, cunningly, craftily.
ARTIFICIO'SO, adj. full of artifice, or deceit; alſo according to art.
ARTI'GA, ſ. f. land newly broken in order to cultivation.
ARTILLA'R, v. a. to furniſh with artillery.
Artillárſe, v. r. in cant, to be ready armed.

ARTILLERI'A, ſ. f. artillery, ordnance.
Ponér tota la artillería, to apply all the artillery; that is, to leave no ſtone unmoved.
Generál de la artillería, general of the artillery.
ARTILLE'RO, ſ. m. a gunner.
ARTIMAñA, ſ. f. art, cunninh, ſagacity, induſtry; alſo a ſnare.
ARTIMAñO'SO, adj. artful, cunning, deceitful.
ARTIMO'N, ſ. m. the mizzen-maſt of a ſhip, which is the maſt next the ſtern.
ARTI'STA, ſ. m. an artiſt.
ARTIZADO, adj. done according to the rules of art.
ARTOTRO'GO, ſ. m. a greedy gluttonous fellow.
ARTRODI'A, ſ. f. in ſurgery, a kind of joint or articulation of the bones.

A R U

ARU'DA, ſ. f. vid. *RU'DA*.
A'RULA, ſ. f. diminutive of *ara*.
ARUñA'R, v. a. to ſcratch with the nails.
ARUñO, ſ. m. the ſcratch made vith the nails.
ARUñO'N, ſ. m. the perſon who ſcratches with the nails; in cant, a pick-pocket.
ARU'SPICE, ſ. m. a ſoothſayer, a diviner, by looking into the bowels of beaſts.
ARUSPICINA, ſ. f. the art, or act of divining by bowels of beaſts.

A R V

A'RVA, ſ. f. obſ. a barbarous word for a field.
ARVADI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſpinning-wheel.
ARVEJA'L, ſ. m. a place ſowed with vetches.
ARVEJA'LVA, ſ. f. a great wild ſort of vetch.
ARVEJAS, ſ. f. pl peas, but rather a ſort of pulſe like large vetches.
ARVEJO'N, ſ. m. a great vetch.
ARVEO'LA, ſ. f. a bird ſo called.
A'RVOL, ſ. m. vid. *ARBOL*.
ARVOLA'R, vid. *ARBOLA'R*.
ARVOLE'DA, ſ. f. vid. *ARBOLE'DA*.
ARVOLEDE'RO, adj. vid. *ARBOLEDE'RO*.
ARVOLI'LLO, ſ. m. vid. *ARBOLI'LLO*.

A R X

ARXO'NA, ſ. f. vid. *ARJO'NA*.

A R Y

ARYTE'NA, ſ. f. the throat, the top of the wind-pipe, by which we fetch breath and form the voice.

A R Z

A'RZA, ſ. f. a great rope made faſt to the maſt with a pulley which ſerves to heave goods into the ships.
ARZE, ſ. f. vid. *AZRE*.
ARZENA'L, ſ. m. vid. *ARCENA'L*.
A'RZEN, ſ. m. the ſhore or ſea-ſide, a bank to keep out water, a dyke.
ARZI'LLA, ſ. f. clay.
ARZILLO'SO, adj. full of clay.
ARZOBISPA'DO, ſ. m. archbiſhoprick; the ſtate or juriſdiction of an archbiſhop; his dignity.
ARZOBISPA'L, adj. belonging to an archbiſhop.
ARZOBI'SPO, ſ. m. an archbiſhop.
ARZO'LLA, ſ. f. a green almond.
ARZO'N, ſ. m. either fore the, or the hind part of the ſaddle; as.
Arzón delantéro, the pommel of the ſaddle.
Arzón traſéro, the hinder part of the ſaddle.

Aſirſe al arzón, to take hold on the fore or hind part of the ſaddle.

A S

AS, ſ. m. an ace at cards or dice.
Son tres dos y as, there are three, two, and one; ſaid to a perſon who enlarges or makes more of a thing than it really is.

A S A

ASA, ſ. f. the ear, or handle to hold any thing bi; occaſion, opportunity; in cant, the ear of a man.
Amigo del aſa, a great friend.
Ser mui del aſa, to be great friend.
ASABIE'NDAS, adv. knowingly, purpoſely, deſignedly.
ASABOREA'R, v. a. to ſeaſon, or relish.
ASACA'R, v. a. obſ. to plunder, to debauch.
A ſaco; as *méter a ſaco*, to plunder.
ASADERI'A, ſ. f. vide *ASSADERI'A*.
ASAETEA'R, v. a. to ſhoot with arrows.
ASALARIA'R, v. a. to keep, at wages, to pay wages; from *ſalário*, wages.
ASALTA'R, v. a. to ſet upon, to aſſault.
ASA'LTO, ſ. m. an attack, an aſſault.
ASA'ETOS, adv. by leaps.
ASAO'NA, ſ. f. an aſſembly, or congregation of people.
ASAR, v. a. to roaſt.
ASARABA'CARA, ſ. f. the herb aſarabacca.
A'SARO, ſ. m. idem.
ASASINA'R, v. a. to aſſaſſinate, to murder.
ASA'SINO, ſ. m. an aſſaſſin, or murderer.
ASA'Z, adv. enough.

A S B

ASBESTI'NO, adj. belonging to a kind of ſtone, of which they made cloth, that was cleanſed by burning in the fire.
ASBE'STO, ſ. m. a ſort of native foſſile ſtone endued with the property of remaining uncoſumed in the fire. The ancients had the art of making it into cloth.

A S C

ASCALO'NIA, ſ. f. a sharlot.
ASCENDE'NCIA, ſ. f. genealogy, anceſtry.
ASCENDE'NTE, ſ. m. the part of the ecliptick at any particular time above the horizon, which is ſuppoſed by aſtrologers to have great influence.
ASCENDE'R, v. a to aſcend, to go up.
ASCENDIE'NTE, ſ. m. forefather, progenitor.
ASCENSIO'N, ſ. f. the viſible aſcenſion of our Lord into heaven.
ASCE'NSO, ſ. m. an aſcent, or raiſing up.
ASCE'TICO, adj. belonging to the practice and inſtruction of the Chriſtian religion.
ASCIOS, ſ. m. pl. the inhabitants of the torrid zone.
ASCI'TE, ſ. f. a particular ſpecies of dropſy.
ASCITICA'L, } adj. belonging to
ASCI'TICO, } that ſpecies of dropſy called aſcite.
A'SCO, ſ. m. a loathing.
ASCONDE'R, v. a. vide *ESCONDE'R*.
ASCONDIDA'MENTE, adv. vide *ESCONDIDAMENTE*.
ASCORO'SO, adj. vide *ASQUERO'SO*.
ASCOSIDA'D, ſ. f. filth, uncleanneſs.
A'SCUA, ſ. f. a burning fire.
ASCURA'S, adv. for *aeſcuras*, in the dark.
ASCU'SO, adv. ſecretly privately.
ASCYRO, ſ. m. S. John's wort.

A S E

ASEADAME'NTE, adv. neatly, ſprucely, nicely, cleanly, prettily, pleaſingly.
ASEA'R, v. a. to adorn or compoſe any thing neatly.
Aſearſe, v. r. to adorn one's ſelf neatly, cleanly.
ASECAS, adv. barely, drily: as, *comér pan a ſecas*, to eat dry bread.
ASECHA'NZA, ſ. f. vide *ASSECHA'NZA*.
ASEDIA'R, v. a to beſiege.
ASEDIO, ſ. m. a ſiege.
ASELGA, ſ. f. the herb called white beet.
Aſélga brava, the herb pondweed.
ASEMEJA'NZA, adv. to the likeneſs.
ASENDEREA'DO, adj. beaten or trodden to a path, or like a path.
ASENDRA'DO, adj. idem.
ASE'NSIO, ſ. m. wormwood.
ASENT'AR, v. a. vide *ASSENTA'R*.
ASENTI'R, v. a. vide *ASSENTIR*.
ASE'O, ſ. m. vide *ASSE'O*.
ASERICO, ſ. m. vide *AZERI'CO*.
ASERRAVE'LAS, adv. vide *AFERRAVE'LAS*.
ASERRA'R, v. a. to ſaw.
ASESA'R, v. n. to grow ſober or wiſe.
ASESSO'R, ſ. m. an aſſeſſor, a lawyer joined in commiſſion with a judge.
ASESTAR, v. a. to take aim, to level a piece.

A S F

ASFALTO, ſ. m. vide *ASPALTO*.

A S I

ASI'AL, ſ. m. a barnacle to hold an unruly horſe by the noſe with.
ASIDE'RO, ſ. m. the ear or handle of any thing to take hold by.
ASIDIA'R, v. a. obſ. to beſiege.
ASIDI'LLA, , ſ. f. diminutive of *aſilla*.
ASI'DIO, ſ. m. obſ. a ſiege.
ASIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſeat; the ſituation of a place; ſettledneſs; ſedateneſs; ſettling at the bottom of any thing; a contract.
ASIGNA'R, v. a. to aſſign. to appoint.
ASILLA, ſ. f. a little handle to

hold any thing by; a ſmall occaſion.

ASIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of catching.

ASININO, adj. belonging to an aſs.

A'SIO, ſ. m. a kind of owl with feathers on her head like ears; horn-owl.

ASI'R, v. a. to lay hold of, to ſtick to, to gripe, to graſp.

ASISTI'R, v. a. to aſſiſt, to aid, to attend, to wait on.

A S M

A'SMA, ſ. f. an aſthma.

ASMADU'RA, ſ. f. } diſcretion,
ASMAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } judgment.

ASMA'R, v. a. to judge any thing by conjecture; to dare to be bold; to be thoughtful.

ASMATI'CO, adj. one that is troubled with an aſthma.

A S N

ASNA, ſ. f. a she aſs.

ASNA'L, adj. belonging to an aſs; alſo rough, ſavage, ferocious.

Medias aſnales, coarſe ſtockings.

ASNALME'NTE, adv. ignorantly, foolishly, aſs like.

ASNA'R, adj. vide *ASNA'L*.

ASNAS, ſ. f. pl. little beans.

ASNA'ZO, ſ. m. a great aſs.

ASNERI'A, ſ. f. a drove of aſſes.

ASNERI'ZO, ſ. m. an aſs-driver, or keeper.

ASNE'RO, ſ. m. a keeper of aſſes.

ASNI'CO, } ſ. m. a little aſs.
ASNI'LLO, }

ASNI'NO, adj. belonging to an aſs.

ASNO, ſ. m. an aſs.

Aſno campés, aſno campeſino, a wild aſs.

Aſno ſordéſco, an aſs of the Sardinian breed, which are very ſerviceable.

A S O

ASOBACA'R, v. a. to truſs up under the arm.

ASOBARCA'R, v. a. to lift up a weight.

ASOLA'R, v. a. to overthrow, deſtroy, or lay level with the ground; from *ſuelo*, to ſun; from *ſol*.

ASO'LAS, adv. along.

ASOLDADA'R, v. a. to grow like a ſoldier, or turn ſoldier.

ASOLEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſunning.

ASOLEA'R, v. a. to ſun.

ASOMA'R, v. n. *ASSOMA'R*.

ASOMBRA'R, v. n. vide *ASSOMBRA'R*.

ASONA'DA, ſ. f. an alarm, a ſudden noiſe.

A S P

A'SPA, ſ. f. a reel for thread, or yarn.

Aſpas de molino, the ſweeps of a windmill.

Aſpas de ciervo, a ſtag's horns.

Caballero de aſpa, a knight of the croſs; that is, one that has been in the inquiſition, becauſe ſuch are brought out in public, with a red and yellow croſs hanging before and behind them to be expoſed to shame.

ASPA'LATO, ſ. m. the roſe of Jeruſalem, or our Lady's roſe; alſo roſewood.

ASPALTO, ſ. m. a dark, but tranſparent colour uſed in painting.

ASPA'R, v. a. to reel thread, or yarn; alſo to plague, to moleſt, to shame.

ASPAVIE'NTOS, adv. the counterfeit hectoring behaviour of a cowardly bully.

ASPE'CTO, ſ. m. the aſpect, look, air, appearance.

Al primér aſpecto, at the firſt ſight.

ASPELUZA'R, v. a. vide *ESPELUZA'R*.

ASPERAME'NTE, adv. harshly, ſeverely, bitterly, roughly, auſterely.

ASPERANCIA, ſ. f. hope, truſt, expectation. Obſ.

ASPERE'SA, ſ. f. vide *ASPERE'ZA*.

ASPEREA'R, v. a. to make, or become harsh, sharp, bitter, rough, or auſtere.

ASPERE'ZA, ſ. f. harshneſs, roughneſs, auſtereneſs, ſeverity.

ASPE'RGES, ſ. m. aſperſion, ſcandal; alſo, a ſprinkling.

ASPE'RGULA, ſ. f. an herb called gooſe-graſs.

ASPERIDA'D, ſ. f. sharpneſs, roughneſs, harshneſs, auſterity.

ASPERIE'GA, ſ. f. a ſort of apple of a pleaſant taſte, though ſomewhat ſourish.

A'SPERO, adj. harsh, rough, auſtere, ſevere; alſo rugged; or craggy, as bad ways or mountains.

ASPERO'N, ſ. m. a whetſtone: alſo the beak of a ship or galley.

ASPERSI'ON, ſ. f. ſprinkling; aſperſion; detracting from another's character.

ASPERSORI'O, ſ. m. the inſtrument with which the water is ſprinkled.

ASPERU'RA, ſ. f. vide *ASPEREZA*.

ASPHALTO, ſ. m. a ſolid bituminous ſubſtance found ſwimming on the ſurface of lakes.

A'SPID, ſ. m. the venomous creature called an aſp.

ASPILA'TE, ſ. f. a ſparkling gem ſo called.

ASPIRACI'ON, ſ. f. aſpiration, breathing.

ASPIRAME'NTO, ſ. m. blowing, breathing, aſpiration.

ASPIRA'R, v. a. to aſpire, to have high thoughts, or aim at great things; alſo to aſpirate, to pronounce with full breath.

ASPIRA'NTE, ſ. m. one that aſpires.

A S Q

ASQUEA'R, v. a. to loath, or make nauſeous, to nauſeate.

ASQUEROSAME'NTE, adv. nauſeouſly, hatefully.

ASQUEROSIDA'D, ſ. f. a loathing, nauſeating; alſo a diſguſt.

ASQUEROSI'TO, adj. one that is nicely ſqueamish.

ASQUERO'SO, adj. loathſome; alſo loathing ſqueamish.

A S R

ASRE, ſ. m. the mapple-tree.

A S S

ASSA, ſ. f. the gum called laſer, or maſter-wort.

ASSACA'R, v. a. to accuſe falſely, or calumniate. Obſ.

ASSADERIA, ſ. f. a roaſting kitchen.

ASSADE'RO, ſ. m. meat that may be roaſted; it is ſometimes, but ſeldom, uſed for a ſpit, or for a turn-ſpit.

ASSADERI'LLO, diminutive of *aſſudéro*.

ASSA'DO, ſ. m. roaſted meat.

ASSADO'R, ſ. m. a ſpit.

ASSADORA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given with a ſpit.

ASSADORA'ZO, ſ. m. a wound made by a ſpit.

ASSADORCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſpit.

ASSADU'RA, ſ. f. roaſting; alſo the name of a duty upon beaſts.

ASSADURI'LLA, ſ. f. a little pluck, ſuch as a lamb's or kid's.

ASSAETEADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſhoots with-arrows.

ASSAETEA'R, v. a. to ſhoot with arrows.

ASSAFETIDA, ſ. f. the ſtinking gum called by ſome devil's dung.

ASSALARIA'R, v. a. to allow a ſalary or wages.

ASSALTADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who attacks another, or aſſaults.

ASSALTA'R, v. a to aſſault, attack, or ſet upon.

ASSA'LTO, ſ. m. an aſſault, an attack.

ASSAMBLE'A, ſ. f. an aſſembly.

ASSEMPAJA, ſ. f. a ſort of fruit growing in India.

ASSAÑA'RSE, v. r. to be provoked, to be made angry.

ASSA'R, v. a. to roaſt.

Aſſárſe, v. r. to be roaſted; to be ſunburnt; to be worked into a paſſion.

ASSARABA'CA, ſ. f. the herb called aſarabacca.

ASSASSINA'R, v. a. to kill any one by lying in wait or ambush for him.

ASSASSINA'TO, ſ. m. the action of killing any body treacherouſly.

ASSASSINO, ſ. m. an aſſaſſin, a murderer.

ASSAYA'R, v. n. to endeavour to attempt to do any thing, to make a trial.

ASSA'Z, adv. enough.

ASSEADI'CO, adj. neatish; diminutive of *aſſeádo*.

ASSEA'R, v. a. to make neat or curious.

ASSECHADO'R, ſ. m. one that watches, obſerves or ſpies.

ASSECHANZA, ſ. f. ſnare, wile, contrivance to entrap another; ſpying, watching, or obſerving.

ASSECHA'R, v. a. to watch, to obſerve, ſpy, to peep.

ASSE'CLA, ſ. m. a page, a lacquey.

ASSEDA'DO, adj. ſmooth, like ſilk.

ASSEDIA'R, v. a. to beſiege.

ASSE'DIO, ſ. m. a ſiege.

ASSEGLARA'DO, adj. a prieſt or churchman layman like.

ASSEGUNDA'R, v. a. to ſecond.

ASSEGURACIO'N, ſ. f. ſecurity.

ASSEGURADAME'NTE, adv. ſecurely, aſſueredly, without doubt.

ASSEGURADO'R, ſ. m. aſſurer, ſecurer, inſurer.

ASSEGURAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſecurity, inſurance.

ASSEGURA'NZA, ſ. f. aſſurance, ſecurity, inſuring.

ASSEGURA'R, v. a. to aſſure, ſecure, or inſure.

ASSEMEJA'NZA, ſ. f. likeneſs.

ASSEMEJA'R, v. a. to liken to another.

Aſſemejárſe, v. r. to be like.

ASSENDEREA'R, v. a. to beat or tread a path; alſo to purſue, chaſe or follow; to perplex, vex, or tire.

ASSENGLADU'RA, ſ. f. the leagues that a veſſel goes in four and twenty hours.

ASSESIO, ſ. m. wormwood.

ASSENSO, ſ. m. aſſent or conſent.

ASSENTA'DA, ſ. f. all at once, altogether.

ASSENTADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the buttocks.

ASSENTADO'R, ſ. m. a major-general, that marks the ground for a camp, or one who quarters the troops.

ASSENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſettling; alſo a contract.

ASSENTA'R, v. a. to place, to ſettle, to ſeat, to ſit; alſo to aſſure, to confirm; alſo to agree or to annote, to write down.

Aſſentárſe en cuclillas, to ſit on one's hams.

Aſſentár el reál, to encamp.

Aſſentár piédras, to lay ſtones as a maſon does.

Aſſentár en llbro, to book down.

Aſſentár la máno ó el guánte, to chaſtiſe, or punish.

Aſſentár, in fencing, to lay down the foils.

Aſſentár a la guéra, to liſt for a ſoldier.

Aſſentár caſá, to ſettle to houſekeeping.

Aſſentár el licor, to ſettle.

Aſſentár el pié, to live a ſettled, ſober life.

Aſſentár a mercedes como gravilán, to take ſervice under ſome great perſon without any certain vages, but only to be at the courteſy of the maſter, and be maintained on what is given.

ASSENTI'R, v. n. to aſſent, or be of the ſame opinion.

ASSENTI'STA, ſ. m one that keeps a regiſter; alſo an undertaker, a receiver of the king's revenue.

ASSE'O, ſ. m. neatneſs.

ASSERA'R, v. a. to ſettle, to grow ſober. Obſ.

ASSERRADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſaw-pit.

ASSERRADO'R, ſ. m. a ſawyer.

ASSERRADU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. ſaw-duſt.

ASSERRA'R, v. a. to ſaw.

ASSE'RTO, adj. aſſerted, affirmed.
ASSERVA'R, v. a. to keep, to preſerve.
ASSESA'R, v. n. to grow ſteady, ſober, or wiſe.
ASSESI'NO, ſ. m. vide *ASSASSINO*
ASSESSO'R, ſ. m. aſſeſſor, lawyer commiſſioned to ſit on the bench with a judge.
ASSESSO'RIA, ſ. f. the ſetting on the bench with the judge, or the aſſeſſor's allowance.
ASSESTADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where perſons retire from the heat of the day.
ASSESTADO'R, ſ. m. one that aims, levels, props or ſupports.
ASSETADU'RA, ſ. f. aiming, leveling, propping.
ASSESTA'R, v. a. to aim, to level, to prop, to ſupport.
Aſſeſtárſe, v. a. to go right againſt; to be aimed at.
ASSEVERACIO'N, ſ. f. aſſeveration, affirmation.
ASSEVERA'R, v. a. to affirm, to alledge earneſtly.
ASSI', adv. ſo.
Aſsi me eſtoy, I am in the ſame condition, or I am indifferent.
Aſsi meſmo, adv. even ſo; alſo, more over.
Aſsi qué, adv. ſo that.
ASSIDE'RO, ſ. m. any handle to take hold of; alſo an occaſion or opportunity.
ASSI'DUO, adj. diligent, aſſiduous.
ASSI'ENTO, ſ. m. ſeat, chair, ſituation; alſo the ſettling of any liquor; alſo a contract, or bargain.
Aſſiénto de muéla, the gums, or that part of them where the hind gums ſtick.
Aſſiéntos de púños, the edge of the ſleeves to which the wriſt-bands are ſewed.
Aſſiéntos de los pies, the ſoles of the feet.
Aſſiéntos, they call pearls that are flat on one ſide; alſo the receipts of the king's revenue, or contracts for receiving it.
Aſſiénto de edifício, the ſituation of a houſe.
Eſtár de aſſiénto, to be ſettled.
Hacér aſſiénto, to ſettle about the bottom of a veſſel, as liquors that are not fine.
ASSIGNACIO'N, ſ. f. appointment, aſſignment.
ASSIGNA'R, v. a to appoint, to aſſign.
ASSIGNATURA, ſ. f. that treatiſe on any ſcience to be read every year by a profeſſor in a univerſity.
ASSI'LLA, ſ. f. a little handle to hold by.
ASSIME'SMO, adv. alſo, likewiſe.
ASSIMILACIO'N, ſ. f. reſemblance, exact copy.
ASSIMILA'R, v. n. to grow, or to become like, or to compare to.
ASSIMILATI'VO, adj. exactly copied, bearing a near reſſemblance.
ASSIMI'SMO, adv. vide *ASSIMESMO*.
ASSI'N, adv. obſ. for *aſsi*.
ASSI'R, v. a. vide *ASI'R*.
ASSI'SIA, ſ. f. an evidence; affirmation, or depoſition of witneſſes taken in writing. Obſ.
ASSISTENCI'A, ſ. f. being in preſence, or at hand.
Aſſiſténcia, ſ. f. a help, or defence, ſafeguard, aſſiſtance.
ASSISTE'NTA, ſ. f. a ſervant who waits on the maids of honour; alſo a maid ſervant.
ASSISTE'NTE, ſ. f. aſſiſtant, helper; alſo one that is in preſence.
Aſſiſténte, a governor.
ASSISTI'R, v. n. to aſſiſt, to aid; alſo to be preſent.
Aſſiſtir à algúno, to aſſiſt, or help any one.
Aſſiſtir la razon à algúno, for reaſon and juſtice to aſſiſt any one; that is, when reaſon and juſtice is on his ſide.
ASSOCIACIO'N, ſ. f. aſſociation, a ſociety; alſo the act of giving an aſſeſſor to a judge.
ASSOCIA'RSE, v. r. to go in company, to take a partner in trade, to adopt as a friend.
ASSOLACIO'N, ſ. f. waſting, ruining or deſtroying; alſo ſunning.
ASSOLADO'R, ſ. m. one that waſtes, deſtroys, and levels with the ground.
ASSOLADU'RA, ſ. f. waſting, deſtroying, levelling with the ground.
ASSOLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. idem.
ASSOLANARSE, v. r. to be ſcorched with the eaſtern wind.
ASSOLA'R, v. a. to waſte, deſtroy, lay level with the ground; from *ſuélo*, to ſun, from *ſol*.
Aſſolárſe, v. r. to refine, to purify as waters do when the mud ſubſides or ſinks down.
ASSOLCA'R, v. a. to make furrows; to plough, to cut through as a ſhip does in the ſea.
ASSOLDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. pay, wages, hire.
ASSOLDA'R, v. a. to keep in pay, to give wages.
ASSOLEA'R, v. a. to ſun.
Aſſoleárſe, v. r. to be hurt by the heat of the ſun, to be ſun-burnt.
ASSOLTA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *SOLTA'R*.
ASSOLVA'DO, adj. as, *rio aſſolvado*, a river that is choaked up with ſand or mud.
ASSOMADA, ſ. f. a ſhort appearance.
ASSOMA'DO, adj. looking out, appearing at a window; alſo drunkiſh.
ASSOMA'R, v. a. to begin to show itſelf, to peep.
Aſſomárſe, v. r. to look out at window, or the like.
ASSOMBRADI'ZO, adj. that is eaſily frighted.
Caballo aſſombradizo, a ſtarting horſe.
ASSOMBRADO'R, ſ. m. one that frights others.
ASSOMBRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m fear or terror.
ASSOMBRA'R, v. a. to fright, or ſcare; alſo to ſhadow; alſo to aſtonish, to move admiration.
ASSO'MBRO, ſ. m. fright, terror; alſo a prodigy.
ASSOMA'DA, ſ. f. } the looking
ASSO'MO, ſ. m. } out, or ap-

pearing of a man or other thing, as at a window, or ſuch like place. Peeping out; as, *aſſóma el dia*, the day peeps.

Prov. *Mas vale una traſpueſta que dos aſſomádos*, once ſcampering is worth twice looking out, or peeping; that is, one pair of heels is worth two pair of hands.

Aſſomáda de guérra, an appearance of war, and a warlike exploit.

Ni por aſſómo penſé en tal coſa, it never came into my mind, I never thought of it.

ASSONA'DA, ſ. f. a ſound, a noiſe, a rumour, a report, a commotion.

Aſſonáda de guérra, a rumour of war, warlike preparations.

ASSONADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſets tunes; alſo one that raiſes men. Obſ.

ASSONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *ASSONADA*.

ASSONA'NCIA, ſ. f. the ſound or melody of an inſtrument or the voice; alſo the conſonance of Spaniſh verſes.

ASSONANTADO, adj. ſpeaking of verſes thoſe are *aſſonantados* that do not anſwer with an exact rhyme, but only with an aſſonance.

ASSONA'NTE, ſ. m. an aſſonant, a word that rhymes almoſt with another, as *cielo* to *bueno*.

ASSONA'R, v. a. to tune, to ſound, to raiſe, to cauſe commotions.

Aſſondr, v. a. to enliſt ſoldiers.

ASSOPLA'R, v. a. vide *SOPLA'R*.

ASSORDADU'RA, ſ. f. } making deaf.
ASSORDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. }

ASSORDA'R, v, a. to deafen, or make deaf.

ASSOSSEGADAMETE, adv. quietly.

ASSOSSEGADAME'NTO, ſ. m. peace, pacification.

ASSOSSEGA'R, v. a. to pacify, to quiet, to appeaſe.

ASSOTANA'DO, adj. belonging to the lower part of an houſe.

ASSUE'TO, ſ. m. a vacation-day.

Aſſuéto, adj. accuſtomed.

ASSULCA'R, v. a. to make furrows, to plough up.

ASSUMCIO'N, ſ. f. vide *ASSUNCIO'N*.

ASSUMI'R, v. a. to aſſume.

ASSU'MPTO, ſ. m. vide *ASSU'NTO*.

ASSUNCIO'N, ſ. f. aſſumption, taking up; the feaſt of the Aſſumption of the bleſſed Virgin.

ASSUNTO, p. p. of *aſſumir*, taken up, or added.

Aſſunto, ſ. m. what is added, and the ſubject of a diſcourſe.

ASSURA'R, v. a. to burn as victuals do in the pot.

ASSURCA'R, v. a. to furrow.

ASSUSTAR, v. a. to frighten, to cauſe a fright or a fear.

A S T

ASTA, ſ. f. the ſtaff of a lance, ſpear, or pike; any long ſtaff.

ASTA'R, v. a. in cant, to inlarge.

ASTAS, ſ. f. a ſtag's horn.

ASTERI'SCO, ſ. m. an aſterisk.

ASTI'L, ſ. m. ſtaff of a javelin, the handle of a ſpade, pick-ax, or any ſuch utenſil; the ſtalk of any herb.

Aſtil de colúna, the body or ſhaft of a pillar or column.

ASTILLA, ſ. f. a ſlip, a ſplinter.

Aſtilla, in cant, a ſmall cheat, a petty larceny.

Aſtilla muérta, ſea-term, as much of the ſhip's ſides as is above water.

ASTILLA'DO, adj. made chips or ſplinters.

ASTILLADU'RA, ſ. f. making of chips; alſo, the chips themſelves.

ASTILLA'R, v. a. to make chips; alſo to ſplinter a broken bone, and to ſet upon a ſtaff.

Aſtillázos de tabéncos, in cant, money ſpent or loſt at the tavern.

ASTILLE'JO, ſ. m. the conſtellation called Orion.

ASTILLE'RA, ſ. f. the place where they laid up their ſpears or lances.

ASTILLE'RO, ſ. m. a dock to build ſhips in; a rack to place arms on, or any rack over a chimney.

ASTINENCI'A, ſ. f. abſtinence.

ASTINE'NTE, adj. abſtinent, temperate.

ASTRAGA'L, ſ. m. the aſtragal, being a rounding, joining immediately to the ſquare or dye of a pillar, or column; alſo the ankle-bone of the foot.

ASTRA'GALO, ſ. m. aſtragal.

ASTRA'L, adj. belonging to the ſtars.

ASTREñIR, v. a. to compel, to force.

ASTRI'CTO, p. p. of *aſtreñir*.

ASTRI'FERO, adj. carrying or ſupporting a ſtar or many ſtars.

ASTRINGE'NTE, adj. binding.

ASTRINGI'R, v. a. to bind together.

ASTRO, ſ. m. any of the luminous bodies in heaven, ſuch as ſun, moon, ſtar, planet.

ASTROLA'BIO, ſ. m. an aſtrolabe, a mathematical inſtrument to obſerve the motion of the ſtars.

ASTROLOGA'L, adj. aſtrological.

ASTROLOGI'A, ſ. f. aſtrology.

ASTROLO'GICO, adj. aſtrological.

ASTROLOGO, ſ. m. an aſtrologer.

ASTRONOMI'A, ſ. f. aſtronomy.

ASTRONO'MICO, adj. aſtronomical.

ASTRO'NOMO, ſ. m. an aſtronomer.

ASTROSAME'NTE, adv. loathſomely, ſhabbily, poorly; alſo unfortunately.

ASTROSO, adj. loathſome, poor, ſhabby, ragged, dirty; alſo unlucky, or born under an ill planet.

ASTUCIA, ſ. f. ſubtilty, craft, cunning.

ASTURIO'N, ſ. m. a little horſe, a ſmall nag, or pad.

ASTUTAME'NTE, adv. craftily, ſubtilly, cunningly.

ASTUTO, adj. ſubtle, cunning, crafty.

A S U

ASUSO, adv. above.

A S Y

ASYLO, ſ. m. a ſanctuary, or place of refuge.

ASYMETRI'A, ſ. f. aſymetry, contrariety to ſymetry, diſproportion.

ASYMPTO'TOS, ſ. f. pl. right lines, which approach nearer and nearer to ſome curve, but never meet it.

ASY'NDETON, ſ. f. a figure in grammar, when a conjunction copulative is ommitted.

A T A

ATA, ſ. f. a tree ſo called.

Ata, prep. until. Obſ.

ATABACA'DO, adj. ſnuff coloured.

ATABAL, ſ. m. a kettle-drum.

ATABALE'JO, ſ. m. a ſmall kettledrum.

ATABALE'RO, ſ. m. a kettle drummer.

ATABALI'LLO, ſ. m. a little kettledrum.

ATABARDILLA'DO, adj. belonging to the ſpotted fever.

ATABE, ſ. m. a breathing hole, a vent.

ATABLAR, v. a. to ſmooth the earth with boards.

ATA'CA, ſ. f. a ladle. Obſ.

ATACA'DO, adj. in cant, ſtabbed.

ATACADO'R, ſ. m. a lace, ſuch as women uſe to their ſtays. In martial affairs, a rammer of a gun. In cant, a dagger.

ATACADU'RA, ſ. f. lacing.

ATACAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *ATACADU'RA*.

ATACA'R, v. a to lace on ſtays, boddice, or the like; alſo in martial affairs to attack; alſo to teaze, to ask with importunity; in cant, to ſtab.

Atacár calzas, to lace or tie up one's breeches.

Atacár un arcabúz, to ram down the charge in a musket.

Calzas atacadas, anciently, breeches and ſtockings in one pieces that they uſed to lace to the waiſtcoat.

Hombre de calzas atacadas, a man very ceremonious.

Atacárſe, v. r. to catch at; to tie one's ſelf to; to be puzzled; to puzzle; to be bewildered.

ATADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. garters.

ATADE'RO, ſ. m. a rope or cord.

ATADI'JO, ſ. m. a little bundle.

ATADI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall bundle or parcel tied up.

Atadillo de almiſcle, a musk cod.

ATADO'R, ſ. m. one that binds, or ties; or the ſtring or cord that ties.

ATADU'RA, ſ. f. tying; alſo a band, or ſtring.

ATAFAGA'R, v. a. to put one in a paſſion, to make angry.

Atafagárſe, v. r. to be in a paſſion, to be angry.

ATAFE'A, ſ. f. a ſurfeit.

ATAFA'RRA, ſ. f. vide *ATAHARRE*.

ATAHARRADU'RA, ſ. f. cruppering; and thence truſſing, or binding up.

ATAHARRA'R, v. a. to crupper a beaſt; thence to truſs up, to bind up.

ATAHA'RRE, ſ. m. a crupper, but generally for a beaſt of burthen.

ATAHO'NA, ſ. f. an aſs or a horſe-mill.

ATAHONA'R, v. a. to grind in a mill.

ATAHONE'RO, ſ. m. a miller.

ATAHO'RMA, } ſ. f. the great
ATAHO'RNA, } eagle called an oſprey.

ATAJADI'ZO, ſ. m. a ſmall cloſet contrived out of a room.

ATAJADO'R, ſ. m. he that cuts through any place or path in order to ſhorten his way.

Atajadór, ſ. m. the officer that goes every where exploring where the enemy is when the armies are within reach.

Atajadór, ſ. m. one that cuts off, ſtops, or prevents, that runs down, or puts others out of countenance.

Atájamiento de ſangre, ſtopping of blood.

ATAJA'R, v. a. to cut off, to ſtop away, to prevent, to take the ſhort cut, to be brief, to put out of countenance.

Atajár ganádo, to drive away cattle, to ſteal it.

Atajár camino, to ſtop a way, to take the ſhorteſt way.

Atajár el enemigo, to cut off an ennemy's retreat, or proviſions.

Atajár pléyto, to withdraw one's plea.

Atajár razónes, to make few words.

Atajárſe un hombre, to be out of countenance, to be run down, to have nothing to ſay for himſelf.

ATAJASOLA'ZES, ſ. m. a diſturber of mirth, a meſſenger of ill news.

ATAIFO'R, ſ. m. a deep dish for ſoop, or pottage; alſo a round table.

ATA'JO, ſ. m. a ſhort cut in the road; alſo a ſtop in the way, or a wear in a river, or a ſtile in a hedge.

Atájo de gánado, a number of cattle.

Prov. *No áy atájo ſin trabájo*, there is no ſhort cut without ſome trouble; that is no convenience without an inconvenience.

ATAJUE'LO, ſ. m. diminut. of *atájo*.

ATA'L, adv. ſo that.

ATALADRA'R, v. a. to bore, to pierce with a wimble.

ATALA'R, v. a. vide *TALA'R*.

ATALAYA, ſ. f. a watch-tower, or a centinel, or perſon that ſtands to diſcover, or watch. In cant, a thief.

ATALAYADO'R, ſ. m. centinel, watch, ſpy in war.

ATALAYAMI'ENTO, ſ. m. watching, or looking out, to diſcover.

ATALAYA'R, v. a. to ſtand centinel, or be upon the watch upon a high place or aboard a ſhip.

Atalayár, to obſerve ſtudiouſly the actions of one's ſelf, or another.

ATALEA'R, v. a. vide *ATALAYA'R*.

ATALO'N, ſ. m. vide *TALO'N*.

ATALVI'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of haſty pudding made of almonds, milk, and flower.

ATAMBO'R, ſ. m. a drum, or the drummer.

ATAMBORCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little drum.

ATAMBOREA'R, v. a. to beat a drum.

ATAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſlothfulneſs, or a remiſſneſs, of mind or ſpirits; cowardice.

Atamiénto, a tying, or binding; unhandineſs.

ATA'N, a comparative particle, obſ. the ſame as *tan*, ſo much.

ATANA'SIA, ſ. f. the herb tanſy.

ATANCA'R, v. a. to preſs or ſqueeze.

Atancár, to be faſt, that one cannot get out, to ſtick.

ATAñEDE'RO, adj. pertaining, or belonging to.

ATAñE'R, v. imp. to belong, to appertain.

Atañer, v. a. to detain, to keep back.

Atáñeme acá eſſa búrra, ſtop that aſs for me.

ATA'NES, adv. until.

ATANO'R, ſ. m. a conduit, or pipe to convey water, a watercock.

ATANQUI'A, ſ. f. a plaiſter uſed to pull off hair, ſometimes a pair of nippers to pull out hairs.

Atanquia, a groſs ſort of ſilk.

ATANTO, adv. ſo far as.

Atánto, adj. ſo great. Vide *TANTO*.

ATAPADO'R, ſ. m. a ſtopper, or cover.

ATAPADU'RA, ſ. f. ſtopping, or covering.

ATAPA'R, v. a. to ſtop, to cover; metaph. to conceal.

ATAPIA'R, v. a. vide *TAPIA'R*.

ATAPIERNA, ſ. f. a garter.

ATA'QUE, ſ. m. attack, aſſault.

ATAQUI'ZA, ſ. f. a planting of new vines.

ATAQUIZADO'R, ſ. m. the man who plants the new vines.

ATAQUIZA'R, v. a. to plant new vines, where the old ones are either withered or dead.

ATA'R, v. a. to tie, to bind; alſo to hinder.

Locó de atár, a madman, an enraged furious perſon.

Atárſe, v. r. to be beſide one's ſelf.

Ni áta ni deſáta, he neither ties, nor unties; that is, he ſays nothing to the purpoſe, or that thing is not tot the purpoſe. As ſome ſay, it is neither here nor there.

Prov. *Quien bien áta, bien deſáta*, he that ties well, unties wel; equivalent to faſt bind, faſt find.

ATARACE'A, ſ. f. a well prepared mixture of two colours. Vide *TARACE'A*.

ATARACEA'R, v. a. to adorn with many colours.

ATARANTADO, adj. ſtung by the *tarantula*, applied to any one that moves frequently his head and body.

ATARASCA'R, v. a. to wound in the face with a ſword.

ATARAZA'NA, ſ. f. dock, arſenal, place to build ships; alſo a ſtorehouſe, a magazine.

Atarazána, a wine cellar; and (in cant) the place where thieves conceal the things they have ſtolen.

ATARAZANA'L, ſ. m. vide *ATARAZANA*.

ATARAZA'R, v. a. to pull in pieces, to tear.

ATA'RSE, ſ. f. the tamarisk-tree.

ATARE'A, ſ. f. a task of work to be done.

ATAREA'R, v. a. to ſet a task.

Atareárſe, v. r. to ſet one's ſelf a task.

ATARRAGA'R, v. a. to fit shoes on the horſe.

ATARRA'YA, ſ. f. a fishing or fowling net.

ATTARRE'A, ſ. f. } vide *ATA-*
ATTARRIO'N, ſ. m. } *HA'RRE-*

ATARUGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a wedge; a large skewer.

ATARUGA'R, v. a. to wedge any thing.

ATARXE'A, ſ. f. a caſe of bricks made to ſcreen the water-pipes from being ſpoilt.

ATASAJA'DO, adj. broke or cut in pieces.

ATASCADE'RO, ſ. m. a marshy place; an obſtruction in doing any thing.

Ataſcadéro, a place where carriages or cattle ſtick in the mire.

ATASCA'R, v a. to calk a veſſel; that is, to ſtop up all the crannies with oakum.

Atáſcárſe, v. r. to ſtick in the mire, to be faſt that one cannot get out, to run one's ſelf into ſtraights or difficulties.

ATAVA'L, ſ. m. vide *ATABAL*.

ATAVALE'RO, ſ. m. vide *ATABALE'RO*.

ATAU'D, ſ. m. a coffin.

ATAVIADAME'NTE, adv. finely.

ATAVIA'R, v. a. to dreſs, to adorn, to ſet off.

ATAVILLA'R, v. a. to fold together.

ATAVI'O, ſ. m. apparel, ornament, dreſs.

ATAURI'QUE, ſ. m. in building, a Moorish ornament over a door.

ATAUXI'A, ſ. f. damasking on metal; inlaying one metal with another; alſo the fine gilding we ſee on ſwordblades, or the like.

ATAXI'A, ſ. f. vide *ATARXE'A*.

ATAYFO'R, ſ. m. vide *ATAIFO'R*.

ATAYMADO, ſ. m. vide *TAYMADO*.

A T E

ATE, adv. vide *ANTE*. Obſ.

ATEDIA'RSE, v. r. to be weary, to be tired.

ATEME'R, v. a. vide *TEME'R*.

ATEMORIZA'R, v. a. to put into a fear, to make one afraid, to ſcare, to daunt.

ATEMPERA'R, } v. a. to modera-
ATEMPLAR, } te, to appeaſe.
ATENACEA'R, v. a. to nip, or pull piece-meal with pincers.
ATENAZA'DAS, adv. by nips of pincers.
ATENAZA'R, v. a. to nip or pull in pieces with pincers; from *tenázas*, pincers.
ATENCIO'N, ſ. f. attention, application; alſo reſpect, politeneſs.
ATENDA'R, v. n. to pitch tents, to encamp.
ATENDE'R, v. a. to attend, to give ear; alſo to wait on.
ATENEDO'R, ſ. m. a party-man.
ATENE'R, v. a. obſ. to keep peace with others.
Atenérſe, v. r. to ſtick to a thing, to ſtand to it.
ATENTADAME'NTE, adv. carefully, attentively, deliberately; alſo politely.
ATENTA'DO, adj. that proceeds with caution.
Atentado, ſ. m, a ſentence or decree of a judge contrary to law.
ATENTAME'NTE, adv. attentively, carefully, reſpectfully, politely.
ATENTA'R, v. a. to attempt, but more properly to feel, or grope, as in the dark.
Atentárſe, v. r. to do things with deliberation, to be ſolid, or ſtayed.
ATE'NTO, adj. heedful, attentive, careful; alſo polite, courteous.
Atento, adv. about that, for which cauſe.
ATENUACIO'N, ſ. f. a waſting or conſuming away; alſo tenuity; growing thin.
ATENUA'R, v. r. to attenuate, to ſpend, to waſte, to conſume.
Atenuárſe, v. r. to be waſted, to be wore away.
ATERCIANA'DO, adj. belonging to the *terciana*, or tertian day ague.
ATERECE'RSE, to ſtarve or grow ſtiff with cold.
ATERECI'DO, adv. ſtarved, or grown ſtiff with cold.
ATERECIMIE'NTO, ſtarving or growing ſtiff with cold.

ATERICIA'RSE, v. r. to be ill of the jaundice.
ATERI'DO, adj. ſtarved, or ſtiff with cold; alſo ſlothful, lazy.
ATERI'RSE, vide *ATERECE'RSE*.
ATERITA'DO, adj. ſtupid.
ATERITA'RSE, v. r. to be ſtupid.
ATERRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a deſtruction, a levelling to the ground.
ATERRA'R, v. a. to throw down, to pull down, to terrify, to fright; to humble.
Aterrárſe, v. r. to come near the land, (a ſea-term.)
ATERRE'RO, adv. *tirár á terrero*, to ſhoot at a ſettled mark, to a ſure mark, to ſhoot point blank.
ATERRONA'DO, adj. cloddy, full of clods.
ATERRORIZA'R, v. a. to ſtrike terror or fear in any one, to amaze, to ſurprize.
ATESA'R, v. a. to make hard.
ATESORA'R, v. a. vide *ATHESORA'R*.
ATESTACIO'N, ſ. f. atteſting, witneſſing.
ATESTA'DO, adj. crammed, ſtuffed full.
Villáno ateſtádo de ajos, a clown ſtuffed with garlick; that is, a ſurly, unmannerly down.
ATESTADO'R, ſ. m. one that witneſſes, or one that ſtuffs or crams.
ATESTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of ſtuffing or ramming any thing down.
ATESTA'R, v. a. to ſtuff, to cram full, to ram down; alſo to teſtify, or bear witneſs.
ATESTIGUACI'ON, ſ. f. a depoſition or charge.
ATESTIGUADO'R, ſ. m. one that teſtifies, affirms, or witneſſes.
ATESTIGUAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. teſtifying, witneſſing.
ATESTIGUA'R, v. a. to teſtify, to witneſs.
ATETA'R, v. a. to give ſuck.
ATEZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the action of blacking the face, or daubing it.
ATEZA'R, v. a. to black or daub the face, or beſmear it with ſoot, charcoal, &c.
Atezárſe, v. r. to acquire blackneſs, by reaſon of the heat of the climate.

ATH

ATHANA'SIA, ſ. f. the herb tanſy.
ATHEISMO, ſ. m. atheiſm.
ATHEISTA, ſ. m. or *ATHE'O*, an atheiſt.
ATHE'O, ſ. m. an atheiſt.
ATHERA'A, ſ. f. a kind of pudding made very thin.
ATHESORA'R, v. a. to treaſure up.
ATHLE'TA, ſ. m. wreſtler, champion.
ATHLETICAME'NTE, adv. in an athletick manner, with great ſtrength, with moſt manly vigour.
ATHLE'TICO, adj. athletick, belonging to wreſtling.

ATI

ATIBLA'R, v. n. vide *ENTIBLA'R*.
ATIBORRA'R, to fill any thing with lees or droſs.
ATICO, adj. belonging to the Attick order in architecture.
ATICU'RGA, adj. the appellative of the baſe of an Attick pillar.
ATIEMPO, adv. in time, in ſeaſon.
ATIE'NTAS, adv. careleſsly, without deliberation, without thought, groping in the dark.
ATIE'NTO, adv. the ſame as *atientas*.
ATIESSA'R, v. a. to ſtiffen.
ATIE'STO, ſ. m. the act of filling up wine-veſſels with wine after it has ſomewhat diminiſhed by ſettling or evaporation.
ATILDADU'RA, ſ. f. elegance, finery in dreſs; alſo the filling, polishing, or refining of any thing.
ATILDA'R, v. a. to put any writing in perfect order, according to the ſtricteſt rules of orthography.

Atildárse, v. r. to be elegant, or fine in dreſs.
ATINADAME'NTE, adv. judiciouſly, diſcreetly.
ATINA'DO, adj. gueſſed, or hit upon by gueſs; alſo, judicious, diſcreet.
Atinádo, ſ. m. a prudent, deliberate, cautious, wiſe man.
ATINA'R, v. a. to gueſs right, to find, to hit upon things by gueſs.
ATI'NCAR, ſ. m. borace, a ſort of gum uſed in ſoldering of gold.
'ATI'NO, ſ. m. goods gueſs, judgment, diſcretion, foreſight.
ATIPLA'DA, adj f. treble, that reaches high in muſic.
ATIPLA'R, v. a. to sharpen the ſound.
Atiplárse, v. r. to paſs ſuddenly from a grave to an acute note or ſound in ſinging or playing.
A tira mas tira, adv. pell-mell, confuſedly, tumultuouſly.
ATIRICIA'R, v. a. to grow yellow countenanced, to fall into the jaundice.
'ATISBADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who diſcovers, perceives.
'ATISBADU'RA, ſ. f. a diſcovering, perception, knowledge.
ATISBA'R, v. a. to perceive, to diſcover, to underſtand, to comprehend.
'ATIZADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſtirs up or kindles fire; alſo one that provokes, or ſets people to quarrel; alſo a poker.
'A iznár una pendencia, to heighten a quarrel.
ATIZONA'R, v. a. to repair old walls with brick or ſtone.

A T L

'ATLANTES, ſ. m. pl. timbers, or ſtones in a building which ſuſtain the beams and joiſts.
'ATLANTIDES, ſ. f. pl. the ſtars called Pleiades, or ſeven ſtars.
'ATLE'TA, ſ. m. vide *ATHLE'TA*.

A T M

'ATMOSPHE'RA, ſ. f. the atmoſphere.
ATMOSPHE'RICO, adj. atmoſpherick, belonging to the atmoſphere.

A T O

ATO, ſ. m. vide *HA'TO*.
ATOA'R, v. a to tow a great ship with a ſmall veſſel.
ATOBA'R, v. a. to faſten any one's mind; that is, to aſtonish, or ſurprize.
Atobarſe, v. r. to remain aſtonished and confuſed.
ATOCATE'JA, adv. directly, immediately.
ATO'CHA, ſ. f. the outſide of the plant called *eſpárto*, after the *eſpárto* is taken out, when it remains bruiſed and beaten ſo ſoft, that it ſerves to put into beds inſtead of ſtraw.
ATOCHA'DO, adj. foolish, ſoft-pated, dull, ſtupid.
ATOCHA'L, ó *ATOCHA'R*, ſ. m. a broom-field, or cloſe.
ATOCHAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. growing dull, or foolish.
ATOCHA'R, v. a. to ſtuff with broom.
ATOCINA'R, v. a. to make bacon.
Atocinár, v. a. metaph. to kill.
Atocinárse, v. r. to be in a paſſion.
ATO'LE, ſ. m. a drink ſo called.
ATOLLADA'L, ſ. m. a bog, a quagmire, a ſlough, or dirty place, where cattle or carts ſtick.
ATOLLADE'RO, ſ. m. a bog.
Atolladéro, ſ. m. an obſtacle.
ATOLLADU'RA, ſ. f. ſticking in the mire.
ATOLLA'R, v. n. to ſtick in the mire or otherwiſe, ſo that one cannot ſtir without help.
Atollárse, v. r. to labour under difficulties, to meet with obſtructions, to be hindered.
ATOLONDRA'R, v. a. to knock any one on the head with any thing.
Atolondrárse, v. r. to be ſtupified, to be put beſide one's ſelf.
ATOLONDRONA'R, v. a. to ſtupify, to put a man beſide himſelf.
ATOMO, ſ. m. an atom.
ATONA'DO, adj. obſ. aſtonished, amazed, beſide himſelf.
ATONA'RSE, v. r. obſ. to be aſtonished, or amazed, or beſide himſelf.
ATONI'TO, adj. aſtonished, amazed.
ATONTADAME'NTE, adv. raſhly, inconſiderately, foolishly.
ATONTA'DO, adj. foolish, or ſilly.
ATONTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. fooliſhneſs, raſhneſs.
ATONTA'R, v. n. to grow foolish.
ATONTAS, adv. foolishly.
A TOPA TOLO'NDRO, adv. inconſiderately, foolishly.
ATORADAME'NTE, adv. entirely.
ATORA'R, v. a. to preſs, ſqueeze, or ram one thing into another.
ATORDI'R, v. a. obſ. vide *ATURDI'R*.
ATORGA'R, v. a. to grant, to permit.
ATORMECE'R, v. n. vide *ADORMECE'R*.
ATORMECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *ADORMECIMIENTO*.
ATORDI'R, v. a. obſ. vide *ATURDI'R*.
ATORMENTADO'R, ſ. m. tormentor, executioner; alſo a vero troubleſome or offenſive perſon.
ATORMENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a tormenting, a vexing, troubling, perplexing.
ATORMENTA'R, v. a. to torment, to rack, to put to great pain; to vex, to fret.
ATORNA'R, v. a. to encloſe, to compaſs about.
ATOROLLA'R, v. a. vide *ATURULLA'R*.
ATOROZONA'R, v. a. to give the gripes, or twiſting of the guts.
ATORTOLA'R, v. a. to ſtrike terror or fear, to make as timorous as a dove.
ATORTUJA'R, v. a. to ſquat, or ſqueeze a thing flat as a tortoiſe.
ATORZONA'RSE, v. r. to be troubled or vexed with the gripes, as horſes.

ATOSSIGADO'R, ſ. m. one who gives poiſon; alſo one that teazes with importunity.
ATOSSIGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of giving poiſon.
ATOSSIGA'R, v. a. to intoxicate, to poiſon; alſo to vex with importunity.

A T R

ATRABANCA'R, v. a. to hurry a work on; to make more haſte than good ſpeed.
ATRABILA'RIO, adj. atrabilarian, melancholy.
ATRABI'LIS, ſ. f. black choler, melancholy.
ATRACA'R, v. a. to throw the grappling irons aboard a ship.
Atracárſe, v. r. to join ships together by grappling irons.
ATRACCIO'N, ſ. f. attraction.
ATRACTIVO, adj. attractive, or drawing to.
ATRACTY'L, ſ. m. wild baſtard ſaffron.
ATRAE'R, v. a. to attract, to draw, to allure.
ATRAFAGA'R, v. a. vide *ATAFAGA'R*.
Atrafagárſe, v. r. to harraſs one's ſelf with too much buſineſs.
ATRAGANTA'RSE, v. r. to be choaked by the victuals in the throat.
ATRA'GOS, adv. by gulps.
ATRAHE'R, v. a. to attract, to draw ſomething.
Atrahér, v. a. to attract, to allure, to invite, to intice.
ATRAIDORA'DO, adj. traitor-like, treacherous.
Atraidorádo, adj. treacherous, traitorous, treaſonous, treaſonable, having the nature or guilt of treaſon.
ATRAIDORAME'NTE, adv. treacherouſly, deceitfully.
Atraidoramente, adv. treacherouſly, treaſonably.
ATRAILLA'R, v. a. to draw, drag, or lead a ship or leash.
ATRAIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. attracting, drawing, or alluring.
ATRAMPARAI'Z, adv. quite pulled, or torn up by the roots.
ATRAMU'ZES, ſ. m. plur. vide *ALTRAMU'ZES*.
ATRANCAR, v. a. to bar, to make faſt with a bar; alſo to take large ſteps, to ſtep over a ditch, or the like.
ATRAPA'R, v. a. to overtake.
ATRAS, adv. behind.
De tiempos atrás, of former times.
Atrás máno, behind-hand.
ATRASADO, adj. behind-hand with the world, indebted; alſo behind, or short in the way.
ATRASAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *ATRASO*.
ATRASA'R, v. a. to put behind, to keep back.
Atraſárſe, v. r. to ſtay behind, to run in debt.
ATRASMA'NO, adv. aſide, out of the way, out of the reach.
ATRASO, ſ. m. the loſs of wealth, or of any other thing.
ATRAVANCA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *ATRAVESSA'R*.
ATRAVESAñO, ſ. m. a beam or a piece of timber that ſtands or is placed acroſs.
ATRAVESA'R, or *ATRAVESSAR*, v. a. to croſs; to lay acroſs.
Atraveſſár á uno con la eſpáda, to run a man through.
Atraveſſár el corazon, to grieve to the heart, to move to compaſſion.
Atraveſſár la calle, to croſs the ſtreet.
Atraveſſár en la juégo, to bar; to caſt.
Atraveſárſe, v. r. to interpoſe; to interrupt; to break off; to be contrary; to mediate.
ATRAVESI'A, ſ. f. vide *TRAVESIA*.
ATRAZADERA, ſ. f. a bawd.
ATRAZA'R, v. a. to act cunningly, craftily, or vilely.
ATRE'CHOS, adv. by intervals, from ſpace to ſpace.
ATREGUA'DO, adj. that is mad by fits, that has lucid intervals.
ATREGUAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of making a truce. Obſ.
ATREGUA'R, v. a. to grant a truce.
ATREVE'NCIA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *ATREVIMIE'NTO*.
ATREVE'RSE, v. r. to dare, to be bold; to be ſaucy.
ATREVIDA'D, ſ. f. vide *ATREVIMIE'NTO*.
ATREVIDAME'NTE, adv. boldly, daringly; ſaucily.
ATREVIDI'LLO, ſ. m. a little bold hot-headed fellow.
ATREVIDO, adj. bold, daring; inconſiderate, ſaucy.
ATREVIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. boldneſs, impudence.
ATRIA'CA, ſ. f. treacle.
ATRIA'NGULA, ſ. f. a plummet hanging to a triangular board, uſed by workmen to try their work.
ATRIAQUE'RO, ſ. m. one that ſells treacle; a quack, a mountebank.
ATRIBUCI'ON, ſ. f. attribution, aſſignation.
ATRIBUI'R, v. a. to attribute, to lay to one.
Atribuirſe, v. r. to arrogate to one's ſelf.
ATRIBULACIO'N, ſ. f. tribulation, trouble.
ATRIBULADAME'NTE, adv. in a ſorrowful manner.
ATRIBULA'R, v. a. to trouble, to grieve.
Atribulárſe, v. r. to grieve, to mourn.
ATRIBUTA'R, v. a. to impoſe a tribute.
ATRIBU'TO, ſ. m. an attribute.
ATRICIO'N, ſ. f. attrition.
ATRI'L, ſ. m. ſtand, a desk to ſet a book on.
ATRILE'JO, ſ. m. a little ſtand, or desk for a book.
ATRILE'RA, ſ. f. the cover of a ſtand or desk.
ATRINCADU'RA, ſ. f. vide *TRINCADU'RA*.
ATRINCA'R, v. a. vide *TRINCA'R*.
Atrincárſe, v. r. to break itſelf into bits.
ATRINCHERAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of making trenches.
ATRINCHERA'R, v. r. to intrench.
A'TRIO, ſ. m. a court-yard.
ATRITO, adj. belonging to attrition.
ATRO, adj. black.

ATROCHA'DO, adj. giddy-headed, rattle-brained; alſo, ſtopped, or croſſed.

ATROCHA'R, v. a. to ſtop a paſſage; alſo to ſtrike out the way or road.

ATRO'CHE Y MO'CHE, vulgar adverb: at random, raſhly, hand over head.

ATROCIDA'D, ſ. f. cruelty, inhumanity, fierceneſs.

A TROMPA TAñIDA, adv. at the ſound of a trumpet.

A trompa y taléga, adv. without reflexion, order, or diſpoſition agreed before hand.

ATROMPETADO, adj. ſhaped or made like a trumpet.

ATROMPO'N, adv. without any rule or order.

ATRONADOR, ſ m. thunderer, the perſon who thunders or makes a noiſe; alſo a fool, or ſilly fellow.

ATRONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtunning with noiſe; alſo raſhneſs, or folly.

ATRONA'R, v. n. to thunder; to make a great noiſe; to become a fool.

Atronárſe, v. r. to be ſtunned with noiſe; to be thunder-ſtruck, to be killed by the noiſe of thunder, as it happens to ſilk-worms.

ATRONEA'R, v. a. to make loop-holes to ſhoot out at.

ATROPA'R, v. a. to gather into a troop, or body, to cloſe up.

Atropárſe, v. r. to be gathered into a troop, to be cloſed up.

ATROPELLADAME'NTE, adv. confuſedly, diſorderly.

ATROPELLADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who treads under foot.

ATROPELLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of treading under foot.

ATROPELLA'R, v. a. to tread under foot, to bear down, to run over.

Atropellárſe, v. r. to be trod under foot, to be run over.

ATROPHIA, ſ. f. a kind of conſumption.

ATRO'PHICO, adj. that is in a conſumption.

ATR'OZ, adj. atrocious, heinous, cruel, or fierce.

ATROZA'R, v. a. to bind, or tie the yarm-arm to the maſt.

ATROZME'NTE, adv. heinouſly, cruelly, fiercely.

ATRUE'NDO, ſ. m. pride, boaſting, oſtentation.

ATRUE'QUE, adv. vide *TRUEQUE*.

A T U

ATUE'NDO, ſ. m. vide *ATRUENDO*.

ATRUERTO, adv. wrongfully, unjuſtly.

ATUFADAME'NTE, adv. peeviſhly, paſſionately.

ATUFA'R, v. a. to put into a fret, or paſſion, in a fume.

Atufárſe, v. r. to take pet.

ATUJA'DO, adj. obſ. fit, handſome, decent.

ATU'MBO, ſ. m. vide *TU'MBO*.

ATU'N, ſ. m. a fiſh called a tunny.

ATUNA'RA, ſ. f. the place where tunnyfiſh are caught.

ATUNE'RA, ſ. f. the hook to catch tunny-fiſh with.

ATUNE'RO, ſ. m. one that catches, or ſells tunny-fiſh; a ſcoundrel, a blackguard.

ATURADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon that ſuffers labour.

ATURA'R, v. a. to ſuffer with conſtancy, to bear up againſt afflictions.

ATURDIDAME'NTE, adv. foolishly, madly.

ATURDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. aſtoniſhment, ſurprize.

ATURDI'R, v. a. to ſtun, aſtoniſh.

Aturdirſe, v. r. to be aſtoniſhed.

ATURRULLA'R, v. a. to confound with fear or ſurprize.

ATUSADO'R, ſ. m. a perſon who ſhears, or clips.

ATUSA'R, v. a. to ſhear, to clip cloſe; alſo to browſe as cattle do.

ATUTHI'A, ſ. f. tutty. It is the ſoot of braſs, which ſticks to the furnace, in the fuſion of metal.

ATUTIPLE'N, adv. abundantly; vulgar expreſſion.

A U C

A'UCA, ſ. f. a gooſe.

AUCTO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who ſells any thing.

A U D

AUDA'CIA, ſ. f. magnanimity, courage, ſpirit; alſo impudence.

AUDA'Z, adj. bold, audacious; alſo impudent.

AUDIE'NCIA, ſ. f. audience, liberty of ſpeaking granted; alſo the court of judicature, or the place where it is kept

AUDIENCIE'RO, ſ. m. an officer belonging to a court of juſtice.

AUDI'TO, ſ. m. hearing.

AUDITO'R, ſ m. a king's officer, or judge civil and criminal.

AUDITORA'TO, ſ. m. the dignity of ſuch a judge.

AUDITO'RIA, ſ. f. the auditor's office, the place where he ſits in order to examine and judge.

AUDITO'RIO, ſ. f. auditory, audience.

A U G

A'UGE, ſ. m. that point wherein the ſun or any other planet is fartheſt from the center of the earth.

Fulano eſtá en ſu auge, ſuch a one is at the higheſt pitch, or ſummit of glory.

AUGU'RES, ſ. m. pl. the augurs among the Romans.

AUGU'STO, adj. auguſt, venerable.

A U L

A'ULA, ſ. f. a hall; a court; a palace; a public ſchool at the univerſities.

AULA'GA, ſ. f. a ſort of prickly broom.

AULAGA'R, ſ. m. a place where brooms grows.

A'ULICO, adj. belonging to the court.

AULLADO'R, ſ. m. one that howls.

AULLA'R, v. [redacted] as dogs or wolves [redacted]

AULLI'DO, [redacted] like that of a dog, or wolf.

AU'LLO, ſ. m. vide *AULLIDO*.

A U M

AUMENTACIO'N, ſ. f. augmentation, increaſe.

AUMENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that increaſes, augments, adds to.

AUMENTA'R, v. a. to increaſe, augment, add to.

AUMENTATI'VO, adj. augmentative, increaſing, adding.

AUME'NTO, ſ. m. increaſe, addition, augmentation.

A U N

AU'N, adv. yet, *adhue*.

Aún, adv. alſo, *etiam*.

AU'NA, adv. at once, together.

AUNA'DOS, ſ. m. pl. confederates, perſons united or allied.

AUNAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. confederating, uniting, binding together.

AUNA'R, v. a. to confederate, unite.

Aunárſe, v. r. to be united, to be allied, or confederated.

AU'NNO, adv. obſ. not yet.

AU'NQUE, adv. although.

A U R

AU'RA, ſ. f. air, gale, breeze.

A'UREO, adj. golden.

AURE'OLA, ſ. f. a circle painted round the head of our Saviour and the ſaints by painters.

AURICULA'R, adj. belonging to the ear.

AURI'FERO, adj. who bears gold, gilt with gold.

AURI'GA, ſ. f. a coachman.

AURO'RA, ſ. f. the break of day, the aurora, the morning.

Color de aurora, a colour between white and light red.

Prov. *Aurôra rubia, ò viento ò pluvia*, a red morning is a ſign of wind or rain.

AURAGA'DO, adj. ill-ploughed and left full of lumps of earth.

A U S

AUSE'NCIA, ſ. f. abſence.

Prov. *Auſéncia enemiga de amor quan léjos de ojos, tan lejos de coraçón*, abſence an enemy to love, as far as from the eyes, ſo far from the heart; out of ſight, out of mind.

AUSENTA'RSE, v. r. to abſent one's ſelf, to depart, to go away.

AUSE'NTE, adj. abſent, not preſent.

AUSPICIO, ſ. m. omen, ſign, token of the event of things, ſhewed by flights of birds; good or bad ſucceſs, conduct, management, government, command, advice, authority, one's fancy, will or pleaſure; alſo good omen and protection.

AUSTERAME'NTE, adv. ſeverely, harshly, auſterely.

AUSTERIDA'D, ſ. f. auſterity, ſeverity, rigour, harshneſs, mortified life.

AUSTE'RO, adj. auſtere, harsh, ſevere, rigorous, ill-natured.

AUSTRA'L, adj. belonging to the ſouth.

AU'STRO, ſ. m. the ſouth wind.

A U T

AUTAN, adv.

Bebér a aután, to drink ſtiffly, or to a certain pitch.

AUTHE'NTICA, ſ. f. the conſtitutions, ſyſtem of laws and cuſtoms.

AUTHENTICAME'NTE, adv. authentically, by public authority.

AUTHENTICA'R, v. a. to make a writing authentick, to give it ſufficient authority.

AUTHENTICIDA'D, ſ. f. authenticity, genuineneſs, the quality of being authentick, legal authority.

AUTHE'NTICO, adj. authentic.

AUTI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall ſort of owl, a howlet.

Autillo, ſ. m. diminutive of *anto*.

AUTO, ſ. m. a public act, a decree of a court or a ſchool, or other public act; a repreſentation of ſome devout play.

Autos, all the papers relating to a ſuit in law.

Auto de fe, or *de inquiſición*, the public act of the inquiſition, when they bring out all their priſoners, and read their offences in public, at which time ſentence is paſſed upon them.

AUTOCRACI'A, ſ. f. autocracy, independent power.

AUTOGRA'PHICO, ſ. f. autographical, of one's own wriring.

AUTOGRAPHO, ſ. m. a particular perſon's own writing.

AUTOMA'TICO, adj. having the power of moving itſelf.

AUTO'MATO, ſ. m. automaton, a machine that has the power of motion within itſelf.

AUTO'R, ſ. m. author, inventor.

AUTORIDA'D, ſ. f. authority, power, credit; oſtentation; teſtimony, credibility.

AUTORIZADAME'NTE, adv. with authority, peremptorily.

AUTORIZADO'R, ſ. m. a perſon inveſted with authority; one that certifies and gives authority.

AUTORIZA'R, v. a. to authorize, to make any thing legal; to prove, to juſtify, to give credit.

AUTUMNA'L, adj. belonging to autumn.

A U X

AUXILIA'R, v. a. to help, ſuccour, relieve, protect, aſſiſt.

Auxiliár, adj. auxiliary, giving help or aſſiſtance.

Verbo auxiliár, auxiliary verb.

AUXI'LIO, ſ. m. help, aid, relief, aſſiſtance, ſuccour.

A V A

AVA, adv. take heed.

AVADA'DO, adj. fordable.

AVADA'RSE, v. r. to become fordable.

AVAHA'R, v. a. to warm one's hand by the breath.
AVALA'NTARSE, v. r. vide. *ABALANZARSE.*
AVALGA'R, ſ. m. a purging medicine ſo called.
AVALIA'DOR, ſ. m. a prizer, a valuer.
AVALIA'R, v. a. to value, to prize, to rate.
AVALLA'R, v. a. to incloſe, intrench about, to fortify, to raiſe a fence.
AVALORA'R, v. a. to augment, increaſe, or raiſe the value, eſteem, or credit of a thing.
AVALO'RIOS, ſ. m. pl. glaſs bugles.
AVALO'TE, ſ. m. tumult, noiſe, ſedition.
AVAMPIE'S, ſ. m. pl. ſplatterdashes, vulgarly ſo called.
AVANCE, ſ. m. attack, aſſault.
AVANGUA'RDIA, ſ. f. the van of an army.
AVANICA'R, v. a. to fan.
AVANI'CO, ſ. m. a fan.
AVANI'NO, ſ. m. a little gorget women wear about their necks.
AVA'NT, adv. farther, beyond.
AVANTA'L, ſ. m. an apron.
AVANZA'R, v. a. to go forward, to advance; to attack; to overballance in an account currant.
AVA'NZO, ſ. m. the ballance in accounts; alſo the benefit of a merchant.
AVA'OS, have a care, ſtand off. A clownish word.
AVARAME'NTE, adv. covetouſly.
AVARATA'R, v. a. vide. *ABARATA'R.*
AVARI'CIA, ſ. f. avarice, covetouſneſs.
AVARICIO'SO, *AVARIE'NTO*, } adj. covetous.
Pro. *El avariénto do tiene el theſoro tiene el entendimiénto*, wherever a covetous man's treaſure is, there is his heart alſo.
AVARO, adj. vide, *AVARIE'NTO.*
AVARRA'R, v. a. vide, *ABARRA'R.*
AVARRA'Z, ſ. m. vide. *ALBARRA'Z.*
AVARRI'SCO, adv. vide. *ABARRISCO.*
AVASALLA'R, v. a. to bring under ſubjection, to ſubdue; to conquer, to reduce under a new dominion.

A V E

AVE, ſ. f. a bird.
Ave de cuchár, all birds that have broad beaks, as geeſe, ducks, &c.
A VEÇES, adv. ſometimes.
AVECHU'CHO, ſ. m. a uſeleſs bird; alſo an ugly man.
AVECI'CA, *AVECILLA*, } a little bird.
AVECINA'R, v. a to move to, to arrive.
Avecinárſe, v. r. to approach.
AVECINDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. manſion, dwelling-place, abode.
AVECINDA'RSE, v. r. to ſettle, or take up one's abode in any place.
AVEGA'DAS, vide, *VEGA'DA.*
AVE'JA, ſ. f. a bee.
AVEJARU'CO, *AVEJERU'CO*, } ſ. m. the bird called a witwall.
AVEJENTA'RSE, v. r. to grow old, to appear old.
AVEJE'RA, ſ. f. the herb balmgentle.
AVEJO'N, ſ. m. vide, *ABEJO'N.*
AVELENA'R, v. a. vide. *AVENENAR.*
AVELLACA'DO, adj. knavish.
AVELLACA'R, v. n. to grow knavish.
AVELLA'NA, ſ. f. a hazel-nut.
AVELLANA'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſauce made with pounded hazelnuts.
AVELLANA'DO, adj. like a hazel-nut; alſo tough, as ſound as a nut.
AVELLANA'L, ſ. m. a hazelgrove.
AVELLANA'RSE, v. r. to grow old and tough.
AVELLA[redacted] ſ. f. vide. *AVELI[redacted]*
AVELLA[redacted] f. a woman who ſells [redacted]nuts.
AVELLA'NO, ſ. m. a grove of hazels.
AVE'NA, ſ. f. oats.
Avéna vana, or *monteſina*, wild oats.
AVENA'DO, adj. mixed with oats; alſo mad, or hair-brained.
AVENA'L, ſ. m. the field where oats are ſowed.
AVENENA'R, v. a to poiſon.
AVENEDI'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtranger, one that comes from another place.
AVENE'NCIA, ſ. f. agreement; alſo a cane to take out wine at the bung of a cask.
Prov. *Mas vale mala avenencia, que buena ſentencia*, a bad agreement is better than a good judgment; that is, it is better to agree at any rate than to go to law.
AVENI'DA, ſ. f. flood, inundation; alſo, an avenue.
AVENIMIEN'TO, ſ. m. vide. *AVENI'NCIA.*
AVENI'R, v. a. to come together, to agree; alſo, to happen.
AVEñOLAS, ſ. f. pl. the eyelids. Obſ.
AVENTADE'RO, ſ m. a fan to make wind with, or drive flies away.
AVENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that fans, or a fan.
AVENTADU'RA, ſ. f. fanning, or winnowing.
AVENTA'JA, ſ. f. advantage; that which the husband or wife may give to the laſt living of both.
AVENTAJADAME'NTE, adv. advantageouſly.
AVENTAJA'R, v. a. to exceed, to excel; to ſurpaſs, to gain an advantage.
AVENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. fanning.
AVENTANA'DO, adj. that has many windows.
AVENTANA'RSE, v. r. to ſtand expoſed, to view with open windows.

AVENTA'R [illegible] to fan, to run headlo[illegible]

Aventárſe, v. [illegible] a fright, and run headlong.

Aventár trigo, to winnow corn.

AVENTU'RA, ſ. f. an adventure, uſed much in romances.

Aventura, adv. by chance, accidentally.

AVENTU'RADO, adj. fortunate; adventured.

AVENTURA'R, v. a. to venture, to hazard.

Prov. *Quien no ſe aventúra no há ventúra*, he that does not venture has no luck; nothing venture nothing have.

Prov. *Quien no ſe aventúra no paſſa a már*, he that does not venture never croſſes the ſea.

AVENTURE'RO, ſ. m. an adventurer, one that ventures or hazards; alſo a chance comer.

AVE'R, v. n vid. *HAVER*.

AVERA'MIA, ſ. f. a ſort of wild duck.

AVERA'R, v. a. to aver, to affirm, to verify.

AVERDUGADO, ſ. m. a round ſort of fardingale women once wore.

AVERGONZA'DO, ſ. m. one that has been expoſed to public view for ſome crime: as in the pillory, or as they uſe, carried about the ſtreets on an aſs, and a cryer declaring his offence.

AVERGONZA'R, v. a. to put to the blush, to make aſhamed.

Avergonzárſe, v. r. to be aſhamed.

AVERI'A, ſ. f. average, the waſte or decay of wares or merchandizes.

AVERIGUA'BLE, adj. belonging to an examination, or making out of the truth.

AVERIGUACIO'N, ſ. f. making out of the truth, or examining the truth.

AVERIGUADAME'NTE, adv. according to truth.

AVERIGUADO'R, ſ. m. one that examines, or ſifts out the truth.

AVERIGUAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. averiguation.

AVERIGUA'R, v. a. to examine, to ſift out the truth.

No podérſe averiguár con lino, not to be able to reduce a man to reaſon.

Averiguárſe, v. r. to agree with.

AVERI'O, ſ. m. a flock of birds.

AVE'RNO, ſ. m. hell. Poetical.

AVERSA'R, v. a. to be averſe, to oppoſe, to contradict.

AVERSIO'N, ſ. f. averſion, repugnancy, oppoſition; hatred.

AVE'RSO, adj. averſe, oppoſite, contradictory, perverſe.

AVERTAMI'A, ſ. f. a bird ſo called.

AVERTU'RA, ſ. f. vide. *ABERTU'RA*.

AVESTRU'Z, ſ. m. an oſtrich.

AVE'TO, ſ. m. vide. *ABE'TO*.

Avéto, ſ. m. an oil uſed by painters and phyſicians for plaiſters and varnish.

AVEZADU'RA, ſ. f. cuſtom, uſe.

AVEZA'R, v. a. to uſe, inure, or accuſtom.

A V I

AVIADO'R, ſ. m. a ſmall piercer or wimble that makes way for another.

AVIAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. readineſs, diſpatching, ſetting forward.

AVIA'R, v. a. to make ready, to diſpatch, to ſet forward, to put into the way.

AVICIA'DO, adj. grown vicious.

AVICIA'RSE, v. r. to become vicious.

AVIDAME'NTE, adv. covetouſly, greedily.

A'VIDO, adj. covetous, greedy.

AVIELDA'R, v. a. to fan or winnow.

AVIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſort of fork, uſed to put ſtraw into a cart.

AVIESSA'MENTE, adv. out of the way, froward, croſsly.

AVIE'SSO, adj. croſs, out of the way, froward, untoward.

AVILANTE'Z, *AVILANTE'ZA*, } ſ. f. baſeneſs, vileneſs; alſo inſolence, impudence.

AVILLANA'RSE, v. r. to become low, mean, abject, to degenerate from the actions of our anceſtors.

AVILTACIO'N, ſ. f. ſcorn, contempt, deriſion; alſo meanneſs.

AVILTADAME'NTE, adv. contemptibly, deſpicably, meanly.

AVILTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide. *AVILTACIO'N*.

AVILTA'R, v. a. to deſpiſe, to ſcorn, contemn; to make mean, to undervalue.

AVINGARA'DO, adj. ill-natured.

AVINAGRA'R, v. a. to grow ſharp as vinegar, or to mox with vinegar.

Avinagrárſe, v. r. to be ſharp or angry.

AVINA'R, v. a. to mix or dreſs with wine.

AVINENTE'ZA, ſ. f. conformity, agreement.

AVINIE'NTE, adj. obſ. convenient, ſeaſonable.

AVI'O, ſ. m. prevention, readineſs, diſpatch.

AVIO'N, ſ. m. a little bird, called a martlet.

AVISADAME'NTE, adv. diſcreetly, prudently, adviſedly.

AVISA'DO, adj. prudent, diſcreet.

Aviſádo, ſ. m. in cant, is a judge.

AVISA'R, v. a. to give notice, to advertiſe; in cant, to obſerve.

AVISAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide. *AVISO*.

AVISIONA'RSE, v. r. to play tricks in order to make people believe one thing for another, or to conceal ſomething from them.

AVI'SO, ſ. m. warning, notice given, intelligence, advice.

Aviſo o navio de aviſo, a king's packetboat.

Eſtár ſobre aviſo, to be upon one's guard.

AVISO'N, adv. take care.

AVI'SPA, ſ. f. a waſp.

AVISPA'R, v. a. to prick, laſh, whip, or ſpur; in cant, to fright, and to examine with attention.

Aviſpárſe, v. r. to grow peevish, to grow uneaſy.

AVISPO'N, ſ. m. in cant, the man who enquires, or looks out ſharp that he may ſteal vome thing.
AVI'STA, adv. at ſight.
AVISTA'R, v. a. to ſee at a diſtance before.
Aviſtárſe, v. r. to ſpeak mouth to mouth.
AVITA'R, v. a. to faſten a cable, a ſeaterm.
AVITUALLA'R, v. a. to victual, to ſtore with proviſions.
AVIVA'R, v. a. to revive, to quicken, to chear.
AVIZO'R, ſ. m. a ſpy, an obſerver of other men's actions.
AVIZORA'R, v. a. to liſten or pry into other people's ſecrets.

A V O

AVOCACIO'N, ſ. f. } a calling away, or from.
AVOCAMIENTO, ſ. m }
AVOCAR, v. a to call away, to divert.
AVOGA'CIA, ſ. f. the office of a counſellor or advocate.
AVOGACIO'N, ſ. f. pleading as a counſellor.
AVOGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *AVOGACIO'N.*
AVOGA'R, v. a. to plead as a counſellor.
AVOLE'NGO, ſ. m. a deſcendant of a grandfather; alſo the eſtate of the grandfather.
AVOLE'ZA, ſ. f. flight. Obſ.
AVOLO, ſ. m. vide. *AVUE'LO.*
AVOLO'RIO, ſ. m. vide. *AVOLE'NGO.*
AVORTA'R, v. a. vide *ABORTA'R.*
AVORTO'N, vide. *ABORTO'N.*

A V U

AVUEGA'STA, ſ. f. a kind of duck.
AVUE'LO, grandfather; alſo, an old man.
AVUE'LOS, ſ. m. pl. anceſtors.
AVUTA'RDA, ſ. f. a ſlow, heavy bird with ſmall legs.

A X

AX, ſ. m. ſickneſs, infirmity, ill ſtate of health.
Ax, an interjection of complaint when a perſon is in pain.

A X A

AXA'DA, ſ. f. vide *AZA'DA.*
AXADO'N, ſ. m. vide *AZADO'N.*
AXADRE'A, ſ. f. the herb winter ſavoury.
AXAMA'R, v. a. to call.
AXANA'R, v. a. to ſmooth, or make plain. Obſ.
AXAQUE'ÇA, ſ. f. a violent pain that ſeizeth one ſide of the head.
AXAQUECA'RSE, v. r. to be ſeized with a violent pain on one ſide of the head.
AXAQUECO'SO, adj. that is troubled with a pain in the head.
AXAQUIE'NTO, adj. troubled with ſmall ailings.
AXA'R, v. a, obſ. to find.
AXA'RABE, ſ. m. a ſyrup; a phyſical potion.
AXARA'CA, ſ. f. a ſnare, a gin.
AXARA'FE, ſ. f. a high terras, a balcony on the top of a houſe, the balcony round the top of a tower.
AXARA'VE, ſ. m. vide *XARA'VE.*

A X E

AXE, ſ. m. an imaginary line drawn from one pole to another, round which the earth moves.
AXEDRE'A, ſ. f. the herb winter ſavoury.
AXEDRE'Z, ſ. f. the game of cheſs.
AXEGA'R, v. a. to arrive, to come near to another.
AXE'NGE, ſ. m. ſilver; an old word.
AXE'NJO, ſ. m. wormwood.
AXE'NTE, ſ. m. obſ. ſilver.
AXENU'Z, ſ. f. fennel-flower.
AXERQUI'A, ſ. f. ſuburb.
AXES, ſ. m. crab-lice.

[redacted]

AXI', the fruit of capſicum when red.
AXIMEZ, ſ. m. a Moorish faſhioned window.
AXIME'NES, ſ. m. a warm ſunny place.
AXIO'MA, ſ. m. axiom, propoſition ſo plain that needs no proof.

A X O

AXOFA'INA, ſ. f. vide *AXUFAINA.*
AXO' NIñO, or *AXO' TAI'TA*, words of no ſignification, but uſed by mothers and nurſes to quiet infants.
AXO'RCAS, ſ. f. bracelets.
Axórcas de pies, ornaments worn about the ancles reſembling bracelets; ironically, fetters or irons on the feet.
AXOVA'R, ſ. m. vide *AXUA'R.*

A X U

AXUA'GAS, ſ. f. pl. the ſpavin in a horſe's leg.
AXUA'R, ſ. m. all manner of houſhold ſtuff or furniture; more particularly that which the bride carries with her when ſhe is married.
AXUFA'INA, ſ. f. obſ. a baſon.
AXU'NDIA, ſ. f. vide *ENXU'NDIA.*

A Y.

AY, an exclamation of complaint.
Ay de mi! alas for me!

A Y A.

AYA, ſ. f. vide *HAYA.*
AYA'NQUE, ſ. m. one of the chief ropes in a ſhip, ſo called.
AYA'NTAR, ſ. m. a dinner.
Ayántar de gorrión, a ſparrow's dinner; that is, a very ſmall one.
Ayantár, v. a. to dine.
Ayántar como perro, to dine like a dog;

dog; that is, to dine without drink.

A Y E.

AYEGA'R, v. a. to arrive, to draw near.
AYE'NO, adj. vide *AJE'NO*.
AYE'R, adv. yeſterday.
AYERMA'DO, adj. deſerted, forſaken.

A Y M.

AYME! alas! woe to me!

A Y O.

AYO, ſ. m. tutor, gouvernor of youth.
AYODO'RO, ſ. m. obſ. help, aſſiſtance, ſuccour, relief.

A Y U.

AYU'DA, ſ. f. help, aſſiſtance, ſuccour; alſo a clyſter; alſo a ſubſidy granted to a prince.
Ayúda de cóſta, a gift over and above wages, a voluntary ſupply to bear one's charges.
Ayúda de camára, a groom of the bedchamber to a prince.
Pérro de ayúda, a great dog that can defend or aſſiſt his maſter, or look to his houſe or cattle.
Dios y ayúda, God, and good friends.
AYUDADO'R, ſ. m. a helper, one that relieves or aſſiſte.
AYUDA'NTE, ſ. m. an aſſiſtant; alſo the adjutant of a regiment.
AYUDA'R, v. a. to help, relieve, ſuccour, or aſſiſt.
Ayudárſe, v. r. to help or aſſiſt one's ſelf.
AYUDO'RIO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *AYUDA*.
AYUNADO'R, ſ. m. one that faſts much.
AYUNA'R, v. n. to faſt.
AYU'NAS, adv. *eſtár en ayú as*, to be faſting.
Eſtár en ayúnas de una coſa, to know nothing of the matter.
AYUNA'NTE, ſ. m. the perſon who faſts.

AYU'NO, ſ. m. a faſt.
AYU'NQUE, ſ. m. a ſmith's anvil.
AYUNTADAME'NTE, adv. jointly.
AYUNTADO'R, ſ. m. one that joints, or puts together.
AYUNTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. joining, putting together; carnal copulation; meeting; city council; court of juſtice.
AYUNTA'R, v. a. to join, to put together, to couple.
AYU'SO, adv. below, or beneath.
De Dios en ayúſo, under God.
AYZA'R, v. a. vide *AYSSA'R*.

A Z.

AZ, ſ. f. vide *HAZ*.

A Z A.

AZA, ſ. f. vide *HA'ZA*.
AZABACHA'DO, adj. belonging to jet; black.
AZABA'CHE, ſ. m. jet.
Azabáche, any thing that is very black.
AZABA'RA, ſ. f. aloes, a plant ſo called.
AZABI'BE, ſ. f. a dried cherry.
AZABO'N, ſ. m. ſoap.
AZABRA, ſ. f. a ſmall ſort of bark.
AZACA'N, ſ. a water-carrier.
Azacán, work without profit.
Andar como un azacán, ó hecho un azacán, ſpoken of a mann who works inceſſantly, giving himſelf no time for reſt.
AZACAYA, ſ. f. a bucket to draw water out of a well.
AZA'CHE, ſ. m. obſ. ſilk.
AZA'DA, ſ. f. a ſpade.
Azáda de dos diéntes, a ſpade with two prongs or forks.
AZADI'TA, ſ. a ſmall ſpade.
AZADO'N, ſ. m. a ſpade.
AZADONA'DA, ſ. f. / *AZADONA'ZO*, ſ. m. } a ſtroke of a ſpade; as much as a ſpade cuts at once.
AZADONE'RO, ſ. m. a perſon who digs with a ſpade.

AZAFA'TA, ſ. f. a lady of the queen's wardrobe.
AZAFATE, ſ. m. a work-basket made with ozier or reeds; alſo a hamper.
AZAFRA'N, ſ. m. ſaffron.
Azafrán romin, baſtard ſaffron.
AZAFRANA'L, ſ. m. a field vhere ſaffron grows.
AZAFRANA'R, v. a. to dye with ſaffron.
AZAGA'YA, ſ. f. a javelin.
AZAGUA'N, ſ. m. vide *ZAGUA'N*.
AZAHA'R, ſ. m. orange or lemon-flower.
Azahár brávo, a ſort of lupine.
AZAINADAME'NTE, adv. treacherouſly, deceitfully.
AZAINA'DO, adj. cunning, malicious.
AZALE'JA, ſ. f. a towel.
AZANO'RIA, ſ. f. vide *ZANAHO'RIA*.
AZANORIA'TE, ſ. m. pickled carrots.
AZAñA, ſ. f. vide *HAZAñA*.
AZAñERIA, ſ. f. vide *HAZAñERI'A*.
AZAñO'SO, adj. vide *HAZAñO'SO*.
AZA'R, ſ. m. ill luck, misfortune, obſtacle, an ace of dice.
Tener azár con alguna coſa, to have an averſion or diſlike to any thing.
AZARANDA'R, v. a. to clean wheat or other grain with a cribble.
AZARA'R, v. a. to make unfortunate, one who had hopes of being happy.
AZA'RBE, ſ. m. a pipe, a duct, a canal through which water runs.
AZA'RCON, ſ. m. ashes of a blue colour coming from burnt lead.
AZARNE'FE, ſ. m. a ſort of poiſon.
AZARO'LLA, ſ. f. vide *AZERO'LA*.
AZAROSAME'NTE, adv. unhappily, unfortunately, unluckily.
AZARO'SO, adj. unhappy, unfortunate, unlucky.
AZARO'TE, ſ. m. the gum called ſarcocolla.

AZAVA'CHE, ſ. m. vide *AZABACHE*.

A Z C

AZCON, ſ. m. } a ſmall dart; frequently uſed for a ſword.
AZCON'A, ſ. f. }
AZCONI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *azcón*, or *azcóna*.

A Z E

AZEBIBE, } ſ. m. a plum.
AZEBIU, }
AZE'BO, ſ. m. the holm, or holly-tree.
AZEBUCHA'L, ſ. m. a grove of wild olive-trees.
AZEBU'CHE, ſ. m. a wild olive-tree.
AZECALAR, v. a. vide *ACICALAR*.
AZECHA'R, v. a. vide *ASSECHA'R*.
AZE'CHE, adj. a ſort of black earth or mineral.
AZE'DA, ſ. f. vide *AZEDE'RA*.
AZEDA'R, v. a to ſour, to make ſharp.
AZEDE'RA, ſ. f. the herb ſorrel.
AZEDERI'LLA, ſ. f. little ſorrel.
AZEDI'A, ſ. f. ſourneſs, ſharpneſs; alſo peevishneſs and ſloth.
Azedia de eſtómago, a crudity in the ſtomach.
Azedia, ſ. f. a fish like a ſoal, but very ſmall.
AZED'O, adj. ſour, ſharp, eager.
AZEDU'RA, ſ. f. ſourneſs, eagerneſs.
AZEITA'DA, ſ. f. an effuſion or ſpilling of oil.
AZEITA'R, v. a. to pour oil into any thing.
AZE'ITE, ſ. m. oil.
AZEITE'RA, ſ. f. an oil-bottle, crewet.
AZEITE'RO, ſ. m. the man who ſells oil.
AZEITO'SO, adj. oily.
AZEITU'NA, ſ. f. an olive.
AZEITUNA'DO, adj. belonging to olive colour.
AZEITUNE'RO, ſ. m. who gathers the olives.
AZEITUNI', adv. obſ. vide *AZEITUNADO*.
AZEITU'NO, ſ. m. the olive-tree.
Prov. *Olivo y azéituno todo es uno*, call it olive or olive-tree, it is all one.
AZELGA, ſ. f. the herb called white beet.
Cara de azélga, a greenish, dirty complexion
AZEMI'LA, ſ. f. a baggage, or ſumpter-mule.
AZEMILA'R, adj. belonging to the ſumpter-mule.
AZEMILERI'A, ſ. f. the place where mules are kept.
AZEMILE'RO, ſ. m. a muleteer, a ſumpter.
AZEMILO'N, ſ. m. a great booby, a fellow only fit to carry.
AZEMI'TA, ſ. f. bread made with bran.
AZEMI'TE, ſ. m. bran.
AZE'ñA, ſ. m. a water-mill.
AZEñE'RO, ſ. m. the miller of a water-mill.
AZEQUI'A, ſ. f. an channel for water.
AZEQUIA'DO, adj. full of conduit-pipes or channels.
AZE'RA, ſ. f. vide *HAZE'RA*.
AZE'RADO, adj. ſteeled.
Agua azérada, chalybeate-water, that has had a red hot iron or ſteel ſteeped in it.
AZERA'R, v. a to ſteel, to cover, adorn, or ſtrengthen with ſteel.
AZERI'CO, ſ. m. a ſmall pillow laid upon the great one in the bed, to reſt the head on.
Azerico de olór, a ſweet bag.
Azerico de alfiléres, a pin-cushion.
AZE'RO, ſ. m. ſteel.
AZERO'IA, ſ. f. a ſort of fruit ſo called.
AZERO'LO, ſ. m. the tree which bears the *azérola*.
AZERO'S, ſ. m. pl. the point or edge of a weapon.
Hómbre de buénos azerós, a man of mettle.
AZERRA'DO, ſ. m. in cant, an officer of juſtice.
AZERRA'R, v. a. in cant, to ſeize, to lay hold of.
AZEVA'R, ſ. m. the herb ſea-houſe-leek.
AZE'VO, ſ. m. vide *AZE'BO*.
AZE'YTE, ſ. [illegible] oil.

A Z I

A'ZIA, adv. towards.
AZIA'GO, adj. unlucky.
AZI'AL, ſ. m. an inſtrument put to the mouth of horſes and mules to keep them ſteady when shoeing.
AZI'BAR, ſ. m. aloes.
AZIBARA'R, v. a to make any thing bitter; to diſguſt, to mar pleaſure.
AZICALA'R, v. a. to polish, furbish, sharpen.
AZICA'TES, ſ. m. pl. ſpurs which have a long sharp iron ſpike inſtead of rowels.
AZI'GE, adj. a ſort of black earth.
AZI'MO, adj. unleavened.
AZIO'N, ſ. a ſtirrup-leather.
AZITA'RA, ſ. f. vide *ACITA'RA*.
AZIVA'R, ſ. m. vide *AZIBA'R*.

A Z O

AZO, adj. obſ. this and that.
AZOFAI'FA, ſ. f. the fruit called a jujub.
AZOFAI'FO, ſ. m. the jujub-tree.
AZOFA'R, ſ. m. vide *LATO'N*.
AZOFEI'FA, } vide *AZOSA'IFA*, and *AZOFA'IFO*.
AZOFEIFO, }
AZOGA'DA, adj. fem. an appellative given to lime when lightly wetted by the maſons as being in a kind of motion.
AZOGA'DO, adj. infected with the fumes of quickſilver; reſtleſs, that cannot be ſtill in a place; alſo timorous.
AZOGA'JO, ſ. m. a little market-place.
AZOGA'R, v. a. to mix, rub, or temper with quickſilver, or to infect with quickſilver.
Azogárſe, v. r. to be mixed with quickſilver.
AZO'GUE, ſ. m. quickſilver, or mercury.
Azógue, ſ. m. a market-place.
AZOGUE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who buys or ſells quickſilver.
AZOLA'R, v. a. to plane, as wood is planed.

AZOLVA'R, v. a. to obſtruct or ſtop the paſſage of a conduit-pipe.
AZOMAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of irritating and exciting a dog againſt another.
AZOMA'R, v. a. to provoke, to inſtigate.
AZO'R, ſ. m. a hawk; in cant, a thief.
AZORA'DO, adj. that ſails ill, becauſe ill ſtowed.
AZORA'R, v. a. to ſtrike fear or terror into any one.
AZORE'RO, ſ. m. a thief's companion.
AZORRAME'NTO, ſ. m. the ſtuffing of the head; heavineſs.
AZORRA'RSE, v. r. to be heavy and dull in the head; to be in liquor.
AZOTACA'LLES, ſ. m. one who is always walking about the ſtreets.
AZOTADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who whips.
AZOTA'INA, ſ. f. a good or ſound flogging.
AZOTA'R, v. a. to whip, to ſtrike with laſhes.
AZOTA'ZO, ſ. m. the blow of a whip.
AZO'TE, ſ. m. laſh, whip.
AZOTE'A, ſ. f. a gallery in a houſe where they walk to ſun themſelves.
AZOTI'NA, ſ. f. a whipping.
AZOTO'N, ſ. m. a great whip.

A Z R

AZRE, ſ. m. the maple-tree.

A Z U

AZU'CAR, ſ. m. ſugar.
Azucar piedra, or *azucar candi*, ſugar-candy.
AZUCARA'R, v. a. to ſweeten any thing with ſugar.
Azucarár, to give a perſon fine ſweet words.
AZUCARE'RO, ſ. m. a veſſel to hold ſugar.
AZUCE'NA, ſ. f. a lily.
AZU'D, ſ. f. the place where water begins to run into the channels.
AZU'DA, ſ. f. a large weel uſed to draw water out of a river.
AZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little axe, or hatchet.
Azuéla de dos manos, a cooper's axe.
AZUFA'IFA, ſ. f. jujubs.
AZUFA'IFO, ſ. m. the jujub-tree.
AZUFRA'R, v. a. to ſmoke with brimſtone.
AZU'FRE, ſ. m. brimſtone.
AZUL, adj. blue.
Azúl celeſte, sky colour.
Azúl claro, light blue.
Azúl obſcuro, dark blue.
Azúl ſubido, a dark blue.
Azúl turqui, dark blue.
Azúl verde, *azul de coſtras*, ski blue.
AZULA'QUE, ſ. m. a ſort of mortar or cement, with which they join earthen-pipes or conduits together.
AZULAR, *AZULEA'R*, v. a. to coulour blue.
Azúlar, v. n. to have a bluish caſt or look bluish.
AZULE'JO, ſ. m. a tile glazed, ſuch as we uſe to adorn the ſides of chimneys.
AZU'MBAR, ſ. m. red ſtorax; ſpikenard; daffodil flowers.
AZUMBRA'R, v. a. to meaſure out liquor by the meaſure called an *azumbre*.
AZU'MBRE, ſ. m. a meaſure for liquors, about half a gallon.
AZU'T, ſ. m. a wall to keep ditches in their bounds.
AZUTE'A, ſ. f. a terraſs.
AZUTE'RO, ſ. m. the keeper of the terraſs.
AZUZADOR, ſ. m. one who inſtigates or provokes.
AZUZA'R, v. a. to inſtigate or provoke.

A Z Y

AZYMO, adj. unleavened.

B,

B, The ſecond letter of the alphabet, and the firſt conſonant.

B MOL, ſ. m. a B flat in muſic.

B QUADRADO, ſ. m. a B. sharp in muſic.

B A A

BAARA'Z, ſ. m. a ſort of root which has a glittering in the dark.

B A B

BA'BA, ſ. f. drivel, ſlaver.

BABADE'RO, *BABADO'R*, ſ. m. a bib, as children or fools wear to keep their cloaths clean.

BABAHO'L, ſ. m. a ſort of ſmall red poppy.

BABA'NCA, ſ. m. a fool.

BABARA, ſ. f. a ſort of country dance; a kind of a coach.

BABATE'L, ſ. m. a ſlavering bib, or any thing that hangs about the neck in a diſorderly ſlovenly manner; metaph. a fool.

BABA'ZA, ſ. f. an augmentive of *bába*; alſo a kind of ſnail.

BABAZO'RRO, ſ. m. a name given in jeſt to thoſe that are born in the province of Alba; a fool that ſets up for a man of wit and penetration.

BABEA'R, v. n. to drivel, to ſlaver.

BABE'O, ſ. m. the act of ſpitting, ſalivation.

BABE'RA, ſ. f. that part of the helmet that covered the chin; alſo a fool.

BABE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *BABADE'RO*.

BABERO'I, ſ. m. the head-piece in an armour.

BABE'S, ſ. m. pl. the beams in a ſhip, which are thoſe great timbers that keep the ſides of the ſhip aſunder and ſupport the deck.

BA'BIA, ſ. f. folly, ſtupidity.

Eſtár en bábia, to be in a careleſs poſture.

BABIE'CA, ſ. m. the name of a famous horſe. It is now uſed to ſignify a lazy foolish fellow.

BABI'L, ſ. m. } a woman's
BABILA'DA, ſ. f. } privities. A cant word.

BABILO'NIA, ſ. f. any place where there is a great concourſe of people; a confuſion; a multiplicity of tongues; a vicious place.

BABO'RD, ſ. m. the left-hand ſide of the ſhip, by our ſeamen called the larboard ſide.

BABO'SA, ſ. f. ſilk; the ſame as *bábaza*.

Hierba babóſa; the herb of which aloes is made.

BABOSEA'R, v. a. to ſlaver any thing.

BABO'SO, adj. drivelly, ſlavery

BABU'JA, ſ. f. a bubble in the water; a ſtud; a nail with a great head.

B A C

BA'CA, ſ. f. vide. *VA'CA*.

Baca, ſ. f. a breach in a water-courſe, or ditch; a man or a woman that are ſlothful, poor ſpirited, and good for little.

Báca, ſ. f. a word generally uſed in the plural number to ſignify all ſorts of berries.

Bacás de laurél, bay-berries.

BACALLA'O, ſ. m. the fish we call poor-jack, cod-fish, ſalt-fish.

BACE'RA, ſ. f. an obſtruction or diſorder in the melt occaſioned by hard drinking; a ſwelling in the belly.

BACE'TA, ſ. f. a game at cards called baſſet.

BACHANA'L, adj. any thing belonging to the god Bacchus; a great fatbellied man; a hard drinker and merry companion; pronounce *bacanal*.

BACHA'RA, ſ. f. an herb and flower called ladies gloves.

BACHILLE'R, ſ. m. a bachelor of arts, in divinity, canon and civil law, or phyſic.

Bachillér de tibi quoque, a bachelor that had is degree after all the ceremonies performed to another, when the doctor, who gives it, ſays to every one of the reſt. *Tibi quoque*.

Bachillér, adj. talkative, prating.

BACHILLEREA'R, v. n. to prate, to babble very much.

BACHILLERI'A, ſ. f. prating, babbling, talkativeneſs.

BACI'A, ſ. f. baſon, generally a barber's baſon.

BACIA'R, v. a. vide. *VACIA'R*.

BA'CIGA, ſ. f. a certain game at cards.

BACILA'R, v. n. to ſtagger, to waver, to be unſteady.

BACI'LLA, ſ. f. the four cards that remain after the repartition of eleven given to each of the four players at the game called *reverſino*.

BACI'N, ſ. m. a cloſe-ſtool-pan.

BACI'NA, ſ. f. vide. *BA'CIA*.

BACINA'DA, ſ. f. what is thrown out of a cloſe-ſtool-pan or other filth.

BACINE'JO, *BACINI'CA*, *BACINICO*, *BACINILLA*, and *BACINI'LLO*, a little baſon or cloſeſtool-pan. All diminutives of *bacin*.

BACINE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon that goes about with a box in the church to receive charity.

BACINE'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *bacía*.

BACINE'TE, ſ. m. a kind of headpiece or helmet; alſo a cuiraſſier, very ſeldom uſed in this laſt ſenſe.

BA'CULO, ſ. m. a ſtaff; alſo ſupport, comfort.

Báculo paſtorál, a biſhop's croſier.

B A D

BA'DA, ſ. f. a rhinoceros, more properly *abáda*.

BADAJA'DA, ſ. f. the ſtroke of a clapper of a bell; a foolish expreſſion.

BADAJEA'R, v. n. to ring bells; to let the clack of the tongue run.

BADAJI'LLO, ſ. m. a little clapper of a bell.

BADA'JO, ſ. m. the clapper of a bell; a dull fellow, a booby.

BADAJUE'LO, ſ. m. a little clapper of a bell; a little prating fellow.

BADA'L, ſ. m. a thing they clap up to horſes and other beaſts mouths like a basket or bag, to hinder it from eating as it goes along.

Echár a uno badál a la boca, to take up a man ſo sharply, that he has nothing to ſay for himſelf.

BADA'NA, ſ. f. leather dreſſed very ſoft and pliable.

Zurrár a uno la badána, to thrash a man's jacket, to beat him, to abuſe him.

BADANA'DO, adj. lined or covered with *badána*.

BADANI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *badána*.

BADA'ZAS, ſ. f. pl. the ropes by which the bonnets are laced to the ſails.

BADE'A, ſ. f. a water-melon; a worthleſs fellow.

BADELI'CO, ſ. m. in cant, ſignifies a shovel.

BADE'N, ſ. m. a torrent.

BADI'L, ſ. m. a shovel; the wooden thing they beat mortar with.

BADILA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a shovel.

BADI'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of pool made by the rains.

BA'DO, ſ. m. vide *VA'DO*.

BADULA'QUE, ſ. m. meat haſhed with thick ſauce; a worthleſs man.

B A F

BAFANEA'R, v. a. to boaſt, to ſwell any thing beyond the truth.

BAFANERI'A, ſ. f. a boaſting.

BAFANE'RO, ſ. m. a boaſter, a vainglorious fellow.

BA'FO, ſ. m. vide. *BA'HO*.

B A G

BA'GA, ſ. f. a cord which ties the packs upon horſes.

BAGA'GE, ſ. m. baggage; alſo a beaſt to carry baggage.

BAGAGERO, ſ. m. a baggage carrier; alſo the beaſt which carries the baggage.

BAGA'SA, ſ. f. a lewd woman.

BAGATE'LA, ſ. f. a trifling thing.

BAGUE'TA, ſ. f. a drum-ſtick.

BA'GUIDO, ſ. m. a ſwimming in the head.

B A H

BAHARA'DA, ſ. f. vide. *VAHARA'DA*.

BAHARI', ſ. m. a goshawk. In cant, an underling, a novice at cheating.

BAHI'A, ſ. f. a haven, or bay.

BA'HO, ſ. m. the ſteam of any hot thing.

BAHORRI'NA, ſ. f. a low, mean, trivial thing.

BAHU'NO, adj. vulgar, low, vile, bad, contemptible, worthleſs.

Bahúna gente, the multitude, the mob.

BAHURRE'RO, ſ. m. a bird-catcher; a man who ſpeaks very ignorantly.

B A I

BAI'A, ſ. f. vide. *BAHI'A*.

BAIBE'N, ſ. m. vide *VAIVE'N*.

BAI'DO, ſ. m. vide *VA'GUIDO*.

BA'ILA, ſ. f. a ſea-trout.

BAILADE'RA, ſ. f. a dancing woman.

BAILADO'R, ſ. m. a dancer.

BAILA'R, v. n. to dance; in cant, to ſteal.

BAILARI'N, ſ. m. f. a dancer.

BA'ILE, ſ. m. a ball or entertainment of dancing; alſo a judge.

BAILI'A, ſ. f. the authority or juriſdiction of any judge.

BAILIA'GE, ſ. m. a benefice among the knights of Malta.

BAILI'O, ſ. m. the name given to the knight of Malta that obtains a benefice.

BAILI'TO, ſ. m. in cant, a little thief.

BAILO'N, ſ. m. an old thief.

BA'INA, ſ. f. vide. *VA'INA*.

BAINI'CA, ſ. f. vide. *VAINI'CA*.

BAINI'LLA, ſ. f. vainilla, a drug uſed in chocolate.

BAI'O, adj. vide. *BA'YO*.

BAIVE'L, ſ. m. a ſtone-cutter's ſquare to ſee if his work is even.

B A L

BA'LA, ſ. f. a bullet.

Bála de viénto, a foot-ball full of wind.

Bála de mercadería, a bale of merchants goods.

Bálas enramádas, chain-shot, ſuch as is uſed at ſea.

BALA'DA, ſ. f. in cant, an agreement.

BALADI', adj. ſlight, that is not ſtrong or laſting.

BALA'DRO, ſ. m. bellowing.

BALADRO'N, ſ. m. a noiſy fellow, a bully.

BALADRONA'DA, ſ. f. the words, actions, or behaviour of a bully.

BALADRONEA'R, v. n. to prate, to make a noiſe, to boaſt.

BALADRONERI'A, ſ. f. prating, making a noiſe, boaſting.

BALAGA'R, ſ. m. an hay-rick.

BA'LAGO, ſ. m. the whole reed of corn that is not broke; ſometimes taken for a sheave of corn.

BALAGUE'RO, ſ. m. an heap of ſtraw.

BALANCE, ſ. m. balancing; alſo danger.

Balance, *ò balanzo de cuenta*, the balance of an account.

BALANCEAR, v. a. to balance; alſo the heſitate, to fluctuate; alſo to ſettle an account.

BALANCI'A, ſ. f. obſ. a water-melon.

BALANCI'N, ſ. m. a long pole whit a weight at each end, ſuch as ropedancers uſe to poiſe themſelves.

BALA'NDRA, ſ. f. a veſſel called a bilander, ſmall, but ſafe in bad weather.

BALANDRA'N, ſ. m. a caſſock.

BALA'NZA, ſ. f. a balance, a pair of ſcales; in cant, gallows, gibbet.

BALANZA'R, v. a. vide *BALANCEAR.*

BALANZA'RIO, ſ. m. one who weighs or balances, or makes equal any thing.

BALA'NZO, ſ. m. vide *BALANCE.*

BALA'R, v. n. to bleat like sheep.

BALAUSTI'A } ſ. f. the dried
BALAUSTRIA } bloſſoms of pomegranates.

BALAUSTRA'DA, ſ. f. the balliſters of a ſtair-caſe.

BALAU'STRE, ſ. m. a balluſter, a rail.

BALAUSTRIA'DO, adj. decorated with a baluſtrate.

BALAUSTRI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *balauſtre.*

BALA'X, ſ. m. a precious ſtone like a ruby.

BALA'ZO, ſ. m. a bullet-shot.

BALBUCIE'NTE, adj. ſtuttering or ſtammering.

BALCO'N, ſ. m. balcony.

BALCONA'JE, ſ. m. } a row of
BALCONERIA, ſ. f. } balconies.

BA'LDA, ſ. f. a thing of little or no value, good for nothing; alſo idleneſs, lazineſs.

Andár a la bálda, to go idling about.

Vivir a la bálda, to live idly.

BALDADO'N, ſ. m. a withered, or maimed limb, or a man that has ſuch a one.

BALDACHI'NO, } ſ. m. a canopy
BALDAQUI' } to carry over holy things.

BALDA'R, v. a. to maim, deface, or deprive of a limb.

BA'LDE, ſ. m. obſ. a bucket.

Bálde, adv. as, *de bálde*, for nothing, free-coſt.

Querér a uno mal de bálde, to bear a man an ill vithout cauſe.

BALDE'O, ſ. m. in cant, a ſword.

BALDI'O, adj. idle; alſo void, waſte; put to no uſe.

Baldío, ſ. m. a common, an open ground equally uſed by cattle of ſeveral perſons.

BALDO, ſ. m. the ſame as *ſallo*; a word that in playing at cards means none; for inſtance, one ſays play club; the other anſwers *baldo*, I have no clubs.

BALDON', ſ. m. reproach, abuſive language, affront.

BALDONA'DA, ſ. f. a common ſtrumpet.

BALDONADO'R, ſ. m. one that reproaches, or gives abuſive language.

BALDONA'R, v. a. to reproach, to give abuſive language.

BALDO'SA, ſ. f. a ſquare tile.

BALDRA'QUE, ſ. m. a thing of no value.

BA'LDRES, ſ. m. a sheep-skin, or any ſlight leather tanned.

BALERI'A, ſ. f. a great heap of bullets.

BALERI'NA, ſ. f. the herb valerian.

BALHURRI'A, ſ. f. in cant, the mob.

BALI'A, ſ. f. vide *VALI'A.*

BALI'CA, ſ. f. a ſort of boat.

BALI'DO, ſ. m. the bleating of a sheep.

BALI'JA, ſ. f. a cloak-bag, a mail, or portmanteau.

BALI'SA, ſ. f. land-mark, light-houſe on the shore for ships to ſteer by; alſo a beacon.

BALI'STA, ſ. f. vide *BALLE'STA.*

BALITA'R, v. n. vide *BALA'R.*

BALLE'NA, ſ. f. a whale; alſo the women's ſtays.

BALLENA'TO, ſ. m. the young of a whale-fish.

BALLENE'R, ſ. m. a ſhip ſo called.

BALLES'TA, ſ. f. a croſs-bow.

Balleſtás, ſ. f. pl. in cant, a wallet.

BALLESTAZO, ſ. m. a shot of a ſteelbow.

BALLESTEADO'R, ſ. m. vide *BALLESTERO.*

BALLESTEA'R, v. a. to shoot with a croſs-bow.

BALLESTE'RA, ſ. f. the part of the galley on which the ſoldiers ſtand to fight.

BALLESTERI'A, ſ. f. the art of uſing the bow.

BALLESTE'RO, ſ. m. a croſs-bow man, or one that makes croſs-bows.

BALLESTI'LLA, ſ. f. the croſs-ſtaff uſed for taking the ſun's altitude; alſo a fleam to bleed horſes with; and a little croſs-bow.

BALLESTO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a trick, a cheat.

BALLI'CO, ſ. m. a ſort of weed growing amongſt corn, darnel, or tares.

BALLU'CCA, ſ. f. a weed growing among corn, ſo called.

BALNADU', ſ. m. obſ. a gate.

BALO'N, ſ. m. a great pack of goods.

Juego de balón, the foot-ball game.

BALO'NA, ſ. f. a band.

BALO'NES, ſ. m. pl. breeches.

BALO'TA, ſ. f. ballot, a little ball, uſed in ſome places to give in votes with.

BALOTI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *balóta.*

BA'LSA, ſ. f. a pool, or puddle of water; alſo a float on the water, a flat boat.

BALSAMA'R, v. a. to embalm.

BALSA'MICO, adj. balſamic, belonging to balſam.

BALSAMI'NA, ſ. f. the herb baum.

BALSAMO, ſ. m. balſam.

BALSA'R, v. a. to fill with water, to make a puddle.

BASILLA, ſ. f. a puddle of water.

BALSOPE'TO, ſ. m. a kind of large purſe ſo called.

BALTE'A, ſ. f. a belt.

BALTRUE'TO, ſ. m. a roguish rambling fellow.

BALUA'RTE, ſ. m. a bulwark, a baſtion.

BALVASO'RES, ſ. m. pl. the great ruling men in a nation.

BALU'MBA, ſ. f. } the great bulk
BALU'ME, ſ. m. } made by many
BALUMEN, ſ. m. } things diſorderly heaped together and covered, uſed to ſignify the great bulk one makes that wears many cloaths.

BALU'Z, ſ. m. a ſmall bar of gold.

BALZA, ſ. f. a banner in former times peculiar to the Knights Templars.

B A M

BA'MBA, ſ. m. a foolish fellow.

Traér en bámba, to banter.

BAMBALEA'R, v. n. to ſtagger, to totter, to ſhake, to quiver.

BAMBAL'INA, ſ. f. canvas, as uſed to make the ſcenes in theatres, on which are repreſented the skies, &c.

BAMBANEA'R, v. n. vide *BAMBALEA'R.*

BAMBAROTEA'R, v. n. to cry out, to make a noiſe.

BAMBAROTE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who bawls, or cries out, makes a noiſe.

BAMBARRI'A, ſ. f. a fool, or idiot.

Bambarria, or *Bambarrión*, an accidental, yet ſucceſſive operation of any thing.

BAMBOCHE, ſ. m. a landſcape.

BAMBOLEA'R, v. n. vide *BAMBALEA'R.*

BAMBOLE'O, ſ. m. a tottering, ſhaking, or ſtaggering.

BAMBO'LLA, ſ. f. pride, oſtentation, boaſting.

BAMBONEA'R, ſ. f. to play the fool.

B A N

BANA'NA, ſ. f. an American fruit ſo called.

BA'NAR, ſ. m. a lord, or maſter. Obſ.

BANA'STA, ſ. f. basket, pannier.

BANASTE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a gaoler.

BANA'STO, ſ. m. a porter that carries a basket; alſo a great basket. In cant, a gaol.

BA'NCA, ſ. f. a bench.

BANCA'L, ſ. m. a carpet or cloth to cover a bench.

Bancál, ſ. m. heaps or banks of ſand.

BANCARIA, adj. belonging to the bank.

BANCAROTA, ſ. f. a bankrupt.

BA'NCO, ſ. m. bench, ſtool; a bank of ſand in the ſea; a bank of money. In cant, a priſon.

Banco de faciſtól a bench with a desk before it to read or write on.

Bancos de fréno, the cheeks of the bridle, and the rings that holds the bit.

Razón de pie de bánco, a foolish reaſon.

Báncos de gálera, the ſeats the men ſit on to row in a galley or in a boat.

BA'NDA, ſ. f. a ſide; a band of men; alſo a ſcarf.

BANDA'DA, ſ. f. a multitude, a number of people a gang.

BANDEA'R, v. a. to bandy, to follow a faction; alſo to go from ſide to ſide; alſo to ſuccour, protect, help, aſſiſt, relieve.

Bandéarſe, v. r. to help one's ſelf to relieve one's ſelf, by diligence and induſtry.

BANDE'JA, ſ. f. a voider, a ſilver dish.

BANDE'O, ſ. m. ſiding, following a faction.

BANDE'RA, ſ. f. enſign, flag, banner, the colours.

Bandéras tendidas, colours flying.

BANDERA'DO, adj. vide *ABANDERA'DO.*

BANDERE'TA, ſ. f. a pendant, a little flag, a ſtreamer.

BANDERI'A, f. f. rebellion.

BANDERI'LLA, ſ. f. a little enſign, flag, or banner.

BANDERIZA'DO adj. factious, quarrelſome, litigious.

BANDERI'ZO, *BANDE'RO* } ſ. m. a factious man.

BANDERO'LA, ſ. f. a little flag, ſtreamer, or banner; any looſe rag that hangs.

BANDI'DO, ſ. m. a highwayman, an outlaw.

BANDI'NES, ſ. m. pl. the lockers aboard a ship.

BANDI'R, v. a. to banish.

BA'NDO, ſ. m. faction; proclamation to ſummon a criminal to appear or to declare a man a traitor.

BANDOCIDA'D, ſ. f. obſ. rebellion, riſing in a rebellious tumult.

BANDO'LA, ſ. f. a lute with four ſtrings.

BANDOLE'RA, ſ. f. bandolier.

BANDOLE'RO, ſ. m. a ſeditious perſon; one that has been proclaimed; a highwayman, a robber, an outlaw.

BANDU'JO, ſ. m. a pudding, a ſauſage.

BANDU'LLO, ſ. m. the whole of the guts or inteſtines of a man or beaſt.

BANDU'RRIA, ſ. f. an inſtrument like a little fiddle.

BANDU'XO, ſ. m. vide *BANDU'JO.*

BANGUA'RDIA, ſ. f. vide *VANGUA'RDIA.*

BANI'DO, adj. banished.

BANO'VA, ſ. f. a thin quilt to cover the bed.

BANQUE'RA, ſ. f. a ſmall beehive.

BANQUE'RO, ſ. m. a money-banker.

Banquéro, in a cant, a goal-keeper.

BANQUE'TA, ſ. f. the banquet, or foot-bank, which is a ſtep raiſed with earth under every parapet or breaſtwork for men to ſtand to fire over.

BANQUE'TE, ſ. m. banque, feaſt, entertainement.

BANQUETEA'R, v. a to feaſt, to banquet.

BANQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſtool.

B A ñ

BA'ñA, ſ. f. a pond for beaſts to water at.

BAñADE'RA, ſ. f. a ſcoop.

BAñADO'R, ſ. m. one that bathes or dips.

BAñADU'RA, ſ. f. bathing, or dipping.

BA'ñAR, v. a to bathe, to dip.

Bañárſe en agua roſada, to bathe in roſe-water; that is, to be very well pleaſed.

Bañár con céra, to cover over with wax.

Bañár vaſijas de bárro, to glaze earthenware.

BAñI'L, ſ. m. vide *BAñA.*

BA'ñO, ſ. m. a place ſo called by

the Moors, where their ſlaves where kept.

Báño, ſ. m. a bath.

B A O

BA'O, ſ. m. vide *BA'HO.*

Báo de navio, the cradle or frame of timber brought along the outſide of a ſhip, to launch her more ſafely.

B A P

BAPTI'SMO, ſ. m. baptiſm.

BAPTISTE'RIO, ſ. m. the font or place of baptiſm.

BAPTIZA'R, v. a. to baptize.

BAPTI'SO, ſ. m. vide *BAPTISMO.*

B A Q

BAQUE, ſ. f. a fall, a loſs.

Prov. *Chico baque, y grand caida*, a little fall that makes a great noiſe; a great cry and little wool.

Dar el báque, to give a fall.

BAQUE'RO, ſ. m. vide *VAQUE'RO.*

BAQUE'TA, ſ. m. a rammer of a gun.

Baquéta, ſ. f. neats-leather.

Baquetas, the drum-ſticks.

Mandar a baqueta, to command imperiouſly.

BAQUETEA'R, v. a. (*paſſar la baquéta*) to run the gantlet.

B A R

BA'RA, ſ. f. vide *VA'RA.*

BARACA'N, ſ. m. a ſort of coarſe camblet.

BARAGA'N, ſ. m. a ſort of fine carpet.

BARAHA', ſ. f. the Jewiſh prayers, or devotions.

BARAHU'NDA, ſ. f. tumult, confuſion, diſorder.

BARAHUSTADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, a poniard.

BARAHUSTA'R, } v. a. to rush in
BARAHUSTEAR, } among weapons and make way; to croſs weapons to keep out an enemy.

BARAHU'STES, ſ. m. pl. banniſters for galleries or ſtairs; formerly, a ſort of great darts that were caſt out of an engine.

BARA'JA, ſ. f. a confuſion, a fray, a quarrel; alſo a pack of cards.

Echarſe en la barája, to deſiſt from what one was about, to throw up the cards.

BARAJADO'R, ſ. m. the dealer at cards, he that ſhuffles.

BARAJADU'RA, ſ. f. a blow given in a quarrel.

BARAJA'R, v. a. to confound, intangle, or mix together.

Barajár, v. a. to ſhuffle cards; alſo to quarrel, to embroil.

Paciéncia y barajar, to bear patiently our misfortunes whereſoever we go.

BARAJE'L, ſ. m. a provoſt of an army.

BARA'L, ſ. m. vide *VARA'L.*

BARALLAR, v. n. to be quarrelſome.

BARA'NDA, ſ. f. a rail to lean againſt.

BARANDI'LLA, ſ. f diminutive of *baranda.*

BARA'R, v. n. to lay a ſhip aground; alſo to launch a ſhip.

BARA'TA, ſ. f. a deceitful barter.

BARATA'R, v. a. to ſell cheap; to cheapen; to cheat; to barter; to truck.

BARATERI'A, ſ. f. fraud, deceit, or a ſuborning, bribing of a judge.

BA'RATHRO, ſ. m. abyſs, bottomleſs pit.

BARATI'JAS, ſ. f. pl. pedlars ware, things of a ſmall value.

BARATI'LLO, ſ. m. a place in the market, where mean goods are ſold for a ſmall matter.

BARATI'STA, ſ. m. a broker; alſo a cheat.

BARA'TO, adj. cheap.

Baráto, ſ. m. money given to ſtanders by at play by the winner, which is ſo uſual in Spain, wherever there is play, that there are many who live only by frequenting gaming-houſes, and receiving the bounty of winners.

Moter en baráto, to carry things by noiſe; to make a diſturbance; to compaſs one's ends.

BARATO'N, ſ. m. a cheap thing, or one that ſells cheap, and the barterer.

BARAU'NDA, ſ. f. vide *BARAHU'NDA.*

BA'RBA, ſ. f. the beard, the chin; alſo the ſmall ſtrings of the root.

Barba cabrúna, an herb called goat's beard, or man's beard that looks like a goat's.

Bárba de balléna, whale-bone.

Hómbre de bárba, a man of reputation.

Declrſelo en ſus bárbas, to ſay a thing to a man's face.

Arremetér a las bárbas, to fly at a man's face.

Pelárſe las bárbas, to tear one's beard for anger.

Llevár a uno de las bárba, to lead a man by the beard.

Eſcotár tanto por bárba, to pay ſo much a head, to club.

Echár la buena bárba, to flatter a man out of his money.

BARBACA'NA, ſ. f. barbacan, a fortification placed before the walls of a town, or an opening in the wall, through which a gun is levelled.

BARBACANE'RA, ſ. f. a whore that plies about the walls of towns.

BARBACO'A, ſ. a. ſcaffold or any ſuch like place, raiſed above the ground.

BARBA'DA, ſ. f. water-chains of a bridle, or the rings that hold the bit to them.

Barbáda, ſ. f. a kind of fiſh with a ſmooth skin, without ſcales.

BARBADI'LLO, adj. bearded, belonging to a beard.

BARBADIñO, ſ. m. a Capuchin friar.

BARBA'DO, adj. bearded, that has a beard.

BARBADU'RA, ſ. f. the beard.

BARBA'JAS, ſ. f. pl. the fibres that are about the roots.

BARBA'LLA, ſ. f. an herb ſo called, eaten in ſallad.

BARBA'NCA, ſ. f. a confuſion or noiſe of a multitude.

BARBA'R, v. n. to begin to have a beard, to put on a beard.
BARBARAME'NTE, adv. barbarouſly.
BARBARERI'A, ſ. f. vide *BARBARI'DAD.*
BARBARE'SCO, adj. vide *BARBARO.*
BARBA'RIA, ſ. f. barbarity.
BARBARIDA'D, *BARBARIE*, *BARBARIEDA'D*, } ſ. f. barbarity.
BARBARI'SMO, ſ. m. a barbariſm in ſpeaking or writing; all barbarous nations.
BA'RBARO, adj. barbarous; ſ. m. a barbarian.
BARBA'SCO, ſ. m. the herb mullein.
BARBA'ZA, ſ. f. a great beard.
BARBEA'R, v. n. to reach any thing with the beard, or that is as high as the beard.
BARBECHACIO'N, ſ. f. obſ. vide *BARBECHO.*
BARBECHA'R, v. a. to plough, or break up the ground.
BARBECHE'RA, ſ. f. a ploughing.
BARBE'CHO, ſ. m. a ploughed ground.
BARBECI'LLA, ſ. m. a little beard.
BARBERI'A, ſ. f. a barber's ſhop.
BARBERI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *barbéro.*
BARBE'RO, ſ. m. a barber.
BARBERO'L, ſ. m. vide *BABERO'L.*
BARBERO'TE, ſ. m. he that trims the galley-ſlaves.
BARBE'TA, ſ. f. the tackle aboard a ſhip to hoiſt in the boat.
BARBEZI'LLA, ſ. f. a little beard.
BARBICA'CHO, ſ. m. a ſtay, fillet, or ribbon that comes under the chin.
BARBICA'NO, adj. grey bearded.
BARBIHE'CHO, adj. newly or freshly ſhaved.
BARBIESPE'SSO, adj. thick-bearded.
BARBILI'NDO, adj. ſmooth faced, cloſe ſhaved.

BARBI'LLA, ſ. f. the chin, a little beard.
BARBILLE'RA, ſ. f. locks clipped off wool, ſhear-wool, ſtoks ſuch as clothworkers make in ſhearing, uſed in ſtuffing of bed ticks, &c.
BARBILU'CIO, adj. belonging to a ſmooth or pretty beard.
BARBINE'GRO, adj. black-bearded.
BARBIPONIE'NTE, adj. that begins to have a beard.
BARBIRU'BIO, adj. red-bearded.
BARBITEÑI'DO, adj. with a painted beard.
BARBIZAE'ÑO, adj. hairy, rough-bearded.
BA'RBO, ſ. m. the fiſh called a barble.
Bárbo de la mar, a mullet.
BARBO'N, ſ. m. a great childiſh fellow, a booby.
BARBONA'ZO, ſ. m. augm. of *barbón.*
BARBOQUE'JO, ſ. m. a muffler.
BARBO'TE, ſ. m. the part of the helmet that covers the chin.
BARBUDI'LLO, ſ. m. a little bearded fellow; alſo a water-dog.
BARBU'DO, adj. that has a great beard.
Barbúdo, ſ. m. in cant, a goat.
BARBU'LLA, ſ. f. an undiſtinguiſhable noiſe or confuſion.
BARBULLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *BARBU'LLA.*
BARBULLA'R, v. a. to ſpeak in a hurry, confuſedly.
BARBULLERIA, ſ. f. noiſe, confuſion, hurry.
BARBUTI'JAS, ſ. f. pl. then bubbles in the water when it rains.
BA'RCA, ſ. f. a bark, a great boat.
BARCA'DA, ſ. f. a boat full.
BARCA'GE, ſ. m. paſſage-money, a duty paid for things carried croſs a river.
BARCA'ZA, ſ. m. augm of *bárca.*
BARCE'L, ſ. m. obſ. a priſon.
BARCE'LLA, ſ. f. a meaſure of liquids ſo called.
BARCELONE'S FALDUDO, in cant it means a ſhield, a buckler, a target.

BARCI'NA, ſ. f. a net.
BARCI'NO, adj. belonging to a reddiſh colour.
BA'RCO, ſ. m. a boat.
Bárco luéngo, a ſwift ſort of veſſel uſed in the Streights.
Bárco otorgádo, a ſort of boat.
Bárco lleno y bárco vacio a boat ſometimes empty, and ſometimes full, ſpoken in reſpect to the inſtability or viciſſitude of things.
BARCO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *bárco.*
BARDA, ſ. f. a thick hedge, a wall that divides or encloſes.
Bárda de caballo, ſ. f. armour for a horſe.
Bárda de murálla, the covering on the top of a wall, whether of board, ſtone or any other.
BARDA'GO, ſ. m. among ſailors, a rope or tackle ſo called.
BARDA'L, ſ. m. encloſure.
BARDA'NA, ſ. f. dock, a plant; the great burr, the clot-burr; alſo a coarſe ſort of cloth.
BARDA'NZA, ſ. f. a hankering love unlawful luſt.
BARDA'R, v. a. to lay boards, timber or ſtones on a wall to keep the rain from ſoaking into it.
Bardár las viñas, to prune the vines.
BARDO'MA, ſ. f. dirt, clay.
BARETEADO, adj. ſtreaky, ſtriped.
BARI'LLA, ſ. f. vide *VARI'LLA.*
BARITO'NO, ſ. m. a voice between tenor and a baſe.
BARJULETA, ſ. f. a travelling-bag.
Barjuléta, ſ. f. a purſe, a pouch.
BARJULETAZA, ſ. f. a large purſe.
BARLAVENTEA'R, v. n. vide *BARLOVENTEAR.*
BARLOA'R, v. n. to grapple a ſhip.
Barloar, or *barloventeár*, v. a. is to ply to the windward; alſo to ply up ano down, or to cruiſe about.
Barloventeár, to wander up and down.
BARLOVE'NTO, ſ. m. the windward.

BARNI'Z, ſ. f. varnish.
BARNIZADO'R, ſ. m. a varniſher.
BARNIZA'R, v. a. to varniſh.
BA'RO, adj. rare, thin, looſe.
BARO'METRO, ſ. m. a barometer.
BARO'N, ſ. m. a baron; alſo a man.
BARONE'SA, ſ. f. a baronneſs, the lady of a baron.
BARONI'A, ſ. f. a barony.
BARONI'L, adj. manly.
BARQUEA'R, v. a. to guide a bark.
BARQUE'RO, *BARQUE'ROL*, ſ. m. waterman, boat man.
BARQUE'TA, *BARQUILLA*, ſ. f. a ſmall boat.
Ducádo de la barquilla, a ducat that had a boat ſtamped on it.
BARQUILLE'RO, ſ. m. a boat-builder, or one who ſells boats.
BARQUI'LLOS, ſ. m. pl. large wafers, rolled up, and ſweet to eat.
BA'RRA, ſ. f. an iron or wooden bar; the bar at the entrance of an harbour; a groſs-ſpun thread in cloth; a bar of ſilver or gold; a barrier.
Tirár la bárra, to pitch the bar, an exerciſe formerly in uſe.
Bárras de cabeſtránte, the capſtan-bars, being ſmall pieces of timber put into the barrel of the capſtan through ſquare holes, by which men turn the capſtan to heave the anchor.
Eſtirár la bárra, to pitch the bar beyond another, to outdo him.
Eſtar en barras, to be upon the point of completing one's buſines.
De barra á barra, from end to end
BARRA'CA, ſ. f. barrack, hut, ſuch as ſoldiers have to lie in, or fiſhermen on the ſea-ſide.
BARRACHE'L, ſ. m. a provoſt in an army; alſo an officer to apprehend robbers.
BARRA'CO, ſ. m. a tame boar; alſo a ſmall ſort of cannon.
BARRAGA'N, ſ. m. a great luſty fellow; alſo a bachelor.
Barragán, a coarſe kind of cambler.
BARRAGA'NA, ſ. f. a great romping wench; a ſingle woman; alſo a ſtrumpet.
BARRAGANA'DA, ſ. f. is ſometimes taken for a ſtout action, ſometimes for whoredom.
BARRAGANE'TE, ſ. m. a piece of wood on the outſide of a ſhip, to faſten ſome of the tackling to.
BARRAGANI'A, ſ. m. whoredom.
BARRA'JO, ſ. m. ſtrife, contention.
BARRA'L, ſ. m. a large bottle.
BARRA'N, ſ. m. a clown, a ruſtical fellow.
BARRA'NCA, ſ. f. *BARRA'NCO*, ſ. m. a ſlough in a road, a deep place where the ground is broken up; a place where cattle are ſtuck; alſo a rub in a way.
BARRANCO'SO, adj. rugged, uneven, full of ſloughs and ridges.
BARRANQUEA'R, v. n. to whip a top, ſuch as boys play with.
BARRANQUE'RO, adj. hopping about like an unſteady top.
A traque barraque, adv. at any time, for any reaſon or motive.
BARRAQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little barrack; alſo a cabbin in a ſhip.
BARRAQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little boat; alſo a ſmall piece of cannon.
BARRA'R, v. a. to bar, to make faſt.
BA'RRAS, ſ. f. pl. any ſort of bars, and barry in heraldry.
Juégo de bárras, a game with bowls to be drove through an iron ring.
BARREA'R, v. a. to bar, to barricade.
BARREDE'RA, ſ. f. a drag-net.
Barredéra, a ſail that hangs ſo low it ſweeps the hatches.
BARREDE'RO, ſ. m. a broom, or any thing to ſweep with; an oven's broom.
BARREDO'R, ſ. m. a ſweeper.
BARREDU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. ſweepings, the dirt that is ſweept together.
BARRE'N, ſ. m. the riſing part of a great ſaddle, which holds in the rider.
BARRE'NA, ſ. f. the nail-piercer, or augre; alſo that part of the ſaddle to which the ſtirrups hang.
BARRENA'R, v. a. to pierce, or bore.
Barrenádo de cáſcos, that has had his ſkull bored, or has no brains.
BARRENDA'R, v. a. vide *BARRE'R*.
BARRENDE'RO, ſ. m. a ſweeper.
BARRENI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall piercer or augre.
BARRENI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſurgeon's inſtrument to trepan a broken ſkull.
BARRE'ñA, ſ. f. *BARRE'ñO*, ſ. m. an earthen pan.
BARREñO'N, ſ. m. a great earthen pan.
BARRI'NO, ſ. m. a piercer or augre, or the hole made with one.
BARRE'R, v. r. to ſweep.
Barrér todo lo que hay, or *dexár la cáſa barrida*, to ſweep away all.
BARRE'RA, ſ. f. a barrier, alſo a claypit.
BARRE'TA, ſ. f. a little bar.
BARRETEA'R, v. a. to bar, to barricade, to fortify by means of a barrier. Among ſhoemakers, to make ſhoes ſtronger by an additional ſole.
BARRIA'DA, ſ. f. vide *BA'RRIO*.
BARRIAL, ſ. m. a clayiſh ſpot of ground, a clay-pit.
BARRI'CA, ſ. f. cask, hogshead.
BARRICA'DA, ſ. f. ſtoppage, obſtruction, barricade.
BARRIE'NTO, adj. full of clay.
BARRI'GA, ſ. f. the belly, the paunch.
Trahér barriga, to be with child.
BARRIGU'DO, adj. that has a great belly.
BARRIGUE'LA, *BARRIGUI'LLA*, *BARRIGUITA*, ſ. f. a little belly.
BARRI'L, ſ. m. any ſort of cask or barrel; an earthen veſſel with a great belly and narrow neck, in which harveſt-men carry drink into the fields.

BARRILE'JO, ſ. m. a little cask or barrel.
BARRILE'RO, ſ. m. a cooper.
BARRILE'TE, ſ. m. a particular ligature made round a maſt. A ſeaman's word.
BARRILI'LLO, ſ. m. a little cask or barrel.
BARRI'LLA, ſ. f. a little bar; alſo the herb glaſswort.
BA'RRIO, ſ. m. a ward or quarter in a town; a farm-houſe.
BARRIO'NDO, adj. ſharp, or ſour.
BARRISCA'R, v. a. to ſell by the lump.
BARRE'TO, ſ. m. all the noiſe the elephant makes.
BARRIZA'L; ſ. m. vide *BARRIA'L*.
BA'RRO, ſ. m. clay, mortar; earthen pots; pimples on the face.
BARRO'N, ſ. m. a great earthen pan.
Barros de róſtro, pimples, carbuncles in the face.
BARRO'SO, adj. clayiſh; pimply.
BARRO'TE, ſ. m. a great bar.
BARRO'TES, ſ. m. pl. ſee *ABARRO'TES*.
BARRU'CA, ſ. f. deceit, cunning, fraud.
Barrúca, ſ. f. obſ. cunning, duplicity.
BARRUE'CO, ſ. m. the pearl that is not round, but ill-ſhaped.
BARRUNTA'R, v. a. to gueſs at a thing by ſome ſign, token, or ſymptome; to imagine, to preſume upon ſome ground.
BARRUNTE, ſ. m. obſ. ſpy.
BARRU'NTO, ſ. m. gueſs, preſumption, imagination.
BARZO'N, ſ. m. a ring to fix the plough-ſhare in.

B A S

BA'SA, ſ. f. baſe, pedeſtal on which a pillar, ſtatue, or any other thing ſtands; alſo the foundation or baſis of any thing.
Báſa, ſ. f. a trick made when playing at cards.
No dexár, hâcér bâſa, to talk all, without ſuffering the reſt to put in a word, alluding to not let him win a trick at cards.
BA'SCAS, ſ. f. pl. a loathing in the ſtomach, ſtriving to vomit, inward ſtruggling, a qualm upon the ſtomach, a reaching.
BASCOSIDA'D, ſ. f. filth, naſtineſs.
BASCO'SO, adj. that is troubled with qualms or reachings.
BASE, ſ. f. the baſe of a pillar of any thing.
BASE'MIA, ſ. a qualm, or provocation to vomit.
BASI'JA, any ſort of pot or veſſel.
BASI'LCA, ſ. f. in cant, the gallows.
BASI'LICA, ſ. f. a church; any royal houſe.
BASILICO, ſ. m. baſil, an herb ſo called.
BASI'LICON, ſ. m. an ointment uſed by ſurgeons.
BASILI'SCO, ſ. m. a baſilisk, a fabulous beaſt, ſaid to kill by looking.
BASI'LLO, vide *VASI'LLO*.
BA'SIS, ſ. f. the baſe any thing reſts on.
BASQUE'AR, v. n. to reach for vomiting.
BASQUENCE, ſ. m. the language of Biſcay.
BASQUI'ñA, ſ. f. a large upper petticoat to wear over the reſt.
BASTA, ſ. f. a ſtich in a quilt or matreſs.
Baſta, adv. enough, avaſt.
BASTA'GE, } ſ. m. a porter to car-
BASTA'JE, } ry burthens.
BASTA'GO, ſ. m. vide *VASTA'GO*.
BASTAME'NTE, adv. groſsly, coarſely.
BASTA'NTE, adj. ſufficient.
BASTANTEME'NTE, adv. ſufficiently.
BASTA'R, v. n. to ſuffice.
BASTA'RDA, ſ. f. a ſail ſo called.
BASTARDE'AR, v. n. to degenerate.
BASTARDE'LO, ſ. m. book of memorandum, poſting-book, journal that is to be tranſcribed into the ledger-book; a common-place-book.
BASTARDI'A, ſ. f. baſtardy.
BASTA'RDO, ſ. m. a baſtard; alſo wine made of raiſins, or any thing that is irregular.
Baſtárdo, in fortification, a platform.
Baſtardo, adj. baſtard, illegitimate, ſpurious.
BASTE, ſ. m. a pack-ſaddle finely worked.
BASTEA'R, v. a. to pack a ſaddle with wool.
BASTECEDO'R, ſ. m. a purveyor.
BASTECE'R, v. a. to victual, to furniſh with proviſions.
BASTECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. neceſſary proviſion in plenty.
BASTEDA'D, ſ. f. vaſtneſs, amplitude.
BASTERO, ſ. m. the maker of packſaddles.
BASTI'DA, ſ. f. a wooden tower raiſed againſt a town beſieged.
BASTIDO'R, ſ. m. a ſtraining-frame for a picture, or the like; or ſuch a frame as embroiderers, or ſtarchers, or other ſuch trades uſe.
BASTI'LLA, ſ. f. fold or plait in cloth.
BASTIME'NTO, ſ. m. victuals, proviſions.
BASTIO'N, ſ. m. a baſtion.
BA'STO, adj. coarſe, groſs, unpoliſhed.
Báſto, ſ. m. a ſort of pannel.
BASTO'N, ſ. m. a cane, a ſtick.
Baſtón de generál, a general's ſtaff.
Echar el baſtòn, to interpoſe between friends that are ready to quarrel.
BASTONA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke with a club or ſtaff.
BASTONA'ZO, ſ. m. a great cudgel, or a ſtroke with it.
BASTONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſtaff. In architecture, it is a ſmall round in a pillar between two great ones.
BASTONE'RO, ſ. m. an officer that carries a ſtaff.
BA'STOS, ſ. m. pl. is alſo the club at cards, ſo called, becauſe the Spaniſh cards have thoſe we call

clubs, made in the shape of real clubs, called in *Spanish baſtónes*, and thence *baſtós*.

BASU'RA, ſ. f. ordure, excrement.

BASURE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who carries away the dirt, a ſcavenger.

B A T

BA'TA, ſ. f. a night-gown.

BATACA'ZO, ſ. m. the ſtroke a man gives on the ground when he falls or is ſtruck down.

BATADO'R, ſ. m. a waſhing beetle.

BATAFALU'A, *BATAFALU'GA*, ſ. f. anniſeed.

BATAGUE'LA, ſ. f. a little kneading-trough.

BATAHO'LA, ſ. f. confuſion, noiſe, tumult, rumour.

BATA'LLA, ſ. f. a battle, an army.

Batálla campál, a pitched battle.

BATALLADO'R, ſ. m the perſon who fights, a gladiator.

BATALLA'R, v. n. to fight, to contend.

BATALLERAME NTE, adv. frequently.

BATALLE'RO, adj. common, uſual, frequent.

BATA'LLO, ſ. m. any thing full of fleſh or plump.

BATALLO'LAS, ſ. f. the ſpace in a galley between the oars; alſo forked irons on the ſides of the galley.

BATALLO'N, ſ. m. a battalion.

BATALLO'SO, adj. warlike, belonging to war.

BATA'N, ſ. m. a fulling-mill for cloth.

BATANADO'R, ſ. m. a fuller of cloth.

BATANA'R, v. a. to full, to mill cloth, or the like; alſo to beat one.

BATANEA'R, v. a. vide *VATANA'R*.

BATANE'RO, vide *VATANADO'R*.

BATA'TA, ſ. f. a potatoe-root.

BATE'A, ſ. f. a painted hamper.

Batéa, ſ. f. a kneading-trough, a pinn for bread.

BATEA'R, v. a. to baptize; a corrupt word.

BATEGUE'LA, ſ. f. diminutive of *batea*.

BATE'L, ſ. m. a ſhip-boat, a pinnace, or yawl.

BATE'LES, ſ. m. pl. in cant, is a gang of thieves or ruſſians.

BATELI'LLO, ſ. m. a little boat.

BATE'O, ſ. m. a chriſtening.

BATERI'A, ſ. f. a battery, battering of a place; contention, or ſtrife.

BATICU'LO, ſ. m. a ſort of white veil hanging on the ſhoulders, and full of plaits below.

BATI'DA, ſ. f. a noiſe that huntſmen make to rouze up a deer, or wild boar.

BATIDE'RA, ſ. f. a chiſſel, a hatchet, a large ax; alſo an inſtrument to beat lime with.

BATIDE'RO, ſ. m. a place where there is much hammering or beating.

Batidéro de agua, a great fall of water.

BATI'DO, adj. beaten, or hammered.

BATIDO'R, ſ. m. one that beats, or hammers.

Batidór, ſ. m. a ſpy in an army, a ſcout, or whatch centinel.

Batidór de óro, ó plata, a gold-beater.

BATIDU'RA, ſ. f. a beating, or hammering.

BATIE'NTE, ſ. m. the jam of a door.

BATIFU'LLA, ſ. m. vide *Batidór de óro*.

BATIHO'JA, ſ. m. a gold-beater.

BATIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. beating.

BATI'R, v. a. to beat, to hammer, to batter.

Batír hója, to beat metal in to thin plates, or ſilver, or leaf-gold.

Batír los diéntes, to chatter the teeth.

Batír huévos, to beat eggs.

Batír el cóbre, to hammer copper; metaph, to ply to buſineſs very aſſiduouſly.

Batír el eſtandárte, for *abatír*, to ſtrike the colours.

Batír múros, to batter walls.

Batír en ruína, to batter quite down.

Batír monéda, to coin money.

Batír las álas, to clap the wings, to fly ſwiftly.

Batír las ólas, to beat the waves, to row.

BATOLO'GIA, ſ. f. a ſort of tautology, or foolish repetition of the ſame words.

BATUCA'R, v. a. to mix confuſedly, without diſtinction.

BATUE'CAS, ſ. m. pl. a ſort of wild mountaineers.

BATUE'CO, ſ. m. a clownish, brutal fellow.

BATUQUE'RIO, ſ. m. violent ſhake given to liquids that they may mix.

B A U

BAU'CADO'R, ſ. m. an artful cheat a cunning rogue.

BAUL, ſ. m. a trunk; ironically the belly.

BAUPRE'S, ſ. m. the boltſprit of a ſhip.

BAUSA'N, ſ. m. *BAUSA'NA*, ſ. f. a figure made like a man ſtuffed with ſtraw, uſed formerly to ſet on walls where the garriſon was weak, to make it appear ſtronger; a fool, heavy, ſtupid perſon, or one that ſtands gazing at any thing as if he were out of his ſenſes.

BAUTISMO, ſ. m. vide *BAPTISMO*.

BAUTISTE'RIO, ſ. m. vide *BAPTISTE'RIO*.

B A X

BA'XA, ſ. f. an old dance.

Báxa, ſ. f. an abatement.

Báxa, ſ. m. a Turkiſh baſhaw.

BAXA'DA, ſ. f. a deſcent.

BAXA'DO, adj. brought down, humbled, debaſed.

BAXADU'RA, ſ. f. deſcending.

BAXAMANE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a thief.

BAXAMA'R, ſ. f. low-water.

BAXAME'NTE, adv. lowly, humbly, baſely.

BAXAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. bringing down, deſcending.

BAXA'MO, adv. underhand, in a private clandeſtine manner.

BAXA'R, v. n. to bring, or come down, to diſmount, to humble.
Baxár de precio, to lower the price.
Baxár de púnto, to be humbled, to fall to a lower condition.
Baxár los briós, to bring down a man's ſtomach.
BA'XAS, ſ. f. pl. ſands in the ſea.
BAXE'L, ſ. m. any ſort of ſhip, or other veſſel, but more particularly the ſmaller ſort, and under three decks.
BAXELI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *baxél*.
BAXE'RO, adj. that which is below, the under-lip.
BAXE'TE, ſ. m. a ſinger that has a voice tending from the tenour to the baſe.
BAXE'ZA, ſ. f. lowneſs, meanneſs, vileneſs, baſeneſs; a mean baſe action.
Baxéza de animo, lowneſs of ſpirit, a dejected mind.
BAXI'LLA, ſ. f. all the plate or other furniture for the table.
BAXI'LLO, ſ. m. low, a little fellow.
BAXI'O, *BAXO*, ſ. m. a ſhoal, or ſand in the ſea; alſo lowering in price and value.
Báxo, adj. low, deep; in muſic, the baſe; in a houſe, the lower floor.
Hombre báxo, a mean man.
Hablár báxo, to talk low.
Mar báxa, a ſhallow ſea.
Penſamientos báxos, a mean ſpirit.
Precio báxo, a low price.
BAXO'N, ſ. m. the baſe in muſic, and the inſtrument called baſſoon.
BAXONCI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *baxón*.
BAXUE'LO, ſ. m. a little low fellow.
BAXU'RA, ſ. f. obſ. barbarity.

B A Y

BA'YA, ſ. f. laughing at, ridiculing, bantering, mocking.
Dar báya, ſ. f. to banter, to holloo after.
Baya, ſ. f. a berry.
BAYAL, ſ. m. a frame uſed in ſhifting mill-ſtones when renewing their edges by hammering.
BAYE'TA, ſ. f. a kind of woollen ſtuff.
BA'YO, adj. bay, of a bay colour.
BAYONETA, ſ. f. a bayonet, a ſhort dagger fixed at the end of a musket.
Calar la bayoneta, to fix the bayonet to the musket.
BAYONETA'ZO, ſ. m. a wound made with a musket.
BAYO'SA, ſ. f. in cant, a ſword.
BAYU'CA, ſ. f. in cant, a tavern.

B A Z

BA'ZA, ſ. f. a trick at cards.
BA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſpleen, the milt.
Bázo, adj. brown coloured.
BAZO'FIA, ſ. f. the worſt part of eatables.
BAZUCA'R, v. a. to mix together.

B D E

BDELI'O, ſ. m. bdellium, or a black tree in Arabia, or its gum.

B E

BE, the cry of a sheep.

B E A

BEATA, ſ. f. a ſort of religious woman, employing herſelf in prayer, and works of charity; alſo any female hypocrite, called ironically by that name.
BEATERIA, ſ. f. a religious action; hypocriſy.
BEATERIO, ſ. m. a houſe where the religious women live.
BEATIFICACION, ſ. f. beatification.
BEATIFICA'R, v. a. to place among the ſaints.
BEATI'FICO, adj. bleſſed.
BEATI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſort of linnen wove very thin to make white veils for women, ſomething like a fine canvas.
BEATITU'D, ſ. f. beatitude, bleſſedneſs. One of the titles given to the pope.
BEA'TO, adj. bleſſed, or a religious man, that lives as the *beatas* above.

B E B

BEBEDE'RO, ſ. m. a trough for beaſts to drink in.
BEBEDI'ZO, ſ. m. love-potion, ſuch as foolish women give to men to make them love them.
BE'BEDO, adj. drunk.
BEBEDO'R, ſ. m. f. a drinker, a toper.
Prov. *Debaxo de una mála cápa, hay buén bebedór*, under a bad cloak may be a great drinker; that is, under a mean habit may be a rich man, teaching us to deſpiſe no man on the account of his dreſs.
BEBER, v. a. to drink.
Bebér al cábo, to drink all up.
Bebér háſta mas no poder, to drink as long as a man can hold.
Bebér háſta caér, to drink till one cannot ſtand.
Bebér los viéntos, to drink up the wind; that is, to deſire any thing immoderately, which makes a man anxious, and breathe quick.
Bebér la ciencia, to drink up a ſcience, to become maſter of it with as much eaſe as a man can drink.
Deſeár bebér la ſángre de ótro, to deſire to drink another man's blood, the utmoſt malice.
Bebér por calabaza, to drink out of a calabash; that is, to do any thing without conſideration; becauſe he that drinks out of a calabash, ſees not wha the drinks, as he does, who has an open cup.
Beber de códos, to drink at one's elbows that is, at leiſure.
Bebér de aután, to drink as much as one's neighbour.
Bebér de brúces, to drink lying all along on the ground.
Bebér por ónzas, to drink by ounces, to be preciſe.
Behérſe el ſéſo, to turn one's brain.
Bebér ſobre tárja, to live high upon truſt, without deſign to pay.
Bebér a dos mános, to drink holding the cup with both hands.

Bebér a tutti quanti; to drink to all the company.

Dárſela a bebér, to give it a man to drink; that is, to do a man a diſkindneſs, in revenge for another.

BEBI'DA, ſ. f. drink; alſo a potion.

BEBI'DO, ſ. m. a drunken man.

BEBIE'NDA, ſ. f. vide *BEBI'DA*.

BEBLA'DA ſ. f. drunkenneſs.

BEBLA'DO, adj. drunken.

BEBORROTEA'R, v. n. to be always drinking or ſipping.

BEBORROTO'N, ſ. m. one that is always drinking or ſipping.

BEBRA'GE, ſ. m. a draught; commonly a phiſical draught.

B E C

BE'CA, ſ. f. the dignity of entering on a fellowship, or any college preferment.

Béca, ſ. f. a welt of cloth hanging about the neck, and almoſt down to the feet, after the manner of the doctors of divinity's ſcarfs in England; formerly wore in Spain by dignified clergymen only, now left off by them, and worn by all ſtudents in colleges, who are diſtinguiſhed and known by the ſeveral ſhapes and colours of them.

BECA'DA, ſ. f. a woodcock.

BECAFI'GO, ſ. m. a bird like a nightingale, feeding on figs and grapes; a fig-pecker.

BECARDO'N, ſ. m. a ſnipe.

BECERRI'LLO, ſ. m. a young calf.

BECE'RRO, ſ. m. a young calf.

BECE'TO, ſ. m. the hanging part of the lip; alſo lip-jewels, worn by ſome Indians.

BE'CO, ſ. m. an alley.

BECOQUI'N, ſ. m. a little bonnet or cap that ties under the chin.

BECO'TE, ſ. m. a ring ſome Indians wear in their lip.

B E D

BEDE'JA. ſ. f. vide *VEDEJA*.

BEDEJU'DO, adj. vide *VEDEJUDO*.

BEDE'L, ſ. m. an officer in the univerſities in Spain, being the ſame as the beadle among us.

BEDE'N, ſ. m. a ribband, a headband, fillet, or hair-lace to tie up the hair with; a wreath or cornish at the top of a pillar.

BEDE'RRE, ſ. m. in cant, a hangman.

BEDIJA. ſ. f. vide *VEDEJA*.

BEDIJUDO, adj. vide *VEDEJUDO*.

B E F

BE'FA, ſ. f. a ſcoff, an abuſive jeſt.

BEFA'R, v. a. to ſcoff, to jeer, to deride.

BE'FO. adj. ſplay-footed.

BEFRE, ſ. m. the creature called *caſtor*, or beaver.

B E G

BE'GE, *BE'JE*, ſ. m. the beak of a ſhip.

BEGI'N, ſ. m. a fine ſort of mush rooms.

Hacerſe un begin, to be in a great paſſion, to be enraged.

B E H

BEHEMOTH, ſ. m. generally interpreted a great beaſt; but by ſome is made to comprehend all four-footed beaſts.

BEHETRI'AS, are lordships, or liberties free from the ſubjection of any lord, but what they chuſe at pleaſure, and can diſcard at will.

BEHO'RDO, ſ. m. the herb called cats-tail.

B E J

BEJUCO, ſ. m. a willow twig.

B E L

BEL, adj. m. (contracted from *bello*) handſome, beautiful, fine, pretty.

BELDA'D, ſ. f. beauty; alſo a beautiful woman.

BELEñO, ſ. m. the herb henbane.

BELE'ZA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

BELFO, adj. one who has a hanging under-lip.

BELHE'ZES, ſ. f. pl. in cant, goods, moveables.

BELIA'L, adj. wicked, incorrigibile.

BELICO, adj. warlike, as a thing belonging to war.

BELICOSAME'NTE, adv. warlike.

BELICO'SO, adj. warlike, as a warlike man.

BELI'DA, ſ. f. the herb called crowfoot.

BELI'GERO, adj. belligerous, warlike.

BELITRE, ſ. m. a beggar, a ſcoundrel, an inconſiderable fellow, a vagabond.

BELITRE'RO, ſ. m. one that abets and ſupports all manner of rogues.

BELLACA'DA, ſ. f. a bad and mean action.

BELLACAME'NTE, adv. baſely, knavishly.

BELLACO, ſ. m. a knave a villain; an arch-wag.

BELLACO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *bellaco*.

BELLAME'NTE, adv. fairly, beautifully, finely.

BELLAQUERI'A, ſ. f. diſgrace; villainy, roguery.

BELLAQUILLO, ſ. m. a little knave.

BELLEGUI'N, ſ. m. a bailiff's follower.

BELLEZA, ſ. f. beauty; alſo a beautiful perſon or thing.

Decir bellezas, to ſpeak vith particular graces.

BELLI'DO, adj. graceful, handſome, pretty.

BELLIRI'FE, ſ. m. in cant, an officer, or juſtice.

BELLO, adj. fair, beautiful. Of old it was uſed to ſignify rich.

BELLO'N ſ. m. braſs, or copper money.

BELLORI'TA, ſ. f. the primroſe.

BELLO'SA ſ. f. in cant, a rough ſeaman's coat, or any coarſe woollen.

BELLO'TA, ſ. f. an acorn.

Cordónes de bellóta, ſtrings with taſſels to them.

Eſtár un hombre de la bellóta, to be fat and luſty a ſwine.

BELLO'TE, ſ. m. a round-headed nail.

BELLOTE'RO ſ. m. one that gathers or ſells acorns; alſo the place where acorns are found.

Ha. ido al bellotero, he has been fed with acorns as hogs; ſpeaking of a very fat and luſty man.

Bellotero, ſ. m. an acorn-tree.

BELRA'TO, a great while.

B E N

BENALA'QUE, ſ. m. a farm-houſe upon a vineyard.

BENDECI'R, v. a. to bleſs.

BENDICIO'N, ſ. f. a bleſſing.

BENDI'TO, adj. bleſſed.

BENDITAME'NTE, adv. bleſſedly.

BENEFACTO'R ſ. m. a benefactor.

BENEFICE'NTIA, ſ. f. beneficence, doing of good turns.

BENEFICI'ADO, ſ. m. a prieſt that has a benefice, or lands, or other things inproved.

BENEFICIADO'R, ſ. m. a perſon who does good turns; alſo one that has the care of any thing, an adminiſtrator.

BENEFICIAL, adj. beneficial, belonging to a benefit, or benefice.

BENEFICIA'R, v. a. to improve.

Beneficiár, v. a. to do good turns, to be kind, and beneficent.

Beneficiár oro, ò plata, to refine gold or ſilver.

Beneficiár la tierra, to manure, or improve land.

BENEFI'CIO, ſ. m. a benefice, a benefit, alſo improving, and an eccleſiaſtical benefice.

BENEFICIO'SO, adj. beneficent, kind; alſo profitable, beneficial.

BENE'FICO, adj. one that does good turns, or beſtows benefits.

BENEMERE'NCIA, ſ. f. good turns done to the commonwealth, ſervice to one's country.

BENEME'RITO, adj. worthy, well deſerving.

BENEPLACITO, ſ. m. permiſſion, approbation.

BENE'RA, ſ. f. vide *VENERA*.

BENEVOLE'NCIA, ſ. f. good-will.

BENE'VOLO, adj. well-affected.

BENGA'LA ſ. f. a very ſlight ſort of ſilk web.

BENIGNAME'NTE, adv. kindly, lovingly.

BENIGNIDA'D, ſ. f. goodneſs, kindneſs, bounty; alſo ſalubrity, whole-ſome quality.

BENI'GNO, adj. courteous, loving, kind, bountiful, alſo wholeſome, ſweet, mild.

BENI'NO, ſ. m. a bunch, or ſwelling.

BENJUI' ſ. m. benzoin, a roſin or gum ſo called.

B E O

BEODE'Z, ſ. f. drunkenneſs.

BEO'DO, adj. drunk.

B E Q

BEQUE, ſ. m. the beak of a ſhip, or galley; alſo an houſe of office.

B E R

BERBENA, ſ. f. vide *VERBE'NA*.

BE'RBE'RIS, ſ. m. the white thorntree.

BERCE'RO, ſ. m. f. the perſon who ſells cabbage, ſalad, &c.

BERDOLAGA, ſ. f. vide *VERDOLAGA*.

BERE'DA, ſ. f. vide *VEREDA*.

BERENGE'NA, ſ. f. a kind of fruit like a cucumber, ſhaped like a pear, eaten in Spain, boiled with beef or mutton, or otherwiſe dreſſed on fiſhdays.

BERENGENADO, adj. belonging to *berengénas*.

BERENGENA'L, ſ. m. a field where *berengénas*. grow.

BERENGENAZO, ſ. m. blow given with a *berengéna*.

BERGAMO'TA, ſ. f. a bergamot pear.

BERGA'NTE, ſ. m. a rogue, a raſcal.

BERGANTIN, ſ. m. bergantine, a kind of veſſel.

BERGANTON, ſ. m. a great rogue.

BERI'L, ſ. m. a greenish precious ſtone.

BERILES, ſ. m. pl. fine glaſſes to preſerve the ſight, or to ſet before relicks or pictures in miniature.

BERLA'N, ſ. a ſort of game at cards.

BE'RMA, ſ. f. the lower part of a wall in fortification.

BERMEGI'A, ſ. f. a ſly trick.

BERMEJE'AR, v. n. to be reddish; alſo to blush.

BERMEJI'ZO, adj ruddy, reddish; ſubſtantively uſed, a little red-haired boy.

BERME'JO, adj. red; red-hai red.

BERMEJUE'LA, ſ. f. a reddish fish, called a rochet.

BERMEJU'RA, ſ. f. redneſs.

BERMELLON, ſ. m. vermil, vermilion, fine red.

BERNARDINA, ſ. f. proud and boaſting ſpeech.

BERNEGA'L, ſ. m. a ſort of varnished earthen veſſel to drink out of; a ſilver or golden cup.

BE'RNIA, ſ. f. a coarſe ſort of cloth.

BERNIZ, ſ. f. vide *BARNIZ*.

BERRAZAS, ſ. f. pl. over-grown water-creſſes.

BERRA'CO, ſ. m. a bear-pig; a nut with a green huſk; a short piece of canon with a wide bore.

BERRA'ZA, ſ. f. an acquatick plant ſo called.

BERRE'A, ſ. f. a place where water creſſes grow.

BERREA'R, v. n. to cry like a calf, to bellow; to quarrel and to fight.

BERREGUETA'R, v. n. to deceive by tricks at cards.

BERRI'DO, ſ. m. the belloving of calves.

BERRI'N, ſ. m. the perſon who puts himſelf in a paſſion.

BERRIONDE'Z, ſ. f. rut, pride in ſows.

BERRIO'NDO, adj. in brimming, in luſt.

BE'RRO, ſ. m. the herb called water-creſſes.

BERROCA'L, ſ. m. a place full of rocky hillocks
BERROQUEñA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſpeckled coarſe marble.
BERRUE'CO, ſ. m. an uneven hillock; alſo a wart; mishapen pearl.
BERRU'GA, ſ. f. a wart; the top of a hill or rock.
BERRUGO'SO, adj. full of warts; full of hillocks.
BERRUGUE'TA, ſ. f. in cant, a cheat at cards.
BERRUGUIE'NTO, adj. vide *BERRUGOSO*.
BERY'LO, ſ. m. a precious ſtone called a beryl, green coloured.
BE'RZA, ſ. f. cabbage.
Bérza perrúna, wild mercury.
Bérza créſpa, curled cabbage.
Bérza colorada, red cabbage.
Bérzas floridas, colliflowers.
BERZE'RA, ſ. f. herb-woman.
BERZUE'LA, ſ. f. young cabbage.

B E S

BE'SA MANOS, ſ. m. a kiſſing of the hands, a ceremony performed by an inferior to a ſuperior.
BESA'NT, ſ. m. a coin ſo called, formerly in uſe.
BESA'R, v. a. to kiſs.
Beſár la ropá el ſuélo, to drag, to touch the ground.
Beſár el alzóte, to kiſs the rod.
No hay ſino llegár y beſár, it is touch and take.
BESICOS DE MONJA, a ſort of ſweetmeats.
BESI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *beſo*.
BE'SO, ſ. m. a kiſs.
Dar béſos al járro, to toſs the pot.
BESTEZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little beaſt.
BE'STIA, ſ. f. a beaſt; a brutish man, a dunce, an ill-bred fellow.
Beſtia de albarda, a beaſt; of burthen.
Condenár á béſtias, to condemn to be torn in piece by wild beaſts.
BESTIA'L, adj. beaſtly, belonging to beaſts.
Pecádo beſtial, the ſin committed with a beaſts.
BESTIALI'DAD, ſ. f. beaſtlineſs.
BESTIALME'NTE, adv. brutishly.
BESTIA'R, ſ. m. cattle.
BESTIA'ZA, ſ. f. augmentative of *beſtia*.
BESTIO'N, ſ. m. a great beaſt a great booby fellow. In architecture, or painting, a ſort of a half pillar or tall pedeſtal, with ſome figure on it, ſome of which ſeem to bear up the ſtructure. In fortification, baſtion.
BESTO'LA, ſ. f. an iron uſed to clean the coulter of the plough.
BESUCADO'R, ſ. m. he that gives many kiſſes or buſſes, and in a coarſe manner.
BESUCA'R, v. a. to kiſs often, or after a rude manner.
BESU'GO, ſ. m. a fish called a ſeabream.
Ojo de beſugo, white eyes.
Eládo como un beſúgo, frozen like a bream.
BESUGUE'TE, ſ. m. a little fish like a ſea-bream.

B E T

BETA, ſ. f. a vein in a metallick mine, and alſo a vein in ſtone or marble.
BE'TAS, ſ. f. pl. ropes uſed among ſailors.
BETA'DO, adj. diſtinguished by vains of various colours, ſaid of marble and ſtone.
BETARRAGA, *BETARRATA*, ſ. f. a beet-root.
BETELE', ſ. m. a plant ſo called, which the Aſiatick men and women chew.
BETO'N, ſ. m. the coarſe wax at the mouth of the bee-hive.
BETO'NICA, ſ. f. the herb betony.
BETUMA'R, v. a. vide *BETUMINA'R*.
BETU'MEN, ſ. f. bitumen, a liquid thick ſubſtance.
BETUMINA'R, v. a. to daub with *betumen*.
BETU'N, ſ. m. vide *BETUMEN*.
BETUNA'R, v. a. to daub, to careen ships, to uſe washes to the face.

B E U

BEU'DO, ſ. m. vide *BORRACHO*.
BEU'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of reddish grape.

B E V

BEVA'NDA, ſ. f. vide *BEBA'NDA*.
BEVEDE'RO, ſ. m. vide *BEBEDE'RO*.
BEVEDO'R, ſ. m. vide *BEBEDO'R*.
BE'VER, v. a. vide *BEBER*.
BEVIDA, ſ. f. vide *BEBIDA*.

B E X

BEXI'GA, ſ. f. a bladder.
BEXIGAZO, ſ. m. a blow with a bladder.
BEXIGOS, ſ. m. pl. the diſeaſe among horſes called the ſcratches.
BEXIGUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little bladder.
BEXI'N, ſ. m. the mushroom called puff-balls, or puffy mushroom; metaph. a boy that ſwells with anger, and after making faces burſts out in tears.
BEXU'CO, ſ. m. a withe.

B E Z

BEZAA'R, ſ. m. the bezoar-ſtone.
BEZA'R, ſ. m. vide *BEZAA'R*.
BE'ZO, ſ. m. uſe cuſtom, alſo a kiſs, and a lip, and the ſwelling a bout a wound when it feſters.
BEZOA'R, ſ. m. vide *BEZAAR*.
BEZU'DO, adj. having thick lips like a negro.

B I A

BIAZAS, ſ. f. pl. knapſack.

B I B

BI'BARO, ſ. m. the caſtor, or beaver.
BIBLIA, ſ. f. the Holy Bible.
BIBLIOTHE'CA, ſ. f. library a large collection of books.
BIBLIOTHECARIO, ſ. m. a librarian, or library-keeper.

B I C

BICE'RRA, ſ. f. a kind of wild goat.
BICHO, *ó BICHA*, ſ. m. f. a ſort of figures half men or women, and half fish, or any other beaſt.
Bichos, ſ. m. *ó Bichas*, ſ. f. any venomous beaſts, or any inſects in general.
Cara de bicho, a great ugly face.
Un mal bicho, a malicious and miſchievous fellow.
BICO, ſ. m. a ſmall ornament of gold formerly worn upon men's caps or bonnets.
BICO'CA, ſ. f. a centinel's box; a ſmall bad fortified place; a little village.
BICO'RNE, adj. belonging to any thing which has two horns; uſed by poets.
BICORPO'REO, adj. belonging to two bodies.

B I E

BIE'LDA, ſ. f. a van, or fan, to winnov corn with.
BIELDA'R, v. a. to fan to winnow.
BIE'LDO, ſ. m. a fan, or a thing to caſt up corn againſt the wind to win- now it.
BIEN, ſ. m. good; alſo proſperity, advancement.
Bien, adv. good, well; alſo much, very.
Bien que; ſi bien, although.
BIENANDANTE, adj. ſucceſsful, fortunate; a word uſed in romances.
BIENAVENTURADAMENTE adv. bleſſedly, fortunately, luckily.
BIENAVENTURA'DO, adj. happy, fortunate, lucky.
BIENAVENTURA'NZA, ſ. f. bliſs, happineſs, good fortune.

BIENDEZI'R, v. a. vide *BENDEZI'R*.
BIE'NES, ſ. m. pl. goods.
Biénes ráizes, an eſtate real.
Biénes muébles, moveables.
BIENGRANA'DA, ſ. f. the plant oak of Jeruſalem.
BIENHADA'DO, adj. fortunate, lucky; roguish, miſchievous.
BIENHABLADO, adj. well-ſpoken, that ſpeaks well.
BIENHECHOR, ſ. m. benefactor.
BIE'NNIO, ſ. m. the ſpace of two years.
BIE'NQUE, adv. although.
BIENQUERENCIA, *BIENQUERIE'NCIA*, } ſ. f. good will, affection.

B I F

BIFO'RME, adj. of two shapes or forms; uſed by poets.
BIFRO'NTE, adj. that has two faces; uſed by poets.

B I G

BIGAMI'A, ſ. f. bigamy, or being married to two women, or having two husbands.
BI'GAMO, ſ. m. one that has been twice married, or that has two wives at once.
BIGA'RDO, ſ. m. an abuſive name given to religious men.
BIGARRA'DO, adj. of various colours
BIGO'RDA, ſ. f. the herb bindweed.
BIGO'RNIA, ſ. f. a bickhorn, an anvil that has a round point ſticking out, to hammer things round on; alſo a ſmith's vice to hold faſt any thing in.
Los de la bigórnia, in cant, a parcel of bullies.
BIGO'TA, ſ. f. a pully to draw up weights.
BIGOTA'ZO, ſ. m. augmentative of *bigóte*.
BIGO'TE, ſ. m. whisker, muſtacho.
BIGOTE'RA, ſ. f. a little ſheath or bag that Germans and Goths uſed to curl their whiskers with.
Tener buenas bigoteras, to be pretty, ſaid in ſpeaking of women.

B I L

BILO'RTA, ſ. f. an iron ring fixed in the axle-tree of a cart or coach.
BILLE'TE, ſ. m. a billet, a note; alſo a bill of exchange.
BILLETI'CO, ſ. m. a billet-doux, a love letter.

B I M

BIMBRAR, v. a. to shake, to brandish.
BIMBRE'RA, ſ. f. a place where oziers grow, or an ozier-tree.
BIME'STRE, adj. two months old.

B I N

BINA'R, v. a. to plough twice over.
BINA'RIO, adj. conſiſting of two things, that belongs to two things.
BINAZO'N, ſ. f. in husbandry, the ſecond ploughing given to a field.
BINO'CULO, ſ. m. a teleſcope with two bores.
BINZA, ſ. f. the pelicle of an egg or of an onion.

B I O

BIO'MBO, ſ. m. a skreen.

B I R

BIRA'R, v. a. to tack about in a ship.
BIRIBI'S, ſ. m. a kind of play or lottery.
BIRLA'DO, ſ. m. in cant, a bubble.
BIRLADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, a bubbler.
BIRLA'R, v. a. to play at ninepins; in cant, to cheat, to impoſe upon.
BIRLE'SCA, ſ. f. in cant, an aſſembly of whores and rogues.
BIRLE'SCO, ſ. m. in cant, a ruffian, a thief.
BIRLOCHA, ſ. f. a kite as children play with, or fly in the air.
BIRLO'CHE, ſ. m. vide *BIRLESCO*.

BIRLO'NGA, ſ. f. a game ſo called.
BIRLOS, ſ. m. pl. nine-pins to play with.
BIRO'LA, ſ. f. a little ring fixed to the end of a ſtick or walking-cane.
BIROTA'ZO, ſ. m. vide *VIROTA'ZO*.
BIRO'TE, ſ. m. vide *VIRO'TE*.
BIRRE'TA, ſ. f. a cardinal's cap.
BIRRETE, ſ. m. a cap.
BIRRETI'NA, ſ. f. a grenadier's cap.
BIRRO, ſ. m. a ſort of ſhort cloak formerly worn, which reached down only to the waiſt.

B I S

BISA'GRA, ſ. f. a hinge.
BISAVUE'LO, ſ. m. a great grandfather.
BISA'LTO, ſ. m. green peaſe.
BISA'RMA, ſ. f. a kind of weapon with two pikes.
BISCOCE'R, v. a. to cook over again, to dreſs a thing twice over.
BISCOCHA'DO, adj. baked hard like biſcuit.
BISCOCHE'RO, ſ. m. a biſcuit-maker or ſeller.
BISCO'CHO, ſ. m. biſcuit.
BISE'L, ſ. m. the edge of a plate of glaſs.
BISIE'STO, ſ. m. the additional day to the leap-year.
Mudár biſiéſto, to take another courſe.
BISLUMBRE, ſ. f. twilight; alſo any twinkling light or glittering, as of a glaſs in the ſun, or the like.
BISO'JO, adj. ſquint-eyed; looking two ways at once.
BISOñERIA, ſ. f. a thing inconſiderately and raſhly done.
BISO'ñO, adj. a new raiſed ſoldier.
Biſóño, adj. beginning to learn any art or ſcience.
BISO'NTE, ſ. m. a fierce ſort of beaſt with a long mane, and ſhaped like a ſtag, but has only one horn.
BISPE, ſ. m. obſ. vide *OBISPO*.
BI'SPERA, ſ. f. vide *VISPE'RA*.
BISSEXTI'L, or *AñO BISSEXTIL*, ſ. m. the leap-year.
BISSIE'STO, ſ. m. vide *BISIE'STO*.
BISSY'LLABO, adj. of two ſyllables.
BISTO'RTA, ſ. f. the herb biſtort or ſnake-weed.
BISTRAHE'R, *BISTRAYER*, } v. a. to pay money before it is due; alſo to give earneſt.
BISTRE'TA, ſ. f. payment before the money comes due.

B I T

BITA'CORA, ſ. f. the bittacle; a frame of timber in the ſteerage, where the compaſs is placed on board a ſhip.
BITAS, ſ. f. pl. the place the anchor is faſtened to in a ſhip.
BITU'MEN, ſ. m. vide *BETU'N*.

B I Z

BIZARRAME'NTE, adv. gallantly, fairly, finely, very well.
BIZARREA'R, v. n. to play the gallant, to be fine and gay.
BIZARRIA, ſ. f. bravery, gallantry rich apparel.
BIZARRO, adj. brave, gallant, fine in apparel.
Hablár biſárro, to talk gallantly or fantaſtically and extravagantly.
Rópa biẓárra, a rich coſtly garment.
BIZA'ZAS, ſ. f. pl. leathern wallets, budgets, or bags.
BISCO, adj. ſquint-eyed.
BISCOCHA'DA, ſ. f. broth or ſoup made with wine or milk, ſugar, &c. with biſcuit in it.
BIZCO'CHO, ſ. m. biſcuit, a kind of hard dry bread, made to be carried to ſea.
Biẓcocho de aẓúcar, a compoſition of fine flour, ſugar, &c.
BIZCOCHUE'LO, ſ. m. a fine ſmall ſort of biſcuit.
BIZCOTE'LA, ſ. f. a kind of biſcuit covered with ſugar, made by the nuns.
BI'ZMA, ſ. f. a cere-cloth, to keep together a broken bone that is ſet, or to ſtrengthen a weak part.
BIZMA'R, v. a. to wrap up in a cerecloth.
BIZNA'GA, ſ. f. a ſort of wild fennel, uſed to make pick-tooths.
BIZNIE'TA, ſ. f. a great-grand-daughter.
BIZNIE'TO, ſ. m. a great-grand-ſon.
BIZUE'JO, adj. ſquint-eyed.

B L A

BLA'GO, ſ. m. a ſtaff, or ſtick.
BLA'NCA, ſ. f. a piece of money about the third part of a farthing.
No téngo blánca. I have not one croſs.
No vale úna blánca, it is not worth a doit.
Pagár blánca a blánca, to pay by drivelets.
Coſa de tres a la blánca, a thing of a very inconſiderable value.
BLA'NCO, adj. white; ſubſtantively uſed, a mark to ſhoot at.
Dexár en blánco; to leave a blank in a writing; to baulk, to diſappoint.
Sallr en blánco, to fail in an undertaking.
Quedár en blánco, to be left in the lurch.
Dar en el blánco, to hit the mark, to hit the nail on the head.
No ſé ſi fuláno es blánco, ni negro, I know not whether ſuch a one is black or white; that is, I know nothing of him.
Haẓér lo blánco négro, y lo négro blánco, to make white black, and blak white; to impoſe a falſhood, to oppoſe the known truth.
No me dixo blánco has el ójo, he did not ſay white is your eye; that is, he took ſo little notice of me, that he did not look me in the face.
Arm'do de punta en blánco, armed at all points, cap-a-pee.

Dezir á úno de púnta en blánco que no es aſsí, to tell a man point blank it is not ſo, is next to giving him the lye.

Hijo de la gallina blánca, the ſon of the white hen; that is, a fortunate man who ſucceeds in all things.

El blánco del áve, the wings and breaſt, or the brawn of a fowl.

BLA'NCOR, ſ. m. } whiteneſs.
BLANCU'RA, ſ. f. }

Prov. *La blancúra mil táchas diſſimúla*, whiteneſs covers a thouſand faults; that is, a delicate white skin in a woman.

BLA'NDA, ſ. f. in cant, a bed.

BLA'NDALES, ſ. m. pl. a certain part of a ship's tackle, ſo called.

BLANDAME'NTE, adv. ſoftly, gently.

BLANDEA'R, v. a. to brandish, to shake; alſo to faſten, and to waver in one's reſolution.

BLANDE'O, ſ. m. a ſtony hard ground, or ſoft and ſmooth ground, uſed in both ſenſes.

BLANDE'ZA, }
BLANDI'CIA, } ſ. f. flattery.

BLANDI'CO, adj. foolish.

BLANDI'R, v. a. as *blandéar*.

BLA'NDO, adj. ſoft, tender, gentle, effeminate. In cant, coward.

Blándo de corázon, tender-hearted.

Traér blánda la máno, to carry a gentle hand, to reprove a man lovingly.

BLANDO'N, ſ. m. a great flambeau; and alſo a great candleſtick to ſet ſuch a light on.

BLANDU'JO, adj. diminutive of *blándo*.

BLANDU'RA, ſ. f. ſoftneſs, gentleneſs, tenderneſs; alſo negligence and lazineſs.

BLANDURI'LLA, ſ. f. paſte, or ſuch compoſitions women uſe for their hands or faces; alſo ointment, or poultices to ripen any ſwelling.

BLANDU'XO, adj. ſoftish.

BLANQUEA'DOR, ſ. m. a whitener, a whitſter.

BLANQUEA'DURA, ſ. f. whitening.

BLANQUEAMIE'NTO, vide *BLANQUEADURA*.

BLANQUEA'R, v. a. y n. to whiten, or to look white.

BLANQUECEDO'R, ſ. m. one that whitens.

BLANQUECE'R, v. a. to whiten ſilver or new coin.

Blanquecér, v. n. to grow white.

BLANQUECI'NO, adj. whitish.

BLANQUE'O, vide *BLANQUEADURA*.

BLANQUERI'A, ſ. f. a meadow where linen is whitened.

BLAQUE'RO, ſ. m. vide *CURTIDO'R*.

BLANQUIBO'L, ſ. m. obſ. ceruſe.

BLANQUI'LLO, }
BLANQUI'SCO, } adj. whitish.

BLANQUIZA'L, ſ. m. a white field.

BLA'O, adj. blue; in heraldry, azure.

BLASMA'R, v. a. to reproach, injure, degrade, or retract from any one's reputation.

BLA'SMO, ſ. m. injury, reproach, diſgrace, detraction.

BLA'SON, ſ. m. blazon, a coat of arms: alſo boaſting.

BLASONADO'R, adj. boaſting, proud.

BLASONA'R v. a. to blazon; alſo to boaſt.

BLASPHEMADO'R, ſ. m. a blaſphemer.

BLASPHEMAME'NTE, adv. impiously, blaſphemously.

BLASPHEMA'R, v. a. to blaſpheme.

BLASPHE'MIA, ſ. f. blaſphemy.

BLASPHE'MO, adj. blaſphemous.

BLATA, ſ. f. vide *POLILLA*.

BLAUCHE'TE, ſ. m. obſ. a cat.

B L E

BLE'DO, ſ. m. an herb called blite.

No dárſele un blédo, I don't value it of a pin.

B L O

BLO'NDO, adj. reddish, with a caſt of white, a ſort of ſandy-coloured.

BLOQUEA'R, v. a. to blockade a town or city.

BLOQUE'O, ſ. m. a blockade.

B O A

BOALA'GE, ſ. m. a tribute paid for oxen.

BOALA'R, ſ. m. an encloſed piece of ground.

BOA'RDA, ſ. f. a garret-window, ſuch as looks out upon the tiles at the top of the roof.

BOARRE'TE, ſ. m. a ſtorm or tempeſt.

BOA'TO, ſ. m. the ſound of a roaring noiſy voice; fine appearance, show.

B O B

BOBA'DA, ſ. f. a foolish expreſſion or action.

BOBALI'AS, ſ. m. a ſilly fool, a mere dolt.

BOBALICO'N, ſ. m. a blockhead, a ſtupid fellow.

BOBALISO'N, ſ. m. a fool, a booby.

BOBAME'NTE, adv. foolishly, ignorantly, ſtupidly.

BOBARRI'A, }
BOBRRRO'N, } ſ. m. a booby, a fool, a blokhead.

BOBAS, ſ. f. pl. an herd called sharewort.

A bóbas, foolishly.

BOBATICAME'NTE, adv. foolishly, ignorantly, ſtupidly, impudently.

BOBA'TICO, adj. foolish, ſilly.

BOBAZO, ſ. m. a great fool.

BOBE'AR, v. n. to play the fool.

BO'BEDA, ſ. f. a vault.

BOBEDA'D, ſ. f. folly, foolishneſs, ignorance, ſtupidity.

BOBIBELLA'CO, ſ. m. a cunning, artful, ſubtle knave.

BOBICU'LTO, adj. done by a foolish perſon, who thinks he

has done it it a complete manner.

BOBI'LLOS, ſ. m. pl. a ſort of threadlace, much worn in Spain formerly by the women.

BOBILI'S BO'BILIS, adv. in vain, without pains, without deſerving. *Quix.* tom. 2. *Para que yo lo communique con ótro de bobilis bobilis*, to the end that I may communicate it to another without pain, without labour, without deſerving it.

BOBI'LLO, ſ. m. a little fool; alſo a little bellied mug with a handle.

BOBI'NA, ſ. m. vide *BOBO*.

BOBI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *bobo*.

BO'BO, ſ. m. f. a fool; a ſtiff hollow ſort of ruff formerly worn.

Carillos de bóbo, great blown cheeks.

Paréce el bóbo de cória, he is more knave than fool.

BOBO'N, ſ. m. augmentative of *bobo*.

BOBONCI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *bobo*.

BOBO'TE, ſ. augmentative of *bobo*.

BOBU'NO, adj. foolish, ſimple, ſtupid.

B O C.

BO'CA, ſ. f. the mouth; alſo an opening, a great hole.

Bóca de calle, the end of, or entrance into a ſtreet.

Bóca de coſtál, the mouth of a ſack; a wide or inſatiable mouth.

Bóca de eſcótilla, a ſcuttle in the hatches or deck of a ship.

Bóca de eſpuérta róta, a ſparrow-mouth.

Bóca de ſuégo, any ſort of firearms.

Bóca de nóche, night-fall.

Bóca de rió, the mouth of a river.

Eſcúro cómo bóca de lóbo, as dark as a dungeon.

Olér mal la bóca, to have a ſtinking breath; to have an ill tongue.

Boca arriba, with the mouth upwards.

Bóca abáxo, with the mouth down.

Regalár a úno aque quieres bóca, to treat a man with all his mouth can crave.

Quitárſelo de la bóca pára dárlo á ótro, to ſpare it out of one's mouth to give to another.

Atapár bócas, to ſtop mouths, to give or do ſomething that one may not ſpeak ill.

Eſtar bóca con bóca, to be crowded together, mouth to mouth.

Dár cuénta de un negócio a bóca, to give an account of a buſineſs face to face.

Suſtentár múchas bócas, to feed many mouths.

No tomar á úno en la bóca, not to mention a man.

Pegár la bóca á la paréd, to cling one's mouth to the wall; not to have courage to diſcover one's wants.

No os ſálga de la bóca, do not ſpeak a word of it.

No dixo eſta bóca es mia, he did not ſay, this mouth is mine; that is, he did not ſpeak one word.

No tenér bóca pára dezir que no, not to know how to give a refuſal.

No tenér bóca el cabállo, to be hard-mouthed.

Decir tódo lo que ſe le viéne á la bóca, to ſay any thing that comes uppermoſt.

Guardár la bóca el enférmo, to be regular and eat or drink nothing but what the phyſician orders.

Boca de horno, of an oven.

BOCACI', ſ. m. buckram.

BOCA'DA, ſ. f. a mouthful.

BOCADEA'R, v. a. to bite.

BOCADI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall bit, or mouthful; alſo a ſort of fine linen.

BOCA'DO, ſ. m. a morſel, a bit, a mouthful, a bite; the wadding of a gun, the bit of a bridle.

Bocado ſin huéſſo, a bit that has no bone, a convenience without an inconvenience.

Tomár un bocádo, to eat a bit, to break one's faſt.

Alcanzád un bocádo, give me a bit to eat.

Dar un bocádo, to give poiſon, to poiſon.

No hay un bocádo, there is not a morſel.

Comerſelo en un bocádo, to eat it at a mouthful.

Querérſele comér á bocádos, to be in ſuch a paſſion, as if one would eat a man.

Levantárſe con el bocádo en la bóca, to riſe from table with one's mouth full; that is, not to allow one's ſelf time to eat.

Sacár el bocádo redóndo, to bite out a mouthful.

BOCA'L, ſ. m. a pot, or mug with which they take wine out of great jars.

Bocál de pózo, the mouth of a well.

BOCAMA'NGA, ſ. f. the extremity of a ſleeve.

BOCANA'DA, ſ. f. a mouthful of liquor.

Bocanada de gente, a crowd of people.

Bocanada de viento, a blaſt or puff of wind; a gale.

BOCARA'N, ſ. m. buckram.

BOCA'R, v. a. to rough hew, or cut out any work.

BOCA'ZA, ſ. f. a large mouth.

BOCE'L, ſ. m. the brims or lips of a cup or other veſſel; the edge of any ornament in carved work.

BOCELA'R, v. a. to make the brim or edge of any veſſel.

BOCELLA'R, ſ. m. obſ. a kettle.

BOCE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. advocate.

BOCEZA'R, v. a. to gape, to yawn.

BOCE'ZO, ſ. m. gaping or yawning.

BO'CHA, ſ. f. the play at bowls or balls.

BO'CHE, ſ. m. the hole children cut in the ground to play at chuck; in cant, the hangman.

BOCHE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, the excutioner's man.

BOCHI'N, ſ. m. the hangman.

BOCHORNA'DO, adj. withered, or dried up with heat; fainting with heat.

BOCHO'RNO, ſ. m. ſultry, cloſe, hot weather; alſo ſhame, bluſh.

BOCI'NA, ſ. f. a hunter's cornet; alſo the northern conſtellation cal-

led *urſa minor*, or the leſſer bear; alſo a ſpeaking trumpet they uſe at ſea, and a ſort of ſea-ſnail.

BOCINE'RO, ſ. m. one that winds a cornet, or he that makes or ſells them.

BOCO'LICA, ſ. f. eatables, any thing that is to be eat.

BOCON, ſ. m. a great mouth, alſo a mouthful of victuals.

BOCU'DO, adj. that has a great mouth.

B O D

BO'DA, ſ. f. a wedding.

Andárſe de bóla en bóda, to go from wedding to wedding; that is, to live an idle life.

BODA'R, v. n. to marry.

BODE'GA, ſ. f. a cellar for wine.

In a ſhip the hold, which is all the empty ſpace below the firſt or lower deck, where proviſions and ſtores, or goods are ſtowed.

BODE'GO, *BODEGO'N*, } ſ. m. a place where the meaner ſort of people go to eat.

BODEGONEA'R, v. n. to ramble from one cook ſhop to another.

BODEGONE'RO, ſ. m. a man that keeps a *bodegón* or eating-houſe.

BODEGUE'RO, ſ. m. a cellar-man, he that has charge of the cellar.

BODEGUI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *bodéga*.

BODIA'N, ſ. m. a ſea-fish like a tench.

BODI'GO, ſ. m. a ſmall cake or roll of bread, which in Spain they offer in the church.

BODI'JO, ſ. m. a ridiculous wedding.

BODOCA'DO, *BODOCA'ZO*, } ſ. m. the ſtroke of a pellet, shot out of a croſs-bow.

BODO'LLO, ſ. m. a pruning-knife uſed by gardeners to cut branches of trees.

BODO'QUE, ſ. m. a pellet of clay, a clay bullet.

BODOQUE'RA, ſ. f. the mould in which the pellets of clay are made.

BODO'RRIO, ſ. m. a poor, mean, ridiculous, and ill-ſorted marriage.

B O E

BOEMIA'NO, ſ. m. a fortune-teller.

BOE'MIO, ſ. m. a ſhort cloak.

BOEZUE'LO, ſ. m. thing filled up with ſtraw, bearing ſome reſemblance to an ox, and uſed by ſportſmen in chacing partridges.

B O F

BOFA'DA, ſ. f. a dish of victuals made of the entrails minced ſmall.

BO'FE, ſ. m. the lungs or lights.

Echár los bófes, to vomit one's heart up; to be ſo anxious as not to have time to breathe.

BOFE'ñA, ſ. f. the ſame as *bofes*. v.

BOFE'TA, ſ. m. a ſort of fine linen.

BOFETA'DA, ſ. f. a cuff on the ear.

BOFETEA'R, v. a. to buffet.

BOFETON, ſ. m. a cuff on the ear.

BO'FO, ſ. m. a bruiſe in the flesh; alſo a fine manchet of bread.

Bofónes de jubón, the buckram and canvas, or inward part of a doublet.

BOFORDA'R, v. n. vide *BOHORDA'R*.

BOFO'RDO, ſ. m. vide *BOHO'RDO*

B O G

BO'GA, ſ. f. rowing with oars.

BOGA'DA, ſ. f. a buck, or bucking; that is, ſoaking; of linen in lye, alſo rowing with oars.

BOGADO'R, ſ. m. a rower, one that tugs at the oar.

BOGA'R, v. n. to row, to tug at the oar.

A bogarancáda, adv. with all might and main.

BOGAVA'NTE, ſ. m. the foreman in rowing.

BOGE'TA ſ. f. a kind of fish like a herring.

BO'GO, ſ. m. a ſort of fish very white.

B O H

BOHEñA, ſ. f. vide *BOFEñA*.

BOHORDA'R, v. a. to caſt long ſtiff rushes, called *bohordos*, at one another, or inſtead of them ſmall rods.

BOHO'RDO, ſ. m. any ſort of rush, but particularly the great rush that has a long round head, like velvet; alſo ſmall rods, which the gentry, riding abroad to divert themſelves, dart up into the air.

Bohórdo, the plunging of a horſe, or his riſing with all four upright from the ground.

B O I

BOIL, ſ. m. a ſtable to ſhut in oxen at night.

BOITRI'NO, ſ. m. a kind of fishingnet.

B O J

BOJA, ſ. f. compaſſing, or going about; alſo a little ſore.

BOJA'R, v. a. to compaſs, or go about; to be ſo much about.

B O L

BOL, ſ. m. bole, a kind of medicinal earth ſo called.

BO'LA, ſ. f. any round bowl, but generally taken for ſuch a bowl as is uſed at nine-pins, on bowling-greens, or te like.

Bóla de viénto, a wind-ball in the nature of our foot-ball.

Embocár la bóla, to ſtrike the ball, or bowl into the mouth of the ring.

Tener la bóla en el embóque, to lie in paſs.

BOLA'DA, ſ. f. vide *BOLAZO*.

BOLADO, ſ. m. a cake made with ſugar, &c.

BOLANTIN, ſ. m. a fine thin packthread.

BOLAZO, ſ. m. a ſtrok of a bowl.

BOLCHACA, ſ. f. *BOLCHACO*, ſ. m. } a pocket.

BOLE'A, ſ. f. a piece of wood

faſtened to the frame of a coach, to the extremities of which the long ſtraps of the horſes are faſtened.

BOLEA'DO, adj. that has a crown as round as a ball, ſaid of a hat.

BOLEADO'R, ſ. m. a thief that plies at fairs.

BOLEA'R, v. n. to bowl.

BOLE'O, ſ. m. a flight or ſtroke given to a ball before it comes to the ground, or the flight of the ball.

Llevárſe una cóſa de boléo, to do a thing or run away with it at a beat.

BOLE'RO, ſ. m. a child that flies from his houſe and parents.

BOLE'TA, ſ. f. a little billet, or ticket; a billet for quarters.

BOLETA'R, v. a. to ſell any thing wrapped in ſmall pieces of paper.

BOLETI'N, ſ. m. a ſoldier's billet for quarters formerly; the order given to a treaſurer for paying money.

BOLI'CHE, ſ. m. the ſmall fish drawn in a net; alſo the whole draught, as it is often bought. In cant, a gaminghouſe.

BOLICHE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a cardmaker.

BOLI'CIA, ſ. f. a company of riotous tumultuous men.

BOLI'LLA, ſ. f. a little bowl or ball.

BOLI'LLO, ſ. m. a little nine-pin, or a bobbin to make lace.

BOLI'NA, ſ. f. the bow-line, a ſeaterm.

BOLINA'R, v. a to ſail upon a bowline.

BOLINE'TE, ſ. m. a capſtan of a ſhip.

BOLI'SA, ſ. f. aſhes.

BOLLA, ſ. m. a little light roll of bread; alſo an impreſſion.

BOLLADU'RA, ſ. f. vide *ABOLLADU'RA*.

BOLLA'R, v. a. vide *ABOLLA'R*.

BOLLECE'R, } v. a. obſ. to raiſe
BOLLESCER } or cauſe a tumult.

BOLLE'TA, ſ. f. vide *BOLETI'N*.

BOLLICIA'R, v. a. vide *BULLICIA'R*.

BOLLI'R, v. n. vide *BULLIR*.

BOLLI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *bólla*.

BO'LLO DE PAN, ſ. m. a roll of bread.

Bóllo de gólpe, a bump, or ſwelling by a blow.

Bólla maimón, a cake or roll full of ſweetmeats.

BOLLO'N, ſ. m. a large ſort of nails uſed to adorn coaches or chairs, called ſtuds or knobs.

Bollón de cinta, a ſtud or boſs on a girdle.

BOLLONA'DO, adj. ſtudded, or boſſed.

BOLLUE'LO, ſ. m. diminutive of *bóllo*.

BO'LOS, ſ. m. one of the nine-pins; alſo a cushion to make laces.

Juego de bolos, the play called nine-pins.

BOLONI'O, ſ. m. an ignorant man.

BO'LOS, ſ. m. pl. nine-pins to play.

Eſtár en los bólos, to be within pins; metaph. to have the convenience of managing one's buſineſs at pleaſure.

BO'LSA, ſ. f. a purſe, a pouch; alſo an exchange for merchants to meet.

Bólſa de camino, a pouch or bags for a traveller to carry his neceſſaries.

Bólſa de arzón, a hawking-bag, or a bag to carry behind one on horſeback.

Bólſa en veſtído, a pucker or fold in a garment.

Bórſa rota, a torn purſe; metaph. a man that cannot keep his, money.

Bólſa de hiérro, an iron purſe; a man that will not part with his money.

Bólſa de Dios, God's purſe; that is, alms for the poor.

Dar ótro núdo a la bólſa, to give the purſe another knot, to be proof a gainſt all temptations of laying out money.

Fiár a ſacár de la bólſa, to truſt till the money is taken out of the purſe, to ſell for ready money.

Llevar bien herráda la bólla, to have the purſe well lined.

BOLSA'R, v. a. to make purſes, to pucker, or gather up, as garments ill made do.

BOLSEA'R, v. n. to pucker, or gather up, to wrinkle; alſo to fold or plait.

BOLSE'RO, ſ. m. a purſe-maker.

BOLSI'CA, ſ. f. a little purſe.

BOLSICO, ſ. m. a little purſe or pouch.

Prov. *Quién tiéne quátro y gaſta cinco no ha meneſtér bolsico*, he that hath four and ſpends five, has no need of a purſe.

BOLSI'LLA, ſ. f.
BOLSI'LLA, ſ. m. } a coat-pocket.
BOLSI'TA, ſ. f.

BOLSO'N, ſ. m. a great purſe or pouch.

BOLSONE'S, ſ. m. the foundation of an arch.

BOLTA'RIO, adj. an unſteady perſon, that is not long in a mind.

BOLTEADO'R, ſ. m. tumbler, a vaulter.

BOLTEADU'RA, ſ. f. tumbling, vaulting.

BOLTEA'R, v. a. to tumble, to vault; rather *volteár*, from *volvo*.

BOLTEZUE'LA, vide *BUELTEZUE'LA*.

BOLTO'N, ſ. m. a jewel like a heart, to hang about the neck.

Boltón de cinta, a ſtud, or boſs on a girdle.

BOLVE'R, v. a. vide *VOLVER*.

B O M

BOMBA, ſ. f. a pump; alſo a bomb.

Dar a la bómba, to pump; metaph. to vomit.

Bomba marina, a column of water that appears in the ſea in ſtormy weather, dangerous for ships.

BOMBA'RDA, ſ. f. a mortar-piece.

BOMBARDEA'R, v. a. to bombard.

BOMBARDE'RO, ſ. m. a gunner, a bombardier.

BOMBASI', ſ. f. a coarſe ſort of cloth of different colours, made of cotton and wool.

BOMBEA'R, v. a. to throw bombſhells.

B O N

BON, adj. obſ. vide *BUENO*.

BONANCIBLE, adj. fair, calm; (ſpeaking of weather.)

BONA'NZA, ſ. f. a calm, fair

weather at ſea ; metaph. proſperity.

BONANZA'R, v. n. to clear up, to grow fair or calm.

BONA'ZO, adj. very good natured.

BONDA'D, ſ. f. goodneſs.

BONDA'R, v n. vide *BASTA'R.*

BONDE'JO, ſ. the cheeſe-preſs.

BONE'TA, ſ. f. bonnet, an additional ſail added upon occaſion to the other ſails, to gather all the wind that may be gathered.

BONETA'DA, ſ. f. a pulling off the bonnet, ſalutation.

BONE'TE, ſ. m. a cap, a bonnet. *Un bravo bonete*, a great fool, an ignorant fellow.

BONETERI'A, ſ. f. the place where caps are ſold or made.

BONETE'RO, ſ. m. a cap-maker.

BONETI'LLO, ſ. m. a little cap, a skull-cap.

BONICAME'NTE, adv. prettily, neatly, ſoftly.

BONI'CIA, ſ. f. vide *BONDA'D.*

BONI'CO, adj. pretty, neat.

BONIFICA'R, v. a. to do good, to approve any thing.

BONI'LLO, adj. diminutive of *bueno.*

BONI'NA, ſ. f. the herb camomile.

BONI'TALO, ſ. m. vide *BONITO.*

BONITAME'NTE, adv. vide *BONICAMENTE.*

BONI'TO, ſ. m. a kind of ſea-fish ſo called.

Bonito, adj. pretty.

BONVARO'N, ſ. m. the herb groundſell.

B O ñ

BOñIGA, ſ. f. a cow-dung.

B O O

BOO'TES, ſ. m. a conſtellation ſo called.

B O Q

BO'QUE, ſ. m. a he goat.

BOQUEA'DA, ſ. f. a gaping, or yawning.

La ultima boqueáda, the laſt gaſp.

BOQUEAR, v. n. to gape, to yawn, to open the mouth, to gaſp for breath; alſo to die, to expire.

No oſar boqueár, not to dare to ſpeak a word.

Boqueár, or *Dar la poſtrer boqueáda*, to breathe one's laſt.

BOQUE'RA, ſ. f. the opening made on the ſide of a canal for the purpoſe of part of the water another way.

BOQUERO'N, ſ. m. a great hole in a wall. a great opening, or yawning.

BOQUE'TE, ſ. m. diminutive of *boquerón.*

Tomar boquete to eſcape, to fly.

BOQUIABIE'RTO, adj. open-mouthed.

BOQUIA'NCHO, adj. with a large mouth.

BOQUIFRUNCI'DO, adj. shrivel-mouthed, that has the mouth drawn up like a purſe.

BOQUIHUNDI'DO, adj. that has the mouth ſunk in.

BOQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little mouth.

BOQUIMUE'LLE, adj. tender-mouthed, (ſpeaking of horſes); alſo credulous.

BOQUIN, ſ. m. the coarſeſt ſort of bays.

BOQUI'NA, ſ. f. goat-skin.

BOQUINE'GRO, ſ. m. a ſort of a ſnail.

BOQUINVELI', ſ. m. an unexperienced perſon eaſy to be deceived.

BOQUIRO'TO, adj. wide-mouthed, metaph. foul-mouthed.

BOQUIRO'XO, *BOQUIRU'BIO*, } ſ. m. a young beau. In cant, a cully; alſo a credulous unexperienced perſon.

BOQUISE'CO, adj. dry-mouthed: metaph. a man that cannot ſpeak one word of comfort.

Me dexaron ſalir boquiſeco, they let me come away without wetting my lips.

BOQUISUMI'DO, adj. that has the mouth ſunk in, like old people who have loſt their teeth.

BOQUI'TA, ſ. f. a little mouth.

BOQUITUE'RTO, adj. vry-mouthed.

BOQUIVERI'DE, ſ. m. one who talks inconſiderately, idly.

B O R

BORBO'LLA, ſ. f. a little bubble upon the water.

BORBOLLEA'R, v. n. to bubble, to boil up.

BORBOLLITA, ſ. f. a little bubble.

BORBOLLO'N, ſ. m. the violent gushing of vater out of a pipe, or other hole; alſo the bubbling of boiling water or of a ſpring that gushes out of the ground.

BORBOTA'R, v. n. to gush violently out of a pipe; to boil very faſt.

BORBOTO'N, ſ. m. vide *BORBOLLO'N.*

BORBOTEA'R, v. n. to mutter, or grumble.

BORBU'JA, ſ. f. vide *BORBO'LLA.*

BORCEGUI', ſ. m. a buskin.

BORCEGUINERI'A, ſ. f. the place where buskins are ſold.

BORCE'LLA, ſ. f. the edge or rim of a box or cheſt.

BO'RDA, ſ. f. the main-ſail of a galley.

BORDADO'R, ſ. m. f. an embroiderer.

BORDADU'RA, f. f. embroidery, alſo edging.

BORDA'R, v. a. to embroider; alſo to edge.

BO'RDE, ſ. m. the edge, the brim, the ſide of a ſhip; alſo a baſtard ſon.

Bórde tajádo, shagged or jagged edge.

BORDEA'R, v. n. to tack forwards and backwards at ſea; alſo to cruize.

BORDIO'NA, ſ. f. a whore a common proſtitute.

BO'RDO, ſ. m. as, *ir a bórdo*, to go aboard a ship.

Haźér bíro bórdo, te tack the shiph, to bring her head about.

BORDO'N, ſ. m. a ſtaff to walk with, a pilgrim's ſtaff; alſo the great or baſe ſtring of an inſtrument.

BORDONADO'RES, ſ. m. pl.

ſome gentlemen who where uſed to caſt wooden rods at a mark to exerciſe their ſtrength and try whether they coul ſtrike it.

BORDONCI'CO, ſ. m. diminutive of *bordón*.

BORDONCI'CO, *BORDONCILLO*, } ſ. m. a little walking-ſtaff.

BORDONE'AR, v. a. to ſtrike with a walking ſtaff.

BORDONERI'A, ſ. f. the cuſtom of going abou tlike a pilgrim.

BORDONE'RO, ſ. m. a counterfeit pilgrim that goes about in that habit to live idly; an idle ſtrowling fellow or beggar.

BOREA'L, adj. belonging to the north.

BO'REAS, ſ. m. the north wind.

BORE'O, adj. vide *BORE'AL*.

BORGOñA'RSE v. r. to boaſt or brag.

BORGOñOTA, ſ. f. a kind of helmet.

BO'RLA, ſ. f. a tuft, or taſſel of ſilk, or other matter. Doctors wear a *bórla*, that is, a ſilk taſſel on their caps to denote their degree.

BORLADO'R, ſ. m. a taſſel-maker.

BORLI'LLA, ſ. f. a little tuft or taſſel.

BORLO'N, ſ. m. a great tuft or taſſel.

BORLO'NES, ſ. m. pl. a ſort of ſtuff.

BO'RNE, ſ. m. the end of the lance uſed in tilting; alſo a ſort of oak, and the bending of any wood.

BORNEADI'ZO, adj. eaſy to be turned or twiſted.

BORNEA'R, v. a. to warp, to bend by heating at the fire or otherwiſe.

BORNE'O, ſ. m. the action of twiſting or bending by heating at the fire.

BORNE'RO, adj. belonging to the ſtone that mills the corn.

BORNI, ſ. m. a ſort of hawk.

BORNI'DO, adj. in cant, hanged.

BORO'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of bread made with Indian corn or millet.

BORONI'A, ſ. f. a kind of diſh eaten on meagre days.

BORRA, ſ. f. ſhort vool, the nap of frize, or the like; any little tuft of wool; alſo the droſs; or lees of wool.

BORRA'CHA, ſ. f. a leather bottle which when empty falls together like a purſe; alſo a drunken woman.

BORRACHA'DA, ſ. f. drunkenneſs, a drunken-action; alſo a club of drunkards; alſoa mad action.

BORRACHEA'R, v. a. to play the drunkard.

BORRACHERA, ſ. f. drunkenneſs, a drunken bout, a drunken-action.

BORRACHERI'A, ſ. f. the diſorder or confuſion cauſed by drunkenneſs.

BORRACHE'Z, ſ. f. drukenneſs.

BORRA'CHO, adj. drunk; ſubſtantively uſed, a drunkard.

BORRACHO'N, *BORRACHONA'ZO*, } ſ. m. a great drunkard.

BORRACHUE'LO, ſ. m. f. a little drunkard.

BORRA'DA, ſ. f. a blotting out.

BORRADE'RO, ſ. m. that which may be blotted out.

BORRADO'R, ſ. m. a blotting paper, a day-book, or note-book, where things are only ſet down for the preſent to be writ out fair; alſo a rough draught.

BORRADORCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little blotting paper, or a ſmall note-book for memorandums.

BORRADU'RA, ſ. f. a blotting.

BORRA'JA, ſ. f. the herb borrage.

BORRAPELA'IRE, ſ. m. uſed as an interjection, (an arbitrary word) ſilly, worthleſs, raſcally fellow.

BORRA'R, v. a. to blot, to blur, to ſtrike out, to blemish.

BO'RRAS, ſ. f. pl. dregs or lees of any liquor.

BORRA'SCA, ſ. f. a tempeſt, a ſtorm; metaph. a broil, a fray.

BORRASCO'SO, adj. tempeſtuous; metaph. quarrelſome.

BORRASQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſtorm or tempeſt, a ſmall ſcuffle, a little turbulent fellow.

BO'RRAX, ſ. m. borax, uſed for ſolder by goldſmiths.

BORRA'XA, ſ. f. an herb called borage.

BORRA'Z, ſ. m. vide *BORRAX*.

BORRE'GA, ſ. f. an ewe lamb.

BORREGA'DA, ſ. f. a flock of lambs.

BORRE'GO, ſ. m. a lamb; a goodnatured, quiet, fat child.

BORREGO'N, ſ. m. the ſhepherd who tackes care of a flock.

BORREGUE'RO, ſ. m. a ſhepherd that has the cuſtody of the lambs, or ſells lambs to butchers.

BORREGUI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *borrégo*.

BORRE'N, ſ. m. *BORRE'NA*, ſ. f. } the high part of a ſaddle before and behind.

BORRI'CA, ſ. f. a ſhe aſs.

BORRICA'DA, ſ. f. a drove of aſſes; alſo foolishneſs.

BORRICA'ZO, ſ. m. a. great aſs.

BORRI'CO, ſ. m. an aſs.

BORRICON, ſ. m. a great aſs, a great coxcomb.

BORRICO'TE, ſ. m. vide *BORRICO'N*.

BORRIQUE'ñO, adj. belonging to an aſs.

BORRIQUE'TE, ſ. m. the top-gallant-ſail.

BORRIQUI'LLO, *BORRIQUI'TO*, } ſ. m. a little aſs.

BORRI'VA, ſ. f. the wool of the lamb.

BO'RRO, ſ. m. a lamb of a year old; alſo a ſtupid ignorant fellow.

BORRO'N, ſ. m. a blot.

Borrón, a diſgrace, a dishonour.

BORRONCI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *borrón*.

BORRONI'STA, ſ. m. one who frequently blots in writing.

BORROSO, adj. of, or belonging to lees or dregs.

BORRUFA'LLA, ſ. f. a trifle.

BORRUMBA'DA, ſ. f. a raſh, inconſiderate action.

BORU'JO, *BORRUJO'N*, } ſ. m. vide *ORU'JO*.

BORZEGUI', ſ. m. a buskin.

BORZEGUINERI'A, ſ. f. a buſkinmaker's, ſhop.

BORZEGUINE'RO, ſ. m. a buſkinmaker.

BOS

BOSADILLA, ſ. f. a vomit.
BOSA'R, v. a. to be brimful, to run over.
BOSCAGE, ſ. m. a thick place, a woody place; alſo a landſcape in painting.
Boſcage, ſ. m. a picture embellished with woods.
BOSCA'R, v. a. vide *BUSCA'R*.
BOSLA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *BORDAR*.
BO'SPHORO, ſ. m. a ſtreight, a paſſage from ſea to ſea.
BO'SQUE, ſ. m. wood, foreſt.
BOSQUECI'LLO, *BOSQUECI'TO*, ſ. m. diminutives of *boſque*.
BOSQUEJA'R, v. a. to make a rough draught; to lay the firſt colours on a picture; to sketch.
BOSQUE'JO, ſ. m. a rough draught, a picture that has only the firſt colour, a sketch.
BOSQUE'RO, ſ. m. a wood-man.
BOSSA'DA, *BOSSADI'NA*, *BOSSADURA*, ſ. f. vomiting.
BOSSA'L, ſ. m. an ornament of ſilver for a horſe's head, with bells.
BOSSA'R, v. a. to run over, to vomit.
BOSTEZA'R, v. n. to gape, to yawn.
BOSTE'ZO, ſ. gaping, yawning.

BOT

BO'TA, ſ. f. a boot; a leather bottle; a butt.
BOTA'CIO, ſ. m. that part of a column that is cut wreathed like a rope.
BOTADO'R, ſ. m. a punch, an iron to drive nails that cannot be drawn with pincers.
BOTAFO'GO, ſ. m. a long ſtick with a match-rope fixed to the end to fire off cannon.
BO'TALO, *BOTALO'N*, ſ. m. a pole ſo called, uſed in ships.
BOTA'MEN, ſ. m. a great number of barrels for a ſhip.

BOTAME'NTE, adv. bluntly, dully.
BOTA'NA, ſ. f. a round plug of wood to ſtop a leather bottle; plaiſter upon a ſore.
BOTA'NICA, ſ. f. botany, the knowledge of plants.
BOTA'NICO, adj. belonging to botany, skilled in herbs.
BOTANOMA'NCIA, ſ. f. ſuperſtious divination or prophecy by herbs.
BOTA'R, v. a. to vow, to make a vow; to ſwear to.
Boto á Dios, I vow to God.
Botár, v. a to throw, to caſt out.
Botar al agua un navio, to launch a ship.
BOTARA'TE, ſ. m. an ignorant ſenſeleſs man.
BOTARE'L, ſ. m. prop, ſtay, ſupport; what workmen call a shore.
BOTA'RGA, ſ. f. the dreſs of Harlequin and Harlequin himſelf; alſo a ridiculous figure they put before the bulls at the bull-feaſts; alſo a ſort of ſauſage.
BOTARGUEA'R, v. a. to butt with the horns, as bulls do; alſo to illtreat one, to abuſe him as bulls do the *botarga*.
BOTASE'LA, ſ. f. the ſound to horſe for ſoldiers.
BO'TE, ſ. m. any common boat; properly the long-boat of a ship.
Bóte, a gallipot, ſuch as apothecaries uſe; alſo the end, or extremity.
Bóte, a thruſt, a blow.
Bóte de pelota, the rebound of a ball.
Ir de bóte, to go the ready way.
Eſtár lleno de bóte en bóte, to be as full as it can hold.
BOTECARI'O, ſ. m. a tribute raiſed for the ſupport of the wars.
BOTECI'LLO, ſ. m. a little gallipot.
BOTE'LLA, ſ. f. a bottle.
BOTEQUI'N, ſ. m. a little boat.
BOTE'RO, ſ. m. a leather-bottle-maker.
BOTIBOLE'O, ſ. m. the taking a ball at half its rebound, and ſending it back to the adverſary.

BOTICA, ſ. f. an apothecary's shop; ſometimes taken for another shop.
BOTICA'RIO, ſ. m. an apothecary. In cant, a pedlar.
BOTIJA, ſ. f. an earthen veſſel with a great belly; a great unweildy fellow.
BOTIJE'RO, ſ. m. an earthenwareman.
BOTIJO'N, ſ. m. a great veſſel with a large belly; a punch belly.
BOTIJUE'LA, ſ. f. a ſmall-bellied veſſel.
BOTI'LLA, ſ. f. a little boot; a little leather bottle.
BOTILLE'R, ſ. m. a butler.
BOTILLERI'A, ſ. f. a buttery formerly, but now a publick houſe where they ſell frozen drinks.
BOTILLE'RO, ſ. m. a butler formerly, but now one that ſells frozen drinks.
BOTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little leather-bottle.
BOTI'N, ſ. m. a leather-bottle.
Botín, ſ. m. a buskin; alſo te booty taken in war.
BOTINE'RO, ſ. m. a buskin-maker.
BOTINES, ſ. m. pl. gambadoes, ſpatterdashes.
BOTINI'LLO, ſ. m. a little short buskin.
BOTIQUI'N, ſ. m. a box that apothecaries make uſe of to put their medicines in.
BOTIVOLE'O, ſ. m. a blow to a ball while in the air.
BO'TO, adj. blunt, dull; alſo ſtupid, heavy.
BOTO'N, ſ. m. a button; a bud of a tree; a pimple.
Botón de fuego, a cautery.
Botón de búbá, a pocky ſore.
Contárle los botónes á úno, to give many pushes with a ſword.
BOTONADU'RA, ſ. f. the ſet of buttons on a ſuit of clothes.
BOTONA'R, v. a. to bud as trees do; alſo to cauterize.
BOTONA'ZO, ſ. m. a thruſt or push with a foil.
BOTONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little button; a ſmall bud of a tree.
BOTONE'RO, ſ. m. a button-maker.

BOTO'R, ſ. m. obſ. an impoſthume.
BOTRYITE, ſ. m. ſoot.

B O V

BOVA'GE, *BOVATI'CO*, } ſ. m. a tax on oxen.
BOVEA'R, v. a. to play the fool.
BO'VEDA, ſ. f. a vault.
Hablár de bóveda, to talk big.
Bóveda de jardin, ſ. a bower, a walk in a garden that has the trees or greens bowed over it like an arch.
BOVEDA'R, v. a. to vault, to arch over.
BOVEDI'LLA, ſ. f. a little vault.
BOVI'NO, adj. belonging to oxen.

B O X

BOX, ſ. m. the box-tree; a compaſs taken about.
Box de zapátero, a ſmall tool made of box, ſhoemakers uſe to ſmooth their ſeams with.
BOXA'R, *BOXEA'R*, } v. a. to compaſs about or ſurround.
Boxár tántas léguas, to contain ſo many leagues.
BOXEDA'L, ſ. m. a grove of box-trees.
BOXE'O, ſ. m. the menſuration of any kingdom.
Tenér tántas léguas de boxéo, to be ſo many leagues in compaſs.
BOXIGA'NGA, ſ. f. vide *MOXIGA'NGA*.

B O Y.

BOY, ſ. m. obſ. an ox.
BOYA, ſ. f. a buoy a piece of wood or barrel made faſt to the fluke of an anchor by the buoy-rope, and floating over it, ſerving to show where the anchor is.
Bóya, ſ. m. in ſome places they give this name to the hangman.
Buéna boya, is one that is no ſlave, but rows voluntarily in the galley for pay.
BOYA'DA, ſ. f. a herd of oxen
BOYA'NTE, adj. a ſhip that is light laden and ſails ſwift; alſo happy.
BOYA'R, v. n. to buoy up, to raiſe up at the ſides.
BOYE'RA, ſ. f. a ſtable for oxen.
BOYERI'ZO, *BOYERO*, } ſ. m. a neat-herd.
BOYEZUE'LO, ſ. m. a little ox; alſo a ſtalking ox to kill partridges.
BO'YJA, ſ. f. the cork of a fiſhingnet.
BOYU'DA, ſ. f. in cant, a pack of cards.
BOYU'NO, adj. belonging to oxen.

B O Z.

BO'ZA, ſ. f. a ſtopper, a ſea-term; a piece of rope having a whale-knot at one end and a lanner ſpliced to it, and the other end made faſt to ſome part, uſed to ſtop the cables that they may go out by little and little.
BOZA'L, ſ. m. a muffler, a muzzle, a bag to hang at a beaſt's mouth that it may not ſtop to eat.
Bozál, adj. ignorant, that cannot ſpeak the language of the country, or can ſpeak only his own tongue, unskilful.
Manceblto bozál, a mere novice.
BOZA'R, v. a. to read any thing attentively, to look diligently over any thing.
BOZEADO'R, ſ. m. a bawling fellow.
BO'ZO, ſ. m. the down that grows on men's faces before the beard; alſo a halter for a beaſt.
Bozo, the chin.

B R A

BRABA'DA, ſ. f. bravado.
BRABA'TA,
BRABA'NTE, ſ. m. a kind of linen.
BRABEA'R, v. a. vide *BRAVEA'R*.
BRA'BIO, ſ. m. the prize given to wreſtlers.
BRACE'ADA, ſ. f. the motion of the arms.
BRACEA'R, v. n. to exerciſe the arms, to reſiſt; to raiſe the ſails of a ship.
BRACE'RO, ſ. m. one that has a ſtrong arm at caſting a dart; a gentlemanusher that leads a lady by the arm; a day-labourer for any labour that requires ſtrength of arms.
BRACE'TE, ſ. m. a ſmall arm.
BRACHIO'N, ſ. m. vide *BRAHO'N*.
BRACHYLOGI'A, ſ. f. a short, conciſe, laconic expreſſion. Pronounce *brakilogia*.
BRACI'CO, *BRACI'LLO*, *BRACI'TO*, } ſ. m. a little arm.
BRACI'L, ſ. m. the upper part of the arm.
BRA'CIO, ſ. m. in cant, the arm.
Bracio gódo y ládro, in cant, the right and left arm.
BRA'CO, adj. a ſmall ſort of ſetting dog; alſo a dog that has a short turnup noſe.
BRAF'ON, vide *BRAHO'N*.
BRAFONE'RO, ſ. f. a roller or fillet to tie about the arm.
BRAGA, ſ. f. a linen-rag tied under children that they may not dirty themſelves.
BRAGADO, adj. of ſeveral colours, ſpeaking of beaſts.
Buey bragádo, an ox that has legs of a different colour from his body.
BRAGADAS, ſ. f. the upper and inner part of the thigh in men and animals.
BRAGADU'RA, ſ. f. the twiſt of a man or other creature, that part from whence he begins to be forked.
BRA'GAS, ſ. f. pl. breeches, properly a ſort of short breeches uſed by women, friars, and working people.
BRAGA'SAS, ſ. f. pl. augm. of *brágas*; alſo a coward, an idle fellow.
BRAGUE'RA, ſ. f. *BRAGUE'RO*, ſ. m. } a truſs for a broken belly: the cod-piece.

BRAGUE'TA, ſ. f. the cod-piece.
BRAGUETO'N, ſ. m. a great cod-piece.
BRAGUILLAS, ſ. f. pl. a child in breeches, an ugly ſhort man.
BRAHO'N, ſ. m. ſeveral folds of cloth, or other ſtuff worn on the ſhoulders, belonging to a ſort of coat which had not ſleeves to put the arms into, but hanging ſleeves, and theſe folds at the ſhoulders.
BRAHONE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the holes through which they put their arms with the *brahónes*, or the *brahónes* themſelves deſcribed above.
BRA'MA, ſ. f. the bellowing of a ſtag at rutting time; any roaring.
BRAMADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where deer and other creatures call their mate at rutting-time.
BRAMADO'R, ſ. m. a roarer.
BRAMA'NTE, ſ. m. packthread.
BRAMA'R, v. a. to roar like a lion or other wild beaſt; alſo to fall in a great paſſion, to be enraged, furious; in cant, to cry out.
Bramár, in cant, to bellow and make a noiſe.
BRA'MIDO, } ſ. m. bellow, roar.
BRA'MO, }
Bráma, in cant, an information, a diſcovery.
BRAMO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a diſcoverer, an evidence.
BRAMOSAME'NTE, adv. furiouſly, deſperately, outrageouſly.
BRAMO'SO, adj. rutting, crying as ſome animals do in rutting-time.
BRAMU'RA, ſ. f. vide *BRAMI'DO*.
BRA'NCA, ſ. f. a claw, paw, or foot of a wild beaſt; alſo a chain uſed in galleys and priſons to fetter ſlaves, or priſoners.
Bránca urſina, the herb bears-foot.
BRANCA'DA, ſ. f. a drag-net.
BRANCHAS, ſ. f. pl. the gills of a fish.
BRA'NCO, adj. white; a ruſtick word.
BRANDA'L, ſ. m. the ropes of which the ſhrouds are made in ships.
BRANDALA'GAS, ſ. m. a tall and lean man.
BRANDENBURG, ſ. m. a great coat.
BRANDI'S, ſ. m. a great coat very cloſe upon the breaſt.
BRA'NDO, ſ. m. a ſort of dance.
Brándo, adj. vide *BLA'NDO*.
BRANDU'RA, ſ. f. vide *BLANDU'RA*.
BRAÑA, ſ. f. a little mean village; a marſhy fenny place.
BRA'NQUE, ſ. m. the ſtem of a ſhip, the utmoſt part of the head.
BRA'NZA, ſ. f. the chain with which the ſlaves in the galleys are chained.
BRAQUILLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *braco*.
BRA'SA, ſ. f. a burning coal; an eager and vehement deſire.
BRASERI'CO, ſ. m. diminutive of *braſero*.
BRASE'RO, ſ. m. a fire-pan, ſuch as they uſe to make fire in; the place where they burn malefactors.
BRASI'L, ſ. m. braſil-wood.
BRAVA'DA, ſ. f. vide *BRAVA'TA*.
BRAVAME'NTE, adv. bravely.
BRAVATA, ſ. f. a rodomontade, vain boaſting.
BRAVATE'RO, ſ. m. an ignorant babbler.
BRAVA'TO, ſ. m. boaſter, a bully, a braggadocio, a puffing fellow.
BRAVEA'R, v. n. to brave, to boaſt, to talk big.
BRAVE'RA, ſ. f. a vent-hole, or ſmall window to a cellar.
BRAVERI'A, ſ. f. vide *BRAVA'TA*.
BRAVE'ZA, ſ. f. fierceneſs, wildneſs, bravery; alſo courage, bravery, magnanimity; alſo magnificence.
BRAVIO, adj. ferocious, ſavage, wild.
BRA'VO, adj. fierce, wild, headſtrong, perverſe, high-ſpirited; alſo fine, brave; ſubſtantively uſed, a hector, a bully, ruffian; ironically, foolish.
BRAVONE'L, ſ. m. a bully, a ruffian.
BRAVOSAME'NTE, adv. bravely, nobly.
BRAVOSIDA'D, ſ. f. bravery, magnanimity.
BRAVO'SO, ſ. m. a huffing fellow; in cant, a bully.
BRAVO'TE, ſ. m. in cant, a boaſter.
BRAVU'RA, ſ. f. vide *BRAVE'ZA*.
BRA'ZA, ſ. f. a fathom.
BRAZADA'DA, ſ. f. a fathom, as far as a man can reach, or as he can claſp in his arms.
BRAZA'DO, adj. fathomed; alſo braced as the yards in a ships
BRAZAGE, ſ. m. vide *BRACEAGE*.
BRAZA'L, ſ. m. an ancient defenſive weapon for the arm; a bracelet; a rivulet.
BRAZALE'TE, ſ. m. vide *BRAZA'L*.
BRA'ZO, ſ. m. the arm, the limb which reaches from the hand to the ſhoulder.
Brázo, ſtrength, power.
Brázo de antena, the yard-arm of a ſhip.
Brázo de cruz, the arm of a croſs.
Brázo de már, an arm of the ſea.
Brázo eccleſiáſtico, the clergy.
Brázo ſeglár, the laity.
Brázo militár, the ſoldiery.
Brázos del reyno, the arms of the kingdom; that is, the three ſtates of the kingdom, the clergy, nobility, and laity who aſſemble in the *cortes*.
Invocár auxilio del brázo ſeglár, to appeal to the judges and laity for redreſs.
Luchár a brázo partído, to contend upon equal terms.
Recibir á uno á brázos abiértos, to receive a man with open arms; that is, lovingly.
Acabár un negocio a fuérza de brazos, to compaſs a buſineſs by dint of labour.
Llevár en brázos, to carry in one's arms.
Brázos de cangréjo, the claws of a crab.
BRAZO'L, ſ. m. the armour for the arm; alſo a ſort of ſhort ſleeve women formerly wore.
BRAZOLE'TE, ſ. m. the armour for the arm.

BRAZUE'LO, ſ. m. a ſhin of beef.

B R E

BRE'A, ſ. f. tar; alſo a ſort of tarred canvas.
BREADU'RA, ſ. f. daubing with tar.
BREA'R, v. a. to tar; alſo to abuſe, to plague, to moleſt.
BREBA, ſ. f. vide *BREVA*.
BREBA'GE, } ſ. m. a drench for
BREBA'JO, } a beaſt; any ſcurvy mixture or drench; among ſailors, wine, beer, or cyder.
BRE'CA, ſ. f. a little white fish, a bleak, or blay.
BRE'CHA, ſ. f. a breach, the ruin of any part of works beaten down with cannon, or blown up by a mine. In cant, a dye to play with.
BRECHA'DO, adj. in cant, cheated at dice.
BRECHADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, a third man at play.
BRECHA'R, v. n. to cheat with falſe dice.
BRECHE'RO, ſ. m. one that cheats with falſe dice.
BRE'DO, ſ. m. vide *BLE'DO*.
BRE'GA, ſ. f. fray, ſtrife, contention, wrangling.
BREGADU'RA, ſ. f. a wrinkle.
BREGA'R, v. n. to quarrel, to contend.
Bregár el arco, to ſhoot with a bow.
BREGUE'RO, ſ. m. a wrangler, a quarrelſome fellow.
BRE'NCA, ſ. f. the herb maidenhair.
BRE'ñA, ſ. f. a place full of ſhrubs, thorns, or bushes; or a crag of a mountain.
Bréñas, ſ. f. a thorny place, full of brambles.
BREñA'L, ſ. m. craggy, bushy, or thorny place.
BREñO'SO, adj. thorny, cragged; full of briars and brambles.
BREQUE, ſ. m. vide *BRECA*.
BRESCADI'LLO, ſ. m. pearl.
BRESCA'DO, adj. embroidered with pearl.
BRETADO'R, ſ. m. a whiſtle to allure birds.
BRE'TE, ſ. m. obſ. ſtocks, fetters to lock up the feet; alſo a bolt, and a ſort of rack.
Bréte del trigo, the beard of corn.
BRETO'N, ſ. m. a young ſprout of any thing.
BRE'VA, ſ. f. an early fig.
BREVA'GE, ſ. m. vide *BREBA'GE*.
BREVA'L, ſ. m. a fig-tree, or the place where figs grow.
BRE'VE, adj. short.
Bréve, ſ. m. the Pope's brief.
BREVECI'TO, adj. short, brief.
BREVEDA'D, ſ. f. brevity.
BREVEME'NTE, adv. briefly, shortly.
BREVE'TE, ſ. m. a little bills note, or breviate.
BREVIA'R, v. n. in cant, to coax or wheedle any one to get the better opportunity of cheating him.
BREVIA'RIO, ſ. m. an abridgment; alſo the book containing the daily ſervice of the Roman church.
BREVIO'N, ſ. m. in cant, the perſon who coaxes or wheedles another in order to cheat him.
BREZA'R, v. a. to rock a child in a cradle.
BRE'ZNA, ſ. f. a chip; alſo a lath.
BRE'ZO, ſ. m. brush-wood; alſo furze, heath, or gorſe.

B R I

BRIA'GA, ſ. f. a rope made with ruſhes.
BRIAGU'EZ, ſ. f. vide *EMBRIAGUE'S*.
BRIA'L, ſ. m. a ſort of garment worn, by queens and great ladies.
BRI'BA, ſ. f. mumping, begging.
BRIBA'R, v. a. to beg, to go a mumping.
BRI'BIA, ſ. f. the canting tale of a beggar to move compaſſion.
BRIBIA'TICO, adj. belonging to the art or knack of begging.
BRIBIO'N, } ſ. m. a ſtroller, a
BRIBON, } fellow who will not work, but goes about begging.
BRIBONA'DA, ſ. f. a wandering or ſtrolling about.
BRIBONA'ZO, ſ. f. augmentative of *bribón*.
Bribónazo, adj. cunning, ſly, ſubtle.
BRIBONCI'LLO, ſ. f. diminutive of *bribón*.
BRIBONEA'R, v. a. vide *BRIBA'R*.
BRIBONERI'A, ſ. f. beggary.
BRICHO, ſ. m. welt, lace, or border about a garment, worked with lace.
BRI'DA, ſ. f. a bridle.
Andár a la brida, to ride long in the ſtirrups, contrary to *cabalgár a la ginéta*, to ride short.
BRIDECU', ſ. m. a ſword-belt.
BRIDO'N, ſ. m. one that rides long in the ſtirrups.
BRIE'NTO, adj. forcible, violent Obſ.
BRIGA, ſ. f. the old word for a town.
BRIGADA, ſ. f. a brigade of ſoldiers.
BRIGADIE'R, ſ. m. the officer of a brigade, or brigadier.
BRI'GOLA, ſ. f. an ancient military engine.
BRILLADO'R, adj. shining, ſparkling, glittering.
BRILLADU'RA, ſ. f. ſplendor, brightneſs.
BRILLA'NTE, adj. shining, glittering, ſparkling, brilliant.
BRILLANTE'Z, ſ. m. ſplendor, brightneſs.
BRILLA'R, v. n. to shine.
BRILLE'SCO, adj. vide *BRILLA'NTE*.
BRILLO, ſ. m. brightneſs, ſplendór.
BRIMBILLA'DA, ſ. f. vide *MERMELA'DA*.
BRIMBO'N, ſ. m. vide *BRIBON*.
BRIN, ſ. m. a fibre of ſaffron.
BRINCADO'R, ſ. m. f. one that is always leaping and skipping.
BRINCA'R, v. n. to leap, to skip; to dandle a child.
BRINCHO, ſ. m. a term uſed in playing at a game of cards called *quinota*.
BRI'NCO, ſ. m. a leap, a skip; alſo a little ſort of jewel ladies uſed to wear; alſo a play-thing for a child, any pretty bauble.

BRINDA'R, v. n. to drink to; alſo to offer, to preſent; alſo to engage.

BRINDE'L, ſ. m. the band or ſtrap that holds on the clog.

BRI'NDIS, ſ. m. a health in drinking.

BRINDO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of fruit as red as blood within. Dyers make uſe of it, and vinegar is made of the bark.

BRINO, ſ. m. vide *BRIN*.

BRINQUI'LLO, *BRINQUI'TO*, ſ. m. a little leap or skip; alſo a little toy.

BRI'O, ſ. m. bravery, valour, mettle, livelineſs.

Hómbre de brio, a man of mettle.

BRIO'L, ſ. m. vide *BRIO'LES*.

BRIO'LES, ſ. m. pl. the bunt lines; ſmall lines made faſt to the bottom of the ſail in a ſhip, in the middle part of the bolt-rope, uſed to riſe or draw up the ſail to the yard.

BRIO'NIA, ſ. f. the herb briony.

BRIOSAMENTE, adv. in a ſpirited, lively, or ſprightly manner.

BRIO'SO adj. brave, mettleſome, lively.

Cabállo brióſo, a mettleſome horſe.

BRISA, ſ. f. the trade-wind which carries ſhips to the Weſt-Indies.

Briſa, a breeze, a wind that blows from the ſea.

BRISCA, ſ. f. *BRISCO'R*, ſ. m. a gentle breeze of air. Obſ.

BRISCADO, adj. belonging to the twiſting of ſilver and gold.

BRITA'NICA, ſ. f. an herb called ſpoonwort, or ſcurvy-graſs.

BRIVA, ſ. f. vide *BRIBA*.

BRI'VIA, ſ. f. obſ. the Bible.

BRIVO'N, ſ. m. vide *BRIBO'N*.

BRIZA'R, v. a. obſ. to rock a cradle.

BRIZNA, *BRIZNILLA*, ſ. f. a chip, a ſplinter; the roughneſs of boards that are not planed.

BRI'ZO, ſ. m. obſ. a cradle.

B R O

BRO'CA, ſ. f. a button of any ſort; alſo a ſort of bobbin uſed by embroiderers to roll their ſilk on, and a ſhoemaker's tack-nail.

BROCA'DO, ſ. m. cloth of gold or ſilver.

BROCADU'RA, ſ. f. the bite of a bear.

BROCA'L, ſ. m. a cover for a well, or the brink or mouth of a well.

Brocál de fláſco, the mouth of a bottle.

BROCAMANTO'N, ſ. m. a claſp ſet upon garments, a little hook or loop.

BROCARDICO, ſ. m. a ſentence, axiom, or aphoriſm quite common and vulgar.

BROCATE'L, ſ. m. a ſort of lindſey-woolſey reſembling to brocade, made of ſilk.

BROCA'TO, ſ. m. vide *BROCA'DO*.

BRO'CHA, ſ. f. a claſp; alſo a loop on a coat.

Brócha, ſ. f. a little brush made of hogs briſtles.

BROCHA'R, v. a to claſp or shut with a claſp.

BRO'CHE, ſ. m. a claſp.

BROCHE'RO, ſ. m. a claſp-maker.

BROCHO'N, ſ. m. a great claſp; alſo a painter's great brush or pencil.

BRO'DIO, ſ. m. pottage, ſuch as they give to beggars whith the broken bread and ſcraps of the table; any odd ſlop or confuſed mixture.

BRODI'STA; ſ. m. a poor ſcholar who at noon repairs to the monaſteries to dine upon pottage.

BROLLA'R, v. n. to embroil; to boil.

BRO'MA, ſ. f. a worm that eats holes in ships; a heavy lumpish thing of no value, the coarſe mortar thrown in to fill up in building; froth of ſoap-ſuds or the like.

Es una broma, he is a ſtupid foolish fellow.

BROMA'DO, adj. heavy, weighty, ponderous.

Náve bromada, a ship that is eaten by the worms.

BRO'MO, ſ. m. wild oats.

BRO'NCE, ſ. m. a mixed metal of pewter and copper, called braſs; a piece of ordnance.

BRONCEA'R, v. a. to adorn with bronce.

BRONCHA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſilver claſp ill-shaped, worn by country people for ornament.

BRO'NCHA, ſ. f. *BRONCHE*, ſ. m. a poniard, a ſmall dagger.

BRONCI'NERO, adj. belonging to braſs.

BRO'NCO, adj coarſe, rough, unpolished, hoarſe.

BRONQUEDA'D, ſ. f. hardneſs, roughneſs, hoarſeneſs.

BROQU'EL, ſ. m. a round target.

Prov. *Tódo es dar en los broquéles*, it is all but clattering the targets; much talk and little to the purpoſe.

Sálir de broquél a cáda repiquéte, to come out with a target for every trifle, to be quarrelſome.

BROQUELA'DO, adj. armed vith a target.

BROQUELE'JO, ſ. m. a little target.

BROQUELE'RO, ſ. m. a target-maker; a quarrelſome fellow.

BROQUELE'TE, ſ. m. a little target.

BROQUELI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *broquél*.

BROSLADO'R, ſ. m. an embroiderer.

BROSLADU'RA, ſ. f. embroidery.

BROSLA'R, v. a. to embroider.

BROSQUI'L, ſ. m a pen or fold to keep sheep.

BROTA'NTE, ſ. m. a prop, a shore to ſupport.

BROTA'R, v. n. to bud to shoot out in growing.

BROTE, ſ. m chips that carpenters make.

BRO'TES, ſ. m. pl. ſmall ſprouts of cabbages.

BRO'TON, ſ. m. a branch, a twig of a tree.
BRO'ZA, ſ. f. any ſmall ſtuff of no value; ſmall chips the bits of ſtone that fly when they are hewing it; the duſt that falls from worm-eaten wood.
Servir de toda bróza, to do all ſorts of work.
BROZA'R, v. a. to clean with a brush as printers do.
BRO'ZNO, adj. rough, rugged, harsh.
BROZO'SO, adj. clean neat.

B R U

BRU'CES, ſ. m. pl. the lips.
BRUCHE'TE, ſ. m. a ſort of ſmall shell-fish.
BRUE'TA, ſ. f. a wheel-barrow.
BRU'GO, ſ. m. a worm that gnaws trees.
BRUJA, ſ. f. vide *BRUXA*.
BRUJULA, ſ. f. vide *BRUXULA*.
BRULLA'RSE, v. r. to turn milk to curds in boiling it.
BRULLO, ſ. m. coagulated milk prepared to be made into cheeſe.
BRULO'TE, ſ. m. a fire-ship.
BRU'MA, ſ. f. raw cold winter weather, a hoary froſt, a thick fog, a cold wind; alſo a bruiſe.
BRUMADO'R, adj. that which cauſes trouble and pain by being too heavy.
BRUMA'L adj. wintery.
BRUMAMIENTO, ſ. m. trouble or pain cauſed by a load too heavy.
BRUMA'R, v. a. to bruiſe to ſqueeze, to flat together.
BRUME'TE, ſ. m. vide *GRUME'TE*.
BRUNE'TE, adj. a coarſe ſort of cloth of a dirty black.
BRUNE'TO, adj. a dark colour almoſt black.
BRUNO, adj. brown, dark, obſcure.
BRUÑIDO'R, ſ. m. a burniſher.
BRUÑIDU'RA, ſ. f. burniſhing.
BRUÑI'R, v. a. to burnish.
BRU'SCA, ſ. f. a plant called kneeholly, or butchers-broom.
BRUSCADO'R, ſ. m. one that uſes or ſells knee-holly.
BRU'SCO, ſ. m. is that which is loſt as inconſiderable, or not worth looking after as the looſe grapes that drop a the vintage, or looſe corn at harveſt, or the like.
No hay brúſco, there is not a corn, not a grain, there is not the leaſt thing.
BRUSE'LA, ſ. f. the periwinkle.
BRUTA'L, adj. brutish, beaſtly.
BRUTALIDA'D, ſ. f. brutiſhneſs beaſtlineſs.
BRUTALME'NTE, adv. brutally, beaſtly.
BRUTEDA'D, ſ. f. vide *BRUTALIDA'D*.
BRUTE'SCOS, ſ. m. f. groteſques, odd ſort of landſcapes repreſenting grots and caves.
BRUTE'Z, *BRUTE'ZA*, } ſ. f. uglineſs; brutality.
BRU'TO, ſ. m. a brute beaſt, or a brutish man; adjectively uſed, rough, coarſe, unpolished.
BRU'XA, ſ. f. a ſcreech-owl: a witch, a hag.
Chupado de bruxas, lean and pale coloured.
BRUXEA'R, v. n. to walk all the night.
BRUXERI'A, ſ. f. witchcraft.
BRUXO, ſ. m. a wizzard.
Bruxo adj. light in his moral conduct, licentious.
BRU'XULA, ſ. f. the mark on a croſsbow or on the barrel of a gun to take aim by; alſo the ſea-compaſs, or a ſmall box to carry it in.
Mirár por brúxulà, to take aim, to peep through a hole or cranny, to obſerve a thing by one part of it.
BRUXULEA'R, v. a. to take aim through a hole.
BRUZA, ſ. f. a curry-comb.
Brúzas ſ. f. pl. the mouth downwards, or more properly the under-lip.
BRU'ZNO, adj. dark, cloudy, obſcure.
BRU'ZOS; adv. as, *de brúzos*, with the mouth downward.
Caér de brúzos to fall upon one's face.
Beber de brúzos, to drink lying along with one's mouth downwards.

B U

BU', ſ. m. a word of dread uſed to frighten children.

B U A

BU'A, ſ. f. a border, a limit.
Búa, ſ. f. pimple.
Búa, ſ. f. vide *BUBA*.
BUA'R v. a. to hedge or ſurround the borders or limits.
BUA'RO, *BUA'RRO*, } ſ. m. an owl. Obſ.

B U B

BU'BA, ſ. f. the French pox; generally uſed in the plural.
BUBACIO'N, ſ. f. a mineral found where the load-ſtone is.
BUBO'N, ſ. m. a tumour or ſwelling in the groin, a bubo.
BUBO'SO, adj. one that has the French pox, poxed.

B U C

BUCARA'N, ſ. m. buckram.
BUCARI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *bucáro*.
BU'CARO, ſ. m. a ſort of red cup, uſed to drink water out of.
BUCEA'R, v. a. to dive under the water.
BUCENTA'URO, *BUCENTO'RO*, } ſ. m. a fine galley the republick of Venice has.
BUCE'O, ſ. m. driving under water.
BUCE'PHALO, ſ. m. any fine and mettleſome horſe.
BU'CES, ſ. m. pl. vide *BRU'ZOS*.
BU'CHA, ſ. f. a box made of clay.

BUCHA'R, v. a. to hide or conceal carefully.

BU'CHE, ſ. m. the maw, or craw of any bird; alſo the ſtomach of a man and of any animal; alſo a mouthful of liquor.

Buche de almizcle, a little bag to put perfume in.

Hacer el buche, to eat and drink healthfully.

BUCHE'TE, ſ. m. a cheek puffed up with wind, a pop made with the mouth.

BUCHO'RNO, ſ. m. ſultry, hot, ſtifling weather.

BU'CO, ſ. m. any hollow thing, as a boat, or the like.

BUCO'LICA, ſ. f. belly-timber, food.

Bucólica, ſ. f. a kind of paſtoral poems.

BUCO'LICO, adj. bucolick, paſtoral.

B U D

BUDE'L, ſ. m. a wooden pin tapering to one end to open the ſtronds of cables to ſplice them together.

BUDIO'N, ſ. m. a cod-fiſh; a dull jolt-headed fellow.

B U E

BUEGA, ſ. f. a boundary, a limit.

BUEITRE, ſ. m. vide *BUITRE*.

BUE'N, adj. good; only uſed before a maſculine noun in the ſingular number.

Buen aire, fine appearance, gracefulneſs, elegance.

Buena alma, a virtuous man; ironically, a malicious cunning fellow.

Buen porque, a reward; alſo a great quantity of any thing.

Buéna grácia, a good grace, the beauty of a woman; alſo affability, a fine mien, behaviour.

Buena manderécha, good luck, good ſucceſs in your undertakings.

BUENAME'NTE, adv. well, eaſily, without difficulty.

BUENAVO'YA, ſ. m. a rover in a galley hired and paid for; alſo a very eaſy and complaiſant man.

BUENO, adj. good, honeſt; alſo virtuous, and noble.

Bueno, uſeful, convenient; alſo in good health, and ſometimes great.

Buenas artes, the liberal arts.

Ser bueno, ò malo, to be a good or a bad man.

Eſtar bueno, ò malo, to be in health or to be ſick.

Buenas letras, belles lettres, polite literature.

Buenos dias, good day.

Buenas noches, good night.

Buenas ganas, good ſtomach, ſharp appetite.

Buena fé, faithfulneſs, honeſty, veracity; alſo ingenuity.

A buena fé, indeed, certain, truly.

De donde buéno? whence come you,

Buéna cuchillada, a great cut of a ſword.

Buéna calentúra, a violent fever.

Buén bellaco, a great knave.

Buén hómbre, properly a good man; ironically, a cuckold.

Buéna mugér, properly a good woman; ironically, a whore.

BUEñA, ſ. f. a ſort of pudding made of the blood of oxen.

BU'ERAS, ſ. f. pl. little pimples or bliſters breaking out about the mouth.

BU'ESO, ſ. m. a man ridiculouſly dreſſed.

BUE'TAGOS, ſ. m. pl. the lungs.

Dárle a úno con un buétago de vàca por la cára, to ſtrike a man acroſs the face with a cow's lights; that is, to affront a man in the coarſeſt manner.

BUE'Y, ſ. m. an ox.

Ir al páſſo del buéy, to proceed with deliberation.

BUEYA'ZO, ſ. m. a great ox; alſo a cuckold.

BUEYE'RO, ſ. m. a neat-herd.

BUEYEZI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſteer a little ox.

B U F

BUF, interj. an expreſſion when any one is angry, or rejects what another ſays or does.

BU'FA, ſ. f. a jeſt, deriſion.

BUFA'DO, adj. an epithet given to glaſs made into ſmall empty bubbles, to make a great noiſe when broken.

BUFALANDI'ANA, ſ. m. a buffoon.

BU'FALO, *BU'FANO*, ſ. m. buffalo, a ſort of ox.

BUFA'R, v. a. to puff, to blow, as a horſe or an ox, or as a man in a paſſion.

BUFE'O, ſ. m. a ſort of large fiſh.

BUFE'TE, ſ. m. a table.

BUFETILLO, ſ. m. a toilet or dreſſingtable.

BUFFA'R, v. a. vide *BUFA'R*.

BUFI, ſ. m. a ſort of camblet.

BUFFA, ſ. f. in cant, a leather-bottle.

BUFIAD'OR, ſ. m. in cant, a vintner.

BUFI'DO, *BUFO*, ſ. m. the act of puffing or blowing, like a horſe, or ox, or like a man in a paſſion.

BUFO'N, ſ. m. a buffoon, a jeſter.

BUFONA'DA, ſ. f. buffoonery, ridiculous jeſting.

BUFONE'AR, v. n. to play the buffoon, or fool.

BUFONERI'A, ſ. f. buffoonery.

BUFONICI'STA, ſ. m. who profeſſes buffoonery.

BUFONIZA'R, v. n. vide *BUFONEAR*.

BUFOS, ſ. m. pl. a ſort of ancient head-dreſs, ſticking out hollow over the ears. Alſo the puffs that grow on the thiſtles, which fly away and almoſt vanish when touched; any thing that is very light.

B U G

BUGA'DA, ſ. f. a buck, or waſhing of linen with lye.

BUGA'LLA, ſ. f. the nut called gall.

BUGELLA'DA, ſ. f. a fine lye, uſed by women to waſh their heads; any daub uſed by them.

BUGELLADO'R, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells ſlops women's faces.

BUGI'A, ſ. f. a ſmall wax candle, ſuch as we call book-wax.

BUGLO'SA, ſ. f. the herb bugloſs, or ox-tongue.
BUGRE, ſ. m. a ſodomite.
BUGUELLA'DA, ſ. f. a compound water to waſh one's face with.

B U H

BUHA'R, v. a. in cant, to diſcover; to watch.
BUHA'RDA, ſ. f. a ſky-light.
BUHARDI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *buhárda*.
BUHEDA'L, ſ. m. a bog, a quagmire.
BUHE'RA, ſ. f. a loop-hole to ſhoot through.
BUHI'A, ſ. f. hut, or cottage.
BU'HO, ſ. m. an owl.
Búho, in cant, the perſon who diſcovers or impeaches another.
BUHONERI'A, ſ. f. a ſhop of toys.
BUHONE'RO, ſ. m. a pedlar.
BUHU'RDA, ſ. f. a little window on the top of a houſe upon the tiles.

B U I

BUIDADO'R, ſ. m. a melter or founder.
BUIR, v. a. to polish, to burniſh; to ſharpen.
BUITA'R, v. a. to throw, to fling.
BU'ITRE, ſ. m. a vulture.
Come como un bultre, he eats like a vulture.
Prov. *Mas vále páxaro en mano que bultre volándo*, one bird in the hand is better than two in the bush.
BUITRE'RA, ſ. f. a little houſe with two loop-holes to ſhoot at vultures; alſo a very lean beaſt.
BUITRE'RO, adj. belonging to vultures.
Buitréro, ſ. m. the perſon who takes, or catches vultures.
BUITRO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of net, like a wheel, to cath fiſh; alſo ſmall oven to refine ſilver or its ore.

B U J

BUJA'CA, ſ. f. vide *BURJACA*.
BUJARASO'L, ſ. m. a kind of red figs.

B U L

BU'LA, ſ. f. the pope's bull.
BULA'DO, adj. honoured or dignified by a Pope's bull.
BULA'R, v. a. to burn one on the forehead.
BULA'RCAMA, ſ. m. a great timber that ſtrengthens the prow of a ſhip.
BULA'RIO, ſ. m. the book of the Pope's bulls.
BU'LBO, ſ. m. a wild onion.
BU'LDA, ſ. f. vide *BU'LA*.
BULDERI'AS, ſ. f. pl. outrageous and opprobrious words and names.
BULDE'RO, ſ. m. one that publiſhes and carries about the Pope's bulls; alſo he who anciently published the croiſado's bull.
BULE'RO, ſ. m. a commiſſary charged with the diſtribution of the Pope's bulls.
BULE'TO, ſ. m. a private bull ſent by the Pope.
BU'LLA, ſ. f. confuſion, diſorder, buſtle, tumultuous commotions.
BULLADO'R, ſ. m. a tricking, artful, cunning fellow, who maintains himſelf by cheating others.
BULLA'GE, ſ. m. a conçourſe, a tumult, an uproar.
BULLA'R, v. a. to put a ſeal or mark, as merchants do on their goods.
BULLE BULLE, ſ. m. a buſy-body.
BULLI'CIO, ſ. m. a ſtirring, a commotion, or confuſion; alſo the humming noiſe made by a multitude of people; ſedition, quarrel, tumult.
BULLICIOSAME'NTE, adv. tumultuouſly, diſorderly, reſtleſsly.
BULLICIO'SO, adj. reſtleſs, turbulent, always in motion, contentious.
BULLIDO'R, ſ. m. one that is always ſtirring.
BULLIDU'RA, ſ. f. ſtir, motion; the ſtate of boiling.
BULLIGA'R, v. a. to abound in.
BULLIR, v. a. to boil, to move, to ſtir, to bubble up like boiling water.
Bullir piójos ò guzános, lice or maggots to ſwarm.
Bullir la génte, a great concourſe of people moving.
Bullir el ayre, wind that juſt breathes.
No bullir pié ni máno, not to move hand nor foot.
BULLO'N, ſ. m. dagger, knife. Obſ.
Bullón, ſ. m. the dye when it is boiling.
BULTI'LLO, ſ. m. a diminutive of *búlto*.
BU'LTO, ſ. m. a bulk that is ſeen at a diſtance without diſcovering what it is; a thing covered ſo that only the bulk of it appears.
Menear el bulto, to beat one.
Ver el búlto de úna cóſa, to ſee the bulk or bigneſs of a thing without perceiving what it is.
Juzgar una cóſa á búlto, to judge of a thing by the bulk; to make a raſh judgment.
Figúra de búlto, a ſolid ſtatue.
Búlto, a pillow or cushion ſtuffed with coarſe wool or ſtraw.
Hablár a búlto, to ſpead confuſedly, indiſtinctly, raſhly.
BULULU', ſ. m. a word of deriſion, invented and uſed by Quevedo, on account of its ridiculous ſound.

U N

BU'NIO, ſ. m. a kind of turnip that grows wild.

B U ñ

BUñOLERI'A, ſ. f. the place where they make or ſell *buñuélos*.
BUñOLE'RO, ſ. m. he that makes or ſells *buñuélos*.
BUñUE'LO, ſ. m. a ſort of fritter.
Es buñuélos, it cannot be ſo eaſily done as one ſuppoſes.

B U P

BUPRE'STE, ſ. m. a ſort of Spaniſh fly.

B U Q.

BU'QUE, ſ. m. the bulk, ſtowage, or content of a ſhip; alſo a ſhip.

Búque, is metaphorically made uſe of to ſignify the ſize or capacity of any thing.

Hombre de mucho búque, a man of great capacity.

Cáſa de mucho búque, a very large houſe.

BUQUE'TA, ſ. f. french wheat.

B U R

BURARI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *buaro*.

BURA'TO, ſ. m. a king of light ſilken ſtuff.

BU'RBA, ſ. f. a kind of African coin of a low value.

BURBALU'R, ſ. m. a kind of ſeamonſter.

BURBU'JA, ſ. f. a little bubble on the water.

BURBUJEA'R, v. n. to bubble as water does.

BURBUJI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *burbúja*.

BU'RCHO, ſ. m. a kind of boat.

BU'RDA, ſ. f. the main-ſail of a galley.

BURDA'LLA, adj. that has coarſe harſh wool.

BURDE'GANO, ſ. m. a mule got by an horſe and a she aſs.

BURDE'L, ſ. m. a bawdy-houſe.

Burdél, uſed as an adjective; vicious, lewd, debauched.

BURDELEA'R, v. n. to haunt bawdyhouſes.

BURDELE'JO, or *BURDELI'LLO*, ſ. m. a little bawdy-houſe.

BU'RDO, adj. coarſe; degenerate, worthleſs.

Carnero burdo, a sheep whoſe wool is coarſe; the contrary of *carnero merino*, whoſe fleece is very ſoft and fine.

BURE'LES, ſ. f. pl. ſome blocks or pieces of wood uſed in ships for particular purpoſes.

BURE'NGO, ſ. m. a Mulatto ſlave.

BURE'O, ſ. m. the aſſembly of the officers for management of the king's houſhold; any office for writing, or taking account.

Buréo, an entertainment, a merry-making, &c. generally ſaid in a bad ſenſe.

BURGA, ſ. f. a natural ſpring of hot water.

BURGA'LES, ſ. m. an ancient coin of adulterate gold, that was ſo called.

BURGE'S, ſ. m. a burgeſs, or inhabitant of a borough.

BURGESI'A, ſ. f. the freedom of a city, or the citizens themſelves.

BU'RGO, ſ. m. a borough, a ſuburb, a ſmall town or village.

BURGO-MAESTRE, ſ. m. a burgh-maſter.

BURGUEñO, adj. belonging to the town of Burgos.

BURIE'L, ſ. m. a coarſe cloth ſuch as the Franciſcan friars habits are made of.

BURI'L, ſ. m. a graver to engrave in metal.

BURILA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke or touch with a graver.

BURILADU'RA, ſ. f. engraving.

BURILA'R, v. a. to engrave.

BURJACA, ſ. f. a great leather pouch, which pilgrims or poor folks carry hanging under their arm to put in what is given them.

Burjáca, ſ. f. a knapſack, ſuch as ſoldiers or pilgrims carry.

BURJALE'TAS, ſ. f. a ſort of late figs, ſmall, but very ſweet.

BU'RLA, ſ. f. jeſt, mock, deriſion, ridicule.

Búrlas, ſ. f. pl. jeſts, any thing ludicrous, meant to raiſe laughter.

Búrla peſáda, an offenſive jeſt.

Hazér búrla, to ſcoff, or jeer.

BURLADO'R, ſ. m. a jeſter, one that jeſts much.

BURLA'R, to jeſt, to impoſe upon; to deſpiſe.

Dexádas la búrlas, jeſting aſide.

No ſabér de búrlas, to take no jeſt.

Echárlo a búrlas, to paſs off a thing for a jeſt.

BURLERI'A, ſ. f. jeſting, matter of jeſt.

BURLE'SCO, adj. comic, facetious, burleſque.

BURLE'TA, *BURLI'LLA*, ſ. f. a little jeſt.

BURLO'N, ſ. m. f. a merry jeſting companion.

BU'RRA, ſ. f. a she aſs.

Búrra de palo, (ludicrouſly) a veſſel, a ship.

Caer de ſu búrra, to fall from one's aſs, that is, to know one's error.

BURRA'DA, ſ. f. a trick of an aſs; ſpeaking or acting like an aſs; a foollish ſaying, or action; a blunder, a bull.

Burráda, ſ. f. a company of aſſes.

BURRAGEA'R, v. a. to ſcribble, to write unskilfully, or as notaries do.

BURRAGE'O, ſ. m. a confuſed or diſorderly piece of writing.

BURRA'JO, ſ. m. trash, trumpery, filth; alſo a dung-hill.

BURRA'SCA, ſ. f. vide *BORR'ASCA*.

BURRE'A, ſ. m. a hangman.

BU'RRO, ſ. m. a he aſs; there is alſo a fish ſo called.

Búrro, a machine uſed by ſawyers.

BURRU'CHO, ſ. m. a young aſs following his mother.

BURRUMBA'DA, ſ. f. *BORRUMBA'DA*.

BURU'JO, ſ. m. little knots in wool.

Burújo, ſ. m. the husk of grapes, after the wine is preſſed out, or the like of any fruit that is preſſed.

BURUJO'N, ſ. f. a hard ſwelling in any part of the body; alſo a handful of any thing.

B U S

BU'SCA, ſ. f. a ſearch, ſeeking; it is uſed with the particle *en* before it; as, *voy en buſca de mi amigo*, I go in queſt of my friend.

BUSCADO'R, ſ. m. f. a ſeeker, a ſearcher.
BUSCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſeeking, or a ſearch.
BUSCAPIE'S, ſ. m. a ſort of ſquib that follows the people who fly before it.
BUSCA'R, v. a. to ſeek, to ſearch. *Quien buſca, hálla*, who looks after any thing, finds it.
BUSCAVI'DAS, ſ. m. who pries or looks into the life of others.
BU'SCO, with you.
BUSCO'N, ſ. m. f. a perſon who is curious to know other people's affairs; alſo one who ſteals any thing, a thief.
BUSI'LIS, ſ. m. a cant word; the myſtery, the difficulty, the contrivance, the juggle.
BUSTA'LMOS, ſ. m. an herb like camomile; May-weed, ox-eye, ufyking camomile.
BUSTO, ſ. m. a buſt, the human body without its head, arms, and legs.
BU'SUIA, ſ. f. an opening in the Pope's antichamber, through which his attendants are called by him when wanted.

B U T

BUTAGUEñA, ſ. f. vide *BUEñA*.
BUTI'LLO, adj. pale, yellowish.
BUTRO'N, ſ. m. vide *BUITRO'N*.
BUTY'RO, ſ. m. butter.

B U V

BU'VA, ſ. f. vide *BU'BA*.

B U X

BUXE'DA, ſ. f. a grove of box-trees.
BUXERI'AS, ſ. f. toys, trifles.
BUXE'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall perfume-box.
BUXETI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *buxéta*.

B U Y

BUYDO, vide *BUI'DO*.
BUYES, ſ. f. pl. in cant, a pack of cards.

B U Z

BU'Z, ſ. m. a kiſs given out of reſpect, and by way of honour, as the kiſſing of holy things.
Haẓér el búẓ, to pay a reſpect, or do honour to another; moſt generally uſed ironically, for fawning, and playing the ſycophant.
BUZA'CO, ſ. m. a ſort of heavy cannon.
BUZA'NO, ſ. m. a diver, one whoſe profeſſion it is to dive under water to fetch up any thing; alſo a ſort of ſhell-fish; and in cant, a pickpocket, one that dives into pockets.
BUZE', a ruſtick contraction of *vueſtra mercéd*, your worſhip.
BU'ZES, *BUZI'O*, } ſ. m. vide *BRU'CES*.
BUZ'O, ſ. m. a ſort of veſſel; alſo a cunning artful thief.
BUZON, ſ. m. a conduit-pipe.

BRITISH MUSEUM

C

C, is the third letter of the alphabet.

C A

CA', adv. obſ. becauſe, for; and ſometimes a conjunction, formely uſed as a relative correſponding to the relative *which*.

C A B

CABA'CO, ſ. m. the remains or fragments of wood after it is cleaved or hewn down.

CABA'L, adj. juſt, exact, complete, that wants nothing.

Hómbre cabál, a man that is juſt and exact in his dealings.

CA'BALA, ſ. f. the cabal, a myſtical ſcience profeſſed by the rabbins; alſo party, confederacy, faction, intrigue.

Cábala, ſ. f. a ſecret, clandeſtine conſultation, or negociation of affairs.

CABALAR, v. a. to make equal, even.

CABALE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. a cavalier, a horſeman, a ſoldier on horſeback.

CABALGADA, ſ. m. an excurſion in the enemies country; alſo the plunder and pillage of it.

CABALGADO'R, ſ. m. a horſeman.

CABALGADU'RA, ſ. f. any beaſt who carries burdens; alſo a brutiſh fellow.

CABALGA'R, v. a. to mount a horſe, to ride.

CABALHU'STE, ſ. m. a ſaddle.

CABALI'NA, adj. fem. an epithet given to a fabulous fountain on mount Helicon.

CABALI'STA, ſ. m. one verſed in the cabal; a cabaliſt.

CABALI'STICO, adj. belonging to the cabal.

CABA'LLA, ſ. f. a mackerel, a ſeafish ſo called.

CABALLADA, ſ. f. a drove of horſes or mares.

CABALLA'R, adj. belonging to a horſe.

CABALLE'JO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cabállo*.

CABALLERA'TO, ſ. m. the right enjoyed by a knight.

CABALLERE'SCO, adj. belonging to a knight.

CABALLERETE, ſ. m. diminutive of *caballero*.

CABALLERI'A, ſ. f. any beaſt that carries burdens.

Caballeria, ſ. f. the military order of knights; alſo cavalry, horſe-troops.

Libros de cabailerias, books of knight-errantry.

CABALLERI'L, adj. belonging to a knight or his order.

CABALLERI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *caballéro*.

CABALLERI'ZA, ſ. f. a ſtable.

CABALLERI'ZO, ſ. m. a maſter of the horſe.

CABALLE'RO, ſ. m. a knight.

Caballéro andánte, a knight-errant.

Caballéros de conquiſta, men remarkable for warlike bravery.

Caballéro de la eſpuéla doráda, a knight of the golden ſpur.

Caballéro de la meſnáda del rey, a knight of the royal company.

Caballéro de premio, a knight who has always a horſe and arms in readineſs at his own expence and charges.

Caballéro párdo, a new upſtart knight.

Armár a úno caballéro, to arm one a knight.

Metérſe a caballéro, to affect the dignity and office of a knight.

CABALLEROSAME'NTE, adv. nobly, generouſly, bravely.

CABALLERO'SO, adj. noble, generous, great, famous.

CABALLERO'TE, ſ. m. a ruſtick, rude, unpolished gentleman.

CABALLE'TA, ſ. f. an inſect like a locuſt.

CABALLE'TE, ſ. m. an inſtrument of torture made like a horſe.

Caballete de pintor, a painter's eaſel.

Caballete de imprenta, the gallows of a printer's preſs

CABALLI'CO, *COBALLILLO*, *COBALLI'TO*, } ſub. m. diminutive of *cabállo*.

CABA'LLO, ſ. m. a horſe.

Cabállos, horſe, cavalry.

Caballo, the queen at cards.

Caballo, a bubo in the groin.

Caballo de friſia, chevaux de friſe, calthrops.

Caballo marino, a ſea-horſe.

Caballos ligeros, light-horſe, troopers.

Huir a uña de caballo, to run full ſpeed.

Caballo aguado, a foundered horſe.

Caballo albardon, a pack-horſe.

Caballo amormado, a glandered horſe.

Caballo de axedréz, a knight at cheſs.

Caballo de caña, a hobby-horſe for a child.

Caballo de carro, a cart-horſe.

Caballo de buena boca, a horſe that has a good mouth.

Caballo deshocado, a hard-mouthed horſe.

Caballo de ſilla, a ſaddle-horſe.

Caballo enjaezádo, a horſe with all his furniture.

Caballo arroncinado, a worthleſs nag, a poor jade.

Caballo corredor, a fleet-horſe.

Caballo Moriſco, a barb.

Caballo garañon, a ſtallion.

Caballo Friſon, a great Flanders horſe.

Caballo entero, a ſtone-horſe.

Caballo caſtrado, a gelding.

Caballo que da del lomo, a trotting horſe.

Caballo tropezador, a ſtumbling horſe.

Caballo acerelo, a broken winded horſe.

Caballo de brida, a running horſe.

Caballo calzado, a horſe that has one white foot.

Caballo armiñado, a white horſe.

Caballo abatanado, a flea-bitten horſe.

Caballo hito, or *morcillo*, a black horſe.

Caballo quatralbo, a horſe that has four white feet.

Caballo picazo, a pied horſe.

Caballo hovero, a cream-coloured horſe.

Caballo rucio, a grey horſe.

Caballo rucio rodado, a dapple-grey horſe.

Caballo caſtaño, a cheſnut-coloured horſe.

Caballo bayo, a bay-horſe.
Caballo bayo caſtaño, a cheſnut-bay.
Caballo bayo obſcuro, a brown-bay.
Caballo bayo dorado, a yellow-dun.
Caballo alazán, a ſorrel-horſe.
Caballo de color morado, a flame-coloured horſe.
Caballo alazán toſtado, a burnt-ſorrel horſe.
CABALL'ON, ſ. m. a ridge between furrow and furrow.
CABALLU'NO, adj. belonging to horſes.
CABALME'NTE, adv. completely, juſtly.
CABA'LO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *CABALLO*.
CABA'ñA, ſ. f. cottage, cabbin, hut.
Cabaña de ganado, a drove of one hundred sheep, aſſes, &c.
CABAñE'RO, ſ. m. one that lives in a cottage.
CABAñIL, adj. belonging to a cottage.
CABAñUE'LA, ſ f. a little cottage, cabbin, or hut.
CABA'R, v. a. vide *CAVA'R*.
CABA'YA, ſ. f. a great cloak, or looſe coat.
CABDA'L, adj. capital, principal, chief.
CABDE'L, ſ. m. the ſtandard carried by him that has an hundred horſe of his own tenants or vaſſals.
CABDILLA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *ACANDILLAR*.
CABDI'LLO, ſ. m. vide *CAUDI'LLO*.
CA'BE, adv. near to, hard by.
CABECEA'R, v. n. to nod, to shake the head, to toſs it as ſome horſes do, and ſome women, that are ſo wanton they don't know how to carry themſelves.
Cabeceár, to bow, to give way.
CABECE'O, ſ. m. the nodding of the head.
CABECE'RA, ſ. f. the upper end of the table, bed, &c.
Ciudad cabecéra, the chief or metropolitan city of a kingdom.
CABECIANCHO, adj. large-headed, as a nail, &c.
CABECIJU'NTO, adj. joining, or laying heads together.
CABECI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cabéza*, a little head; alſo a giddy brain, a ſhallow brain.
CABEDE'RO, adj. that contains.
CABELLA'DO, adj. cheſnut-coloured.
CABELLADU'RA, ſ. f. a head of hair.
CABELLA'R, v. n. to have hair.
CABELLE'JO, ſ. m. ſhort hair.
CABELLE'RA, ſ. f. a periwig; alſo long hairs.
CABELLERICA, diminutive of *cabelléra*.
CABELLI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cabello*.
CABE'LLO, ſ. m. the hair.
Cabellos de angel, a preſerve made of carrots, which draws into fine threads like hairs.
Cabellos de carnéro, large ſinews in mutton, which, when much boiled, ſplit like hairs.
No fálta un cabéllo, there wants not a hair.
No mónta un cabéllo, it is not worth a hair.
Colgár de un cabéllo, to hang by a hair, to ſtand upon very ticklish circumſtances.
Llevár a úno de un cabéllo, to lead a man by a hair; that is, eaſily.
Hender un cabéllo, to ſplit a hair, to be very sharp in dealing, or preciſe in behaviour.
Andár en cabéllo, to go in one's hair; to go naked.
Tenér mas áños que cabéllos, to have more years than hairs; that is, to be very old and bald.
Traér un téxto ò úna citacion por los cabellos, to ſtrain or force a text or quotation to our ſenſe.
Arrancárſe los cabéllos, to tear one's hair.
CABELLO'SO, *CABELLU'DO*, adj. thick or full of hair, hairy.
CABE'R, v. n. to be contained in another thing, to be fit or capable to be contained.
No cabér en ſi de gózo, not to be able to contain one's ſelf for joy.
Ne cábe en ſu cáſa quándo eſtá enojádo, the houſe is too little to hold him when he is angry.
Cabérle à úno en ſuérte, to fall to one's lot.
Cabérle por túrno, to fall to one's turn.
No cabér una partída, in arithmetic, the diviſor is greater than the dividend.
CABE'RNA, ſ. f. vide *CAVE'RNA*.
CABE'RO, ſ. m. the leaſt, the utmoſt.
CABESTRA'GE, ſ. m. heltering.
CABESTRA'NTE, ſ. m. the capſtan with which they weigh the anchor.
CABESTREA'R, v. n. to halter a beaſt; alſo to hunt with an ox going before and accuſtomed to it.
CABESTRERI'A, ſ. f. the ſhop where halters are ſold.
CABESTRE'RO, ſ. m. rope-maker, halter-maker.
CABESTRI'LLO, ſ. m. a little halter; alſo a blood-hound, or other creature, that finds out game to hunt; alſo a ſcarf to hang a ſore arm in. The ladies in Spain wear ribbons, or gold chains, or ſtrings of pearls hanging before, which they call by this name; as we call the ribbons they wear hanging in England, bridles.
CABE'STRO, ſ. m. a halter for a beaſt; the bell-weather that leads the flock.
Llevár a úno del cabéſtro, to guide and govern a man, as a beaſt is led by a halter; to lead a man by the noſe.
CABE'ZA, ſ. f. the head.
Cabéza de pérro, a dog's head.
Cabéza de ternéro, the herb called calve's ſnout, or ſnap-dragon.
Cabeza de procéſſo, *ò teſtamento*, the beginning of a proceſs, or will.
Cabézá de júnta, the chief man in an aſſembly.
Cabéza de linage, the chief of a family.
Cabéza de vándo, the head of a faction
Cabéza de ólla, the head of a pot; that is, either the beſt in the pot, or the maſter of the houſe.
Cabéza de ájo, a head of garlick.
Cabéza de ganádo, a head of cattle.
Quebradéro de cabéza, a troubleſome, importunate prating or talking.
Dar de cabéza, to fall upon one's head.

Repartir por cabéza, to share out by the head.

Ponérſe le en la cabéza, to be perſuaded to a thing, to conceit, to have it in one's head.

Dar con la cabéza por las paredes, to beat one's head about the wall; to carry on an affair rashly to one's own loſs.

No tiéne piés ni cabéza, it has neither head nor tail.

De pies a cabéza, from head to foot.

A punta y cabéza, a play among children ſo called.

Echár de cabéza, to throw head-long.

Echár de cabéza vides u otras plántas, to bow down the branches of vines or other plants, and ſtick them in the ground till they have taken root.

Tomár de cabéza, to learn by heart.

Menéar la cabéza, to shake the head either in ſcorn or compaſſion.

Alzár cabéza, to lift up one's head; to mend one's fortune, to grow into a better condition.

Bolvér cabéza, to turn one's head off, or to turn to, to aſſiſt, or to forſake.

No me bolvió la cabéza, he would not ſo much as look at me.

Torcér la cabéza al áve, to wring a fowl's neck.

Reclinár la cabéza, to bow one's head, to reſt it.

No téngo lugár de raſcárme la cabéza, have not time to ſcratch my head.

Paſſóle por la cabéza, he fancied it.

Paſſóle por la cabéza, he fancied it.

Ponér a cortár la cabéza, to pawn one's head upon a thing.

Hacér de una cóſa cabéza de lóbo, to make a wolf's head of a thing; that is, to make the moſt of it, as men do that have killed a wolf, and carry the head about to the villages to get a reward for it.

CABEZA'DA. ſ. f. a blow with the head; the head-ſtall of a beaſt; the foot-leather of a boot; a nod when one is aſleep.

CABEZ'AL, ſ. m. a pillow, a bolſter, a narrow quilt; a broad bench like a couch.

CABEZALE'JO, ſ. m. a little couch.

CABEZADE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. he that is at the dying man's bed; an executor.

CABEZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. nodding: alſo counting of heads.

CABE'ZO, ſ. m. a hillock; the top of a mountain.

CABEZO'N, ſ. m. the neck-band of a ſhirt; the collar of a garment; a great head; a head-ſtall to tame colts; halter.

Llevár a úno de los cabézones, to drag one away by the collar.

Entrár por la bóca mánga y ſalir por el cabezón, to enter at the ſleeve, and go out at the neck-band; an old ceremony to adopt a ſon, when a woman took a wide ſmock, and putting the child's head through one of the ſleeves, brought it out at the neckband, and then owned him her ſon; thence metaph. to intrude.

CABEZU'DO, adj. head-ſtrong, obſtinate.

CABEZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little head; alſo a little bud.

CABEZCA'NA, adj. when applied to *cornéja* it means the winter-crow, called by ſome the Royſton-crow, whoſe back and belly are of a dark aſh colour.

CABIA'L, ſ. m. ſpawn of fiſhes that is eaten ſalted.

CABI'DA, ſ. f. admittance, reception, entertainment, room.

Tenér cabida con úna perſona, to have acceſs or an intereſt with ſuch a perſon.

CABI'DO, adj. contained.

CABILDA'DA, ſ. f. ſentence or judgment given by a chapter.

CABI'LDO, ſ. m. a chapter of a church, alſo common-council or the court of a town.

CABI'LLO, ſ. m. a little end.

CABIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *CABIDA*.

CABI'TO, ſ. m. the extremity or end of any thing.

CABIZBAXA'R, v. n. to hang down the head.

CABIZBA'XO, adj. hanging down the head, ſorrowful, melancholy, full of grief.

CABIZTUERTO, adj. turning the head down; an hypocrite.

CA'BLE, ſ. m. a cable, a rope for a ſhip to ride at an anchor.

CA'BO, ſ. m. the end, the concluſion; a cape, a head-land.

Cábo de eſquádra, a corporal.

Cábo de cuchíllo, a knife-haft.

Cábo de vela, a candle's end.

Cábo de año, an anniverſary.

Cábo de agujéta, a tag.

Eſtár al cábo, to be at the laſt gaſp.

Eſtár el cábo del cuénto, to underſtand the matter thoroughly.

Llevár las cóſas al cábo, to go through ſtitch with things.

Tenér una matéria tántos cábos, is to have ſo many ſeveral propoſitions.

Mugér hermóſa por el cábo, a moſt beautiful woman.

Echárlo a un cábo, to lay it aſide.

Proſeguir háſta el cábo, to hold on till the end.

Viſitár el járro háſta ver el cábo, to toſs the pot till one ſees the bottom.

Dar cábo, (a ſea-phraſe) to throw a rope for another to take hold of.

Cábos de laborár, (a ſea-term) all the cordage belonging to a ſhip.

CABORA'L, ſ. m. a captain, leader, or general.

CA'BRA, ſ. f. a she goat; alſo the fiſh called a gurnet; alſo three poles ſet up joining at the top and forming a triangle at the bottom to weigh things.

Cábra montéz, a wild goat.

GABRAHIGA'L, ſ. m. the place where the wild figs grow.

CABRAHIGA'R, v. a. to hang the wild figs on a female wild fig-tree, that it may produce the next figs ſweet.

CABRAHI'GO, ſ. m. a wil fig-tree, or fig.

CABRA'S SALTA'NTES, a ſort of exhalations, which taking fire, go as it were skipping in the air like goats.

CABRE'JA, ſ. f. an engine made to throw ſtones of a great ſize.

CABRERIZO, } ſ. m. a goat-herd.
CABE'RO, }

CABRESTA'NTE, ſ. m. vide *CABESTRA'NTE*.

CA'BRIA, ſ. f. the axle-tree of a cart, coach, &c. alſo an engine to raiſe up cannon, &c.

CABRIA'L, ſ. m. a rafter or quarter of wood ſet up an end to ſupport or hold up any thing.
CABRI'LLA, ſ. f. a little goat; alſo a ſort of fish.
Cabrillas, ſ. f. pl. the conſtellation called the Seven Stars or the Pleiades.
CABRI'O, adj. vide *CABRI'AL.*
CABRIO'LA, ſ. f. a caper, a skip.
CABRIOLA'R, v. a to caper, to skip.
CABRIO'LO, ſ. m. vide *CABRI'TO.*
CABRI'TA, ſ. f. a she kid; alſo kids leather.
CABRITE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who dreſſes the skins of kids, alſo one who ſells kids.
CABRITI'LLA, ſ. f. kid's skin.
CABRITI'CO, *CABRITI'LLO*, } ſ. m. a little kid.
CABRI'TO, ſ. m. a kid.
CABRITU'NO, adj. of or belonging to a kid.
CABRO'N, ſ. m. a he goat; a patient cuckold; a pimp to his own wife.
CABRONA'DA, ſ. f. the infamous proſtitution that a man makes of his own wife.
CABRONA'ZO, ſ. m. augm. of *cabrón.*
CABRONCI'LLO, *CABRONZUELO*, } ſ. m. diminutives of *cabron*, a punny cuckold, a little dirty cuckold.
CABRONZILLO montés, a wild he goat; alſo a roebuck; alſo an herb ſo called.
CABRU'NA, ſ. f. a goat-skin.
CABRU'NO, adj. goatish, rank.
CABSA, ſ. f. obſ. a cauſe, a reaſon, a motive.
CABUCA'DO, adj. belonging to the pommel of a ſaddle.
CABULLE'RO, ſ. m. a barren piece of ground.
CABUXON, ſ. m. a ſtone cut tapering.
CABU'YA, ſ. f. a rope made of Indian thread.

C A C

CA'CA, ſ. f. odure, filth, dirt.
CACALI'A, ſ. f. a lily of the vallies.

CACA'O, ſ. m. the nut whereof chocolate is made.
CACAOTA'L, ſ. m. the place where te *cacáo* plants are ſown.
CACARRADO'R, ſ. m. f. one who cackles like a hen; alſo a tell-tale, a tatler.
CACAREAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a cackling.
CACAREA'R, v. a. to cackle, like a hen.
Cacaréar, y no ponér huévo, to cackle and lay no egg; to boaſt much and do little; to promiſe and not perform.
CACARE'O, ſ. m. a cackling.
CACE'RA, ſ. f. ditches or trenches dug for the water to flow.
CACERI'A, ſ. f. a view or proſpect of an hunting match; alſo the noiſe made at that time, and the hunting feaſt itſelf.
CACE'TA, ſ. f. a kind of veſſel to receive homely things in, a tray, a ladle for a pot.
CA'CHA, ſ. f. the hilt of a ſword or knife.
CACHA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given with any thing that is broken.
CACHALA'CA, ſ. f. a fowl ſo called.
CACHA'R, v. a. to crush, to bruiſe flat or to pieces.
CACHA'RRO, ſ. m. any piece of earthen ware.
CACHA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſlow and eaſy manner of tranſacting buſineſs, dulneſs, heavineſs.
CACHEA'R, v. a. vide *CACHA'R.*
Ropa cachéra, a coarſe ſort of blanket.
CACHE'TA, ſ. f. teeth made in a lock, that shut into one another.
CACHE'TE, ſ. m. a cuff on the ear.
CACHETEA'DO, adj. cuffed, boxed.
CACHETE'RO, ſ. m. a short broad knife, ſuch as butchers uſe.
CACHETO'N, ſ. m. a cuff or box on the ear.
CACHETU'DO, adj. one that has great cheeks.
CACHICA'N, ſ. m. one who is ſet over others to inſpect into their work, an intendant, or overſeer.

CACHICUERNO, adj. horn-hanfted.
CACHIDIA'BLO, ſ. m. an hobgoblin, or Robin Goodfellow; alſo a man of bad inclinations.
CACHIGO'RDETE, ſ. m. a short ſquat ma.
CACHIPO'RRA, ſ. f. a club, a cudgel.
CACHIVA'CHE, ſ. m. a man who is good for nothing, a deſpicable fellow.
Cachiváches, ſ. m. pl. old broken trumperies that lie about in corners and are of little uſe.
CACHI'ZO, ſ. m. a rafter, a beam to hold up or ſupport any thing.
CA'CHO, *CACHO'N*, } ſ. m. a piece, a lump.
CACHO'NDA, adj. that is proud, ſaid of a bitch.
CACHO'NDAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of breeches made fine for show.
CACHONDE'Z, ſ. m. the pride, or luſt of a bitch.
CACHOPI'N, ſ. m. a name by which the Indians of Mexico call an European.
CACHOPINI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cachopin*, one newly come into the world.
CACHO'PO, ſ. m. a deep place in the ſea between rocks.
Cachópo, ſ. m. the trunk of a tree that is dry.
CACHORRI'CO, *CACHO'RRITO*, } ſ. m. a little whelp.
CACHO'RRO, ſ. m. a whelp; alſo a chub-child; adjectively uſed, bowed or bent.
CACHUCHE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, the thief who ſteals gold in ſpecie.
CACHU'CHOS, ſ. m. pl. ſmall bags full of musket-bullets or old broken iron, to charge great guns with; in cant, it is gold, and the thief who ſteals it.
CACHUE'LAS, ſ. f. pl. among ſportſmen ſignifies the heart, kidneys, and liver of a rabbit.
CACHULE'RA, ſ. f. a den or cave under ground.
CACHU'MBO, ſ. m. a kind of cocoanut-tree.
CACHU'NDE, ſ. f. a compoſition of civet and amber, a fine perfume.

CACHUPI'N, ſ. m. the Spaniard that goes to the Weſt Indies and ſettles there.
CACI'A, ſ. f. a ſweet ſhrub bearing ſpice like cinnamon.
CACICA'ZGO, ſ. m. the dignity or authority the petty princes of the Indians are inveſted with.
CACIMBA'S, ſ. f. pl. buckets uſed on board ſhips.
CACIQUE, ſ. m. ſo the Indians call their petty princes.
CACO, ſ. m. a man eaſily made afraid, a coward.
CACOCHI'MIA, ſ. f. ill digeſtion.
CACOCHI'MICO, adj. belonging to ill digeſtion.
CACOCHI'MIO, ſ. m. the perſon who has an ill digeſtion.
CACO'DEMON, ſ. m. an evil ſpirit.
CACO'PHATON, ſ. m. an impudent bold way of talking.
CACOPHONI'A, ſ. f. a diſagreeable ſound made by the repetition of words.
CACOSY'NTHETON, ſ. m. a vicious compoſition.
CACU'MEN, ſ. m. the top of any hill, &c.
CACUMINA'DO, adj. elevated, raiſed up to the top.

C A D

CA'DA, adj. every.
Cáda véz, every time.
Cáda dia, every day.
Cáda úno, every one.
Cáda dos ò cáda trés dias, every two or three days.
Cáda y quándo, whenſoever.
Cáda qual, every one.
CADAFA'LSO, *CADAHA'LSO*, ſ. m. a ſcaffold. In architecture, it is the firſt part of the wall above the foundation.
CADALL'CHO, ſ. m. a bier, a coffin; a thing like a horſe-litter to carry ſick perſons in; alſo a couch, and the ſide of a bed.
CADALSO, ſ. m. vide *CADAHA'LSO*.
CADAÑE'RO, adj. of every year, yearly.
CADAÑE'RA, ſ. f. a female that breeds every year.
CADA'RZO, ſ. m. coarſe ſilk, the combings of the fine.
CADA'VER, ſ. m. a dead body.
CADAVE'RICO, adj. belonging to a dead body.
CADE'JO, ſ. m. the portion of ſilk that is fit to be weaved.
CADE'NA, ſ. f. a chain.
Cadéna, a priſon.
Cadéna de galeótes, a chain that galley-ſlaves were fixed to.
CADE'NCIA, ſ. f. a cadence in muſick.
CADENCIO'SO, adj. belonging to a cadence in muſick.
CADENE'TA, ſ. f. a fine ſort of needle-work like lace.
CADENI'LLA, ſ. f. a little chain.
CADE'NTE, adj. ready to fall.
CADE'RA, ſ. f. the hip; a chair.
Hacér cadéras, to dreſs out ſo as to appear bigger than what you are.
CADE'TE, ſ. m. a cadet, or one who enliſts himſelf a ſoldier without receiving any pay, in expectation of preferment.
CADIE'LLO, ſ. m. a dog.
CADILLA'R, ſ. m. weeds and tares among the corn.
CADI'LLO, ſ. m. the ſhagged end of any thing that is wove; alſo a ſort of knotty weed that grows among corn.
CADI'RA, ſ. f. an elbow-chair.
CADI'Z, ſ. m. a ſort of coarſe linen, ſometimes made of wool.
CA'DMIA, ſ. f. a mineral ſtone formed in making of braſs.
CADO'ZO, ſ. m. a deep place or hole in a river or lake.
CADUCAME'NTE, adv. ſlowly, doatingly.
CADUCAR, v. n. to dote, to rave.
CADUCEADOR, ſ. m. a perſon who proclaimed peace with a white wand in his hand.
CADUCE'O, ſ. m. a white wand with two ſerpents, carried by meſſengers in token of peace.
CADUCIDA'D, ſ. f. in law, a neglect of the conditions on which an intail was held.
CADU'CO, adj. doating; alſo weak, frail, perishable.
Mal caduco, the falling ſickneſs, epilepſy.
CADUQUE'Z, ſ. f. the infirmity, frailty, or weakneſs of age.

C A E

CAEDIZO, adj. ruinous, ready to fall; fallen.
CAE'R, v. n. to fall.
Caér lánzas del ciélo, to rain or hail violently.
Caér en el rástro, to light upon the track.
Caé el ſol, the ſun is ſetting.
Caér de gólpe, to fall all at once.
Caér al ſeñuélo, *to come to the lure.*
Caér de la memória, to forget.
Caér enférmo, to fall ſick.
Caér de ſu búrra, to fall from his aſs; that is, to be beaten out of an error.
No caér en las cósas, not to conceive or comprehend things.
Caér en el garlito, *en la red*, *en el lázo*, to fall into the ſnare.
Caér en la cuénta, to perceive the miſtake, to bethink one's ſelf, to conceive.
Car en comiſo, (a law-term) to fall with in the reach of the law.
Caér cómo móſcas, to drop like flies, when a diſtemper rages, or many men are killed in the fight.
Caérſe, v. r. to fall down.
Caér de báxo de úna cóſa, to be upon an equal footing with another.

C A F

CAFARE'O, ſ. m. a deep gulf, an unfathomable part of the ſea.
CAFE', ſ. m. coffee, a berry ſo called.
CAFETA'N, ſ. f. a ſort of cloaths worn by the Moors.
CAFETE'RA, ſ. f. a coffee-pot.
CA'FILA, ſ. f. a caravan of travellers; alſo a fleet of merchants trading at ſet times to any certain place.
Cáfila, a company of people without order.

C A G

CAGACHI'N, ſ. m. a fly ſo called.
CAGADO'R, a fiſh called a ſeahare.
CAGAJO'N, ſ. m. dung of beaſts.

CAGAME'LO, ſ. m. a ſort of mushroom ſo called.
CAGA'R, v. n. to evacuate.
CAGARRA'CHE, ſ. m. a kind of a thrush; alſo the man who works in the oil-mills.
CAGARRUCHA, *CAGARUTA*, } ſ. f. goats or sheeps dung; any ſmall bits of any thing.
CAGETI'N, ſ. m. a little box, that in which printers put types.
CAGO'N, ſ. m. a coward.

C A H

CAHI'Z, ſ. m. a meaſure of corn ſo called.
CAHIZA'DA, ſ. f. as much land as may be ſown with a *cahiz* of wheat.
CAHUE'RCO, ſ. m. obſ. ſepulchre, grave.

C A I

CAI'DA, ſ. f. a fall; alſo the depth of hangings, cloaths, &c.
Caida, metaph. the ſudden fall from a good condition to a bad one.
CAIMA'N, ſ. m. an amphibious creature like a crocodile.
Caimán, adj. cunning, ſubtle, ſly.
CAIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. lowneſs of ſtrength, dulneſs of ſpirits.
CAI'QUE, ſ. m. a little boat or skiff.
CA'IRA, ſ. f. *CA'IRE*, ſ. m. } money ill gotten.
CAIRE'L, ſ. m. a periwig made in imitation of a head of hair; alſo a ſort of fringes.
Cairél, the black dirt under the nails.
CAIRELA'R, v. a. to adorn the edges of a garment with lace or fringe.
CAI'RO, adj. belonging to a Turkey or Guinea hen.
CAIRO'N, ſ. m. vide *CAIRA*.

C A L

CAL, ſ. f. path.
Cál, ſ. f. lime.
Cal viva, unſlacked lime.
Obra de cal y cánto, ſubſtantial work of lime and ſtone.
CA'LA, ſ. f. in cant, a hole.
Cála, ſ. f. a ſuppoſitor; a ſurgeon's probe; a ſearch; a creek in the ſea; a ſcyon or graft for a tree.
Cála y cála, a ſearch.
CALABACERI'A, ſ. f. levity, vanity, pride.
CALABACE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who ſells pumpkins; in cant, the thief who ſteals with a hook.
CALABACI'CA, *CALABACI'LLA*, } ſ. f. diminutive of *calabaza*.
CALABA'ZA, ſ. f. a gourd, a pompion, a calabash.
Mas calabázas, more calabashes; ſaid when one talks no to the purpoſe.
Echár á úno calabáza, to throw to a man a calabash; to diſappoint him of his expectation.
Cáſcos de calabáza, calabash-skull; that is, rattle-headed, empty skull.
CALABAZA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with the head againſt the wall.
CALABAZA'TE, ſ. m. a kind of conſerve made with the rinds of gourds.
CALABAZO'NA, ſ. f. winter pumpkins.
CALABE'RA, ſ. f. vide *CALAVE'RA*.
CALABO'BOS, ſ. m. a little rain.
CALABOZA'GE, ſ. m. goal-fees paid by priſoners.
CALABO'ZO, ſ. m. a dungeon; the bilboes; alſo a pruning-knife, and a kind of fish ſo called.
CALA'BRE, ſ. m. rank ſmell, offenſive ſmell.
CALABRIA'DA, ſ. f. a mixture of wines, eſpecially red and white.
CALABRO'TE, ſ. m. a hawſer, a little cable.
CALACA'NTO, ſ. m. a kind of an herb which kills fleas and mice.
CALA'DA, ſ. f. the flight of a hawk purſuing his prey.
CALA'DO, adj. ſink through.
Caládo el ſombréro, the hat ſet down cloſe upon the head and cocked.
CALADO'R, ſ. m. any tool to probe or to thruſt into any thing to ſearch it.
CALAFA'TE, *CALAFETEADO'R*, } ſ. m. a calker.
CALAFETEA'R, v. n. to calk; that is, to drive oakum into the ſeems of ships to keep out the water.
CALAFETERI'A, ſ. f. the calking of ships.
CALAFRA'GA, ſ. f. a kind of ſaxifrage, hart's tongue.
CALAGO'ZO, ſ. m. a large pruning-hook; alſo a countryman's bill to cut wood.
CALAGRA'ñA, ſ. f. a kind of grape.
CALAHO'RRA, ſ. f. a ſtorehouſe where proviſion is laid up in time of war or famine.
CALAI'NOS, ſ. m. a fictitious name given to any one in love.
CALAMA'CO, ſ. m. calamanco, a woollen ſtuff ſo called.
CALAMA'R, ſ. m. the cuttle-fish; alſo an inkhorn.
CALAMARE'JO, ſ. m. a fish called a calamary.
CALA'MBRE, ſ. m. the cramp.
CALAMBU'CO, ſ. m. a valuable ſort of wood brought from the Weſt-Indies, whereof they make beads.
CALAME'NTO, ſ. m. the herb catmint.
CALAMIDA'D, ſ. f. calamity.
CALAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſearching or prying into.
CALAMINA, ſ. f. the calamine-ſtone.
CALAMI'TA, ſ. f. the load-ſtone.
CALAMITO'SO, adj. calamitous, unhappy, miſerable, wretched.
CA'LAMO, ſ. m. a pen, a reed.
Calamo currente, adv. in haſte.
CALAMOCA'NO, adj. hot with wine.
CALAMO'CO, ſ. m. icicle.
CALAMO'N, ſ. m. a large bird like a heron; a round-headed nail.
CALAMO'RRA, ſ. f. in cant, the head.
CALAMORRA'DA, ſ. f. a nod with the head.

CALA'NDRA, ſ. f. calender, a preſs for preſſing of cloth.
CALANDRA'JO, ſ. m. old rag; alſo a ridiculous man.
CALA'NDRIA, ſ. f. a lark.
Calándria, in cant, a cryer.
Calándriâ de aguádor, one that ſings very bad.
Canta como una calándria, he ſings like a lark.
CALA'ñA, ſ. f. ſimilitude or likeneſs of one thing to another.
CALA'NIS, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.
CALA'R, adj. belonging to lime.
Calár, v. a. to ſearch, to pierce through, to ſoak through; alſo to ſtrike ſail.
Calár, to underſtand, to comprehend any thing.
Calárſe, v. r. to deſcend.
Calárſe, in cant, to go into a houſe to rob.
Calár el ſombréro, to preſs the hat on the head and cock it.
Calár el melón, to cut a bit out of the melon to taſte it.
Calár a úno ta condición, to dive into a man's diſpoſition.
Calár tántos piés, to draw ſo many feet water; ſaid of a ship.
Calár el can del arcabúz, to cock the musket.
CALAVE'RA, ſ. f. a skull.
Cara de calavéra, an ugly flat-noſed face.
CALAVERA'R, v. a. to cut the noſe off.
CALAVEREA'R, v. n. to become like a dead body.
CALAVERI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *calavéra*.
CALAVE'RNA, ſ. f. vide *CALAVE'RA*.
CA'LCA, ſ. f. in cant, road, way, path.
CA'LCAS, ſ. f. pl. in cant, the footſteps.
CALCAñA'L, *CALCAñA'R*, *CALCAñO*, ſ. m. the heel.
CALCA'R, v. a. to tread under foot, to trample, to kick; alſo to preſs, or thruſt together. In cant, to put irons on the legs.
CALCATRI'FE, ſ. m. a porter.
CALCEDO'NIA, ſ. f. a precious ſtone called a chalcedony.

CALCE'TA, ſ. f. under-ſtocking of thread or cotton.
CALCETERI'A, ſ. f. the place where ſtockings are made; alſo a ſtocking-ſhop.
CALCETE'RO, ſ. m. a hoſier.
Cálcetéro, ſ. m. in cant, the perſon who puts the fetters on the priſoners.
CALCETO'N, ſ. m. a white ſtocking worn under boots.
CALCI'L, ſ. m. a bright grey colour.
CALCI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cálça*.
CALCI'NA, ſ. f. a mixture of lime and other ingredients.
CALCINACIO'N, ſ. f. calcination.
CALCINA'R, v. a. to calcine.
CALCI'TIDE, ſ. f. a mineral ſtone ſo called.
CALCORREA'R, v. a. in cant, to run; alſo to anger.
CALCO'RROS, ſ. m. pl. in cant, the ſhoes.
CALCULACI'ON, ſ. f. a calculation.
CALCULADO'R, ſ. m. numberer, calculator, computer.
CALCULA'R, v. a. to calculate.
CA'LCULO, ſ. m. calculation.
CA'LDA, ſ. f. the degree of heat of any thing.
Caldas, pl. a hot-bath, the warm water to bathe in.
CALDA'ICA, ſ. f. a ſtone like the topaz.
CALDA'RIA, adj. a ſort of ordeal formerly in uſe by making the criminal put his hand into boiling water.
CALDEA'R, v. a. to make iron hot; to inflame.
CALDE'RA, ſ. f. kettle, cauldron; a ſunk battery for mortars.
La caldéra de Péro Botéro, Peter Botero's kettle. It ſignifies hell.
CALDERA'DA, ſ. f. a kettle full.
CALDERERI'A, ſ. f. a brazier's ſhop, the braziers ſtreet.
CALDERE'RO, ſ. m. a brazier; a tinker.
CALDERE'TA, *CALDERI'LLA*, ſ. f. a little kettle; alſo a ragou made with fish.
CALDE'RO, ſ. m. a kettle; generally uſed for the braſs bucket to draw water out of a well; a great broth eater.

CALDERO'N, ſ. m. a great kettle.
CALDERUE'LA, ſ. f. a little kettle.
CALDIBA'LDO, ſ. m. poor thin broth.
CALDI'LLO, ſ. m. ſmall broth.
CA'LDO, ſ. m. broth.
Cáldo esforçádo, ſtrong broth.
Cáldo de vino, burnt wine.
Cáldo de altramúz, lupin broth.
CALDU'CHO, ſ. m. bad broth.
CALEFACTO'RIO, ſ. m. a fireplace.
CALE'NDAS, ſ. f. the kalends, the firſt day of the month.
Noche de la calénda, the eve.
CALENDA'RIO, ſ. m. a kalendar, an almanack.
CALENTADO'R, ſ. m. a heater, any thing that heats.
Caléntador de cáma, a warming-pan.
CALENTADU'RA, ſ. f. *CALENTAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. a heating.
CALENTA'R, v. a. to warm, to heat.
Calentárſe la bóca a úno, his mouth grows warm; we ſay, he grows warm, when he grows eager, and talks earneſtly.
CALE'NTE, adj hot, warm. Poetical for *caliente*.
CALENTO'N, ſ. m. a ſudden or quick heat.
CALENTU'RA, ſ. f. heat, warmth; a fever, an ague.
Calentúra quotidiána, a quotidian, or daily ague.
Calentúra terciána ò quartána, a tertian or quartan ague.
Calentúra continua, a fever.
CALENTURIE'NTO, adj. ſick of a fever or ague.
CALENTURILLA, ſ. f. a lettle fever or ague.
CALENTURO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *calentúra*, a great fever.
CALENTURO'SO, adj. ſick of a fever or ague.
CALE'RA, ſ. f. a lime-kiln.
CALE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes lime.
CALE'SA, ſ. f. a calash to ride in.
CALESERO, ſ. m. the driver of a calash.
CALESI'N, ſ. m. a kind of chariot.

CALE'TA, ſ. f. a ſuppoſitor; alſo a little creek in the ſea; a pick-pocket.

CALETE'RO, ſ. m. a thief's companion.

CALE'TRE, ſ. m. a cant word, the noddle.

CALFATEA'R, v. a. vide *CALAFETEA'R*.

CALI, ſ. m. vide *ALCALI'*.

CALI'BO, *CALIBRE*, } ſ. m. an inſtrument to meaſure the bigneſs of a bullet; alſo the weight of a bullet.

Calibre de cañon, the diameter of the mouth of a gun.

CALI'CHE, ſ. m. gravel mixed with brick.

CALIDA'D, ſ. f. quality, property, accident; alſo goodneſs, and rank; ſuperiority of birth; condition.

Calidádes, pl. the laws of play.

De calidád, adv. ſo that, upon condition that.

Dinéros ſon calidád, money can do any thing.

CALIDE'Z, ſ. f. heat.

CA'LIDO, adj. hot.

CALIE'NTE, adj. warm, or hot.

A ſangre caliénte, upon the ſpot, directly.

Hiérro caliénte, hot iron.

Tenér la ſángre caliénte, to be hot by the heat of the blood.

Eſtár caliénte la béſtia, is for a beaſt to be in luſt.

CALIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. the exact judgment or cenſure of any thing or perſon.

Calificación, an argument, a reaſon, a proof.

CALIFICADOR, adj. qualifying, approving.

Calificador del ſanto oficio, an able and learned perſon named by the inquiſition to examine the books.

CALIFICA'R, v. a. to qualify, to declare good or bad; to aſſure; to make noble.

Calificár propoſiciónes, to decide whether propoſitions are orthodox or erroneous.

Calificárſe, v. r. to make one's ſelf reputable or noble.

CA'LIGA, ſ. f. ſpatterdash, buskin, cover for the leg ſet full of nails uſed by ſoldiers.

CALI'GINE, *CALIGINIDAD*, } ſ. f. darkneſs.

CALIGINO'SO, adj. dusk, dark, miſty, cloudy; alſo difficult, not eaſy to be underſtood.

CALI'GO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *CALI'GINE*.

CALI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſuppoſitor; alſo a creek.

CALI'NA, ſ. f. a thick ſultry air, riſing like a fog in hot weather, which attends the heat; alſo ſand and lime made into mortar.

CALI'PHA, ſ. m. a caliph; the title of the ſucceſſors of Mahomet, in the ſovereignty.

CALI'PEDES, ſ. m. a little animal ſo called.

CALI'XTO, ſ. m. a conſtellation called the Great Bear.

CA'LIZ, ſ. m. a chalice, ſuch as the prieſt uſes at maſs; the mouth of an aqueduct at which the water runs out.

CALI'ZO, adj. belonging to lime.

CALLA'DA, adv. ſecretly, without noiſe.

CALLADAME'NTE, adv. ſilently, ſtilly, ſecretly, quietly, privately.

CALLA'DO, adj. ſecret, not ſpoken of, concealed.

CALLADO'R, ſ. m. a man of few words, a ſilent perſon.

CALLANDI'CO, adv. ſilently, quietly, ſtilly, ſecretly.

CALLANDRI'Z, ſ. f. a ſilent woman.

CALLA'NTES, ſ. m. pl. obſ. the dead.

CALLA'R, v. n. to be ſilent, to hold one's peace, to keep ſecret.

Prov. *Al buén callár lláman ſánto*, good ſilence is called holineſs; that is, to be moderate in talk is a ſign of virtue.

Quien cálla otórga, ſilence grants conſent.

Cállad que teneis porqué, you have reaſon to hold your peace.

Callárſe, v. r. to be ſilent.

Cállate y callémos, que ſendas nos tenémos, let us both be quiet, for we have both our own; that is, we have both got as good as we brought.

CALLARES, ſ. m. pl. things or blows given to children that they may hold their tongue.

CA'LLE, ſ. f. a ſtreet; a path; an alley; a walk in a garden.

Echár un negócio en la cálle, to publish a buſineſs that ought to have been ſecret.

Deſempedrár la cálle, to unpave the ſtreet; metaph. to gallop horſes along the ſtreet.

Azotár cálles, to ramble about the ſtreets.

Bóca de cálle, the hend of a ſtreet.

Alborotár la cálle, to make an uproar, or noiſe, to diſturb the neighbourhood.

Por las cálles ſe dice, it is a common town talk.

CALLECE'R, v. n. to harden, to grow hard.

CALLEJI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *calle*.

CALLE'JA, ſ. f. a narrow ſtreet or lane.

Calléja, in cant, running away from juſtice.

CALLEJA'R, v. a. in cant, to eſcape from juſtice.

Callejeár, v. a. to gad about the ſtreets.

CALLEJE'RO, ſ. m. a man that is always gadding in the ſtreet.

CALLEJO'N, ſ. m. *CALLEJUE'LA*, ſ. f. } a lane, an alley.

CA'LLO, ſ. m. a corn, or the hard skin growing ou labourers hands.

Hazér cállos en el trabájo, to be inured to labour.

Hazér cállos en el vicio, to be hardened in vice.

Cállo de herradúra, a piece of an old broken horſeshoe.

Cállos de váca, tripes.

CALLOSIDA'D, ſ. f. the hardneſs of a corn.

COLLO'SO, adj. full of corns, hardskinned.

CA'LMA, ſ. f. a calm, ſtill weather.

Prov. *Gran cálma ſeñál de água*, a great calm is a ſign of rain.

Calmas, an uncultivated piece of ground without any tree or ſhrub.

CALMA'R, v. n. to calm, to grow calm.
CALMAI'A, ſ. f. a calm.
CALMO'SO, adj. belonging to a calm; peaceable, quiet, eaſy.
CALNA'DO, ſ. m. vide *CANA'DO*.
CALOFRIA'DO, adj. chilly, cold.
CALOFRI'O, ſ. m. a fit of a fever hot and cold.
CALOFRIO'SO, adj. one ſubject to ague fits.
CALOMAR, ſ. m. the ſong or cry of ſailors when they hale a rope all together.
CALO'N, ſ. m. a thing that pierces or ſinks through.
CALO'NA, ſ. f. a meaſure of half an *arróba*.
CALONAR, v. a. to ſlander, calumniate, revile.
CALO'NDRIGO, ſ. m. vide *CANONIGO*.
CALONDRO'N, ſ. m. hot pottage.
CALO'NGE, ſ. m. a canon of a church.
CALONGI'A, ſ. f. a canonſhip of a church.
CALO'NIA, *CALO'ñA*, ſ. f. obſ. calumny, ſlander.
CALOñAR, v. a. vide *CALUMNIAR*.
CALOñOSAME'NTE, adv. reproachfully, diſgracefully.
CALO'R, ſ. m. heat, warmth.
Calor, the ſtrength, power, or natural heat of the mind or body.
CALO'ROSO, adj. hot, earneſt, warm.
CALO'SO, ſ. m. a metal brought from the Weſt-Indies.
CALOSTRO, ſ. m. the firſt milk in the breaſts or dugs, after a birth; the beeſtings.
CALO'TO, ſ. m. a piece of a particular metal imported from America.
CALPIZQUE, ſ. m. the cant word for a catchpole.
Calpizque, a gatherer of rents, a ſteward.
CALTHRA, ſ. f. obſ. a marigold; alſo a ſort of autumn violet.
CALUMBRIE'NTO, adj. mouldy or ruſty.
CALU'MNIA, ſ. f. calumny, ſlander, falſe accuſation.
Juraménto de calúmnia, (a law-term) being the oath the plantiff takes, that he does not bring his ſuit out of malice.
CALUMNIADO'R, ſ. m. a ſlanderer.
CALUMNIA'R, v. a. to ſlander.
CALUMNIOSAME'NTE, adv. falſely, ſlanderouſly.
CALUMNIO'SO, adj. ſlanderous, deceitful, falſe, and unjuſt.
CALU'ñA, ſ. f. vide *CALUMNIA*.
CALUñA'R, v. a. vide *CALUMNIA'R*.
CALU'RA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *CALO'R*.
CALUROSAME'NTE, adv. hotly, with heat.
CALURO'SO, adj. hot, ardent.
CALVA, ſ. f. the head of a man baldpated.
CALVA'R, v. a. to grow bald; alſo to cheat, to deceive.
CALVA'RIO, ſ. m. the place where dead bones are heaped up.
CALVATO'RIO, adj. belonging to the bald head.
CALVATRUE'NO, ſ. m. a total baldneſs; alſo a noiſy prattling fellow.
CALVA'ZA, ſ. f. augmentative of *calva*.
CALVE'TE, ſ. m. diminutive of *cálvo*.
CALVE'Z, ſ. f. baldneſs, the loſs of hair.
CALVI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *calva*.
CALVINI'STA, ſ. m. a man with a bald head.
CALVI'NO, adj. vide *CALVO*.
CALVO, adj. bald, without hair.
CALYS, ſ. f. a kind of bugloſs, alcanet, or orchanet.
CALZA, ſ. f. a hoſe.
Cálças, pl. hoſe, breeches.
Cálças de cortes, ſlaſhed or ſtriped breeches
Calçás à folládas, vide breeches.
Calças atacádas, ſtreight-laced breeches.
Mediás cálças, ſtockings.
Cálça de aréna, a bag half filled with ſand, wherewith they uſed to beat ſome malefactors to death without blood.
Echár a úno cálça, to ſet a mark upon a man to avoid him.
Dexár a úno en cálças y jubon to ſtrip a man to his doublet and hoſe.
Prov. *Tomar las cálças de Villádiego*, to take Villadiégo's hoſe; that is, to run away with all ſpeed.
CALZA'DA, ſ. f. a cauſeway.
CALZADI'RA, ſ. f. the cord that faſtens to the feet thoſe ſhoes called *abarcas*.
CALZA'DO, adj. ſhod; alſo a horſe that has white ſhanks, in cant, one that has irons upon his legs.
Calçádo, ſubſ. m. hoſe or ſhoes, &c. any thing that covers the leg and foot.
CALZADO'R, ſ. m. a ſhoeing-leather, or horn.
CALZADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſhoeing; a preſent made to the boy who brings new ſhoes.
CALZA'R, ſ. m. ſhoes.
Calçár, v. a. to ſhoe, to put on the ſtockings.
Calçár una ruéda, to clap a ſtone to a wheel that it may not run.
Calçár herramiéntas, to put ſteel edges or points to tools.
Calçár çapátos, guantes, ò médias, to draw on ſhoes, gloves, or ſtockings.
Calçár tantos puntos, to wear a ſhoe of ſuch a ſize.
Calçár una paréd, to fornify a wall, to prop it.
CALZO'NES, ſ. m. pl. breeches.
CALZONAZOS, ſ. m. pl. great breeches, alſo a lumpiſh heavy fellow.
CALZONCI'LLOS, ſ. m. pl. under-breeches made of linen.
CALZUE'LAS, ſ. f. pl. little hoſe.

C A M

CA'MA, ſ. f. a bed.
Cáma de arádo, a furrow.
Cama de freno, the cheek of a bridle.
Cáma de liébre, the form where a hare ſits.
Cáma de melón, the bed a melon grows on.
Cáma de rópa, the pieces put to a

cloak or ſuch like garment, to make it hang round.

Hacer càma a un négocio, to contrive a buſineſs.

Hacer cama, to be ſick, to be a-bed.

CAMA'DA, ſ. f. young rabbits or other ſmall vild animals new born; alſo a gang of thieves hid in any place.

CAMA'L, ſ. m. a halter for a horſe or other animal made of hemp; a chain put upon a run-away ſlave.

CAMALEO'N, ſ. m. vide *CHAMALEO'N.*

CAMA'NDULA, ſ. f. a ſort of chaplet.

Embiár a vender camándulas, to ſend one away with contempt.

Tener muchas camandulas, to be very cunning.

CAMANDULE'RO, ſ. m. sharper, hypocrite.

CAMAPHE'O, ſ. m. a fine ſtone cut with figures riſing.

CA'MARA, a bed-chamber.

Cámara de arcabúz ò pieza de artilleria, the chamber of a gun.

Càmara, a public granary.

Cámaras, pl. a looſeneſs, a flux, a ſtool.

CAMARA'DA, ſ. m. companion; fellow ſoldier; bed-fellow.

Tirár por camárada, to ſhoot volleys from ſeveral parts at one mark.

CAMARA'GE, ſ. m. what people pay for putting their corn in the public granary.

CAMARACHO'N, ſ. m. a garret, a cockloft; a room without a cieling.

CAMARE'RO, ſ. m. a chamberlain; a valet de chambre; he that takes care of the corn in the public granary.

CAMARE'TA, ſ. f. a little chamber, a cloſet.

CAMARI'LLA, ſ. f. a little chamber, a cloſet.

CAMARIE'NTO, adj. lax of body, looſe, with a flux.

CAMARI'N, ſ. m. a ſmall withdrawing room, a cloſet.

CAMARI'STA, ſ. m. one that keeps no houſe, but has only a room in a houſe, a private lodger.

Camariſta, ſ. f. the woman who waits in the queen's chamber.

CAMARI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cámara.*

CAMARLE'NGO, ſ. m. vide *CAMARE'RO.*

CAMARO'JA, ſ. f. a ſort of endive.

CAMARO'N, ſ. m. a ſhrimp, a prawn.

CAMARONE'RA, ſ. f. a net to catch ſhrimps or prawns.

CAMARO'TE, ſ. m. the round-houſe, the uppermoſt room of he ſtern of a ſhip; the maſter's cabbin, a cabbin in a ſhip.

CAMARRO'YA, ſ. f. the herb dandelion.

CAMARROYE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who ſells the herb dandelion.

CAMA'STRO, ſ. m. a poor mean bed, ſuch as may be eaſily carried about, uſed by country people.

CAMASTRON, ſ. m. a diſſembling, deceitful man, who waits for an opportunity to cheat.

CAMATO'NES, ſ. m. pl. the chains in a ſhip, to which the ſhrouds are made faſt to the ſhip's ſide.

CAMBALA'CHE, ſ. m. barter, exchange of goods for another.

CAMBALACHEA'R, v. a to exchange, or barter goods.

CA'MBAS, ſ. f. pl. the pieces put into the bottom of a cloak or orher round garment to make it hang round; the pieces that make the round of a wheel, called the fellies.

CA'MBIA, ſ. f. vide *CA'MBIO.*

CAMBIA'BLE, adj. that can be exchanged or bartered.

CAMBIA'DIZO, adj. changeable, variable, inconſtant.

CAMBIADOR, ſ. m. a money-changer, a banker; in cant, one that keeps a bawdy-houſe.

CAMBIAME'NTO, ſ. m. inconſtancy, variableneſs.

CAMBIA'NTE, ſ. m. the reflection of the rays of light; alſo the bloom of flowers.

CAMBIA'R, v. a. to exchange, to return money by bills.

CAMBI'JA, ſ. f. a line made by a rule, a ſtraight line; alſo a water-houſe.

CA'MBIO, ſ. m. exchange, return of money by bill; alſo a bank, or a banker.

Dar a cámbio, to put out money to uſe.

Tomár a cámbio, to take up money at intereſt.

Cámbio ſéco, uſury, extortion.

CAMBI'STA, ſ. m. one who exchanges or returns money by bills.

CA'MBRA, ſ. f. a. chamber.

CAMBRA'Y, ſ. m. cambrick.

CAMBRAYA'DO, adj. like or belonging to cambrick.

CAMBRAYO'N, ſ. a linen like cambrick, but coarſer, and not ſo ſtrong.

CAMBRE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *CAMARE'RO.*

CAMBRO'N, ſ. m. a hemp or flax-pit; a place to ſteep hemp in; alſo the common thorn.

CAMBRONE'RA, ſ. f. buckthorn.

CAMBU'X; ſ. m. a mask, a veil to cover the face.

CAME'DROS, ſ. m. a little bush, the flower of which is purple-coloured, and very bitter.

Camedros de agua, the germander that grows in marſhes or fens.

CAMELE'A, ſ. f. vide *CHAMELE'A.*

CAMELEO'N, ſ. m. a camelion; an herb of the ſame name, growing on the rocks by the ſea-ſide.

CAME'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall piece of wood, or board, that hangs under the yoak, or the yoak itſelf.

CAMELETE, ſ. m. a large braſs cannon.

CAMELE'UCA, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.

CAME'LLA, ſ. f. a kind of wooden veſſel in which animals drink.

CAMELLERI'A, ſ. m. the office of a camel-keeper, a place to keep the camels in.

CAMELLE'RO, ſ. m. a camel-keeper.

CAME'LLO, ſ. m. a camel; alſo a cable.

Camello pardál, a monſtrous creature, very tall before, and very low behind.

CAM..LO'N, ſ. m. a garden of curious flowers.

CAMELNO'NES, ſ. m. pl. the

ridges betwen the furrows in ploughing.

CAMELO, ſ. m. a thick ſhort gun.

CAMELO'TE, ſ. m. camblet.

CAMERA'L, adj. belonging to the office of a chamberlain or treaſurer of a city.

CAME'RO, adj. belonging to a bed.

Caméro, ſ. m. a perſon who hires beds.

CAMESYCE, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

CAMIA'R v. a. obſ. vide *CAMBIA'R*.

CAMI'LLA, ſ. f. a little bed.

CAMINADA, ſ. f. walk, the ground that is travelled or walked over.

CAMINADO'R, ſ. m. one that travels, or goes much.

CAMINA'NTE, ſ. m. a traveller.

CAMINA'R, v. n. to travel, to go, to walk.

Caminár con pies de plómo, to walk with leaden feet; that is, to be careful and deliberate in what one undertakes.

CAMINATA, ſ. f. a great walk.

CAMINE'RO, ſ. m. a traveller.

CAMINI'LLO, ſ. m. a little narrow way, a lane, a path, an alley, a cauſeway.

CAMI'NO, ſ. m. way, road, path.

Camino reál, the king's highway, the great road.

Camino piſoneádo, a common beaten way.

Camino de ſantiágo, the galaxis, the mikly way.

Camino carretéro, the cart-way; the great beaten road.

Ir fuéra de camino, to be out of the way, to err in opinion or in one's methods.

Tornár al camino, to return into the right way; to be reduced to reaſon.

No lléva éſſo camino, that is not likely.

No hallár camino, to find no means to compaſs one's deſign.

Irſe por éſſos caminos adelánte, to wander about without deſigning for any particular place.

Andár de camino, to be upon ſetting out on a journey; to wear travelling cloaths.

Ponér a úno en quátro pálos por les cáminos, to put a man's quarters upon poles on the highways.

CA'MIS, ſ. m. obſ. a wide looſe garment down to the feet like the alb worn by prieſts at maſs.

CAMI'SA, ſ. f. a ſhirt, a ſhift, a ſmock.

Camiſa de péchos, a woman's ſhift cut open down the breaſts.

Camiſa de céra, a thin covering of wax.

Embiár a úno en camiſa, to ſtrip a man to his ſhirt.

Saltár en camiſa, to jump out of bed, to run away in ones ſhirt.

Eſtár la mugér con ſu camiſa, to have the monthly courſes.

Eſtár el hómbre con ſu camiſa, to be drunk.

Tomár la mugér en cámiſa, to take a woman without any portion.

CAMISA'DA, ſ. f. a camiſado, a ſudden aſſault upon an enemy.

CAMISE'TA, *CAMISI'LLA*, *CAMISI'TA*, ſ. f. diminutives of *camiſa*; alſo the pellicle of fruits.

CAMISO'LA, ſ. f. a fine ſhirt with ruffles; a ſhort waiſtcoat wore by galley-ſlaves.

CAMISON, ſ. m. a great ſhirt; alſo a frock.

CAMISO'TE, ſ. m. obſ. for armour; as alſo for an alb, a ſhirt, or ſmock.

CAMI'TA, ſ. f. a little bed.

CAMITO, ſ. m. a fruit ſo called.

CAMODADO'R, ſ. m. a juggler.

CAMODAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. juggling.

CAMODA'R, v. a. to ſell, to exchange; to juggle.

CAMO'N, ſ. m. a large bed.

Camones, pl. large pieces of timber uſed to make carts, coaches, &c.

CAMO'TES, ſ. m. pl. a root ſo called.

CAMPA'L, adj. belonging to the field.

Batálla campál, a pitched battle.

CAMPAME'NTO, ſ. m. a pitching of the tents; the drawing up of an army.

CAMPA'NA, ſ. m. a bell: ſometimes it ſignifies a church.

Campána, in architecture, main body of the capital of a column.

Campána de quéda, the nine or ten o'clock bell, which warns all perſons to be at home.

Tales diézmos ſe déven á la campana, thoſe tithes are due to the bell; that is, to the church.

A compána herida ó tañida, with great haſte, hurry, and precipitation.

No há oido campánas, he is a mere ignoramus.

Ponerſe mas hueco que una campána, to be very proud and arrogant.

CAMPANA'DA, ſ. f. the ringing of a bell.

Campanáda, ſcandal, ignominy.

CAMPANA'DO, adj. made in the ſhape of a bell; in cant, a buckler.

CAMPANA'RIO, ſ. m. the belfrey, or the place where bells are rung.

Parecér urráca en campanario, to prattle, to chatter, to talk lightly, to be loquacious.

Subirſele a uno la coléra al campanario, to fall in a great paſſion.

CAMPANEA'R, v. n. to ring the bells.

CAMPANE'LA, ſ. f. the turning upon one leg in dancing.

CAMPANE'O, ſ. m. a ringing of bells.

CAMPANE'RO, ſ. m. a ringer of bells; alſo a bell-founder.

CAMPANI'L, adj. belonging to a bell.

CAMPANI'LLA, *CAMPANI'LLICA*, ſ. f. a little bell; alſo a bubble in the water; alſo the herb bindweed; and the weaſel of the throat.

CAMPANILLE'RO, ſ. m. he who rings the little bell.

CAMPANU'DO, adj. bell-faſhioned, having the form of a bell; in cant, a ſhield, a buckler.

CAMPAñA, ſ. f. the country, an open plain; alſo the field for armies.

Campáña ráſa, an open plain.

Piézas de campáña, field-pieces.

CAMPA'R, v. n. to encamp; to ſhine, to be remarkable; to preſume, to take any thing that does not belong to you.

CAMPEA'DO, ſ. f. the ſally of an army.
CAMPEADO'R, ſ. m. a courageous man.
CAMPEA'R, v. n. to ſcour the field; to encamp; to ſhine; to raiſe up.
CAMPE'CHE, ſ. m. Campechy-wood, uſed in phyſic and by dyers.
CAMPEO'N, ſ. m. a champion.
CAMPERO, adj. expoſed to the air and ſun, as trees, plants, &c.
Campero, ſ. m. a keeper of fields.
CAMPESI'NO, adj. relating the country; wild, ſavage, ruſtic, rude.
CAMPE'STRE, adj. belonging to the field; rude, ruſtic, wild, ſavage.
CAMPILA'N, ſ. m. a kind of broad-ſword.
CAMPI'LLO, ſ m. a little field.
CAMPIñA, ſ. f. a champaign, a flat open country, a plain.
CAMPI'O, adj. wild, belonging to the field or to the country.
CAMPIO'N, ſ. m. a champion.
CA'MPO, ſ. m. a field; a camp or army, and the field in heraldry; alſo ſpace, or room. In ſilks or ſtuff it is the ground on which the flowers are.
Cámpo ráſo, a plain open field.
Campo frânço, free liberty to fight a duel.
Cámpo traviéſſo, adv. acroſs the fields or ways, as they go that have loſt themſelves.
Cámpos elyſios, the elyſian fields, whither the poets feigned the ſouls of good men went to reſt.
Cámpo de la verdád, the place where the general judgment is to be.
Béſtias del cámpo, all cattle that live in te fields.
Hómbre del cámpo, a countryman.
Hacer cámpo, to make room, to clear the people out of the place, to fight a duel.
Deſcubrir cámpo, to find much matter to talk of.
Quedó por noſótros el cámpo, we gained the field, we got the day, the victory.
CAMPRONA'DO, adj. having particular croſſes in it. A term of heraldry.
CAMUE'SA, ſ. f. a pippin.
CAMUE'SO, ſ. f. the pippin-tree.
Camuéſo, an ignorant ſtupid fellow.
CAMU'ZA, ſ. f. chamois leather; alſo a wild goat of whoſe skin that leather is made.

C A N

CAN, ſ. m. a dog; alſo an inſtrument to draw teeth; the name of a fish, and the ace upon the dice. In architecture, the end of timber or ſtone jutting out of a wall, on which in old buildings the beams uſed to reſt called cantilevers.
El can del arcabúz, the cock of the musket.
El can de Tártaria, the cham of Tartary.
CA'NA, ſ. f. a meaſure containing two ells.
Peynár canas, to be old and grey.
Reſpetár las canas, to honour old age.
CANABA'LLA, ſ. f. a ſort of boat.
CANA'L, ſ. f. channel, canal, gutter.
Córren las canáles, the ſpouts run, it rains.
Guiár úna cóſa por ſus canales, to carry on an affair in the proper channel or method.
CANALA'DO, adj. wrought with round hollow channels as columns are; fluted.
CANALADO'R, ſ. m. an inſtrument to bore with.
CANALE'TES, ſ. m. pl. little oars uſed by the Indians in their canoes.
CANA'LLA, ſ. f. the rabble, the multitude, the mob.
CANALO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *canál*.
CANALU'CHO, ſ. m. a ſmall ſort of boat or canoe.
CANAPE', ſ. m. a ſort of couch or canopy-bed.
CANA'RIO, ſ. m. Canary-bird; a dance; in cant, a malefactor who confeſſes his crime.
CANA'STA, ſ f. a great basket, a pannier, a flasket.
CANASTI'LLA, ſ. f. / *CANASTI'LLO*, ſ.m. } a little baſket.
CANA'STO, / *CANA'STRO*, } ſ. m. a great baſket, pannier, or hamper.
CANCABU'X, ſ. m. a vell to hide the face.
CA'NCAMO, ſ. m. the diſtillation of a tree uſed to perfume; a ſort of ironring uſed on board ships.
CANCAMU'SA, ſ. f. an hypocrite, a cheat.
CA'NCANA, f. f. an open bench placed in the middle of ſchools to expoſe the ſcholar who has committed any fault.
CANCANI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſnare, a trick, a fraud.
CA'NCANO, ſ. m. a louſe; cant.
CANCE'L, ſ. m. a piece of wainſcot to hide a chimney in ſummer, or ſet before a door that ſtands open to hinder the ſight into the room; an iron or wooden grate, conſiſting of pieces or bars, which hinder acceſs to a place, as the grates of nunneries, lattice windows, or doors of iron bars uſed in gardens or the like; alſo rails or rows of banniſters, as before the altars in churches, &c.
CANCELACIO'N, ſ. f. canceliing, annulling of any thing.
CANCELARI'A, ſ. f. chancery.
CANCELARI'O, ſ. m. a chancellor.
CANCELLADO'R, ſ. m. a chancellor.
CANCELLADU'RA, ſ. f. / *CANCELLAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. } a cancelling.
CANCELLA'R, v. a. to cancel.
CANCELLE'R, ſ m. a dignitary in a cathedral ſo called.
CANCELLERI'A, ſ. f. obſ. a high court ſo called.
CA'NCER, ſ. m. Cancer, the ſign of the ſummer ſolſtice; alſo a cancer, virulent ſore, or ſwelling.
CANCERA'DO, adj. that has a cancer.
CANCERA'RSE, v. n. to grow to a cancer.
CANCERO'SO, adj. cancerous, having the virulence of a cancer.

CANCILLA, ſ. f. a gate made with bars acroſs each other.
CANCILLE'R, ſ. m. a chancellor.
CANCILLERI'A, ſ. f. the court of chancery.
CANCIO'N, ſ. f. a ſong.
Volver a la miſma canción, to ask again a favour already refuſed.
Canción ſegulda, a long ſong or ballad, which runs or telling a long ſtory.
CANCIONCI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſong a catch.
CANCIONEADO'R, ſ. m. a ſinger or maker of ballads.
CANCIONEA'R, v. n. to ſing.
CANCI ONE'RO, ſ. m. a muſic book.
CANCIONE'TA, ſ. f. a little ſong, a catch.
CANCIONI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who ſings or compoſes a ſong.
CANCRO, ſ. m. vide *CANCER*.
CANDA'DO, ſ. m. a padlock.
Candádos de los ójos, the eye-lids.
CANDALETO'N, ſ. m. the garnet, the tackle with which they hoiſe up all casks and other goods aboard ships.
CANDALI'ZA, ſ. f. a rope aboard ships to hoiſe ſail.
CA'NDAMO, ſ. m. a ſort of dance.
CANDA'R, v. a. to ſhut or lock with a key.
CA'NDE, adj. white, fair, clean.
CANDEA'L, adj. vide *CANDIA'L*.
CANDE'DA, ſ. f. the flower of the cheſnut-tree.
CANDE'LA, ſ. f. a candle. In ſome parts they call the fire by this name, and the bakers call the fire in their ovens ſo.
Acabárſe la candéla, to draw near an end; ſaid of life.
Eſtár con la candéla en la máno, to be at the laſt gaſp.
Acábaſe la candéla, the candle is at an end: that is, the concluſion of the buſineſs draws near.
CANDELA'BRO, ſ. m. a candleſtick.
CANDELA'DA, ſ. f. a great light of candles, an illumination.
CANDELA'RIA, ſ. f. Candlemas, the feaſt of the purification of the Bleſſed Virgin.
CANDELE'RA, ſ. f. a woman that ſells candles at the church-door for people to offer at the altars.
CANDELERA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a candleſtick.
CANDELERI'A, ſ. m. a tallow-chandler's shop.
CANDELE'RO, ſ. m. a candleſtick.
CANDELETO'N, ſ. m. a tackle uſed on board ships to load goods.
CANDELI'CA, ſ. f. a little candle.
CANDELI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall wax-candle.
Hacer la candelilla, to ſtand on the hands or head, with the heels upwards, as boys do in play.
CANDELIZA, ſ. f. a cable-rope.
CANDE'NTE, adj. belonging to fire, burning.
CANDIA'L, adj. of the beſt wheat, which makes the fineſt bread.
Candiál, ſ. m. the fineſt white bread.
CANDIDAME'NTE, adv. ſincerely, candidly, in earneſt.
CANDIDA'TO, ſ. m. a candidate, one who offers himſelf for preferment.
CANDIDE'Z, ſ. f. whiteneſs; ſincerity, truth.
CA'NDIDO, adj. white, pure, ſincere; alſo ſtupid, foolish.
CANDIE'L, ſ. m. a ſort of ſauce made of the yolk of an egg, white wine, ſugar and ſpices.
CANDI'L, ſ. m. a lamp, and particularly a little ſort of lamp made of iron, open, and hanging by a long hook, with which ſervants light themſelves about the houſe, and when they do not go about, they hang it up by the ſame hook in the kitchen.
Eſcogér úna cóſa a móco de candil, to chuſe a thing by lamp-light; that is, curiouſly, with much care. Taken from chuſing of eggs againſt the light of a candle.
CANDILA'DA, ſ. f. a ſpot of lampoil.
CANDILA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a *candil*.
CANDILE'JA DE JUDI'OS, little lights uſed by the Jews in ſome feſtivals.
CANDILE'JO, ſ. m. diminutive of *candil*.
CANDILE'RA, ſ. f. the herb mullein.
CANDILE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes lamps.
CANDILO'N, ſ. m. augmentative of *candil*.
CANDIO'TA, ſ. f. a tun, butt, a great tub.
CANDIOTE'RO, ſ. m. a cooper.
CANDON'GA, ſ. f. a pretended diſſembled complaiſance; an old mule which is paſt labour.
CANDO'NGO, *CANDONGUE'RO*, ſ. m. a flatterer, one skilled in the art of diſſembling and deceiving.
CANDO'R, ſ. m. whiteneſs, ſincerity.
CANDU'XO, ſ. m. in cant, a padlock.
CANECE'R, v. n. to grow grey-haired.
CANECI'LLO, ſ. m. a bragget or corbel, a jutting-out of ſtone or timber fixed in a wall to ſupport the timbers of a ſtructure.
CANE'LA, ſ. f. cinnamon.
Agua de canéla, cinnámon-water.
CANELA'DO, adj. vide *ACANELA'DO*.
CANELE'TE, ſ. m. a ſcoop, ſuch as is uſed to throw up water with, and ſuch as the Indians uſe inſtead of oars.
CANELO'N, ſ. m. a great long comfit with pieces of cinnamon mixed in it.
CANEQUI', ſ. m. a thin ſort of linen like muſlin, made of cotton.
CANE'S, ſ. m. pl. in architecture, are the ſame we call modillions, being certain ſupports in form of corbes, cartouzes, or mutules.
CANEZ, *CANE'ZA*, ſ. f. grey-headedneſs.
CA'NFORA, ſ. f. vide *ALCA'NFOR*.
CA'NGE, ſ. m. exchange of priſoners in war.
CANGEA'R, v. a. to exchange priſoners of war.
CANGILO'N, ſ. m. a great earthen veſſel to hold water; a tun-bellied fellow.

CANGRE'JA, ſ. f. a ſort of crab called a frill.

CANGRE'JO, ſ. m. a crab; the dragging-hook; the champ; a foolish fellow; a creeping ſlow fellow.

CANGREJI'LLO, *CANGREJUE'LO*, ſ. m. diminutives of *cangréjo*.

CANGRE'NA, ſ. f. vide *CANGRE'NA*.

CANGRENA'R, v. n. vide *GANGRENA'R*.

CANI'CULA, ſ. f. the dog-ſtar, the dog-days.

CANICULA'R, adj. belonging to the dog-ſtar or the dog-days.

Dias caniculares, adj. the dog-days.

CANI'CULO, adj. belonging to a dog.

CANI'L, adj. made for dogs.

CANI'LLA, ſ. f. the long bone of the arm.

Canilla dé piérna, the ſhin-bone.

Canilla en páño, a fault in cloth of a thick thread, or a looſe place.

Canilla de texedór, a weaver's quill.

Canilla de cúba, a tap.

CANILLA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given upon the arm or ſhin-bone.

CANILLE'JA, ſ. f. a ſmal ſlender ſhinbone.

CANILLE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. armour for the legs; alſo the hole of a tap out of which the liquor runs.

CANILLE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes ſpiggots and faucets.

CANI'NA, ſ. f. album græcum, dog's dung.

Hambre canina, a canine appetite, the greedy worm.

CANINAME'NTE, adv. like a mad dog.

CANI'NO, adj. canine, dog-like, relating to a dog.

Dientes caninos, the eye-teeth or fangers.

CANIQUI', ſ. m. a ſort of fine and thin muſlin.

CANO, adj. grey-haired; alſo judicious, wiſe.

CANO'A, ſ. f. a boat all of a piece, a cance.

CANOE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes or takes care of the canoes.

CANO'N, ſ. m. a canon of the church, the canon of the maſs.

CANONE'SA, ſ. f. the woman who lives according to the rules of the ſecular canons.

CANONGI'A, ſ. f. a canonship, a prebend.

CANONICAME'NTE, adv. canonically, according to the canons of the church.

CANONICA'TO, ſ. m. a canonship or prebend.

CANO'NICO, adj. belonging to the canons, canonical.

CANO'NIGO, ſ. m. a canon, or prebendary of a cathedral or collegiate church.

CANONI'STA, ſ. m. a canoniſt, a profeſſor of the canon law.

CANONIZA'BLE, adj. deſerving of canonization.

CANONIZACIO'N, ſ. f. a canonization or declaring of a ſaint.

CANONIZA'NDO, ſ. m. a pretender to a canonship.

CANONIZA'R, v. a. to canonize, to declare a ſaint; alſo to approve.

CANO'RO, adj. loud, ſhrill, tuneable, well tuned.

CANO'SO, adj. full of grey hairs.

Canoſo, old, ancient.

CANSADAME'NTE, adv. importunately, with trouble.

CANSADA'ZO, adj. quite weary.

CANSA'DO, adj. troubleſome, weary, heavy.

Pelóta canſáda, a ball or bullet that is ſpent.

CANSA'NCIO, ſ. m. wearineſs.

CANSA'R, v. a. to tire, to weary.

Canſárſe, v. r. to be weary, to be tired; to be careful, diligent, or watchful in doing any thing.

CANSE'RA, ſ. f. wearineſs; alſo vexation, plaguing, haraſſing.

CANSO'SO, adj. tedious, loathing, irkſome.

CANTA'BLE, ad. which may be ſung

CANTA'DA, ſ. f. a ſong or tune.

CANTADE'RA, ſ. f. a woman who ſings.

CANTADO'R, ſ. m. a ſinger.

CANTALE'TA, ſ. f. a noiſe made with ſeveral untuned inſtruments to mock and vex one.

Dar cantaleta, to mock and vex, to ridicule, to laugh at, to deride.

CANTA'NTE, ſ. m. a ſinger.

CANTA'R, v. a. to ſing; alſo to crow as the cook.

Cantár en el pótro, is to confeſs upon the rack.

Cantár de plano, to confeſs any thing.

Cantár en tinája, to boaſt, to diſplay one's own worth or actions.

Cantár la ſória, id eſt, *la ſuaſória*, to flatter a man in order to obtain a favour.

Cantár, ſ. m. a ſong.

Cantáres, pl. ſongs, canticles.

CA'NTARA, ſ. f. a pitcher with one handle, a meaſure of liquids.

CANTARCI'CO, *CANTARCI'LLO*, ſ. m. a little ſong.

CANTARE'RA, ſ. f. a ſhelf to ſet pitchers on.

CANTARE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes pitchers, or that carries water or the like in a pitcher.

CANTARE'TAS, ſ. f. pl. the little round windows in the cabbin of a galley.

CANTA'RIDES, ſ. f. pl. cantharides, Spanish flies.

CANTARI'LLA, ſ. f. *CANTARI'LLO*, ſ. m. a little pitcher.

Prov. *Cantarillo que múchas vézes va a la fuénte, ò déxa la áſa o la fuénte*, the pitcher that goes often to the well comes home broke atlaſt.

CANTARI'NA, ſ. f. *CANTARI'NO*, ſ. m. a ſinger.

CA'NTARO, ſ. m. a great pitcher to carry water.

Alma de cántaro, a dull, heavy, ſtupid fellow.

Llueve a cántaros, it rains by buckets.

Bolvér las nuézes al cántaro, to return the nuts to the urn; that is, to renew a controverſy.

CANTA'ZO, ſ. m. augment. of *cánto*.

CANTEA'DO, adj. placed obliquely.

CANTE'L, ſ. m. a rope uſed among ſailors.

CANTE'RA, ſ. f. a quarry of ſtones.

Levantár una cantéra, to cauſe a great quarrel.

CANTERI'A, ſ. f. maſonry, the art of cutting ſtones to build with; a ſtone building; a quarry.

CANTERI'CO, ſ. m. a little cruſt of bread.
CANTE'RO, ſ. m. a maſon, a quarryman; a corner of any hard thing.
Cantéro de pan, a cruſt of bread.
CANTERO'N, ſ. m. augmentative of *cantéro*.
CANTERU'DO, adj. that has thick hard corners, thick cruſted.
CANTHARIDA, ſ. f. or *CANTHA'RIO*, ſ. m. vide *CANTA'RIDES*.
CANTHE'NO, ſ.m. a ſort of fiſh.
CANTI'A, ſ. f. vide *QUA'NTIA*.
CA'NTICA, ſ. f. a ſong.
CA'NTICO, ſ. m. a little ſong, a canticle.
Cantico, ſtone, rock, edge, or skirt.
CANTIDA'D, ſ. f. quantity.
CA'NTIGA, *CANTILE'NA*, } ſ. f. a ſong.
CANTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſtone; alſo the corner of a ſtreet.
CANTIMPLO'RA, ſ. f. a veſſel made of copper with a long neck, to cool wine or water.
CANTI'NA, ſ. f. a wine-cellar.
CANTINE'LA, ſ. f. vide *CANTILENA*.
CANTINE'RO, ſ. m. the butler.
CANTI'ñA, ſ. m. common ballad ſinging.
CANTITATI'VO, adj. quantitive.
CA'NTO, ſ. m. a ſtone, a rock, a cliff.
Cánto, the ſide of any thing, as of a bed, or the like; alſo the hem or skirt of a garment.
Cánto, a ſong, ſinging, the ſinging of birds, the crowing of a cock; alſo the depth or thickneſs of any thing.
Dúro cómo un cánto, as hard as a ſtone.
Echár cántos, to throw the houſe out at the windows; to rave, to be mad.
Cánto acordádo, harmonious ſinging.
Cánto lláno, plain ſong in muſic.
Prov. *Del bién al mál no hay cánto de reál*, there is not the thickneſs of a ſixpence betwixt good and evil.
CANTO'N, ſ. m. a corner, a nook.
CANTONA'DA, ſ. f. a trick at the corner of a ſtreet, a cheat, a knavish prank.
Dar cantonáda, to ſlip away after doing an ill action; to cheat, to play the knave.
CANTONEA'RSE, v. r. to walk proud, to make ridiculous geſtures with the body.
CANTONE'O, ſ. m. the ridiculous geſtures.
CANTONE'RA, ſ. f. an iron plate, ſuch as is nailed at the corners of cheſts, trunks, or the like to ſtrengthen them.
Cantonéra, ſ. f. a whore that plies at the corners of ſtreets.
Cantonéras del libro, the plates on the corners of books that are finely bound and adorned with ſilver.
CANTONE'RO, adj. lazy, idle, vagabond, wandering.
CANTOPEA'N, ſ. m. a ſong of triumph among the ancients.
CANTO'R, ſ. m. a ſinger.
Cantór, in cant, the perſon who confeſſes while under torment.
CANTO'RA, ſ. f. a woman ſinger.
CANTORRA'L, ſ. m. a ſtony place.
CANTUE'SSO, ſ. m. lavender.
CANTURI'A, ſ. f. the right method or manner of ſinging in a choir.
CANTUSA'R, v. a. to deceive, to impoſe upon, to ſeduce.
CANU'DO, adj. vide *CANO'SO*.

C A ñ

CA'ñA, ſ. f. a cane, a reed; a meaſure uſed in ſome parts.
La caña del trigo, the ſtalk of corn.
La caña de la pierna, the ſhin, the forepart of the leg.
Cáña, ſ. f. in cant, a ſtocking.
Cáña de váca, a marrow-bone, a ſhin of beef.
Cáña de meneſtrll, the reed for a hautboy, any reed to be put to the mouth of an inſtrument.
Cáña de colúna, the ſcapus, ſhaft, or body of a column.
Cáña del timón, the piece of timber which the ſteerſman holds in his hand to govern the rudder.
Cáña de peſcár, a fiſhing-rod.
Cáña dúlce, a ſugar-cane.
Caña de Bengála, an Indian cane.
CAñA'DA, ſ. f. a place hemmed in with reeds; a fence of rocks; a conduit or pipe to convey water; the marrow in the bone.
CAñAFI'STOLA, ſ. f. purging caſſia, or pudding-pipe-tree.
CAñAHE'JA, ſ. f. or *CAñAHE'XA*, a cloven cane or reed; a cane uſed by maſters to ſtrike boys; any ſort of reed or cane; alſo an herb like fennel.
CAñAHE'RA, ſ. f. the herb Hercules's all-heal.
CAñAL, ſ. m. a place encloſed with reeds, or where reeds grow.
CA'ñAMA, ſ. f. a company of taxgatherers.
CAñAMA'R, ſ. m. a field where hemp grows.
CAñAMA'ZA, ſ. f. a kind of canvaſs-cloth.
CAñAMA'ZO, ſ. m. coarſe hemp, or hempen cloth.
CAñAME'ñO, adj. the coarſeſt part of the hemp, made of coarſe hemp.
CAñAME'RA, ſ. f. marsh-mallows.
CAñAMI'Z, ſ. m. a little ſhip ſo called.
CAñAMI'ZA, ſ. f. the reed which goes from the hemp when beaten.
CA'ñAMO, ſ. m. the fibrous plant called hemp.
CAñAMO'N, ſ. m. the ſeed of hemp.
CAñA'R, ſ. m. vide *CAñAVERA'L*.
CAñARIE'GO, adj. an appellative to the skins of ſheep that died in their walks.
CAñAVE'RA, ſ. f. a cane or reed.
CAñAVERA'L, ſ. m. a ſpot of ground where canes or reeds grow; an entangled affair.
CAñAVE'RAZO, ſ. m. a blow with a cane.
CAñAVE'TE, ſ. m. the little knife that is joined with a dagger; alſo a ſort of locuſt.
CAñA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a cane.
CAñERI'A, ſ. f. water-pipes.
CAñE'RLA, ſ. f. vide *CAñAHEJA*.
CAñE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who fiſhes with a cane.

CAñILAVA'DO, adj. that has no calves to his legs.

CAñI'LLA, ſ. f. vide *CANI'LLA*.

CAñILLERA, } ſ. f. an acient
CANILLETA, } defenſive armour uſed to cover the fore-part of the legs.

CAñIVETE, ſ. m. vide *CAñAVE'TE*.

CAñITA, ſ. f. a little cane or reed.

CAñIZO, ſ. m. a bed of reeds the covering of a cart made of reeds bound together.

CAñO, ſ. m. a conduit, or pipe; the ſpout through which a ſpring gushes out; a cock, or the ſpring itſelf.

CAñO'N, ſ. m. a quill; a barrel of a gun, a great bone of an arm or leg; the reed of corn; the nozzle of a pair of bellows; a hollow fold in a garment; any long round hollow thing; a cannon or piece of artillery. In cant, a liar.

Cañón de batír, a cannon for battery.

Cañón de cruxía, the great gun in a galley, which lies in the middle, and fires over the beak.

Cañón pedrero, a ſmall piece to ſhoot ſtones.

Médio cañón, a demi-cannon.

Cañón tércio, a twenty-four-pounder.

Cañón quárto, a twelve-pounder.

Cañón de eſcaléra, ſo architects call the well of the ſtairs; that is, the hollow from the top to the bottom.

CAñONA'DA, ſ. f. } the ſhot of a
CAñONA'ZO, ſ. m. } cannon.

CAñONCI'TO, the diminutive of *cañon* in all ſenſes.

CAñONEA'R, v. a. to cannonade.

CAñONE'RA, ſ. f. the gap or loophole left open in a parapet for the cannon to fire through, called the embraſure.

CAñONE'RO, ſ. m. a cannonier, a gunner.

CAñO'R, ſ. m. obſ. a gutter or channel.

CAñUE'LA, ſ. f. a little cane or reed.

CAñUE'LO, ſ. m. a little pipe, conduit, or cock.

CAñUTA'ZO, ſ. m. a thing ſaid in a whiſper.

CAñUTERI'A, ſ. f. work made with joints of reeds, as cages, &c. alſo embroidery.

CAñUTE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes little caſes like needle or pick-tooth caſes.

CAñUTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little joint of a reed or cane, or a ſmall caſe for needles, pick-tooths, and the like.

CAñU'TO, ſ. m. a joint of reed or cane, or caſe for pens, pick-tooths, and the like; alſo the herb hemlock.

Cañúto, a ſtory-teller, an inventor of lies; an informer.

Dar cañuto ò ſoplo, to give intelligence.

C A O

CAO'BA, } ſ. f. a ſort of red
CAOBA'NA, } wood, brought out of the Weſt Indies, uſed in curious works.

CA'OS, ſ. m. vide *CHA'OS*.

CAO'STA, ſ. f. the ignorant vulgar.

CAO'STRA, ſ. f. vide *CLAUSTRO*.

C A P

CAP, ſ. m. vide *JURA'DO EN CAP*.

CA'PA, ſ. f. a cloak.

Cápa, in cant, the night.

Cápa de córo, a prieſt's cope.

Cápa de camino, a riding-cloak.

Ponérſe a la cápa, to lie by at ſea, to back the ſails.

Cápa de yéſo, the White-waſhing of a wall.

Cápa de céra, the new dipping of wax candles that are grown yellow.

Prov. *Viva la Rey y daca la cápa*, let the King live, and give me the cloak; ſaid of perſons who under a pretence of authority rob and plunder others.

Génte de cápa priéta, the better ſort of people.

Génte de cápa párda, the meaner ſort.

Echár la cápa enclma al amigo, to throw one's cloak over a friend; to hide or palliate his faults.

Trahér la cápa en el hómbro, to wear the cloak on the ſhoulder; to wear one's cloak undecently hanging upon one ſhoulder.

Echár la cápa al tóro, to throw one's cloak at the bull; to venture all to ſave one's life.

Reñír con cápa y eſpáda, to fight with ſword and cloak.

Ir de cápa caída, to go down, to decline.

Hacer úna cóſa de ſocápa, to do any thing underhand, in hugger-mugger.

La nóche es cápa de pecadóres, the night is a cloak to ſinners; the proper time for deeds of darkneſs.

Echár a úno cápas, pórque no le tóme el tóro, to throw cloaks on a man, that the bull may not catch him, is to ſkreen or excuſe him that he may not be puniſhed.

CAPACE'TE, ſ. m. a head-piece or helmet.

CAPA'CHA, ſ. f. a basket uſed by porters to carry burdens in.

CAPACHE'TE, ſ. m. a porter's basket.

CAPA'CHO, ſ. m. a night-crow; a great porter's basket, a flasket, a hamper, a fiſherman's basket to keep his fiſh in alive; a frail to put up dried fruit, as figs or raiſins; a ſort of basket uſed at the oil-mills for the oil to run through and to ſtop the dregs.

CAPACIDA'D, ſ. f. capacity, extent, capaciouſneſs; alſo opportunity, occaſion, convenience.

CAPADA'RCI, ſ. m. a coarſe ſort of cloth.

CAPA'DA, ſ. f. the lappet or flap of a cloak full of any thing.

CAPADE'LLA, ſ. f. the herb pennywort.

CAPADI'LLO, ſ. m. a game at cards ſo called.

CAPA'DO, ſ. m. an eunuch.

CAPADO'R, ſ. m. a gelder.

CAPADU'RA, ſ. f. a gelding.

CAPAPUE'RCAS, ſ. m. a ſow-gelder; alſo a pipe with five or ſix reeds like that which Pan is painted with.

CAPA'R, v. a. to geld, to ſplay; to diminish.

CAPARAZO'N, ſ. m. a capariſon for a horſe; a cover for any thing.

CAPARRO'SA, ſ. f. copperas.

CAPATA'Z, ſ. m. an overſeer or bailiff of lands, a chief or warden of ſome company of mechanics; alſo an officer in the mines.

CAPA'Z, adj. capable, capacious, that can contain much.

CAPA'ZO, ſ. m. vide *CAPA'CHO*.

CAPAZO'N, ſ. m. a basket made of broom to carry any thing.

CAPCIO'SO, adj. captious, cunning, deceitful.

CAPEADO'R, ſ. m. a thief that ſteals cloaks in the night.

CAPEADU'RA, ſ. f. ſtealing of cloaks in the night.

CAPE'AR, v. a. to ſteal cloaks in the night; to wave the cloak; to give ſignals with a cloak.

Capeár el tóro, to throw a cloak over a bull's head to blind him.

CAPE'LA, ſ. f. a conſtellation.

CAPELARDE'NTE, ſ. f. the ſcaffold full of lights raiſed in a church on occaſion of the funerals of ſome prince or other great perſonage.

CAPELE'TE, ſ. m. a cap wore in war.

CAPELLA'DA, ſ. f. a patch which a cobler ſets upon ſhoes.

CAPELLA'N, ſ. m. a chaplain.

Capellán de honór, the king's chaplain.

Capellán de chóro, the chaplains who attend at the ſervice of the maſs.

Capellán de altár, the chaplain who performs maſs in the King's chapel.

Capellán mayór, the head, or chief chaplain.

Capellán mayór de los exércitos, the head chaplain of an army.

CAPELLANI'A, ſ. f. the chaplains place; the maintenance for a chaplain.

CAPELLA'R, ſ. m. a short looſe garment worn upon armour.

CAPELLI'NA, ſ. f. a little chapel; alſo a little hat or hood; a morrion, a head-piece.

CAPE'LO, ſ. m. a cardinal's cap; alſo a hat.

CAPE'O, ſ. m. the ſtealing of cloaks in the night; the act of playing with the bull moving a cloak before him.

CAPE'RO, ſ. m. a prieſt who wears a cope in the church.

CAPERO'L, ſ. m. the uppermoſt part of the ſides of a ship.

CAPERUCE'TE, ſ. m. } diminu-
CAPERUCILLA, ſ. f. } tives of *caperuza*.

CAPERU'ZA, ſ. f. capouch, cap, hood hanging behind to pull on the head.

CAPERUZO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *caperuza*.

CAPIALZA'DO, ſ. m. in architecture, a kind of arch conſtructed in a particular form.

CAPICHO'LA, ſ. f. a coarſe ſort of bombazine.

CAPICHOLA'DO, adj. belonging to *capichóla*.

CAPIE'LLO, ſ. m. obſ. a hat.

CAPIGORRI'STA, ſ. m. a ſervitor in the univerſity.

CAPIGORRO'N, ſ. m. vide *CAPIGORRI'STA*.

CAPILAR, adj. capillary, reſembling hair.

CAPI'LLA, ſ. f. a chapel; a friar's hood, or that which is faſtened to any garment; the muſic or clergy that make the choir.

Capilla de un navio ò de un exercito, the altar and ornaments neceſſary to ſay maſs in a ship, or in an army.

Capilla ardiente, the place where a dead perſon of the firſt quality lies in ſtate.

CAPILLE'JA, ſ. f. diminutive of *capilla*.

CAPILLE'JO, ſ. m. a little hood.

CAPILLER, } ſ. m. a domeſtick
CAPILLE'RO, } chaplain.

CAPILLE'TA, } ſ. f. diminutive
CAPILLI'TA, } of *capilla*.

CAPI'LLO, ſ. m. the linen cap for little children; what is given to the church when a child is chriſtoned.

Capillo, the prepuce or foreskin.

Capillo de una flór, the bud or germ of a flower.

Seda de todo capillo, the coarſeſt ſort of ſilk.

Capillo de fiérro, a helmet.

CAPILLU'DO, adj. hood-like.

CAPIO'N, ſ. m. ſtern-poſt, a piece of timber ſo called in the poop of a ship.

CAPIROTA'DA, ſ. f. a dish or ſauce made with oil, cheeſe, eggs, and other ingredients.

CAPIRO'TE, ſ. m. a hawk's hood, or a ſort of hood worn by mourners; a hood worn by doctors as a token of their degree, and by penitents in Lent to cover their faces.

Capiróte de molména, a ſort of baskets they put upon bee-hives.

De capiróte, adv. inconſiderately, foolishly.

CAPIROTE'RA, ſ. f. vide *CAPERU'ZA*.

CAPISAYUE'LO, ſ. m. diminutive of *capiſayo*.

CAPISA'YO, ſ. m. a ſort of short garment, reſembling a cloak behind, and a coat before.

CAPISCO'L, ſ. m. a chanter or head of a choir.

CAPISCOLI'A, ſ. f. the dignity of a chanter or head of a choir.

CAPISTE'RIO, ſ. m. a ſort of earthen veſſel.

CAPITACIO'N, ſ. f. a tax raiſed by paying ſo much for every head; polltax.

CAPITA'L, ſ. m. an inventory of any man's ſubſtance when about marrying.

Capitál, adj. capital, chief; alſo what belongs to or is uſeful for the head; taken ſubſtantively, the capital city of any kingdom, and the capital ſtock.

CAPITALME'NTE, adv. deadly, mortally.

CAPITA'N, ſ. m. a captain, a chief, a commander, a leader.

Capitán de cabállos, a capitan of horſe.

Capitán de infantería, a captain of foot.

Capitán de la guardia, a captain of the guard.

Capitán de guarnición, the governor or commander in chief of a garriſon.

Capitán generál, a general, a captain-general.

Capitán de már, a ſea-captain.

Capitána, ſ. f. the admiral's ship.

Capitána, the head or chief galley.
CAPITANA'ZO, ſ. m. a great general.
CAPITANEA'R, v. a. to command, to lead, to go before.
CAPITANI'A, ſ. f. captainſhip, the dignity, or poſt of a captain, the military government of a province or region; alſo a company of ſoldiers.
CAPITE'L, ſ. m. the head of a ſtill; the whole head of a column called the capital; the ſpire of a ſteeple or tower.
CAPITO'L, ſ. m. obſ. the body of canons belonging to a church.
CAPITO'LIO, ſ. m. the capitol of Rome.
Capitólio, any high edifice, or tower.
CAPITO'SO, adj. wilful, obſtinate, teſty, poſitive.
CAPITULA, ſ. f. a portion of ſcripture read at the time of divine ſervice.
CAPITULACIO'N, ſ. f. capitulation, covenant, articles of agreement.
Capitulaciónes, pl. articles of marriage.
CAPITULA'NTE, ſ. m. the perſon who has a rote in any community.
CAPITULA'R, ſ. m. the perſon who belongs to a chapter either eccleſiaſtical or ſecular.
Capitulár, v. a. to capitulate, to article, to covenant; alſo to ſurrender on certain ſtipulations.
Capitulár, v. a to impeach, accuſe, or alledge articles of accuſation againſt any one.
CAPITULARME'NTE, adv. according to the rules of the chapter.
CAPITULO, ſ. m. a chapter in a book, the chapter of a church; the chapter-houſe; alſo an article.
Ponér capitulos, to put in articles againſt one that ſtands trial.
Dar capitulos, to draw up articles of contract.
CAPNI'TIS, ſ. m. the thinneſt part of the braſs ore, which ſticks to the ſides of the furnace when the braſs is extracted.
CAPNOMA'NTE, ſ. m. the ſoothſayer who pretends to make a divination by ſmoke.
CAPOLA'R, v. a. to cut off the head or limbs.
CAPOLIE'S, ſ. m. a ſort of fruit in the Weſt Indies.
CAPO'N, ſ. m. a capon; an eunuch; alſo a ſort of ſhell-fish; alſo a fillip with the fingers; a bundle of vinebranches to burn.
Capón de léche, a young capon.
Dar capónes de ceniza en la frénte, to ſmut the forehead, as ſome folks do at ſome ſports.

Prov. *Capón de ócho méſes para meſa de Rey*, a capon eight months old is fit for a King's table.

Prov. *Al que da el capón, dále la piérna, y el alón*, give a leg and wing to him that gives the capon; that is, be grateful and return what you can.

CAPO'NA, ſ. f. a dance ſo called.
CAPONADU'RA, ſ. f. gelding, making of capons.
CAPONA'R, v. a. to geld.
Caponár, v. a. to tie or bind up the branches of a vine.
CAPONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little capon.
CAPONE'RA, ſ. f. a penn for fowls; a hole in a wall to ſhoot through.
CAPORA'L, ſ. m. in cant, a cock.
Caporál, ſ. m. a corporal, the loweſt officer of the infantry.
CAPO'TE, ſ. m. an upper coat or looſe upper garment; alſo an auſtere look or air.
Dar capóte, to capot a man at piquet; that is, to win all the cards.
CAPOTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little looſe upper coat.
Capotillo de dos áldas ò fáldas, a little cloak or caſſock open on each ſide.
CAPOTI'N, ſ. m. idem.
CAPOTO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *capóte*.
CAPOTU'DO, adj. peevish, angry, ill-tempered.
CAPRI'CHO, ſ. m. fancy, conceit: wilfulneſs.
Hombre de capricho, an ingenious and inventive man.
CAPRICHOSAME'NTE, adv. capriciouſly; with invention and fancy.
CAPRICHO'SO, adj. capricious, fanciful, conceited.
Caprichóſo, ſ. m. an ingenious man.
CAPRICO'RNIO, ſ. m. the ſign in the zodiac called Capricorn: a cuckold.
CAPRI'NO, adj. belonging to a goat.
CAPRIO'LA, ſ. f. vide *CABRIO'LA*.
CAPSARI'O, ſ. m. the perſon who guards the cloaths of them who go into the bath.
CAPTA'R, v. a. to aim at, to endeavour, to purſue.
CAPTIVADAME'NTE, adv. in captivity.
CAPTIVA'R, v. a. to captivate, to make captive; to charm, to ſubdue.
CAPTIVE'RIO, ſ. m. } captivity.
CAPTIVIDA'D, ſ. f. }
CAPTI'VO, ſ. m. a captive; one charmed by beauty.
CAPTU'RA, ſ. f. capture, ſeizure.
CAPTURA'R, v. a. to make priſoner.
CAPUCHI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *capúcho*.
CAPUCHI'NOS, } ſ. m. pl. the
CAPU'CHOS, } Capuchin friars.
CAPU'LLO, ſ. m. the pod a ſilk-worm makes.
Seda de capúllo, ferret or flurt ſilk; the coarſeſt ſilk.
Capúllo de róſa, a roſe-bud.
Capúllo de algodón, cotton in the film; that is, not opened.
CAPU'Z, ſ. m. a long mourning-cloak.
Capúz de gála, a garment rich and gay.

C A R

CA'R, ſ. f. obſ. the face.
CA'RA, ſ. f. the face, the viſage, the countenance; the preſence or mien.
Cára de dios, bread.
Cára de paſcua ù de domingo, a joyful face.
Cára de palo, d' coleto, de vaqueta, a bold impudent face.
Cára de pocos amigos, a joyleſs and unpleaſing face.
Cára de carton, a wrinkled face.

Cára de viernes, a lean and woeful face.
Dar en cára, to reproach.
Lavar la cára a uno, to ſcold at one, to reprimand him.
No ſabe dondé tiéne la cára, he is very ignorant.
Sacar la cára por uno, to defend, to ſupport one.
Cára a cára, face to face.
Cára añubláda, a cloudy countenance.
Cára arriba, with the face upwards.
Cára abáxo, with the face down wards.
Cára delánte, facing forwards.
Cára atras, facing backwards.
Cára de róſa, a lovely face.
Hacer cára, to face, to withſtand.
Declrſelo en la cára, to ſay to a man's face.
Cára con dos háces, a double face, a deceitful fellow.
De cára de la igléſia, over-againſt the church.
No me volvió la cára, he did not look at me.
No tenér cára pára hater úna cóſa, not to have the face to do a thing, to be aſhamed.
Moſtrár buéna cára, to show a good liking.
Recibir con buéna cára, to receive with a pleaſing countenance.
CARA'BA, ſ. f. a large ſhip.
CARABE'LA, ſ. f. a light, round, oldfaſhioned ſhip.
CARABELO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *carabéla*.
CARABI'NA, ſ. f. a warlike engine to ſhoot darts or ſtones, and the like, out of; a ſling, a granada, a batterer: alſo the bolt or quarrel diſcharged out of the engine; alſo a carbine.
CARABINE'RO, ſ. m. the dragoon or horſe-granidier who carries a carbine.
CARA'BO, ſ. m. a very large ſort of ſhip uſed in the Levant.
Carábo, ſ. m. a ſea-crab.
CARA'CA, ſ. f. a carack, a great heavy ſort of ſhip.
CARA'CIA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.
CARA'COA, ſ. f. a ſort of large Indian boat.
CARACO'L, ſ. m. a ſnail; a pair of winding ſtairs that wind about like a ſnail's ſhell; the place where the men ſit to row in a boat.
CARACO'LA, ſ. f. the ſhell of a ſea-ſnail.
CARACOLEA'R, v. n. to wind round, to twiſt, or twine round.
CARACOLI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſnail, or his ſhell; alſo a flower ſo called.
Caracolillos, ſ. m. pl. a ſort of twiſted golden or ſilver wire.
CARACOLI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *caracól*.
CARACTE'R, ſ. m. vide *CHARACTER*.
CARACTERI'STICA, adv. vide *CHARACTERISTICO*.
CARA'DO, adj. having a phiz, and it is only uſed with theadverbs *bien* or *mal*.
CARAMA'L, ſ. m. a fiſh called a calamary.
CARAMANCHO'N, ſ. m. vide *CAMARANCHO'N*.
CARAMBANA'DO, adj. congealed, frozen, like ice.
CARA'MBANO, ſ. m. a flake of ice, an icicle.
CARAMBO'LA, ſ. f. a trick, a cheat, a fraud, a deceit.
Carambóla, ſ. f. a fruit growing in India.
CARAME'L, ſ. m. a ſort of ſmall pilchard.
CARAME'LO, ſ. m. a ſort of lozenge made with ſugar and eggs.
CARAME'NTE, adv. dearly; alſo rigorouſly.
CARAMEA'S, ſ. f. a fruit growing in India.
CARAMIELLO, ſ. m. a kind of head dreſs formerly uſed bywomen.
CARAMI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall pipe.
Caramillo, a cheat, a trick, a fraud, a deceit.
CARAMI'O, ſ. m. a ſnail.
CA'RAMO, ſ. m. in cant, wine.
CARAMUZA'L, ſ. m. a kind of ſhip uſed by the Moors.
CARA'ñA, ſ. f. a ſort of roſin.
CARA'NCIA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.
CARANTAMA'ULA, ſ. f. an ugly mask, an ugly face.
CARANTOñA, ſ. f. an ugly face; alſo an old ugly painted woman.
Carantoña, flattery, coaxing.
CARANTOñERO, ſ. m. a flatterer.
CARAPITO, ſ. m. a ſort of ſea-fowl; a ſtranger that haunts a place.
CARAPU'ZA, ſ. f. vide *CAPERU'ZA*.
CARA'TULA, ſ. f. a mask; the character of a buffoon or fool in farces, and the farce itſelf.
CARATULE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes or ſells masks.
CARA'VA, ſ. f. aſſembly, company of peaſants met together on a holiday to divert themſelves.
CARAVA'NA, ſ. f. caravan.
Caravána, a ſea-expedition.
Caravánas, ſ. f. pl. the pains or troubles in order to obtain any favour or employment.
CARA'VE, ſ. m. amber.
CARAVE'LA, ſ. f. a kind of ſhip.
CARAVELO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *caravela*.
CARAVE'RA, ſ. f. adultreſs, witch; enchantreſs, which haunteth tombs and graves and mingleth the bodies of dead men.
CARAVE'RO, ſ. m. one who frequents all public companies and neglects his own buſineſs.
CARA'Y, ſ. m. a tortoiſe's ſhell.
CARA'ZA, ſ. f. augm. of *cára*.
CA'RBASO, ſ. m. the linen that ſails of ſhips are made of; ſail-cloth.
CARBO'N, ſ. m. charcoal, half burnt wood.
Carbón de piedra ò de tierra, ſea-coal, pit-coal.
CARBONA'DA, ſ. f. a carbonado, or broiling meat on the coals.
CARBONADI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *carbonáda*.
CARBONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a bit of charcoal to draw with, black chalk.
CARBONE'RA, ſ. f. a coal-hole, a woman that ſells coals.
CARBONERI'A, ſ. f. the ſhop where coals are ſold by retail.
CARBONE'RO, ſ. m. a collier.
CARBONIZA'R, v. a. to make coals. Obſ.
CARBU'NCLO, ſ. m. a precious ſtone called a carbuncle; alſo a

carbuncle or red pimple in the face, alſo a plague ſore; a coal of fire.

CARCAJA'DA, ſ. f. a fit of laughter.

CARCAJE, ſ. m. a quiver of arrows.

CARCAJEA'R, v. n. to laugh out.

CARCA'MO, ſ. m. in cant, the way, the road.

CARCAÑAL, ſ. m. the heel.

No la ha del carcañal, his diſtemper is not in his heels; that is, it is in his brains. He is mad, or foolish.

CARCAÑO, ſ. m. the heel.

CARCAPU'LO, ſ. m. a large high tree in India.

CARCA'SA, ſ. f. a carcaſs thrown out of a mortar, like a bomb.

CA'RCAVA, ſ. f. a grave, or rather a great pit, ſuch as armies uſe to bury their dead in after a battle.

CARCAVEA'R, v. a. to dig pits or graves.

CARCAVE'RA, ſ. f. a ſtrumpet that haunts church-yards.

CA'RCAVO, ſ. m. the bottom of the belly.

CARCAVON, ſ. m. a great deep pit, ſuch as are ſometimes made by mighty falls of water, or otherwiſe.

CARCAVUE'ZO, ſ. m. a deep pit or ditch.

CARCA'X, ſ. m. a bracelet put on the ankle for ornament.

Carcáx, ſ. m. a quiver for arrows.

CARCAXA'DA, ſ. f. vide *CARCAJA'DA*.

CA'RCEL, ſ. f. a priſon. Carpenters give this name to a frame, in which they preſs together any frame-work, till they have pinned it together, or, when glued, till the glue holds.

Dar a úno la cáſa por carcel, to confine a man to his own houſe.

CARCELA'GE, ſ. m. the fees of the priſon.

CARCELERI'A, ſ. f. confinement impriſonment.

Guardar carceleria, to be confined to a city or town.

CARCELE'RO, ſ. m. a gaoler.

Carcelério, adj relating to a jail; and uſed in the phraſe *fianza carcelera*, which means the bail given in order to be let out of goal.

CARCHE'SIA, ſ. f. } a large deep
CARCHE'SIO, ſ. m. } cup or bowl with handles.

CARCO'A, ſ. f. a large canoe uſed by the Indians.

CA'RCOLA, ſ. f. a weaver's treadle, which he preſſes down with his feet in weaving.

CARCOLE'JO, ſ. m. a ſnail's ſhell.

CARCO'MA, ſ. f. the worm in wood, and the duſt that falls from worm-eaten wood: alſo a great trouble of mind.

Carcóma, one that ſpends by degrees all his money.

CARCOME'R, v. a to worm-eat.

Carcomerſe, v. r. to be worm-eaten; to perplex or torment one's ſelf, to be afflicted.

CARCOMI'DO, adj. worm-eaten; alſo afflicted, grieved.

CARCOMIE'NTO, adj. weakened by old age.

CA'RDA, ſ. f. a ſort of thiſtle uſed to raiſe the wool of cloth; alſo a card to card wool.

Gente de la carda, ruffians, raſcals, bravoes, bragadocios.

Dar una carda, to reprimand, to reprehend, to chide.

CARDADE'RA, ſ. f. a card or teazle to card wool.

CARDADO'R, ſ. m. a carder of wool.

CARDADU'RA, ſ. f. carding.

CARDAMO'MO, ſ. m. the ſeed cardamomum.

CARDA'NTE, ſ. m. an idle looſe companion.

CARDAR, v. a. to card wool; to tear the hair.

Cardár la lana á uno, to cudgel one; alſo to take away by degrees any thing from another.

CARDENA'L, ſ. m. a cardinal, a prince of the Roman church.

Cardenál, ſ. m. a bird ſo called.

Cardenál, ſ. m. the black and blue mark of a blow.

CARDENALA'TO, }
CARDENALA'ZGO, } ſ. m. the dignity of a cardinal.

CARDENALI'CIO, adj. belonging to a cardinal.

CARDE'NCHA, ſ. f. the teazle or thiſtle to raiſe the wool of cloth.

Cardencha, ſ. f. the ſtay of a weaver's loom, having teeth like a comb; alſo a kind of herb called wild chervil.

CARDENI'CO, adj. ſomewhat blue.

CARDENILLO, ſ. m. verdigreaſe, the ruſt of braſs.

CARDE'NO, adj. of a purple colour, livid bluish.

CARDI'ACA, ſ. f. the herb motherwort.

CARDI'ACO, adj. cardiack, cordial.

CARDIALGI'A, ſ. f. the heartburn; and alſo, an imaginary being which tells whatever naughty children do.

CARDILLE'JO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cardillo*.

CARDI'LLO, ſ. m. a little thiſtle.

CARDINA'L, adj. cardinal, principal, chief.

Vientos cardinales, the four principal winds, north, ſouth, eaſt, and weſt.

CA'RDINE, ſ. m. the lock of a door.

CARDI'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall ſhip ſo called.

CARDIZA'L, ſ. m. the place where many thiſtles grow.

CA'RDO, ſ. m. a thiſtle.

Cárdo pára cardár, a thiſtle to card cloth with.

Cárdo lechéro, the white milky thiſtle.

Cárdo aljonjéro, a ſort of thiſtle, out of which they ſqueeze the juice, and it ſerves inſtead of runnet to turn milk.

Cárdo bendito, cárdo ſánto, the holy thiſtle.

Cárdo eſpinóſo, our ladies thiſtle.

Cárdo corredór, the weed ſea-holm, ſea-holly, or ſea-hulver

Cardo peynadór, the teazle.

Cárdo pinto, a great whitish thiſtle, full of white ſpots.

Cárdo húſo, wild baſtard ſaffron, or ſaffron flower.

CARDO'N, ſ. m. a great thiſtle.

CARDU'CHA, ſ. f. a large card to comb wool.

CARDU'ZA, ſ. f. a wooden card with iron points uſed to card wool.

CARDUZADO'R, ſ. m. a carder, one that cards or combs wool or cloth.

CARDUZA'R, v. a. to card wool;

alſo to ſcratch, to tear with the nails.

CAREA'R, v. a to bring face to face; to confront; to compare one thing with another.

Careárſe, v. r. to move the face or head from one ſide to the other; alſo to meet face to face.

CARECE'R, v. n. to want, to lack.

CARECIE'NTE, adj. wanting, who wants.

CARE'NA, ſ. f. careen, careening; alſo the keel of a ſhip and all the part of her that lies under water.

Dar caréna, to careen, to caulk.

CARENA'R, v. a. to careen.

CARE'NCIA, ſ. f. want, neceſſity, poverty.

CARENE'RO, ſ. m. a convenient place to bring ſhips upon the careen; a ſhipyard or a dock.

CARE'O, ſ. m. the act of comparing one thing with another.

CARE'RO, adj. ſelling at a dear price.

CARESTI'A, ſ. f. dearth, ſcarcity.

CARE'ZA, ſ. f. ſcarcity, dearneſs.

CA'RGA, ſ. f. load, burthen, freight; oppreſſion, damage, vexation.

Cárga, charge, office, employment.

Cárga de granos, a load of corn.

Cárga de arma de fuego, the charge of a gun.

Cárga errada, a diſcharge or volley of cannon and musket shot.

Cárga reál, a tax, a tribute.

A cárga cerrada, adv. inconſiderately.

A cárgas, adv. plentifully.

Llevar los ſoldados á la cárga, to charge the enemy.

Navío de cárga ò merchante, a merchant or trading ship.

Beſtia de cárga, a beaſt to carry burthens.

Echarſe con la cárga, to fall down under the burthen.

Dar con la cárga en el ſuélo, to let fall the burthen, to ſpoil the buſineſs.

Dar cárga á el ennemigo, to charge the enemy.

Cóſa de ciénto en cárga, a thing of no value, whereof is great plenty.

Eſſo á cárgas, there are loads of that; it is common and plentiful.

CARGA'DAS, ſ. f. pl. a larger number of tricks in particular games at cards.

CARGADE'RA, ſ. f. the ſtay in a ship.

CARGADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where ships take in their goods or loading or where they diſcharge them.

CARGADI'LLA, ſ. f. the increaſe of a debt.

CARGADO'R, ſ. m. one that loads or burdens; a merchant that loads ships; one that impoſes burdens or taxes.

CARGADU'RA, ſ. f. loading, burdening.

CARGA'R, v. a. to load, to burden; to load a ship, to impoſe burdens or taxes; to load a dye.

Cargár cénſo ſóbre la haziénda, to burden the eſtate with an annuity.

Cargár de pálos, to cudgel a man.

Cargálle la búrra, to give a man ill language.

Cargár la cabéça de víno, to drink too much.

Cargár la hónra, to lay a blemish upon one's honour.

CARGAZO'N, ſ. f. a burden, lading for a ship, heavineſs in the head.

CA'RGO, ſ. m. burden, weight; the lading of a ship; alſo a charge, office, or employment.

Cárgo de conciéncia, a burden on the conſcience.

Hacer cárgo, to charge.

Tomár á cárgo, to take charge of.

Dar cárgo de un negócio, to give one an affair in charge.

Ser en cárgo, to be beholden, or to be anſwerable.

Cárgos, pl. articles of impeachment.

CARGO'SO, adj. heavy, grievous, afflictive, oppreſſive.

CARGUI'O, ſ. m. goods ready to ship.

CARIACE'DO, adj. looking ghaſtly as if ſomething ſtrange had happened.

CARIACONTECI'DO, adj. that looks ghaſtly as if ſome ſtrange thing had befallen.

CARIACUCHILLA'DO, adj. one that has been cut over the face.

CARIAGUILE'ñO, adj. long-faced with a hook-noſe.

CARIAMPOLLA'DO, adj. round-faced, full-cheeked, like young fat boys.

CARIA'NCHO, adj. broad-faced.

CARIA'TIDES, ſ. f. pl. a term in architecture, ſignifying a ſort of columns, the upper half whereof is like the bodies of women.

CARIBA'NO, *CARI'BE*, ſ. m. a cruel, hard-hearted, barbarous man.

Caribe, ſ. m. a cannibal that eats man's flesh.

CARIBO'BO, adj. looking ſtupid, idiot like.

CA'RICA, ſ. f. a kind of thorny tree like a fig-tree.

CARI'CIA, ſ. f. cherishing, making much of, kind reception, lovingneſs; in cant, a very dear thing.

CARICIOSAME'NTE, adv. lovingly, kindly, affectionately.

CARICIO'SO, adj. loving, kind, full of affection.

CARICUE'RDO, adj. ſober-looking.

CARIDA'D, ſ. f. charity; alſo dearneſs or dearth.

CARIDOLIE'NTE, adj. ſorrowful, melancholy.

CARIESCRI'TO, adj. an appellative of the melon, the rind of which is not ſmooth but full of warts.

CARIGO'RDO, adj. plump-faced.

CARIFA'RTO, obſ. *CARIHA'RTO*, adj. full-faced, with fat cheeks.

CARILA'RGO, adj. long-viſaged.

CARI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of *cára*, the face of a child; a mask; a ſmall ſilver coin in Aragon.

CARILLADA, ſ. f. vide *CARRILLA'DA*.

CARILLE'JO, ſ. m. vide *CARRILLE'JO*.

CARILLE'NO, adj. plump-faced.

CARI'LLO, ſ. m. vide *CARRILLO*.

CARILUCIO, ad. having a shining face.

CARIÑA'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of cap.
CARIÑO, ſ. m. kindneſs, affection, love.
CARIÑOSAME'NTE, adv. affectionately, kindly, lovingly, amorouſly.
CARIÑO'SO, adj. kind, affectionate, loving.
CARINY'MPHO, adj. effeminate, womanish; vulgarly, ſmock-faced.
CARIPA'NDO, adj. foolish, idiot like.
CARIRAI'DO, adj. brazen-faced, impudent, bold.
CARIREDO'NDO, adj. round-viſaged.
CARISE'A, ſ. f. the cloth we call kerſey.
CARI'SMA, ſ. m. benevolence, gift, preſent given with a good grace and a kind manner.
CARI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cára*.
CARITATI'VO, adj. charitable.
CARLA'NCA, ſ. f. in cant, the neck of the ſhirt.
Carlánças, ſ. f. dog's collars full of points; a very high collar.
Tener carlancas, to be very cunning.
CARLEA'R, v. n. to make the noiſe as a dog does when panting with heat.
CARLI'N, ſ. m. a ſort of coin.
CARLI'NA, ſ. f. a kind of thiſtle.
CARLI'NGAS, ſ. f. pl. the carlings, certain timbers in a ſhip.
CARLO SA'NTO, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.
CARME'L, ſ. m. a ſort of plant.
CAMELI'TAS, ſ. m. pl. the religious order of Carmelite friars.
CA'RMEN, ſ. m. a verſe, verſes
Cármen, ſ. m. a garden, or vineyard.
CARMENADO'R, ſ. m. a carder.
CARMENADU'RA, ſ. f. carding, teaſing; picking, pulling.
CARMENA'R, v. a. to card, to teaze, to pick, to pull.
Carmenár a úno, to lug a man by the hair.
CARMESI', } adj. crimſon.
CARMESIN, }
CARMI'N, ſ. m. carmine, a bright red, or crimſon colour; alſo a kind of wild roſe.
CARMO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of fruit.
CARNA'DA, ſ. f. the baits made of flesh to catch fish.
CARNA'GE, ſ. m. a flesh-market; or butchery; alſo the killing of cattle for victualling the ships; alſo the ſlaughter of men in a battle formerly.
CARNA'L, adj. carnal, fleshy.
Carnál, libidinous, luſtful, fleshly given; who employs all his thoughts on earthly affairs.
CARNALIDA'D, ſ. f. carnality, fleshineſs; alliance in blood.
CARNALME'NTE, adv. carnally.
CARNAVA'L, ſ. m. the carnaval, shroveride.
CARNA'ZA, ſ. f. a great lump of flesh; a very fat man or woman; the fleshy ſide of leather.
CA'RNE, ſ. f. flesh. meat.
Cárne humeáda, ſmoked flesh.
Cárne ſalpréſa, powdered meat.
Cárne momia, any very lean dry meat.
Cárne móla, a ſwelling or flesh y ſubſtance in the belly.
Eſtar en cárnes, to be ſtark naked.
Tomár la mugér en cárnes, to take a wife without a portion.
Comér de ſus cárnes, to devour or ſquander one's eſtate.
Dia de cárne, a flesh-day, any day that is not a faſt.
Cárne de grajo, a lean perſon.
Tiene cárnes de perro, he is hardened, inured to hardships.
Cárne de pluma, the food or meat of any fowl.
Cárne ſin hueſſo, a good employment without any trouble.
Abrir las cárnes a uno, to beat one barberouſly.
Echar cárnes, to grow fat.
Hacerſe cárne, to be afflicted.
Ni es cárne ni peſcado, he is a uſeleſs man, he is good for nothing.
Poner toda la cárne al aſador, to hazard all the money at play.
Ser uña y cárne, to be a great friend.
Temblarle las cárnes a uno, to be frightened.
Tener pan y cárne, to have neceſſaries.
CARNECERI'A, ſ. f. a flesh-market.
CARNECI'LLA, ſ. f. a pimple,
CARNERA'DA, ſ. f. a large flock of sheep.
CARNERI'L, adj. belonging to sheep.
CARNERE'RO, ſ. m. a shepherd.
CARNE'RO, ſ. m. mutton; sheep; alſo a net bag to carry flesh in; a common burying-place; a ſilly fellow.
Carnéro, the ſign in the zodiack, called Aries; a ram, an inſtrument with an iron head uſed by the ancients to batter walls.
Echarlo al cárnero, to forget any thing, to put it in oblivion.
No hái tales cárnero, that is not true.
Cárnero de cinco quartos, a sheep of five quarters; they are ſo large that the tail makes one quarter; they come from Africa.
Cárnero caſtrádo, a wether.
Carnéro moruéco, } a ram.
Carnéro cojúdo, }
Carnéro deſmachádo, a ram without horns.
Carnêro verde, mutton cut in ſmall pieces, and boiled with ſalt, pepper, cloves, parſley, onion, and bacon.
CARNERU'NO, adj. belonging to sheep.
CARNESTOLE'NDAS, ſ. f. shrovetide.
CARNICERI'A, ſ. f. pl. the butcher's shambles, or the place where beaſts are ſlaughtered; alſo a ſlaughter of men.
CARNICERI'L, adj. belonging to a flesh-market.
CARNICE'RO, adj. belonging to flesh.
Libra carnicéra, the weight of a pound in flesh.
Carnicéro, ſ. m. a butcher, a ſlaughter-man, a hangman.
CARNICO'L, ſ. m. a huckle-bone; alſo a play among boys with huckleboues; alſo the hoof of a beaſt, being the hard horny ſubſtance of graminivorous animals.
CARNI'VORO, adj. ravenous, a great devourer of flesh.
CARNI'ZA, ſ. f. cutting of flesh.
CARNOSIDA'D, ſ. f. carnoſity, a fleshy excreſcence, carbuncle; fleshineſs.

CARNO'SO, } adj. fleshy, full of
CARNU'DO, } flesh, fat; alſo muſculous, pulpous, (ſpeaking of fruits.)

CA'RO, adj. dear, precious.

De lo cáro, of the beſt and deareſt wine, a phraſe uſed among drunkards.

Hacer el cáro, to tack about.

Lo baráto es cáro, what is cheap is dear; becauſe cheap things are ſeldom good.

CARO'BO, ſ. m. a ſort of veſſel; alſo the carob-tree.

CARO'CA, ſ. f. fine diſſembling words ſpoken with an intent to deceive.

CARO'NA, ſ. f. a horſe's hide on the back and withers; in cant, a ſhirt.

Mála caróna, a horſe's hide that is apt to gall.

Bándo de caróna, tender-skinned, lazy, unfit for labour; alſo touchy or exceptious.

CAROQUE'RO, adj. flattering, impoſing upon.

CARO'TIDAS, } ſ. f. pl. carotids,
CAROTIDES, } two arteries, which ariſe out of the aſcending trunk of the aorta.

CARO'ZO, ſ. m. the pellicle that covers the grains of a pomegranate.

CA'RPA, ſ. f. a carp; alſo a bunch of grapes, or part of it.

CARPANE'L, adj. the appellative of a certain elliptical ſection.

CA'RPE, ſ. m. a tree with a rugged black bark, by ſome called the yoketree.

CARPEDA'L, ſ. f. a grove of ſuch trees.

CARPENTEAR, v. a. to work upon an equal balance; that is, when the profit of any man's work will amount to no more than what he is paid for his labour.

CARPE'NTO, ſ. m. the ſtate of a planet that meets with a number of other planets in its revolution.

CARPE'SIO, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.

CARPE'TA, ſ. f. a leather, cloth, or ſilk cover for a table; alſo a kind of blanket at the door of taverns.

CARPINTEA'R, v. n. to work at the carpenter's buſineſs.

CARPINTERI'A, ſ. f. the carpenter's trade.

CARPINTE'RO, ſ. m. a carpenter.

Carpintéro de cárros y carrétas, a cartwright.

CARPI'R, v. a. to rend, to tear, to cleave, to ſcratch.

CARPOBA'LSAMO, ſ. m. the fruit of the balſam-tree.

CARRA'CA, ſ. f. a heavy large ſhip; alſo a rattle, a noiſy inſtrument.

CARRA'CO, adj. infirm, weak, old, heavy.

CARRA'L, ſ. m. a cask, or large veſſel carried by a cart.

CARRALE'JA, ſ. f. a thin ſmall cane.

CARRANCU'DO, adj. that has a preciſe, ſtiff, affected way of walking.

CARRA'NQUE, ſ. m. a bird as big as a crane.

CARRA'SCA, ſ. f. the holm-tree.

CARRASCA'L, ſ. m. a grove of holmtrees.

CARRA'SCO, ſ. m. the holm-tree.

CARRASPA'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of drink compoſed of honey, red wine, and ſpices

CARRASPA'NTE, adj. any thing ſour or harſh.

CARRASPE'RA, ſ. f. hoarſeneſs, a diſeaſe of the throat ſo called.

CARRASQUEñO, adj. of, or belonging to, or like the holm-tree.

CARRE'RA, ſ. f. career, courſe, a race; alſo the place where they run races, or tilt; in cant, a ſtreet.

Abrir carréra, to make a lane, to clear the way, to run.

Paſsár ſu carréra, to run over one's ground; to do one's duty, to play one's part.

Rehuſár la carréra, to be reſtive, not to anſwer the ſpur; to refuſe what is required.

Pararſe en médio de la carréra, to ſtop in full career.

No hará carréra a un ciégo, he will not make way for a blind man; ſaid to expreſs the height of ill-nature.

A carrera abierta, ó tendida, in a full ſpeed.

Partir de carrera, to act inconſiderately, thoughtleſsly.

CARRERI'LLA, } ſ. f. diminutive
CARRERI'TA, } of *carréra*.

CARRERUE'LA, ſ. f. a little run as children take; alſo notches in hair ill cut.

CARRE'TA, ſ. f. a cart.

Hále tomádo la carréta, the cart has run over him; meant of one that is crippled with the pox, as if a cart had run over him.

Ir por mar en carréta, to go to ſea in a cart; to expreſs the impoſſibility of a thing.

CARRETA'DA, ſ. f. a cart load.

CARRETE, ſ. m. a fiſhing-line.

Dar carrete, to procraſtinate in buſineſs, to delay, to defer.

CARRETEA'R, v. a. to carry any thing in a cart.

CARRETE'L ſ. m. a turning engine ſo called on board ſhips.

CARRETE'RA, ſ. f. a highway for carts or coaches.

CARRETERI'A, ſ. f. the place where they make carts, or keep them; alſo a quantity of carts together.

CARRETERI'L, adj. belonging to a cart.

CARRETE'RO, ſ. m. a carter; in cant, a cheat.

Voz de carretero, a rude rough and clownish voice.

Jurár cómo un carretéro, to ſwear like a carter.

CARRETI'LLA, ſ. f. diminut. a little cart.

Hacer carretilla, an expreſſion uſed by boys, when, playing with their caſtle-tops, one ſplits another.

Saber de carretilla, to know ſomething by heart.

De carretilla, adv. by cuſtom, thoughtleſsly.

CARRETO'N, ſ. m. a little cart or wheel-barrow; alſo a child's go-cart, and a carriage for a cannon.

CARRETONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a go-cart for little children.

CARRICO'CHE, ſ. m. a covered cart; alſo a bad old coach; a duſt-cart.

CARRI'L, ſ. m. a cart-wheel; alſo a cart-rut, or a cart-way.

CARRILLA'DA, ſ. f. the cheeks; alſo the greaſe of a hog's cheek.

Carrilláda, a box on the chops.

Temblár a carrilládas to quake till the teeth chatter.

CARRI'LLO, ſ. m. a cheek; alſo a little cart; alſo a pulley.

Tenér buénos carrillos, to have good cheeks, to be fat and plump.

Comér a dos carillos, to eat with both jaws; that is, greedily; to pleaſe two parties.

Llevár el bocádo de un carillo a ótro, to turn one's meat from one ſide to the other; that is, to eat without any appetite.

CARRILLU'DO, adj. one that has great cheeks.

CARRIO'LA, ſ. f. a truckle-bed.

CARRIZA'L, ſ. f. a ſedgy place.

CARRI'ZO, ſ. f. ſedge.

CA'RRO, ſ. m. cart, chariot, wain.

Cárro in cant, a play.

Cárro falcáto, a chariot uſed in former times, ſet with ſcythes and other cutting tools ſticking out on each ſide.

Cárro, (*oſſa mayor*,) the greater bear, a conſtellation.

Carro de oro, Bruſſels camelet or camelote.

Carro largo, a long four-wheeled cart.

Carro mato, a low cart, having two wheels.

CARROCE'RO, ſ. m. vide *COCHERO*.

CARROCI'LLA, ſ. f. } diminutives
CARROCI'LLO, ſ. m. } of *carróza*.

CARROCIN, ſ. m. a chariot, a carriage of pleaſure.

CARROÑO, adj. old, rotten, or corrupted.

CARRO'ZA, ſ. f. a great handſome coach.

Carroza de navio, a ſhelter made in the ſtern of boats and ſhips.

CARRUA'GE, } ſ. m. loading for
CARURA'JE, } carts; carrying in carts; a number of carts.

CARRU'CHA, ſ. f. a pulley.

CARRU'CO, ſ. m. a little cart uſed to carry ſalt and other things in the mountains.

CARRUJA'DO, adj. plaited, gathered very ſmall.

CA'RTA, ſ. f. a letter; a leaf of a book; a card; a map or ſea-chart.

Cárta de eſpéra a letter of licence to give a man time to pay his debts.

Cárta de vénta a bill of ſale.

Cárta de págo, an acquittance.

Cárta de mareár, a ſea-chart, being a geographical deſcription of ſea-coaſts, with the true diſtance, heights and courſes of winds laid down in it.

Cárta de cénſo, a deed for an annuity.

Cárta de hórro, a diſcharge to a ſlave by which he is made free.

Cárta miſſiva, or *familiár* a familiar or miſſive letter.

Cárta de conſéjos, or *de chàncilleria*, an order of council, or decree in chancery.

Cárta de deſcommunión, the inſtrument declaring any perſon excommunicated.

Cárta cuenta, a bill or account.

Cárta nueva, any paper of news, or any ſtrange accident, which is ſold about the ſtreets.

Cárta blánca, cart blanch, when a man has never a court-card in his hand.

Cárta de guía, a note given to one that travels in a ſtrange country for all people to put him in his way and not moleſt him.

Cárta de ſegúro
Cárta ſalva guárda, } a ſafe conduct.

Cártas, playing cards.

Dar cártas, to deal the cards.

Pecár por carta de mas, ó por carta de ménos, to be over or under.

Cártas de llamamiénto, a ſummons for the members of the *cortes* to meet.

Razón de cárta róta, the reaſon or the ſentence of a torn letter; that is, nonſenſe; becauſe when a letter is torn and a piece wanting, all the ſentences remain imperfect.

Háblen cártas, y callen bárbas, let letters ſpeak and tongues be ſilent; that is, let the matter be referred to writings, not to what men ſay.

Prov. *No fírmes cárta que no léas, ni bébas água que no véas*, do not ſign any writing which you have not read, nor drinck water which you have not ſeen.

CARTABO'N, ſ. m. a carpenter's ſquare.

CARTAPA'CIO, ſ. m. a ſtitched book, or any parcel of writing put together; a ſchool-boy's theme or copy-book; or a ſcroll for memorandums.

Razón de cartapácio, an anſwer or ſaying long ſtudied and nothing to the purpoſe.

CARTAPAZUE'LO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cartapáclo*.

CARTAPE'L, ſ. m. a writing poſted up or ſet upon gates, walls, &c. in order to notify any thing to the public; alſo any large writing in a very ſmall character.

CARTEA'RSE, v. r. to keep correſpondence by letters.

CARTE'L, ſ. m. any papers ſet up in corners of ſtreets or in public places; a challenge; a libel.

Cartél, a cartel, a regulation for redeeming or exchanging of priſoners of war.

CARTE'LA, ſ. f. a board, or ſtone in a wall or other place, to write ſome inſcription upon; any pane or pannel. In architecture it is the ſcroll of the Ionic order, called the *voluta*.

CARTE'RA, ſ. f. a letter-caſe; a pocket-book; alſo two paſte-boards bound together in the ſhape of a folio book and commonly covered with vellum; uſed to write upon, and to put papers in.

CARTE'RO, ſ. m. a letter-carrier.

CARTE'TA, ſ. m. a game at cards.

CA'RTHAMO, ſ. m. vide *ALAZO'R*.

CARTI'DO, ſ. m. a little caſk or barrel to keep conſerves in.

CARTILA'GINE, ſ. m. a griſtle, or cartilage, as of the ear or noſe.

CARTI'LLA, ſ. f. the firſt book children learn to read in, primer.

Leér a úno la cartilla, to read the primer to one; that is, to deal very plainly with him.

CARTO'N, ſ. m. paſte-board. In architecture, the ſcroll on the head of the column of the Ionic order called the *voluta*.

Parecér de carton, to appear very grave, ſtiff, and lumpish.

CARTUCHE'RA, the pouch to carry the carridges in.

CARTU'CHO, ſ. m. a cartridge to charge any fire-arm with; a caſe of paper or parchment filled with gunpowder, uſed, for the greater expedition in charging guns.

CARTULA'GINE, ſ. f. vide *CARTILA'GINE*.

CARTULA'RIO, ſ. m. an original regiſter-book of laws, privileges, grants, deeds, &c.

CARTULI'NA, ſ. f. a piece of paſteboard cut into the shape of any flower, worked in embroidery to raiſe it.

CARTU'XA, ſ. f. the religious order inſtituted by St. Bruno.

CARTUXA'NO, adj. belonging to the Carthuſian order.

CARTUXO; ſ. m. a Carthuſian friar; alſo a ſilent, grave, or quiet man.

CARU'NCULA, ſ. f. a little piece of flesh, a kernel, a caruncle.

CARVA'LLO, ſ. m. a kind of ſmall oak.

CARVI', ſ. m. carraway-ſeed.

CARYA'TIDES, ſ. m. caryatides, columns or pilaſters with the figures of women dreſſed in long robes.

C A S

CAS, ſ. f. a vulgar abbreviation of *caſa*.

CA'SA, ſ. f. a houſe, a family; it is ſometimes uſed in the plural, *caſas*, ſpeaking of the houſe of ſome great man, as *las caſas del duque*, the duke's houſe.

Cáſa de tia, the priſon.

Cáſa fuérte, a country-houſe with fortifications, and works of defence.

Cáſa ſanta, the ſepulchre of Chriſt in Jeruſalem.

Cáſa de letras, an academy, univerſity, or college.

Cáſa de locos, an hoſpital for lunaticks.

Cáſa del Rey, *ò cáſa reál*, the King's houſhold or ſervants.

Cáſa de la monéda, the mint.

Cáſa pagiza, a thatched-houſe.

Cáſa reál, a royal palace.

Cáſa de oración, a houſe of prayer, a church.

Cáſa de religión, a monaſtery, or a religious-houſe.

Cáſa de aprobacion, a noviceſhip.

Cáſa profeſſa, a monaſtery of religious perſons profeſſed.

Cáſa de contratación, a houſe for managing of trade.

Cáſa pública, a bawdy-houſe.

Cáſa de poſádas, a houſe that lets lodgings.

Cáſa de cámpo, a country-houſe.

Cáſa de juégo, a gaming-houſe.

Cáſa a la mallcia, a houſe malicioufly contrived; that is, which cannot be divided into apartments for ſeveral families to live in.

Cáſas, pl. the ſquares or chequers on a cheſs or draught board.

Póner cáſa, to ſet up houſe-keeping.

Apartár cáſa, to part families.

No tenér cáſa ni viña, to have no eſtate.

De cáſa en cáſa, from houſe to houſe, from door to door.

Franqueár la cáſa, to give free liberty to view every corner of the houſe.

Guárdar la cáſa, to keep the houſe, not to ſtir abroad.

Tenér la cáſa por cárcel, to be confined to one's houſe.

No tenér cáſa ni hogár, to be very poor.

CASA'CA, ſ. f. obſ. a looſe coat or upper garment; alſo a ſort of jacket worn by women.

Volver caſáca, to be a turn-coat; to forſake the party of one and take that of his enemy.

CASA'DA, ſ. f. a married woman, a wife.

Caſáda, the original, or the riſe of a family.

CASADE'RO, adj. marriageable, of age to marry.

CASADI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *caſada*, a family of no brilliant extraction, a race of no great antiquity, yet not quite unknown.

CASA'DO, adj. married; when a married man, a husband.

CASA'L, ſ. m. a ſmall village with few houſes.

CASAMA'TA, ſ. f. a cazematte.

CASAMENTA'R, v. n. to marry.

CASAMENTE'RO, ſ. m. a match-maker.

CASAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a wedding; a match.

CASAPUE'RTA, ſ. f. a porch, or entry of any houſe.

CASAQUI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *caſaca*.

CASA'R, v. n. to marry, to wed.

Caſár, v. a to join a man and a woman, to marry them; alſo to unite ſomething to another, to mix vith.

CASA'R, ſ. m. a farm-houſe, a village.

Caſárſe, v. r. to marry.

CASCA, ſ. f. the huſk of grapes after the wine preſſed out; the broken bark tanners put into their tanpits.

CASCABE'L, ſ. m. a hawk's bell; a rattle-headed fellow; a talker, a prattler.

Hombre de caſcabél gordo, a clownish fellow.

Echar el caſcabél a uno, to put the bell to one; that is, to give him any bad news.

Blvora de caſcabel, a rattle-ſnake.

Prov. *Quien echará el caſcabél al gato?* who will put the bell about the cat's neck? who will do any thing againſt another who is too powerful.

CASCABELADA, ſ. f. a jingling of hawks bells; a ridiculous action published.

Echár caſcabeládas, to talk idly.

CASCABELEA'R, v. a. to ring a hawk's bell; to talk, or act idly.

CASCABELLI'LLO, ſ. m. a little hawk's bell; alſo a ſmall plum.

CASCA'DA, ſ. f. a fall of water, a caſcade.

Caſcádas, pl. drapery; the plaits or folds of the dreſs in a picture or ſtatue.

CASCA'DO, adj. wore out, decayed by old age or infirmities.
Caſcádo, weak.
CASCAJA'L, ſ. m. a gravel-pit; alſo the place where they throw out they husk of the grapes after vintage.
CASCAJA'R, v. a. to throw ſtones; to throw out the husks of the grapes after vintage.
CASCA'JO, ſ. m. gravel, pebble-ſtones; the shivers that fly in cutting ſtones; broken earthen-ware; rubbish.
Caſcájo, winter fruits, as nuts, chesnuts, &c. alſo any Spanish braſs coin, becauſe they look as bits.
CASCAJOSO, adj. gravelly, full of rubbish.
CASCANUE'ZES, ſ. m. a nut-cracker.
CASCAPIñO'NES, ſ. m. pl. boys that are employed to take out the kernels of pine-apples to ſell.
CASCA'R, v. a. to crack.
Caſcár, to give a blow with the fiſt, ſtick, or any thing.
CA'SCARA, ſ. f. shell, husk.
Cáſcaras, a word of admiration.
Hombre de la caſcára amarga, a quareller, a bully, a noiſy fellow.
CASCARE'LA, ſ. f. a ſort of play at cards.
CASCARI'LLA, ſ. f. a little shell, a thin husk; the bark or Jeſuits's powders.
CASCARI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *caſcára*.
CASCARO'N, ſ. m. an egg-shell, or any other great shell.
CASCARRO'JAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of worms that breed in ships.
CASCARRO'N, adj. coarſe, rough, unpolished, diſagreable.
CASCARRU'DO, adj. of, or belonging to a thick shell.
CASCATRE'GUAS, ſ. m. a trucebreaker; a perfidious perſon.
CASCAVA'NCO, ſ. m. an idle fellow, a vagabond.
CASCAVE'L, ſ. m. vide *CASCABEL*.
CA'SCO, ſ. m. a broken piece of any thing, pot, tile, shell, or the like; alſo a head-piece of skull-cap; alſo the skull.
Cáſco de la cabeza, the skull.
Cáſco de cáſa, an empty houſe, that has nothing but bare walls.
Cáſco de navío, a ship without maſts, ropes, and other riggings.
Cáſco de caballo, mulo, &c. the horny ſubſtance under the hoof of a horſe, mule, aſs, &c.
Cáſcos, a sheep's head without the brains and tongue.
Lavar ó untar los cáſcos, to flatter, to praiſe.
Quitar ó raer del caſco, to diſſuade, to divert from any thing.
Romper los caſcos, to break the skull; alſo to plague, to moleſt, to teaze, to harraſs by inceſſant ſollicitation or foolish talk.
Cáſco de cébolla, a flake of an onion.
Cáſco de tiña, a cap for a ſcald head.
Caſcos luzios, little wit.
Cáſcos de calabáza, a shatter-brained fellow.
Fuláno tiéne buenos cáſcos, ſuch a one has a good head, ſpoken ironically.
CASCO'TE, ſ. m. rubbish.
CASERAME'NTE, adv. ſincerely, faithfully, with integrity, plainly, honeſtly, juſtly.
CASERA'ZO, adj augment. of *caſéro*.
CASERI'A, ſ. f. a country farm; female œconomy, houſewifery.
CASE'RNA, ſ. f. a vault ſtrongly made to reſiſt the bombs.
CASE'RO, ſ. m. a landlord of a houſe; alſo a farmer or a houſekeeper.
Caſéro, adj. that is homely, home-made, home-felt, private; alſo plain, home-ſpun; as.
Eſtilo caſéro, a plain familiar ſtyle.
Pan caſéro, houshold bread.
Liénzo caſéro, home-ſpun cloth.
Mugér caſéra, a woman that keeps her houſe and is not a gadder.
CA'SI, adv. almoſt.
CA'SIA, ſ. f. a ſmall shrub in the Indies.
CASIAFISTU'LA, ſ. f. vide *CAñAFISTOLA*.
CASI'CA, *CASI'LLA*, ſ. f. a little houſe; a neceſſary houſe.
Sacár a uno de ſus casillas, to draw a man out of his little houſes; that is, to anger, fret, or vex a man.
CASILLE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon whoſe buſineſs it is to empty and clean the cloſe-ſtools and ſuch like veſſels, in the king's palace.
CASI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cájo*.
CASI'NA, ſ. f. a cottage, a poor country-houſe.
CASI'TA, ſ. f. a little houſe, a cottage.
Caſita de dios, a ſmall red inſect.
CASO, ſ. m. accident, chance; fortune, deſtiny; a law-caſe; a caſe in declining words; eſteem, regard.
A cáſo, adv. by chance.
Cáſo que, put the caſe, ſuppoſing, or admitting that.
De cáſo penſádo, wilfully, deſignedly, with intent and premeditation.
Es cáſo llano, the thing is plain, evident, manifeſt.
Vámos al cáſo, let us come to the point, to the thing in hand.
No eſtoy en el cáſo, I do not underſtand the caſe.
No há e al cáſo, it is not to the purpoſe.
Hacer cáſo de úna perſóna, to take notice of one.
Démos cáſo, ſuppoſing, admitting.
Cáſo acordado, a thing done with deliberation, premeditated.
CASOLE'TA, ſ. f. a little ſauce-pan or pipkin; the touch-pan in fire-arms.
CASO'RIO, ſ. m. a haſty inconſiderate marriage.
CA'SPA, ſ. f. dandriff or ſcurf in the head.
CASPE'RA, ſ. f. a ſmall comb with teeth on both ſides, uſed to comb the ſcurf of the head.
CASPO'SO, adj. full of dandriff.
CASQUETA'DA, ſ. f. a rash inconſiderate action or expreſſion.
CASQUETA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given with the head.
CASQUE'TE, ſ. m. a broken piece of any thing; the skull.

Caſquéte, a leather or paper cap to cover the skull.
Caſquete de tiñoſo, a plaſter for a ſcald head.
Caſquete, a helmet or head-piece.
CASQUIJO, ſ. m. vide *CASCA'JO*.
CASQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little head-piece or ſteel cap; any ſmall broken piece of any thing.
Caſquillo de ſaéta, the head of an arrow.
CASQUILU'CIO, adj. merry, jocoſe; who pretends to a great deal of ſenſe, and has none.
CASSACIO'N, ſ. f. cancelling, vacating, annulling, cashiering.
CASSADO'R, ſ. m. one that cancels, vacates, annuls, makes void, or cashiers.
CASSADU'RA, ſ. f. cancelling, vacating, making void, cashiering.
CASSA'R, v. a. to cancel, vacate, annul, make void.
CASSIOPE'A, ſ. f. a northern conſtellation ſo called.
CA'STA, ſ. f. race, breed, progeny, ſtock.
CASTAME'NTE, adv. chaſtly, modeſtly.
CASTAÑA, ſ. f. a cheſnut.
Caſtáña enxérta, a cheſnut of a tree that has been grafted.
Caſtáña regoldána, a ſmall wild cheſnut.
Caſtáña piláda, a cheſnut that has the ſhell taken off, and is dried, uſed to make pottage.
Peinádo en caſtaña, a faſhion of curling uſed among women.
CASTAÑA'L, } ſ. m. a grove of
CASTAÑA'R, } cheſnut-trees.
CASTAÑAZ'O, ſ. m. a blow given with a cheſnut.
CASTAÑEDO, ſ. m. a cheſnut-grove.
CAS'TAÑERO, ſ. m. the perſon who ſells cheſnuts ready roaſted or boiled.
CASTAÑETA, ſ. f. a caſtanet, ſuch as they uſe in dancing; alſo the ſnapping of the fingers in imitation of caſtanets.
CASTAÑETEA'R, v. n. to play on the caſtanets, or to ſnap the fingers; ſnapping of the knees, as ſome men walk.
CASTAÑETA'ZO, ſ. m. the noiſe made by the caſtanets or by ſnapping the fingers.
CASTAÑO, ſ. m. a cheſnut-tree.
Caſtáño, adj. cheſnut-colour.
Caſtaño claro, light cheſnut-colour.
Caſtaño obſcuro, dark cheſnut-colour.
CASTAÑUE'LA, ſ. f. vide *CASTAÑETA*.
CASTELLA'N, ſ. m. vide *CASTELLANO*.
CASTELLANI'A, ſ. f. caſtle-ward; the lordſhip and juriſdiction of a lord.
CASTELLA'NO, ſ. m. a governor of a caſtle or fortreſs.
Caſtellano, an ancient coin of gold.
Caſſellano, the fiftieth part of a mark of gold.
CASTELO, ſ. m. vide *CASPIL'LO*.
CASTIDA'D, ſ. f. chaſtity.
CASTIE'LLO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *CASTILLO*.
CASTIFICA'R, v. a. to make chaſte, to render chaſte.
CASTIGACION, ſ. f. chaſtiſement.
CASTIGADAMENTE, adv. correctly, accurately.
CASTIGADE'RA, ſ. f. a little ſtring to tie the clapper of a bell they uſe to hang about the neck of cattle.
CASTIGADOR, ſ. m. a chaſtiſer, a punisher; alſo a ſevere and rigorous cenſor.
CASTIGAME'NTO, } ſ. m. vide
CASTIGAMIENTO, } *CASTIGO*.
CASTIGA'R, v. a. to chaſtiſe, correct or punish.
Caſtigár de cóla, to make a horſe carry his tail down.
Prov. *Caſtiga al que no es buéno, y aborrecérte ha luégo*, chaſtiſe one that is not good, and he'll preſently hate you.
Caſtigárſe, v. n. to amend, or correct one's ſelf.
CASTI'GO, ſ. m. chaſtiſement, punishment, correction.
CAST'IL DE PRO'A, ſ. m. the forecaſtle, or head of a ſhip.
CASTI'L DE POPA, the ſtern, the poop of a ſhip.
CASTILLE'JO, ſ. m. diminutive of *caſtillo*.
CASTILLERI'A, ſ. f. a tribute paid by thoſe who live within the diſtrict or verge of the caſtle.
CASTILLE'RO, ſ. m. a governor of a caſtle.
CASTILLE'TE, ſ. m. a little caſtle.
CASTI'LLO, ſ. m. a caſtle, a fortreſs; alſo the fore-caſtle of a ſhip.
Caſtillo y león, caſtle and lion; the ſame as we call croſs or pile.
Formar caſtillos en el áire, to build caſtles in the air; to hope or expect things that in probability are not likely to happen.
CASTILLUE'LO, ſ. m. diminutive of *caſtillo*.
CASTIMONI'A, ſ. f. chaſtity.
CASTI'ZO, adj. of a good race or breed.
Eſtila caſtizo, pure, correct and polished ſtyle.
Caſtizo, the ſon of a *meſtizo* and *meſtiza*.
CA'STO, adj. chaſte.
CASTO'R, ſ. m. a caſtor or beaver.
Caſtor y Polux, a fiery meteor which at ſea ſeems ſometimes ſticking to a part of the ſhip.
CASTO'REO, ſ. m. caſtoreum.
CASTRADE'RA, ſ. f. a gelding-knife.
CASTRA'DO, ſ. m. eunuch; wether.
CASTRADO'R, ſ. m. a gelder.
CASTRADU'RA, ſ. f. gelding.
CASTRAPUE'RCAS, ſ. m. a ſowgelder.
CASTRA'R, v. a. to geld, to ſpay.
Caſtrár colménas, to take the honey of hives leaving enough for the bees to feed on.
Caſtrár la ſárna, to apply medicines to the itch to dry it up.
Caſtrár poétas, to caſtrate poets; that is, to cut off the immodeſt part of them.
CASTRAZO'N, ſ. m. gelding, the ſeaſon for gelding or for taking the honey out of the hives.
CASTRE'NSE, adj. or belonging to a camp.

CA'STRO, ſ. m. a fort, a ſtrong place; alſo a game boys play at.
Caſtro, the reliques of a demolished houſe or building.
CASTRO'N, ſ. m. a gelt goat.
CASUA'L. adj. caſual, accidental.
CASUALIDA'D, ſ. f. caſualty, miſchance, unforeſeen event.
CASUALME'NTE, adv. by chance, accidentally.
CASUA'RES, ſ. m. a ſort of fowl ſo called.
CASUI'STA, ſ. m. a caſuiſt.
CASU'LLA, ſ. f. chaſuble, the veſtment a prieſt wears over his alb when he ſays maſs.
CASULLE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes the veſtment which a prieſt wears over his alb, when he ſays maſs; alſo one who builds ſmall houſes or cottages.

C A T

CA'TA, interj. behold, ſee, look.
Cáta, ſ. f. an eſſay, a taſte, a view, a ſearch; alſo a ſtick they lay acroſs upon two other forked-ones in the vineyards, to prop up the vines.
CATA'BRE, ſ. m. a piece of rope or cable ſo called on board a ſhip.
CATA'BULO, ſ. m. a ſtable, a beaſthouſe, a place where beaſts were kept, either to be made tame or to fight with condemned malefactors.
CATACLY'SMO, ſ. m. a deluge, an inundation. Poetical.
CATADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who taſtes the wines to give his approbation of them.
CATADU'RA, ſ. f. the taſting or palating of wine, to judge of its worth.
Catadúra, ſ. f. the countenance, the aſpect.
CATAFRA'TES, ſ. m. pl. men in complete armour.
CATALICO'N, ſ. m. a medicine ſo called.
CATALI'NAS, ſ. f. pl. the French-pox.
CATALNI'CA, ſ. f. a capricious name given to a female parrot.
CATA'LOGO, ſ. m. a catalogue.
CATALU'FA, ſ. f. a ſort of flowered ſilk.
CATAMI'TO, ſ. m. a catamite.
CATA'N, ſ. m. } a large broad-
CATA'NA, ſ. f. } ſword uſed by the inhabitants of Japan.
CATANA'NCE, ſ. f. a tree ſo called.
CATA'NES, ſ. m. pl. gentlemen, perſons of note and quality, but below lords.
CATA'PHORA, ſ. f. any thing ready to fall.
CATAPLA'SMA, ſ. f. a plaſter, a cataplaſm; a poultice, a ſoft mollifying application.
CATAPOCIA, ſ. f. a pill, a medicine made into a ſmall ball or maſs.
CATAPU'CIA, ſ. f. a ſort of herb ſo called.
CATAPULTA, ſ. f. a catapult, an engine uſed formerly to throw ſtones, darts, &c.
CATA'R v. a. to ſee, to behold, to view, to taſte; to ſearch; to think of a thing.
Qúando menos me cato, when I leaſt think of it.
Cata, take notice.
CATARAñA, ſ. f. the bird called a ſhell-drake; alſo the herb ſmallage.
CATARA'TA, ſ. f. a cataract, or great fall of water; a floodgate, a cataract in the eyes.
Batir las cataratas, to cure the cataract on the eye.
CATARRA'L, adj. belonging to a catarrh or old.
CATARRIBE'RA, ſ. m. an idle ſtrolling fellow.
CATA'RRO, ſ. m. a catarrh, a cold, a defluxion proceeding from cold.
CATARRO'SO, adj ſubject to a catarrh or to cold.
CATASO'L, ſ. m. the daiſy-flower.
CATA'STA, ſ. f. a cage or ſtall wherein they ſet ſlaves to ſale, alſo a ſtrappado or the like on; which Chriſtians uſed to be tormented.
CATA'STROPHE, ſ. f. cataſtrophe, concluſion or end of a thing; a final event generally unhappy.
CATAVIE'NTOS, ſ. m. pl. two weather flags placed on the ſtern of a ſhip, which by turning show the point from whence the wind blows.
CATAVI'NO, ſ. m. a cup uſed to taſte wine.
Catavinos, pl. drunkards.
CATECHI'SMO, } ſ. m. a cate-
CATECI'SMO, } chiſm, inſtruction in matters of religion.
CATECHI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who inſtructs or teaches the principles of the Chriſtian religion.
CATECHIZA'R, v. a. to catechiſe, to inſtruct in religious matters.
CATECHU'MENO, ſ. m. a catechumen, one that is inſtructing.
CATECI'SMO, ſ. m. vide *CATECHI'SMO*.
CATEGOREMA'TICO, adj. categorematic, applied to the term that bears its own ſignification.
CATEGORI'A, ſ. f. in logic, a predicament; a claſs, a rank.
CATEGO'RICO, adj. categorical, poſitive, adequate, abſolute.
CATE'RVA, ſ. f. a crew, a rout, a ſhoal, a troop, a gang, a company.
Afuéra pues caterva dueñeſca, inutil para ningun humáno regálo.
CA'THEDRA, ſ. f. a pulpit.
CATHEDRA'L, ſ. f. a cathedral, the head church of a dioceſe.
CATHEDRALIDA'D, ſ. f. the right, dignity, and prerogative of the cathedral church.
CATHEDRA'R, v. n. to be a profeſſor in an univerſity, to teach any ſcience.
CATHEDRA'TICO, ſ. m. a profeſſor of a ſcience in an univerſity.
CATHE'TO, ſ. m. the catherus, a term in architecture.
CATHOLICAME'NTE, adv. catholically, univerſally.
CATHOLICI'SMO, ſ. m. catholiciſm, adherence to the catholic church.
CATHO'LICO, adj. catholic, univerſal, general.
Catholico, good, pure, without any

mixture, not adulterated by ingredients.

Catholico, healthful, free from ſickneſs, in good health.

CATHOLICO'N, ſ. m. an univerſal medicine.

CATI'NO, ſ. m. a tub, any large veſſel.

CATI'TE, ſ. m. a little lump of ſugar.

CATIVA'R, v. a. vide *CAPTIVA'R*.

CATIVE'RIO, ſ. m. vide *CAPTIVE'RIO*.

CATIVIDA'D, ſ. f. vide *CAPTIVIDA'D*.

CATI'VO, adj. vide *CAPTIVO*.

CATO, ſ. m. a ſort of medicine.

CATOPLEBA, ſ. f. a kind of beaſt that kills only by looking at one.

CATO'PTRICA, ſ. f. catoptricks; that part of optics which treats of viſion by reflection.

CATO'RZE, adj. fourteen.

CATORZE'NO, adj. the fourteenth.

Paño catorzéno, a ſort of very coarſe cloth.

CATRE, ſ. m. a couch.

C A U

CAUCE, ſ. m. a channel or ditch cut by the ſide of a river in order to divert a part of its water for the purpoſes of agriculture and manufactures.

CAUCIO'N, ſ. f. caution, ſurety; bail, a bondſman.

Preſtár caución, to put in bail.

CAUCIONE'RO, ſ. m. a bondſman, a ſurety.

CAUCHI'L, ſ. m. a reſervoir or conſervatory for waters to ſupply other places.

CA'UDA, ſ. f. a tail.

CAUDA'L, ſ. m. ſtock, what a man is worth.

Hacer caudál de úna cóſa, to value a thing, to make account of it.

Hómbre de caudál, a man of ſubſtance.

CAUDALE'JO, ſ. m. diminutive of *caudál*.

CAUDALOSAM'ENTE, adv. richly.

CAUDALO'SO, rich, wealthy well ſtocked.

Rio caudalóſo, a mighty river.

CAUDATA'RIO, ſ. m. a biſhop's ſervant who bears up his train.

CAUDA'TO, adj. with a tail. Said of a comet.

CAUDI'LLO, ſ. m. a captain, a leader.

CAULE, ſ. m. one of the leaves in the capital of a Corinthian pillar.

CAURO, ſ. m. one of the weſt winds, commonly called Gallego.

CA'USA, ſ. f. a cauſe.

CAUSADO'R, ſ. m. a cauſer, he that cauſes, the agent by which an effect is produced.

CAUSA'L, ſ. f. reaſon, motive, or cauſe that produces an effect.

CAUSA'R, v. a. to cauſe.

CAUSI'DICO, ſ. m. a lawyer.

CAUSO'N, ſ. m. a burning fever.

CAUSTICO, adj. cauſtick, burning.

CAUSTO, adj. burnt.

CAUTAME'NTE, adv. cautiouſly, wearily.

CAUTE'LA, ſ. f. caution, wearineſs; alſo a fraud or cheat.

CAUTELA'R, v. a. to be cautious, veary, or circumſpect.

CAUTELOSAME'NTE, adv. cautiouſly, wearily; alſo deceitfully.

CAUTELO'SO, adj. cautious; alſo crafty, deceitful.

CAUTE'RIO, ſ. m. cautery, of ſearing iron ſuch as ſurgeons uſe.

CAUTERIZADO'R, ſ. m. the ſurgeon who ſears or cauterizes.

CAUTERIZA'R, v. a. to ſear, to cauterize.

CAUTIVA'R, v. a. to captivate, to take priſoner; alſo to charm, to ſubdue.

CAUTIVE'RIO, ſ. m. bondage, captivity.

CAUTIVIDA'D, ſ. f. captivity, bondage.

CAUTIVO, ſ. m. a ſlave, a captive.

CA'UTO, adj. cautious, circumſpect.

C A V

CA'VA, ſ. f. ditch, trench, pit, cellar, vault.

La vena cáva, the hollow vein.

CAVADI'ZO, adj. that is, or may be dug, or hollowed.

CAVADO'R, ſ. m. digger, ditcher, delver, ploughman; alſo the digger of graves or ſepulchres.

Come mas que un cavadôr, he eats more than a ploughman.

CAVADU'RA, ſ. f. digging, making hollow; the twiſt of a man where he begins to be forked.

CAVA'L, adj. vide *CABA'L*.

CAVA'R, v. a. to dig, to delve, to make hollow.

Cavár en el penſamiento, to make an impreſſion on the mind, to be ſo fixed that one cannot forget it.

Cavár la materia en la herida, to eat down into the flesh.

CAVAZO'N, ſ. f. digging, hollowing.

CAVELLA'DO, adj. vide *CABELLA'DO*.

CAVE'LLO, ſ. m. vide *CABE'LLO*.

CAVELLU'DO, adj. *CABELLU'DO*.

CAVE'R, v. n. vide *CABE'R*.

CAVE'RNA, ſ. f. cavern, den, cave, grot, hole: in cant, a houſe.

CAVERNOSIDA'D, ſ. f. deepneſs, concavity.

CAVERNO'SO, adj. full of caves, dens, or holes.

CAVESTRA'R, v. a. vide *CABESTRA'R*.

CAVE'STRO, vide *CABE'STRO*.

CAVE'TO, ſ. m. in architecture, the hollow between the two rounds, at the foot of a column; the trochile.

CAVEZU'DO, adj. vide *CABEZU'DO*.

CAVI'DA, ſ. f. vide *CABI'DA*.

CAVIDA'D, ſ. f. a hollowneſs.

CAVILACIO'N, ſ. f. cavilling, contention.

CAVILA'R, v. a. to cavil, to contend, to quarrel.

CAVILDA'DA, ſ. f. vide *CABILDA'DA.*

CAVI'LDO, ſ. m. vide *CABI'LDO.*

CAVI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. iron pins belonging to the building and rigging of a ſhip.

Cavillas de los brázos, the ſmall bones of the arms.

CAVILLADO'R, ſ. m. a carpenter that drives the pins and bolts in ſhips.

CAVILLO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *cavilla.*

CAVI'LO, ſ. m. vide *CAVILACIO'N.*

CAVILOSAME'NTE, adv. contentiouſly.

CAVILO'SO, adj. contentious, quarrelſome.

C A X

CA'XA, ſ. f. a box, cheſt, desk, coffer, coffin, bin, the ſtock of a gun; alſo a drum.

Cáxa de un coche, the box of a coach.

Cáxa de difuntos, a coffin.

Cáxa, the place where money is put.

Cáxa de cuchillo, navaja, &c. a caſe for knives, razors, &c.

Cáxa de arcabúz, the ſtock of a gun.

Cáxa de las cartas, a general poſt-office.

Cáxa de las muelas, the gums; the internal part of the mouth.

Echár con cáxas deſtempladas, to turn out with contempt and ſcorn.

Libro de cáxa, the cash-book among merchants.

CAXE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. particular hollows in a ſhip ſo called.

CAXE'RO, ſ. m. a joyner, a box-maker; a pedlar: a cash-keeper or clerk.

CAXE'TA, *CAXI'LLA*, *CAXI'TA*, } ſ. f. a little box.

CAXO, ſ. m. obſ. the jaw, or cheek.

CAXO'N, ſ. m. a great box or cheſt.

Cáxon de ſaſtre, the large cheſt under the table, wherein taylors put the remains of ſtuff after having cut a garment.

CAXONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little cheſt, a little drawer.

CAXO'NES, ſ. m. pl. the lockers aboard a ſhip, which are like little cupboards or boxes made faſt to the ſides of the ſhips to lay up things.

CAXTANA'DA, ſ. f. in cant, a quarrel, a tumult, an uproar.

CAXUE'LA, ſ. f. diminut. of *cáxa.*

C A Y

CAYADA, ſ. f. } a ſtrepherd's
CAYADO, ſ. m. } hook; alſo an old man's walking-ſtaff.

CAYMA'N, ſ. m. crocodile, allegator.

C A Z

CA'Z, ſ. m. a channel made by letting out water from a river in dry fields.

CA'ZA, ſ. f. all ſorts of game or ſports, as hawking, hunting, shooting, &c. alſo the game itſelf.

Cáza, a fine cotton linen.

Cáza mayor, the chaſe of great beaſts.

Cáza menor, hunting of hares fowls, &c.

Levantar la cáza, to raiſe the game.

Dar cáza, to chaſe.

Eſpántar la cáza, to fright the game; to let ſlip offenders that might have been taken.

Andár en cáza de gángas, to ſpend one's time and labour in doing nothing.

Ir a cáza de grillos, to go a cricket hunting, to hunt after uncertainties.

CAZA'BE, ſ. m. a kind of bread eaten in America.

CAZADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where they go to a hunting; an open ground full of ſuch beaſts as are hunted.

CAZADO'R, ſ. m. an hunter.

CAZADO'RA, ſ. f. an huntreſs.

CAZADORCI'LLO, ſ. m. diminut. a little hunter.

CAZADU'RA, ſ. f. hunting.

CAZA'R, v. a. to hunt, to hawk, to fowl, to fish.

CAZCALLEA'R, v. a. to apply a great but un profitable diligence in doing any thing.

CAZCARRIAS, ſ. f. pl. the dirt on the borders of the garments.

CASCARRIE'NTO, adj. belonging to a draggled tail.

CAZI'CO, ſ. m. a little skillet or ſaucepan.

CAZO, ſ. m. a skillet, a ſaucepan, or any ſuch ſort of veſſel; alſo a great ſpoon.

CAZOLE'JA, *CAZOLE'TA*, } ſ. f. a little ſaucepan or pipkin; alſo the fire-pan of a gun.

CAZOLI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſaucepan or pipkin.

CAZO'N, ſ. m. a ſeal-fish; a ſea-lamprey; a cuttle-fish; an eel-pout.

CAZONA'L, ſ. m. all the neceſſary inſtruments to catch the *cazón*, as ſhips, nets, hooks, &c.

CAZONE'TES, ſ. m. pl. particular round pieces or timber ſo called on board ſhips.

CAZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little skillet or ſaucepan, ſometimes taken for the meat dreſſed in it.

Cazuéla, a ſeparate place for women in the play-houſe.

Cazuéla mongi, or *moxi*, boiled ſpinach, mixed with eggs, and ſeaſoned with ſalt an pepper.

CAZUMBRA'R, v. a. to ſplice the hooks of cask or veſſel.

CAZU'MBRE, ſ. m. the rope with which the cask or veſſel is ſpliced.

CAZUMBRO'N, ſ. m. the perſon who ſplices the casks or veſſels; alſo one who takes care of the hoops.

CAZU'RRO, ſ. m. a ſilent, melancholly perſon; a clownish, unmannerly, lewd, and ugly perſon.

CAZZU'Z, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.

C E

CE, a ſoft way of calling; an authoritative reſtraint of ſpeech.

C E A

CE'A, ſ. f. beer-barley, beer-corn.

CEATICA, ſ. f. vide *CIA'TICA.*

C E B

CEBA, ſ. f. a bait.
CEBA'DA, ſ. f. barley.
Dár cebáda a las caballerias, to feed the horſes with the meaſure of oats.
CEBADAZO, adj. belonging to barley or oats.
CEBADE'RA, ſ. f. the ſprit-ſail or yard in a ſhip.
CEBADE'RO, ſ. m. a place to fatten any creatures in; alſo who gives provender to them; alſo a picture of domeſtic birds.
CEBADI'LLA, ſ. f. a kind of herb.
CEBADO'R, ſ. m. one who makes the baits for birds or beaſts.
CEBA'R, v. a. to bait, to feed, to greaſe, to tallow.
CEBELLI'NA, ſ. f. the animal called a ſable.
Cebellinas, ſ. f. pl. the rich furrs called ſables; ſable-skins.
CEBI'CA, ſ. f. vide *CIBI'CA*.
CEBO, ſ. m. the food or aliment; alſo a bait for animals.
Cebo, a bait, a charm, decoy.
Cebo de eſcopeta ù otra boca de fuego, the prime, the powder put in the touch-hole or pan of a gun.
CEBO'LLA, ſ. f. an onion; any bulbous root.
Cebólla arbarrána, a wild onion; alſo a ſquill or ſea-onion.
Cebólla aſcalónia, a ſcallion.
Cebólla, a ſort of pottage made with onions.
CEBOLLA'R, ſ. m. a place where onions grow.
CEBOLLE'RO, adj. ruſtic, clownish.
CEBOLLE'TA, ſ. f. } a young
CEBOLLI'NO, ſ. m. } onion.
CEBOLLU'DO, adj. belonging to an onion.
CEBO'N, ſ. m. a fatted hog; any fat beaſt.
Eſtár como un cebón, to grow very fat.
CE'BRA, ſ. f. a beaſt ſo called, a wild aſs.
Fulána es cómo una cébra, ſuch a woman is like the *cébra*; that is, high ſpirited and ungovernable.

CEBRATA'NA, ſ. f. vide *CEBRATA'NA*.
CEBRE'RO, ſ. m. a kind of cream-cheeſe ſo called.

C E C

CE'CA, ſ. f. a mint.
Andár de Céca en Meca, to ſaunter about to no purpoſe.
CECEA'R, v. n. to liſp.
CECE'O, ſ. m. liſp; the act of liſping; alſo a ſoft whiſtling, made to call one.
CECEO'SO, adj. one that liſps.
CECIA'L, ſ. m. a ſort of cod dried up; a thin and lean man.
CE'CIAS, ſ. m. an eaſterly wind ſo called.
CECI'LIA, ſ. f. a kind of ſerpent.
CECI'NA, ſ. f. hung-beef or mutton: meat ſalted and hung up to dry; a very lean, thin man.
CECINA'R, v. a. to ſalt and hang meat to dry.

C E D

CEDACERI'A, ſ. f. the place where the ſieves are made or ſold.
CEDACE'RO, ſ. m. a ſieve-maker.
CEDACI'LLO, } ſ. m. a little ſieve.
CEDACI'TO, }
Prov. *Cedacillo nuévo tres dias en eſtáca*, a new ſieve is three days on the pin; that is, for the firſt three days any thing is taken care of and laid up, but afterwards neglected and thrown down any where.
CEDA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſieve.
CEDAZUE'LO, ſ. m. a little ſieve.
CEDE'R, v. a. to yield, to give way, to quit, to reſign.
CE'DO, adv. obſ. ſoon, early, haſtily.
CE'DRIA, ſ. f. the gum of the cedar-tree.
CE'DRIS, ſ. m. the fruit of the cedar-tree.
CE'DRO, ſ. m. a cedar-tree.
CE'DULA, ſ. f. a ſchedule, a ſcroll, a bill, note, a ticket, an obligation, a writ, a warrant; any ſhort writing.
Cédula reál, an order, grant, or warrant from the king.
Cédula de alquilér, a bill upon a houſe to show it is to be let.
CEDULI'LLA, ſ. f. a little bill, note, or writing.
CEDULO'N, ſ. m. a great bill, note, or writing; alſo a ſatire, or lampoon againſt a perſon.
Poner cedulónes, to publish ſatires, or lampoons.

C E G

CEGAGE'S, ſ. m. purblindneſs, dimneſs of ſight.
CEGAGEA'R, v. n. to be purblind, or dim-ſighted.
CEGA'JO, ſ. m. a ruſtic word for a hegoat two years old.
CEGAJO'SO, adj. purblind, dim-ſighted.
CEGA'L, adj. purblind, dim-ſighted.
CEGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtopping up of any place or hole.
CEGA'R, v. a. to blind; to darken, to obſcure to the eye or to the underſtanding.
Cegár, to grow blind.
CEGARRAPO'SO, adj. short or weak-ſighted.
CEGARRI'TA, adj. short-ſighted.
A cegarritas, adv. with the eyes shut, blindfold, or blindly.
CEGATE'RO, ſ. m. f. the perſon who ſells any thing.
CEGA'TO, adj. vide *CEGAJO'SO*.
CEGATO'SO, adj. vide *CEGAJO'SO*.
CEGUEDA'D, ſ. f. blindneſs.
Ceguedád, ignorance.
CEGUEJA'R, v. a. to do any thing blindly, to act blindneſs.
CEGUE'RA, ſ. f. blindneſs.
CEGUEZUE'LO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cégo*.
CEGUIñUE'LA, ſ. f. a particular piece of timber ſo called on board a ſhip.
CEGU'TA, ſ. f. hemlock.

C E I

CEIBA, ſ. f. a large American tree ſo called.

C E J

CEJA, ſ. f. the eye-brow; an edging to a garment, or any thing that is worn; in muſical inſtruments, the little thing that raiſes the ſtrings at the neck that they may not lie flat along it; alſo the edge of a mountain.

Enarcár las cejas, to draw up the eye-brows, as when we gaze at any thing with admiration.

Pelárſe las céjas, to loſe the hair of the eye-brows; that is, to muſe or ſtudy ſo hard till a man burns his hair; alſo to pull one's eye-brows for vexation.

Darle a úno entre céja y céja, to hit a man betwixt the eye-brows; that is, to ſay or do any thing that touches him to the quick.

CEJADE'RO, ſ. m. a leather ſtrap put behind a coach-box.

CEJA'R, v. n. to put bach a coach, or cart, or the like, making the horſes go backward; to reſiſt, withſtand.

CEJIJU'NTO, adj. that has his eyebrows joined.

CE'JO, ſ. m. vide *CE'ñO*.

CEJU'DO, adj. beetle-browed, one that has bushy eye-brows.

C E L

CELA'DA, ſ. f. an ambush; alſo a helmet, and place of ambush; alſo a treacherous trick, a fraud, a deceit.

Caér ò dar en la celáda, to fall into an ambus h.

Ponér ó armár celáda, to lay an ambush.

CELADAME'NTE, adj. privily, clandeſtinely, ſecretly.

CELADI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *celáda*.

CELADO'R, ſ. m. vide *ZELADOR*.

CELA'GE, ſ. m. the variety of colours in the clouds.

Celáge (*en la pintura*) the heaven painted in a picture.

Celáge, a preſage.

CELAR, v. a. to conceal, to hide; alſo to be jealous.

CE'LDA, ſ. f. a cell, properly of a religious man in a monaſtery; alſo any ſmall and peaceable place of reſidence.

CELDI'LLA, *CELDI'TA*, } ſ. f. diminutive of *célda*.

CELEBE'RRIMO, adj. very celebrated, famous.

CELEBRACIO'N, ſ. f. celebration, a ſolemnity; alſo praiſe, applauſe, approbation.

CELEBRADO'R, ſ. m. one that celebrates, ſolemnizes, or applauds.

CELEBRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a celebrating, or ſolemnizing, or applauding.

CELEBRA'NTE, ſ. m. the prieſt who celebrates the maſs.

CELEBRA'R, v. a. to celebrate, to ſolemnize, to applaud, to extol.

Celebrár la fiéſtas, to keep holidays.

Celebrár la miſſa, to ſay maſs.

CE'LEBRE, adj. renowned, famous.

Fieſta célebre, a great holiday.

CELEBREME'NTE, adv. famouſly, remarkably, nobly.

CELEBRE'RO, ſ. m. he that performs ſome eccleſiaſtical function, eſpecially that of burial.

CELEBRIDA'D, ſ. f. a ſolemnity.

CELE'BRO, ſ. m. the brain.

Celébro, ſ. m. ſcience, learning, wiſdom, knowledge, experience. It is alſo taken for the head.

Caér de celébro, to fall down backwards.

CELEDO'NIA, ſ. f. the herb celandine, ſwallow-wort, tetterwort, or ſilken-ſiſley.

CELE'MA, ſ. m. the fish called a shad, or ſea-raven; alſo uſed for *zaléma*.

CELEMI'N, ſ. m. a dry meaſure anſwerable to our peck, not much differing from it in quantity.

CELEMINA'DA, ſ. f. the quantity of any thing which is contained in a peck.

CELEMINE'RO, ſ. m. one that meaſures, or ſells out by the peck, a retailer.

CE'LER, adj. ſwift.

CELERA'R, v. a. vide *ACCELERA'R*.

CELERA'RIO, adj. that haſtens or makes ſpeed.

CELERIDA'D, ſ. f. ſwiftneſs.

CELE'STE, adj. heavenly.

Azúl celéſte, sky-colour.

CELESTIA'L, adj. heavenly, celeſtial.

Celeſtiál, perfect, complete.

CELESTIALME'NTE, adv. after an heavenly manner.

CELE'STRE, adj. vide *CELE'STE*.

CE'LIA, ſ. f. a ſort of drink made almoſt like our beer.

CELIA'CO, adj. ſick of the belly-ach, griped in the guts, that one cannot go to ſtool, nor hardly fetch one's breath.

CELIBA'TO, ſ. m. celibacy, ſingle life.

CE'LIBE, ſ. m. a bachelor.

CELI'CIO, ſ. m. vide *CILI'CIO*.

CE'LICO, adj. belonging to heaven.

CELI'COLA, ſ. m. an inhabitant of heaven, uſed in poetry.

CELI'COLO, adj. celeſtial, heavenly.

CELIDO'NIA, ſ. f. the herb pile-wort, or celandine.

CELI'TA, ſ. f. a kind of great fish, plentifully up the Streights.

CELLE'NCO, adj. infirm, weak, worn out with age.

CELLERI'ZO, ſ. m. an œconomiſt, one who manages domeſtic affairs.

CELLI'SCA, ſ. f. a tempeſt of rain and wind.

CE'LO, ſ. m. zeal. Vide *ZELO*.

CELOGI'A, *CELOSI'A*, } ſ. f. lattice for windows, doors, or the like, being ſmall laths in chequers, which hang before the windows.

CELSITU'D, highneſs, loftineſs.

CE'LULA, ſ. f. diminutive of *célda*.

C E M

CEMENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that lays a foundation, or that cements.

CEMENTA'R, v. a. to lay the foundation; alſo to cement.

CEMENTE'RIO, ſ. m. a church-yard.

C E N

CE'NA, f. f. a ſupper.

Céna a eſcúras, a covetous wretch, who will not allow himſelf ſo much at light to eat his ſupper by.

CENA'CHO, ſ. m. a pannier or hamper.

CENA'CULO, ſ. m. a dining or ſupping room.

CENADA'L, ſ. m. vide *CENAGA'L.*

CENADE'RO, ſ. m. a parlour or ſupping room.

CENADO'R, ſ. m. a dining or ſupping room, an arbour or ſummer-houſe in a garden to ſup in, in hot weather.

CENAGA'L, ſ. m. a bog, a quagmire, a dirty, muddy place.

CENAGO'SO, adj. dirty, muddy, miry.

CENA'R, v. a. to ſup.

CENCE'ñO, adj. ſingle, ſpare, lean, thin, dry.

Pan concéño, unleavened bread.

CENCE'RRA, ſ. f. vide *CENCE'RRO.*

CENCERRA'DA, ſ. f. the noiſe of many bells hung to the necks of animals.

CENCERREA'R, v. a. to ring a low bell; to ſaunter about.

CENCERRI'L, adj. belonging to *cencérro.*

CENCERRI'LLA, ſ. f. } a little
CENCERRI'LLO, ſ. m. } bell for a cow or bell-wether.

CENCE'RRO, ſ. m. a bell, ſuch as is hung about a cow or a bell-wether.

Prov. *No quiéro pérro con cencérro*, I will not have a dog with a bell; that is, I will not engage myſelf in any noiſy or quarrelſome affair.

Irſe a concérros tapádos, to ſteal away privately, becauſe carriers when they are to go through ſome place where they fear thieves, take off their bells, that they may not give notice of their approach.

Levantár el campo a cencérros tapádos, to raiſe a camp, and march away without beat of drum.

Fuláno es un cencérro, ſuch a one is a babbling, pratting fellow.

CENCERRO'N, ſ. m. a great horſebell; alſo a great cluſter of any ſort of fruit.

CENCERRU'NO, adj. of, or belonging, or like to a little bell.

CE'NCHRIS, ſ. f. a green ſerpent ſo called.

CENCI'DO, adj. ſmooth, bald, bare, uncultivated.

CE'NCRO, ſ. m. a kind of ſerpent with a ſpotted belly.

CENDA'L, ſ. m. a fine linen, as lawn, or fine ſilk like tiffany.

CENDOLI'LLA, ſ. f. a reſtleſs little wench, that cannot be quiet in a place.

CE'NDRA, ſ. f. the aſhes goldſmiths uſe to clean plate or refine ſilver.

Céndra, ſ. f. a neat, clean, well dreſſed perſon.

CENDRA'R, v. a. to cleanſe, purify, or refine.

Pláta cendráda, pure fine ſilver.

CENEDAL, ſ. m. vide *CENAGA'L.*

CENE'FA, ſ. f. the vallance of a bed, or any ſuch thing hanging round a garment.

CENICE'RO, ſ. m. the place where the aſhes are put.

CENICIE'NTO, adj. the colour of aſhes, or mixed with aſhes: alſo pale-coloured, ſpeaking of perſons.

CENI'TH, ſ. m. the zenith, the point in heaven directly over our head, the vertical point, from which dropping an imaginary line through the earth, is formed the oppoſite point on the other ſide the ſphere called nadir.

CENI'ZA, ſ. f. aſhes.

Miercóles de cenîza, Aſh-Wedneſday.

Prov. *Allegár cenîza, y deſperdiciár harîna*, to gather aſhes, and waſte meal; to ſave what's worth nothing, and be lavish of what is valuable; to ſave at the ſpiggot, and let run out at the bung.

CENIZA'R, v. a. to cover, or ſprinkle with aſhes.

CENIZE'RO, ſ. m. the place under the oven where they throw the aſhes.

CENI'ZO, ſ. m. an herb whereof there are three ſorts, ſavory, marjoram with the ſmall leaf, and penny-royal with the broad leaf.

CENIZO'SO, adj. vide *CENICIENTO.*

CENOBIA'L, adj. belonging to celibacy or to a monaſtery.

CENO'BIO, ſ. m. a monaſtery.

CENOBI'TA, ſ. m. the perſon who profeſſes a monk's life.

CENOBI'TICO, adj. vide *CENOBIAL.*

CENOGI'L, ſ. m. a garter.

CENO'RIA, ſ. f. carrots.

CENO'SO, adj. full of mud or dirt.

CENOTA'PHIO, ſ. m. an empty tomb raiſed in honour of a dead perſon, whoſe body is in another place.

CENSATA'RIO, ſ. m. he that is obliged to the payment of an annuity out of his eſtate.

CENSE'RO, ſ. m. a farmer.

CE'NSO, ſ. m. a charge upon a man's eſtate, as of an annuity, a revenue, a tax, the ſeſſing or rating a man's goods.

Cénſo perpétuo, a yearly income, or revenue upon an eſtate for ever, which the owner of the eſtate cannot buy off, unleſs he to whom it belongs pleaſes to ſell.

Cénſo el quitár, an annuity payable out of an eſtate, for a valuable conſideration given, till the owner of the eſtate pleaſes, to refund the ſame received, which he may do without asking conſent of the perſon to whom it is due.

Cénſo de por vída, an annuity for life, a life-rent.

CENSO'R, ſ. m. a cenſor, a reformer of manners; alſo a taxer or ſeſſor.

Cenſór, one who cenſors and detracts from another's character.

CENSUA'L, adj. that is tied to pay an annuity, charged with it.

CENSUALI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who gathers annuities or taxes.

CENSUA'R, v. a. to gather taxes or annuities.

CENSU'RA, ſ. f. a cenſure; alſo ſeſſing or rating; blame, reproach.
CENSURADO'R, ſ. m. a cenſor, a reformer of manners; alſo one who detracts from another's character.
CENSURA'R, v. a. to cenſure, to reform manners; to detract from another's character.
CENSURI'STA, ſ. m. vide *CENSURADO'R.*
CENTA'URA, } ſ. f. the herb
CENTA'UREA, } centaury.
CENTA'URO, ſ. m. a centaur, a monſter poets feigned to be half horſe, and half man; metaph. a whimſical man.
CENTE'LLA, ſ. f. a ſpark of fire, a thunderbolt; a ſmall motive or occaſion; alſo the herb wolf-bane, and a ſhell-fish that ſhines.
Prov. *De pequéña centélla grán hoguéra*, a little ſpark raiſes a great fire; ſmall cauſes ſometimes produce great effects.
CENTELLADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſparkling.
CENTELLADO'R, adj. ſparkling.
CENTELLA'R, v. n. to ſparkle.
CENTELLI'CA, } ſ. f. diminutive
CENTELLI'TA, } of *centélla.*
CENTELLO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *centélla.*
CENIELLUE'LA, ſ. f. a little ſpark of fire.
CENTE'NA, ſ. f. the place of hundreds in numeration, as units, tens, hundreds.
Una centéna, an hundred.
CENTENA'DA, ſ. f. the numbering by hundreds.
CENTENA'L, ſ. m. a field of rye.
CENTENA'R, ſ. m. an hundred or the hundredth.
CENTENA'RIO, ſ. m. the hundreth, an hundred, belonging to an hundred.
CENTE'NO, ſ. m. rye.
Dar en úna cóſa cómo en centéno vérde, to fall on as it were on a green rye; to conſume a thing in a very ſhort time.
CENTE'SIMO, adj. belonging to hundred, hundredth.
CENTIMA'NO, adj. that has a hundred hands, as poets feigned the giant Briareus.
CENTI'NA, ſ. f. a term among architects, ſignifying a line drawn from the point of the upper and lower retraction of a column to the point of the diameter, that marks out the middle part of the column.
CENTINE'LA, ſ. f. a centinel; alſo one that obſerves curiouſly and is peeping at.
Centinéla perdída, a centinel loſt; that is, one that is in ſome very dangerous poſt near an enemy, in hazard of being loſt.
CENTINO'DIA ſ. f. knot-graſs.
CENTIPLICA'DO, adj. centuplicate, multiplied an hundred times.
CENTO'LA, ſ. f. a crab.
CENTO'LLA, ſ. f. a tortoiſe.
CENTO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of poetry gathered out of many authors.
CENTO'RIA, ſ. f. the herb centaury.
CENTRA'DO, adj. belonging to the center.
CENTRA'L, } adj. belonging to
CENTRI-CAL, } the center or midſt.
CE'NTRO, ſ. m. the center, the point whence all lines drawn to the circumference are equal; what is more diſtant from the ſurface.
Eſtár en ſu céntro, to be at pleaſure.
CENTU'RIA, ſ. f. a century, a hundred years; alſo a company of an hundred men; a hundred of any thing.
CENTURIANA'ZGO, ſ. m. the office or poſt of a captain commanding a hundred men.
CENTU'RIO, } ſ. m. a centurion,
CENTURI-O'N, } a captain that commands an hundred men.
CENTURIONA'ZGO, ſ. m. the office of a centurion, his dignity, his rank.
CENZA'YA, ſ. f. a girl kept to look after children.

C E ñ

CEñAR, v. a. to frown, to look angry, to ruffle the countenance, ſo as to ſeem in a paſſion.
CEñIDE'RO, ſ. m. a girdle.
CEñIDOR, ſ. m. a girdle, ſuch as are worn by miniſters.
CEñIDORCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little girdle.
CEñIDU'RA, ſ. f. girding.
CEñI'R, v. a. to gird, to encompaſs.
Ceñírſe en la oración, to abridge one's diſcourſe.
Ceñír eſpáda, to gird on a ſword, to come to a man's eſtate, to wear a ſword.
CE'ñO, ſ. m. a lowring, frowning, or ſtern look.
Prov. *Céño y enſeño del mal hijo háze buéno*, frowns and teaching makes a bad ſon good; that is, ſeverity and good inſtructions correct youth.
CEñOSO, adj. frowning.
CEñU'DILLO, adj. diminut. of *ceñudo.*
CEñUDO, adj. one that looks angrily, frowning, or lowring.

C E P

CE'PA, ſ. f. the body of the vine, whence the branches ſhoot out; the bottom or foot of any tree; the foundation of a houſe; alſo a hedge.
De buéna cépa, of a good ſtock, or race.
CEPE'A, ſ. f. an herb, purſlane, or brooklime.
CEPEJO'N, ſ. m. the thickeſt part of a branch lopt from a tree.
CEPHA'LICA, ſ. f. a large vein going from the arm to the head.
CEPHA'LICO, adj. cephalic, that, which is medicinale to the head.
CE'PHO, ſ. m. a beaſt found in Ethiopia, which is ſaid to have the hind legs like a man.
CEPI'LLA, ſ. f. a little body of a vine.
CEPILLADU'RAS, ſ. f. chips, ſhavings of wood, that come off in planing.
CEPILLA'R, v. a. to chip, to plane as joyners do.
CEPI'LLO, ſ. m. a block, a joyner's tool.
CE'PO, ſ. m. the ſtocks to put offenders into; a box for the poor; a clog; a gin to catch wolves or other wild beaſts.
Cépo de la ancla, the anchor-ſtock,

a piece of timber faſtened at the nnts of the anchor, croſſing the flooks, to guide them, that one of the flooks may be ſure to faſten in the ground.

Cépos quédos, be careful and ſilent; ſpoken when any perſon makes a digreſſion from the proper ſtory he began.

CEPOLERI'A, ſ. f. a cheat.

C E Q

CEQU'I, ſ. f. a gold coin the Moors have.

C E R

CE'RA, ſ. f. wax.

Céra hiláda, the ſmall wax candle they make into books.

Hacer de uno cera y pabilo, to turn a man which way one pleaſes, as one does a ſmall wax-candle.

Fuláno es hécho de céra, ſuch a one is made of wax; that is, he is good-natured and tractable.

No le ha quedádo ſiquiéra cera en el oydo, he has not ſo much as the vax in his earsleft him; that is, he has loſt all, he is come to nothing.

Cerá péz, ſ. f. a ſort of ointment made with wax and pitch.

CERA'STA, *CERASTE*, *CERAS'TES*, } ſ. f. a ſerpent having horns.

CERA'STICO, adj. belonging to *ceraſta*.

CERBATA'NA, ſ. f. a trunk to ſhoot clay bullets; alſo a pop-gun or any hollow thing.

CERBE'LO, ſ. m. the brain.

CE'RBERO, ſ. m. rhe dog Cerberus.

CE'RCA, adv. about, near, nigh, cloſe by.

Cérca, ſ. f. an encoſure, hedge, wall, or the like.

CERCADA'NZA, ſ. f. obſ. the act of approaching or going near.

CERCA'DO, ſ. m. an encloſure.

CERCADO'R, ſ. m. he that encloſes, beſets, beſieges, or emcompaſſes.

CERCADU'RA, ſ. f. plate chaced or engraven, any turned or emboſſed work.

CERCANAME'NTE, adv. nearly.

CERCANI'A, ſ. f. nearneſs.

CERCANIDA'D, ſ. f. nearneſs; alſo kindred or relations.

CERCA'NO, adj. near at hand; alſo friend or parent.

CERCA'R, v. a. to encloſe, to beſet, to beſiege, to encompaſs, to wall, hedge, or fence.

CERCEGANI'LLO, ſ. m. a cold cutting north wind.

CERCE'N, adv. even with the root, cloſe to the bottom; as, *cortár las oréjas a cercén*, to cut off the ears cloſe to the head.

CERCE'NA, ſ. f. a cutting ſhort, cutting round, clipping, diminiſhing.

CERCENADO'R, ſ. m. one who clips or cuts.

CERCENADU'RA, ſ. f. clipping, that which is clipped or cut off.

CERCENA'R, v. a. to clip, to diminiſh, to cut round, to retrench; to detract; that is, to clip a man's reputation.

CERCE'RA, ſ. f. a vent to let in air.

CERCE'TA, ſ. f. a moor-hen; a teal.

Cercétas de ciérvo, the brow-antlers of a buck or ſtag.

CE'RCHA, ſ. f. a wooden rule uſed by carpenters.

CERCHO'N, ſ. m. a board ſo called, uſed in architecture.

CERCI'LLO, ſ. m. vide *ZARCILLO*.

Cercillo de vid, the tendril of a vine.

CERCIORA'R, v. a. to aſſure, to make certain, manifeſt, clear, conſpicuous.

CE'RCO, ſ. m. a hoop, a ſiege, a ring of men, a winding or compaſſing about.

Cérco de cúba, a hoop.

Cérco de la lúna, the round of the full moon.

Tómar un gran cérco, to take a great compaſs about.

Hacer un cérco con el compás, to ſtrike a circle with the compaſſes.

Ponér cérco a un lugár, to beſiege a town.

Un cérco de hombres, a ring of men.

Entrár en cérco, to get into a circle, to conjure, as witches. do.

CERCOPITE'CO, ſ. m. a kind of ape that has a long tail.

CE'RDA, ſ. f. in cant, a knife.

Cérda, ſ. f. a hog's briſtle, or the ſtrong hair of a horſe's main or tail.

CERDA'MEN, ſ. m. handfull of hogs briſtles.

CERDA'NA, ſ. f. a dance ſo called.

CERDAZO, ſ. m. vide *CEDA'ZO*.

CERDEA'R, v. n. to walk as if lame: ſaid of horſes and bulls.

CE'RDO, ſ. m. a hog.

CERDO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of ſea-fish.

CERDO'SO, adj. briſtly.

CERDU'DO, ſ. m. a hog.

CEREBE'LO, ſ. m. the brain.

CERE'BRO, ſ. m. vide *CELE'BRO*.

CERECE'DA, ſ. f. the chain with which the galley-ſlaves are bound.

CERECI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *ceréza*.

CEREMO'NIA, ſ. f. a ceremony.

CEREMONIA'L, ſ. m. the book of ceremonies.

Ceremoniál, adj. belonging to a ceremony.

CEREMONIATICAME NTE, adv. ceremoniouſly.

CERAMONIATI-CO, *CEREMONIOSO*, } adj. ceremonious, formal, full of ceremony.

CEREMONIOSAME'NTE, adv. cere moniouſly, formally.

CERERI'A, ſ. f. a wax-chandler's ſhop, or the ſtreet where the wax-chandlers live.

CERE'RO, ſ. m. a wax-chandler.

CE'RES, ſ. f. the goddeſs of corn.

CERE'ZA, ſ. f. a cherry.

Ceréza garroſál, the largeſt ſize of cherries.

CEREZA'L, ſ. m. the place where the cherry-trees grow.

CERE'ZEDA, ſ. f. in cant, a chain.

CERE'ZEZO, ſ. m. a cherry-tree.

CEREGA'ZOS, ſ. m. the plant called the holly-roſe.

CEREBO'NES, ſ. m. a word corrupted from *cédere bonis*, the act of delivering up all one has.

CERIA'L ſ. m. obſ. a taper, a large wax-candle uſed in Roman churches.

CERIB'ON, ſ. m. } the ceſſion
CERIBONES, ſ. m. pl. } of all our goods to our creditors.

Hacér ceribónes, to behave with humility towards one.

CERI'FICO, adj. belonging to wax.

CERI'LLA, ſ. f. a little wax-candle.

Cerilla, ſ. f. a wax-tablet.

Cerillas, lip-ſalve.

CERIMO'NIA, ſ. f. a ceremony, a form.

CERIMONIO'SO, adj. vide *CEREMONIO'SO*.

CERMEñA, ſ. f. a muſcadine pear.

CERMEñO, ſ. m. a pear- tree ſo called.

CERNA'DA, ſ. f. buck-aſhes; alſo a ſort of dance.

CERNADE'RO, ſ. m. a coarſe cloth trough which they ſtrain the lye to buck cloaths.

CERNEDE'RO, ſ. m. the place where they ſift, or the cloth they put before them when they are ſifting.

CERNE'JAS, ſ. f. the fetlock of a horſe.

CERNE'R, v. a to ſift; alſo to hang in the air without moving from one place, only beating the wings and tail; alſo to judge, to examine.

Cernér las vides, to begin to bloſſom.

Prov. *Cernér, cerner, y ſacár poca harina*, the more you ſift, the leſs you willd find; the more diſturbanee you make, the leſs advantage you will reap; more noiſe than work.

CERNI'CALO, ſ. m. a hawk, called a keſtrel or wind-whiffer. In cant, it is a woman's mantle.

CERNIDO'R, ſ. m. one that ſifts.

CERNIDU'RA, ſ. f. ſifting.

CERNI'R, v. a. vide *CERNE'R*.

CE'RO, ſ. m. a cypher in arithmetic, which ſtands for nothing.

CEROFERA'RIO, ſ. m. a man hired to carry a wax-flambeau at a funeral or in proceſſions.

CERO'N, ſ. m. vide *SERO'N*.

CERO'SO, adj. belonging to wax.

CERO'TE, ſ. m. ſhoe-makers wax.

CERO'TO, ſ. m. a cere-cloth made with wax, roſin, or gum.

CERQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little circle, or ring.

CERQUI'TA, adv. near at hand.

CERQUI'TO, ſ. m. a little circle, or ring.

CERRA'DA, ſ. f. the thickeſt part of a skin of any beaſt.

CERRADAME'NTE, adv. cloſely, ſecretly.

CERRADE'ROS, ſ. m. pl. the ſtrings of a purſe to draw it up together; alſo any impediment.

CERRADI'LLO, adj. diminutive of *cerrádo*.

CERRA'DO, ſ. m. a ſilent man, one who ſpeaks little.

Cerrádo de barba, ſtrong-bearded.

Cerrádo de molléra, peevish, obſtinate, ſtrong-headed.

Cerrádos los ojos, blindly; alſo inconſiderately.

A puérta cerráda el diablo ſe vuelve, when the door is shut the devil will go back; that is, when any one knows another to be cautious, the more difficulty he will find in completing his deſign.

Ciérra Eſpáña, the cry of the ſoldiers when they engage in battle, encouraging one another to cloſe with the enemy, for it it ſignifies: cloſe Spain, that is, Spaniards cloſe with your ennemy.

CERRADO'R, ſ. m. one who locks, ſhuts, or makes faſt the door.

CERRADU'RA, ſ. f. a lock.

Cerradúra de gólpe, a ſpring-lock.

Prov. *No hay cerradúra dónde es de óro la ganzúa*, there is no lock proof againſt a golden pick-lock.

CERRADURI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cerradúra*.

CERRAGE'RO, ſ. m. vide *CARRAJE'RO*.

CERRA'JA, ſ. f. a lock.

Cerrájas, the ſow-thiſtle, whereof there are many ſorts.

Tó'o es água de cerrájas, it is all ſowthiſtle water This they ſay when a man talks much and little to the purpoſe.

CERRA'JE, ſ. m. vide *SERRA'LLO*.

CERRAJERI'A, ſ. f. the ſhop or ſtreet where locks are made and ſold.

CERRAJE'RO, ſ. m. a lock-ſmith.

CERRA'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. in cant, locks.

CERRA'LLE, ſ. m. ſo the Spaniards corruptly pronounce and write the ſeraglio.

CERRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a cloiſter, or other place where any living thing is encloſed.

Cerramiénto, a partition-wall.

CERRA'R, v. a. to ſhut, to lock, to cloſe up, to charge.

Cerrár la béſtia, ó ſer cerráda, when a beaſt's age cannot be known by his teeth, when the mark is out of the horſe's mouth.

Cerrárſe de campliña, to reſolve not to grant what is asked.

Cerrár con lo que ſe vénde, to ſtrike up a bargain without much haggling.

Cerrár los ójos a lo que ſe va a hacer, to go about a thing without conſidering.

Cerrárſe la mollera, is for the ſkull to cloſe, to begin to have diſcretion.

Cerrár la cuénta, to cloſe the account.

Cerrárſe las velaciones, is for the time when marriage is forbid to come on.

Cerrárſe las heridas, is for wounds to cloſe and heal.

Cerrár puérto, to take away an opportunity, to deny poſitively.

Cerrár con el enemigo, to cloſe with the enemy.

Cerrár con alguno, to run upon any one with violence or precipitation.

CERRAURJAL, ſ. m. obſ. a waterduct.

CERRAZO'N, ſ. f. cloſe, gloomy weather.

CERRE'RO, or *CERRI'L*, adj. untamed, wild.

Cerril, unpoliſhed, intractable.

CERRI'LLO, ſ. m. a little hill or ridge.

CERRI'ON, a great flake of curdled milk, an icicle; a drop hanging at the noſe.

CE'RRO, ſ. m. a hill; the ridge of a hill, the ridge of the back; a task of wool, hemp, or flax, as much as is put on the rack at once to ſpin. In cant, the key, or the key-hole.

Cérro enriſcádo, a ſteep inacceſſible ridge.

Traérle a úno la máno por el cérro, to ſtroke, to allure, to coax, to flatter.

Cabalgadúra en cérro, a beaſt bare-backed without a ſaddle.

Bebér en cérro, to drink faſting.

Tomár úna cóſa en cérro, to take a thing bare, or to take words in the plain ſenſe.

Ir por los cérros Ubeda, to run from one thing to another in diſcourſe, and talk remote from the buſineſs.

CERRO'JO, ſ. m. a bolt.

CERRO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a key.

CE'RTA, ſ. f. in cant, a ſhirt, or ſmock.

CERTA'MEN, ſ. m. a ſtrife, a battle; an argument.

CERTERI'A, ſ. f. dexterity in ſhooting at a mark.

CERTE'RO, ſ. m. a good markſman, one that gueſſes right.

CERTE'ZA, ſ. f. certainty, ſurety.

CERTIDU'MBRE, ſ. f. certainty.

CERTIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. certification, or a certificate.

CERTIFICADAME'NTE, adv. aſſuredly, certainly.

CERTIFICADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who certifies.

CERTIFICAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a certifying.

CERTIFICA'R, v. a to certify, to aſſure, to give, to underſtand, to aſcertain.

Certificárſe, to inform one's ſelf thoroughly, to be certified of a thing.

CERTIFCIATORIA, ſ. f. a certificate.

CERTINIDA'D, ſ. f. certainty.

CERTITU'D, ſ. f. certainty, certitude.

CERTO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a lock that ſhuts in clapping a door hard.

CERVA'L, adj. like or pertaining to a hart or buck.

Miedo cervál, a great fright.

CERVA'RIO, adj. belonging to an hart or buck.

CERVATI'LLO, *CERVATI'CO*, } ſ. m. a hind, the fawn of a red deer.

CERVA'TO, ſ. m. a hart called a ſpitter, having ycung horns without knags or tines.

CERVECERI'A, ſ. f. a brew-houſe, a place where beer is ſold.

CERVECE'RO, ſ. m. a brewer.

CERVE'ZA, ſ. f. beer or ale.

CERUGI'A, ſ. m. vide *CIRUGI'A*.

CERUJA'NO, ſ. f. vide *CIRUJANO*.

CERVICA'BRA, ſ. f. a beaſt between a goat and a deer.

CERVIOCO'SO, *CERVIGU'DO*, } adj. thick-necked.

CERVIGUI'LLO, ſ. m. the nape of the neck.

CERVI'Z, ſ. f. the neck.

Hómbre de dúra cervíz, a ſtiff-necked man, obſtinate and perverſe.

Abaxár la cervíz, to ſubmit.

CERU'LEO, adj. sky-coloured.

CERU'SA, ſ. f. ceruſe, white-lead.

CERVU'NO, adj. of or belonging to a hart or ſtag.

C E S

CE'SAR, the name given to the emperor.

O Céſar ò nada, neck or nothing.

CESA'REO, adj. imperial, belonging to the emperor.

CE'SGO, ſ. m. the cut or ſloping of a garment, or the like. Alſo demure.

CESO'N, adj. that is ript or cut out of his mother's belly.

CESPE'D, ſ. m. a turf of ſod.

CESSA'R, v. n. to ceaſe, to give over.

CESSASSIO'N, ſ. f. ceaſing, giving over.

CESSIO'N, ſ. f. reſignation, delivering up one's right.

CESSIONA'RIO, ſ. m. the perſon in whoſe favour the ceſſion is made.

CE'STA, ſ. f. a basket.

CESTA'ñO, ſ. m. a little basket.

CESTERI'A, ſ. f. the ſtreet where they ſell or make baskets.

CESTE'RO, ſ. m. a basket-maker or ſeller.

CESTI'CA, ſ. f.
CESTI'TA, ſ. m.
CESTI'LLA, ſ. f.
CESTILLO, ſ. m. } a little basket.

CE'STO, ſ. m. a great basket, a flasket, a hamper, a pannier.

Fuláno es un céſto, ſuch a one is a dunce.

Cóger água en céſto, to take up water in a basket; to labour in vain.

CESTO'N, ſ. m. any great basket.

CESTONA'DA, ſ. f. a basket full; a piece of nonſenſe.

CESTONA'ZO, ſ. m. augmentative of *ceſton*, and a blow given with a basket.

CESTONEA'R, v. a. to make baskets; to play the dunce.

CESTRE'O, ſ. m. mullet, a ſea-fish.

CESU'RA, ſ. f. a figure in rhetoric, when the laſt ſyllable of a word is cut off.

C E T

CETA'CEO, adj. belonging to a great ſea-fish.

CETERA'QUE, ſ. m. the herb ſpleenwort.

CETI', ſ. m. a fine ſort of white ſilk.

CETI'S, ſ. m. obſ. a coin formerly uſed, the eighteenth part of a farthing.

CE'TO, ſ. m. a whale, or any great ſeafish.

CE'TRA, ſ. f. a short ſquare target or buckler made of the ounce or buffalo's hide.

CETRA'TO, adj. armed with the defenſive weapon called *cetra*.

CETRE, ſ. m. the recipient wherein the holy water is kept by the Roman Catholics.

CETRERI'A, ſ. f. hawking, or the art of faulconry.

CETRE'RO, ſ. m. a faulconer.

Cetréro de igléſia, the verger of a church.

CETRI'FERO, adj. ſovereign, that bears the ſceptre.

CETRI'NO, adj. pale-yellow;

alſo a ſort of ointment, women uſe for their faces, made with citron-peel.

CE'TRO, ſ. m. a ſcepter.

C E V

CEVA'DA, ſ. f. barley.

CEVI'L, adj. vide *CIVI'L*.

C E U

CEUROGIA, ſ. f. vide *CIRUGI'A*.

CEUTI, ſ. m. a ſmall ſort of coin uſed at Ceuta.

Ceutles limónes, lemons, the plants where of were firſt brought from Ceuta.

C H A

CHABACANERI'A, ſ. f. a bad compoſition, without art or regularity.

CHABACA'NO, adj. done after a mean low manner, without rule or order.

CHABE'TA, ſ. f. an iron that faſtens two iron-bars or iron-rings together.

CHABO, ſ. m. a ſmall copper coin.

CHABRA'NA, ſ. f. the adornments of porches or doors wrought in timber or ſtones.

CHA'BRO, ſ. m. a ſea-crab.

CHA'CHARA, ſ. f. a diſcourſe of trivial things.

CHACHARE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who ſpeaks much about trifles.

CHACHARO'N, ſ. m. a great talker and liar.

CHACHARREA'R, v. a. to chatter, to prattle.

CHACHO, ſ. m. a term at the game at ombre, which means vole.

CHACHOTE'RO, adj. a jeſting, a merry companion.

CHACOLI, ſ. m. a poor ſmall wine.

CHACOLOTEA'R, v. n. to crack or make a noiſe as an horſe-ſhoe when it is looſe.

Prov. *Herradura que chacolotéa ſiémpre le falta*, the horſe-ſhoe that makes a noiſe wants a nail; that is, he that boaſts much of his birth and riches commonly wants it more than others.

CHACO'NA, ſ. f. a dance ſo called.

CHACONI'STA, ſ. m. a dancer.

CHACO'TA, ſ. f. a jeſt, a noiſe made by way of ſcoff or jeſt.

Hacer chacóta, to make a jeſt of, to ſcoff at.

CHACOTEA'R, v. n. to make a noiſe of jeſting and merriment.

CHA'CRA, ſ. f. a houſe built without ornaments or not according to the rules of architecture.

CHACUA'CO, ſ. m. a ruſtic, clownish, unpolished fellow.

CHAFALDE'TE, ſ. m. the main tack, which is a great rope faſtened to the clew of the ſail of a ship.

CHAFALLA'R, v. a. to patch, to botch.

CHAFA'LLO, ſ. m. a patch in old cloaths, an old rag, or patched garment.

CHAFALLO'N, ſ. m. a botcher, a ſloven, a man dirtily dreſſed or ill dreſſed.

CHAFA'R, v. a. to cut, to deſtroy.

CHAFARINO'N, ſ. m. a blot or an ugly flourish made with an awkward and great ſtroke of the pen, or any pointed iron-tool.

CHAFARO'TE, ſ. m. a great broad crooked ſword.

CHAFARRINA'DA, ſ. f. a blot made with a pen.

CHAFELETE, ſ. m. the clew-garnet, a rope made faſt to the clew of a ſail.

CHAFLA'N, ſ. m. an obtuſe angle.

CHAFLANA'R, v. a. to cut an angle, ſo as to make it obtuſe.

CHALA'N, ſ. m. dealer, chapman.

CHA'LCEDONIA, ſ. f. a precious ſtone ſo called.

CHA'LCIDES, ſ. f. a fish like a pilchard.

CHA'LCITES, ſ. f. a precious ſtone ſo called.

CHALU'PA, ſ. f. a boat.

CHA'MA, ſ. f. in cant, money.

CHA'MALEON, ſ. m. a chameleon, a little beaſt, like a lizard.

Chamaleón, a flatterer, a time-ſerver.

CHAMARE', ſ. m. a thing adorned with gold and ſilver lace.

CHAMARILLE'RO, ſ. m a sharper, a gameſter, a cheat.

CHAMARI'Z, ſ. m. a bird called a witwal, a lariot, a yellow-hammer.

CHAMA'RRA, ſ. f. } a long coat
CHAMA'RRO, ſ. m. } or garment, made of sheeps-skins with the wool on.

CHAMARRA'SCA, ſ. f. that minute wood, branches, and leaves, that remain when a heap of burning wood is removed, which, when burnt, give but a short flame.

CHAMBE'RGA, ſ. f. a great coat.

CHAMBE'RGO, ſ. m. an officer called ſo from *chambérga*.

CHAMBRA'NA de puérta, any ornament about the poſts or jambs of a door.

CHAMEDA'PHNE, ſ. m. the herb perriwinkle.

CHAME'DREOS, ſ. f. the herb germander.

CHAMELETO'N, ſ. m. a ſtuff of wool, thicker than camblet.

CHAMELE'UCA, ſ. f. the colts-foot or aſſes foot, growing in corn fields.

CHAMELO'TE, ſ. m. camblet; alſo tabby.

CHAMEPITE'OS, ſ. m. the herb groundpine.

CHAMERLU'CO, ſ. m. a ſort of long caſſock.

CHAMESY'SE, ſ. f. a kind of herb.

CHAMICE'RA, ſ. f. a wood that is half burnt.

CHAMICE'RO, adj. belonging to burnt wood.

CHAMI'ZA, ſ. m. a ſort of reed growing in lakes.

CHAMI'ZO, ſ. m. vide *CHAMICE'RA*.

CHAMO'RRA, ſ. f. the top of the head clipped, or sheared, ſpeaking of beaſts.

CHAMORRA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with the head in butting.
CHAMORRA'R, v. a. to take off the hair, properly to clip aſſes, as they do in Spain.
CHAMO'RRO, adj. bald, without hair.
Trigo chamórro, corn that grows without beards or aunes.
CHAMPIO'N, ſ. m. the perſon who ſeparates thoſe that quarrel.
CHAMPURRA'R, v. a. to mix liquors.
CHAMUSCADU'RA, ſ. f. ſinging.
CHAMUSCA'R, v. a. to ſinge, to be fuddled.
CHAMUSCO, ſ. m. ſinging.
CHAMUSCO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *chamúſco*.
CHAMUSQUI'NA, ſ. f. ſinging; alſo a quarrel between ſeveral perſons.
CHANCEA'R, v. n. to jeſt merrily; to play at cards, dice, or any other game.
CHANCELA'R, v. a. vide *CANCELA'R*.
CHANCELLE'R, ſ. m. v. *CHANCILLE'R*.
CHANCERO, adj. merry, feſtivous; in cant, a cunning thief.
CHANCHA, ſ. f. a deceit, a lie.
CHANCILLE'R, ſ. m. a chancellor.
CHANCILLERE'SCO, adj. belonging to the chancery.
CHANCILLERI'A, ſ. f. the court of chancery; the dignity of chancellor.
CHANCLE'TAS, ſ. f. ſlippers without heels.
CHA'NCLO, ſ. m. a ſort of ſhoe with ſoles made of wood.
CHANCOS, ſ. m. pl. clogs to wear in dirt.
CHANFA'INA, ſ. f. a bawd; a thing of no worth; a jeſt; a thing of nothing; a diſh of lights.
CHANFLO'N, adj. coarſe, unpoliſhed, made without art.
CHANQUE'TA, ſ. m. f. vide *CHANCLE'TA*.
CHANSONE'TA, ſ. f. a ſong, a ballad.
CHANTA'R, v. n. to talk boldly.

CHANTILLO'N, ſ. m. a rule or meaſure uſed by workmen in wood and in iron.
CHA'NTRE, ſ. m. the chanter in a cathedral.
CHANTRI'A, ſ. f. the dignity or office of a chanter.
CHA'NZA, ſ. f. a jeſt; ſubtility, craft, cunning.
CHANZA'INA, ſ. f. in cant, a trick, a fetch.
CHANZONE'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *chánza*.
CHANZONETE'RO, ſ. m. a ballad-ſinger; a compoſer of merry ſongs; a teller of merry things.
CHA'O, ſ. m. a kind of dog ſo called.
CHAOS, ſ. m. a confuſion.
CHA'PA, ſ. f. a thin plate of any metal; alſo a rattle for a child or any ſuch thing that will make a noiſe.
Hombre de chápa, ò mugér de chápa, a man or woman of good qualifications and parts.
Chápas de colór, the red ſpots on the cheeks when one blushes, or rather the great ſpots of paint women put on.
Chápas de fréno, the boſſes of a bridle.
CHAPADA'NZA, ſ. f. vide *CHA'NZA*.
CHAPADO'R, ſ. m. one that plates or ſtuds.
CHAPALE'TA, ſ. f. a ſeaman's word, whereof I know not the meaning.
CHAPA'R, v. a. to plate, to cover, to adorn with plates, to ſtud.
CHAPA'RRA, ſ. f. vide *CHAPA'RRO*.
CHAPARRA'DA, ſ. f. vide *CHAPARRO'N*.
CHAPARRA'L, ſ. m. the place where the ſmall oak grows.
CHAPA'RRO, ſ. m. a ſmall tree like a ſmall oak, and bearing acorns like it.
CHAPARRO'N, ſ. m. a ſudden and violent ſhower.
CHAPATA'L, ſ. m. a low muddy place.
CHAPEA'R, v. a. vide *CHAPA'R*; alſo to rattle and make a noiſe with plates.
Chapeár, v. a. to adorn with gold or ſilver plate.
CHAPELE'TE, ſ. m. a little hat or cap.
CHAPELLI'NA, ſ. f. a gold coin uſed in Perſia.
CHAPE'O, ſ. m. a hat.
CHAPERI'A, ſ. f. any thing adorned with plates, or ſtudded, or that ſort of work.
CHAPERO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of hoodwore anciently inſtead of a hat.
CHAPERONA'DO, adj. covered with a hood.
CHAPE'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *chápa*.
CHAPETEA'DO, adj. vide *CHAPA'DO*.
CHAPETO'N, ſ. m. a name given in Spaniſh America to an European newly arrived.
CHAPI'DO, ſ. m. a noiſe of rattling of plates.
CHA'PILLA, ſ. f. a little plate of any metal.
CHAPI'N, ſ. m. a thing made of thick cork, bound about with tin, thin iron, or ſilver, which women uſed to wear under their ſhoes, in the nature of clogs or pattens.
CHAPI'NA, ſ. f. a ſhell of a tortoiſe, or any other ſhell-fish.
CHAPINA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a *chapin*.
CHAPINERI'A, ſ. f. the place where the *chapins* are ſold.
CHAPINE'RO, ſ. m. the mechanic that makes the *chapins*.
CHAPINI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *chapin*.
CHAPIRO'N, ſ. m. vide *CHAPERO'N*.
CHAPI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *chápa*.
CHAPITE'L, ſ. m. a pinnacle of a tower; vide *CAPITE'L*; in cant, the head.
CHAPODA'R, v. a. to prune the trees.
CHAPETOA'R, v. a. to dabble, to ſlop.
CHAPPE, adj. ſpread open in the form of a clock. A term in blaſonry.

CHAPUCERI'A, ſ. f. a coarſe unpoliſhed piece of work.
CHAPUCE'RO, ſ. m. a dabbler, one that makes ſlops; alſo a ſmith that makes nails with broad flat heads.
CHAPU'Z, ſ. m. a diving, dipping, or ſinking under water; alſo work ill done, unpoliſhed.
CHAPUZA'R, v. a. to ſink or dive under water.
CHAQUE'TE, ſ. m. a game like draughts, the game at ame's ace.
CHAQUI'RA, ſ. f. an ornament the Indians wear on their heads.
CHARA'CTER, ſ. m. a character; a fine type or character in writing or printing; alſo the and or manner of writing; alſo adventitious qualities impreſſed by a poſt or office; alſo a mark, a ſtamp.
CHARACTERI'STICO, adj. belonging to a character.
CHA'RCA, ſ. f. } a puddle of
CHARCO, ſ. m. } ſtanding water.
Paſſár el chárco, to croſs the ſea.
Hacer chárcos en el eſtómago, to drink much water.
CHARID'AD, ſ. f. charity, the theological virtue of univerſal love; alſo liberality, alms, relief given to the poor.
Paño de la charidád, a pall to lay over the dead, particularly that for the poor who are buried by charity.
CHARI'SMA, ſ. f. a favour, a gift.
CHARITATIVAME'NTE, adv. charitably.
CHARITATI'VO, adj. of, or belonging to charity, charitable.
CHARLA, ſ. f. prating, babbling, talking too much.
CHARLADOR, adj. talkative, babbling, prattling.
CHARLA'R, v. n. to prate, to babble, to talk too much.
CHARLATA'N, ſ. m. pratting, talkative fellow; alſo a mountebank.
CHARLATANAR, } v. n. to
CHARLATANEA'R, } prate, to talk without ſubſtance.
CHARLATANERI'A, ſ. f. vide *CHA'RLA*.
CHARLATA'R, v. n to prate, to babble, to tattle, to play the mountebank.
CHARLERI'A, ſ. f. prattle, babbling, tattle.
CHARLI'DO, ſ. m. the croaking of a frog.
CHARNE'CA, ſ. f. a kind of turpentine-tree.
CHARNECA'L, ſ. m. the place where the turpentine-trees grow.
CHARNE'L, ſ. m. in cant, two maravedies, in the plural number; *charnéles*, ſmall money.
CHARNE'LA, ſ. f. a complex hinge to ſupport a door.
CHARNIE'GOS, ſ. m. pl. in cant, the ſtocks.
CHA'RO, adj. dear, kind, loving.
CHARO'L, ſ. m varniſk, japan.
CHAROLEA'R, v. a. to japan, to varniſh.
CHA'RPA, ſ. f. a buff belt worn by ſoldiers.
CHARQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little puddle of water.
Salta charquillos, one that trips along treading on his toes, like beaus who are afraid to touch the ſtones with their feet; a nice beau.
CHARRA'DA, ſ. f. clownishneſs, ruſticity.
CHA'RRO, ſ. m. f. ruſtic, country-like.
CHA'RROS, ſ. m. pl. in cant, the fetters.
CHARUE'CO, ſ. m. a ſmall tree like the turpentine-tree.
CHARYBDIS, ſ. m. a dangerous ſtream or rock in the ſea; alſo any great danger or peril.
CHA'SCHAS, ſ. m. a ſound reſulring from a blow given to a door, table, and the like.
CHA'SCO, ſ. a trick, a bite, a ſly ſaying.
CHA'SQUE, ſ. m. foot-poſt, lettercarrier.
CHASQUEADO'R, ſ. m. he who makes a noiſe with a whip.
CHASQUEA'R, v. a. to make a noiſe with a whip.
Chaſqueár, v. a. to joke, or jeſt with another.
CHASQUI', ſ. m. a meſſenger ſent on foot.
CHASQUI'DO, ſ. m the ſound or ſmack that the whip makes.
CHASQUO, ſ. m. the end of a whip or ſling.
CHA'TA, ſ. f. a flat-bottomed boat.
CHATEDA'D, ſ. f. flatneſs, evenneſs, level extenſion; dulneſs, inſipidity, frigidity.
CHATE'SCO, adj. flat, inſipid, frigid, dull, that has neither wit nor humour.
CHATO, adj flat, flat-noſed.
CHATON, ſ. m. a ſtud.
CHATONA'DO, ſ. m. in cant, a riddle.
CHAVACANERI'A, ſ. f. vide *CHABACANERI'A*.
CHAVACA'NO, adj. vide *CHABACANO*.
CHAVE'TA, ſ. f. vide *CHABE'TA*.
CHA'VO, ſ. m. vide *CHABO*.
CHAVRA'NA, vide *CHABRANA*.
CHAZA, ſ. f. chace, the mark ſet down at tennis ball where the ball ſtops.

C H E

CHELI'DRO, ſ. m. a great and venomous ſerpent.
CHENO, adj. obſ. full.
CHEPO, ſ. m. in cant, breaſt, boſſom.
CHEREMI'A, ſ. f. vide *CHIRIMIA*.
CHERINO'L, ſ. m. in cant, chief pimp, bawd, or thief.
CHERINO'LA, ſ. f. an aſſembly of bawds, thieves, and ruffians.
CHERI'VA, or *CHERI'VIA*, ſ. f. the root we call a skirret.
CHE'RNA, ſ. f. a kind of ſea-fiſh.
CHE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. a ſmell.
CHERRIADO'R, ſ. m. vide *CHIRRIADO'R*.
CHERRI'AR, v. n. vide *CHIRRIA'R*.
CHERRIO'N, ſ. m. vide *CHIRRIO'N*.
CHERU'BICO, adj. of, or belonging to a cherub.
CHERUBI'N, a cherub.
CHE'RVA, ſ. f. the herb ſperage alſo the fruit.

CHEVRO'N, ſ. m. a term in blaſonry.

C H I

CHI'A, ſ. f. a ſcrap, a ſhred, a ſmall rag, a welt; alſo a ſort of head-dreſs women anciently wore.

CHIAMPI'N, ſ. m. an odoriferous white flower in India and China.

CHIA'R, v. n. to chirrup as birds do.

CHIBALE'TE, ſ. m. a bench chiefly uſed among printers.

CHIBAT'O, ſ. m. a young kid, not one year old.

CHIBETE'RO, ſ. m. a hut or ſhelter made for the goats and kids.

CHIBITA'L, ſ. m. a flock of goats, or the place where they keep goats.

CHI'BO, ſ. m. a kid.

CHIBO'N, ſ. m. a young pigeon.

CHIBO'R, ſ. m. a kind of monkey or baboon.

CHI'CHA, ſ. f. the name children give to meat; the American Indians call the drink, or beer they make of the Indian wheat.

CHICHA'RRA, ſ. f. the inſect called in Latin *cicada*, very noiſy in ſummer. It lives on high trees, and is not the graſs-hopper as ſome people believe.

CHICHARRA'R, v. a. to roaſt.

CHICHARREA'R, v. n. to chirp like the *cicada*.

CHICHARRE'RO, ſ. m. any hot place.

CHICHA'RRO, ſ m. a young tunnyfish.

CHICHARRO'N, ſ. m. a hard knob left in frying of ſuet.

CHICHERI'A, ſ. f. the place in America where *chicha* is drank or ſold.

CHICHISVE'O, ſ. m. a courteous gallant.

CHICHO'N, ſ. m. the bump raiſed by a blow, that does not break the skin, but ſwells, and particularly on the head.

CHI'CO, adj. little, ſmall.

Chico con grande, a great one with a ſmall, a good and a bad; as we ſay, a fat rabbit, and a lean.

Chicos y grandes, great and ſmall, all ſorts of people.

CHICOLEA'R, v. n. to joke or jeſt upon any one.

CHICOLE'O, ſ. m. a merry jeſt.

CHICO'RIA, ſ. f. the herb dandelion.

CHICO'TE, ſ. m. a perſon who is short and thick; alſo the end of a rope or cable.

CHICOZAPO'TE, ſ. m. a fruit that comes from the weſt Indies, the bigneſs of a quince.

CHICUE'LO, ſ. m. a young child.

CHIFLA, ſ. f. the ace of ſpades at cards, otherwiſe called *eſpádilla*; alſo a whiſtle, a ſmall wind inſtrument.

CHIFLADU'RA, ſ. f. a whiſtling or hiſſing.

CHIFLA'R, v. a. to whiſtle; to hiſs actors of the ſtage; alſo to drink wine immoderately.

CHIFLE, ſ. m. a whiſtle.

CHIFLE'TE, ſ. m. a little whiſtle, or a whiſtling.

CHIFLI'DO, ſ. m. a whiſtling or hiſſing.

CHIFLO, ſ. m. vide *CHIFLE*.

CHILACAYO'TE, ſ. m. a kind of pumkin very big and very light.

CHILIA'DA, ſ. f. a thouſand. Uſed by poets.

CHILIDO'NIA, ſ. f. the herb celandine.

CHILINDRI'NA, ſ. f. a thing of no value, a frivolous trifling thing; alſo a joke or jeſt.

CHILINDRO'N, ſ. m. the name of a game at cards.

CHI'LLA, ſ. f. very thin boards.

CHILLADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who ſqueaks or makes a noiſe; alſo the hangman.

CHILLADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſhrill ſqueaking.

CHILLA'R, v. n. to make a ſhrill cry, to ſqueak, to ſhriek like a bird that does not ſing, or the noiſe of a frying-pan, or the filing of a ſaw.

CHILLE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. lockers, or places on the ſides of ships boarded, to keep ſhot ready there, that it may not roll about.

CHILLI'DO, ſ. m. a ſqueak, a *CHI'LLO*, ſ. ſhriek, the ſqueaking of a bird, mouſe, or the like.

CHILLO'N, ſ. m. any ſqueaking noiſy thing.

CHILLO'NES, ſ. m. pl. brads, ſprigs, or ſuch ſmall nails uſed in wood that is thin and apt to ſplit.

CHILO; ſ. m. vide *CHYLO*.

CHIMENE'A, ſ. f. a chimney.

Subire el humo en la chimenéa, to take ſnuff at any thing, to take pet.

Prov. *Chimenéa ſin fuégo, reyno ſin puérto*, a chimney without fire is like a kingdom without fire is like a kingdom without a ſea port.

Prov. *Chimenéa, nuéva préſto ſe ahuma*, a new chimney is ſoon ſmoked; ignorant perſons ſoon take pet.

CHIME'RA, ſ. f. a chimera, a notion, a fancy.

Chiméra, ſtrife, or contention.

CHIME'RICO, adj. chimerical, fabulous, fictitious, fanciful.

CHIMERI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to a chimera or fancy.

CHIMERI'STA, adj. ſeditious, troubleſome.

CHIMERIZA'R, v. a. to raiſe chimeras in the mind, to be very fanciful.

CHI'MICA, ſ. f. chemiſtry.

CHI'MICO, ſ. m. a chemiſt.

Chimico, adj. belonging to chemiſtry.

CHIMPHO'NIA, ſ. m. an inſtrument of muſic ſo called.

CHI'NA, ſ. f. a pebble; alſo a ſort of China-root and China-ware.

CHINA'RRO, ſ. m. a pebble.

CHINCHARRAZO, ſ. m. a great noiſe of ſwords.

CHINCHARRE'RO, ſ. m. a place full of bugs.

CHINCHE'RO, ſ. m. a bug-trap.

CHINCHI'LLAS, ſ. f. little creatures in the Weſt Indies like ſquirrels; alſo blankets made of their hair.

CHINCHORRERI'A, ſ. f. idle lying jeſt, or knavish trick.

CHINCHORRE'RO, ſ. m. a jeſting or lying fellow.
CHINCHORRO, ſ. m. a ſort of boat; alſo a ſort of fishing-net.
CHINE'LA, ſ. f. a ſlipper.
CHINI'LLA, *CHINI'TA*, ſ. f. a little pebble.
CHI'NO, adj. belonging to a dog that has no hair.
CHI'O CHI'O, ſ. m. the chirpping of ſparrows.
CHIQUE'RO, ſ. m. a hogſtye.
CHIQUICHA'QUE, ſ. m. the noiſe which is made by clashing two things together.
CHIQU'ILLO, adj. little very little.
CHIQUIRIBA'ITE, ſ. m. in cant a thief.
CHIQUITI'CO, adj. very little.
CHIQUI'TO, adj. vide *CHIQUI'LLO*.
CHIRA'GRA, ſ. f. the gout in the hands.
CHIRIBITI'L, ſ. m. a paſſage ſo ſmall as to oblige one to paſs on one's hands and knees.
CHIRIGA'ITA, ſ. f. a kind of gourd.
CHIRIMI'A, ſ. f. a ort of trumpet; alſo one that plays upon it.
CHIRINO'LA, ſ. m. a ſort of play among children.
CHIRIVI'A, ſ. f. the herb and root called skirret; alſo a bird called a wagtail.
CHIRLA'DA, ſ. f. in cant, a beating with a cudgel, or the wound made by a blow.
CHIRLA'R, v. n. to prate; alſo to ſing untunably.
CHIRLE, adj. poor, mean, worth nothing; alſo wild grapes.
Búrla chirle, a foolish impertinent jeſt.
CHIRLERI'A, ſ. f. garrulity, vain prattle.
CHIRLERI'N, ſ. m. in cant, a little thief.
CHIRLI'DO, ſ. m. prating, babbling, chirping like a bird.
CHIRLI'TO, ſ. m. a plover.
CHI'RLO, ſ. m. a ſnap of the fingers, a filip.
Chirlo, ſ. m. a ſcar made in the face by a knife or ſword.
Chirlos mirlos, chimeras, or things that are not in nature.
CHIRLO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a great talker.
CHIROGRAPHI'A, the art of writing.
CHIRO'GRAPHO, ſ. m. a manuſcript or hand-writing.
CHIROMANCI'A, ſ. f. fortelling future events by inſpecting the hand.
CHIROMA'NTICO, adj. belonging to chiromancy.
CHIRONE'O, adj. of, or belonging to an incurable wound.
CHIRO'NIO, ſ. m. centaury; alſo the herb gentian or felwort.
CHIROTHE'CA, ſ. f. a glove; a burleſque word.
CHIRRIADO'R, adj. that chirps like a bird, or creaks like hinges.
CHIRRIA'R, v. n. to chirp as birds do, or to creak like a door.
CHIRRICHO'TE, ſ. m. a nick-name given to poor French prieſts that uſed to go pilgrimages into Spain.
CHIRRI'DO, ſ. m. the chirping of a bird, or creaking of a door.
CHIRRI'O, ſ. m. the noiſe of a cart.
CHIRRIO'N, ſ. m. a common cart with two wheels; a duſt-cart uſed to carry away the filth.
CHIRRION-CILLA, ſ. f. a chirping, ſoft ſinging, or whiſtling.
CHIRRIONE'RO, ſ. m. a carter, one who drives the cart.
CHIRIVI'A, ſ. f. vide *CHIRIBI'A*.
CHIS, interj. ho.
CHIS-CHAS, ſ. f. an inceſſant knocking.
CHISGARAVI'S, ſ. m. a perſon who meddles in other people's affairs, a buſy body.
CHISGUE'TE, ſ. m. a ſmall draught of wine ſucked out of a *borracho*.
CHISMA'R, v. a. to make a ſchiſm or confuſion, to make miſchief.
CHISME, ſ. m. a tale carried from One to another to do miſchief.
CHISMEA'R, v. a. vide *CHISMAR*.
CHISMERI'A, ſ. f. the practice of carrying tales to breed ill blood.
CHISME'RO, *CHISMO'SO*, adj. addicted to carry tales to ſet people together by the ears; a tale-carrier; a miſchief-maker.
CHI'SPA, ſ. f. a ſpark, or flake of fire; alſo a man eaſily moved to anger, a little paſſionate man!
Echar chiſpas, to fly in a paſſion.
CHISPA'R, v. a. in cant, to tell tales.
CHISPA'ZO, ſ. m. the blow given by a ſpark of fire.
CHISPEA'R, v. n. to ſparkle as fire does.
CHISPE'RO, adj. belonging to a ſquib.
CHISPO, ſ. m. the ſame as *ciſguéte*.
CHISPORRETEA'R, v. n. to throw a multitude of ſquibs or ſparks.
CHISPO'SO, adj. that throws many ſparks of fire.
CHISQUE'TE, ſ. m. the flux, or diſſentery.
CHISTA'R, v. n. to be ſilent as afraid to ſpeak.
Ni chiſtár, ni miſtár, to be mute.
Cálla no chiſtes, peace, be not heard, whiſt.
Chiſte, ſ. m. a jeſt.
CHISTERA, ſ. f. a fisherman's trunk to keep his fish in.
CHISTO'SO, adj. facetious.
CHI'TA, ſ. f. the long bone in the sheep or cow's foot, which boys play with.
CHITICA'LLA, ſ. m. the perſon who obſerves others and is ſilent himſelf.
CHITICALLA'R, v. n. to be ſilent.
CHITO, ſ. m. a ſtick or bone put for a ſignal or mark.
CHITO'N, interj. hush, whiſt, make no noiſe.

C H O

CHO, interj. uſed by perſons to ſtop their horſes.
CHO'A, ſ. f. a chough, or jack-daw.

CHOCADO'R, ſ. m. he who runs violently at another.
CHOCA'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. baubles to hang about children, bells for dogs, ſmall jewels for women.
CHOCA'LLO, ſ. m. a jewel for the ears; a long ear-ring.
CHOCA'R, v. a. to butt as rams do, to give a ſhock, to charge in fight.
CHOCARREA'R, v. n. to jeſt, to play the buffoon.
CHOCARRERI'A, ſ. f. jeſting, playing the buffoon.
CHOCARRE'RO, ſ. m. jeſter, buffoon.
Chocarréro de paſſa paſſa, a juggler.
CHO'CO, ſ. m. a cuttle-fish.
CHO'CHA, ſ. f. a woodcock.
CHOCHEA'R, v. n. to have the ſenſes impaired by age.
CHOCHE'S, ſ. f. decay of memory proceeding from age.
CHO'CHO, adj. doating, childish, ſilly, mopish, alſo any kernel.
Chócho, ſ. m. hops.
CHOCILLA, } ſ. f. a little hut or
CHOCI'TA, } cottage.
CHOCLA'R, v. n. to bolt into a place, as a ball bolts through the port at billiards.
CHOCLO, ſ. m. a kind of wooden shoe or ſandal worn by friars and other people.
CHOCLO'N, ſ. m. the clever bolting of a bolt through the port at billiards, or through a ring.
CHOCO, ſ. m. the cuttle-fish when ſmall.
CHOCO'LATE, ſ. m. chocolate.
Chocólate de garapiña, vide *GARAPIÑA*.
CHOCOLATE'RA, ſ. f. a chocolate-pot.
CHOCOLATE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes chocolate.
CHO'FES, ſ. m. pl. the lungs.
CHOFISTA, ſ. m. the perſonw hoeats lungs.
CHO'LLA, ſ. f. the noddle, the head.
CHO'PA, ſ. f. a ſea-fish.
CHO'PO, ſ. m. a ſort of poplar-tree, growing near the water.
CHO'QUE, ſ. m. a shock, the meeting of two that run at one another; alſo a battle, a fight.
CHOQUEZUE'LA, ſ. f. the joint bone in the knee.
CHO'RCHA, ſ. f. vide *CHO'CHA*.
CHORE'O, ſ. m. a Latin foot conſiſting of a long and short ſyllable.
CHORIA'MBO, ſ. m. a Latin foot, conſiſting of four ſyllables, the firſt and laſt long, and the two middle-ones short.
CHORIFE'O, ſ. m. a chief.
CHORI'STA, ſ. m. the moderator of the choir.
CHORI'ZO, ſ. m. a ſort of large ſauſage.
CHORLI'TO, ſ. m. the bird called a curlieu.
CHO'RO, ſ. m. the choir of a church.
CHOROGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. the deſcription of any province, kingdom, or country.
CHORREA'R, v. n. to run in ſmall threads as ſpouts or little ſtreams.
CHORRE'RA, ſ. f. the place where the dropping or drivelling of the water falls.
CHORRETA'DA, ſ. f. the impetuoſity or violence of a running ſtream.
CHO'RRO, ſ. m. a little ſtream or very ſmall running of water or other liquor.
CHO'RRO, ſ. m. the ſound of the voice.
CHOTACA'BRAS, ſ. f. a ſort of bird like a gull, that ſucks the goats in the night.
CHOTA'R, v. a. to ſuck.
CHO'TO, ſ. m. a ſucking kid.
CHOTU'NO, adj. lean, weak, ſickly; applied chiefly to kids.
CHO'VA, ſ. f. a kind of jackdaw, a Cornish chough.
CHO'YA, ſ. f. a Cornish daw, a daw with red shanks.
CHO'Z, ſ. m. a blow given.
CHO'ZA, ſ. f. a cottage, a hut, a little mean houſe.
CHO'ZNO, ſ. m. the great-grandfater of one's grandfather; or the great-grandſon of one's grandſon.
CHOZUE'LA, ſ. f. diminutive of *chóza*.

C H R

CHRI'SMA, ſ. m. an ointment made of oil of olives and balſam mixed, and bleſſed by the bishop.
CHRISMA'R, v. a. to confirm any one in the Chriſtian faith; alſo to give a blow in the forehead.
CHRISME'RA, ſ. f. the viol where the ointment of confirmation is put.
CHRISTIANAME'NTE, adv. Chriſtianlike, charitably.
CHRISTIANA'R, v. a. to chriſten, to make a Chriſtian, to baptize.
CHRISTIANDA'D, ſ. f. Chriſtianity; Chriſtendom.
CHRISTIANE'SCO, adj. belonging to a Chriſtian.
CHRISTIANI'SMO, ſ. m. a chriſtening; baptizing; alſo Chriſtendom.
CHRISTIANI'SSIMO, adj. Moſt Chriſtian, the title given to the king of France.
CHRISTIANO, ſ. m. a Chriſtian.
Chriſtiáno nuevo, a new Chriſtian; that is, who is either himſelf a convert, or deſcended from the Moors or Jews.
Chriſtiáno viejo, an old Chriſtian; that is, whoſe race has no mixture or Jewish or Moorish blood.
CHRI'STO, ſ. m. our Lord and Saviour Chriſt.
CHROMA'TICO, adj. one of the three kinds of practical muſic.
CHRO'NICA, ſ. f. chronicle.
CHRONICO'N, ſ. m. a chronicle or hiſtory of any particular times.
CHRONI'STA, ſ. m. the author of the annals or chronicles.
CHRONOGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. a deſcription of the annals or chronicles.
CHRONO'GRAPHO, ſ. m. the perſon who writes chronicles or annals.
CHRONOLOGI'A, ſ. f. chronology, the hiſtory of the times.
CHRONOLOGICAME'NTE, ad. chronologically.
CHRONOLO'GICO, adj. chronologic, belonging to the annals, or hiſtory of the times.

CHRONO'LOGO, ſ. m. a chronologer, or author of the hiſtory of the times.
CHRYSA'NTEMO, ſ. m. a crow-foot with yellow flowers; the marigold.
CHRYSOCO'LA, ſ. f. gold fodder, a kind of mineral found like ſand in veins of braſs, ſilver, or gold.
CHRYSOCO'MA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.
CHRYSOGONO, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.
CHRYSO'L, ſ. m. vide *CRISOL.*
CHRYSO'LITO, ſ. m. a gem ſo called.
CHRYSOME'LA, ſ. m. yellow quince, orange.

C H U

CHUBA'RBA, ſ. f. a tree ſo called.
CHUCA, ſ. f. the concave part of a ball uſed in a particular game.
CHUCE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a thief.
CHUCE'TO, ſ. m. in cant, a thief that ſteals meat.
CHUCHE, ſ. m. in cant, the face.
CHUCHERI'A, ſ. f. the way of catching birds; a trifle, a thing of little moment.
Chucherias, ſ. f. pl. trifles; little ſweet bits for children; idle talk.
CHUCHE'RO, ſ. m. a bird-catcher.
CHU'CHO, ſ. m. a ſort of bird.
Chúcho, interj. an expreſſion uſed to call dogs.
CHUCHUME'CO, ſ. m. a name given to an ugly man.
CHUE'CA, ſ. f. the hollow of a joint where the bones play; alſo a ſort of dance. In cant, the back.
CHU'FA, ſ. f. pignut, a ſmall ſort of fruit growing under ground, ſticking to the root, much ſought children, who call it *cúcas.*
CHUFA'R, v. n. to mock, to ridicule.
CHUFE'TA, ſ. f. jeſt, ſcoff.
CHUFLE'TA, ſ. f. a trifling ridiculous expreſſion.
CHUFLETE'RO, adj. jocular, jocoſe, merry, facetious.
CHULA'DA, ſ. f. an indecent action.
CHULA'MA, ſ. f. a girl.
CHULA'MO, ſ. m. a boy.
CHULE'TA, ſ. f. a ſavoury dish ſo called.
CHULI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *chulo.*
CHU'LLA, ſ. f. the ribs of mutton cut out two and two together, to ſell to poor people.
CHU'LO, ſ. m. one who is indecent, immodeſt in his jeſts or merriment.
CHU'NGA, ſ. f. mirth or laughter ariſing from the ſilly and impertinent diſcourſe of another.
CHUÑO, ſ. m. ſo they call in the Weſt Indies the bread made of the roots called *pápas.*
CHU'PA, ſ. f. the waiſtcoat.
CHU'PADO, adj. ſucked; alſo lean as if one had been ſucked.
CHUPADO'R, ſ. m. a ſucker.
CHUPADU'RA, ſ. f. ſucking.
CHUPAME'L, ſ. m. the herb bugloſs.
CHUPA'R, v. a. to ſuck.
Chupár a úno, to devour a man's ſubſtance.
CHUPO'N, ſ. m. the extraction of any thing.
CHUPO'NA, ſ. f. a whore who ſucks or fleeces her gallant.
CHURI'ZO, ſ. m. vide *CHORI'ZO.*
CHU'RLA de canela, bag of cinnamon, as it comes from the Eaſt Indies.
CHU'RRE, ſ. m. the greaſe that runs from any meat with heat.
CHU'RRE'TE, a ſquirt of any liquor as of a ſyringe, or the like.
CHURRIBU'RRI, ſ. m. a great concourſe of low and dirty people.
CHURRILLE'RO, ſ. m. a prattling, talkative, ſilly perſon.
CHURRULLE'RO, ſ. m. a prating fellow.
CHURRUPEA'R, v. n. to ſip wine, in the manner women do tea.
CHURUMBE'LA, ſ. f. a ſort of bagpipe.
CHURU'MO, ſ. m. the juice of any thing.
CHUS, adv. nothing. Ex. *No decir chus, ni mus*, not to ſpeak a ſyllable in contradiction.
CHU'SMA, ſ. f. the whole company of ſlaves rowing in a galley; thence, the mob, the rabble; alſo a company of poor people.
CHUZA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given with the pike.
CHU'ZO, ſ. m. a great half-pike with an iron ſpear to it.
Ecgar chuzos, to be a bully.
CHUZO'N, ſ. m. a great half-pike, with a large iron ſpear to it.
Chuzón, a cautious, prudent, careful man, who ſtands ſo much upon his guard, that it is difficult to deceive him; a ſly, deſigning, ſubtle, crafty, knavish, and deceitful fellow.

C H Y

CHYLO, ſ. m. chyle, a white juice coming from meat digeſted in the ſtomach.

C I A

CI'A, ſ. f. the hip-bone.
CIABO'GA, ſ. f. the tacking about of a ſhip.
CIANCO, ſ. m. the hip-bone.
CIA'R, v. n. to put back, to make a beaſt go backwards; thence uſed at ſea to put back a galley or boat with oras without bringing her head about.
CIA'TICA, ſ. f. the ſciatica, a diſtemper commonly in the hip, the hipgout.

C I B

CIBDA'D, *CIBDA'DE*, *CIBAT*, ſ. f. a city. Obſ. all.
CIBDADA'NO, ſ. m. obſ. a citizen.
CIBE'RA, ſ. f. the dregs, droſs, or refuſe of any thing.
Molér como cibéra, to beat to mummy.
CIBO'RIO, ſ. m. the cyborium or covered cup in which the ſacrament is kept in churches.

C I C

CI'CA, ſ. f. in cant, a purſe.
CICALA'DO, adj. vide *ACICALADO.*
CICATERI'A, ſ. f. the art of cutting a purſe; alſo miſery, covetouſneſs.
CICATERI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cicatéro.*
CICATE'RO, ſ. m. a cut-purſe; alſo a miſer.
CICATRI'Z, ſ. f. a ſcar left by a wound.
CICATRIZA'R, v. a. to heal up, only leaving a ſcar; alſo to cicatrize, to make a ſcar.
CICIO'N, ſ. m. a fit of an ague.
CICLA'N, ſ. m. he that has but one teſticle.
CICLA'R, v. a. vide *ACICALA'R.*
CICLEO'IA, ſ. f. a ſmall wheel or round; a term in architecture.
CICO'REA, *CICORIA*, } ſ. f. the herb dandelion.
CICUTA, ſ. f. hemlock.

C I D

CID, ſ. m. commander, leader.
Cid, ſ. m. a ſort of birds that devours bees.
CI'DRA, ſ. f. a citron.
Cidra, ſ. f. cyder.
CIDRA'L, ſ. m. a garden, or orchard of citron-trees.
CIDRE'RA, ſ. f. vide *ABEJERA.*
CIDRO, ſ. m. a citron-tree.
CIDRONE'LA, ſ. f. a herb called balmgentle.
CIDRONE'RA, ſ. f. lemon-balm.

C I E

CIEBA, ſ. f. a ſort of wild thorn-tree; alſo a ſea-weed.
Ciégale Santantón, blind him St. Anthony; a phraſe among the vulgar ſort to wish a man blind.
CIEGAME'NTE, adv. blindly.
A ciégas, adv. blindfold, groping.
CIE'GO, adj. blind.
Nóche ciéga, a dark night.
Herrida ciega, a wound made with a weapon, ſo ſmall that it cannot be tented.
Ciégo, inconſiderate, raſh, without deliberation.
El ciégo no diſtingue de colóres, the blind cannot diſtinguish colours; an ignorant perſon cannot be a judge of any thing.
Antes ciégues que tal véas, may you be ſtruck blind before you ſee it; an imprecation when a man wishes or hopes to ſee ſomething that is againſt our inclination or intereſt.
CIE'LO, ſ. m. the heaven, the sky; alſo the teſter of a bed, or the roof of any place.
Ciélo ſeréno, a ſerene, clear sky.
Mudár ciélo, to remove to another country.
Ni por el ciélo, ni por la tiérra, neither for heaven nor earth; on no account.
Venído del ciélo, come from heaven; that is, very acceptable.
Ver los ciélos abiértos, to ſee the heavens open; that is, to obtain what one earneſtly deſires.
Querér ſubir al ciélo ſin eſcaléra, to attempt to get up to heaven without a ladder; to undertake any great matter without the proper means.
Eſcupir al ciélo, to ſpit at heaven, to commit extravagancies in a rage, to defy heaven, to blaſpheme.
Hacer al ciélo cebólla, to make one believe the moon is made of green cheeſe.
CIE'N, ſ. m. an hundred.
CIENA'GA, ſ. f. a bog, a quagmire, any muddy place.
CIENAGA'L, *CIENA'GO*, } ſ. m. idem.
CIE'N CABE'ZAS, ſ. m. a ſort of thiſtle that has many heads.
CIE'NCIA, ſ. f. ſcience, knowledge, art, certainty grounded on demonſtration.
CIE'N NUDI'LLOS, ſ. m. knot-graſs.
CIE'NO, ſ. m. mud, mire.
Reboleárſe en el ciéno to wallow in the mire; to wallow in vice.
CIENO'SO, adj. muddy, miry.
CIENTA, ſ. f. the herb knot-graſs.
CIENTENA'L, an hundred years old.
CIENTIFICAME'NTE, adv. knowingly, skilfully, wittingly, on ſet purpoſe.
CIENTI'FICO, adj. skilful, knowing.
CIE'NTO, ſ. m. an hundred.
CIENTOPIE'S, ſ. m. an inſect that has abundance of feet.
CIE'NTOS, or *JUE'GO DE CIENTOS*, ſ. m. the game of piquet at cards.
CIERNA, *CIE'RNE*, } ſ. f. the bloſſom of the vines.
Eſtan las viñas en ciérne, the vine's bloſſom.
CIERTAME'NTE, adv. certainly, ſurely.
CIE'RTO, adj. certain, ſure.
Ciérta perſona, a certain perſon.
Declr lo ciérto, to ſpeak the truth.
Pedlr lo ciérto por úna cóſa, to ask the poſitive price of a thing.
No eſtár en lo ciérto, to be in the wrong.
Ciérto, ciérto, adv. moſt certainly.
CIE'RVA, ſ. f. a hind.
CIERVATI'LLO, ſ. m. a fawn.
CIE'RVO, ſ. m. a ſtag, a hart, a red deer.
Ciérvo cabrón, a creature between a deer and a goat.
CIE'RZO, ſ. m. the north wind, more properly the north-eaſt wind.

C I F

CIFA'QUE, ſ. m. the inner rim of the belly covering the entrails; the peritonæum.
CI'FO, ſ. m. a cup.
CI'FRA, ſ. f. a cypher.
CIFRA'R, v. a. to make a cypher, to epitomize, to contract.
Ciſrárſe, v. r. to be contracted, to be made conciſe.

C I G

CIGA'RRA, ſ. f. the inſect called in Latin *cicada.*
CIGARRA'L, ſ. m. certain farms on the hills, which are encloſed.
CIGA'RRO, ſ. m. leaves of tobacco folded in the manner of a ſmall pipe.
CIGATE'RA, ſ. f. a wench.
CIGOÑA'L, ſ. m. a crane to draw

up water, or any other weight, but moſt properly one pole banging acroſs another over a wall, to draw up the water.

CIGOñI'NO, ſ. m. a young ſtork.

CIGOñUE'LA, ſ. f. diminutive of *ciguéña*.

CIGUARE'GA, ſ. f. a grashopper, a cricket.

CIGUE'ñA, ſ. f. a ſtork.

Pico de ciguéña, the herb ſtork-bill.

CIGUEñA'L, ſ. m. vide *CIGOñAL*.

CIGUEñEA'R, v. n. to make a noiſe like a ſtork.

C I J

CIJA, ſ. f. a granary; alſo a priſon.

C I L

CILA'NTRO, ſ. m. vide *CULA'NTRO*.

CILI'CIO, ſ. m. a hair-cloth.

CILI'NDRO, ſ. m. a cylinder, a roller.

CILI'NDRICO, adj. in the form of a cylinder.

CI'LLA, ſ. f. a granary for corn; a binn.

CILLA'ZGO, ſ. m. the duty that is paid for ſtowing corn in the granaries.

CILLE'RCA, ſ. f. a ſort of mushroom.

CILLE'RERO, ſ. m. the friar in ſome oders that ſerves the community as a ſteward.

CILLERI-ZO, *CILLE'-RO*, } ſ. m. a granary or ſtorekeeper; alſo the granary or ſtore-houſe.

CILLERUE'DAS, ſ. m. ſmall ſplints, ribs, or bones; alſo kernels in the thorat.

C I M

CI'MA, ſ. f. the top of a mountain, hill, or other place; alſo a great depth, an abyſs, a bottomleſs pit; alſo that which our architects call the cyma; by vulgar workmen called an ogee, being a moulding with a hollow above, and a round out-riſing under it.

CIMA'CIO, ſ. m. vide *CYMACIO*.

CIMARRO'N, adj. wild, not tame.

CIMBALI'STA, ſ. m. one that plays on a cymbal.

CI'MBALO, ſ. m. the muſical inſtrument called a cymbal.

CI'MBIA, ſ. f. in architecture, is a ring on the top of a pillar below the aſtragal; immediately above the contraction.

CIMBO'RIO, ſ. m. a cupola; ſometimes it is uſed for a vault or wide arch.

CI'MBRA, ſ. f. the curve or arch in architecture.

CIMBRA'R, v. a to bend, to lap about, as a wand does when ſhaken, or when a man is ſtruck with it, that it girds about him.

Cimbrárſe, v. r. to bend.

CIMBRE'ñO, adj. pliable, flexible.

CI'MBRIA, ſ. f. a wand or rod that bends; alſo the wooden arch on which they build a vault to ſupport it till finiſhed, called by our workmen a center.

CI'MBRO, ſ. m. vide *ZIMBRO*.

CIMBBONA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given with a file.

CIMENTADO'R, ſ. m. a maſon or bricklayer that lays foundations.

CIMENTA'L, adj. belonging to the foundation of any thing.

CIMENTA'R, v. a. to lay foundations.

CIMENTE'RA, ſ. f. the art of laying a foundation.

CIMENTE'RIO, ſ. m. a churchyard.

CIME'RA, ſ. f. the creſt of a helmet.

CIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a foundation.

CIMI'LLO, ſ. m. the ſtratagem ſportſmen make uſe of by fixing one pigeon to allure or entice others into the ſnare; the ſtick to which the pigeon is fixed, is called *cimillo*.

CIMITA'RRA, ſ. f. a cimetar, a ſort of ſword short and recurvated.

CIMO'RRA, ſ. f. a cold that takes beaſts in the head.

CIMO'RRO, ſ. m. the people belonging to a church.

C I N

CINA'BRIO, ſ. m. a gum or liquor of an Indian tree; alſo a ſoft red ſtone found in mines called minium, redlead, vermilion, ſanguinary, dragons blood.

CINAMO'MO, ſ. m. vide *CANELA*.

CINAMONI'MO, ſ. m. an ointment ſo called.

CINCA, ſ. f. a term uſed in a game reſembling cricket, and means five points loſt.

CINCE'L, ſ. m. a chizzel.

Cincél, ſ. m. a graver, a punch, ſuch as goldſmiths uſe to chaſe ſilver, or the fine tool-carvers uſe about their work, or a ſtone-cutter's chizzel.

CINCELA'R, v. a to engrave, to chaſe plate.

CI'NCHA, ſ. f. a girt for a horſe, or other beaſt; alſo the iron that binds the wheel called the ſtreaks.

Apretár las cinchas, to draw the girts ſtraight; to ſecure one's ſelf from being diſappointed.

Ir rompléndo cinchas, to ride ſo hard as if a man would break the girts.

CINCHADU'RA, ſ. f. girding.

CINCHA'R, v. a to gird.

CI'NCHO, ſ. m. the iron that binds a wheel together, called the ſtreaks.

Cincho pára quéſo, a cheeſe-fat to make cheeſe in.

CINCHUE'LA, ſ. f. diminut. of *cincha*.

CI'NCO, ſ. m. five.

No ſabe quántos ſon cinco, he knows not how many make five: that is, he is ſo ignorant he can't tell five.

Dar cinco de cálle, to run through the pins at play and ſtrike down none.

Cinco en rámo, ſ. f. cinquefoil or five leaved graſs.

CINFONE'A, ſ. f. the muſical inſtrument called a ſymphony, which blind men play on.

CINCUE'NTA, ſ. m. fifty.

CINCUE'SMA, ſ. f. the ſpace of fifty days, applied to the time between Eaſter and Whitſuntide.
CINCRA'DA, ſ. f. obſ. a heap of aſhes.
CI'NGARO, ſ. m. a gypſy: this word of late years borrowed from the Italians, the true Spaniſh being *gitáno*.
CINGIR, v. a. obſ. for *ceñir*, to gird.
CINGLADU'RA, ſ. f. the way a ſhip makes in the ſea.
CINGLEA'R, v. a. to make way in the ſea.
CI'NGULO, ſ. m. a girdle; only uſed for that the prieſt girds his alb with when he veſts to ſay maſs.
CI'NICO, adj. cynic.
CINOCE'PHALO, ſ. m. vide *CYNOCE'PHALO*.
CINOSU'RA, the northern conſtellation, called the *urſa minor*, or the leſſer bear.
CINQUEPU'L de los Judíos, ſome Jewiſh worſhip or ceremonies.
CINQUE'SMA, ſ. f. Whitſuntide, a name not in uſe, for they call it *paſqua de Eſpiritu ſanto*.
CI'NTA, ſ. f. any ſort of ribbon; alſo a girdle; alſo a man or woman's waiſt.
Cinta de ſéda, ſilk ribbon.
Cinta de algodón, cotton ribbon.
Cinta de hilo, tape, filleting.
Cinta de arreáta, a ſort of filleting.
Cintas en carnadillas, red tape.
Eſtár la mugér en cinta, to be with child.
CINTADE'RO, ſ. m. that part of the croſs-bow where the ſtring is fixed and detained.
CINTARA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a leather girdle, or thong, or with a ſword.
CINTAREA'R, v. a. to give a blow with a ſword.
CINTERI'A, ſ. f. a merchandize of all ſort of ribbons.
CINTE'RO, ſ. m. a rope made with horſe-hair.
CINTI'LLA, ſ. f. } a hat-band.
CINTI'LLO, ſ. m. }
CI'NTO, ſ. m. a girdle for a man, as *cinta*, a ſilk girdle for a woman.

CINTO'RIA, ſ. f. the herb centaury.
CINTRE'L, ſ. m. a term of architecture, the meaning of which I know not.
CINTU'RA, ſ. f. the waiſt, and ſometimes the girdle.
Eſtár úna mugér metida en cintúra, to be ſtrait-laced.
CINTURI'LLA, ſ. f. a little girdle.
CINTURO'N, ſ. m. a broad belt.

C I P

CIPIO'N, ſ. m. an old man's walkingſtaff.
CIPRE'S, ſ. m. cypreſs, a cypreſs-tree.

C I R

CI'RCO, ſ. m. any round place; properly the Circus at Rome, where the people ſaw the public ſhows.
CIRCUICIO'N, ſ. f. a circuit, a compaſs, going about; alſo a preamble in diſcourſe.
CIRCUI'R, v. a. to go about.
CIRCU'ITO, ſ. m. a circuit, a compaſs.
CIRCULACION, ſ. f. circulation.
CIRCULA'R, v. a. to go about, to make a circle.
Circulár, adj. circular, round.
CIRCULARME'NTE, adv. circularly, roundly.
CI'RCULO, ſ. m. a circle, a figure contained but one line.
CIRCUMA'GIO, obſ. a proverb.
CIRCUNCIDA'R, v. a. to circumciſe.
CIRCUNCISIO'N, ſ. f. circumciſion.
CIRCUNDA'R, v. a. to compaſs round.
CIRCUNDUCIO'N, a word uſed in the *cortes* of Spain, ſignifying to bring them to ſit ſooner than the day they had been prorogued to, which is only done upon ſome urgent occaſion.
CIRCUNDUZI'R, v. a. to bring the *cortes* to ſit as in *circunducion*.
CIRCUMFERENCIA, ſ. f. circumference.

CIRCUNFLE'XO, adj. circumflex bent round.
CIRCUNLOCUCIO'N, ſ. f. a circumlocution, round about way of talking.
CIRCUNLO'QUIO, ſ. m. circumlocution.
CIRCUNSCRIBI'R, v. a. to circumſcribe, or draw a circle or line about.
CIRCUNSCRIPTO, p. p. of *circumſcribir*.
CIRCUNSPECCIO'N, ſ. f. circumſpection, warineſs.
CIRCUNSPE'CTO, adj. circumſpect, cautious.
CIRCUNSTA'NCIA, ſ. f. a circumſtance.
CIRCUNSTANCIAR, v. a. to circumſtance or make a proof of any thing by accidents.
CIRCUNSTA'NTE, ſ. m. one preſent in company.
CIRCUNVALACIO'N, ſ. f. circumvallation.
CIRCUNVALA'R, v. a. to entrench round.
CIRCUNVEZI'NO, adj. neighbouring.
CIRIA'L, ſ. m. a candleſtick.
CI'RIO, ſ. m. a wax-candle.
Cirio paſcuál, paſchal candle, which is a large one, ſtanding by the ſide of the high altar from Saturday in Holy Week till Aſcenſion, and lighted at high maſs.
CI'RRO, ſ. m. a hard ſwelling in the neck, or other part of the body.
CIRUE'LA, ſ. f. a plum.
Ciruéla paſſa, a dried plum, a prune or prunello.
Ciruéla de invierno, a nickname for the ſnivel that hangs at any body's noſe in winter.
Ciruéla de fráyle, a large ſort of plum.
CIRUE'LO, ſ. m. a plum-tree.
CIRUGI'A, ſ. f. ſurgery.
CIRUJA'NO, ſ. m. a ſurgeon.

C I S

CISCA'R, v. a. to affright, to put into bodily fear. In cant, to bewray one's ſelf.

Ciſedrſe, v r. to bewray one's ſelf for fear.
CI'SCO, ſ. m. ſmall-coal; charcoalduſt.
CI'SMA, ſ. m. ſchiſm.
CISMA'TICO, adj. ſchiſmatic.
CISMONTA'NO, adj. of this ſide of the mountain.
CI'SNE, ſ. m. a ſwan. In cant, a whore.
CISQUE'RO, ſ. m. a little linen-bag uſed among drawers to hold their ſmall-coal which they mark their work by.
CISSU'RA, ſ. f. a cleaving or cutting of any thing.
CISTEL, } ſ. m. the religious order
CISTE'R, } of the Ciſtercians.
CISTERCIE'NSE, adj. belonging to *ciſtér*.
CISTE'RNA, ſ. f. a ciſtern.

C I T

CITA, ſ. f. citation, ſummons to appear; alſo an appointment.
CITACI'ON, ſ. f. ſummons, citation.
CITADE'LA, ſ. a citadel.
CITANI'LLO, pron. diminutive of *citáno*, uſed to a boy.
CITA'NO, pron. ſuch a one.
CITA'R, v. a. to cite, to ſummon, to ſubpœna; alſo to quote an author.
CITATO'RIO, adj. cited ſummoned to appear, ſerved with a ſubpœna.
CITERIO'R, adj. belonging to this ſide.
CI'THARA, ſ. f. a muſical inſtrument ſo called.
CITHARI'STA, ſ. m. one who plays upon the cithara.
CITHARIZA'R, v. a. to play upon the cithara.
CITO, adv. the word uſed for calling a dog, holding out the hand and ſnapping the fingers to him.
CI'TOLA, ſ. f. the clapper of a mill; alſo a cittern.
CITOLE'RO, ſ. f. he that makes citterns, or plays on the lute.
CITO'TE, ſ. m. a ſummoner, one who cites or ſerves others with a ſubpœna.

C I U

CIUDA'D, ſ. f. a city.
CIUDADA'NO, ſ. m. a citizen.
CIUDADE'LA, ſ. f. a citadel.
CIUDADE'TA, ſ. f. a little city.

C I V

CIVE'RA, ſ. f. corn; alſo the groſs of the almonds or ſuch things; when the ſubſtance is ſqueezed out.
CIVICO, adj. belonging to a city, civick.
CIVI'L, adj. civil, courteous; political.
Guérra civil, civil war.
CIVILIDA'D, ſ. f. the public or civil government; alſo civility, courteſy; alſo miſery, covetouſneſs, avarice.
CIVILME'NTE, adv. according to the civil government, civilly, courteouſly.

C I Z

CIZA, ſ. f. vide *SI'SA*.
CIZA'DO, adj. vide *SISA'DO*.
CIZA'LLA, ſ. f. the fragment or remaining part of the metal in coining.
CIZA'ñA, ſ. f. tares, cockle, darnel; alſo diſcord.
CIZAñADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſows tares or cockle, or that breeds diſcord.
CIZAñA'R, v. a. to ſow diſcord, tares, or cockle.
CIZAñE'RO, ſ. m. ſower of diſcord, miſchief-maker.
CIZCUE'NTA, ſ. m. vide *CINQUENTA*.
CIZNE, ſ. m. vide *CI'SNE*.
CIZYLAO'N, ſ. m. the bitter vetch, a ſort of pulſe.

C L A

CLA'BA, ſ. f. vide *CLA'VA*.
CLABA'R, v. a. vide *CLAVAR*.
CLA'BE, ſ. f. vide *CLA'VE*.
CLA'BO, ſ. m. vide *CLA'VO*.
CLAMADO'R, ſ. m. one who cries out, or calls out.
CLAMAR, v. n. to cry out, to make a clamour. In cant, to avoid.
Clamár merced, obſ. to ask a favour.
CLAMI'DO, ſ. m. vide *CLAMO'R*.
CLAMI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who cries out or makes a clamour.
CLA'MO, ſ. m in cant, a tooth; alſo a diſtemper.
CLAMO'R, ſ. m. a clamour, crying out, exclaiming.
CLAMOREA'DA, ſ. f. a crying out, a making a clamour.
CLAMOREA'R, v. n. to make a clamour, or cry out; to ring a peal for the dead.
CLAMORE'O, ſ. m. a lamentation, or crying out; or ringing a peal.
CLAMORO'SO, adj. clamorous, given to cry out.
CLANDESTINAME'NTE, adv. clandeſtinely, privily.
CLANDESTI'NO, adj. clandeſtine, ſecret, private.
CLANGO'R, ſ. m. the ſound of a trumpet.
CLA'RA, ſ. f. clearneſs, light.
Clára de huévo, the white of an egg.
CLARABO'YA, ſ. f. a lanthorn, a light on the top of a houſe.
CLARABOYA'DO, adj. full of holes, full of apertures; alltattered, all ragged.
CLARAME'NTE, adv. clearly, plainly, evidently.
CLARAMIE'NTE, adv. obſ. clearly, plainly, evidently.
CLARA'R, v. a. to give light.
CLARAVO'YA, ſ. f. vide *CLARABO'YA*.
CLARE'A, ſ. f. a liquor made with white-wine, ſugar, and ſpice. In cant, the day.
CLAREA'R, v. n. to grow light.
Clareárſe, v. r. to be made light; alſo to clear one's ſelf from any accuſation.
CLARECE'R, v. n. to grow clear, fair, or plain.
CLARETE, ſ. m. claret, redwine.
CLARE'ZA, } ſ. f. clearneſs,
CLARIDA'D, } brightneſs, plainneſs, perſpicuity.
CLARIFICA'R, v. a. to clarify, to make bright, clear, or manifeſt.

CLARI'FICO, adj. clear, manifeſt, plain, evident.

CLARIME'NTES, } ſ. m. pl. gau-
CLARIME'NTOS, } dy paintings, bright colours.

CLARI'N, ſ. m. a trumpet.

CLARINA'DO, adj. of or belonging to a bell-wether.

CLARINE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who plays upon the *clarin*.

CLARIO'N, ſ. m. a muſical inſtrument called a clarion.

CLARIO'SA, ſ. f. in cant, water.

CLARISSAS, ſ. f. pl. the nuns of Santa Clara.

CLA'RO, adj. bright, clear, light, plain, eaſy, perſpicuous, evident, ſhrill, illuſtrious. In cant, the ſky.

Paſſár de cláro en cláro, to fly clear through a place without touching any where, to go by without ſpeaking or calling.

Paſſár el dia ó nóche de cláro en cláro, to ſpend the whole night or day.

Cláros, ſ. m. pl. the lights in a lanthorn, cupola, or the like.

CLAROR, ſ. m. brightneſs, clearneſs.

CLASSE, ſ. f. claſs, rank, order of perſons, ſet of beings or things.

Cláſſe, ſ. f. a form, or bench, or degree in a ſchool.

CLASSI'CO, adj. of or belonging to the claſſics.

CLAUCO, ſ. m. in cant, a hook.

CLAUDICA'R, v. n. to go lame; alſo to ſpeak or act craftily, ſubtilly.

CLAUQUILLADO'R, ſ. m. an officer ſo called that ſearches and receives the duties of all goods.

CLAUQUILLA'R, v. a. to ſeal or mark any parcel of goods to ſhew it has been ſearched.

CLA'USTRA, ſ. f. a cloiſter, or encloſed place.

CLAUSTRA'L, adj. of or belonging to a cloiſter.

CLAUSTRAR, v. a. to ſhut up, to incloſe with a wall.

CLAUSTRO, ſ. m. a cloiſter.

CLA'USULA, ſ. f. a ſentence or period.

CLAUSULA'R, v. a. to make periods.

CLAUSU'RA, ſ. f. encloſure.

CLAVA, ſ. f. a club.

CLAVADO'R, ſ. m. one that nails.

CLAVADU'RA, ſ. f. nailing.

CLAVA'R, v. a. to nail.

Clavár los ójos en el ſuélo, to nail the eyes on the ground; that is, to fix the eyes upon the ground, when thoughtful.

CLAVA'RIO, ſ. m. the name given to a particular civil officer; in a monaſtery, a treaſurer.

CLAVAZO'N, ſ. f. nailing.

CLA'VE, ſ. f. the ſtone on the top of a vault, which cloſes the whole work, called the key-ſtone. In architecture it is alſo the arch, or whole bent of the arch, or the part where it commences. In muſic, it is the key or cliff a leſſon is played in, ſhewing the height of every note.

CLAVE'L, ſ. m. a pink, a gilliflower.

CLAVELI'NA, ſ. f. a pink.

CLAVELO'N, ſ. m. vide *CLAVE'L*.

CLAVE'QUE, ſ. m. a ſtone like a diamond, but of leſs value.

CLAVE'RA, ſ. f. the hole a nail makes, alſo a row of wooden pins to hang any thing on.

Clavéra, ſ. f. the place where the pinks or gilliflowers grow.

CLAVERI'A, ſ. f. a dignity of knight-hood.

CLAVE'RO, ſ. m. an officer of note in the orders of knighthood; alſo a nail-maker and any one that bears the keys.

CLAVE'TE, ſ. m. any ſmall iron or wooden pin, but particularly the pegs to wind up the ſtrings of an inſtrument.

Clavetes, ſ. m. pl. ſtuds; alſo the claves of the harpſichord.

CLAVETEA'R, v. a. to ſtud.

CLAVI'A, ſ. f. vide *CLAVI'JA*.

CLAVICI'MBALO, ſ. m. an inſtrument much like the harpſichord.

CLAVICO'RDIO, ſ. m. a harpſichord, or ſpinet.

CLAVI'CULA, ſ. f. clavicle, collarbone.

CLAVICULA'R, v. a. to conjure up the devil.

CLAVI'JA, ſ. f. any wooden pin, or peg of any inſtrument; the key of a harpſichord.

Apretár la clavija, to wind up the ſtring of an inſtrument; to preſs or haſten an affair.

CLAVI'LLA de cama, ſ. f. a bed-ſcrew.

CLAVI'LLOS, ſ. m. pl. architects give this name to a ſort of cramping-irons uſed to bind the upper ſtones in walls to thoſe below them, that they may not ſlip away. In common uſe this word ſignifies ſmall nails.

CLAVIO'RGANO, ſ. m. a ſort of inſtrument between a harpſichord and an organ.

CLAVITO, ſ. m. diminutive of *clávo*.

CLA'VO, ſ. m. a nail, a ſort of corn on the toes; alſo a mark burnt on a ſlave's face with a red-hot iron that he may be known.

Clávo de governalle, the rudder of a ſhip.

Clávo de ójo, a ſpot in the white of the eye.

Clávo de hebilla, the tongue of a buckle.

Clávo de giróſle, or *geróſle*, vide *Clávo de eſpécia*.

Clávo de herradúra a púnta de diamante, a froſt-nail for a horſe-ſhoe.

Dar en el clávo, to hit the nail on the head.

Echár clávo, to clap a nail into one; that is, to over-reach or cheat him.

No válе un clávo, it is not worth a nail; we ſay a ſtraw or pin.

Echár a una perſona una S, y un clávo, to burn a perſon with a nail in the ſhape of an S, on the face, which is the mark of a ſlave; to lay ſuch obligations upon a man, as ſhall bind him to one for ever.

Un clavo ſaca otro, one nail drives out another.

Clavo de eſpécia, clove, a ſpice ſo called.

C L E

CLEMA'TIDE, ſ. f the plant wild-climber, or travellers-joy, which runs up trees.
CLEME'NCIA, ſ. f. clemency, meekneſs, mercy.
CLEME'NTE, adj. meek, merciful, clement.
CLEMENTEME'NTE, adv. clemently, meekly, mercifully.
CLEMENTI'NAS, ſ. f. a collection of the canon law ſo called.
CLEMESI'N, adj. purple-coloured.
CLERECI'A, ſ. f. the clergy.
CLERICA'DO, ſ. m. vide *CLERICA'TO*.
CLERICA'L, adj. belonging to the clergy; as.
Hábito de clerical, a clergyman's habit.
CLERICALME'NTE, adv. clergymanlike.
CLERICA'TO, ſ. m. the office or function of a clergyman.
Clericáto de cámara, the dignity of a clergyman that is in the Pope's palace.
CLE'RIGO, ſ. m. a clergyman, a p ieſt.
CLERIGUI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *clérigo*.
CLERIZO'N, ſ. m. a youth bred up in the ſervice of the church, who wears a clergyman's habit, but is not in orders; an acolyte, a choriſter.
CLE'RO, ſ. m. the clergy.

C L I

CLI'CIE, ſ. f. the ſun-flower, or turnſole.
CLIE'NTE, ſ. m. a client, one that is under the protection or direction of another.
CLIENTE'LA, ſ. f. clientſhip.
CLIE NTULO, ſ. m. a little client.
CLI'MA, ſ. f. a climate.
CLIMATE'RICO, adj. climacterical, every ſeventh and ninth year is a climacteric, and ſixty-three, being ſeven times nine, is the great climacteric.
CLIMATICO, adj. inconſtant, various, unſettled.
CLI'N, ſ. f. horſe-hair, a horſe's mane.
Tenérſe a las clines, to hold faſt by the mane; to uſe all means to bear up in the world.
CLINOPO'DIO, ſ. m. the herb called public-mountain, horſe-thyme, or wild-baſil.
CLIPE'O, ſ. m. buckler.
CLISTE'L, ſ. m. a clyſter.

C L O

CLOA'CA, ſ. f. a privy, a neceſſary-houſe.
CLOACA'RIO, adj. belonging to ſinks or neceſſary-houſes.
CLO'CLO, ſ. m. the clucking of a hen.
CLO'QUE, ſ. m. a boat-hook, a grappling-iron, any hook to take hold with.
CLOQUEA'R, v. a. to cluck as a hen does; alſo to kill fiſh with a trouthook.
CLOQUE'RO, ſ. m. one that fiſhes with a ſpear or hook.

C L U

CLUE'CO, adj. broody; one that ſtands very hollow as if he feared any thing ſhould touch him.
CLUQUI'LLAS, adv. vide. *CUCLI'LLAS*.

C L Y

CLYME'NO, ſ. m. an herb with a ſtalk like a bean, water-betony, ſopewort, tutſan, or park-leaves.
CLYCIE, ſ. f. turnſole, ſun-flower. Poetical.
CLYSTE'R, ſ. m. vide *CLISTE'L*.
CLYSTELE'RA, ſ. f. the woman who gives the clyſter.

C O A

CO'A, ſ. f. obſ. vide *CO'LA*.
COABITACIO'N, ſ. f. cohabiting.
COABITA'R, v. a. to cohabit, to live together.
COACCIO'N, ſ. f. force, violence, compulſion.
COACERVA'R, v. a. to heap up together.
COACTIVO, adj. forcible, violent, urgent, cogent.
COADJUTO'R, ſ. m. a coadjutor.
COADJUTORI'A, ſ. f. the dignity of a coadjutor, or the hopes or expectation to ſucceed to his place or dignity.
COADJUTO'RIO, adj. that helps or aſſiſts another.
COADJUVA'R, v. a. to help, to aſſiſt.
COAGULACIO'N, ſ. f. a coagulation, curdling, or growing together.
COAGULA'R, v. a. to coagulate, to curdle, to grow together.
COAJULE'CHE, ſ. m. vide *CUAJALE'CHE*.
COAJUTO'R, ſ. m. vide *COADJUTOR*.
COA'LLA, ſ. f. a quail; or a wood-cock.
COANIMACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſpiriting up of any thing, encouragement.
COAPATLI', ſ. m. a plant in New Spain, whereof there are ſeveral ſorts, and applied to divers medicinal uſes.
COAPTACIO'N, ſ. f. the fitting one thing with another.
COARTA'R, v. a. to limit or place bounds.
COATLI', ſ. m. a ſhrub growing in the Weſt Indies.
COAVA'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of tree in the Weſt Indies.

C O B

CO'BA, ſ. f. in cant, a ryal.
COBACHUE'LA, ſ. f. a little cave or cellar.
Cobachuéla, ſ. f. the ſecretary's office.
COBA'R, v. a. to bow, to crook.
COBARDAR, v. a. vide *ACOBARDA'R*.
COBA'RDE, ſ. m. f. a coward.
COBARDEA'R, v. n. to fear, to be a coward, to be afraid.
COBA'RDEMENTE, adv. cowardly.
COBARDI'A, ſ. f. cowardice.

COBDI'CIA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *CODI'CIA.*
COBDICIA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *CODICIA'R.*
COBDICIO'SO, adj. obſ. vide *CODICIO'SO.*
COBDI'ZA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *COBDI'CIA.*
CO'BDO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *CO'DO.*
COBEGE'RA, ſ. f. a bawd.
COBERTA'ZA, ſ. f. a great pot-lid.
COBERTE'RA, ſ. f. a cover; a bawd.
Cobertéras, in falconry, two large feathers in the kawk's tail, which cover the reſt.
COBERTI'ZO, ſ. m. a penthouſe; a covered paſſage or gallery.
COBERTO'R, ſ. m. a counterpane for a bed, any covering, a carpet.
COBERTU'RA, ſ. f. a covering.
COBIE'RTO, p. p. of *cobrir.* Vide *CUBIE'RTO.*
COBIGE'RA, ſ. f. a bawd.
COBIJA, ſ. f. covering of any ſort, but particularly a ſhort ſort of mantle worn by ſervant-maids
COBIJADE'RA, ſ. f. vide *COBIJE'RA.*
COBIJADU'RA, ſ. f. covering.
COBIJA'R, v. a. to cover.
COBIJE'RA, ſ. f. obſ. a maid, a waiting-maid.
COBRADO'R, ſ. m. a receiver, a recoverer.
COBRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. profit, gain.
COBRA'NZA, ſ. f. receiving, or recovering.
COBRA'R, v. a. to receive, to recover, to retrieve.
Cobrár el halcon, to retrieve the hawk.
Cobrár fuérças, to gather ſtrength.
Cobrár ánimo, to take courage.
Cobrár ſalúd, to recover one's health.
CO'BRE, ſ. m. copper.
Cóbre de cebólas, a rope of onions.
Cóbre de beſtias, a herd of cattle.
Batír el cóbre, to beat the copper; to make much noiſe, and be very eager about one's buſineſs; like the hammering of braziers.
COBRI'R, v. a. vide *CUBRI'R.*
CO'BRO, ſ. m. recovery, receipt, ſafekeeping.
Ponér una coſa en cobro, to lay up a thing ſafe. Ironically, to waſte or conſume it; as we ſay, to lay up a thing ſo ſafe that a man cannot come at it himſelf.
COBUIJA'DA, ſ. f. vide *COGUJA'DA.*

C O C

CO'CA, ſ. f. is a ſmall green leaf growing on little trees or bushes about a man's height, in exceſſive hot and very moiſt land.
Cóca, ſ. f. children in Spain call the head by this name; and it was ſo in old Spainish.
COCADO'R, ſ. m. one that makes faces and odd geſtures like a monkey.
COCAñA, ſ. f. good cheer.
COCA'R, v. a. to make mouths or geſtures like a monkey; to coax.
COCARA'R, v. n. to lay up corn in a granary.
COCATRI'Z, ſ. f. a cockatrice.
COCCI'NEO, adj. red-, purple-coloured.
COCCIO'N, ſ. f. a boiling of water, or any thing elſe.
CO'CE, ſ. m. vide *COZ.*
COCEADO'R, ſ. m. a kicker, a ſpurner.
COCEADU'RA, ſ. f. kicking, ſpurning, or trampling on.
COCEA'R, v. n. to kick, to ſpurn, to trample on.
COCE'DRA, ſ. f. a quilt, or matreſs.
Cocédra de plumas, a feather-bed.
COCEDRO'N, ſ. m. a great quilt to lay under others.
COCEDU'RA, ſ. f. the act of ſewing any thing.
COCELE'TE, ſ. m. a corſlet.
COCE'R, v. a. to boil, to bake.
Cocérſe, v. r. to fret one's ſelf, to vex or torment one's ſelf.
COCHA'MBRE, ſ. m. a greaſy filthy ſmell, ſuch as comes from dish-water, or greaſy dirty cooks.
CO'CHE, ſ. m. a coach.
COCHEA'R, v. n. to guide or govern, to drive a coach.
COCHE'RA, ſ. f. a coach-houſe.
COCHERI'L, adj. belonging to a coach.
COCHERI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cochéro.*
COCHE'RO, ſ. m. a coachman.
COCHIFRITO, ſ. m. a particular ſtewed dish, the chief ingredient of which is lamb or kid.
COCHI'NA, ſ. f. a ſow.
COCHINATA, ſ. f. a piece of timber in a ſhip ſo called.
COCHINERI'A, ſ. f. ſowiſhneſs, naſtineſs.
COCHINI'LLA, ſ. f. originally a woodlouſe, but ſince the ſame name is given to ſcarlet-dye, called *cochinille*, which is the Spanish name given it, becauſe it is made of ſmall flies, which ſprinkled with wine, or vinegar, roll up together like vood-lice, and theſe are the rich ſcarlet-dye. *Cochinilla* is alſo a ſow-pig.
COCHINI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſucking pig.
COCHI'NO, ſ. m. a pig, a porker; a ſlovenly fellow.
Cochino lechón, a ſucking pig.
COCHI'O, ſ. m. aptneſs to boil.
Cochite hervite, adv. done in a hurry, or hand over head, or meat but half boiled.
CO'CHO, adj. ſodden, boiled, baked, or dreſſed to eat.
COCHU'RA, ſ. f. a violent heat, or great ſweat.
COCIDU'RA, ſ. f. vide *COCEDU'RA.*
COCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *COCCIO'N.*
COCI'NA, ſ. f. the kitchen, where the proviſions are cooked in a houſe.
COCINA'R, v. a. to cook, to prepare victuals for the table.
COCINERI'A, ſ. f. the dreſſing of victuals.
COCINE'RO, ſ. m. the cook.
COCINILLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cocina.*
CO'CLE, ſ. m. a grapple, a hook to lay hold with.
COCLEA'R, v. a. to grapple, or to lay hold with an hook.
COCLILLO, ſ. a ſort of worm that gnaws the vines.

CO'CO, ſ. f. a worm that eats the vines or other trees; or any ſuch ſort of worm or inſect; alſo the word uſed to fright children, as we ſay, the bug-bear.

Guáda el cóco, an expreſſion uſed to deter children, as our English nurſes frighten them by bidding them take care of the bugabo.

Cóco, ò palma de laſ Indias, the coco-tree, otherwiſe called the palm-tree.

COCOBO'LO, ſ. m. a tree in the Weſt Indies, the wood of a red colour.

COCODRI'LO, *COCODRI'LLO*, ſ. m. a crocodile; a falſe deceitful man.

Cocodrillo, ſ. m. a crocodile.

COCOLI'STE, ſ. m. a ſickneſs like the ſpotted fever.

COCOLO'BIS, ſ. m. a particular kind of wine.

COCO'SO, adj. full of worms.

COCO'TE, ſ. m. vide *COGO'TE*.

COCU'YO, ſ. m. a glow-worm.

C O D

CO'DA, ſ. f. obſ. a tail.

Códa de múla, the herb called horſe-tail.

CODA'CO, ſ. m. vide *CODA'ZO*.

CODA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with the elbow.

CODADU'RA, ſ. f. the twig of a vine or little branch ſprouting up from under ground.

CODA'L, adj. a cubit long, or belonging to the elbow.

Codál, the armour which covers the elbow.

Codál de carpintéro, a carpenter's ſquare.

CODA'STE, ſ. m. the ſtern-poſt; the laſt timber in the ſtern of a ſhip, to which the rudder is made faſt.

CODA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with the elbow.

CODEA'R, v. n. to beat about the elbows, to make room with them.

CODE'RA, ſ. f. the ſcab on the elbow, or a torn ſleeve at the elbow.

CO'DI'CE, ſ. m. the body, or ſtump, or ſtock of a tree; a book, or volume, a manuſcript.

CODI'CIA, ſ. f. avarice, covetouſneſs, greedineſs.

CODICIA'BLE, adj. to be coveted.

CODICIADO'R, ſ. m. one that covets.

CODICIA'R, v. a. to covet.

CODICILA'R, v. n. to make a codicil or an addition to a laſt will and teſtament.

CODICI'LO, ſ. m. a codicil, or an addition a man makes before his death to his laſt will and teſtament

CODICIOSAME'NTE, adv. covetouſly; greedily; alſo anxiouſly.

CODICIO'SO, adj. covetous, greedy; alſo eager, earneſt, or anxious.

Mugér codiciósa, is ſometimes taken in a good ſenſe for a good houſewife.

CO'DIGO, ſ. m. a volume of the civil law, ſo called from the Latin *codex*.

CODI'LLO, ſ. m. a little elbow; alſo a term in a game at cards; codille.

CO'DO, ſ. m. an elbow; alſo the meaſure we call a cubit, being a foot and a half.

Dar del códo, to give a private hint with the elbow; alſo to put away, to reject.

Bebér de códos, to drink leaning upon one's elbows; that is, leiſurely, and at one's eaſe.

CODO'N, ſ. m. a bag to tie up an horſe's tail in; alſo the tail of the horſe.

CODO'N, *CODO'ÑO*, ſ. m. a quince.

CODOÑE'RO, ſ. m. a quince-tree.

CODORNI'Z, ſ. f. a quail.

C O E

COECHA'R, v. a. vide *COHECHA'R*.

COEFICIE'NTE, adj. that which makes, cauſes, or brings to paſs with another.

COEPI'SCOPO, ſ. m. a biſhop's companion or colleague.

COETA'NEO, adj. of the ſame age.

COE'TE, ſ. m. ſquib, cracker, or ſerpent made of gunpowder.

COETE'RNO, adj. co-eternal.

COEXTENDE'RSE, v. r. to ſtretch out together, to extend equally.

C O F

CO'FIA, ſ. f. a woman's coif.

COFI'N, ſ. m. *COFI'NA*, ſ. f. basket, pannier, frail.

COFRA'DE, ſ. m. a brother of a brotherhood or confraternity.

Cofrádas de pala, in cant, an aſſembly of thieves.

COFRADI'A, ſ. f. brotherhood, confraternity, corporation; in cant, a multitude of robbers.

COFRA'DRE, ſ. m. obſ. vide *COFRA'DE*.

CO'FRE, ſ. m. coffer, trunk cheſt.

COFREA'R, v. n. to bow in the back as old men do.

COFRECI'TO, ſ. m. a little trunk, or coffer.

COFRE'RO, ſ. m. trunk-maker.

C O G

COGEA'R, v. n. vide *COXEA'R*.

COGEDI'ZO, adj. that is, or may be gathered.

COGEDO'R, ſ. m. gatherer.

COGEDU'RA, ſ. f. the act of catching or gathering any thing.

COGE'R, v. a. to gather, to catch; ſea-term, to quoil a rope; that is, to lay it in rounds one over another as it is gathered up, that it may lay together, and run without entangling.

Cogér los frutos de la tierra, to gather in harveſt.

Cogér el agua el navío, is for a ſhip to leak, or take in water.

Cogér el ladrón, to catch the thief.

Cogér rópa, to fold linen.

Cogér a úno a palábras, to entrap a man in his own words.

Cogér água en céſto, to take up water in a basket, to labour in vain.

COGI'DA, ſ. f. a gathering of the harveſt.

COGIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a gathering, catching, taking.

COGITABU'NDO, adj. thoughtful.
COGITA'R, v. a. to think.
COGITATI'VO, adj. belonging to the power or faculty of thinking; penfive.
COGNACIO'N, ſ. f. relation.
COGNA'DO, adj. related by father or mother.
COGNICIO'N, ſ. f. knowledge.
COGNO'MBRE, ſ. m. a ſurname.
COGNOME'NTO, ſ. m. a nickname, a by-name given to a perſon from his actions, as Judas the traitor, Dionyſius the tyrant, &c.
COGNOCIBLE, adj. capable to be known.
COGNOSCITIVO, adj. having the power of knowing.
COGOLLI'CO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cogóllo*.
COGO'LLO, ſ. m. the heart of a tree, the cloſe part of a cabbage, or cabbage-lettuce, or the like; uſed alſo as *cogúlla*.
COGOLMADU'RA, ſ. f. heaping above the meaſure.
COGOLMAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. idem.
COGOLMA'R, v. a. to heap up, to heap above the meaſure.
COGO'LMO, ſ. m. vide *COLMO*.
COGOMBRI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cogombro*.
COGO'MBRO, ſ. m. vide *COHO'MBRO*.
COGOME'LO, ſ. m. a mushroom. Obſ.
COGO'TE, ſ. m. the pole of the head, the nape of the neck.
Dar de cogóte, to fall down backwards.
COGU'CHO, ſ. m. the coarſeſt ſort of ſugar.
COGUJA'DA, ſ. f. a lark.
Cogujáda copáda, a copple-crowned lark.
COGUJO'N, ſ. m. the corner of a feather-bed or bolſter, the corner of a quilt to lie on.
COGU'LLA, ſ. f. a monk's cowl or hood.
COGULLA'DA, ſ. f. the part that is full of kernels in the neck of ſwine.

C O H

COHABITACIO'N, ſ. m. a cohabitation, living together.
COHABITA'R, v. n. to cohabit, to dwell with another, to live together.
COHECHADO'R, ſ. m. one that gives bribes.
COHECHA'R, v. a. to bribe, to corrupt; alſo to plough, to till, to manure the ground; to gather the harveſt.
COHECHAZO'N, ſ. m. bribing; alſo tilling, ploughing, manuring.
COHE'CHO, ſ. m. a bribe.
COHEREDE'RO, ſ. m. a coheir.
COHERE'NCIA, ſ. f. coherence, agreement.
COHERE'NTE, adj. agreeing, correſpondent, cohering.
COHERMANA'R, v. a. to unite, to ally, to join like brothers.
COHE'TE, ſ. m. a ſquib, cracker, or ſerpent made with gunpowder.
COHETERI'A, ſ. f. the throwing or burning of ſquibs.
COHETE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes or ſells ſquibs.
COHIBI'R, v. a. to reſtrain, keep back, prevent.
COHI'TA de cáſas, ſ. f. obſ. a quarter of a town, or any number of houſes.
COHO'L, ſ. m. a ſtone found in ſilvermines; antimony; alſo black lead, a kind of colouring ſtuff.
COHOMBRA'L, ſ. m. a garden or bed of cucumbers.
COHOMBRI'LLO, ſ. m. the wild cucumber.
COHO'MBRO, ſ. m. a ſort of cucumber.
COHONDER, v. a. to confound, to deſtroy, to ſpot.
COHONDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. confounding, deſtroying.
COHO'RTE, ſ. f. a cohort, a band or company of ſoldiers.

C O I

COIDA'R, v. n. obſ. vide *CUIDAR*.
COIDO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *CUIDADO*.
CO'IMA, ſ. f. in cant, a whore.
COIME, ſ. m. the perſon who takes care of the gaming-houſe. In cant, the maſter.
COIME'RO, ſ. m. vide *COIME*.
COINCIDE'NTE, adj. coincident, falling in together with any thing.
COINCIDI'R, v. n. to coincide, to concur, to fall on the ſame point.
COINQUINA'DO, adj. ſpotted, defiled.
CO'ITA, ſ. f. obſ. care, trouble, uneaſineſs, or any misfortune which may happen.
COITA'RSE, v. r. obſ. to haſten full of grief, to be ſorrowful.
COITI'VO, adj. obſ. having acceſs to coition.
COITO, ſ. m. carnal copulation.

C O J

CO'JA, *CO'JO*, vide *COGE'R*.
COJEA'R, v. a. vide *COXEA'R*
COJE'CHA, ſ. f. vide *COSECHA*
COJEDIZO, adj. vide *COGEDI'ZO*.
COJE'R, v. a. vide *COGE'R*.
COJE'RA, ſ. f. lameneſs.
COJIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *COGIMIE'NTO*.
CO'JO, adj. lame.
COJO'N de pérro, the herb ragwort.
COJO'NDRA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *COYULDA*.
COJO'NES, ſ. m. pl. the teſticles of man or beaſt.
COJU'DO, adj. that has great teſticles, that is not gelt.

C O L

CO'L, ſ. f. a colewort.
Entre col y col lechúga, betwixt a colewort and a lettuce; that is, interlay your diſcourſe with variety, as gardeners do, and let no words be loſt.
CO'LA, ſ. f. a tail; alſo glue, or ſizing, and a long note in muſic.
Cóla del arádo, the plough-tail, or handle.
Cóla de caballo, the herb called horſe-tail, or ſhave-graſs.
Cóla de péce, an herb celled fish-tail,

Cóla de golondrina, properly a ſwallow's tail; but among workmen it is that which we call a duſ-tail, or dove-tail, becauſe cut in the ſhape of a bird's tail, which makes it hold faſt.

Llevár la cólá ò sér cóla, to carry a tail, or to be a tail; that is, to be humbled or pulled down from what he eſteemed himſelf to be.

Cóla muérdaga de roble, miſſeltoe of the oak.

Caſtigádo de cóla, properly a horſe that is made to carry his tail down; metaph. one that is humbled, pulled down backwards.

Raſcárſe la cóla, to ſcratch one's tail, to be confined to little compaſs, after being uſed to live at large, as the horſe rubs down his tail, when the ſtable is ſhort.

Cubrirſe con la cóla, to cover one's ſelf with one's tail; to alledge frivolous excuſes, which is like no covering.

Llevár la cóla en vótos, to be the laſt to give one's vote.

COLACIO'N, ſ. f. a collation; a repaſt of cold meat, or rather what is allowed to be eaten on faſting night; a bever, an evening-meal; alſo the collation of a benefice; alſo compariſon.

COLACIONA'R, v. a. to compare a copy with the original.

COLACTA'NEO, ſ. m. a ſucking together, a foſter-brother.

COLA'DA, ſ. f. buck, or lye for linen.

Echár a úno en la coláda, to put a man into the buck; this they ſay to a man that is very dirty.

Tódo ſaldrá en la coláda, it will all come out in the buck; though a man's faults be never ſo ſecret, they will out in time.

Tódo ſaldrá en la coláda, you will be paid off the old ſcore altogether.

COLADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſtrainer, a cullender, a basket to put linen into for the lyé to run through them; a narrow paſſage where but one can paſs.

COLADO'R, ſ. m. vide *COLADE'RO*.

COLADU'RA, ſ. f. ſtraining; alſo bucking of linen.

COLA'INA, ſ. f. a gulp a wine, a taſte of wine, a ſip.

COLA'IRE, ſ. m. the place through which many vinds paſs.

COLA'MBRE, a dicker of leather; in cant it is thirſt, or drinking.

COLA'R, v. a. to ſtrain through a ſtrainer, to buck linen; alſo to glue, and to run out gently, as liquors do at a ſmall hole, crack, or the like.

COLA'STE, ſ. m. the rake of the ſhip aft; that is, as much of the ſtern as hangs over the keel.

COLATERA'L, adj. collateral, as the collateral line, which is not the immediate line from father to ſon, but the next, as from an uncle, or the like; alſo that which is on the ſide of the other.

COLATI'VO, adj. heaped up, clubbed, or brought in by joint payment, mutual.

COLA'UDAR, v. a. to praiſe, to commend.

COLA'YNA, ſ. f. in cant, a draught of wine.

COLCE'DRA, ſ. f. a feather-bed to lie on.

COLCEDRO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *colcedra*.

CO'LCHA, ſ. f. a quilt to cover, or lay over a bed.

COLCHADU'RA, ſ. f. the quilting.

COLCHA'R, v. a. to quilt.

COLCHE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells quilts to cover beds.

COLCHICO, ſ. m. an herb called by apothecaries hermodactyl, liricumphancy.

COLCHO'N, ſ. m. a mattreſs, or featherbed.

Colchón desbaſtádo, a quilt that has all the tackings or baſtings that keep it in form, dropped off; metaph. an unweildy groſs fellow.

COLCHONCI'CO, } ſ. m. a little
COLCHONCI'LLO, } mattreſs, or quilt to lie on.

COLCHONE'RO, ſ. m. one who makes mattreſſes or feather-beds.

CO'LE, ſ. m. vide *COL*.

COLEA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke with the tail.

COLEA'R, v. n. to wag the tail.

COLECCIO'N, ſ. f. collection, gathering together.

COLE'CTA, ſ. f. vide *COLECCIO'N*.

COLECTA'NEA, ſ. f. vide *COLECCIO'N*.

COLECTA'R, v. a to collect, or gater together.

COLECTI'CIO, adj. of the common ſtock or ſort, ordinary, common.

COLECTIVAME'NTE, adv. gathered together in heaps; alſo briefly, compendiouſly.

COLECTI'VO, adj. collective, gathered into one maſs.

COLECTO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who gathers, a collector.

COLECTURI'A, ſ. f. collection, the office of a collector.

COLE'GA, ſ. m. collegue, companion in office or otherwiſe.

COLEGACION, ſ. f. gathering together; an aſſembly, a congregation.

COLEGA'R, v. a. to gather together, to aſſemble, to confederate, to unite.

COLEGIA'L, ſ. m. a collegiate, or ſtudent in a college; adj. uſed, belonging to a college.

COLEGIAME'NTE, adv. collegiatelike.

COLEGIA'TA, ſ. f. a collegiate church.

COLEGIATU'RA, ſ. f. the place or rank of a *collegial*.

COLE'GIO, ſ. m. a college.

COLEGI'R, v. a to gather; to infer, to deduce by reaſon.

COLE'O, ſ. m. the motion of the tail in any beaſt; alſo the motion of the beard in a man.

CO'LERA, ſ. f. choler, anger.

Coléra, ſ. f. a beautiful tail of any creature.

COLE'RICO, adj. choleric, haſty, paſſionate.

COLE'TA, ſ. f. the hair of the head cut round; a ſmall skull-cap; alſo a ſort of canvas to make doublets.

COLETA'NEO, ſ. m. a foſter-brother, one that ſucks the ſame milk.

COLETE'RO, ſ. m. a perſon who makes the buff coats.
COLETI'CO, ſ. m. a little buff or leather jerkin.
COLETI'LLA, ſ. f. a woman's kerchief.
COLE'TO, ſ. m. buff coat.
COLGADE'RO, ſ. m. a thing to hang another by, or that which hangs.
COLGADI'ZO, adj. that is, or may be hung.
COLGADO'R, ſ. m. a hanger.
COLGADU'RA, ſ. f. the hanging of a room; alſo hanging of any other thing.
COLGA'JO, ſ. m. a thing that hangs dangling.
Colgájo de úvas, a bunch of grapes.
COLGA'R, v. a. to hang, to hang a room; to depend on another; to preſent on a man's birth-day, or the feaſt of the ſaint of his name; alſo to hang a man.
Colgár de la bóca del que hábla, to be wholly intent upon what one ſays.
CO'LICA, ſ. f. the colick.
CO'LICO, adj. that has the colick.
COLIDIR, v. a. to collide, to rub, to dash, to beat; to knock together.
COLIFLO'R, ſ. f. a cauliflower.
COLIGACIO'N, ſ. f. union, league, confederacy, alliance in any undertaking.
COLIGA'DO, adj. bound together, confederated, allied.
COLIGADU'RA, ſ. f. a connexion or binding together.
COLIGA'R, v. r. to make an alliance, or confederacy.
COLI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cóla*.
COLI'NA, ſ. f. cabbage-ſeed; alſo a narrow hill betwixt two vales.
COLI'NO, ſ. m. a young cabbage or ſprout.
COLIQUA'R, *COLIQUECE'R*, } v. a to liquefy, to make liquid.
COLI'RIO, ſ. m. a medicine for the eyes.
COLISSE'O, ſ. m. a theatre; alſo any place where there are large ſtatues.
CO'LLA, ſ. f. a gale of wind.
COLLA'DO, ſ. m. a hillock.
COLLA'R, ſ. m. a collar.

COLLARE'JO, ſ. m. a little collar; alſo the cape of a cloak or coat.
COLLARCI'LLO, *COLLARI'CO*, } ſ. m. vide *COLLARE'JO*.
COLLARI'NO, ſ. m. the collerine, a term among architects; a ſmall circle or round that compaſſes the top and bottom of the column.
COLLATA'R, adj. obſ. vide *COLATERA'L*.
COLLA'ZO, ſ. m. vide *COLA'ZO*; a ſervant they hire to plough and till.
COLLE'JA, ſ. f. a little ſtalk or ſtem.
COLLE'RA, ſ. f. a collar for a horſe or other beaſt of draught.
Colléra, the chains with which the galley-ſlaves were chained.
COLLE'TA, ſ. f. a cabbage-plant.
CO'LMA, ſ. f. vide *CO'LMO*.
COLMADAME'NTE, adv. in heaps, perfectly, completely.
COLMADU'RA, ſ. f. heaping up.
COLMA'R, v. a. to heap up.
COLMEA'R, ſ. m. vide *COLMENA'R*.
COLME'NA, ſ. m. a bee-hive.
Tenér la caſa como una colména, to have a houſe like a bee-hive; that is, well ſtored.
COLMENA'R, ſ. m. a place to keep bee-hives.
COLMENE'RO, ſ. m. one that keeps bee-hives.
COLMILLE'JO, ſ. m. diminutive of *colmillo*.
COLMI'LLO, ſ. m. the tuſk of a boar or any other beaſt; alſo the four teeth of a man, which part the fore teeth from the hind teeth.
COLMILLU'DO, adj. that has great tuſks.
COLMO, ſ. m. the top of any thing, the heaped part of a meaſure, that which riſes above the edges of the meaſure.
No llegár en cólmo, not to riſe to the top, not come to perfection.
CO'LO, ſ. m. the inteſtine colon.
COLO'BIO, ſ. m. a ſhort coat without ſleeves uſed in former ages.
COLOBRI'NA, ſ. f. vide *CULEBRI'NA*.
COLOCACIO'N, ſ. f. placing, or beſtowing, ſettling.

COLOCA'R, v a to place, to ſettle.
COLOCY'NTIDA, ſ. f. a kind of wild gourd, purging phlegm, the apple whereof is called *coloquintida*.
COLO'DRA, ſ. f. a horn to drench beaſts; alſo a deep pan to milk ſheep or goats in.
COLODRI'LLO, ſ. m. the pole of the head, the nape of the neck.
Dar de colodrillo, to tumble down backwards.
COLO'DRO, ſ. m. a ſort of wooden ſhoes.
Andár de zócos en colódros, to run out of one danger into another, to fall out of the frying-pan into the fire.
COLOMBROñO, ſ. m. nameſake.
COLO'NIA, ſ. f. a broad ſilk ribbon; alſo a colony, or number of people ſent to ſettle in any place.
COLO'NO, ſ. m. a husbandman who cultivates the ground he has hired.
COLOPHO'NIA, ſ. f. fine roſin.
COLOQUINTI'DA, ſ. f. the coloquintida plant and apple.
COLO'QUIO, ſ. m. colloquy, conference.
COLOQUUTO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who talks with another.
COLO'R, ſ. m. colour; pretence; paint for women's faces.
Mudár el colór del róſtro, to change the colour in the face, to blush.
Colór cárdeno, a black and blue colour.
Colór lléno, a deep colour.
Colór muérto, a faded colour.
Colór vivo, a bright, lively colour.
Mudár colór, to change colour, as a man does upon a ſurprize.
Bolvérſe en colór, to blush.
COLORACIO'N, ſ. f. the ſtate of being coloured.
COLORA'DO, adj. red; ſometimes taken for coloured.
Ponerſe colorádo, to blush.
COLORA'R, v. a. to colour, to palliate, to excuſe.
Palabras colorádas, obſcene words in converſation.
COLOREA'R, v. n. to begin to

recover a colour; alſo to colour, to palliate.

COLORI'DO, ſ. m. the colouring, the manner of colouring particular to each painter.

COLORI'N, ſ. m. a linnet.

COLORIR, v. a. to ſet out in colours.

COLORI'STA, ſ. m. coloriſt, the painter who excels in colouring.

COLO'SSO, ſ. m. any ſtatue of an extraordinary bigneſs.

COLO'STRO, ſ. m. beeſtings, thick milk that comes ſoon after a cow has calved.

COLUDI'R, v. a. to collude, to diſſemble, to deceive.

COLUMBI'NO, adj. dove-like, dovecolour.

COLUMBRADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, a ſpy, an obſerver, or looker over.

COLUMBRA'R, v. a to diſcover at a diſtance, ſo that a man can ſcarce diſcern what it is.

COLU'MBRES, ſ. m. pl. in cant, the eyes.

COLUMBRO'N, ſ. m. a glimpſe of a thing as far as one can ſee.

COLUME'LA, ſ. f. a little column.

COLU'MNA, ſ. f. vide *COLU'NA*.

COLUMPIA'RSE, v. r. to ſwing on a rope, as boys do.

COLU'MPIO, ſ. m. a ſwing, or the act of ſwinging.

COLU'NA, ſ. f. a column, or pillar.

Colúna Dórica, Iónica, Corintia, Toſcána, Compóſita, Gótica, a column of the Doric, Ionic, Corinthian, Tuſcan, Compoſite, or Gothic order.

Colúna de média cáña, a half pillar; that is, only the half round, as is uſed againſt a wall.

Colúna iſtriáda, a fluted column.

COLUNACION, ſ. f. adorning with columns, or the placing or diſpoſing of them.

COLUNA'RIO, ſ. m. a diſpoſition, or placing of columns, a colonnade, any ſeries or range of pillars.

COLU'ROS, ſ. m. pl. the colures, being two great circles in the ſphere cutting one another, at right angles, at the poles of the world, and dividing the zodiac into four parts.

COLUSI'ON, ſ. f. colluſion, fraud, deceitful dealing, when two combine to cheat a third.

COLUSO'R, ſ. m. one that colludes, diſſembles, or joins with another to cheat.

COLY'RIO, ſ. m. a medicine for the eyes, eye-ſalve; alſo a tent, a peſſary made fuller at one end, and ſmaller at the other like a mouſe's tail, to dreſs fiſtulas with.

C O M

CO'MA, ſ. f. obſ. the hair.

Coma, ſ. f. a ſtop called a comma, the point which notes the diſtinction or clauſes, marked thus (,).

COMA'DRE, ſ. f. a midwife, a goſſip.

Juéves de comádres, Goſſips Thurſday, Thurſday ſeven-night before Shrove-Tueſday, for the Thurſday before is called *Juéves de comprádres*, the Hegoſſips Thurſday, and that immediately before Shrove-Tueſday; *Juéves para tódos*, for all, both men and women.

COMADRE'JA, ſ. f. a weaſel.

COMADRE'RA, ſ. f. a goſſipping woman.

COMADRE'RO, ſ. m. a man that is always among the women.

COMANDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the government of any province or kingdom.

COMA'NDANCIA, ſ. f. vid. *COMANDAMIE'NTO*.

COMANDA'NTE, ſ. m. a commandant, a captain.

COMANDA'R, v. a. to command.

COMA'NDO, ſ. m. a command.

COMA'RCA, ſ. f. a diſtrict, or territory, a liberty, or the country about a town; alſo the borders or confines.

COMARCA'NO, adj. neighbouring, near the borders within the liberties.

COMARCA'R, v. n. to border, to beneighbouring.

CO'MBA, ſ. f. a bump, a round ſwelling cauſed by a fall or blow; alſo a felon on a finger.

COMBADU'RA, ſ. f. bending, making crooked.

COMBA'R, v. a. to bow, to bend, to turn into an arch.

COMBA'TE, ſ. m. combat, battle, conflict, aſſault.

COMBATI'BLE, adj. aſſaultable.

COMBATIDO'R, ſ. m. a combater, a fighter, an aſſailant, a champion.

COMBATIE'NTE, ſ. m. a combatant.

COMBATAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. fighting, combating.

COMBATI'R, v. a. to combat; to fight, to aſſault.

Hombre apercibído médio combatído, a man that is upon his guard has half the battle over. Fore-warned, fore-armed.

COMBE'S, ſ. m. the deck of a ſhip.

COMBIDADO'R, ſ. m. one that invites.

COMBIDA'R, v. a. to invite.

COMBIDO'N, ſ. m. the ſquire of the company, he that treats all.

COMBINACIO'N, ſ. f. a combination.

COMBINA'R, v. a. to combine, to plot, to deviſe, or to join together in a deſign.

COMBI'TE, ſ. m. an invitation, alſo a feaſt, or treat.

Comblte con pórra, a feaſt with a club: that is, an invitation at which every one pays.

COMBLE'ZA, ſ. f. obſ. a concubine, a miſtreſs kept by a married man.

COMBLE'ZO, ſ. m obſ. a rival, a competitor; alſo one that is too familiar with another man's wife.

COMBO'Y, ſ. m. convoy, money, proviſions, or ammunition ſent to a town or army with a guard to ſecure it againſt the enemy; the ſame word is uſed at ſea for a guard of men of war to ſecure merchants.

COMBOYA'R, v. a. to convoy.

COMBUSTI'BLE, adj. combuſtible, that can be burnt.

COMEDE'RO, ſ. m. a room to eat in, or a veſſel for any creature to feed out of.

Comedéro, adj. eatable.
COME'DIA, ſ. f. a comedy, a play.
COMEDIA'NTE, ſ. m. f. player, or actor.
COME'DICO, adj. belonging to a comedy.
COMEDIDAME'NTE, adv. civilly, courteouſly.
COMEDI'DO, adj. civil, courteous, well-bred, well-behaved: alſo moderate.
COMEDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. civility, good breeding; alſo moderation.
COME'DIO, ſ. m. an interval of time.
COMEDI'R, v. a. to premeditate, to deliberate upon, or conſult how any thing muſt be done.
Comedirſe, v. r. to be civil, to grow calm, to moderate.
COME'DO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *COMEDIA'NTE*.
COMEDO'R, ſ. m. a great eater; a dining-room.
COMENDA'BLE, adj. commendable, praiſe-worthy.
COMENDADO'R, ſ. m. a commendary; he who has a revenue in commendam, either prieſt or knight of the military orders.
Commendadóres de bóla, in cant, thieves that play at fairs.
COMENDA'R, v. a. to recommend; to commend; to praiſe.
COMENDE'RO, ſ. m. vide *COME'NDADOR*; alſo he that commits any thing to one's charge.
COMENDATA'RIO, ſ. m. oue who has a benefice in commendam.
COMENSA'L, adj. meſs-mate, a companion at board or a table.
COMENTADO'R, ſ. m. one who makes comments or remarks.
COMENTA'R, v. a. to comment, to explain, to make remarks on.
COMENTA'RIO, ſ. m. commentary.
COME'NTO, ſ. m. comment, explanation.
COMENTUA'L, adj. belonging to a comment.
COMENZADO'R, ſ. m. one who begins or commences.
COMENZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a comencement, or beginning.
COMENZA'R, v. a. to begin, to commence.
COME'R, v. a. to eat, to dine.
Comér un bocádo ſin aſſentárſe, to eat a bit without ſitting down.
Comér de górra or *de mogollón*, to ſpunge one's victuals.
Comér mil ducadós de rénta, to ſpend a thouſand ducats a year.
Tenér que comér, to be well to paſs.
Comérſe a ótro de un bocádo, te eat up a man at a morſel; to make nothing of him.
Comérſe únos a ótros, to eat up one another; to be always quarrelling.
Comérſe de piójos en úna cárcel, to be eaten up by lice in a priſon; to die miſerably in it.
Comér de mogollón, to ſpunge a dinner.
Comér y callar, to eat and ſay nothing.
COMERCIA'BLE, adj. that can be ſold, ſaleable; alſo ſociable, affable.
COMERCIA'L, adj. belonging to traffic.
COMERCIA'NTE, ſ. m. he who traffics; a tradeſman, a merchant.
COMERCIA'R, v. n. to traffic or merchandize.
COME'RCIO, ſ. m. commerce, trade.
COME'RES, ſ. m. pl. victuals, eatables.
COMESTI'BLE, adj. eatable.
COME'TA, ſ. m. a comet, a blazing ſtar.
COME'TARIO. adj. belonging to a comet or blazing ſtar.
COMETEDO'R, ſ. m. one that commits an affair to another, or that commits a crime.
COMETE'R, v. a. to commit a thing to, to commit a crime.
COMETIDO'R, ſ. m. vide *COMETEDO'R*.
COMETIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. committing.
COMEZO'N, ſ. m. itching; the ſting of conſcience.
COMICAME'NTE, adv. comically, humouronſly.
COMI'CIO, ſ, m. an aſſembly of people for chuſing officers or making of laws.
CO'MICO, adj. comic, comical.
COMI'DA, ſ. f. meat, dinner.
COMIDI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *comida*.
COMIE'NZO, ſ. m. a beginning.
COMIGO, adv. with me.
Eſtás comigo? are you on my ſide? do you underſtand me?
COMILITO'N, ſ. m. a perſon given to gluttony.
COMILO'N, ſ. m. a great eater, a greedy gut, a glutton.
COMILONEA'R, v. n. to play the glutton.
COMI'NO, ſ. f. the plant and ſeed cummin.
Fuláno párte un comino, ſuch a one ſplits a cummin ſeed; he is niggardly.
No mónta un trápo atádo de cominos, it is not worth a rag full of cummin ſeeds; it is not worth a ſtraw or button.
COMISSARI'A, ſ. f. the office of a commiſſary.
COMISSA'RIO, ſ. m. a commiſſary.
Comiſſário, a perſon choſen by any community.
COMISSIO'N, ſ. f. commiſſion.
COMISSIONA'RIO, ſ. m. vide *COMISSA'RIO*.
COMISSO, ſ. m. the penalty laid on thoſe who deal in contraband goods or traffick againſt law.
COMISSU'RA, ſ. f. a joint, the place where boards or other things are joined.
COMI'TE, ſ. m. vide *COMITRE*.
COMITI'VA, ſ. f. company, convoy; a thing committed to another.
CO'MITRE, ſ. m. a boatſwain of a ship or galley.
COMMEMORACIO'N, ſ. f. commemoration, remembrance.
COMMEMORA'R, v. a to commemorate, to remember.
COMMENSA'L, ſ. m. meſs-mate, who eats at the ſame table with others.
COMMENSURACIO'N, ſ. f. commenſuration, meaſuring together.

COMMENSURA'R, v. n. to proportion, or menſuring together.
COMMILITO'N, ſ. m. a fellow-ſoldier.
COMMINACIO'N, ſ. f. a threat.
COMMINA'R, v. a. to threaten.
COMMINATO'RIO, adj. threatening.
COMMISERACIO'N, ſ. f. commiſeration, compaſſion.
COMMOCIO'N, ſ. f. a commotion, a diſturbance.
COMMONITO'RIO, ſ. m. advice, counſel.
COMMOVE'R, v. a. to ſtir up, to incenſe, to provoke.
COMMUTACIO'N, ſ. f. a change.
COMMUTA'R, v. a. to change, alter, or truck.
COMMUTATI'VO, adj. commutative.
CO'MO, conj. how, as, like, why, ſo, as, if, after that manner.
Hágo cómo tu háces, I do as you do.
Anda cómo un tóco, he goes like a madman.
Cómo eres tan málo? why are you ſo wicked?
Cómo éllo ſéa buéno, ſo it be good.
Cómo quiera, howſoever.
COMODAME'NTE, adv. commodiouſly, conveniently.
COMODA'R, v. a. in cant, to truck, to exchange.
COMODA'TO, ſ. m. in law, any thing borrowed on condition of reſtitution in kind.
COMODIDA'D, ſ. f. conveniency, opportunity; alſo profit, or gain.
COMODISTA, ſ. m. a perſon who is ſtudious of his own conveniency.
CO'MODO, ſ. m. conveniency, opportunity; alſo convenient, commodious.
COMPADECE'R, v. a. to have compaſſion, to commiſerate, to bear a part in others troubles.
COMPADRA'R, v. n. to ally as goſſips, to match.
COMPADRA'ZGO, ſ. m. goſſipſhip.
COMPA'DRE, ſ. m. a man goſſip, a compeer.
COMPA'GE, ſ. f. joint, cloſure, a cloſe joining or ſetting together.
COMPA'ÑA, ſ. f. vide *COMPAÑI'A*.
COMPAÑE'RO, ſ. m. companion.
COMPAÑI'A, ſ. f. a company, a fellowſhip in trade, a ſociety, a company of ſoldiers; alſo a wife.
COMPA'ÑO, *COMPAÑO'N*, ſ. m. a companion.
COMPAÑONCI'NO, *COMPAÑONCI'LLO*, ſ. m. diminutive of *compañon*.
COMP'AÑONES, ſ. m. pl. the teſticle of a man or beaſt.
Compañones de pérro, ſtander-graſs.
COMPAÑUE'LA, ſ. f. a little company.
COMPARA'BLE, adj. comparable.
COMPARACIO'N, ſ. f. compariſon.
En comparación de éſto, in compariſon of this: ſpoke adverbially.
Toda comparación es odióſa, compariſons are odious.
COMPARADO'R, ſ. m. a comparer.
COMPARA'NZA, ſ. f. vide *COMPARACIO'N*.
COMPARA'R, v. a. to compare
COMPARATIVAME'NTE, adv. comparatively, in compariſon.
COMPARATI'VO, adj. compared, or belonging to compariſon.
COMPARECE'NCIA, ſ. f. an appearance before a judge at the time appointed, a recogniſance or day of appearance.
COMPARECE'R, v. n. to appear.
COMPARICIO'N, ſ. f. appearing.
COMPA'RSA, ſ. f. a train or retinue of attendants or followers, a prince's court, a multitude, or company.
COMPARTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the diſtribution of the whole into parts.
Compartimiéntos, compartments in painting or drawing.
COMPARTI'R, v. a. to diſtribute, to divide: alſo to impart, to communicate.
COMPA'S, ſ. m. the motion of the feet in fencing.
Compás, ſ. m. a pair of compaſſes; in muſic it is the time that is kept, or the maſter's beating time.
Salir del compás, not to keep time; not to do things orderly.
COMPASSA'R, v. a. to meaſure with compaſſes, to compaſs.
COMPASSI'BLE, adj. that is compaſſionate, or has pity.
COMPASSI'LLO, ſ. m. one of the four times uſed in muſic.
COMPASSIO'N, ſ. f. compaſſion, pity, commiſeration.
COMPASSI'VO, adj. compaſſionate, full of compaſſion, merciful.
COMPATERNIDA'D, ſ. f. compaternity, ſpiritual affinity or kindred contracted between the parents of a child and its godfather.
COMPATI'A, ſ. f. ſympathy.
COMPATIBILIDA'D, ſ. m. compatibility, conſiſtency, the power of coexiſting with ſomething elſe.
COMPATI'BLE, adj. compatible, ſympathetic, ſuffering with another, or that may be endured.
COMPATRIO'TA, ſ. m. a countryman; that is, one of the ſame country.
COMPATRO'N, ſ. m. one who has an equal right or privilege in any patrimonial eſtate; alſo a fellow-guardian.
COMPELE'R, v. a. to compel, to force.
COMPENDE'NCIA, ſ. ſtrife, debate.
COMPENDIA'R, v. a. to abridge, to ſhorten, to epitomize.
COMPENDIARIAME'NTE, adv. vide *COMPENDIOSAME'NTE*.
COMPE'NDIO, ſ. m. a compendium, an abridgment.
COMPENDIO'SO, adj. brief, ſhort, compendious.
COMPENSA'BLE, adj. compenſable, that which may be recompenſed.
COMPENSACIO'N, ſ. f. compenſation, reward, ſomething equivalent.
COMPENSA'R, v. a to requite, to reward, to recompenſe.
COMPETE'NCIA, ſ. f. competen[illegible], ſufficiency; alſo contentio[illegible] or rivalſhip.
COMPETE'NTE, adj. competent, ſuitable, meet.

COMPETE'R, verb. imperf. to be competent, fit, or meet.
COMPETICIO'N, ſ. f. competition, ſtrife, contention, rivalſhip.
COMPETIDO'R, ſ. m. a competitor, a rival, an opponent.
COMPETIR, v. n. to ſtand in competition.
COMPILA'R, v. a. to compile, to draw up from various authors.
COMPI'NCHE, ſ. m. friend, companion, comrade.
COMPLACEDE'RO, adj. pleaſant, agreeable.
COMPLACE'NCIA, ſ. f. complacency, pleaſure, ſatisfaction.
COMPLACE'R, v. a. to pleaſe, to ſatisfy, to content.
Complacérſe, v. r. to be pleaſed, to be ſatisfied.
COMPLACIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *COMPLACE'NCIA*.
COMPLEME'NTO, ſ. m. completion, perfection of any thing.
COMPLESSIO'N, ſ. f. vide *COMPLEXIO'N*.
COMPLETAME'NTE, adv. completely, perfectly.
COMPLETA'R, v. a. to perfect or complete any thing.
COMPLE'TAS, ſ. f. compline, the laſt of the ſeven parts of the divine office ſung or receited by prieſts and religious men, at night.
COMPLE'TO, adj. full, complete.
COMPLETO'RIO, ſ. m. vide *COMPLE'TAS*.
COMPLEXION, ſ. f. the conſtitution of the body.
COMPLE'XO, ſ. m. a complex, or joining two or many things together.
COMPLICACION, ſ. f. complication, confuſion of many things.
COMPLICA'R, v. a. to mix or confuſe many things one with another.
CO'MPLICE, ſ. m. an accomplice, one that is aiding or aſſiſting to a fact, commonly to a crime.
COMPLICIDA'D, ſ. f. the keeping of company with, or being an accomplice in a crime with another.
COMPLIDAME'NTE, adv. perfectly, completely.
COMPLIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *CUMPLIMIENTO*.
COMPLI'R, v. a. vide *CUMPLIR*.
COMPO'N, ſ. m. in heraldry, one of the ſquares of a cheſs-board introduced in a coat of arms.
COMPONA'DO, adj. in heraldry, chequered.
COMPONEDO'R, ſ. m. a compoſer, an adjuſter, a reconciler, an adorner.
COMPONE'R, v. a. to compoſe, to compound, to put together, to reconcile, to adjuſt, to dreſs, to adorn, to frame a lie, to compoſe as printers do, to make verſes, to write proſe.
Cómponér diſcórdias, to make up differences.
Componérſe con la párte, v. r. to compound with the plaintiff.
Componérſe úna mugér, is for a woman to dreſs herſelf.
Componér lo deſconcertádo, to order things that were in confuſion.
COMPO'RTA, ſ. f. a veſſel to carry the grapes home in vintage-time.
COMPORTA'BLE, adj. tolerable, that may be borne.
COMPORTA'R, v. a. to carry together with another; alſo to bear or ſuſtain an injury.
COMPO'RTE, ſ. m. in cant, an innkeeper.
COMPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. compoſition; agreement; mixture.
COMPO'SITO, ſ. m. the compoſite order in architecture.
COMPOSITO'R, ſ. m. compoſer, a compoſitor, one who compounds; one who cómpoſes muſic, forming a tune from the different muſical notes.
COMPOSTU'RA, ſ. f. a compoſition; alſo decency, modeſty, compoſedneſs.
CO'MPRA, ſ. f. purchaſe, bargain.
COMPRA'BLE, adj. that can be bought.
COMPRADI'LLO, ſ. m. a game at cards ſo called.
COMPRADI'ZO, adj. that is, or may be bought or purchaſed.
COMPRADO'R, ſ. m. a buyer, a purchaſer, a chapman.
Compradores de óro y pláta, perſons who make it their buſineſs to buy up ſilver and gold as it comes from the Indies in wedges, or otherwiſe, to reduce it to the due ſtandard for coining.
COMPRA'R, v. a. to buy, to purchaſe.
COMPREHENDE'R, v. a. to comprehend, to conceive, to underſtand, to contain.
COMPREHENSI'BLE, adj. that can be comprehended or underſtood, comprehenſible, intelligible, conceivable.
COMPREHENSIO'N, ſ. f. comprehenſion, underſtanding, containing.
COMPREHENSI'VO, adj. comprehenſive, having the power to comprehend or underſtand.
COMPREHENSO'R, ſ. m. one that comprehends or underſtands.
COMPRESBI'TERO, ſ. m. he that has received the order of prieſthood along with another.
COMPRESSION, ſ. f. compreſſion or binding together.
COMPRE'SSO, adj. compreſſed, confined in a ſmall compaſs.
COMPRIMI'R, v. a. to compreſs, bind together, or confine in leſs compaſs.
COMPRI'R, v. a. vide *CUMPLIR*.
COMPROBACIO'N, ſ. f. comprobation, proof, atteſtation.
COMPROBA'R, v. a. to prove, to confirm, to aſſure.
Comprobár, to commend, to allow.
COMPROMETE'R, v. a. to compromiſe, to agree, to make a mutual promiſe.
COMPROMETIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a mutual agreement.
COMPROMI'SSO, ſ. m. a compromiſe, a mutual promiſe, an agreement.
COMPROMISSO'R, ſ. m. one that is to ſee a compromiſe or agreement betwixt two performed; or one of the two parties that make the agreement.
COMPROVA'R, v. a. vide *COMPROBA'R*.
COMPUE'RTA, ſ. m. a ſluice or floodgate; alſo a portcullis, herſe, or ſarracine of a fortreſs.
COMPUE'STO, ſ. m. a work ma-

de up or compoſed of many things; alſo the compoſite order in architecture, which is the laſt of the five orders.

Compuéſto, p. p. compounded; alſo dreſſed, adorned, ſettled.

COMPU'LSA, ſ. f. the copy of an original writing, compelling him who has it to produce it by order of court.

COMPULSA'R, v. a. to take a copy of an original writing, compelling him who has it to produce it by order of the court.

COMPULSIO'N, ſ. f. compulſion, force, violence.

COMPULSO'RIA, ſ. f. a ſubpœna.

COMPUNCIO'N, ſ. f. compunction, ſting of conſcience, ſorrow for ill done.

COMPUNGIDO, adj. penitent, ſorrowful, contrite; alſo ſharp, acid.

COMPUNGIR, v. a. to touch in conſcience, to repent, to feel compunction, or ſorrow for ſins.

Compungírſe, v. r. to be penitent, ſorrowful, to be touched in conſcience for one's ſins.

COMPURGACIO'N, ſ. f. a proof of any one's innocence.

COMPURGA'R, v. a. to be cleared of any crime, to be acquitted from an accuſation.

COMPUTACIO'N, ſ. f. computation, reckoning, calculation, caſting of accounts.

COMPUTA'R, v. a. to compute, to reckon, to calculate.

COMPUTI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who calculates, an accomptant, a computer.

CO'MPUTO, ſ. m. account, calculation.

COMVIDA'R, v. a. vide *COMBIDA'R*.

COMULACIO'N, ſ. f. vide *ACCUMULACIO'N*.

COMULGADO'R, ſ. m. one that communicates or receives the communion.

COMULGA'R, v. a. to communicate or receive the holy communion.

COMULGATO'RIO, ſ. m. the place where the ſacrament is received.

COMU'N, adj. common, vulgar, public.

El común, the commonalty, the mob.

COMUNA'L, adj. vide *COMU'N*.

COMUNALEZA, ſ. f. obſ. the ſtate of living in common with others.

COMUNALME'NTE, adv. commonly, frequently.

COMUNE'RO, ſ. m. a factious fellow, one that would have all things in common, a leveller.

COMUNICA'BLE, adj. communicable, that may be communicated to others; alſo fit to be converſed with, tractable.

COMUNICACIO'N, ſ. f. communication, converſation.

COMUNICADO'R, ſ. m. one that communicates, or imparts things to others.

COMUNICA'R, v. a. to communicate, to impart, to converſe.

Comunicárſe, v. r. to be in alliance, to have a ſecret correſpondence with another.

COMUNICATI'VO, adj. that may be communicated or imparted to another.

COMUNIDA'D, ſ. f. the commonalty; alſo a community; that is, a ſociety that live in common, as religious orders.

COMUNIO'N, ſ. f. communion, fellowship, but generally the holy communion.

COMUNME'NTE, adv. commonly, for the moſt part.

COMUTACIO'N, ſ. f. commutation, exchange.

C O N

CON, prep. with.

CONA'TO, ſ. m. an endeavour.

CONBO'Y, ſ. m. vide *COMBOY*.

CO'NCA, ſ. f. in cant, a porringer.

CONCAPTIVO, ſ. m. a fellow-ſlave or captive.

CONCATENACIO'N, ſ. f. concatenation, a ſeries of links, of facts, &c.

CONCAVIDA'D, ſ. f. concavity, hollowneſs.

CO'NCAVO, ſ. m. vide *CONCAVIDA'D*.

Concavo, adj. concave, hollow.

CONCEBIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a conception, of conceiving of a thing.

CONCEBIR, v. a. to conceive, either in the mind, or in the womb.

CONCEDE'R, v. a. to grant, to conſent or aſſent, to yield up, to reſign.

CONCECIO'N, ſ. f. vide *CONCEPCION*.

CONCEGI'L, adj. common, belonging to the public.

CONCEJA'L, adj. belonging to the public.

CONCEJE'RO, ſ. m. a. counſellor.

CONCEJERAME'NTE, adv. publicly, openly.

CONCE'JO, ſ. m. vide *CONSEJO*.

CONCE'NTO, ſ. m. concert, concord in muſic.

CONCENTRA'DO, adj. incorporated in the center of another thing, concentric.

CONCEPCIO'N, ſ. f. a conception either of the mind or womb.

CONCEPTI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *concepto*.

CONCEPTI'STA, ſ. m. a merry facetious man, one who conceives witty things.

CONCE'PTO, ſ. m. the idea conceived in the mind; alſo opinion or judgment upon any thing.

CONCEPTUA'R, v. a. to expreſs elegantly whatſoever is conceived in the mind.

CONCEPTUOSAME'NTE, adv. elegantly, diſcretely, acutely.

CONCEPTUO'SO, adj. abounding in ſpeech or conceptions of mind.

CONCERNI'R, v. imperſ. to belong to, to pertain to.

CONCERTACIO'N, ſ. f. obſ. quarrel, conteſt.

CONCERTADAME'NTE, adv. by agreement, or orderly.

CONCERTADO'R, ſ. m. a mediator, an adjuſter, one that makes up or reconciles matters.

CONCERTA'R, v. a. to agree, to adjuſt, to reconcile, to compoſe, to contract, to covenant.

Concertár diſcórdes, to reconcile, or ſet people to rights that were at variance.

Hómbre concertádo, a ſober, ſtaid man.
Ir concertádos, *ò de conciérto*, to go upon a buſineſs hand in hand. having agreed how to proceed.
Concertárſe, v. r. to be agreed, to be adjuſted, to be reconciled.
Concertoſe para hóy, it was concluded or appointed for this day.
CONCESSIO'N, ſ. f. a conceſſion, a grant.
CONSEYO, ſ. m. obſ. council.
CONCE'TO, ſ. m. conceit, conception.
CO'NCHA, ſ. f. a ſhell of any ſhellfish, thence uſed for a bowl, a baſon, a flat porringer, or any ſuch thing that is like a fish's ſhell.
Cóncha de nácar, mother of pearl.
Cóncha de galápago, a tortoiſe-ſhell.
Cóncha, in architecture, is ſometimes taken for a nich in a wall to ſet a ſtatue in.
CONCHAVA'NZA, ſ. f. rucking together like a fish in its ſhell; ſatisfying one's ſelf in that narrow compaſs.
CONCHAVA'RSE, v. r. to be united or allied, to be engaged in a contract with another.
CONCHE'TA, *CONCHI'LLA*, ſ. f. any little ſhell of any fish.
CONCHU'DO, adj. full of ſhells, covered with ſhells; very cautious, circumſpect, hard to be deceived.
CONCHUE'LA, any little ſhell o a fish.
CONCIBDADA'NO, ſ. m. a fellow-citizen. Obſ.
CONCIE'NCIA, ſ. f. the conſcience.
No tenér conciéncia, to be unconſcionable.
No hacer conciéncia, to uſe no conſcience.
Ancho de conciéncia, one that has a large conſcience.
Encargár la conciéncia, to charge or burthen the conſcience.
CONCIENCIO'SO, *CONCIENZU'DO*, adj. conſcientious, one that makes a conſcience of what he does, ſcrupulous, exactly juſt.
CONCIE'RTO, ſ. m. bargain, agreement, contract; concert, ſymphony.
CONCILIA'BULO, ſ. m. a council of bishops, or ſynod without legal authority, or heretical; alſo a meeting of men aſſembled to deliberate upon any wicked action.
CONCILIACIO'N, ſ. f. getting, procuring, or reconciling.
CONCILIADO'R, ſ. m. one that gets, procures, or obtains; or a reconciler.
CONCILIA'R, adj. of belonging to counſel.
Conciliár, v. a. to get, to procure, to obtain; alſo to reconcile.
CONCI'LIO, ſ. m. a council, properly a council of bishops, &c.
CONCINIDA'D, ſ. f. elegance, finery, neatheſs.
CONCI'NO, adj. neat, elegant, fine, pretty.
CONCIO'N, ſ. f. ſpeech, oration, ſermon.
CONCISAME'NTE, adv. conciſely, ſhortly, briefly.
CONCISIO'N, ſ. f. ſhortneſs of ſpeech or writing, a conciſe method of expreſſion.
CONCI'SO, adj. conciſe, ſhort, compendious.
CONCISTORIO, ſ. m. vide *CONSISTO'RIO*.
CONCITACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſtirring up, an inſtigation.
CONCITADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſtirs up or inſtigates.
CONCITA'R, v. a. to ſtir up, to excite, to inſtigate.
CONCIUDADA'NO, ſ. m. a fellow-citizen.
CONCLA'VE, ſ. m. the conclave, the place where the cardinals meet to chuſe a pope.
CONCLAVI'STA, ſ. m. the ſervant every cardinal takes with him into the conclave.
CONCLUI'R, v. a. to conclude, to finish, to end; alſo to convince, or to run one down in argument.
CONCLUSIO'N, ſ. f. a concluſion, the end.
CONCLU'SO, adj. concluded, ended finished.
CONCLUYENTEME'NTE, adv. evidently, clearly, concluſively.
CONCOCCION, ſ. f. concoction.
CONCOLE'GA, ſ. m. a fellow collegian.
CONCOME'RSE, v. r. to itch; alſo to ſhrug as one that is louſy or has the itch.
CONCOMIMIE'NTO, *CONCO'MIO*, ſ. m. a rubbing of the body.
CONCOMITA'NCIA, ſ. f. concomitancy, a keeping company with, ſubſiſting together with another thing.
CONCOMITA'R, v. a. to keep company, to aſſociate, to act with another.
CONCO'MO, ſ. m. vide *CONCOMIMIE'NTO*.
CONCORDA'BLE, adj. agreeable; that may be accorded.
CONCORDABLEME'NTE, adv. by agreement, unanimouſly.
CONCORDACIO'N, ſ. f. agreement, conſent, concord.
CONCORDA'NCIA, ſ. f. concordance, agreement, accord; alſo the Concordance of the Bible, where looking for any word, as in a Dictionary, it preſently refers to the text where that word is uſed.
CONCORDA'R, v. a. to agree, to accord, to reconcile; alſo to tune inſtruments of muſic.
CONCORDA'TA, *CONCORDA'TO*, ſ. f. ſ. m. contracts made; articles agreed on, treaty.
CONCO'RDE, adj. unanimous, agreeing, of one mind.
CONCORDEME'NTE, adv. unanimouſly.
CONÇO'RDIA, ſ. f. concord, unity, agreement.
Concórdias, in muſic, concords or harmonic ſounds.
CONCORPO'REO, adj. that partakes of the body of others.
CONCORRE'R, v. a. obſ. vide *CONCURRI'R*.
CONCRE'TO, ſ. m. the whole made up of the parts.
CONCUBI'NA, ſ. f. a concubine.
CONCUBINA'RIO, ſ. m. one that keeps a concubine.
CONCUBINA'TO, ſ. m. the lying with a woman not married.
CONCU'BITO, ſ. m. idem.
CONCULCA'R, v. a. to trample under foot.

CONCUPISCE'NCIA, ſ. f. concupiſcence, ſenſual or carnal deſires.

CONCUPISCI'BLE, adj. concupiſcible, to be covered, ſubject to carnal deſires.

CONCURRE'NCIA, ſ. f. concurrence, union, aſſociation; alſo aſſiſtance, help; alſo a combination of many agents or circumſtances.

CONCURRENTE, ſ. m. one that concurs.

CONCURRI'R, v. n. to concur, to agree in opinion; alſo to run, or to flock together; alſo to help, to aſſiſt.

CONCURSA'R, v. a. to deliver up the goods of a debtor into the creditors hands in order to diſcharge his debts.

CONCU'RSO, ſ. m. a concourſe of people; alſo the conteſt betwixt ſeveral pretenders to a benefice.

CONCUSSIO'N, ſ. f. concuſſion, a ſhaking.

CONDA'DO, ſ. m. county, earldom.

CONDADU'RA, ſ. f. the dignity of a count or earl.

CO'NDE, ſ. m. a count, or earl.

Cónde palatino, a count palatine.

Cónde de los gitános, earl of the gipſies; we call him king of the gypſies.

CONDECENDE'R, v. a. vide *CONDESCENDE'R.*

CONDECORACIO'N, ſ. f. a decoration, or ornament.

CONDECORA'R, v. a. to adorn, to make decorations.

CONDENA'BLE, adj. that is to be condemned, rejected.

CONDENACIO'N, ſ. f. condemnation.

CONDENADO'R, ſ. m. one who condemns.

CONDENA'R, v. a. to condemn, to caſt, to ſentence, to damn, to pronounce judgment againſt.

Condenárſe, v. r. to condemn one's ſelf, to accuſe one's ſelf.

CONDENATO'RIO, adj. belonging to the ſentence of condemnation.

CONDENSA, ſ. f. a pantry, a ſtoreroom.

CONDENSA'R, v. a. to condenſe, to thicken.

CONDE'SA, ſ. f. a counteſs.

CONDESA'R, v. a. obſ. to depoſite, to give in truſt, to lay up.

CONDESCENDE'NCIA, ſ. f. condeſcendence, compliance.

CONDESCENDE'R, v. n. to condeſcend, to comply.

CONDESI'JO, adj. what is laid up or depoſited.

CONDESI'L, adj. belonging to the count or counteſs.

CONDESTA'BLE, ſ. m. conſtable.

Condeſtáble de fortaléza, a governor of a ſtrong place.

Condeſtáble, a gunner.

CONDESTABLI'A, ſ. f. conſtableſhip.

CONDEXA'R, v. a. to lay up, to leave, to keep. Obſ.

CONDICIO'N, ſ. f. condition, eſtate, quality, natural habit, inclination of the mind, temper, temperament; alſo ſtipulation, terms of compact.

Ponér en condicion, to bring into danger.

CONDICIONA'DO, adj. that belongs to condition.

CONDICIONA'L, adj. conditional.

CONDICIONALME'NTE, adv. conditionally.

CONDICIONA'R, v. a. to imbibe or inſtil good nature or good qualities into another; alſo to make terms, to ſtipulate.

CONDICIONA'ZA, ſ. f. great genius, extenſive mind, wonderful parts.

CONDICIONCI'LLA, ſ. f. moroſeneſs, peevishneſs.

CONDIGNAME'NTE, adv. with condign punishment; deſervedly.

CONDIGNIDA'D, ſ. f. the true and juſt reward of any thing.

CONDI'GNO, adj. condign, worthy, deſerved.

CONDIME'NTO, } ſ. m. ſeaſo-
CONDIMIE'NTO, } ning put to any thing.

CONDICI'PULO, ſ. m. ſchoolfellow.

CONDISTINGUI'R, v. a. to diſtinguish, to determine.

CONDI'TO, ſ. m. vide *CONDIMIENTO.*

CONDOLE'NCIA, ſ. f. condolence, bearing part of another's grief.

CONDOLE'R, v. n. to condole, to bear part of another's grief.

CONDONACIO'N, ſ. f. pardon, forgiveneſs.

CONDONA'R, v. a. to pardon, to forgive.

CONDORES, ſ. m. birds in the Weſt-Indies of a vaſt bigneſs, inſomuch that they kill sheep and calves.

CONDRI'LA, ſ. f. an herb in ſtalk and flower like to wild endive.

CONDUCCIO'N, ſ. f. a conducting, or guiding of any thing.

CONDUCE'NTE, adj. fit, proper, conducive to any end.

CONDU'CHO, adj. obſ. accuſtomed, habituated.

Condúcho, ſ. m. obſ. food, meat, proviſion.

CONDUCI'R, v. a. to conduct, convoy, or carry in ſafety any thing.

CONDU'CTA, ſ. f. conduct, convoy of money; alſo management, œconomy; alſo a commiſſion to raiſe men, and the art of leading troops.

CONDU'CTO, ſ. m. a conduit; a canal of pipes for the conveyance of waters; alſo the manager of any affair.

CONDUCTO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who conducts, convoys, or directs.

CONDU'MIO, ſ. m. any thing to be eaten with bread.

CONEGE'RA, ſ. f. vide *CONEJE'RA.*

CONEGE'RO, ſ. m. vide *CONEJE'RO.*

CONE'JA, ſ. f. a doe rabbit.

CONEJA'L, ſ. m. a coney-borough.

CONEJE'RA, ſ. f. a coney-borough; alſo a woman that ſells rabbits.

CONEJE'RO, ſ. m. a warrener; one that ſells rabbits; al o a dog for a rabbit.

Mugér conéjera, a woman that is a great breeder, like a rabbit.

CONEJI'LLO, } ſ. m. diminutive
CONEJI'TO, } of *conéjo*.
CONE'JO, ſ. m. a rabbit.
CONEJUE'LO, ſ. m. a little rabbit.
CONEJU'NO, adj. of, or belonging to a rabbit.
CONFABULACIO'N, ſ. f. a confabulation or talking together.
CONFABULA'R, v. a. to diſcourſe, to talk together.
CONFACCIO'N, ſ. f. a confection, a preſerve; alſo a mixture.
CONFACCIONADO'R, ſ. m. a confectioner.
CONFACCIONADU'RA, ſ. f. preſerving; alſo mixing.
CONFACCIONA'R, v. a. to preſerve; alſo to mix.
CONFALO'N, ſ. m. a banner, a ſtandard.
CONFALONIER, ſ. m. a ſtandard-bearer.
CONFECCIO'N, ſ. f. a confection, a compoſition or mixture.
CONFECCIONADOR, ſ. m. vide *CONFACCIONADOR*.
CONFECCIONADU'RA, ſ. f. vide *CONFACCIONADU'RA*.
CONFECCIONA'R, v. a. vide *CONFACCIONA'R*.
CONFEDERACIO'N, ſ. f. confederacy, combination; league, union, engagement.
CONFEDERA'DO, ſ. m. ally, a confederate.
CONFEDERA'NZA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *CONFEDERACIO'N*.
CONFEDERA'R, v. a. to confederate to ally.
Confederárſe, v. r. to be allied, to be confederated.
CONFERE'NCIA, ſ. f. a conference, a diſcourſe; an appointed meeting for diſcuſſing ſome point or queſtion; compariſon.
CONFERI'R, v. a. to compare, to match; alſo to beſtow, to impart, to confer.
CONFESSA'NTE, ſ. m. he who makes a confeſſion before a court of juſtice; a penitent that confeſſes his ſins to the prieſt.
CONFESSA'R, v. a. to confeſs.
CONFESSIO'N, ſ. f. confeſſion.
CONFESSIONA'L, adj. one term. belonging to a confeſſion.
CONFESSIONA'RIO, ſ. m. the place where confeſſion is made.
CONFE'SSO, adj. that has confeſſed; alſo a convert.
CONFESSO'R, ſ. m. a confeſſor; either a ſaint that is no martyr; or a father confeſſor that hears confeſſions.
CONFIADAME'NTE, adv. confidently, boldly, with aſſurance.
CONFIADO'R, ſ. m. one that truſts in others.
CONFIA'NZA, ſ. f. confidence, truſt, aſſurance, boldneſs.
Tenér confiánza en algúna perſona, to repoſe a truſt, or confidence in any one, to rely on a perſon.
Hacér confiánza, to truſt, to rely, to depend upon another.
Dar en confiánza, to give a thing upon truſt, to entruſt with.
CONFIA'R, v. n. to confide, to truſt.
CONFICIE'NTE, adj. acting in conjunction with.
CONFICIO'N, ſ. f. vide *CONFACCIO'N*.
CONFICIONA'R, v. a. vide *CONFACCIONA'R*.
CONFIDE'NCIA, ſ. f. confidence, truſt.
CONFIDE'NTE, ſ. m. a friend or confident, to whom one truſts his ſecrets.
CONFIDENTEME'NTE, adv. faith-fully, honeſtly, juſtly, with integrity.
CONFIGURACIO'N, ſ. f. a diſpoſition of the parts which make up the ſhape or figure.
CONFIGURA'R, v. a. to give ſhape, form, or figure to any thing.
CONFI'N, ſ. m. confine, border, limit, boundary.
Confines, ſ. m. pl. the confines, bounds, or borders of any place.
CONFINA'NTE, adj. bordering, belonging to the limits, or confines.
CONFINA'R, v. n. to confine, to border upon, to be adjoining to.
CONFIRMACIO'N, ſ. f. confirmation; alſo a proof, or confirmation of any fact.
CONFIRMADO'R, ſ. m. one that confirms.
CONFIRMADU'RA, ſ. f. a confirmation.
CONFIRMA'R, v. a. to confirm.
Confirmárſe, v. r. to confirm one's ſelf.
CONFIRMATO'RIO, adj. belonging to confirmation given from a ſuperior judge concerning the opinion of an inferior court.
CONFISCACIO'N, ſ. f. confiſcation, forfeiture.
CONFISCA'DOR, ſ. m. one that takes forfeitures, or confiſcations.
CONFISCA'R, v. a. to confiſcate.
CONFITA'R, v. a. to candy, to preſerve.
CONFITE'RA, ſ. f. a woman confectioner, or a box in which confits or ſweetmeats are kept.
CONFITERI'A, ſ. f. a confectioner's ſhop, or the ſtreet where confectioners live.
CONFITE'RO, ſ. m. a confectioner.
CONFI'TES, ſ. m. pl. confits, ſugarplums.
CONFITO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *confite*.
CONFITU'RA, ſ. f. ſweetmeats, confectioners ware.
CONFLACIO'N, ſ. f. the melting, or caſting of metal.
CONFLAGRACIO'N, ſ. f. a conflagration, or great fire.
CONFLICTO, ſ. m. conflict, battle, fight; any trouble, or affliction.
CONFLUE'NCIA, ſ. f. the meeting or flowing together of many waters.
CONFLUIR, v. a, to flow together.
CONFONDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. confuſion.
CONFORMACIO'N, ſ. f. conforming, ſuiting.
CONFORMA'R, v. n. to conform, to ſuit, to agree with.
Conformárſe, v. r. to be conformable, to be ſubmiſſive to the will of another.
CONFORMATRI'Z, adj. that makes one thing agreeable, or conformable to another in figure, colour, and diſpoſition.
CONFO'RME, adj. conformable, ſuitable, agreeable.

CONFORMEME'NTE, adv. conformably, agreeably, by consent.
CONFORMIDA'D, s. f. conformity, agreeableness, likeness.
CONFORTACIO'N, s. f. encouragement, comfort, relief.
CONFORTAMIE'NTO, s. m. encouragement, comfort.
CONFORTA'R, v. a. to comfort, to cherish, to relieve, to encourage.
CONFORTA'S, s. f. pl. sluices, floodgates to let water in and out at.
CONFORTATIVO, adj. that comforts, or cherishes.
CONF'ORTE, s. m. a comfortative.
CONFRA'DE, s. m. vide *COFRA'DE*.
CONFRADI'A, vide *COFRADI'A*.
CONFRAGO'SO, adj. rugged, shagged, rough.
CONFRATERNA'R, v. n. to be one of the brotherhood.
CONFRATERNIDA'D, s. f. confraternity, brotherhood.
CONFRONTACIO'N, s. f. confronting, bringing face to face.
CONFRONTA'R, v. n. to confront, to bring face to face.
Confrontárse, v. r. to be like one another confront and another.
CONFUNDI'R, v. a. to confound, to destroy, to disorder, to perplex.
Confundir, v. a. to mix.
CONFUSAME'NTE, adv. confusedly.
CONFUSION, s. f. confusion, trouble, perpexity, ruin. In cant, a prison; also an inn, or tavern.
CONFU'SO, adj. confused, confounded, troubled, perplexed.
CONFUTACIO'N, s. f. confutation, confuting an argument.
CONFUTA'R, v. a. to confute, to run down an argument.
CONGELACI'ON, s. f. congealing, freezing.
CONGELA'R, v. a. to congeal, to freeze together.
CONGENIA'R, v. n. to be of the same disposition, genius and inclination with another.
CONGE'RIE, s. f. a heap of diverse things.
CONGIA'RIO, s. m. a largess, which the Roman emperors used to caress the people with.
CO'NGIO, s. m. an ancient measure of liquids so called.
CONGLOBACIO'N, s. f. the union of many things forming the shape and figure of a globe.
CONGLOBA'RSE, v. r. to make itself in the form of a globe.
CONGLUTINACIO'N, s. f. conglutination, gluing, or sticking together.
CONGLUTINA'R, v. a. to conglutinate, to glue, or stick together.
CONGLUTINO'SO, adj. belonging to glue, sticking together.
CONGO'JA, s. f. anguish, trouble, pain, grief, affliction.
CONGOJA'DO, adj. in anguish, in trouble, pain, sorrowful.
CONGOJA'R, v. a. to trouble, to vex, to grieve, to put in pain, or anguish.
CONGOJOSAME'NTE, adv. in a troublesome, or painful manner.
CONGOJO'SO, adj. full of anguish, grief, trouble, or pain.
CONGORE'A, s. f. the herb snakeweed.
CONGO'XA, s. f. vide *CONGO'JA* and its derivatives.
CONGRACIADO'R, s. m. who insinuates by flattery.
CONGRACIAMIE'NTO, s. m. an insinuation by flattery.
CONGRACIA'RSE, v. r. to ingratiate one's self, in to insinuate one's self into another's favour.
CONGRATULACIO'N, s. f. congratulation, giving or wishing joy.
CONGRATULADO'R, s. m. he that congratulates, or wishes joy.
CONGRATULA'R, v. a. to congratulate, to wish joy.
Congratulárse, v. r. to be congratulated.
CONGRATULATO'RIO, adj. congratulatory.
CONGREGACIO'N, s. f. a congregation, an assembly, a meeting.
CONGREGA'NTE, s. m. one belonging to the congregation.
CONGREGA'R, v. a. to congregate, to assemble, or gather together.
CONGREGATORI'A, s. f. congregation, assembly, meeting.
CONGRE'SSO, s. m. congress, meeting.
CONGRE'TES, s. m. pl. little long rolls of bead they make for children.
CO'NGRIO, s. m. a conger eel.
CO'NGRUA, s. f. the ecclesiastical revenue belonging ton any priest.
CONGRUAME'NTE, adv. agreeably, conveniently.
CONGRU'ENCIA, s. f. congruity, agreement, meetness, conveniency.
CONGRUE'NTE, adj. agreeing, meet, convenient.
CONGRUENTE'MENTE, adv. vide *CONGRUAME'NTE*.
CONGRADUIDA'D, s. f. vide *CONGRUE'NCIA*.
CO'NGRUO, adj. congruous, meet, convenient, proper.
CONHORTACIO'N, s. f. vide *CONFORTACIO'N*.
CONHORTA'R, v. a. vide *CONFORTA'R*.
CONHO'RTE, s. m. help, relief, comfort.
CONHORTO'SO, adj. comfortable, invigorationg, corroborative.
CONICAME'NTE, adv. in form of a cone.
CO'NICO, adj. conic, conical, having the form of a cone.
CONJECTU'RA, s. f. a conjecture.
CONJETURA'BLE, adj. that may be conjectured.
CONJETURA'L, adj. conjectural, depending on conjecture.
CONJECTURA'R, v. a. to guess, to conjecture.
CONJU'DICE, s. m. a fellow-judge.
CONJUGACIO'N, s. f. a conjugation; also coupling and yoaking together.
CONJUGA'L, adv. conjugal, belonging to matrimony.

CONJUGALME'NTE, adv. in a congujal manner.
CONJUGA'R, v. a. conjugate; to conjoin or yoak together.
CONJUNCIO'N, ſ. f. a conjunction, a joining or coupling together.
CONJUNTA'R, v. a. to conjoin, to couple, to put together.
CONJUNTI'VO, adj. conjunctive, joining one thing to another.
CONJUNTO, adj. joined. conjoined.
CONJUNTU'RA, ſ. f. a joint, or joining together.
CONJU'RA, ſ. f. a conſpiracy.
CONJURACIO'N, ſ. f. conſpiracy.
CONJURA'DO, ſ. m. a conſpirator.
CONJURADO'R, ſ. m. one who conjures or ſummonſes in a ſacred name.
CONJURAMENTA'DO, ſ. m. one that is ſworn with others to keep a ſecret or to do any other thing.
CONJURAMENTA'R, v. a. to ſwear ſeveral perſons to one thing.
Conjuramentárſe, v. r. to ſwear together to an act.
CONJURAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. conſpiracy, ſwearing together to one thing.
CONJURA'R, v. a. to conſpire, to conjure, to ſwear together.
Conjurárſe, v. r. to be confederated or allied, to be in a conſpiracy.
CONJURO, ſ. m. an exorciſm; alſo the words uſed by enchanters.
CONLLORA'R, v. n. to cry or lament with another.
CONLOA'R, v. a. to praiſe or commend with others.
CON MIGO, adv. with me.
CONNATURA'L, adj. connatural, ſuitable to nature, connected by nature.
CONNATURALME'NTE, adv. connaturally, by the act of nature, originally.
CONNATURALIZA'RSE, v. r. to naturalize one's ſelf.
CONNEXIDA'D, } ſ. f. con-
CONNEXIO'N, } nexion, union, junction.
CONNEXO, adj. connected.
CONNIVE'NCIA ſ. f. the act of conniving, of winking.
CONNUBIA'L, adj. connubial, matrimonial, nuptial, conjugal.
CONNUMERA'R, v. a. to number or count among.
CONNU'SCO, adv. with us. Obſ.
CONO, ſ. m. a figure broad and round at bottom, with a sharp top like a ſugaf-loaf, a cone.
CONOCEDOR, ſ. m. one that is grateful, or one that examines a cauſe; alſo a connoiſſeur, a judge, a critic.
CONOCE'NCIA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *CONOCIMIE'NTO*.
CONOCE'R, v. a. to know, to acknowledge, to underſtand.
Conocér ſu pecádo, to be ſenſible of one's fault.
Conocér úna mugér carnalménte, to know a woman carnally.
Conocér de una cauſa, to hear a cauſe pleaded as judge.
CONOCIBLE, adj. that may be known.
CONOCIDAME'NTE, adv. plainly, knowingly.
CONOCI'DO, ſ. m. an acquaintance.
CONOCIE'NTE, adj. grateful.
CONOCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a knowledge, acquaintance, gratitude; ſenſe in a dying perſon; alſo a note, a bill, or obligation under one's hand; alſo a bill of lading.
CONO'IDE, ſ. f. a geometrical figure ſo called.
CONORTACIO'N, ſ. f. vide *CONFORTACIO'N*.
CONORTA'R, v. a. vide *CONFORTA'R*.
CONORTE, ſ. m. comfort, encouragement.
CONOSCER, v. a. vide *CONOCE'R*.
CONOSCEDO'R, ſ. m. vide *CONOCEDO'R*.
CONOSCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *CONOCIMIE'NTO*.
CONQUERIDOR, ſ. m. a conqueror.
CONQUERI'R, v. a. to conquer.
CONQUEZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little ſhell.
CONQUI'STA, ſ. f. a conqueſt.
CONQUISTADO'R, ſ. m. a conqueror.
CONQUISTA'R, v. a. to conquer, to ſubdue, to bring under.
CONREA'R, v. a. obſ. to plough a ſecond time.
CONSABIDO'R, ſ. m. one who is conſcious of any thing.
CONSAGRACIO'N, ſ. f. a conſecration.
CONSAGRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *CONSAGRACIO'N*.
CONSAGRA'NTE, ſ. m. the prieſt that conſecrates at the altar.
CONSAGRA'R, v. a. conſecrate.
CONSA'LME, ſ. m. a ſort of ſea-muſcle.
CONSANGUINIDA'D, ſ. f. conſanguinity, kindred by blood.
CONSANGUINEO, adj. belonging to kindred or relations.
CONSCIE'NCIA, ſ. f. conſcience. Vide *CONCIENCIA*.
CONSCRIPTO, adj. written, enrolled, regiſtred.
CONSECTA'RIO, ſ. m. corollary, deduction from premiſes.
CONSECUCIO'N, ſ. f. the obtaining one's deſires.
CONSECUTIVAME'NTE, adv. conſequently.
CONSECUTIVO, adj. ſubſequent that follows.
CONSEGUIE'NTE, ſ. m. conſequent.
CONSEGUIENTEME'NTE, adv. conſequently.
CONSEGUIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. conſequence; alſo obtaining, compaſſing, or atchieving.
CONSEGUI'R, v. a. to obtain, to atchieve; alſo to follow.
CONSEJ'A, ſ. f. a fable, an old woman's tale.
CONSEJADO'R, ſ. m. who gives counſel to others.
CONSEJA'R, v. a. to adviſe, to counſel; alſo to aſk counſel.
CONSEJERAME'NTE, adv. wiſely, prudently
CONSEJE'RO, ſ. m. counſellor.
CONSEJI'L, ſ. f. in cant, a public whore.
CONSE'JO, ſ. m. a council; alſo advice.

Conſéjo de cámara, the privy-council.
Conſéjo de hacienda, the council that has the direction of the king's revenue, the echequer court.
Conſéjo de eſtado, the council of ſtate, in which all affairs of government are debated.
Conſéjo de órdenes, the council for the affairs of the military orders.
CONSENTI'DO, adj. ſuffered to have its will in all things; ſuffering patiently the proſtitution of his wife.
CONSENTIDO'R, ſ. m. he that conſents or agrees.
CONSENTIENTE, ſ. m. that conſents.
CONSENTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. conſent, agreement.
CONSENTI'R, v. a. to conſent, to agree, to permit.
CONSEQUE'NCIA, ſ. f. conſequence, inference; alſo importance, moment.
CONSEQUE'NTE, ſ. m. conſequent, that which follows from previous propoſitions.
CONSEQUENTEME'NTE, adv. conſequently.
CONSE'RGE, ſ. m. the keeper of the king's palace.
CONSERVA, ſ. f. conſerve; ſweetmeat; company; convoy of ſhips.
CONSERVACION, ſ. f. preſervation, ſecurity; alſo going in company or under convoy.
CONSERVADO'R, ſ. m. a preſerver, a confectioner.
Juéz conſervadór, a conſervator, a magiſtrate or judge to preſerve or ſecure the rights and immunities.
CONSERVADURI'A, ſ. f. the office and dignity of a conſervator or judge, who preſerves and ſecures the fights and immunities.
CONSERVA'R, v a. to conſerve, to preſerve, to keep, to lay up.
Conſervárſe, v. r. to keep one's ſelf in health or in the ſame ſtate.
CONSERVATIVO, adj. that is preſerved, taken care of.
CONSERVATORIA, ſ. f. a grant to preſerve privileges.
CONSERVATO'RIO, adj. vide *CONSERVATI'VO*.
CONSERVE'RA, ſ. f. a woman confectioner; or a woman skilful in making ſweetmeats.
CONSERVE'RO, ſ. m. a confectioner.
CONSIDERA'BLE, adj. conſiderable; to be conſidered; of moment.
CONSIDERACIO'N, ſ. f. conſideration, forecaſt, premeditation; moment, attention.
CONSIDERACIONCI'LLA, ſ. m. diminutive of *conſideracion*.
CONSIDERADAME'NTE, adv. conſiderately maturely, with deliberation.
CONSIDERA'DO, adj. conſiderate, wary.
CONSIDERADO'R, ſ. m. one that conſiders or deliberates.
CONSIDERA'R, v. a. to conſider, to deliberate to weigh.
CONSIE'RVO, ſ. m. a fellow-ſervant.
CONSIGNACIO'N, ſ. f. conſigning, making over to another, directing to be delivered to.
CONSIGNA'R, v. a. to conſign, to make over to another, or to direct to be delivered to him.
CONSIGNATA'RIO, ſ. m. the perſon to whom any money is conſigned or made over for certain purpoſes.
CONSI'GO, adv. with himſelf.
CONSIGUIE'NTE, adj. conſequent.
CONSIGUIENTEME'NTE, adv. conſequently.
CONSILIA'RIO, ſ. m. a counſellor.
CONSILIATI'VO, adj. giving or beſtowing counſel.
CONSINTIE'NTE, adj. that is conſenting to a thing.
Conſintiéntes y haciéntes péna por yguál, they that conſent and they that act, deſerve equal puniſhment.
CONSINTI'R, v. a. vide *CONSENTI'R*.
CONSISTE'NCIA, ſ. f. conſiſtency, ſtability, permanent or laſting ſtate of any thing.
CONSISTE'NTE, adj. durable, conſiſtent, laſting.
CONSISTI'R, v. n. to conſiſt.
CONSISTORIA'L, adj. belonging to the conſiſtory or place of council.
CONSISTORIALMENTE, adv. by a majority of the conſiſtory.
CONSISTO'RIO, ſ. m. a conſiſtory an aſſembly of the clergy for eccleſiaſtical affairs.
CONSOLACIO'N, ſ. f. conſolation, comfort.
CONSOLADO'R, ſ. m. a comforter.
CONSOLA'R, v. a. to comfort.
Conſolárſe, v. r. to be comforted, relieved, recreated.
CONSOLATI'VO, adj. bringing aſſiſtance, comfort, help.
CONSOLATO'RIO, adj. giving comfort or relief.
CONSOLDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *SOLDADU'RA*.
CONSOLIDA, ſ. f. the hero wal-wort, confrey or bugle.
CONSOLIDATIO'N, ſ. f. conſolidation, the act of uniting into a ſolid maſs, or the ſtate of being conſolidated.
CONSOLIDA'R, v. a. to conſolidate, to unite into one body, to make ſound.
CONSONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } conſonance, agreement,
CONSONA'NCIA, ſ. f. } harmony, accord in voices or ſounds; agreement, concord, friendship.
CONSOA'NNE, adj. conſonant, agreeable, convenient; agreeing in ſound; alſo the letter called a conſonant.
Conſonánte, in poetry, is a word ending like another.
CONSONA'R, v. n. to conſent, to agree, to ſound together or alike.
CO'NSONO, adj. conſonant.
CONSO'RCIO, ſ. m. a company.
CONSO'RTE, ſ. m. a conſort, a companion, a mate.
CONSPICUAMENTE, adv. conſpicuouſly, obvious to the view, eminently, famouſly, remarkably.
CONSPICUO, adj. clear, conſpicuous, manifeſt, evident.
CONSPIRACIO'N, ſ. f. conſpiracy, plot; concerted treaſon.

CONSPIRADO'R, ſ. m. a conſpirator, a plotter, a man engaged in a plot.
CONSPIRA'R, v. n. to conſpire, to agree tog ether.
CONSTA'NCIA, ſ. f. conſtancy, ſtedfaſtneſs. In poetry it is the keeping of the true meaſure of feet in every verſe.
CONSTA'NTE, adj. conſtant, true ſtedfaſt; alſo manifeſt, certain.
CONSTANTEME'NTE, adv. conſtantly, ſtedfaſtly; alſo manifeſtly, and certainly.
CONSTANTI, vide *COSTANTI.*
CONSTAR, v. n. to conſiſt, to be compoſed of parts.
Conſtár, v. imp. to be certain, plain, evident.
CONSTELLACIO'N, ſ. f. conſtellation.
CONSTERNACIO'N, ſ. f. ſurpriſe, conſternation.
CONSTERNA'R, v. a. to ſurpriſe, to aſtonish, to put in fear.
CONSTIPACION, ſ. f. a coming cloſe together, a conſtipation, ſtoppage, obſtruction by plenitude.
CONSTIPA'R, v. a. to draw or preſs cloſe together.
CONSTITUCIO'N; ſ. f. conſtitution, ordinance, decree.
CONSTITUTI'VO, adj. conſtituted, decreed, appointed.
CONSTITUIDO'R, ſ. m. one that conſtitutes or appoints.
CONSTITUE'NTE, ſ. m. the perſon conſtituting or appointing.
CONSTITUI'R, v. a to conſtitute, or dain, decree, or appoint.
CONSTREñIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. force, violence, compulſion.
CONSTREñI'R, v. a. to conſtrain, to compel, to force, to oblige.
CONSTRICTI'VO, adj. binding, aſtringent.
CONSTRUCCIO'N, ſ. f. conſtruction; building or erecting a fabrick.
CONSTRUI'R, v. a. to conſtrue; alſo to build, to erect.
CONSTRUPA'R, v. a. to ravish a woman.
CONSUBSTANCIA'L, adj. conſubſtantial.
CONSUBSTANCIALIDA'D, ſ. f. conſubſtantiality.
CONSUE'GRA, ſ. f. the two mothers of a married couple are *conſuegras*, that is, joint mothers-in-law.
CONSUEGRA'R, v. a. to marry a ſon and a daughter, and by that means become joint fathers and mothers-in law; ſaid of two parents.
CONSUE'GRO, ſ. m. when two fathers marry their children together they are *conſuegros*, that is, joint fathers-in-law.
CONSUE'LDA, ſ. f. te herb lark's foot.
Conſuélda mayor, the herb comfrey, knitback, or backwort.
CONSUE'LO, ſ. m. comfort.
CONSUE'TAS, ſ. m. pl. memorandum.
CONSUETU'D, ſ. f. cuſtom, habit, habitual practice.
CONSUETUDINARIO, adj. uſed, accuſtomed.
CO'NSUL, ſ. f. conſul.
CONSULA'DO, ſ. m. conſulship.
CONSULA'R, adj. of or belonging to the conſul, that has been conſul.
CONSULTA, ſ. f. conſultation, debate in council.
CONSULTACIO'N, ſ. f. conſulting or debating in council.
CONSULTA'NTE, ſ. m. he that conſults, or asks advice.
CONSULTA'R, v. a. to conſult, to ask advice; to debate in council.
CONSULTISSIMO, adj. ſuperl. very prudent, very wiſe.
CONSULTI'VO, adj. that has the faculty or power of adviſing.
CONSULTO'R, ſ. m. he that gives advice.
CONSUMACIO'N, ſ. f. conſummation, ending, finishing, concluding.
CONSUMADAME'NTE, adv. conſummately, perfectly.
CONSUMADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who completes or finishes any thing.
CONSUMA'R, v. a. to conſummate, to finish, to perfect, to complete.
CONSUMATI'VO, adj. that is finished, completed, perfected.
CONSUMIDO'R, ſ. m. f. conſumer, waſter.
CONSUMI'R, v. a. to conſume, to ſpend, to waſte, to fall away. In the maſs it ſignifies the prieſts receiving the bleſſed ſacrament.
Conſumirſe, v. r. to conſume, to afflict one's ſelf.
CONSU'MO, ſ. m. conſumption, the ſtate of waſting or perishing.
CONSUMPCIO'N, ſ. f. conſumption.
CONSU'NO, adv. obſ. jointly.
CONTA'BLE, adj. that may be counted.
CONTA'CTO, ſ. m. contact, the touching one thing with another.
CONTADE'RO, adj. that is to be told or counted; or a place to caſt accounts, a counting-houſe.
CONTADO'R, ſ. m. an accomptant, an auditor; alſo a counter to play with, and a desk or eſcrutore.
CONTADORCI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *contádor.*
CONTADURI'A, ſ. f. the office of a teller or of an auditor.
CONTAGIA'R, v. a. to infect.
CONTA'GIO, ſ. m. infection, contagion.
CONTAGIO'N, ſ. f. contagion, infection.
CONTAGIO'SO, adj. contagious, infectious.
CONTA'L DE CUE'NTAS, a ſet of counters to caſt accounts with.
CON TAL QUE, adv. ſo that, upon condition or provided that.
CONTAMINACIO'N, ſ. f. pollution, infection.
CONTAMINADO'R, ſ. m. he that contaminates, defiles, or pollutes.
CONTAMINA'R, v. a. to contaminate, to defile, to pollute.
Contaminárſe, v. a. to be defiled, to be corrupted.
CONTA'NTE, ſ. m. a counter.
Dinéro contánte, ready money.
Le pagaré dinéro contánte, I will pay you ready, money.
CONTANTE'JO, ſ. m. a ſmall ſum in ready money.

CONTA'R, v. a. to count, to reckon, to tell, to caſt accounts, alſo to relate, to report.

Contár las vigas, to tell the rafters, that is, to look up, as one does who will not ſee what is doing about him.

CONTECE'R, v. n. vide *ACONTECE'R*.

CONTEMPERA'R, v. a. to ſoften, mitigate, alleviate, appeaſe.

CONTEMPLACION, ſ. f. contemplation.

CONTEMPLADO'R, ſ. m. one that is given to contemplate, or that ſtudies to pleaſe another.

CONTEMPLA'R, v. a. to contemplate, to behold, to meditate; alſo to pleaſe.

CONTEMPLATI'VO, adj. contemplative, given to contemplation.

CONTEMPLATO'RIO, ſ. m. the place of contemplation.

CONTEMPORANEO, adj. contemporary, of the ſame time.

CONTEMPORIZA'R, v. n. to conform one's ſelf to the times.

CONTEMPTI'BLE, adj. contemptible.

CONTENCIO'N, ſ. f. contention, ſtriſe, debate, conteſt.

CONTENCIOSAME'NTE, adv. contentiously.

CONTENCIO'SO, adj. contentious, given to ſtrife.

CONTENDE'R, v. a. to contend, to ſtrive, to debate, to be litigious.

CONTENDO'R, ſ. m. one that contends or is litigious,

CONTENDO'SO, adj. contentis ou, litigious.

CONTENE'NCIA, ſ. f. ſtrife, contention; alſo falling back in dancing.

CONTENE'NTE, ſ. m. a civil, courtious, complaiſant behaviour.

CONTENE'R, v. a. to contain, to hold, to curb, to moderate.

Contenérſe, v. r. to be reſtrained, to moderate one's ſelf.

CONTE'NTA, ſ. f. the content of any thing.

CONTENTACIO'N, ſ. f. joy, contentment, ſatisfaction.

CONTENTADI'ZO, adj. contented, ſatisfied, pleaſed.

CONTENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. contentment, ſatisfaction.

CONTENTA'R, v. a. to content, to ſatisfy, to pleaſe.

Contentárſe, v. r. to be contented, to be ſatisfied, to be pleaſed.

CONTE'NTO, ſ. m. contentment, ſatisfaction; alſo a receipt given on payment of money.

A conténto, adv. to the ſatisfaction of.

Ser de mal conténto, to be hard to be pleaſed.

Contento, adj. eaſy, content, pleaſed, ſatisfied.

CONTE'RA, ſ. f. the ſmall iron or ſilver cone they uſe to put at the end of a ſcabbard.

Echár la contéra, to finish, to make an end.

Temblar la contéra, to be frightened.

CONTE'RMINO, ſ. m. the borders, or confines.

CONTERRA'NEO, adj. of the ſame country.

CONTE'XTO, ſ. m. contexture, diſpoſition, order of a thing.

CONTESTACIO'N, ſ. f. taking to witneſs, proving by witneſs.

CONTESTA'R, v. a. to make out any thing by witneſſes; alſo to agree.

CONTE'STE, ſ. m. a witneſs declaring juſt the ſame as other witneſſes have declared before.

CONTESTU'RA, *CONTEXTU'RA*, ſ. f. contexture, diſpoſition or ordering of things.

CONTIE'NDA, ſ. f. ſtrife, debate, combat, contention.

Prov. *Dios me dè contienda con quién me entiénda*, God grant me to contend with thoſe that underſtand me. Said when one has to do with people who will not hear reaſon.

CONTI'GO, adv. with you.

CONTIGUAME'NTE, adv. nearly, coutiguouſly.

CONTI'GUO, adj. contiguous, that joins to, or touches another thing.

CONTINE'NCIA, ſ. f. continence, chaſtity, temperance.

CONTINE'NTE, adj. continent, chaſte, temperate; alſo the geſture, the mien, and that which contains another thing.

CONTINENTEME'NTE, adv. continently, chaſtly, temperately.

CONTINGE'NCIA, ſ. f. contingency, caſualty.

CONTINGE'NTE, adj. carnal, contingent, accidental.

CONTINGENTEME'NTE, adv. by chance, accidentally.

CONTINGI'BLE, adj. that may chance, or happen.

CONTI'NO, adj. continual; alſo a ſervant.

CONTINUACIO'N, ſ. f. continuance.

CONTINUADAME'NTE, adv. continually.

CONTINUADO'R, ſ. m. one who continues or perſeveres.

CONTINUAME'NTE, adv. continually, perpetually.

CONTINUA'R, v. a. to continue, to lengthen.

CONTINUEDA'D, ſ. f. continuity, interrupted length.

CONTI'NUO, adj. continual, perpetual; alſo a ſervant.

CONTONEA'R, v a. to walk affectedly or make conceited geſtures, to move after a proud manner.

Contoneárſe, v. r. to move one's ſelf affectedly.

CONTONE'O, ſ. m. a proud conceited mien or behaviour.

CONTO'RNO, ſ. m. neighbourhood, the country round about.

CONTRA, prep. againſt.

CONTRAARMIñOS, ſ. m. colour contrary to the ermine; that is, black ſpotted with white. In blaſonry.

CONTRAATAQUE, ſ. m. an attack made on the ſide contrary to the expectation of the enemy.

CONTRABA'JO, ſ. m. the voice called the alt in muſic.

CONTRABANDI'STA, ſ. m. a ſmuggler.

CONTRABA'NDO, ſ. m. contraband goods.

CONTRABATERI'A, ſ. f. a counterbattery; a battery which plays upon another.

CONTRACA'MBIO, ſ. m. the loſs which any perſon ſuſtains by a ſecond changing or bartering of goods; alſo a reciprocal or mutual recompence.
CONTRACCION, ſ. f. contraction, drawing in a ſmall or narrow compaſs.
CONTRACE'DULA, ſ. f. counter note, or that which makes void another.
CONTRACI'FRA, ſ. f. counter cypher, or that which is the key to another.
CONTRACO'STA, ſ. f. the oppoſite ſide of a river or canal.
CONTRA'CTO, ſ. m. contract, bargain, covenant.
CONTRACU'LTO, ſ. m. who ſpeaks without affectation.
CONTRA'DA, ſ. f. territory, province.
CONTRADA'NZA, ſ. f. counterdance.
CONTRADECIDO'R, ſ. m. contradictor.
CONTRADECI'R, v. a. to contradict, to gainſay.
CONTRADI'CHO, p. p. contradicted.
CONTRADICCIO'N, ſ. f. contradiction.
CONTRADICTO'R, ſ. m. who contradicts.
CONTRADICTO'RIO, adj. contradictory, inconſiſtent with.
CONTRADICTORIAME'NTE, adv. oppoſitely, in contradiction.
CONTRADI'QUE, ſ. m. a counterdyke.
CONTRADUE'LO, ſ. m. a breach or contradiction to the law of duel.
CONTRAESCRITU'RA, ſ. f. an inſtrument of writing to reject a former writing.
CONTRAFO'SO, ſ. m. the avantfoſſe or ditch of the counterſcarp.
CONTRAFUE'RTE, ſ. m. a counterfort that covers another.
CONTRAGUARDA'R, v. n. to counterguard.
CONTRAGUA'RDIA, ſ. f. counterguard.
CONTRAHACEDO'R, ſ. m. a counterfeiter, a forger, one that imitates.
CONTRAHACE'R, v. a. to counterfeit, to imitate; to forge; alſo to act againſt.
CONTRAHACIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. counterfeiting, imitating, forging.
CONTRAHE'CHO, p. p. counterfeited, imitated, forged; mishapen, crooked, made the wrong way.
CONTRAHE'R, v. a. to contract, to bargain, to covenant.
Contrahér deudas, to run in debt.
Contrahér matrimonio, to marry.
CONTRAHIE'NTE, ſ. m. that contracts.
CONTRAHIE'RBA, ſ. f. alexipharmic, preſervative againſt poiſon, antidote.
CONTRALO'R, ſ. m. a comptroller.
CONTRAMAE'STRE, ſ. m. the mate of a ſhip.
CONTRAMANDA'R, v. a. to countermand.
CONTRAMA'RCHA, ſ. f. countermarch.
CONTRAMARCHA'R, v. n. to countermarch.
CONTRAMEZA'NA, ſ. f. the foremaſt of a ſhip.
CONTRAMI'NA, ſ. f. a countermine, a mine ſunk to find out the enemies mine.
CONTRAMINA'R, v. a. to countermine.
CONTRAMU'RA'LLA, ſ. f. a defence before the wall, a fauſſe braye.
CONTRAMU'RO, ſ. m. a low wall before the main wall of a fortreſs.
CONTRAO'RDEN, ſ. m. a counterorder.
CONTRAPASSA'R, v. n. to go over to the adverſe party.
CONTRAPA'SSO, ſ. m. a croſs ſtep in dancing.
CONTRAPE'LO, adv. againſt the hair or the grain.
CONTRAPESA'R, v. a. to counterpoiſe.
CONTRAPE'SO, ſ. m. counterpoiſe.
CONTRAPE'STE, ſ. m. a remedy againſt the plague.
CONTRAPONEDO'R, ſ. m. an oppoſer.
CONTRAPONE'R, v. a. to oppoſe, to ſet againſt, to reſiſt.
CONTRAPOSICION, ſ. f. oppoſition, ſetting againſt, contrariety.
CONTRAPUE'STO, p. p. of *contraponér*.
CONTRAPUGNA'R, v. a. to fight againſt, to oppoſe in battle.
CONTRAPU'NTEA'R, v. a. to counterpoint.
Contrapunteárſe, v. r. to be criticiſed on.
CONTRAPU'NTO, ſ. m. a counterpoint, a pauſe, or a reſt in muſic.
CONTRAQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a counterkeel of a ſhip.
CONTRARE'A, ſ. f. contradiction.
CONTRAREPA'RO, ſ. m. a counterprop, holdfaſt, or ſtay.
CONTRARESTA'R, v. a. to ſtop, or ſtand, to make effectual oppoſition or reſiſtance, to ſtand againſt.
CONTRARE'STO, ſ. m. he who is ſo placed in playing at ball as to ſtop it.
CONTRARIADO'R, ſ. m. one that oppoſes, reſiſts, or contradicts.
CONTRARIAME'NTE, adv. contrarily, in oppoſition.
CONTRARIA'R, v. a. to oppoſe, reſiſt, or contradict.
CONTRARIEDA'D, ſ. f. contrariety, oppoſition, contradiction.
CONTRA'RIO, adj. contrary, oppoſite.
Contrario, ſ. m. adverſary, enemy.
CONTRARIO'SO, adj. contrary, oppoſite.
CONTRARO'NDA, ſ. f. a counterround, when one goes one way, and the other comes another.
CONTRASCA'RPA, ſ. f. the counterſcarp, covered-way.
CONTRASE'ñO, ſ. m. } a coun-
CONTRASE'ñA, ſ. f. } terſign, a ſign agreed on.
CONTRASTA'BLE, adj. that may be oppoſed, reſiſted, or repelled.
CONTRASTADO'R, ſ. m. one

that oppoſes, reſiſts, repels, contends, or ſtrives.

CONTRASTA'R, v. a. to oppoſe, to reſiſt, to oppugn.

CONTRA'STE, ſ. m. contention, oppoſition, jarring; trouble, vexation; obſtruction in buſineſs.

Contraſte, ſ. m. an officer who weighs gold, ſilver, pearls, &c.

CONTRA'TA, ſ. f. contract, bargain.

CONTRATACIO'N, ſ. f. trade, commerce.

CONTRATAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a negotiation, tranſaction.

CONTRATA'R, v. a. to trade, to have dealings.

CONTRATE'LA, ſ. f. a ſecond encloſure made of ſpread canvaſs round a large piece of ground in order to confine the wild boars in a huntingmatch.

CONTRATIE'MPO, ſ. m. misfortune, caſualty, adverſity.

CONTRA'TO, ſ. m. contract, bargain; alſo trade, commerce.

Contráto, ſ. m. in cant, butchers ſhambles.

CONTRATRE'TA, ſ. f. a counterſtratagem, counter-plot.

CONTRAVALACIO'N, ſ. f. contravallation, a term uſed in fortification.

CONTRAVALA'R, v. a. to cut a trench guarded with a parapet, round about a place, that the beſiegers may ſtop the ſallies of the garriſon.

CONTRAVENCIO'N, ſ. f. contravention.

CONTRAVENE'NO, ſ. m. antidote.

CONTRAVENI'R, v. n. to oppoſe, to withſtand, to come againſt, to tranſgreſs.

CONTRAVENTO'R, ſ. m. he who breaks any order, a tranſgreſſor.

CONTRAVE'ROS, ſ. m. pl. in garments, it is an ornament ſo called.

CONTRA'Y, ſ. m. a ſort of fine cloth made in Flanders.

CONTRE'CHO, adj. mishapen, maimed, crippled.

CONTRIBUCIO'N, ſ. f. contribution.

CONTRIBUIDO'R, ſ. m. one that contributes, a contributor.

CONTRIBUI'R, v. a. to contribute.

CONTRICIO'N, ſ. f. contrition, penitence, ſorrow for ſins, repentance.

CONTRISTA'R, v. a. to contriſtate, to trouble, to afflict.

CONTRI'TO, adj. contrite, penitent, ſorrowful for his ſins.

CONTROVE'RSIA, ſ. f. controverſy.

CONTROVERSI'STA, ſ. m. one who holds or writes controverſies.

CONTROVE'RSO, adj. controverted.

CONTROVERTI'R, v. n. to controvert, to hold controverſies.

CONTUBE'RNIO, ſ. m. a company of ſoldiers that lodge in the ſame hut, or that are billetted and quartered together; familiarity, company, fellowship in one houſe; marriage with a ſervant, or of ſervants one with another.

CONTUMA'CIA, ſ. f. contumacy, obſtinacy, wilfulneſs, ſtubbornneſs.

CONTUMA'Z, adj. one term. obſtinate, wilful, ſtubborn; headſtrong.

CONTUMAZME'NTE, adv. obſtinately, wilfully, ſtubbornly.

CONTUME'LIA, ſ. f. contumely, reproach, ſlander.

CONTUMELIOSAME'NTE, adv. reproachfully, injuriouſly.

CONTUMELIO'SO, adj. contumelious, reproachful, ſlanderous.

CONTURBACIO'N, ſ. f. conturbation, trouble, diſquiet, perplexity.

CONTURBADO'R, ſ. m. a troubleſome perſon, a diſturber of others.

CONTURBAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. trouble, perplexity, vexation, anxiety, diſquiet.

CONTURBA'R, v. a. to trouble, to diſturb, or perplex.

CONTURBO'N, adj. obſ. turbulent, violent, that puts or throws every thing into diſorder.

CONTUSIO'N, ſ. f. a contuſion, or ſwelling which proceeds from a blow when no blood is drawn.

CONVALECE'NCIA, ſ. f. recovery of health, and ſtrength; alſo a place where perſons upon recovery are ſent to improve their health, apart from hoſpitals.

CONVALECE'R, v. n. to recover health, to grow ſtrong after ſickneſs.

CONVALECIE'NTE, ſ. m. one that is upon recovery or gathering ſtrength after a fit of ſickneſs.

CONVALECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. recovery of health or ſtrength after ſickneſs.

CONVECI'NO, adj. neighbouring, near.

CONVELE'RSE, v. r. to be moved, to be irritated, raiſed up in a paſſion.

CONVENCEDO'R, ſ. m. who convinces.

CONVENCE'R, v. a. to convince.

CONVENCION, ſ. f. bargain, agreement, covenant.

CONVENCIONA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a contract or agreement.

CONVENE'NCIA, ſ. f. agreement, unity.

CONVENI'BLE, adj. agreeable, expedient, fit; eaſy to be contented.

CONVENIBLEME'NTE, adv. agreeably, conveniently, contentedly.

CONVENIE'NCIA, ſ. f. convevenience, expediency.

CONVENIE'NTE, adj. convenient, expedient.

CONVENIENTEME'NTE, adv. conveniently.

CONVE'NIO, ſ. m. agreement, contract, convention.

CONVENI'R, v. a. to be convenient, expedient, fit, or proper; alſo to come together, to meet, to agree in opinion; alſo to cite or ſummon to appear.

Convenir a uno en juizio, to ſummon a man to appear in court.

No conviéne, it is not convenient, or proper to be done.

No conviénen entre ſi, they do not agree among themſelves.

Conviéne

Conviéne que ſe hága, it is expedient it be done.

CONVENTI'CULO, ſ. m. a conventicle, a ſmall meeting, always taken in an ill ſenſe.

CONVENTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little convent for women who have been proſtitutes, but deſign to repent and retire to a convent.

CONVE'NTO, ſ. m. a convent, a monaſtery, a religious-houſe, a meeting-place; alſo an agreement, a compact.

CONVENTUA'L, adj. belonging to the convent.

Conventuál, ſ. m. the friar or monk living in any particular convent.

CONVENTUALME'NTE, adv. after the manner of a convent, or by the authority of a convent.

CONVERGE'NTE, ſ. m. a converging or meeting of the rays of light in a point.

CONVERSA'BLE, adj. ſociable, affable, fit to converſe with.

CONVERSACI'ON, ſ. f. converſation, ſociety, diſcourſe.

CONVERSA'R, v. n. to diſcourſe, to talk together, to keep company.

CONVERSIO'N, ſ. f. converſion.

CONVE'RSIVO, adj. converted, changed.

CONVE'RSO, adj. converted.

CONVERTI'BLE, adj. convertible, that may be changed.

CONVERTI'DA, ſ. f. a woman that has lived lewdly and is retired to lead a religious life.

CONVERTIDO'R, ſ. m. one that converts others.

CONVERTIDU'RA, ſ. f. } a con-
CONVERTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } verting.

CONVERTI'R, v. a. to convert, to change, to alter.

CONVE'XO, adj. convex, the contrary to concave.

CONVE'Z, ſ. m. the deck of a ſhip.

CONVI'CIO, ſ. m. reproach, ſcandal, injury, affront.

CONVICTO'RIO, ſ. m. a place ſo called by the Jeſuits, where the ſcholars reſide, at ſome diſtance from the college.

CONVICTORI'STA, ſ. m. the ſcholar who lives in the *convictório*.

CONVIDADO'R, ſ. m. who invites another.

CONVIDA'R, v. a. vide *COMBIDA'R*.

CONVIE'NE, v. imp. it behoves, it is requiſite, or convenient.

CONVINCE'NTE, adj. that convinces.

CONVI'TE, ſ. m. vide *COMBI'TE*.

CONVOCACIO'N, ſ. f. convocation, calling together.

CONVOCADO'R, ſ. m. one that calls together.

CONVOCA'R, v. a. to call together.

CONVOCATO'RIA, ſ. f. a letter of invitation or ſummons.

CONVOLA'R, v. a. to fly and flock together, to haſten to a place.

CONVO'Y, ſ. m. a convoy.

CONVOYA'R, v. a. to convoy, or guard in ſafety.

CONVULSIO'N, ſ. f. a convulſion.

CONVULSI'VO, adj. belonging to a convulſion.

CONVU'SCO, adj. obſ. with you; uſed only by peaſants.

CONU'SCO, adj. obſ. with us; uſed by peaſants.

CONYECTO'R, ſ. m. a conjecturer, one who gueſſes.

CONYECTU'RA, ſ. f. a conjecture, a gueſs.

COO

COOPERACION, ſ. f. co-operation.

COOPERADO'R, ſ. m. one who cooperates or helps with another.

COOPERA'R, v. n. to co-operate, to help or aſſiſt with others.

COOPERARIO, ſ. m. co-operator.

COORDINACIO'N, ſ. f. co-ordination.

COORDINA'R, v. a. to place in order, to diſpoſe regularly.

COP

CO'PA, ſ. f. a cup, a goblet, a bowl to drink out of; alſo the hearts at cards.

Cópa de ſombréro, the crown of a hat.

Cópa de arbol, the round head of a tree that grows or is cut round.

Cópa de broquél, the middle of the buckler.

Cópa de una piedra, the collet of a ring, in which the ſtone is ſet.

COPA'DA, ſ. f. vide *COGUJA'DA*.

COPA'DO, adj. any thing that has a round head, like a cup.

COPA'L, ſ. m. a tranſparent reſin ſo called.

CO'PANO, ſ. m. a little boat.

COPA'YVA, ſ. f. *aceite de Copáyva*, a balſam ſo called.

COPE'LA, ſ. f. a little cup; a crucible.

COPELA'R, v. a. vide *CENDRAR*.

COPELLA'N, ſ. m. vide *COPE'LA*.

COPE'RA, ſ. m. a place to ſet cups and glaſſes.

COPERI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *copéro*.

COPE'RO, ſ. m. a cup-bearer.

COPE'TE, ſ. m. the forelock on the forehead; a foretop.

Copéte de cabállo, the lock of hair that hangs on a horſe's forehead.

Priméro que lo alcánce le ſudará el copéte, his foretop will ſweat before he gets it.

COPETU'DO, adj. boaſting of birth or nobility.

COPE'Y, ſ. m. a bitumen, which ſerves as well as tar for a ship.

Copéy, a tree ſo called.

CO'PIA, ſ. f. a copy; alſo abundance, plenty.

Hacér cópia de ſi, to give acceſs, to receive company, in a woman it is taken in an ill ſenſe.

COPIADO'R, ſ. m. one who copies any thing.

COPIA'R, v. a. to copy.

COPI'CA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cópa*.

COPILACIO'N, ſ. f. abridgment, extract.

COPILADO'R, ſ. m. one who gathers or collects.
COPILA'R, v. a. to compile, to gather, to collect.
COPILLA, ſ. f. a little cup; alſo a crucible.
COPIOSAME'NTE, adv. copiouſly, plentifully, abundantly.
COPIOSIDA'D, ſ. f. abundance, plenty, copiouſneſs.
COPIO'SO, adj. copious, plentiful, abundant.
COPI'STA, ſ. m. one that copies writings, a copier.
CO'PLA, ſ. f. a catch, a ſong, a ſtanza.
COPLEA'R, v. n. to verſify, to make ſongs.
COPE'RO, ſ. m. one who makes ſongs.
COPLI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cópla*.
COPLI'STA, ſ. m. who makes verſes or couplets, taken in a bad ſenſe.
COPLO'N, ſ. m. a bad, low, vulgar, or witleſs copla or ſtanza.
CO'PO, ſ. m. a tuft, diſtaff full of ſilk, cotton, hemp, or flax ready for ſpinning; alſo a flake of ſnow, and a gin to catch birds; a great pie containing all ſorts of meat, as pullets, pigeons, partridges, beef, mutton, bacon, &c.
COPO'N, ſ. m. any tall upright veſſel to drink out of.
Copón de cuéro, a leather jack.
COPO'SO, adj. full headed, as a tree, or full heaped meaſure.
COPREDE'RA, ſ. f. cover for a cup or the like.
CO'PULA, ſ. f. the joining together of any two things, copulation; alſo a ſtone in an arch called the key-ſtone, which finiſhes and holds together all the work; alſo a cupola, a dome, an hemiſpherical concave repreſenting the heavens and admitting the light at top.
COPULATIVAME'NTE, adv. in conjunction, jointly.
COPULATI'VO, adj. copulative, that joins together.

C O Q

COQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little worm; alſo a little cocoa-nut.
COQUI'NA, ſ. f. vide *ALME'JA*.

C O R

CORA'CHA, ſ. f. a ſack made of a bull's or cow's hide.
CORACI'LLA, } ſ. f. diminutive
CORACI'NA, } of *coráza*.
CORAÇONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little heart; alſo the herb called yarrow, or milfoil.
CORA'DA, ſ. f. the pluck or entrails of a beaſt.
CORADE'LA, ſ. f. idem.
CORA'GE, ſ. m. courage; rage, exceſs of paſſion.
CORAJOSAME'NTE, adv. furiouſly, paſſionately, outrageouſly.
CORAJO'SO, adj. vide *CORAJU'DO*.
CORAJU'DO, adj. violent, paſſionate, furious, outrageous.
CORA'L, ſ. m. coral, a plant growing in the ſea.
Fino como un corál, as fine as coral; ſaid of an arch roguiſh boy.
Juégo de maéſtre corál, juggling trick.
Cabos de corál, hafts of knives made of coral.
CORALA'DO, adj. of a coral-colour, or adorned with coral.
CORALI'NA, ſ. f. a ſea-plant ſo called.
CORA'MBRE, ſ. f. a dicker of leather.
CORAMBRE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who deals with *corámbre*.
CORAMVOBIS, ſ. m. a man's preſence.
CARA'ZA, ſ. f. a coat of mail, a cuiraſs, a breaſt-plate.
Tentár a uno las corázas, to feel whether a man has his amour on; to make trial of his courage, to try his mettle.
CORAZI'NA, ſ. m. a ſmall cuiraſs.
CORAZNA'DA, ſ. f. the internal part or heart of a pine-tree.
CORA'ZON, ſ. m. heart, courage.
Corazón de arból, the pith of a tree.
Corazón del mar, the depth of the
Corazón de inviérno, the depth of winter.
Hablár de corazón, to ſpeak affectionately, or ſincerely.
El corazón me da tal cóſa, my heart tells me ſuch a thing.
Hómbre de corazón, a man of courage.
Mal de corazón, the falling ſickneſs.
CORAZONA'DA, ſ. f. the palpitation or beating of the heart.
CORAZONA'ZO, augm. of *corazón*.
CORBACHA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given with the *corbacho*.
CORBA'CHO, ſ. m. a wand or bull's pizzle, the boatſwain of a galley ſtrikes the galley-ſlaves with.
CO'RBAS, ſ. f. pl. ſmall feathers in the hawk's wings.
CORBA'TA, ſ. f. a cravat.
CORBATI'N, ſ. m. ſtock, a cloſe neckcloth.
CORBE'TA, ſ. f. vide *CORVETA*.
CORCE'L, ſ. m. a courſer, a fine horſe.
CORCHE'A, ſ. f. a note in muſic called a crotchet.
CORCHE'RA, ſ. f. a veſſel made to keep ice in, to cool wine.
CORCHE'TA, ſ. f. that kind of ſmall ring made of wire, to which the hook called *corchéte* is faſtened.
CORCHETA'DA, ſ. f. a band of thiefcatchers.
CORCHE'TE, ſ. m. a hook, ſuch as is uſed about the cloaths; alſo a catchpole or ſerjeant to apprehend people.
CO'RCHO, ſ. m. cork.
Prov. *Andár cómo el córcho, ſobre el água*, to float like a cork upon water; not to be ſettled to any thing, to ſaunter idly about.
Hundir el córcho, to ſink the cork; to be in danger of being taken or ſurpriſed.
Nadár ſin córcho, to ſwim without cork, to ſtand in no need or the aſſiſtance of another.
CORCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little roebuck, a fawn.
CORCO'VA, ſ. f. a bunch in the back, crookedneſs.
CORCOVA'DO, adj. hunch-backed

CORCOVA'R, v. a. to crook, to bow, to make crooked.
CORCOVEA'R, v. n. to curvet or prance as a horſe does.
CORCO'VOS, ſ. m. pl. the plunging of a horſe.
CORDA'JE, ſ. m. vide *XA'RCIA*.
CORDA'L, adj. hindermoſt
Muéla cordál, the hindermoſt tooth.
CORDE'L, ſ. m. a rope, a halter, a ſtring.
Apretár los cordéles, to draw the ropes ſtraiter; that is, to wind up the rack and make a criminal confeſs; thence, applied to ſignify the preſſing a man hard to diſcover a ſecret, or to do any other thing againſt his inclination.
Echár el cordél, to do impartial juſtice.
CORDELE'JO, ſ. m. a ſmall cord or rope.
Dar cordeléjo, to rack, to vex, to torment.
CORDELI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cordél*.
CORDELLA'TE, ſ. m. a ſort of coarſe cloth that has the threads like packthread.
CORDE'RA, ſ. f. a yew-lamb.
CORDERI'A, ſ. f. cording, a place where cords are made or ſold; alſo a parcel of lambs.
CORDERI'CO, *CORDERI'LLO*, ſ. m. a little lamb.
CORDE'RO, ſ. m. a lamb.
CORDERUE'LO, ſ. m. a little lamb.
CORDERU'NA, ſ. f. a lamb-skin.
CORDERU'NO, adj. belonging of appertaining to lambs.
CORDEZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little rope or cord.
CORDIA'CO mórbo, a pain in the heart.
CORDIA'L, adj. cordial.
CORDIALME'NTE, adv. cordially.
CORDI'LLA, ſ. f. part of the inteſtines of sheep, given to cats for food.
CORDILLE'RA, ſ. f. a long range of mountains.
CORDOBA'N, ſ. m. vide *CORDOVA'N*.
CORDO'JO, ſ. m. obſ. trouble, ſorrow, grief.
CORDO'N, ſ. m. the lace, ſuch as women uſe to their ſtays; any ſilk rope, twiſt, braid, or lace; alſo a friar's rope; the ridge in a wall that ſticks out beyond the reſt. In fortification, a line, or intrenchment before a town or camp.
CORDONA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke with a rope.
CORDONA'DO, adj. corded, laced.
CORDONA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke or lash with a cord; alſo a great cor or lace.
CORDONCI'LLO, *CORDONCI'TO*, ſ. m. a little cord, braid, or lace; in fortification, a ſmall entrenchment.
CORDONERI'A, ſ. f. the place where lace is made or ſold.
CORDONE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes ſilk cords, twiſts, or laces.
CORDOBA'N, *CORDOVA'N*, ſ. m. cordovan, Spaniſh leather, goats leather.
Andár a la cordována, to go naked.
CORDU'LA, ſ. f. vide *CORDYLO*.
CORDU'RA, ſ. f. diſcretion, ſtaidneſs, gravity, wiſdom.
CORDY'LA, ſ. f. a young tunny-fish.
CORDY'LO, ſ. m. a beaſt like a crocodile.
CORECHAME'NTE, adv. ſtraight, clearly, fluently, in a fluent manner.
CORE'CHO, adj. ſtraight, clear, without any hinderance, fluent.
CORECI'CO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuéro*.
CO'RI, ſ. m. St. John's wort, or groundpine.
CORI'STA, ſ. m. a choriſter, one that ſings in the choir.
CORINTHIO, adj. of, or belonging to Corinth.
CORI'TO, a name they give to the people of the mountains of Old-Caſtile, Aſturias, and the parts adjoining.
CORLADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſort of goldlacker.
CO'RMA, ſ. f. a log of wood, ſuch as they put to beaſts feet, or to boys.
CORMA'NO, ſ. m. a brother of a different father or mother.
CORNA'CA, ſ. m. he that governs an elephant.
CORNA'DA, ſ. f. a push or punch with a beaſt's horn.
CORNADI'LLO, ſ. m. a very ſmall piece of money.
CORNA'DO, ſ. m. a very ſmall piece of money anciently uſed.
CORNAME'NTA, ſ. f. the horn put to any thing, as tipping, edging, or pointing.
CORNAMU'SA, ſ. f. a cornamuſe, a horn-pipe, a bag-pipe.
CORNAMU'ZA, ſ. f. one of the timbers in a ſhip ſo called.
CORNARI'NA, ſ. f. the cornelionſtone.
CO'RNEA, ſ. f. one of the coats of the eye.
CORNEADO'R, ſ. m. a beaſt that butts or toſſes with the horns.
CORNEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſounding a horn; butting with horns.
CORNEA'R, v. n. to horn, to butt with the horns, to blow a horn; alſo to cuckold.
CORNECI'CO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuerno*.
CORNE'JA, ſ. f. a daw, a rook.
CORNEJA'L, ſ. m. the corner or angle of any thing.
CORNE'JO, ſ. m. the wil cherry-tree.
CORNERI'NA, ſ. f. the cornelianſtone.
COROE'TA, ſ. f. cornet, the wind inſtrument ſo called; alſo the ſtandard or cornet of a troop of horſe.
CORNETI'CA, ſ. f. a little cornet.
CORNEZUE'LO, ſ. m. a little horn or bugle.
CORNICA'BRA, ſ. f. the turpentinetree; alſo ſmall olives ſo called.
CORNICULA'RIO, ſ. m. an officer or clerk under the tribunes, a cornet of horſe, a trooper in the wing of an army, a brigadier.
CORNICULA'TA, adj. belonging to the new moon.
CORNIFE'RO, adj. that wears or carries horns.
CORNIFO'RME, adj. an epithet

given to the comet when its tail appears crooked.

CORNIGE'RO, adj. vide *CORNIFE'RO.*

CORNI'JA, ſ. f. a cornice, either in maſons or in joyners work.

CORNIJA'L, ſ. m. a ſharp angle or cornel in a building or other thing.

CORNIJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *CORNISAME'NTO.*

CORNIJO'N, ſ. m. that part of the edifice which compriſes the architrave, freeſe, and cornice, and leans over columns.

CORNISA, ſ. f. vide *CORNIJA.*

CORNISAME'NTO, ſ. m. the cornicing in maſons or joyners work.

CORNI'ZO, ſ. m. vide *CORNE'JO.*

CORNIZO'LAS, ſ. f. pl. haws or hawberries.

CORNUCO'PIA, ſ. f. cornucopia, an emblem of plenty.

CORNUDADO'R. ſ. m. a cuckoldmaker.

CORNUDA'R, v. a. to make a cuckold.

CORNUDERI'A, ſ. f. cuckoldom.

CORNU'DO, adj. horned, cuckolded; alſo a ſort of fish.

CO'RO, ſ. m. choir.

Córo, ſ. m. the wind which blows from the place where the ſun ſets.

De córo, by heart.

CORO'CHA, ſ. f. a tunick or looſe coat to be worn over the veſt or doublet; a woman's gown, petticoat, or mantle.

COROGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. the deſcription of a particular place.

CORO'GRAPHO, ſ. m. he who deſcribes any particular place.

COROLA'RIO, ſ. m. a corollary.

CORO'NA, ſ. f. crown, garland, the crown of the head; alſo an ancient gold coin.

Coróna de luna, the circle that appears ſometimes about the moon.

Coróna de rey, the herb melilot.

Coróna de religióſo, the crown that is shaved on a religious man's head.

Coróna cívica, a garland of oak given to him that ſaved a citizen.

Coróna, in architecture, is the laſt conſiderable member in the entablature.

CORONACIO'N, ſ. f. a coronation.

CORONADO'R, ſ. m. one that crowns another.

CORONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a crowning.

CORONA'R, v. a. to crown.

Coronár la murálla, to crown the walls of a city; that is, to place many ſoldiers round upon them.

CORONA'RIA, ſ. f. the name of an artery, and alſo of a vein of the heart.

CORONA'RIO, adj. belonging to purified gold.

CORONDE'L, ſ. m. the partition wherewith the kernel of a walnut is divided, or the diviſion of columns made by printers.

CORONE'L, ſ. m. colonel; a nobleman's coronet.

CORONELI'A, ſ. f. colonelſhip, the office or poſt of a colonel.

CORO'NICA, ſ. f. a chronicle.

CORONI'CA, } ſ. f. a little crown
CORONI'LLA, } or garland.

Coronilla de la cabéza, the crown of the head.

Coronilla hiérba, the blue-bottle herb and flower.

Coronilla de mónte, the top of a mountain.

Coronilla de edifício, the top of a ſtructure.

CORONI'STA, ſ. m. an hiſtoriographer.

CORONI'TA, ſ. f. a little crown.

CORO'ZA, ſ. f. a painted cap like a mitre, made of paſteboard, ſet on the head of a bawd, carried about the ſtreets on an aſs, either to be whipped, or only expoſed to public shame.

COROZA'R, v. a to put on a *coroza*.

CORPANCHO'N, } ſ. m. a great
CORPA'NZO, } body.

CORPA'ZO, ſ. m. a great body.

CORPECI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuerpo.*

CORPEZUE'LO, ſ. m. a doublet or waiſtcoat without ſleeves.

CORPIÑE'JO, ſ. m. diminutive of *corpiño.*

CORPIÑO, ſ. m. a little doublet or waiſtcoat worn by women.

CORPORA'L, adj. corporal, belonging, to the body. Subſt. uſed, the linen cloth on which the ſacrament is laid.

CORPORALIDA'D, ſ. f. corporality.

CORPORALME'NTE, adv. bodily corporally.

CORPOREO, adj. corporeal, that has a body.

CORPS, ſ. m. the ſame as *cuerpo*, uſed in ſpeaking of ſome employments near the perſon of the king.

CORPU'DO, adj. corpulent, of great bulk.

CORPULE'NCIA, ſ. f. corpulence, bulkineſs.

CORPULE'NTO, adj. corpulent, big of body.

CORPUSCULA'R, adj. corpuſcular, relating to bodies, compriſing bodies, treating of corpuſcular atoms.

CORPUSCU'LO, ſ. m. corpuſcle little body atom.

CORRAGE'RO, ſ. m. a harneſsmaker.

CORRA'L, ſ. m. a yard, a court, the backſide of a houſe, any piece of ground next a houſe.

CORRALE'RO, ſ. m. one who breeds or ſells fowls, a higgler.

CORRALI'LLO ſ. m. a little court or yard, or backſide to a houſe.

CORRA'MBRE, ſ. m. vide *CORRAMBRE.*

CORRE'A, ſ. f. leather ſtrap, thong.

Tenér una correa, is to be patient or pliable like a thong.

Hacér correa el licór, to grow ropy.

Del cuéro ſalén las correas, thongs come out of the hide, that is, the parts come from the whole.

CORREA'GE, ſ. f. ſtraps, thongs, harneſs.

CORRECCIO'N, ſ. f. punishment, correction, reproof.
CORRECTAME'NTE, adv. correctly, with exactneſs, with accuracy.
CORRECTIVO, ſ. m. impediment, hindrance, obſtruction.
CORREOTO, adj. correct, free from error or miſtake.
CORRECTO'R, ſ. m. corrector.
CORREDENTO'R, ſ. m. the perſon vho with another helps a third.
CORREDE'RA, ſ. f. a place for horſes to run; a woman that runs about with things to ſell, as old cloaths, or the like. At ſea, a log-line.
Corredéra, ſ. f. the upper ſtone of any mill.
CORREDIZO, adj. apt to ſlip or run.
CORREDO'R, ſ. m. a gallery; a curtain; a broker; any ſort of runner. In a military ſenſe, one that goes out to diſcover or to ſcour the country. In cant, a catch-pole.
Corredór de lonja, an exchange-broker.
Corredór de ferias, a broker who drives bargains at fairs.
Corredór de óreja, a pimp.
CORREDO'RCILLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *corredór*.
CORREDU'RA, ſ. f. warlike incurſions.
CORREDURI'A, ſ. f. running about; alſo brokerage.
Salir á corredurias, to go out in parties to ſcour the country.
CORREGIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. docility, aptneſs to be taught.
CORREGI'BLE, adj. that may be corrected or mended.
CORREGIDOR, ſ. m. a corrector, the chief civil magiſtrate in every city or town of note.
Corregidóra de afeytes, ſ. f. a cant word for a chamber-maid.
CORREGIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the office or dignity of a *corregidór*.
CORREGIR, v. a. to correct, to amend, to punish, to chaſtiſe.
CORREGUE'LA, ſ. f. bloodwort.
Correguela, ſ. f. diminutive of *correa* a little leather ſtrap or thong.
Correguéla mayór, the great bindweed, or ropeweed.
Correguéla mácho the water-willow.
CORRELACIO'N, ſ. f. compariſon, ſimilitude.
CORRELATI'VO, } adj. related
CORRELA'TO, } to.
CORRENCIA, ſ. f. flux, looſeneſs.
CORRENDI'LLA, ſ. f. a place to run horſes.
CORRENTON, ſ. m. the perſon that takes a joke without being offended at it.
CORRE'O, ſ. m. a poſt, a letter-carrier: alſo the poſt-office.
CORREO'N, ſ. m. a great leather ſtrap or thong.
CORREO'SO, adj. any thing that ſtretches like a leather thong; ropy, tough.
CORRE'R, v. n. to run: to flow like liquor, to put one out of countenance, to bait.
Corrér a las paréjas, to run hand in hand.
Corrér ſortija, to run at the ring.
Corrér tóros, to ride ar the bulls, as they do in Spain with ſpears and on horſeback.
Huyr a tódo corrér, to fly upon a full ſpeed.
Corrér la poſta, to ride poſt.
Corrér el pálio, to run a race.
Corrér riéſgo, to run a hazard.
Corrér tal viénto, to blow.
Corrér la ſángre, to bleed.
Corrér la monéda, to be current.
Corrérſe, v. r. to be out of countenance.
CORRERI'A, ſ. f. running, excurſion of ſoldiers.
CORRE'SCA ſ. f. a weapon like a halbert.
CORRESPONDE'NCIA, ſ. f. correſpondence: return for kindneſs: uniformity.
CORRESPONDIE'NTE, adj. correſpondent: that anſwers to, uniform to.
CORRESPONDE'R, v. a. to keep correſpondence: to make a return for a kindneſs received: to be uniform with.
Correſpondérſe, v. r. to hold a correſpondence one with another.
CORRESPONSA'L, ſ. m. correſpondent, he who correſponds with another.
CORRETA'GE, ſ. m. running about alſo brokerage.
CORRETO'R, ſ. m. a corrector.
CORREVEDI'LE, ſ. m. the perſon who carries news to make a diſturbance: alſo a pimp.
CORRI'DA, ſ. f. a run, alſo putting any thing out of contenance.
De corrida, haſtily, running.
CORRIDAME'NTE, adv. currently.
CARRIDI'CA, ſ. f. diminutive of *corrida*.
CORRI'DO, adj. aſhamed, out of countenance.
CORRIENTE, ſ. m. a current; a ſmall brook, a channel, the current of a river or of the ſea.
Corriénte, adj. running.
Monéda corriénte, current coin.
Cóſa corriénte, a thing that paſſes without contradiction, generally received.
Irſe tras la corriénte, to run along with the ſtream.
CORRIENTEME'NTE, adv. plainly, expeditiously.
CORRILLE'RO, ſ. m. one who goes from one company to another to talk.
CORRI'LLO, ſ. m. a knot of people, a company ſtanding in a ring to talk.
CORRIO'LA, ſ. f. knot-graſs, ſwine's graſs, alſo the greater bind-weed or rope-weed.
CORRIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a running: alſo a putting out of countenance.
CORRI'NCHO, ſ. m. in cant, a court or yard: alſo a company of mean people.
CORRIVACIO'N, ſ. f. the running of waters together into one ſtream.
CORRO, ſ. m. a knot of people; a company ſtanding in a ring to talk: alſo a place to bait bulls.
CORROBORACIO'N, ſ. f. corroboration, ſtrenthening.
CORROBORA'R, v. a. to corroborate, to ſtrengthen.
CORROBRA, ſ. f. a reward gi-

ven to a broker or match-maker.

CORRÓE'R, v. a. to gnaw.

CORROLA'RIO, ſ. m. vide *COROLA'RIO.*

CORROMPEDO'R, ſ. m. a corrupter: a briber.

CORROMPE'R, v. a. to ſpoil, to putrefy, to corrupt, to bribe.

Corromper los juéces, to bribe judges.

Corromper las lettras, to forge letters.

Corrompér una doncélla, to debauch a maid.

Corrompérſe, v. r. to decay, to ſpoil.

CORROMPIDAME'NTE, adv. viciouſly, corruptly.

CORROMPIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. corrupting, ſpoiling: alſo bribing.

CORROSI'BLE, adj. corroſible, ſuſceptible of gradual deſtruction by corroſion.

CORROSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. corroſibility, poſſibility to be conſumed by a menſtruum.

CORROSIO'N, ſ. f. a gnawing.

CORROSIV'O, adj. corroſive.

CORRU'CA, ſ. f. the bird that hatches the cuckows eggs: a cuckold.

CORRUGACIO'N, ſ. f. wrinkling, contraction into vrinkles.

CORRU'GO, ſ. m. an ewer to wash hands.

CORRU'LLA, ſ. f. in gallies, a particular room ſo called under the deck.

CORRUMPI'R, v. a. to corrupt, to defile, to debauch: to bribe.

CORRUPCIO'N, ſ. f. corruption, putrefaction, rotteneſs; bribery.

CORRUPTAMENTE, adv. corruptly, viciously.

CORRUPTE'LA, ſ. f. for bribery: corruption.

CORRUPTIBILIDA'D, ſ. corruptibility.

CORRUPTI'BLE, adj. corruptible: that may be bribed.

CORRUPTIVO, adj. that can be corrupted.

CORRU'PTO, adj. corrupted, bribed, rotten, decayed, ſpoiled.

CORRUPTO'R, ſ. m. corrupter.

CORSA, ſ. f. a race, a coarſe; a ſailing of ſhips.

CORSI'A, ſ. f. the deck of a ſhip. In a galley, the gang-way: alſo the great gun on the prow.

CO'RSO, ſ. m. privateering, piracy.

Andár á córſo, to be out a pirating or privateering.

CO'RTA, ſ. f. the felling of timber for building; alſo a proviſion of timberwood for uſe and ſervice in war: timber-work.

CORTABO'LSAS, ſ. m. a cut-purſe.

CORTADE'RO, ſ. m. a cutting-room a place where people rail and backbite.

CORTADI'LLO, ſ. m. in cant, a cheat at cards.

CORTADO'R, ſ. m. a cutter, generally taken for a butcher.

Eſpada cortadóra, a ſharp cutting ſword.

CORTADU'RA, ſ. f. a cut a jag.

Cortadúras, open works with flowers, or figures.

CORTAME'NTE, adv. ſhortly, quickly.

CORTAMIEN'TO, ſ. m. the act of cutting.

CORTA'NTE, adj. cutting.

CORTA'O, ſ. m. a military engine formerly uſed to batter the walls of beſieged towns.

CORTAPI'COS Y CALLARES, a phraſe uſed to children, meaning that they prattle too much, and ask too many impertinent queſtions.

CORTAPIE'S, ſ. m. a cut upon the legs with a ſword.

CORTAPI'SA, ſ. f. a border about the skirt of a garment.

CORTA'R, v. a. to cut.

Cortár lárgo, a ſea-term; to ſail away large.

Cortár mas a la mar, to ſtand out to ſea.

Cortár el hllo, to ſtop proceedings, to interrupt.

Cortár a uno de veſtlr, to cut out a ſuit of cloaths; to ſpeak ill of a man.

Contárſe, v. r. to be daunted, or ſurpriſed, to be in conſternation; alſo to fall into a ſwoon.

Cortárſe el eſclávo, to contract with his maſter for ſo much a day, to be at liberty to work for himſelf, and earn what he can.

CO'RTE, ſ. m. the edge of a cutting inſtrument: alſo the terms of a compoſition of a difference; the quantity of ſtuff neceſſary to make a garment: alſo a yard.

Corte; ſ. f. the court of a prince, the place where the prince reſides, the palace, alſo the retinue of a prince; and the art of pleaſing.

Hacér córte, to flatter, to court, to endeavour to pleaſe.

CORTECI'CA, *CORTECILLA*, ſ. f. the bark of a tree, a ſmall bit of bread.

CORTEDA'D, ſ. f. ſhortneſs, brevity: niggardlineſs, bashfulneſs.

CORTE'JA, ſ. f. retinue, attendance, courtſhip.

CORTEJADO'R, ſ. m. one who courts, attends, or waits upon another; a courtier.

CORTEJA'R, v. a. to court, to attend, to wait upon: alſo to woo to ſolicit a woman, to flatter.

CORTE'JO, ſ. m. courtſhip, flattery: alſo a preſent, a little gift.

CO'RTES, ſ. f. the aſſembly of the ſtates of Spain.

Cortés, adj. courteous, civil.

CORTESA'NA, ſ. f. a female courtier: in an ill ſenſe, a lewd woman, a proſtitute, a woman of the town.

CORTESANAME'NTE, adv. courteouſly, civilly, after the court manner.

CORTESANI'A, ſ. f. a courtlineſs, civility, courteſy.

CORTESA'NO, adj. courteous, civil, well-bred.

Lettra córteſána, a very ſmall writing.

CORTESI'A, ſ. f. civility, courteſy, good manners: alſo a bow, a curteſy.

CORTESME'NTE, adv. civilly, courteouſly.

CORTE'ZA, ſ. f. the bark of a tree: a cruſt of bread; the rind of any thing; the ſurface of any

thing. In architecture, the shell or two faces of a wall filled in the middle with ſmall ſtones or rubbish.

Cortéças, pl. in cant, gloves.

CORTEZO'N, ſ. m. a great cruſt or bark.

CORTEZUDO, adj. that has a great bark.

CORTIDU'RA, ſ. f. vide *CURTIDURA*.

CORTI'JO, ſ. m. a farm, a countrihouſe, a hut, a cabbin; alſo a field of arable land. In cant, a bawdyhouſe.

CORTI'NA, ſ. f. curtain. In fortification, a curtain, the part of the wall or rampart that runs from one baſtion to another.

CORTINA'GE, ſ. m. a ſet of curtains.

CORTINA'L; ſ. m. a piece of ground not far from a town or village.

CO'RTO, adj. short., ſcanty; bashful, niggardly; fearful; covetous.

Córto de entendimiénto, half-witted.

Córto de razones, brief in words.

Córto de corazón, cow-hearted.

Córto de viſto, shart of ſight.

A la córta ó a la larga, ſoon or late.

CORTO'N, ſ. m. a dog or horſe that has his tail cut short.

CORTRA'YES, ſ. m. pl. linen made at Courtray in Flanders.

CORUSCA'NTE, adj. shining, bright, glittering.

CORU'SCO, adj. shining, glittering.

CORU'JA, ſ. f. a howlet.

CORULLE'RO, ſ. m. a galley-ſlave.

CO'RVA, ſ. f. the ham.

Córvas, pl. in falconri, the feathers in a hawk's wings next to the principal feathers called flags.

CORVADU'RA, ſ. f. the place where any thing bows or bends.

CORDA'R, v. a. to bow, to bend, to make crooked.

CORVA'TA, ſ. f. a cravat.

CORVATO, ſ. m. a young crow.

CORVECI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuérvo*.

CORVEJO'N, ſ. m. the joint which bows the foot of any beaſt.

CORVE'ñ A ráſa, the plain ground.

COVETA, ſ. f. the curvet or curvetting of a horſe.

CORVI'LLO, ſ. m. a little crow, diminutive of *cuérvo*.

Miércoles corvillo, Ash-wedneſday.

CORVI'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſea-fish.

CO'RVO, adj. crooked.

CORVU'RA, ſ. f. crookedneſs.

CORYPHE'O, ſ. m. a head, or chief.

CO'RZA, ſ. f. } a roebuck.
CO'RZO, ſ. m. }

CORZUE'LO, ſ. m. diminutive of *corzo*; alſo the wheat, that, having not been beat out of the husk, falls short of the unhusked, and thrown with the winnow.

COS

COS'A, ſ. f. a thing.

Cóſa cóſa, } ſ. f. a riddle, ſuch as
Cóſi cóſa, } children learn to puzzle one another.

No vále cóſa, it is worth nothing.

No es cóſa, it is no matter of moment, it is not proper.

No hay cóſa con cóſa, all is in confuſion, out of order.

Prov. *Tres coſas ſácan al hombre de ſino, mugér, náypes, y vino*, three things put a man beſides himſelf; a woman, cards and wine.

CO'SCA, ſ. f. obſ. the head.

COSCOGI'TA, ſ. f. vide *COSCOJI'TA*.

COSCO'JA, ſ. f. } a ſmall ſort of
COSCO'JO, ſ. m. } oak, on which the ſcarled-dye grows, uſed before cochineal came from the weſt Indies; alſo the dry pickly leaves of the oak; and the prickly wheels put to the bridles, to curb hard-mouthed horſes.

COSCOJA'L, ſ. f. } ſ. m. a grove
COSCOJA'R, ſ. m. } of ſuch oak-trees.

COSCOJI'TA, ſ. f. a hop upon one leg.

Jugar a coſcojita, a play among boys, hopping upon one foot.

COSCORRO'N, ſ. m. a knock on the pate which raiſes a bump, but does not draw blood.

COSE'CHA, ſ. f. harveſt.

COSECHE'RO, ſ. m. one who has a vineyard, and makes and ſells the wine himſelf.

COSEDI'ZO, adj. fit to be dreſſed for eating.

COSEDU'RA, ſ. f. ſewing together.

COSELE'TE, ſ. m. a corſelet.

COSER, v. a. to ſew as a taylor or ſeamſtreſs.

Coſérſe la bóca, to be ſilent.

Coſérſe con la tiérra, to lie flat upon the ground; to humble one's ſelf down to the ground.

Coſér a dos cabos, to ſew with both ends as ſhoe-makers do; to play Jack on both ſides; to hold with the hound and run with the hare.

COSE'RA, ſ. f. a field or portion of land that may be watered by what they call a *tanda*.

COSETA'DA, ſ. f. a quick run.

Dar coſetádas, to run with ſpeed, to run faſt.

COSIDU'RA, ſ. f. ſewing with a needle.

COSI'LLA, } ſ. f. a little thing.
COSI'TA, }

CO'SMICO, ſ. m. in aſtronomy, the riſing or ſetting of a ſtar with the ſun.

COSMOGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. coſmography, a deſcription of the world.

COSMO'GRAPHO, ſ. m. a coſmographer, one that deſcribes or underſtands the deſcription of the world.

COSQUI'LLAS, ſ. f. tickling.

Hacér coſquillas, to tickle.

No ſúfre ó no conſiénte coſquillas, he does not ſuffer; or conſent to be tickled; that is he ſhows a proper reſentment to thoſe who offer to jeſt with him in a ſcurrillous manner.

COSQUILLA'R, v. n. to tickle.

COSQUILLA'ZA, ſ. f. } a violent
COSQUILLO'N, ſ. m. } and ſudden tickle.

COSQUILLO'SO, adj. ticklish, skitish.

Coſquillóſo, one who cannot take a jeſt, impatient.

CO'SSA, ſ. f. vide *COSA*.

COSSARIO, ſ. m. a pirate, a ſea-rower.

Coſſário, adj. belonging to a pirate.

COSSELE'TE, ſ. m. vide *COSELE'TE*.

COSSO, ſ. m. the place for the bullfeaſts; alſo a ſort of great worm, growing in the trunk of fruit-trees.

CO'STA, ſ. f. coſt, charge, expence; alſo the ſea-coaſt; alſo the wedge shoe-makers drive in upon the laſt to raiſe the shoe on the inſtep.

Ir cóſta a cóſta, to coaſt along, to ſail cloſe by the shore.

Hómbre de la cóſta, one that lives near the ſea-coaſt.

COSTA'DO, ſ. m. the ſide, the flank.

Dolor de coſtadó, a pleuriſy.

COSTA'L, ſ. m. a ſack, a great bag.

Prov. *Cómo coſtál de carbonero, malo de fuéra, péór de dentro*, like a collier's ſack, bad without, and worſe within.

COSTALA'DA, ſ. f. a fall upon the back.

COSTALA'ZO, ſ. m. augmentative of *coſtál*.

COSTALE'JO, ſ. m. a little ſack.

COSTALE'RO, ſ. m. a porter or labouring man.

COSTALI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *coſtál*.

COSTANE'RA, ſ. f. vide *COSTADO*.

COSTANE'RO, adj. hilly, riſing like a hill.

COSTANI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſide of a hill.

COSTA'R, v. n. to coſt.

COS'TE, ſ. m. coſt, expence, charges.

COSTEAR, v. a. to coaſt along the shore; alſo to bear a man's charges, to pay the coſt of.

COSTE'RA, ſ. f. vide *COSTA'DO*.

COST'E'RO, ſ. m. a quarter of wood, a pile like a rafter.

COSTI'LLA, ſ. f. a rib.

Coſtillas, pl. all the back.

COSTILLA'GE, ſ. m. the ſtructure of the ribs.

COSTILLE'R, ſ. m. an officer of the houſhold ſo called.

COSTILLU'DO, adj. that has great ribs, a robuſt, rough hewn fellow.

CO'STO, ſ. m. an Indian tree ſo called.

COSTOSAME'NTE, adv. ſumptuouſly, coſtly, expenſively, chargeably.

COSTO'SO, adj. coſtly, expenſive, chargeable.

COSTRA, ſ. f. a cruſt, any thing that is cruſted and hardened together, as on a ſore, on any liquid or wet ſubſtance; alſo the face or outſide of a wall.

COSTRA'DA, ſ. f. a glazed cake; that is, which is cruſted over with ſugar.

COSTREñI'R, v. a. vide *CONSTREñI'R*.

COSTU'MBRE, ſ. f. cuſtom.

Coſtúmbre de la mugér, a woman's courſes.

Coſtúmbre hace ley, cuſtom becomes law.

COSTU'RA, ſ. f. a ſeam; alſo the joint of two boards.

COSTURE'RA, ſ. f. ſeamſtreſs.

COSTURON, ſ. m. a great coarſe ſeam; a great ſcar of a wound.

C O T

CO'TA, ſ. f. a coat of mail; alſo a long ſort of coat uſed formerly, or rather a veſt hanging to the middle of the leg, like a short caſſock, full of plaits, with wide ſleeves and welts; alſo a quotation of an author; and a quota, or that part that falls to a man's share.

COTA'NA, ſ. f. a ſquare hole made in a piece of wood to fix a ſquare piece of wood in it.

COTAN'ZA, ſ. f. a kind of fine and broad linen ſo called.

COTARRE'RA, ſ. f a mean woman.

COTARRE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a mean fellow, one that has been in an hoſpital.

COTA'RRO, ſ. m. a brothel, a bawdy houſe.

COTEA'R, v. a. to ſet bounds, to limit.

COTEJADO'R, ſ. m. a comparer.

COTEJAME'NTO, ſ. f. vide *COTEJO*.

COTEJA'R, v. a. to compare two things together.

COTE'JO, ſ. m. the comparing of two things together.

COTHU'RNO, ſ. m. buskins uſed by tragedians in acting with an high heel.

COTIDIANAME'NTE, adv. vide *QUOTIDINIAME'NTE*.

COTIDIA'NO, adj. vide *QUOTIDIA'NO*.

COTILIDO'NES, ſ. m. pl. the ends of certain veins and arteries ſo called.

COTI'LLA, ſ. f. the ſtays or boddice worn by women.

COTILLE'RO, ſ. m. a ſtay-maker.

COTI'N, ſ. m. a back ſtroke, given to a ball at tennis.

COTI'ZA, ſ. f. a certain band in a coat of arms.

CONTIZA'DO, adj. in heraldry, full of bands of different colours.

CO'TO ſ. m. a park, a warren; alſo the price ſet upon any commodity; the hand's breadth, when the four fingers are clinched and the thumb raiſed up.

COTO'N, ſ. m. cotton printed with many colours.

Cóton, in cant, a doublet.

Cóton colorado, in cant, a whipping.

Cotón dóblé, in cant, a coat of mail.

COTONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ball or knob, ſometimes full of cotton, put by painters at top of their rods.

COTONI'A, a ſ. f. ſort of to fine cloth made of cotton; dimity.

COTORRE'RA, ſ. f. a babbler; alſo a ſort of bird in America.

COTORRO, ſ. m. a ſink of filth.

COTRA'L, ſ. m. a beaſt ſeparated from the herb, or put aſide as of leſs value.

COTU'FA, ſ. f. a ſort of root, otherwiſe called *criadilla de tierra*. Vide *CRIADI'LLA*.

Pedir contúfas en el gólfo, to require impoſſibilities.

COTU'RNO, ſ. m. a ſort of buſkin; alſo a tragedy. Uſed only by poets.

C O V

COVA'CHA, ſ. f. a little cellar, cave, or den.

COVACHUE'LA, ſ. f. a little cave, or den; alſo the office of a ſecretary of ſtate in the palace.

COVANI'LLO, ſ. m. a little basket, ſuch as they uſe at the vintage to gather grapes in.

COVA'RDE, adj. vide *COBA'RDE*.

COVARDI'A, ſ. f. vide *COBARDI'A*.

COVEZUE'LA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cuéva*.

C O X

COXA'R, v. a. vide *COXEA'R*.

COXCORRO'N, ſ. m. vide *COSCORRO'N*.

COXEADO'R, ſ. m. one that halts.

COXEA'R, v. a. to halt, to go lame.

No coxéa déſſe pié, he does not halt with that foot, it is not that which troubles him, the fault lies not there.

COXEDA'D, ſ. f. lameneſs.

COXENDI'CO, ſ. m. the hipbone.

COXE'RA, ſ. f. vide *COXEDA'D*.

COXI'JU, ſ. m. pain, grief, trouble; alſo vermin.

COXIJO'SO, adj. that is very troubleſome; that is very uneaſy at every thing.

COXI'N, ſ. m. a cushion, a pillow.

COXINE'TE, ſ. m. a little cushion.

Coxinéte de ancas, a ſmall pillion, or a pillion for a woman to ride on.

COXINI'LLO, ſ. m. a little cushion.

COXITRANCA, ſ. m. a hopping fellow that is never ſtill.

CO'XO, ſ. m. one who has one leg shorter than another.

COXORRO'N, ſ. m. vide *COSCORRO'N*.

COXQUEA'R, v. a. vide *COXEA'R*.

COXQUI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. vide *COSQUI'LLAS*.

C O Y

CO'YMA, ſ. f. in cant, a whore.

COYME'RO, ſ. m. one who keeps a public gaming-houſe. In cant, a pimp.

COYU'NDA, ſ. f. a yoke for oxen; the thong belonging to the yoke.

COYUNDA'DO, adj. tied to the yoke.

COYUNTU'RA, ſ. f. a joint in a man's body, or any other thing; alſo an opportunity.

C O Z

COZ, ſ. f. a kick, or ſpurn.

Coz de arcabúz, the butt end of a musket; alſo the recoiling of it.

Entrárſe de coz y de hoz, to come in without ſaying by your leave or with your leave.

Dar cózes cóntra el aguijón, to ſpurn againſt the prick, to go on in a thing that is hurtful to one's ſelf.

C R A

CRARO'N, ſ. m. a kingd of great waſp; a hornet.

CRA'NEO, ſ. m. the brain-pan.

CRA'S, adv. obſ. to morrow.

CRASCITA'R, v. n. to reſemble the voice of a crow.

CRASSITU'D, ſ. f. fatneſs, and thickneſs.

CRA'SSO, adj. thick, fat; foolish, ignorant.

C R E

CRE'A, ſ. f. a ſort of linen cloth ſo called.

CREA'BLE, adj. that can be created.

CREACIO'N, ſ. f. the creation.

CREA'R, v. a. to create.

CREATU'RA, ſ. f. a creature.

CRECEDE'RO, adj. apt to grow, or increaſe.

CRECE'R, v. n. to grow, to increaſe.

Créce la mar, the ſea flows.

Créce el edificio, the ſtructure riſes.

Créce la lúna, the moon is in the increaſe.

Créce el précio, the price riſes.

Créces, ſ. f. pl. the overplus in meaſures of corn, or weight of bread.

CRECIDA, ſ. f. an augmentation or increaſe.

CRECIE'NTE, ſ. f. the increaſe of rivers by rain.

Creciénte, the flood; the increaſe of the moon.

CRECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. increaſe.

CREDE'NCIA, ſ. f. the credit that is given to any perſon; alſo the table which is covered by the altar, on which ſtands the wine and water when the biſhop ſay maſs.

CREDENCIE'RO, ſ. m. he that has charge of the *credéncia*.

CREDIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. credibility.

CRE'DITO, ſ. m. credit; alſo faith, teſtimony; alſo eſteem, good opinion; alſo a promiſſory note or any promiſe given; truſt repoſed.

CRE'DO, ſ. m. the belief, the creed.

En ménos de un crédo, in leſs time than a man will be ſaying his creed; in a trice, in a moment.

CREDULIDA'D, ſ. f. credulity, eaſineſs in believing or giving credit.

CRE'DULO, adj. credulous, apt to believe or give credit.

CREDULO'SO, adj. credulous, believing, crediting.

CREEDE'RO, adj. fit to be believed, probable, credible.

CREE'NCIA, ſ. f. belief, credit; the aſſay taken by the king's taſter of his meat and drink.

CREE'R, v. a. to believe.

CREHE'NCIA, ſ. f. vide *CREENCIA*.

CREI'BLE, adj. credible.

CREIBLEMEN'TE, adv. credibly, probably, plauſibly, in a manner that claims belief.

CRE'MA, ſ. f. not ſo good a word as *nata*, cream.

CREMO'R, ſ. m. cremour, the thinneſt and moſt delicate juice extracted out of any thing.

CRENCHA, ſ. f. the partition of the hair; the hair curiouſly parted on the forehead.

CREPUSCULI'NO, adj. belonging to the dawn of day.

CRESCE'R; v. n. vide *CRECE'R*.

CRESCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *CRECIMIE'NTO*.

CRE'SPA, ſ. f. curling of hair, feathers, or the like.

CRESPADU'RA, ſ. f. a curling.

CRESPA'R, v. a. to curl.

CRESPI'NO, ſ. f. a ſort of coif or head-dreſs made of curled ſilk; alſo a gooſeberry.

CRE'SPO, adj. curled.

CRESPUDIA'NA, ſ. f. the ſtone chelonites or toad-ſtone.

CRESPU'SCULO, ſ. m. the dawning of the day; morning and evening.

CRE'STA, ſ. f. the creſt of a helmet, or of a coat of arms; a copple-crown in a fowl, and a cock's comb.

CRESTA'DO, adj. creſted, that has a creſt.

CRESTI'LLA, ſ. f. a little creſt, cock's comb, or copple-crown.

CRESTO'N, ſ. m. the creſt of a helmet or of a coat of arms.

CRE'TA, ſ. f. a chop in the hand or in the earth.

CREYE'NTE, ſ. m. believer.

En juſtos y en creyéntes, a vulgar expreſſion uſed when any one endeavours to perſuade another of his ſincerity and truth, as we ſa. It is true as, I hope to be ſaved.

C R I

CRI'A, ſ. f. a breed, an offspring; alſo the young of any animal.

CRIACIO'N, ſ. f. the creation.

CRIA'DA, ſ. f. a maid-ſervant.

CRIADE'RO, that may be created.

CRIADI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſervant wench.

Criadilla de tiérra, a ſort of truffle.

Criadillas de cordéro, ſ. f. lamb ſtones.

CRIA'DO, adj. bred, brought up; alſo created; as,

Bien criádo, well-bred.

Mal criádo, ill-bred.

Nacido y criádo en Róma, born and bred at Rome.

Criádo, ſ. m. a ſervant.

CRIADO'R, ſ. m. a creator; alſo one that educates or breeds up another.

CRIAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. creation,

CRIA'NZA, ſ. f. breeding, good manners, education; alſo urbanity, humanity, courteſy.

CRIA'R, v. a. to breed up, to educate, to nurſe, to breed; alſo to create.

CRIATU'RA, ſ. f. a creature; alſo a child.

CRIATURI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *creatúra*.

CRIAZO'N, ſ. m. all the perſons belonging to one and the ſame family.

CRI'BA, ſ. f. a ſieve with large holes, uſed to ſift and cleanſe chopped ſtraw.

CRIBA'R, v. a. to ſift.

CRI'BO, ſ. m. a ſieve to cleanſe corn.

CRIBE'RO, ſ. m. a ſifter.

CRICA de mugér, ſ. f. the pterygium, or the nymphæ.

CRIDA'R, v. n. to cry out.

CRIE'TA, ſ. f. vide *GRIE'TA*.

CRI'MEN, ſ. m. a crime; generally taken for that which is heinous, or capital.

Crimen de leſa majeſtád, high-treaſon.

Eſcribano del crimén, a clerk or regiſter of a criminal court.

Juéz del crimen, a judge in criminal cauſes.

CRIMINACIO'N, ſ. f. accuſation.

CRIMINADO'R, ſ. m. an accuſer an evidence.

CRIMINA'L, adj. criminal.

CRIMINALIDA'D, ſ. f. the circumſtances of a crime.

CRIMINALME'NTE, adv. criminally.

CRIMINA'R, v. a. to accuſe any one of a crime.

CRIMINOSAME'NTE, adv. criminally.

CRIMINO'SO, adj. full of crimes.

CRIMNO, ſ. m. the coarſeſt ſort of flour.

CRIN, ſ. f. the hair of a horſe's main.

CRINA'DO, adj. that has a mane or hair like it; alſo a woman's hair dreſſed.

CRINA'R, v. a. to breeda mane; alſo to dreſs the hair.

Crines de caballo encrinejádas, the mane of a ſtone-horſe which riſes and ſtands hollow like a plume of feathers.

CRINITA'R, v. a. to foretel misfortunes.

CRINI'TO, adj. that has long hairs.

CRIO'JA, ſ. f. in cant, flesh.

CRIOJE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a butcher.

CRIO'LLO, ſ. m. the ſon of a Spaniard and weſt Indian woman.

CRISIS, ſ. f. the criſis of a diſtemper; alſo judgment.

CRI'SMA, ſ. f. vide *CHRI'SMA*.

CRISMA'R, v. a. to anoint with chriſm or holy oil, to confirm.

CRISME'RA, ſ. f. the little bottle in which the chriſm or holy oil is kept.

CRISNEJA'S, ſ. f. pl. vide *CRIZNEJA'S*.

CRISO'L, ſ. m. goldſmith's meltingpot, a crucible.

Paſſar por el criſól, to be refined, to ſtand trial.

CRISO'LITO, ſ. m. a chryſolite, a precious ſtone of a golden colour ſo called.

CRISPADU'RA, ſ. f. vide *CRESPADURA*.

CRISPA'R, v. a. vide *CRESPA'R*.

CRI'STA, ſ. f. a creſt of a helmet, a cock's comb.

CRISTA'L, adj. cryſtal.

CRISTALI'NO, adj. cryſtalline, clear, tranſparent.

CRISTE'L, ſ. m. a clyſter.

CRISTIA'DO, adj. that has a comb on the head like a cock or hen.

CRISTIANA'DO, p. p. chriſtened, made, a Chriſtian, baptized.

CRISTIANA'R, v. a. to chriſten, to make a Chriſtian, to baptize.
CRISTIANDA'D, ſ. f Chriſtianity, or Chriſtendom.
CRISTIANI'SMO, adj. a chriſtening, or baptizing; alſo Chriſtendom.
CRISTIANISSI'MO, ſ. m. the title given to the king of France.
Criſtiáno nuévo, a new Chriſtian; that is, who is either himſelf a convert, or deſcended from Moors or Jews.
Criſtiáno viéjo, an old Chriſtian; that is, whoſe race has no mixture of Jewish or Moorish blood.
CRISTO, ſ. m. Chriſt.
CRISUE'LA, ſ. f. a lamp, a candle, a light, a link.
CRITI'CA, ſ. f. criticiſm.
CRITICA'L, adj. critical.
CRITICAMENTE, adv. critically, in a critical manner, with exactneſs, with accuracy.
CRITICA'R, v. a. to criticiſe.
CRI'TICO, adj. critical.
Dias criticos, the days when a diſtemper comes to its criſis.
CRITIQUIZA'R, v. a. vide *CRITIC'AR*.
CRIVA'DO, adj. ſifted.
CRIZNE'JAS, ſ. f. pl. high plumes of feathers ſtanding upright, as were formerly worn in helmets; alſo wattles or hurdles.

C R O

CROCHE'L, ſ. m. a tower that forms a part of a palace.
CROCI'NO, ſ. m. a kind of ointment made with ſaffron.
CROCODI'LIO, ſ. m. an herb like a thiſtle, called *chamæleon niger*.
CROCODI'LO, ſ. m. a crocodile.
CROCOMA'GNA, ſ. m. dregs of the oil of ſaffron and other ſpices, made into balls.
CROCU'TA, ſ. f. a mongrel beaſt ſuppoſed between a dog and lion, or wolf.
CROMA'TICO, adj. vide *CHROMA'TICO*.
CRO'NICA, ſ. f. a chronicle.
CRONICA'DOR, *CRONI'STA*, { ſ. m. vide *CORONISTA*.
CRONOGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. chronography; an account of the times.
CRO'TO, ſ. m. a fowl called a bittern.

C R U

CRUAME'NTE, adv. obſ. cruelly.
CRUCERI'A, ſ. f. a barbarous or Gothic ſtructure.
CRUCE'RO, ſ. m. the croſs formed by a cathedral church; alſo a croſs-beam in any building; alſo a celeſtial ſign compoſed of ſix ſtars; alſo a croſs way.
CRUCIA'TA, ſ. f. the herb croſſwort, dwarf gentian, juſſon, mug-weed.
CRUCI'FERO, ſ. m. a croſs-bearer, or carrier, he that carries a croſs before an archbiſhop; one of that religious order, who always carry a croſs in their hands.
CRUCIFICA'R, v. a. to crucify, to nail to a croſs.
CRUCIFIXIO'N, ſ. f. crucifixion.
CRUCIFI'XO, ſ. m. the image of Chriſt on the croſs.
CRUCIFIXO'R, ſ. m. who crucifies.
CRUCIFO'RME, adj. cruciform, having the form of a croſs.
CRUCI'GERO, adj. vide *CRUCI'FERO*.
CRUDAME'NTE, adv. cruelly, rawly, bloodily.
CRUDE'L, adj. obſ. cruel.
CRUDE'ZA, ſ. f. cruelty, rawneſs, bloodineſs.
Crudéza, ſ. f. arrogance, boaſting.
CRUDI'O, adj. harsh, rough.
Sombras crudas, ſo painters call the deep shadows.
CRU'DO, adj. raw; metaph. rude, unpolished.
Al púnto crúdo, a ſeaſonable time.
CRUE'L, adj. cruel, fierce, bloody.
CRUELDA'D, *CRUELE'ZA*, { ſ. f. cruelty.
CRUELME'NTE, adv. cruelly.
CRUENTAME'NTE, adv. cruelly.
CRUENTA'R, v. a. to make bloody.
CRUE'NTO, adj. cruel, ſanguinary.
CRUE'RO, ſ. m. vide *RECUE'RO*.
CRUE'ZA, ſ. f. cruelty.
CRUGI'A, ſ. f. vide *CRUXI'A*.
CRUGI'R, v. n. vide *CRUXI'R*.
CRUO'R, ſ. m. blood. Poetical.
CRURA'L, adj. belonging to the leg.
CRURE'O, ſ. m. one of the muſcles of the leg ſo called.
CRUS, ſ. f. vide *CRUZ*.
CRU'STA, ſ. f. a ſcab growing on a fore.
CRUSTI'CO, adj. that beats like the clapper of a bell.
CRU'STULA, ſ. f. the cream that riſes on milk, or the like.
CRUXI'A, ſ. f. the walk or gang way in a galley.
Paſſár cruxia, to run the gauntlet.
Cañon de crúxia, the great gun in a galley.
CRUXI'DA, ſ. f. vide *CRUXI'A*
CRUXI'DO, ſ. m. a crack.
CRUXI'R, v. n. to crackle, to ruſtle, as ſilks do, to crack as the bones do, to gnash the teeth.
CRUZ, ſ. f. a croſs.
La cruz del cabállo, horſe's withers.
Hacérſe crúzes, to beſs one's ſelf.
Andár con las crúzes acuéſtas, to carry croſſes; that is, to be always at prayers and devotions.
CRUZA'DA, ſ. f. the cruſade; or croiſade; alſo a bull granting privileges to thoſe that give a ſmall alms for carrying on the war againſt infidels.
CRUZA'DO, p. p. croſſed; alſo a piece of money ſo called. In cant, the highway.
CRUZA'R, v. a. to croſs; alſo to cruiſe at ſea.
Cruzár la cara, to croſs the face; to give a cut on the face.
Cruzárſe, v. r. to lay croſs one thing upon another.

C R Y

CRYPTA, ſ. f. a grotto.
CRYSTA'L, ſ. m. cryſtal.
CRYSTALINO, adj. of cryſtal, bright, clear, tranſparent.
Humor cryſtalino, the cryſtalline humour, the ſecond humour of the

eye, that lies immediately next to the aqueous.

C U A

CUAJA'DA, ſ. f. curded milk, coagulated milk.

CUAJADI'LLO, ſ. m. a woven piece of ſilk intermixt with flowers.

CUAJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. coagulation, concretion, congelation.

CUAJA'R, v. a. to coagulate, to force into concretions.

Cuajárſe, v. r. to coagulate, to run into concretions.

CUAJARO'N, ſ. m. the quantity of liquor congealed.

CUA'JO, ſ. m. the milk curded found in the ſtamoch of young ſucking animals; alſo the root of any plant.

Hierba de cuájo, the herb cheeſe-wort that turns milk.

Enſanchar el cuájo, to cry.

CUATEQUI'L, ſ. m. the millet that is to be ſown; a word uſed in Mexcio.

C U B

CU'BA, ſ. f. a cask, tun, pipe, or hog shead; a great drinker; a paunchbelly.

Cúba de vendimiár, the vat into which the wine runs from the preſs.

Cúba de ſan Segúndo, a vaſt tun or cask.

CUBA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given by a cask or againſt one.

CUBE'BA, ſ. f. a ſmall Indian fruit or berry.

CUBE'RO, ſ. m. a cooper, one that makes vats for the vintage.

CUBERTA'DO, adj. covered.

CUBERTU'RA, ſ. f. a covering.

CUBERTI'ZO, ſ. m. vide *COBERTI'ZO*.

CUBE'TA, ſ. f diminutive of *cuba*.

CUBETI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cubeta*.

CUBE'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuba*.

CUBICE'TE, ſ. m. a board ſo called on board a ſhip.

CUBICO, adj. cubical, ſolid ſquare every way.

CUBICULA'RIO, ſ. m. the perſon who ſerves in the bed-chamber.

CUBI'CULO, ſ. m. a bed-chamber.

CUBIERTA, ſ. f. any covering; alſo the deck of a ſhip. In cant, a petticoat.

Cubiérta corrida, a deck that is flush, that is, which runs the length of the ſhip upon the level, without quarterdeck, half-deck, or the like.

CUBIE'RTO, adj. covered.

Cubierto, ſ. m. the plate, ſpoon, fork, and knife they uſe to put upon the table-cloth for each perſon; alſo lodging roof.

CUBI'JA, ſ. f. vide *COBI'JA*.

CUBIJADE'RA, ſ. f. procurer, a bawd.

CUBIJA'R, v. a. vide *COBIJA'R*.

CUBI'L, ſ. m. the hole or the cell of any wild animal.

Cubil de javalí, the couch of a wild boar.

CUBILE'TE, ſ. m. a ſort of drinking cup, or ſuch a cup as jugglers uſe to play their tricks; a pattee-pan to make little pies in; thence the pies themſelves; a box to throw dice in.

CUBILETE'RO, ſ. m. a juggler.

CUBI'LLO, ſ. m. a little tub, barrel, or cask; alſo the cantharides or Spaniſh fly; alſo a round turret, or an upright cup or dish.

CU'BITO, ſ. m. the elbow.

CU'BO, ſ. m. a tub, pail, or bucket; alſo the nave or round ſtock of a wheel in which the ſpokes are faſtened; a round tower.

Cúbo geométrico, a geometrical cube or ſolid ſquare.

CUBO'IDES, ſ. m. the foot-bone in anatomy.

CUBRI'R, v. a. to cover, to shelter.

Cubrirſe el cielo de núbes, to grow cloudy.

Cubrirſe de agua, to ſweat much.

Cubrir faltas, to conceal faults.

Cubrir a la yégua, to cover a mare.

Prov. *Quién te cúbre te deſúbre*, who covers you diſcovers you; that is, men's dreſs generally shows what they are.

C U C

CU'CA, ſ. f. they tell the children in Spain to hush them, that they will give them *cúcas*; that is, a ſmall ſort of nuts growing under ground, called *chúfas*, which children call *cúcas*.

Mala cúca, an ill woman.

CUCA'ÑA, ſ. f. the profit that is gainnd by another's coſt.

CUCAÑE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who waits an opportunity of gaining at another's coſt.

CUCARA'CHA, ſ. f. a ſmall inſect breeding under ciſterns of water or ſtones in damp places.

Cucarácha martin, in cant, a brown woman.

CUCA'Z, ſ. f. a ſort of ſcurf in a man or the farcy in a horſe.

CUCHA'R, ſ. f. a ſpoon.

Ave de cuchár, any broad-billed bird.

Bóta cuchár, a ſport among ſhepherds, and country people when they are eating milk or other ſpoon-meat, to ſtrike the ſpoons out of one another's hands, and the others to eat as faſt as they can whilſt they fetch them.

CUCHA'RA, ſ. f. a ſpoon; alſo the ladle uſed to charge great guns with, when they have no cartridges, but uſe looſe powder out of the barrel.

CUCHARA'DA, ſ. f. a ſpoonful.

Metér ſu cucharáda, to put in one's ſpoonful; that is, to intermeddle, to put in one's word.

CUCHARA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a ſpoon.

CUCHAREA'R, v. n. vide *CUCHARETEA'R*.

CUCHARE'TA, ſ. f. a litle ſpoon.

CUCHARETEA'R, v. a. to intermeddle with other perſons matters.

CUCHARETE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes ſpoons.
CUCHARI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cuchara*; a tea-ſpoon.
CUCHARI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cuchara*; a tea-ſpoon.
CUCHARO'N, ſ. m. a ladle.
CUCHICHIA'R, v. a. to chirp, to make a chirp like the partridges.
CUCHI'LLA, ſ. f. cleaver, chopping-knife, bookbinders knife to cut the leaves vith.
Cuchilla de montáña, the ridge of a mountain.
Señór de hórca y cuchilla, a lord who has power of life and death.
CUCHILLA'DA, ſ. f. a ſlash, a gaſh, a cut with a ſword or knife.
CUCHILLADI'CA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cúchillada*.
CUCHILLADO'R, ſ. m. one that cuts, or ſlashes.
CUCHILLA'R, v. a. to ſlash, hack, or cut.
CUCHILLA'ZO, ſ. m. a great knife, any great weapon.
CUCHILLE'GO, ſ. m. a little knife.
CUCHILLERO, ſ. m. a cutler.
CUCHILLICO, *CUCHILLI'JO*, } ſ. m. a little knife.
CUCHI'LLO, ſ. m. a knife.
Cuchillos, in falconry, are the ſix principal feathers in each of the hawk's wings, called the ſarcel feathers.
Cuchillos, what the taylors call gores to out into garments to make out the breadth.
Havér tenido el cuchillo a la gargánta, to have been in imminent danger of death.
CUCHILLO'N, ſ. m. a great knife.
CUCHUCHEA'R, v. n. to ſpeak low, to whiſper.
CUCIO'SO, adj. vide *ACUCIO'SO*.
CUCI'TA, ſ. f. a word uſed to call a dog.
CUCLI'LLAS, as *ſentárſe en cuclillas*, to ſit on one's hams.
CUCLI'LLO, ſ. m. a cuckow; alſo a cuckold.
Por vos cantó el cuclillo, the cuckow ſung for you; ſaid when two differing about any thing, a third makes his advantage of it.
CUCO, ſ. m. a catterpillar.
CUCU'LLA, ſ. f. a hood.
CUCURU'CHO, ſ. m. a cornet of paper uſed in ſhops.

C U D

CUDI'CIA, ſ. f. vide *CODI'CIA*.
CUDICIA'R, v. a. vide *CODICIA'R*.
CUDICIO'SO, adj. vide *CODICIO'SO*.
CUDRI'A, ſ. f. a rope made with reeds.

C U E

CUE'BA, ſ. f. vide *CUE'VA*.
CUEBA'NO, ſ. m. a great and deep basket made uſe of for vintage.
CUE'CA, ſ. f. vide *CUE'NCA*.
CUE'LGA, ſ. f. a preſent given on one's birthday, or the feſtival of the ſaint of one's name.
CUELLIERGUI'DO, adj. haughty, ſtiffnecked.
CUE'LLO, ſ. m. the neck; the collar of a garment or cape of a cloak; a ruff or band.
CUEMO, adv. obſ. vide *COMO*.
CUE'NCA, ſ. f. a round wooden dish.
Cuénca del ójo, the round hollowneſs in which the eye is placed.
CUE'NCO, ſ. m. a great pot or earthen veſſel.
CUE'NDA, ſ. f. the end of a skein of thread, ſilk, &c.
CUENQUEZI'LLA, ſ. f. a little wooden dish, or any thing deep and hollowed.
CUE'NTA, ſ. f. an account; alſo a bead.
Dar en la cuénta, or *caér en la cuénta*, to underſtand the matter, to conceive it, to hit upon it.
Téner cuénta con mugér, to have to do with a woman.
A cuénta mia, on my account; or on my ſecurity.
A eſſa cuénta if, ſo, after that rate.
Tenér cuenta, to obſerve, to take notice.
Cuénta con págo, balance of the receipt and expence.
A Dios hé de dar la cuénta, I ſhall anſwer it to God.
Prov. *Hacér la cuénta ſin la huéſpeda*, to reckon without the hoſteſs.
Prov. *Al dar la cuénta me lo diréis*, you will tell me more of it when you are called to account.
Prov. *Haya buéna cuénta, y no paréſca blánca*, let there be an exact account, though we never ſee a croſs.
Prov. *A cuéntas viéjas barájas nuévas*, old reckonings make new quarrels.
Prov. *Cuénta y rázon ſuſtenta amiſtád*, even reckoning makes long friends.
Cuéntas, pl. beads; alſo accounts.
Cuéntas de Santa Eléna, a ſort of roots brought from the Weſt Indies.
CUENTECI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuénto*.
CUENTECI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cuénta*.
CUENTISTA, ſ. m. a tale-teller; a giver of malignant intelligence.
CUE'NTO, ſ. m. a tale, or ſtory, a million or ten hundred thouſand; a prop, or ſhore to ſupport a houſe, wall, or the like; the butt end of a ſtaff, ſpear, or ſpike; a quarrel, a diſpute.
CUER, ſ. m. obſ. vide *CORAZO'N*.
CUE'RA, ſ. f. a leather jerkin; a buff coat.
CUE'RDA, ſ. f. cord, rope, ſtring, a ſoldier's match; a ſinew; in mathematics, a line drawn between the two extremities of an arch.
Apretár la cuérda, to wind up the rack; metaph. to preſs a man hard in any buſineſs.
Dar cuérda, to veer out a line; that is, to give a man a ſcope, not to be too preſſing upon him.
Dar cuérda al relój, to wind up a clock or watch.
CUERDAME'NTE, adv. diſcreetly, wiſely, prudently.

CUE'RDERO, ſ. m. a rope-maker.
CUERDEZUE'LA, ſ. f. diminutive of *cuérda*.
CUE'RDO, adj. diſcreet, wiſe, ſtaid.
CUERECI'CO, } ſ. m. a little
CUEREZUE'LO, } ſkin.
CUE'RNA, ſ. f. a ſtag's horn.
CUERNA'R, v. a. to cuckold.
CUERNECICO, }
CUERNECILLO, } ſ. m. dim. of
CUERNEZUELO, } *cuérno*.
CUERNE'RO, ſ. m. a horner, one that makes or ſells things of horn.
CUE'RNO, ſ. m. a horn.
Cuérnos de la lúna, the horns of the moon.
Cuérnos de anténas, booms, the two ends of poles that ſtick out beyond the ends of the yard-arms.
Cuérnos de altár, the corners of the altar.
Cuérnos de la batálla, the wings of the battle.
Quebrantár los cuérnos, to break the horns; that is, to pull down one; to humble one.
Levantar a uno ſobre el cuerno de la luna, to raiſe one upon the horn of the moon; that is, to praiſe, to celebrate one exceſſively.
Poner los cuernos, to cuckold one.
Verſe en los cuernos del toro, to be in a great danger.
CUE'RO, ſ. m. a hide, a skin; any leather, a hog's skin ſewed up and dreſſed to hold wine; a drunkard, In architecture it is either the face, or outſide of a wall.
Cuéro adobádo, dreſſed leather.
Eſtirar el cuéro, to ſtretch the leather; to ſtrain a thing to make it appear juſtifiable.
Romper ſólo el cuéro, to give a ſlight wound, which only breaks the skin.
Eſtár en cuéros, to be ſtark naked.
Cuéros, pl. gilt leather hangings.
CUERPEZI'CO, } ſ. m. a little bo
CUERPEZI'TO, } dy; diminuti-
CUERPEZUE'LO, } ves of *cuérpo*.
CUE'RPO, ſ. m. a body, a volume, a corporation, a body politic.
Cuérpo de guárdia, the corps de guard.
Cuérpo de igleſia, the body of the church, the middle of it.
Cuérpo á cuérpo, body to body, man to man, hand to hand.
En cuérpo, a man without a cloak, or a woman without a veil, or a ſcarf.
Tenér cuérpo, to have a body or ſubſtance.
Huyr el cuérpo, to ſhun a danger or trouble.
Hómbre de buen cuérpo, a well-bodied man, well-ſhaped.
Hacer del cuérpo, to eaſe one's ſelf.
CUE'RVA, ſ. f. the hen crow.
CUERVA'TO, ſ. m. a young crow.
CUERVECI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuervo*.
CUE'RVO, ſ. m. a crow.
Cuérvo marino, a cormorant.
CUE'SCO, ſ. m. the ſtone or core of any fruit.
CUESQUI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuéſco*.
CUE'STA, ſ. f. a hill.
Irſe cuéſta abáxo, to go down hill; to decline in age or fortune.
Hacérſelo a úno la cóſa cuéſta arriba, to do a thing againſt one's inclination.
A cuéſtas, on one's ſhoulders, or back.
CUESTECI'CA, } ſ. f. a little
CUESTECI'LLA, } hill.
CUE'VA, ſ. f. cellar, cave den; alſo the vat the wine runs into from the preſs.
Cueva de ladrones, a houſe of thieves, the place where they meet.
CUE'VANO, ſ. m. a great baſket to gather the grapes in at the vintage.
CUEVECI'TA, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuéva*.
CUEVE'RO, ſ. m. the man who makes caves.
CUE'XCA, ſ. f. in cant, a houſe.
CUE'ZO, ſ. m. a bricklayer's hod.

C U G

CUGUJA'DA, ſ. f. a lark.
CUGU'LLA, ſ. f. vide *COGU'LLA*.

C U I

CUIDADI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *cuidádo*.
CUIDA'DO, ſ. m. ſtudy, diligence, care.
CUIDADOSAME'NTE, adv. carefully.
CUIDADO'SO, adj. diligent, careful.
CUIDA'NZA, ſ. f. care, diligence.
CUIDA'R, v. a. to take care, to be diligent.
CUIDO'SO, adj. diligent, careful.
CUINO, ſ. m. a wedge, a company of foot drawn up wedge-wiſe, ſharp before, broad behind.
CUI'TA, ſ. f. anguiſh, anxiety, miſery.
Contár ſus cuitas, to tell one's troubles.
CUIRLACO'CHE, ſ. m. a bird ſo called.
CUITADI'LLO, ſ. m. poor little creature.
CUITA'DO, adj. miſerable, full of care, wretched, poor.
CUITAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. cowardice, puſillanimity.
CUITA'R, v. a. or *CUITA'R, SE*, v. r. to afflict, or to afflicted.

C U J

CUJA, ſ. f. a couch.

C U L

CULA'DA, ſ. f. a fall on the backſide.
CULANTRI'LLO, ſ. m. maidenhair.
CULA'NTRO, ſ. m. coriander plant and ſeed.
CULA'R, ſ. m. the gut of the fundament.

CULAS, ſ. f. pl. a term uſed in the game called *argolla*.

CULA'TA, ſ. f. the butt end of a muſket, the breech of a cannon.

CULA'ZO, ſ. m. a great breech.

CULCUSI'DO, ſ. m. botche up.

CULE'BRA, ſ. f. a ſnake; alſo a girdle with money ſewed up in it; in cant, a file.

Dar culébra, to torment, to plague, to vex one.

Sabe mas que las culébras, he is more cunning than ſnakes.

Dar culébras, to ſtrap one another, as footmen and pages do in dark nights with their girdles.

CULEBRA'ZO, ſ. m. a whipping, as the old priſoners give to a new comer.

CULEBREA'R, v. n. to move from one ſide to another, as the ſnake does.

CULEBRI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſnake; alſo a tetter, a ringworm.

CULEBRI'NA, ſ. f. a piece of cannon called a culverin.

CULEBRINA'R, v. a. to creep along the ground like a ſnake.

CULEBRO'N, ſ. m. augm of *culébra*; alſo a cunning, crafty man.

CULEBRU'NO, adj. of or belonging to a ſnake.

CULE'RA, ſ. f. a foul clout; ſuch as are laid to a child's breech.

CULE'RO, ſ. m. the ſame as *culera*.

Culéro, adj. that comes laſt to an appointed place.

CULI'CO, } ſ. m. a little bre-
CULI'TO, } ech.

CU'LO, ſ. m. the breech, the fundament.

CULO'N, ſ. m. a great breech, a great pair of buttocks.

CU'LPA, ſ. f. a fault.

CULPA'BLE, adj. blameable, faulty, culpable.

CULPABLEME'NTE, adv. faultily, blameably.

CULPADAME'NTE, adv. blameably.

CULPA'R, v. a. to blame.

CULTAME'NTE, adv. neatly, elegantly, finely.

CULTEDA'D, ſ. f. affectation in ſpeaking.

CULTERANI'SMO, ſ. m. affectation of elegance, endeavour after elegance. Applied only to ſpeech.

CULTERA'NO, adj. belonging to affectation in ſpeech.

CULTERI'A, ſ. f. affectation of elegance in ſpeech.

CULTE'RO, adj. ſpoken with affectation.

CULTIELLO, ſ. m. obſ. for *cuchillo*.

CULTIPARLA'R, v. n. to ſpeak with affectation.

CULTIPARLI'STA, ſ. m. he who ridiculouſly, endeavours after great elegance in ſpeech.

CULTIPICAñO, adj. that ſpeaks with a ridiculous endeavour after elegance, but is roguish at the ſame time.

CULTIVA'BLE, adj. that may be cultivated.

CULTIVACIO'N, ſ. f. cultivation.

CULTIVADO'R, ſ. m. tiller, manurer.

CULTIVA'R, v. a. to cultivate, to till, to manure.

Cultivár el ingénio, to improve one's wit.

CULTI'VO, ſ. m. the manuring or tilling of the ground.

CU'LTO, adj. adorned, dreſſed.

Lenguáge cúlto, in the beſt ſenſe formerly taken for refined language, now generally underſtood in the worſt ſenſe, for bombaſt, formal ſpeaking, or writing.

Cúlto divíno, ſ. m. divine worship.

CULTO'R, ſ. m. labourer, husbandman, he who cultivates the ground.

CULTU'RA, ſ. f. tillage. In ſpeaking or writing, pendantic or formal expreſſion; bombaſt; alſo culture, improvement in general; melioration.

CULTURA'R, v. a. to cultivate, to till, to manure.

C U M

CU'MBA, ſ. m. in cant, a tomb.

CUMBI', a fine ſort of cloth made of the wool of the *llámas* or Indian sheep.

CUMBLE'ZA, ſ. f. a concubine kept under the ſame roof with a wife.

CUMBLE'ZO, ſ. m. obſ. a rival in love.

CUMBRE, } ſ. f. the top.
CUMBRE'RA, }

CUMPLIDAME'NTE, adv. completely, fully.

COMPLIDE'RO, adj. that is to be, or may be performed.

CUMPLI'DO, adj. complete, accomplished, perfect; alſo performed, one.

Hómbre cumplído, a man that performs all he is obliged to in honour.

CUMPLIDO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who fulfils.

CUMPLIMENTA'R, v. a to compliment.

CUMPLIMENTE'RO, ſ. m. who makes compliments or ceremonies.

CUMPLIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. performance; alſo a compliment; in mathematics, it is the complement. In architecture, the wall betwixt two buttreſſes, the lath and plaſter betwixt two rafters, or the like.

CUMPLI'R, v. a. to accomplish, to perform, to do one's duty; alſo to be convenient.

Cumplír de palábra, to be obliging as far as words will go.

Cumplír proméſa, to perform a promiſe.

Cumplír años, to be come to one's birthday when ſo many years are up.

No cúmple ſe hága, it is not fit to be done.

CUMULADO'R, ſ. m. vide *ACUMULADO'R*.

CUMULA'R, v. a. to heap up.

CUMULATIVAME'NTE, adv. in heaps.

CU'MULO, ſ. m. an heap.

CUMUNALME'NTE, adv. obſ. commonly, promiſcuouſly.

C U N

CU'NA, ſ. f. a cradle.

Conocér á úno déſde la cúna, to know a man from his cradle or infancy.

CUNDEAMO'R, ſ. m. a ſweet herb which ſpreads much.

CUNDI'R, v. n. to ſpread, to increaſe, to thrive.

Cúnde como mánchà de aćéyte, it ſpreads like ſtain of oil.

CUNE'RA, ſ. f. the woman who rocks the cradle.

CUNE'TA, ſ. f. in fortification, a little trench, moat, or ditch.

C U ñ

CUñA, ſ. f. a wedge.

CUñADA, ſ. f. a ſiſter-in-law; that is, a brother's wife, or the ſiſter to a man's wife, or to a woman's husband.

CUñADERI'A, ſ. f. } the ſpiri-
CUñADERI'O, ſ. m. } tual affi-
CUñADE'Z. ſ. f. } nity contracted by one when he is godfather to a child.

CUñADO, ſ. m. a brother-in-law; that is, a ſiſter's husband, or a man's wife's brother, or the woman's husband's brother.

CUñA'DO, adj. coined, wedged.

CUñA'R, v. a. to coin, to wedge.

CUñO, ſ. m. a ſtamp to coin money with; a great hammer; alſo a key ſtone, as they uſe to ſhut up the top of an arch; being wide above and narrow below.

CUñUE'LA, ſ. f. a little wedge.

C U P

CUPE, ſ. m, a chariot, a carriage of pleaſure.

CU'PULA, ſ. f. a cupola.

CUPOLINO, ſ. m. a lanthern, the round building generally added to the top of a dome or *cupola*.

C U Q

CUQUILLE'RO, ſ. m. a baker's ſervant.

CUQUI'LLO, ſ. m. cuckow.

C U R

CU'RA, ſ. f. a cure; alſo a curate of a parish.

CURA'BLE, adj. curable that may be cured.

CURACIO'N, ſ. f. the application of medicines.

CURADERI'A, ſ. f. tutorship, or guardianship.

CURADI'LLO, ſ. m. the fish called poor Jack.

CURADO'R, ſ. m. a governor guardian or tutor; alſo a phyſician.

CURADU'RA, ſ. f. a maiming or cutting.

CURADURI'A, ſ. f. a guardianship, tutorship.

CURA'LLE, ſ. m. in falconry; the feathers given a hawk to make her caſt.

CURANDE'RO, ſ. m. a bleaching-place, a place to dreſs cloth; alſo a whitſter or dreſſer of cloth; alſo a quack in phyſic.

CURAR, v. a. to cure to dreſs.

Curár al enfêrmo, to cure a ſick man.

Curár la herîda, to dreſs a wound.

Curár de ſu negocio, to take care of buſineſs.

No curár de lo que ſe dîze, not to value what is ſaid.

Cúrar liénzo; to whiten linen.

Curár cuéro, to dreſs leather.

CURATI'VO, adj. that has the virtue of curing.

CURATO, } ſ. m. the parſonage
CURA'ZGO, } of a parish.

CU'RBAS, ſ. f. pl. crooked timbers, the ribs of a ship.

CUREñA, ſ. f. a carriage for cannon.

Ponérſe a curéñá râſa, to expoſe one's ſelf to the ordnance without any shelter.

Tirár a caréña râſa, to ſhoot at random without taking aim.

CU'RIA, ſ. f. a court of juſtice.

CURIA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a court judicature.

CURIA'NAS, ſ. f. pl. ſmall brush-wood, or the ſmall chips where wood has been hewed.

CURIOSAME'NTE, adv. curiouſli, neatly, carefully.

CURIOSIDA'D, ſ. f. curioſity.

CURIC'SO, adj. curious, neat, nice.

CURRU'CA, ſ. f. hedge-ſparrow or fitling, the bird that hatched the cucow's eggs.

CURSA'NTE, ſ. m. a ſcholar in an univerſity that follows the ſchools in due order.

CURSAR, v. a. to frequent, to follow the ſchools.

CURSI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſhort term in the year when the ſchools are open in the univerſities, diſtinct from the great one.

CURSI'VO, adj. Italic, ſaid of the kind of types for printing which moſt reſemble the common writing.

CU'RSO, ſ. m. a courſe, a race, a ſpace of time; the time when the ſchools are open every year in the univerſity; alſo a ſtool.

Los humóres hacén cúrſo a la párte mas flaca, humours flow to the weakeſt part.

Têner tántos curſos con la púrga, to have ſo many ſtools with a purge.

Ha paſſado tántos cúrſos, he has been at the ſchool ſo many years.

CURSO'R, ſ. m. a tipſtaff, a meſſenger to a court of juſtice.

CURTID'OR, ſ. m. a tanner.

CURTIDU'RA, ſ. f. tanning.

CURTI'R, v. a. to tan.

CU'RTO, adj. obſ. for *córto*.

CURVAS, ſ. f. pl. any crooked timbers belonging to a ship; the ribs of a ship.

CURVATO'N, ſ. m. diminutive of *curva*.

CURVATU'RA, ſ. f. a bending.

CURUEñA, ſ. f. the carriage of a piece of ordnance.

CURU'JA, ſ. f. a kind of owl.

CURVILI'NEO, adj. curvilinear, that conſiſts of crooked lines.

CURVO, adj. crooked.

CURULLA, ſ. f. the headmoſt bench of a galley.

CURULLE'RO, ſ. m. a ſlave that rows at the headmoſt bench of a galley.
CURU'XA, ſ. f. an owl.

C U S

CUSCU'LLA, ſ. f. obſ. holly, a kind of oak with prickly leaves.
CUSCU'TA, ſ. f. a weed with a red ſtalk, winding about herbs called dodder or withwind.
CUSI'R, v. a. vide *COSE'R*.
CUSTO'DIA, ſ. f. cuſtody; keeping, charge; alſo the tabernacle in which the ſacrament is kept on the altar.
CUSTO'DIO, ſ. m. the ſpiritual governor of a number of convents. One of the judges ſo denominated in the Franciſcan order. The guardian angel.

C U T

CUTA'NEO, adj. belonging to the skin.
CUTI'CULA, ſ. f. a little thin skin which covers the main skin of man or beaſt, extending all over like a membrane.
CUTICULA'R, adj. one term, belonging to the skin.
CUTIDE'RO, ſ. m. a battle, a fighting.
CU'TIO, ſ. m. as, *dia cútio*, a working day. Obſ.
CUTI'R, v. a. to ſhake, to knock one againſt another.
CU'TIS, ſ. f. the skin,

C U X

CUXA, ſ. f. litle caſe to ſupport the end of the lance; alſo a bedſtead.
CU'XO, ſ. m. a carder of wool.
CUXO'TES, ſ. m. pl. armour for the thigh.
CUY, *or* *CU'YO*, ſ. m. a little animal ſo called.
CU'YO, pron. relat. whoſe.

C U Z

CUZCU'Z, ſ. m. a whord uſed to call dogs by.

C Y C

CYCLA'DA, ſ. f. a kind of woman's gown with a long tail.
CYCLA'N, ſ. m. a rig, he that has but one teſticle.
CYCLO, ſ. m. cycle, a table to find out Eaſter-day.
CYCLOIDA'L, adj. belonging to a cycloid.
CYCLOIDE, ſ. f. a geometrical curve ſo called.
CYCLO'PE, ſ. m. Cyclop, one of the fabulous workmen in Vulcan's ſhop.

C Y L

CYLINDRICO, adj. of, or belonging to a roller.
CYLINDRO, ſ. m. a roller, a cylinder, a figure in geometry.

C Y M

CYMA, ſ. f. a ſprout; alſo a wave; alſo the heart of a thiſtle.
CYMA'CIO, ſ. m. a kind of carved work.
CYMBALA'RIA, ſ. f a plant ſo called.
CYMBALI'LLO, ſ. m. a little bell.
CY'MBALO, ſ. m. a cymbal, an inſtrument of muſic.

C Y N

CY'NICO, adj. cynic, cynical, having the qualities of a dog; currish, brutal, ſnarling, ſatirical.
Cy'nico, ſ. m. a cynic, a philoſopher of the ſnarliſh or currish kind.
CYNOCE'PHALO, ſ. m. a man with a dog's head.
CYNOMORRIO'N, ſ. m. a weed that grows amongſt corn and choaks it.
CYNOSU'RA, ſ. f. a ſtar in the tail of the Leſſer Bear.

C Y P

CYPRE'S, ſ. m. the cypreſs-tree.
CYPRESA'L, ſ. m. the place where the cypreſs-tree grows.
CYPRI'S, ſ. f. a ſort of wild goat in Peru.

C Y S

CYSNE, ſ. m. the Swan a ſort of bird, alſo a conſtellation of called, a poet.
Es blanco cómo un cyſne, as white as a ſwan.

D

D, before a proper name ſtands for Don.

D A B

DA'BLE, adj. eaſy to be done, that may be done, poſſible.

D A C

DACA, abbreviated from *dá açá*, give hither, give it me.

En dáca las pajas, in a moment.

No ſe me da náda, I care not.

DA'CIO, ſ. m. tax, cuſtom, duty.

DACIO'N, ſ. f. the act of giving any thing; uſed in law.

DA'CTYLO, ſ. m. a dactyl, a foot in poetry conſiſting of one long and two ſhort ſyllables.

D A D

DA'DA, ſ. f. the enjoyment, or poſſeſſion of any thing given.

DA'DIVA, ſ. f. a gift.

Prov. *Dádivas quebrentán peñas*, gifts break roks; kindneſs overcomes the hardeſt hearts, and bribes corrupt the moſt reſolved.

DADIVA'DO, adj. bribed, ſuborned.

DADIVOSAME'NTE, adv. liberally, bountifully.

DADIVOSIDA'D, ſ. f. liberality, bounty.

DADIVO'SO, adj. liberal, bountiful.

DA'DO, p. p. of *dar*, given.

Dádo, ſ. m. a dye to play with. In architecture, the plinth, the firſt and loweſt member of the baſe of a column.

Corrér el dádo, to have good fortune, good luck, good ſucceſs.

Echar dádo falſo, to deceive, to cheat.

DADO'R, ſ. m. a giver; among merchants, the drawer of a bill of exchange.

D A G

DAGA, ſ. f. a dagger.

DAGO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *dága*.

D I D

DAI'FA, ſ. f. a landlady, the miſtreſs of a houſe, a lady: a woman that entertains friends gratis, not an hoſteſs.

D A L

DA'LA, ſ. f. a gutter or pipe to convey the water out of the ship into the ſea.

DA'LGO, inſtead of *de álgo*, of ſomething: as *hijodálgo*, a gentleman: that is, a man of ſome note, or of ſome eſtate.

DALLADO'R, ſ. m. one who mows graſs.

DA'LLE, ſ. m. a ſtaff with a dagger at the end of it.

DALMATICA, ſ. f. the veſtment uſed by deacons when they officiate at the altar.

DALPHI'N, ſ. m. vide *DELFI'N*.

DALTIBA'XO, inſtead of *de alto abáxo*, from the top to the bottom, a downright ſtroke.

D A M

DA'MA, ſ. f. a lady: at cheſs, the queen: alſo a doe: a concubine.

Juégo de Dámas, the game of draughts.

DAMASCA'R, v. a. to damask.

DAMASCE'NAS, ſ. f. a ſort of plums.

DAMA'SCO, ſ. m. damask; alſo a ſort of apricors ſo called.

DAMASQUI'LLO, ſ. m. worſted damask, half thread, half worſted.

DAMASQUI'NO, adj. damasked, as ſwords and knives.

DAMA'ZA, ſ. f. augment. *dáma*.

DAMERI'A, ſ. f. delicacy, niceneſs.

DAME'RO, ſ. f. a draught-board to play at that game.

DAMISE'LA, ſ. f. a damſel, or young lady.

DAMNA'BLE, adj. damnable.

DAMNACIO'N, ſ. f. damnation.

DAMNIFICA'R, v. a. to damnify, to prejudice, to damage.

D A N

DANCHADO, adj. in heraldry, denticulated.

DANTA, ſ. f. an American animal ſo called.

DANTELA'DO, adj. vide *DANCHADO*.

DA'NZA, ſ. f. a dance.

Dánza hallada, a dance compoſed of many perſons with dreſſes ſuitable to repreſent any paſſage in hiſtory.

Dánza de matachines, a mimick or antick dance.

Dánza de eſpádas, a ſword-dance, alſo a quarrel, a fighting.

La dánza de orgáz, a diſorderly proceeding.

Por dónde vá la dánza, which way goes the dance? ſaid when a man asks for a thing that is quite over, or out of date.

DANZADO'R, *DANZA'NTE*, ſ. m. a dancer.

DANZA'R, v. n. to dance.

DANZARI'N, ſ. m. one who dances genteelly.

D A ñ

DAñADAME'NTE, adv. evilly, with an ill intention, corruptly.

DAñADO'R, ſ. m. one that damnifies, or does hurt.

DAñA'R, v. a. to damnify, to hurt.

DAñI'NO, adj. hurtful, miſchievous.

DA'ñO, ſ. m. detriment, loſs, hurt, damages.

Sin dáño de bárras, without préjudice to a third perſon.

DAñOSAME'NTE, adv. hurtfully, prejudicially.

DAñOSO, adj. miſchievous; hurtful.

D A R

DAR, v. a. to give, to beſtow, to ſtrike.

Dar un regálo, to give a preſent.

Dar por ningúno, to make void.

Dar de pálos, to cudgel.

Dar de nálgas, to fall upon one's breech.

Dar al través, to run a-ground, to perish.
Dar el relóx, ſpeaking of the clock, to ſtrike.
Dar el álma, to give up the ghoſt, to die.
Dar en el cáſo, to apprehend the matter, to hit upon it.
Dar un dolór, to be taken with a pain.
Dar en el blánco, to hit the mark.
Dar fé, to credit, to believe.
Dar ſu fé, to engage one's faith.
Dar lección, to teach, to read.
Dar consigo a úna párte, to caſt one's ſelf into a place.
Dar léche, to ſuckle.
Dar caréna, to careen.
Dar garróte, to ſtrangle.
Dar párte de un negocio, to impart a buſineſs.
Dar cón úna perſóna, to light upon a perſon.
Dar vóces, to cry out, to bawl.
Dar en cára, to upbraid, to caſt in the teeth.
Dar en los enemigos, to fall on the enemies.
Dar de máno, to quit, to abandon, to put aſide with the hand.
Dar del piê, to kick, to ſpurn.
Darſe, v. r. to yield, to ſurrender.
Dáſeme póco, I care but little.
Andár en dáres y tomáres, to differ, to procraſtinate.
Darle buélta, a ſea-term, to make faſt a rope.
Dárſe, v. r. to ſubmit, to ſurrender, to yield.
Dárſe a las létras, to apply to learning.
Dárſe por conténto, to reſt ſatisfied.
DARAGO'NCIA, ſ. f. the herb taragon.
DA'RCENA, ſ. f. dock to lay up ships.
DARDA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke or wound of a dart.
DARDI'LLO, ſ. m. a dart.
DA'RDO, ſ. m. a little dart.

D A T

DA'TA, ſ. f. the date of any writing.
DATARI'A, ſ. f. the chancery of Rome.
DATA'RIO, ſ. m. the preſident of the chancery of Rome, called datary.
DA'TIL, ſ. m. a date, the fruit of the palm-tree.
DATILA'DO, adj. ſhaped like a date, or of the colour of a date.
DATI'LILLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *dátil*.
DATI'VO, ſ. m. the dative caſe.

D A U

DA'UCO, ſ. m. a ſort of carrots in taſte and colour.

D A V

DAVIE'TE, ſ. m. ſomething ſo called on board a ſhip, uſed in weighing anchor.

D A Z

DA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſmall reed bearing ſeed, which they cut green to feed cattle in the ſpring.

D E

DE, prep. gen. dat. of, from, out of, to.
De, prep. for.
De miedo no pudo reſponder, he could not anſwer for fear.
De arriba abáxo, from top to bottom.
De acá, from hence.
De buena gána, with a good will.
De acculla, from thence.
De hécho, actually.
De aqui adelánte, henceforward.
De brúços, lying flat with the face down.
De aquí a póco, a short while hence.
De nóche, or *de dia*, by night, or by day.
De corrida, in haſte, running.
De lléno, full; *gólpe de lleno*, a full ſtroke.
Hóra de comér, time to dine.
De párte de afuera, on the outſide.
No parecér de vergüénza, not to appear for shame.
De párte a párte, , from ſide to ſide; that is, quite trough.
De bálde, for nothing, in vain.

D E A

DE'A, (for *diôſa*) ſ. f. a goddeſs.
DEA'N, ſ. m. a dean.
DEANA'SGO, *DEANA'TO*, ſ. m. a deanery.

D E B

DEBASTA'R, v. a. vide *DEBASTA'R*.
DEBASTI'A, ſ. f. a generation, or race.
DEBA'TE, ſ. m debate, contention, ſtriſe.
DEBATI'R, v. a. to contend, to debate.
DEBA'XO, adv. under.
DEBDO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *DEUDO*.
DEBELACIO'N, ſ. f. conqueſt, overthrow.
DEBELA'R, v. a. to vanquiſh, to overthrow, to demolish.
DEBE'R, v. a. to owe.
Hacér ſu deber, to do one's duty.
Hacer ſu debído, to perform one's duty.
DEBIDAME'NTE, adv. deſervedly, meritoriouſly; completely.
DE'BIL, adj. weak, feeble.
DEBILIDA'D, ſ. f. weakneſs, feebleneſs.
DEBILITACIO'N, ſ. f. weakneſs, infirmity, feebleneſs.
DEBILITADAME'NTE, adv. weakly, feebly.
DEBILITAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. weakening, enfeebling.
DEBILITA'R, v. a. to weaken, to enfeeble.
DEBILME'NTE, adv. feebly, weakly.
DE'BITO, ſ. m. debt, duty.
Debito, mutual obligation in marriage.
DE BRU'CES, adv. flat on the ground with the mouth down.
DEBUJADO'R, ſ. m. vide *DIBUXADO'R*.
DEBUJA'R, v. a. vide *DIBUXA'R*.
DEBU'JO, ſ. m. vide *DIBU'XO*.

DEC

DE'CADA, ſ. f. decad, the facts of ten years hiſtorically told.
DECADENCI'A, ſ. f. decay, fall.
DECAE'R, v. n. vide *DESCAE'R.*
DECAIME'NTO, ſ. m. vide *DESCAEMIE'NTO.*
DECALO'GO, ſ. m. decalogue, the ten commandments.
DECANA'TO, ſ. m. deaconry.
DECA'NO, ſ. m. a deacon.
DECANTA'DO, adj. not far from the place.
DECANTACIO'N, ſ. f. the act of decanting or pouring out
DECANTA'R, v. a. to ſing; alſo to magnify, to augment, to exaggerate.
DECEBIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. deceit, trick, fraud.
DECE'NA, ſ. f. ten in number.
DECENA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the number ten.
DECENA'RIO, ſ. m. the ſpace of ten years. Ten beads of a roſary or chaplet.
DECE'NCIA, ſ. f. decency; ſuitableneſs to character; modeſty.
DECENDE'NCIA, ſ. f. deſcent, poſterity, ſucceſſion.
DECENDE'R, v. a. to deſcend to come down, to proceed from.
Decendér de tal cáſa, to be deſcended from ſuch a family.
DECENDIE'NTE, ſ. m. a ſucceſſor, one that is deſcended from another.
DECENDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. deſcent.
Decendimiénto de mános, laying hands on another, by beating him.
DECENDI'R, v. a. to deſcend.
DECE'NIO, ſ. m. the ſpace of ten years.
DECE'NSO, ſ. m. a defluxion, the running of a cold.
DECE'NTA, ſ. f. a deſcent.
DECENTA'R, v. a. to pierce, to broach.
Decentárſe, v. r. to fret, to exulcerate, to make ſore.
DECE'NTE, adj. decent, becoming, fit, ſuitable.
DECENTEMEN'TE, adv. decently, juſtly.
DECEPCIO'N, ſ. f. a deception, a fraud, a deceit.
DECEPTA'R, v. a. to cut down, to level to make plain.
DE CE'RCA, adv. from a ſmall diſtance.
DECERNI'R, v. a. to determine, to decree, to reſolve.
DECESSIO'N, ſ. f. departure, yielding, giving way.
DECESSO'R, ſ. m. a predeceſſor; one that went before.
DECHA'DO, ſ. m. a pattern, an example, a copy.
DECI'BLE, adj. that can be ſaid.
DECIDE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. elegance in expreſſion, an eloquent or diſcreet oration or ſpeech.
DECIDE'RO, adj. fit to be ſaid.
DECIDI'R, v. a. to decide, to determine, to reſolve.
DECIDO'R, ſ. m. one who ſpeaks gracefully and elegantly.
DECIE'MBRE, ſ. m. December.
DECIFRADO'R, ſ. m. one that deciphers.
DECIFRA'R, v. a. to decipher.
DE'CIMA, ſ. f. a copy of verſes conſiſting of ten.
DECIMA'L, adj. the tenth or decimal part.
DE'CIMAS, ſ. f. pl. the tithes.
DECIMO, adj. the tenth.
DECI'R, v. a. to ſay, to ſpeak, to tuter.
Decir de una háſta ciento, to tell injuries to a man.
Decir nones, to deny.
Decir por decir, to talk lightly, to chatter.
Decir tixere as, to be obſtinate in a wrong opinion.
Decir y hacer, to ſay and to act; that is, to act in the ſame time as one ſpeaks.
DI'CHO, p. p. of *decir.*
DECISIO'N, ſ. f. deciſion, reſolution, determination, concluſion; alſo a ſentence.
DECISIVAMEN'TE, adv. deciſively, determinately, reſolutely.
DECISI'VO, adj. deciſive, determinate, concluſive.
DECI'SO, p. p. of *decidir*, decided, determined.
DECISO'RIO, adj. diſorderly, deciſive.
DECLAMACIO'N, ſ. f. declamation, ſpeech.
DECLAMADO'R, ſ. m. declaimer, orator, declamator.
DECLAMA'R, v. n. to declaim, to make a ſpeech.
DECLAMATO'RIO, adj. declamatory.
DECLARACIO'N, ſ. f. a declaration, manifeſtation, explanation, expoſition; alſo a depoſition in law.
DECLARADAME'NTE, adv. openly, clearly, evidently.
DECLARADO'R, ſ. m. he that declares, manifeſts.
DECLARA'NTE, ſ. m. he that makes a declaration before a judge.
DECLARA'R, v. a to declare, to manifeſt.
DECLARATI'VA, ſ. f. an eaſy and expeditious manner of expreſſing any thing elegantly.
DECLARATO'RIO, adj. declaratory, affirmative, expreſſive.
DECLINA'BLE, adj. declinable.
DECLINACIO'N, ſ. f. declination of words according to grammar; the declination of ſtars in aſtronomy; the declining of a diſtemper; diminution, decay.
DECLINADO'R, ſ. m. he that declines.
DECLINA'R, v. a. to decline grammatically or otherwiſe; alſo to adhere to.
Declinár juridicion, to remove a cauſe from one court to another.
Declinár de ſol, is for the ſun to be going down.
DECLINATO'RIO, ſ. m. the perſon who takes a ſolemn oath in the court.
DECLI'VE, ſ. m. declivity, deſcent.
DECOCCIO'N, ſ. f. decoction.
DE COMIENZO, adv. obſ. from the beginning, at the beginning.
DECORA'R, v. a. to adorn; alſo to learn by heart.

DECO'RO, adv. without book by heart.

DECO'RO, ſ. m. reſpect, decorum, decency.

DECOROSAME'NTE, adv. decently, reſpectfully.

DECORO'SO, adj. decent, reſpectful.

DE CORRI'LLO en corrillo, from one company to another.

DECOSTRADO'R, ſ. m. he that takes the rind, cruſt, or bark off any thing.

DECOSTRADU'RA, ſ. f. the taking the rind, cruſt, or bark off any thing.

DECOSTRA'R, v. a. to take the rind, cruſt, or bark off any thing.

DECRECE'R, v. n. vide *DESCRECE'R*.

DECREME'NTO, ſ. m. decreaſe, diminution.

DECREPITA'R, v. a. to dry any thing by the fire.

DECRE'PITO, adj. decrepit.

DECREPITU'D, ſ. f. decrepitude, old age.

DECRESCIE'NTE de la mar, ſ. f. the ebbing of the ſea.

DECRETA'L, ſ. m. the collection of the Pope's decrees.

Decretáles, ſ. m. a book of canon law.

DECRETALI'STA, ſ. m. the compoſer, expoſitor, or interpreter of the Pope's decretals.

DECRETA'R, v. a. to decree, to reſolve, to determine.

DECRETI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who ſtudies the decretals, decretiſt.

DECRE'TO, ſ. m. decree, edict, law; alſo the determination of a ſuit; alſo a volume of the canon law.

DECU'BITO, ſ. m. the depoſition made of ſome humour in any part of the body.

DECUCIO'N, ſ. f. vide *DECOCCIO'N*.

DECUMA'NA, ſ. f. the tenth thing in the numerical order.

DE'CUPLO, ſ. m. ten fold, ten times as much.

DECU'RIA, ſ. f. a decury, command of ten men.

DECURIO'N, ſ. m. a commander over ten men.

DECU'RSAS, ſ. f. pl. the arrears due.

DECU'RSO, ſ. m. a courſe.

D E D

DEDA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke with a finger; a finger's length.

DEDA'L, ſ. m. a thimble.

DE'DALO, ſ. m. a maze, a labyrinth.

DE DE'NTRO, adv. from within.

DEDICACIO'N, ſ. f. a dedication.

DEDICADO'R, ſ. m. he that dedicates; a dedicator.

DEDICA'NTE, ſ. m. the perſon that dedicates a book to a patron.

DEDICA'R, v. a. to dedicate; alſo to appoint.

Dedicárſe, v. r. to apply, to fix the mind upon.

DEDICATO'RIA, ſ. f. an epiſtle dedicatory.

DEDIGNA'R, v. a. to contemn, to deſpiſe, to reject, to diſeſteem.

Dedignárſe, v. r. to diſdain, to ſcorn.

DEDI'L, ſ. m. a thimble; a caſe of ſilk, linen, or leather to put over a finger that is hurt. In cant, a ring.

DEDI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *dedo*.

DE'DO, ſ. m. a finger.

Dédo pulgár, the tumb.

Dédo índice, the fore-finger.

Dédo de en médio, the middle-finger.

Dédo del anillo, dédo tercéro, dédo del corazón, the ring-finger.

Dédo meñique, the little finger.

Dédo del pié, a toe.

Medir a dédos, to meaſure exactly to an inch.

Alzár el dédo, to aſſure the performance of what one undertakes.

No diſcrepár un dédo, not to deviate the leaſt.

Señalár con el dédo, to point at with the finger.

Contár por los dédos, to reckon by the fingers.

Comérſe los dédos trás una cóſa, to be ready to eat one's fingers after a thing; to be very fond and eager after it.

No ſe déxa metér el dédo en lá bóca, he will not ſuffer one to put his finger into his mouth; that is, no fool.

Atár bién ſu dédo, to bind his finger well; that is, to underſtand, and take care of his buſineſs; to be ſharp.

DE DONDE, adv. from whence.

DEDUCCIO'N, ſ. f. deduction, derivation.

DEDUCI'R, v. a. to deduce, to infer.

D E E

DEE'SA, ſ. f. a goddeſs; only uſed in romances and poems.

DE ESPA'CIO, adv. at leiſure, ſlowly.

D E F

DEFALCA'R, v. n. to defalcate, to cut off.

DEFALLECE'R, v. n. obſ. vide *DESFALLECE'R*.

DEFALLIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a failure. Obſ.

DEFALTA'R, v. n. obſ. to fail.

DEFAMA'R, v. a. to defame, to detract from one's reputation.

DEFECCIO'N, ſ. f. defection, revolt.

DEFECTIBLE, adj. imperfect, deficient.

DEFECTIVO, adj. maimed, defective.

DEFE'CTO, ſ. m. defect, fault, miſtake, error.

DEFECTUOSAME'NTE, adv. imperfectly, deficiently.

DEFECTUO'SO, adj. imperfect, deficient.

DEFENDEDE'RO, adj. that can defend, capable of reſiſting.

DEFENDEDO'R, ſ. m. a defender.

DEFENDE'R, v. a. to defend, to protect, to aid, to relieve.

DEFENDIE'NTE, ſ. m. vide *DEFENSOR*.

DEFENDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. defence.
DEFE'NSA, ſ. f. defence, prohibition.
DEFENSA'BLE, adj. that can defend, capable of reſiſting.
DEFENSA'R, v. a. to defend.
DEFE'NSAS, ſ. f. pl. by Engliſh ſailors called fenders; pieces of old cables, ropes, or wooden billets, hung over the ſhip's ſide, that ſhe may not rub againſt any thing. In boats, ſhort ſtaves uſed to bear off the boat from beating againſt the ſhip's ſide.
DEFENSI'ON, ſ. f. a diſcharge.
DEFENSIVO, ſ. m. a defence, a ſafeguard.
DEFENSO'R, ſ. m. a defender.
DEFENSO'RIA, ſ. f. in law, the charge or office of the advocate.
DEFERI'R, v. n. to give way to another; alſo to put off, to delay.
DEFE'SA, ſ. f. vide *DEFENSA*.
DEFE'SO, adj. defended, protected.
DEFICIE'NTE, adj. deficient.
DEFINICIO'N, ſ. f. definition.
DEFINIDO'R, ſ. m. one who defines or determines.
DEFINI'R, v. a to explain, to define.
DEFINITIVAME'NTE, adv. deciſively, determinately, concluſively.
DEFINITIVO, adj. definitive, concluſive.
DEFINITO'RIO, ſ. m. the aſſembled body of thoſe members of a religious order that are called *Definidóres*. The hall wherein the *Definidores*, aſſemble upon occaſion.
DEFLU'XO, ſ. m. deflux, defluxion, downward flow.
DEFORMACIO'N, ſ. f. alteration, deſtruction.
DEFORMA'R, v. a to deform, to mishape.
DEFO'RME, adj. miſ-ſhapen, ugly, deformed.
DEFORMIDA'D, ſ. f. deformity.
DEFRAUDACIO'N, ſ. f. cheating, defrauding.
DEFRAUDADO'R, ſ. m. who cheats or deceives.
DEFRAUDA'R, v. a. to defraud, to deceive, to cheat.
DE FRE'NTE, adv. over-againſt.
DEFUE'RA, adv. without, or from without.
DEFUNCIO'N, ſ. f. a funeral.
DEFU'NTO, adj. vide *DIFUNTO*.

D E G

DEGENERACIO'N, ſ. f. degenerating.
DEGENERA'R, v. n. to degenerate.
DEGOLLACIO'N, ſ. f. the act of beheading.
DEGOLLA'DA, ſ. f. in dancing, the ſword-dance: laying the ſwords a bout one of the dancers, as if going to cut off his head.
DEGOLLADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where criminals are beheaded; where beaſts are ſlaughtered.
Llevar al degolladéro, to put one in danger of loſing his life.
DEGOLLADO'R, ſ. m. a beheader, a ſlaughterman, a hangman.
DEGOLLADU'RA, ſ. f. the wound made in beheading.
DEGOLLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a beheading, killing.
DEGOLLA'R, v. a. to behead, to kill or ſlay.
DE GO'LPE, adv. at a ſtroke.
Caér de gólpe, to fall down plumb.
DEGRADACIO'N, ſ. f. a degrading.
DEGRADAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. degrading.
DEGRADA'R, v. a. to degrade, to leſſen, to diminish the value.
DEGRE'DO, ſ. m. a decree.
DEGRESSIO'N, ſ. f. vide *DIGRESSION*.
DEGUE'LLO, ſ. m. beheading.

D E H

DE HE'CHO, adv. actually, in fact.
DEHENDE'R, v. a. to cleave aſunder.
DEHENDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a cleaving aſunder.
DEHE'SA, ſ. f. a paſture ground.
Dehesa concegil, a common paſture.
DEHESA'R, v. a. to fix upon, or appoint, or convert a piece of ground to a paſture.
DEHESE'RO, ſ. m. the keeper of the paſture.

D E I

DEICI'DA, *DEICI'DIO*, ſ. m. deicide.
DEIDA'D, ſ. f. a deity, a godhead.
DEIFE'RO, ſ. m. one who carries God with him.
DEIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. the infuſion of the grace of God into the ſoul.
DEIFICA'R, v. a. to deify.
DEI'FICO, adj. that belongs to God.
DE IMPROVI'SO, adv. on a ſudden, unawares, unexpectedly.
DEIPA'RO, adj. deiparous, that brings forth a God.
DEI'SMO, ſ. m. deiſm, the opinion of thoſe who only acknowledge one God without the reception of any received religion.
DEI'STA, ſ. m. a deiſt.
DEI'STICO, adj. deiſtick, belonging to the opinions or tenets of the deiſts.

D E J

DEJA'R, v. a. vide *DEXA'R*.
DEJARRETA'R, v. a. to hough, to hamſtring.
DEJENERA'R, v. n. vide *DEGENERA'R*.

D E L

DEL, of him, or of it.
DEL, *DELLA*, *DELLO*, of him, of her, of it.
Del todo, altogether, wholly.
DE[illegible]CIO'N, ſ. f. accuſation.
DELANTA'L, ſ. m. an apron.

DELA'NTE, adv. before.
DELANTE'RA, ſ. f. the fore part, the front, any thing to hang before.
DELANTE'RO, adj. that is before another.
Relóx delantéró, a clock or watch that goes too faſt.
DELA'NTRE, adv. obſ. vide *DELANTE*.
DELATA'BLE, adj. worthy of accuſation.
DELATA'R, v. a. to inform, to accuſe, to impeach.
DELA'TE, ſ. m. a highwayman.
DELATO'R, ſ. m. an informer, an evidence, an accuſer.
DELECTA'BLE, adj. delightful, pleaſant.
DELECTACIO'N, ſ. f. a delight, pleaſure, enjoyment.
DELECTA'R, v. a. to delight.
DELE'CTO, ſ. m. election, choice, picking out, muſter.
DELEGACIO'N, ſ. f. delegating, appointing, ſubſtituting.
DELEGA'DO, ſ. m. a delegate.
DELEGA'R, v. a. to delegate, to appoint, to ſubſtitute.
DELEITA'BLE, adj. delightful, pleaſant, charming.
DELEITACIO'N, ſ. f. enjoyment, ſatisfaction, pleaſure.
DELEITA'R, v. a. to delight.
DELEITE, ſ. m. delight, pleaſure.
Deleites, in the plural number, vicious pleaſures.
DELEITOSAME'NTE, adv. delightfully.
DELEITO'SO, adj. delightful.
DE LEJOS, adv. from afar off.
DELETREA'R, v. a. to ſpell; alſo to gueſs at.
DELEZA'RSE, v. a. vide *DEZLIZA'R*.
DELEZNA'BLE, adj. ſlippery, frail, unſtable.
DELEZNADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſlippery, or unſteady place.
DELEZNADI'ZO, adj. ſlippery.
DELEZNAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. inſtability, uncertainty.
DELEZNA'RSE, v. r. to ſlip, ſlide, or be unſteady.
DELFA, ſ. f. the plant ro[illegible] laurel.
DELFI'N, ſ. m. a dolphin.
DELGACE'RO, adv. obſ. vide *DELGADO*.
DELGADAME'NTE, adv. thinly, ſlenderly, alſo ingeniouſly ſubtilely.
DELGADE'Z, } ſ. f. thinneſs,
DELGADE'ZA, } ſlenderneſs.
DELGADILLO, adj. thinniſh, ſlenderiſh.
DELGADI'TO, adj. diminutive of *delgádo*.
DELGA'DO, adj. thin, ſlender.
DELGAZA'R, v. n. to grow thin.
DE'LIA, ſ. f. one of the names of Diana, or the moon.
DELIBERACIO'N, ſ. f. deliberation; reſolution, determination.
DELIBERADAME'NTE, adv. deliberately.
DELIBERA'DO, ſ. m. a deliberate perſon.
DELIBERAD'OR, ſ. m. one that deliberates or conſiders.
DELIBERAMI'ENTO, ſ. m. deliberation.
DELIBERA'R, v. a. to deliberate, to conſider, to adviſe; alſo to purpoſe, to reſolve.
DELIBRATI'VO, adj. belonging to deliberation.
DELIBERAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. deliverance.
DELIBRA'R, v. a. vide *LIBRA'R*.
DELICADAMENTE, adv. daintily, finely, delicately.
DELICADE'Z, } ſ. f. daintineſs,
DELICADE'ZA, } delicacy, niceneſs; alſo ſlenderneſs.
DELICA'DO, adj. dainty, delicate, nice, tender; alſo ſlender, and of a weak conſtitution.
DELICADU'RA, ſ. f. vide *DELICADE'ZA*.
DELICAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *DELICADE'Z*.
DELI'CIA, ſ. f. pl. delight, thing very agreeable and pleaſant.
DELICIA'RSE, v. r. to be delighted.
DELICIOSAMENTE, adv. deliciouſly, ſweetly, pleaſantly, delightfully.
DELICIO'SO, adj. delightful, delicious, ſweet, agreeable.
DELI'CTO, ſ. m. vide *DELI'TO*.
DE LIGE'RO, adv. lightly.
DELINEACIO'N, ſ. f. delineation, drawing out in lines.
DELINEAME'NTO, } ſ. m. de-
DELINEAMIE'NTO, } lineation, or drawing out in lines.
DELINEA'R, v. a. to delineate, to draw out in lines: to deſcribe.
DELIÑA'R, v. a. to adorn, to dreſs fine, to bedeck.
DELINQUE'NTE, ſ. m. a delinquent, an offender.
DELINQUI'R, v. n. to tranſgreſs, to offend, to commit a crime.
DELI'QUIO, ſ. m. a fainting, or ſwooning.
DELIRAME'NTO, ſ. m. phrenſy, madneſs, doating.
DELIRA'NTE, ſ. m. one that doats, is light-headed, or delirious.
DELIRA'R, v. n. to rave, to be light headed, to talk idly.
DELI'RIO, ſ. m. doating, lightneſs of head, frenzy, madneſs.
DELI'TO, ſ. m. a crime.
DELLAS, for *de ellas* of them.
DE LLE'NO, full; *dar de lleno*, to ſtrike full upon.
DE'LLO, for *de éllo*, of it.
DELPHI'N, ſ. m. a dolphin; alſo the dauphin of France; the title belonging to the French king's eldeſt ſon.
DELPHI'NIO, ſ. m. a purple-coloured flower.
DELU'BRO, ſ. m. poetical, a temple and the god worſhipped in it.
DELU'SOR, ſ. m. one who deludes, impoſes on, cheats.
DELUSTRA'R, v. a. to take away the beauty, or luſtre.
DELU'VIO, ſ. m. vide *DILUVIO*.

D E M

DE MADRUGA'DA, adv. early in the morning.
DE MAÑA'NA, adv. in the morning.
DE MANCOMU'N, adv. with public concurrence or aſſiſtance.

DEMA'NDA, ſ. f. demand, ſuit, ſupplication; alſo enterpriſe, arduous attempt.

Morir en la demánda, to die in the quartel.

DEMANDADE'RA, ſ. f. a woman the nuns keep out of the monaſtery to run about on their errands.

DEMANDADE'RO; ſ. m. one that goes about begging for ſome pious uſes.

DEMANDADO'R, ſ. m. a demander, a ſuitor a plaintiff, alſo a beggar.

DEMANDA'R, v. a. to require, to demand, to ask, to ſue for, to beg.

DE MANE'RA, adv. ſo that.

DEMARCACIO'N, ſ. f. the marking out or dividing of provinces.

DEMARCA'R, v. a. to mark out.

DEMA'S, adv. beſides, moreover, over and above.

Es por démas, it is to no purpoſe.

Pédro por démas, an inſignificant or uſeleſs perſon.

DEMASI'A, ſ. f. overplus, ſuperfluity; alſo an affront, wrong, rudeneſs.

DEMASIADAME'NTE, adv. exceſſively.

DEMASIA'DO, adj. overmuch, exceſſive; alſo rude, unmannerly.

DEMEDIAR, v. a. to divide into halves.

DEME'NCIA, ſ. f. madneſs.

DEMENTA'R, v. a. to be mad.

DEME'NTE, adj. mad.

DEME'RITO, ſ. m. want of merit, demerit.

DEMIAS, ſ. f. pl. in cant, ſtocking's.

DEMISSIO'N, ſ. f. humility, ſubmiſſion.

DEMO, ſ. m. vide *DEMONIO*.

DEMOCRA'CIA, ſ. f. a democracy, a popular ſtate.

DEMOCRA'TICO, adj. democratic, popular.

DE MODO, adv. after that manner, in ſuch a manner.

DEMOLE'R, v. a. to demolish, ruin, or deſtroy.

DEMOLICIO'N, ſ. f. deſtruction, demolition, ruin.

DEMONI'ACO, adj. poſſeſſed by the devil, demoniack, devilish.

DEMONIA'DO, adj. idem.

DEMONICHU'CHO, ſ. m. a contemptuous diminutive of *demonio*.

DEMO'NIO, ſ. m. the devil.

DE'MONOS, for *demos nos*, let us ſurrender ourſelves.

DEMONSTRA'BLE, adj. demonſtrable, that can be demonſtrated.

DEMONSTRACIO'N, ſ. f. demonſtration.

Hacér ſuna demonſtracion, to do ſome noted act, to expreſs one's toughts or reſentment, by geſtures.

DEMONSTRADO'R, ſ. m. one that demonſtrates or shews things plain.

DEMONSTRA'R, v. a. to demonſtrate, to show a thing plainly.

DEMONSTRATI'VO, adj. demonſtrative.

Demonſtrativo, ſ. m. a demonſtration.

DE MONTO'N, adv. in a heap.

DEMO'RA, ſ. f. delay.

DEMORA'R, v. n. to delay, to keep back, to hinder.

DEMOSTRA'R, v. a. vide *DEMONSTRAR*.

DEMUDACIO'N, ſ. f. changing countenance, turning pale.

DEMUDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. change, alteration.

DEMUDA'R, v. a. to change, to alter.

Demudárſe, v. r. to change countenance, to turn pale.

DEMUE'STRA, ſ. f. ſhewing, pointing out.

D E N

DENA'NTES, adv. before now, awhile ago.

DENA'RIO, ſ. m. the tenth in number, tens in numeration, as units, tens, hundreds, &c. alſo the Roman coin called *denarius*.

DE'NDE, adv. from, ſince; as, *dénde en adelante*, from this time forwards.

Dénde entónces, ſince then.

Dénde la calle, from the ſtreet.

DENEGACIO'N, ſ. f. denial, refuſal.

DENEGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. denial, refuſal.

DENEGA'R, v. a. to deny, to refuſe.

DENEGRECE'R, v. a to make black.

DENEGRIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. blacking.

DENEGRI'R, v. a. to blacken.

DENGO'SA, ſ. f. a coy or affected perſon.

DE'NGUE, ſ. m. coyneſs, affectation.

DENGUE'RA, ſ. f. a coy or affected perſon.

DENIGRA'R, v. a. to defame, to blacken, to ſtain the reputation.

DENIGRATI'VO, adj. ſtained, ſpotted, beackened, defamed.

DENODA'DO, adj. bold, reſolute, intrepid.

DENODAME'NTE, adv. boldly, reſolutely.

DENOMINACIO'N, ſ. f. denomination.

DENOMINADO'R, ſ. m. one who denominates, denominator; the number below the line, ſhewing the nature and quality of the parts which any integer is ſuppoſed to be divided into.

DENOMINA'R, v. a. to denominate.

DE NO NA'DA, adv. out of nothing.

DENOSTRA'R, v. a. to revile, to affront.

DENO'STO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *DENUESTO*.

DENOTA'R, v. a. to denote, to ſhew, to ſignify; to explain.

DENSAME'NTE, adv. thickly; obſcurely.

DENSA'R, v. a. to thicken, to condenſe.

DENSIDA'D, ſ. f. thickneſs, obſcurity.

DE'NSO, adj. thick, cloſe, compact.

DENTA'DO, adj. that has teeth.

DENTADU'RA, ſ. f. the whole ſet of teeth and their order.

DENTAL

DENTA'L, ſ. m. the beam of the plough to which the ploughshare is faſtened; a great fork.
DENTA'R, v. a. to make teeth to any thing; to breed teeth.
DENTARA'DA, ſ. f. a mark or bite of a tooth.
DENTIA'R, v. a. to move the teeth.
DENTECE'R, v. n. to breed teeth.
DENTELLA'DA, ſ. f. the noiſe made by clapping the teeth together; the impreſſion made with the teeth in any thing.
DENTELLA'R, v. a. to ſnap like a dog, to bite, to gunw, to make an impreſſion with the teeth, to chatter with the teeth.
DENTE'LLO, ſ. m. in architecture, thoſe pieces jutting out under the cornice or on the frize, at ſmall diſtances, called *dentelli*.
DENTELLO'NES, ſ. m. pl. biting, ſnaping like a dog, the impreſſions of the teeth.
DENTE'RA, ſ. f. the teeth being an edge.
DENTEZUE'LO, ſ. m. a little tooth.
DENTIBANO, adj. vide *DENTIVA'NO*.
DENTICULA'R, adj. in the form or shape of teeth.
DENTIVA'NO, adj. having teeth long and broad, and ſome of them hollow; ſaid of horſes and mares.
DENTO'N, ſ. m. he that has great teeth; alſo a ſort of ſea-bream that has large teeth.
Dentones, ſ. m. pl. in cant, pincers.
DE'NTRO, adv. within.
DENTU'DO, adj. that has teeth.
DENUEDO, ſ. m. boldneſs, courage, reſolution.
DENUE'STO, ſ. m. affront, reproach, inſult.
DE NUEVO, adv. afresh, anew.
DENUNCIACIO'N, ſ. f. a denunciation.
DENUNCIADO'R, ſ. m. denouncer, a witneſs, an informer, an evidence.

DENUNCIA'R, v. a to denounce, to depoſe, to accuſe.
DENUNCIATO'RIA, ſ. f. a depoſition, accuſation in writing.

D E ñ

DEñA'R, v. n. obſ. to think one as worthy.
Deñarſe, v. r. to deign, to condeſcend.

D E O

DEO GRACIAS, thanks to God.

D E P

DEPARA'R, v. a. to find, to meet with, to light on.
Diós me lo depáre buéno, God ſend it be good to me.
DEPARTIDAME'NTE, adv. diſtinctly, ſeparately.
DEPARTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. diviſion, ſeparation, difference, diſtinction.
DEPARTI'R, v. a. to divide, to diſtribute, to debate, to diſcourſe together.
DEPAUPERA'R, v. a. to make poor.
DEPENDE'NCIA, ſ. f. dependence; alſo affair, buſineſs.
DEPENDE'R, v. n. to depend.
DEPLORABLE, adj. deplorable, lamentable, ſad, calamitous, miſerable.
DEPLORA'R, v. a. to deplore, to bewail, to lament.
DEPONE'NTE, ſ. m. he who depoſes, or a verb deponent.
DEPONE'R, v. a. to lay down, to give in truſt, to depoſe.
DE POR SI', adv. by itſelf.
DEPORTACIO'N, ſ. f. banishment, tranſportation.
DEPORTA'R, v. a. to banish, to tranſport.
DEPO'RTE, ſ. m. diverſion, paſtime.
DEPO'S, adv. after.
DEPOSA'R, v. a. vide *DEPONE'R*.
DEPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. depoſition; depoſitum; thing left in truſt; the act of giving public teſtimony.
DEPOSITADO'R, ſ. m. one who depoſites or leaves in truſt.
DEPOSITA'R, v. a. to depoſite, to leave in truſt.
DEPOSITARIO, ſ. m. the perſon with whom any thing is depoſited or left in truſt; a depoſitary.
DEPOSI'TO, ſ. m. the thing depoſited or left in truſt.
DEPRAVACIO'N, ſ. f. depravation, corruption.
DEPRAVADAME'NTE, adv. corruptly, viciouſly.
DEPRAVADO'R, ſ. m. one who depraves or corrupts, a corrupter.
DEPRAVA'R, v. a. to deprave, to corrupt, to ſpoil.
DEPRECACIO'N, ſ. f. deprecation.
DEPRECA'R, v. a. to deprecate, to intreat earneſtly.
DEPRECATI'VO, adj. beſeeching, ſuppliant.
DEPREHE'NSO, adj. apprehended taken unawares.
DEPREHENDADO'R, ſ. m. a thief.
DEPRENDE'R, v. a. to learn.
DEPRESSIO'N, ſ. f. depreſſion.
DEPRE'SSO, adj. depreſſed, bore down.
DEPRESSO'R, ſ. m. depreſſor, he that preſſes down.
DE PRE'STO, adv. quickly.
DEPRETERICIO'N, ſ. f. any thing paſt.
DEPRIMI'R, v. a. to depreſs.
DEPUE'STO, p. p. of *deponér*, depoſed, put down.
DE PUNTA, adv. with the point forvards.
DE PUNTO, adv. ſtitched work or knit.
DEPURA'DO, adj. vide *APURA'DO*.
DEPUTA'DO, ſ. m. vide *DIPUTA'DO*.
DEPUTA'R, v. a. vide *DIPUTA'R*.

D E R

DERAIGA'R, v. a. to pluck from the root.
DERANCHADAME'NTE, adv. diſorderly, precipitately.
DE RAY'Z, adv. from the root.
DERECHAME'NTE, adv. rightly, ſtraightly.

DERE'CHAS, adv. as, *Hacér las cósas a derechas*, to do things the right way.

DE'RECHE'RO, adj. upright, that udges according to law.

DERECHE'Z, ſ. f. rectitude, fitneſs, aptneſs.

DERE'CHO, adj. right, ſtraight, juſt, even, due in law; right-handed.

Derécho, ſ. m. right.

Derécho naturál, the law of nature.

Derécho civil, or *de las gentes*, the civil law.

Derécho canónico, the canon law.

Derécho divino y humáno, divine and human law.

Deréchos de aduána, cuſtom for goods imported, or exported.

Deréchos de eſcribános ò letrádos, the fees of clerks or lawyers.

Hacér deréchos, to pay duties and take an acquittance.

Eſtár derécho, to ſtand trial.

Jugár en derécho de ſu dedo, to judge partially for one's own intereſt.

Ir por camino derécho, to go the ſtraight way; to do juſtice.

Derécho de entrámbas mános ambidexter, that can uſe left hand as the right.

Prov. *Ni perdér derécho, ni llevar cohécho*, neither to loſe any due nor take any bribe; to be juſt to one's ſelf, and others.

A deréchas, adv. honeſtly, the right way, as it ought to be done, rightly, well.

A tuertas á derechas, an adverbial phraſe; right or wrong, as chance direct.

DERECHO'RA, ſ. f. obſ. right, claim, title, due.

DERECHU'RA, ſ. f. ſtraightneſs, uprightneſs.

Derechúras, pl. a due to a maid's ſervant at the year's end; being ſhoes, a white vail to wear in the houſe and a black one a broad.

DERECHURE'RO, adj. obſ. righteous, upright, juſt, loving juſtice.

DE REPE'NTE, adv. on a ſudden.

DERISIO'N, ſ. f. deriſion.

DERIVACIO'N, ſ. f. derivation.

DERIVA'R, v. a. to derive.

DERIVATI'VO, adj. derivative; derived from another.

DEROCACIO'N, ſ. f. derogation, leſſening, taking from one another.

DEROGA'R, v. a. to derogate, to leſſen, to take from.

DEROGATO'RIO, adj. derogatory, that leſſens, or takes away.

DERRABADU'RA, ſ. f. curtailing, cutting off the tail.

DERRABA'R, v. a. to curtail, to cut off the tail.

DERRA'MA, ſ. m. contribution, tax.

DERRAMADAME'NTE, adv. looſely, ſcatteringly.

DERRAMADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſcattering or ſpilling place.

DERRAMADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſcatters, ſpills or waſtes.

DERRAMADU'RA, ſ. f. } ſpiling, ſcattering,
DERRAMAMIE'NTO, ſ. m, } waſting.

DERRAMA'R, v. a. to ſcatter, to ſpill, to waſte.

Derramár monéda, to ſcatter money.

Derramár la haciénda, to be profuſe, to waſte an eſtate.

Derramár ſángre, to ſhed blood.

Derráma ſoláces, a diſturber of mirth.

Derramárſe, v. r. to be ſcatterred or ſpilt.

DERRA'MAS, ſ. m. pl. taxes laid on the people.

DERRA'MO, ſ. m. ſcattering, ſpilling.

DERRANCA'R, v. a. to attack, to aſſault furiouſly.

DERRANCHAR, v. a. to attack, to aſſault.

DERREDO'R, adv. about.

Andár al derredór, to turn round, to go about.

DERRENEGA'R, v. n. to abhor, deteſt, loath.

DERRENGA'DA, ſ. f. a certain contorſion ſo called, uſed, in a dance.

DERRENGADURA, ſ. f. } bre-
DERRENGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } aking

the back, weakening the hips, forcing awry.

DERRENGA'R, v. a. to break the back, to wealt en; *quaſi deſrengár*, to diſſolve the reins.

DERRENIE'GO, ſ. m. deteſtation, aborrence, loathing.

DERRETIDO'R, ſ. m. a melter.

DERRETIDURA, ſ. f. } a melting.
DERRETIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. }

DERRETI'R, v. a. to melt, to thaw.

Derretirſe, v. r. to melt, to waſte, to conſume, to pine.

DERRIBADO'R, ſ. m. one that throws down.

DERRIBADU'RA, ſ. f. } throwing
DERRIBAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } down.

DERRIBA'R, v. a. to throw down.

Derribár cabézas, to mow down heads, to make a ſlaughter.

Derribár la capa, to throw the cloak off the ſhoulders in order to draw the ſword.

Deribár á uno, to bring a man low.

Derribár a úno la calentúra, to make a man keep his bed.

DERRI'BO, ſ. m. demolition, throwing down.

DERRISIO'N, ſ. f. obſ. deriſion, irriſion.

DERRIVA'R, v. a. vide *DERRIBA'R*.

DERROCADE'RO, ſ. m. precipice.

DERROCADO'R, ſ. m. one that throws, down.

DERROCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. throwing down.

DERROCA'R, v. a. to throw down.

DERROSTRA'RSE, v. r. to hurt one's ſelf by a blow on the face.

DERRO'TA, ſ. f. a courſe, a way; alſo a rout or defeat of any army.

DERROTA'R, v. a. to rout, to defeat.

Derrotárſe, v. r. to part company, to ſcatter, to diſperſe.

DERROTE'RO, ſ. m. a ſea chart.

DERRUI'R, v. a. to pull down, demolish deſtroy.
DERRUMBADE'RO, ſ.m. precipice, ſteep place.
DERRUMBAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. precipitation, throwing headlong.
DERRUMBA'R, v. a. to throw down.
DERRUVIA'R, v. a. to flow continually as water does, when it waſhes away the foundation of any edifice.

D E S

DES, is anſwerable to the Latin particle *dis*, uſed in compoſition very often as a negative.
Des que, adv. obſ. ſince that, ever ſince that, as ſoon as.
DESABAFA'R, v. a. vide *DESABAHA'R.*
DESABAHAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. letting out the ſteam; ridding one's ſelf of trouble; breathing with more eaſe.
DESABAHAR, v. a to let out the ſteam of any thing, to open that which was cloſe covered; to rid one's ſelf of too much buſineſs; to breathe more freely.
Lugar deſabahado, an open airy place.
Hombre deſabahádo, a bold man who is not out of countenance at any thing.
DESABARRANCA'R, v. a. to fetch or get out of a bottom what had fallen into it not without a deal of difficulty and fatigue, alſo to help one out of a difficulty; ou tof a dangerous ſcrape or ſituation.
DESABASTECE'R, v. a. to carry off the proviſion, or to leave without proviſions.
DESABEZA'R, v. a. to diſuſe, to break a cuſtom.
DESABI'DO, adj. ignorant.
DESABIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ignorance.
DESABITUACIO'N, ſ. f. breaking of a habit or cuſtom.
DESABITUA'R, v. a. to break a habit or cuſtom.
DESABOLLA'R, v a. to take bruiſes out of metal.
DESABO'NO, ſ. m. prejudice.
DESABOTONADU'RA, ſ. f. unbuttoning.
DESABOTONA'R, v. a. to unbutton.
DESABRAZA'R, v. a. to quit an embrace, to put away.
DESABRI'DO, adj. unſavoury, ill relished; ill tempered.
Hombre deſabrido, an ill tempered man.
DESABRIGA'R, v. n. to be naked, to be ſtripped, to take off the cloaths. In a martial ſenſe, to lay open; or expoſed to the enemy without any defence of works.
DESABRI'GO, ſ. m. nakedneſs, want of ſhelter or of covering.
DESABRIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. unſavourineſs; diſtaſte; trouble, vexation.
DESABRI'R, v. a. to make a thing unſavoury; to diſguſt, to diſpleaſe, to offend.
DESABROCHA'R, v. a. to unclaſp, to let looſe.
DESACABALA'R, v. a. to break the round number of a thing that were ſet apart for ſome particular purpoſe; to diminish; ſpoil, to break the order.
DFSACALORA'RSE, v. r. to grow cool.
DESACATADAME'NTE, adv. diſreſpectfully, unmannerly.
DESACATAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *DESACA'TO.*
DESACATA'R, v. a. to diſreſpect, to be unmannerly.
DESACA'TO, ſ. m. diſrepect, unmannerlineſs.
DESACERBA'R, v. a. to mitigate, to temperate the ſourneſs of any thing.
DESACERTADAME'NTE, adv. unadviſedly. imprudently.
DESACERTA'R, v. a. to err, to miſtake.
DESACI'ERTO, ſ m. fault, miſtake.
DESACOBARDA'R, v. a to raiſe the courage, to lay aſide feat.
DESACOLLA'R, v. a. to dig a hollow round a vine that it may retain the water.
DESACAOMODADAME'NTE, adv. inconveniently.
DESACOMODAR, v. a. to incommode, to put from one's conveniency.
DESACOMPAÑA'DO, adj. alone, unaccompani
DESACOMPAÑAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. loneſomeneſs, want of company.
DESACOMPAÑAR, v. a. to leave alone, to take away a man's company.
DESACONSESA'R, v. a to diſſuade.
DESACONCHA'R, v. a. vide *DESCONCHA'R.*
DESACORDACAME'NTE, adv. inconſiderately, without deliberation, forgetfully; alſo diſagreeingly.
DESACORDA'DO, adj. forgetful; alſo diſagreeing.
DESACORDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m forgetfulneſs, oblivion.
DESACORDA'R, v. a. to be out of tune.
Deſa cordárſe, v. r. to forget; alſo to diſagree.
DESACO'RDE, adj. diſagreeing, out of tune.
DESACORRALA'R, v. a. to take ſheep or other cattle out of the fold to turn them to paſture.
DESACOSTUMBRADAME'NTE, adv. unaccuſtomedly.
DESACOSTUMBRA'R, v. a. to diſuſe, to unaccuſtom.
DESACOTA'R, v. a. to take away the encloſures or fences of any grounds.
DESACO'TO, ſ. m. the act of taking off the prohibition; the act of pulling down or pulling off the hedge; permiſſion of importation or exportation.
DESACREDITADO'R, ſ. m. one that diſcredits another.
DESACREDITA'R, v. a. to diſcredit, to take away one's reputation.
DESACUE'RDO, ſ. m. forgetfulneſs; diſagreement: error miſtake.
DESADEREZA'R, v. a. to undreſs.
DESADEUDA'R, v. a. to free a perſon from debt.

DESADORA'R, v. a. to yeld to violent love, to deprive of love.
DESADORMECEDO'R, ſ. m. one that wakes or rouſes another.
DESADORMECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. waking, rouſing.
DESADORMECE'R, v. n. to awake, to rouſe from ſleep.
DESADORNA'R, v. a. to undorn, to ſtrip of ornaments.
DESADO'RNO, ſ. m. undreſs.
DESADVERTIDAME'NTE, adv. inadvertently, inconſiderately.
DESADVERTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. inadvertency.
DESADVERTI'R, v. a. to act inconſiderately, without deliberation.
DESAFEA'R: v. a. to deform, to make ugly.
DESAFECTATIO'N, ſ. f. without affectation.
DESAFE'CTO, ſ. m. indifference, diſaffection.
Deſafecto, adj. diſaffected.
DESAFEITA'R, v. a to undreſs; alſo to be rude and unpolished.
DESAFERRA'R, v. a. to unfaſten, to let looſe; to weigh the anchor in a ſhip, to ſail.
DESAFIADE'RO, ſ. m the place where the challenge is to be decided.
DESAFIADO'R, ſ. m. a challenger.
DESAFIA'R, v. a. to challenge.
DESAFICIO'N, ſ. f. diſaffection.
DESAFICIONA'R, v. a. to be diſaffected, to loſe affection.
DESAFINA'R, v. n. to untune an inſtrument; to break as the voice does.
DESAFI'O, ſ. m. challenge.
DESAFORADAME'NTE, adv. rashly, outrageouſly.
DESAFORA'DO, adj. lawleſs, unruly; rash, inconſiderate, outrageous; very tall, gigantick.
DESAFORA'RSE, v. r. to deprive one's ſelf of the privileges.
DESAFORRA'R, v. a. to unline, to take off the lining.
DESAFORTUNA'DO, adj. unhappy.
DESAFUCIA'R, v. a. to put out of hope, to give over; to deſpair.
DESAFUE'RO, ſ. m. outrage, injury, wrong.
DESAGARRA'R, v. a. to let go the hold, to looſen, untie, unbind.
DESAGOTA'R, v. a. to drain.
DESAGRACIADAME'NTE, adv. diſagreeably, unhandſomely.
DESAGRACIA'DO, adj. diſagreeable, unhandſome.
DESAGRADA'BLE, adj. diſagreeable, unpleaſant.
DESAGRADABLEME'NTE, adv. diſagreably, unpleaſantly.
DESAGRADA'R, v. a. to diſpleaſe.
DESAGRADECE'R, v. a. to be unthankful.
DESAGRADECIDAME'NTE, adv. unthankfully.
DESAGRADECI'DO, adj. unthankful, ungrateful.
DESAGRADECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. unthankfulneſs, ingratitude.
DESAGRA'DO, ſ. m. diſagreeableneſs; alſo unthankfulneſs.
DESAGRAVIADO'R, ſ. m. a righter of wrongs.
DESAGRAVIA'R, v. a. to right, to redreſs wrongs.
DESAGRA'VIO, ſ. m. righting of wrongs.
DESAGREGA'R, v. a. to ſeparate, to disjoin.
DESAGUADE'RO, ſ. m. drain, channel, pipe, or the like to draw off water; alſo a way of lavishing of wealth.
DESAGUA'R, v. a. to draw off water, to drain.
DESA'GUE, ſ. m. vide *DESAGUADERO*.
DESAGUISA'DO, ſ. m. diſguſt, wrong, injury.
DESAHIJA'R, v. a. to wean.
DESAHOGADAME'NTE, adv. clearly, freely, without obſtruction.
DESAHOGA'DO, adj. free, open, airy.
DESAHOGA'R, v. a. to free, to clear, to give liberty or air.
Deſahogár el corazón, to eaſe the heart.
Deſahorgárſe, v. r. to communicate one's trouble or affliction to another, to unload one's heart, to relieve one's ſelf by diſcloſing the mind.
DESAHO'GO, ſ. m. vent, relieve in diſcloſing the mind.
DESAHUCIADAME'NTE, adv. deſperately, without hopes.
DESAHUCIA'R, to give over, to undeceive, to let a man know his doom.
DESAHU'CIO, ſ. m. diſmiſſion from a paſture.
DESAHUMA'R, v. a. to free from ſmoke.
DESAIRADAME'NTE, adv. without elegance.
DESAIRA'R, v. a. to deſpiſe, to affront.
DESAI'RE, ſ. m. ſcorn, contempt affront.
DESAJUSTA'R, v. a. to make any thing diſproportionate, uneven, unequal.
DESALABA'NZA, ſ. f. diſpraiſe.
DESALABA'R, v. a. to diſpraiſe.
DESALABEA'R, v. a. among carpenters and other workers in wood, to force a board or other piece of timber, that was crooked or curvated, to be ſtraight.
DESALA'RSE, v. r. to run one's ſelf out of breath, to run with open arms. In birds, to fly with the wings at full ſtretch.
DESALBANDA'R, v. a. to unpannel a beaſt.
DESALAVA'R, v. a. vide *DESALABA'R*.
DESALAVEA'R, v. a. to ſmooth; to make plain.
DESALVARDA'R, v. a. vide *DESALBARDA'R*.
DESALENTA'R, v. a. to put out of breath; to diſcourage.
DESALFORJA'R, to take out of a wallet; alſo to untruſs, to let the cloaths hang looſe.
DESALIE'NTO, ſ. m. decay of ſpirits or courage.
DESALIÑADAME'NTE, adv. ſlovenly, ungenteelly.
DESALIÑA'DO, adj. ſluttish, not neat.

DESALIÑA'R, v. a. to put out of order to diſcompoſe.

DESALIÑO, ſ. m. ſlovenlineſs, ſlutiſhneſs, uugenteelneſs, want of neatneſs.

DESALMADAME'NTE, adv. impiouſly, cruelly, without conſcience.

DESALMA'DO, ſ. m. one that has no regard to his ſoul, a wicked, lewd perſon, one that uſes no conſcience.

DESALMA'R, v. a. to take away the life of another violently.

DESALMA'DO, or *DESALMA'DLO*, in cant, kill him, take away his ſoul.

DESALMAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. wickedneſs, want of conſcience.

DESALOJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſlodging.

DESALOJA'R, v. a. to diſlodge.

Deſalojár la artillería, to diſmount the cannon.

DESALOXA'R, v. a. idem.

DESALUMBRADAME'NTE, adv. erroneouſly, blindly, without judgment or diſcretion.

DESALUMBRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. blindneſs, folly, want of foreſight, want of wiſdom.

DESALUMBRA'R, v. a. to take away the light, to dazzle.

DESAMA'BLE, adj. unworthy of love, diſeſteemed.

DESAMANZILLA'R, v. a. to take out ſtains; alſo to eaſe of pain.

DESAMA'R, v. a. to hate.

DESAMARRA'R, v. a. to unbind, to let looſe, to weigh anchor.

DESAMISTA'RSE, v. r. to hate a perſon that was once beloved, to break off friendſhip.

DESAMODORRA'R, v. a. to cure of a lethargy.

DESAMOLDA'R, v. a. to unmould or diſfigure the form of the mould.

DESAMO'R, ſ. m. hatred, averſion.

DESAMORADAME'NTE, adv. with hatred or averſion.

DESAMORA'DO, adj. free from love, that does not return love for love.

DESAMORO'SO, adj. that is not kind, diſagreeable.

DESAMORRA'R, v. a. to bid one lift up the head and be angry no longer.

DESAMOTINA'R, v. a. to lay aſide or renounce ſedition or rebellion.

DESAMPARADO'R, ſ. m. one that forſakes or abandons.

DESEMPARAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a relishing or abandoning.

DESAMPA'RA'R, v. a. to forſake or abandon.

DESAMPARO, ſ. m. diſtreſs, abandonment.

DESANCORA'R, v. a. to weigh anchor.

DESANDA'R, v. a. to go the ſame way over again, to turn back.

DESANDRAJA'R, v. a. to tear to rags or tatters.

DESANGRA'R, v. a. to bleed one dry, to drain all the blood out of the body.

DESANIDA'R, v. n. to turn out of the neſt.

DESANIMADO'R, ſ. m. a diſcourager.

DESANIMA'R, v. a. to diſcourage.

DESANUBLA'R, v. n. to uncloud, to grow fair weather.

DESANTAÑA'RSE, v. r. to make one's ſelf young.

DESANUDADU'RA, ſ. f. an unknotting.

DESANUDA'R, v. a. to unknot.

DESAPACIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. ſharpneſs, ſeverity in actions, or words.

DESAPACI'BLE, adj. ſevere, ſharp, rough.

DESAPACIBLEME'NTE, adv. ſeverely, ſharply, roughly.

DESAPARE'AR, v. a. to unpair.

DESAPARECE'R, v. n. to vaniſh, to diſappear.

DESAPARECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſappearing, vaniſhing.

DESAPAREJADO'R, ſ. m. one that puts things out of order.

DESAPAREJA'R, v. a. to put things out of order.

DESAPARROCHIA'RSE, v. r. to quit one's pariſh and to go ſettle in another.

DESAPARTA'R, v. a. to ſeparate, to take away, to remove.

DESAPASSIONADAME'NTE, adv. without paſſion, affection, or partiality.

DESAPASSIONA'DO, adj. impartial, calm, quiet.

DESAPASSIONA'R, v. a. to remove partiality, to calm, to quiet.

DESAPEGA'DO, adj. free from love, diſdainful.

DESAPEGA'R, v. a. to unfaſten, to unſtick, to looſen.

DESAPE'GO, ſ. m. diſaffection, alienation.

DESAPERCEBIDAME'NTE, adv. unprovidedly.

DESAPERCEBIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. want of proviſion.

DESAPERCEBI'DO, adj. unprepared, unprovided.

DESAPESTA'R, v. a. to clear or free from infection.

DESAPIADADAME'NTE, adv. cruelly, inhumanly, unmannerly.

DESAPIADA'DO, adj. mercileſs, cruel.

DESAPIOLA'DO, p. p. looſed, or delivered from ſnares.

DESAPIOLA'R, v. a. to looſe, to deliver from ſnares.

DESAPINTA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *DESAPUNTA'R*.

DESAPLICACIO'N, ſ. f. miſapplication, want of application.

DESAPLICA'DO, adj. ſlothful, idle.

DESAPODERADAME'NTE, adv. impetuouſly, violently, furiouſly.

DESAPODERAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. inconſiderate boldneſs, unreſtrained audacity, tumult of mind approaching to madneſs, ſtorming or turbulent diſpoſition.

DESAPODERA'R, v. a. to put out of power, out of poſſeſſion.

DESAPOLILLA'R, v. a. to clean, to clear from moths.

DESAPOSENTA'R, v. a. to turn one out of his lodging.
DESAPOSSESSIONA'R, v. a. to diſpoſſeſs, to deprive of poſſeſſion.
DESAPOSTU'RA, ſ. f. indecency; alſo ill contrivance.
DESAPOYA'R, v. a. to take away the ſupport.
DESAPRECIA'R, v. a. to deſpiſe contemn, or ſcorn.
DESAPRENDE'R, v. a. to forget what was once learned.
DESAPRENSA'R, v. a. to take away or disfigure the form which was made by the preſs.
DESAPRETA'R, v. a. to looſen, to ſlacken.
DESAPRISCA'R, v. a. to turn out of ſhelter.
DESAPRISIONA'R, v. a. to unfetter, to deliver out of priſon.
DESAPROBACIO'N, ſ. f. diſapprobation.
DESAPROBA'R, v. a. to diſapprove.
DESAPROPRIAMIENTO, ſ. m. alienation.
DESAPROPRIA'R, v. a. to alienate.
DESAPRO'PRIO, ſ. m. the act of giving up one's own property, as monks and nuns do when they quit the world for the cloiſter.
DESAPROVECHADAME'NTE, adv. unprofitably, profuſely.
DESAPROVECHAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. laviſhing, not putting to good uſe.
DESAPROVECHA'R, v. a. to laviſh, to put to no uſe.
DESAPUE'STO, adj. ill diſpoſed, ugly, ill looking.
DESAPUNTALA'R, v. a. to take down the props or ſhoars.
DESAPUNTA'R, v. a. to unſtitch, to unpoint.
DESARBOLA'R, v. a. to cut down the maſts.
DESARENA'R, v. a. to clear a place from ſand.
DESARE'NO, ſ. m. the act of taking away the ſand or clearing from ſand.
DESARMADU'RA ſ. f. diſarming.
DESARMA'R, v. a. to diſarm.
DESARRAIGADO'R, ſ. m. one who pulls up by the roots or looſens
DESARAIGADU'RA, ſ. f. pulling up by the roots, looſening.
DESARRAIGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. idem.
DESARRAIGA'R, v. a. to pull up by the roots, to looſen; alſo to banish.
DESARRAPADI'LLO, adj. ſomewhat ſhabby or tattered.
DESARRAPA'DO, adj. ſhabby, ragged, hanging in tatters.
DESARREBAÑA'R, v. a. to break up and ſcatter the ſlock.
DESARREBOLVE'R, v. a. to undo, to unwind, to unroll; to bring out of ſome difficulty.
DESARREBOZA'R, v. a. to unmuffle.
DESARREBUE'LTO, adj. unwound, unrolled; brought out of ſome difficulty.
DESARREBUJA'R, v. a. to unfold, to disjoin.
DESARRIMA'R, v. a. to remove from leaning againſt any thing; at ſea, to rummage, to remove and ſtow the goods in the ſhip.
DESARRIMO, ſ. m. any thing that wants a ſupport or prop.
DESARRODILLA'RSE, v. r. to get up from kneeling.
DESARROLLA'R, v. a. to unroll.
DESARROPA'R, v. a. to pull off the cloaths, to diſmantle, to unrobe.
DESARRUGADU'RA, ſ. f. unrumpling, making ſmooth.
DESARRUGA'R, v. a. to unrumple, to make ſmooth.
DESASA'DO, adj. in cant, that has loſt his ears, alſo without handles.
DESASA'R, v. a. to take off or break the handles of pots and veſſels.
DESASEADAME'NTE, adv. without ornament, inelegantly.
DESASEA'DO, adj. diſcompoſed, diſorderly, not neat.
DESASEA'R, v. a. to diſcompoſe, to diſplace the parts of what was in good order, to make ugly what looked fine, pretty, and well.
DESASE'O, ſ. m. undreſs, diſhabille.
DESASENTA'RSE, v. r. to get up or quit the place on which one was ſitting.
DESASIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a looſening, letting go of things that cling together.
DESASI'R, v. a. to let go one's hold, to looſen, to ſeparate things that cling together.
DESASNA'R, v. a. to improve in knowlege.
DESASOCIA'BLE, adj. unſociable.
DESASOSSEGADAME'NTE, adv. unquietly, reſtleſsly.
DESASOSSEGA'R, v. a. to diſquiet to trouble, to perplex.
DESASOSSIE'GO, ſ. m. unquietneſs, reſtleſſneſs.
DESASSEA'DO, adj. not. neat.
DESASTILLA'R, v. a. to clear of chips.
DESASTRADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately, wretchedly.
DESASTRA'DO, adj. unfortunate, wretched.
DESA'STRE, ſ. m. diſaſter, misfortune.
DESATACA'R, v. a. to unlace, to looſen.
DESATADAME'NTE, adv. ſeparately, disjointly.
DESATADO'R, ſ. m. one who looſens or unties.
DESATADU'RA, ſ. f. } an unty-
DESATAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } ing or looſening.
DESATANCA'R, v. a. to clean the ſewers and conduit-pipes.
DESATAPADU'RA, ſ. f. uncovering, unſtopping.
DESATAPA'R, v. a. to uncover, to unſtop.
DESATA'R, v. a. to untie.
DESATASCA'R, v. a. to draw any thing out of muddy places.
DESATAVIADAME'NTE, adv. unhandſomely.
DESATAVIA'R, v. a. to unrig, to take off the ornament, to undreſs.
DESATAVI'O, ſ. m. want of ornament.

DESATENCIO'N, ſ. f. want of attention; diſregard, negligence.
DESATENDE'R, v. a. to be inattentive; to neglect.
DESATENTADAME'NTE, adv. unadviſedly, rashly.
DESATENTAME'NTE, adv. uncivilly.
DESATENTA'R, v. a. to trouble, to perplex.
DESATE'NTO, adj. without attention; uncivil.
DESATESA'DO, adj. looſe untied.
DESATIE'NTO, ſ. m. trouble, perplexity, inconſiderateneſs.
DESATINADAME'NTE, adv. madly, rashly, extravagantly.
DESATINA'R, v. a. to diſtract, to make mad; alſo to grow mad; alſo to err, to miſtake.
DESATI'NO, ſ. m. madneſs, extravagancy, folly, rashneſs; alſo an error, a miſtake.
DESATOLLA'R, v. a. to draw any thing out of muddy places.
DESATOLONDRA'RSE, v. r. to come to one's ſelf.
DESATRAHE'R, v. a. to go out of the way, to ſeparate.
DESATRAHILLA'R, v. a. to uncouple dogs.
DESATRAMPA'R, v. a. to clear a pipe or a duct from obſtruction.
DESATRANCA'R, v. a. to unbolt, to take the bar from the door.
DESATRAVESSA'R, v. a. to remove from lying acroſs.
DESATUFA'RSE, v. r. to appeaſe one's anger.
DESATURDIR, v. a. to recover from being ſtunned.
DESAVAHA'R, v. a. vide *DESABAHA'R*.
DESAVECINDA'DO, adj. left by the inhabitants, abandoned.
DESAVECINDA'R, v. a. to break up neighbourhood, to abandon a place.
DESAVENENCIA, ſ. f. diſagreement, diſcord.
DESAVENI'R, v. a. to diſagree.
DESAVENTAJA'DO, adj. diſadventageous, diſadvantaged.
DESAVENTAJO'SO, adj. diſadvantageous.
DESAVIA'R, v. a. to lead out of the way.
DESAVI'O, ſ. m. wandering out of the way, ſtraying; want of any thing neceſſary.
DESAVISA'R, v. a. to diſſuade from.
DESAUCIA'R, v. a. to give over a ſick perſon, to put out of all hope.
DESAUTORISA'R, v. a. to put out of authority.
DESAYUDA'R, v. a. to forbear aſſiſting, to do harm inſtead of good.
DESAYUNA'RSE, v. r. to breakfaſt.
DESAYU'NO, ſ. m. breakfaſt.
DESAZEITA'DO, adj. without oil, not having oil.
DESAZOGA'R, v. a. to take away the quickſilver.
DESAZONA'R, v. a. to unſeaſon, to unrelish; to diſpleaſe, to diſguſt.
DESBABA'R, v. n. to drivel, to ſlabber.
DESBALIJA'R, v. a. to ſteal, to rob, to take away.
DESBALLESTA'R, v. a. to diſcharge a croſs-bow.
DESBANCA'R, v. a. to take away the benches, ſeats, or ſtools on which people ſit. At the game of baſſet, faro and others, to win the whole of the money which the gameſter who games againſt all the reſt had ſet up with.
DESBANDA'RSE, v. a. to fly from one's colours, to deſert.
DESBARAHUSTA'R, v. a. to lay about one in a croud beating down weapons; to caſt javelins out of an engine; to talk extravagantly.
DESBARATADAME'NTE, adv. diſorderly, madly, confuſedly.
DESBARATADO'R, ſ. m. one that diſorders, pulls to pieces, or puts to flight.
DESBARATA'R, v. a. to diſorder, to pull to pieces, to put to the rout.
DESBARA'TE, *DESBARA'TO*, ſ. m. diſorder, confuſion, rout.
DESBARBA'R, v. a. to shave the beard.
DESBARRA'R, v. a. to be wide of the mark, to throw beyond the bars, to throw out of play; to talk nonſenſe.
DESBARRETA'R, v. a. to break or burſt the bars that were ſet to hinder people from coming in.
DESBARRIGA'R, v. a. to paunch, to pull out the guts, to cut off the belly.
DESBARRO, ſ. m. the act of breaking or burſting through the limits.
DESBASTADU'RA, ſ. f. hewing, paring, or shaving into shape; civilizing.
DESBASTA'R, to hew, pare, or shave into shape; to civilize.
Colchón desbaſtado, a quilt which has the ſtiches broken off.
DESBASTECE'R, v. a. to unfurniſh, to take away the proviſions.
DESBAUTIZA'RSE, v. r. to turn apoſtate from the Chriſtian religion; to grow very angry, to ſwear and curſe through anger and rage.
DESBAVA'R, v. a. vide *DESBABAR*.
DESBEBE'R, v. a. to make water, to diſcharge by urine what one has drank.
DESBLANQUECIDO, adj. pale, whitish.
DESBOCA'R, v. a. to break the mouth of any veſſel, to diſembogue, to pour at the mouth; to gain a vent, to flow.
Deſbocarſe, v. r. to be head-ſtrong or hard-mouthed.
DESBONNETA'RSE, v. r. to take one's cap off.
DESBORDA'DO, adj. haughty, preſumptuous.
DESBORDA'R, v. n. to exceed the limits, as rivers when they overflow.
DESBORONA'R, v. a. vide *DESMORONA'R*.

DESBRAVA'R, v. a. to tame, to appeaſe.

DESBRAZA'RSE, v. r. to extend the arms.

DESBRIZNA'R, v. a. to mince, meat ſmall.

DESBUCHA'R, v. a. to clear the maw, to diſcorge; to reveal ſecrets.

DE'SCA, ſ. f. a great pitch-pot, ſuch as they uſe aboard ships.

DESCABALA'R, v. a. to render any thing unequal or diſproportionable by analogy, to diſcompoſe or put out of countenance.

DESCABALGA'R, v. n. to diſmount from a horſe.

Deſcabalgár la artilleria, to diſmount a cannon, to take it off from its carriage.

DESCABEZADU'RA, ſ. f. *DESCABEZAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. } beheading.

DESCABEZA'R, v. a. to behead.

Deſcabezár el ſuéño, to take a little nap, to nod a little.

DESCABELLA'DO, adj. bald, without hair.

DESCABELLADURA, ſ. f. taking off the hair.

DESCABELLA'R, v. a. to take off the hair.

DESCABESTRA'R, v. a. to unhalter.

DESCABEZA'R, v. a. to behead, to cut the head off; to break or cut off the head or tip off any thing; to conquer difficulties.

DESCABULLIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſlipping away, or ſcampering.

DESCABULLI'RSE, v. r. to ſcamper, to ſlip away.

DESCADENA'R, v. a. vide *DESENCADENA'R*

DESCADERA'DO, adj. that has no hips.

DESCAECE'R, v. a. to fall away, to loſe ſtrength, to decay.

DESCAECIMIE'NTO, ſ. decay, falling away.

DESCAJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *DESCAXAMIE'NTO*.

DESCALABAZA'DO, adj. foolish, frantick.

DESCALABRA'DO, adj. crackbrained.

DESCALABRADO'R, ſ. m. one that breaks the head of another.

DESCALABRADU'RA, ſ. f. a broken head.

DESCALABRA'R, v. a. to break the head, to break the skull.

DESCALA'BRO, ſ. m. loſs, detriment, misfortune.

DESCALANDRAJA'R, v. a. to tear the cloaths.

DESCALCE'Z, ſ. f. nakedneſs of the feet.

DESCALOSTRA'DO, adv. weaned, put from the breaſt.

DESCALZADU'RA, ſ. f. *DESCALZAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. } unshoeing taking off the shoes, or ſtockings.

DESCALZA'R, v. a. to unshoe, to pull off shoes or ſtockings.

Deſcalzárſe de riſa, to laugh till one's shoes drop off, to break one's ſide with laughing.

DESCA'LZO, adj. bare-foot, or barelegged.

DESCAMINA'R, v. a. to put out of the way; alſo to ſeize contraband or prohibited goods.

DESCAMI'NO, ſ. m. ſtraying, going out of the way.

Deſcamino de pláta, ò de otra haziénda, the carrying of plate or other goods to the wrong ports; alſo to run goods.

DESCAMISA'DO, adj. neceſſitous, that wants.

DESCAMPA'DO, adj. free, clear, open, plain.

DESCAMPA'R, v. a. to decamp.

Deſcampár la llúvia, to blow over the rain.

DESCANSADAME'NTE, adv. eaſily.

DESCANSA'DO, adj. eaſy, quiet.

Vivir deſcanſádo, to live at one's eaſe.

DESCANSA'R, v. a. to reſt.

DESCANSE'RO, ſ. m. a reſting-place.

DESCA'NSO, ſ. m. reſt, eaſe, quietneſs; alſo a ſling to hang a ſore arm in.

Deſcánſo de eſcaléra, the half-pace in the middle of a pair of ſtairs.

DESCANTERA'R, v. a. to break off the corners of a thing, to batter it round, to cut off the cruſt about a loaf.

DESCAÑONA'R, v. a. to pluck out the feathers.

DESCANTILLA'R, v. a. vide *DESCANTERA'R*.

DESCAPA'R, v. a. to take away from; to deprive any one of his cloak.

DESCAPERUZA'R, v. a. to take off the cap.

DESCAPERU'ZO, ſ. m. the act of uncovering the head in ſaluting another.

DESCAPILLA'R, v. a. to unhood, to take off the hood.

DESCAPIROTA'R, v. a. to uncap, to take off the cap or upper shell.

DESCARADAME'NTE, adv. impudently, shameleſly.

DESCARA'DO, adj. shameleſs, impudent.

DESCARAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. impudence.

DESCARA'RSE, v. r. to grow shameleſs or impudent.

DESCARCARILLA'R, v. n. to talk much and little to the purpoſe, to prate, to babble.

DESCA'RGA, ſ. f. the unlading or disburthening.

DESCARGADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where the burthen is laid down.

DESCARGADO'R, ſ. m. one that diſcharges or unburthens.

DESCARGADU'RA, ſ. f. that part of the bone which the butcher cuts off, that his cuſtomers may have as much meat as poſſible

DESCARGA'R, v. a. to unload, to diſcharge, to unburthen.

Deſcargár el ciélo, to disburthen itſelf by pouring down rain.

Deſcargár la conciéncia, to unburthen the conſcience, to make ſatisfaction for wrongs done.

Deſcargár en la mar, to empty itſelf into the ſea.

Deſcargárſe, v. r. to unload one's ſelf; to clear one's ſelf of what is laid to one's charge.

Deſcargárſe con ótro, to lay the blame upon another.

DESCARGO

DESCARGO, ſ. m. a diſcharge.
DESCARIÑA'R, v. a. to withdraw affection or eſteem.
DESCARIÑO, ſ. m. the withdrawing affection.
DESCARNADO'R, ſ. m. a tool uſed by the tooth-drawer to ſeparate a tooth froom the gum.
DESCARNA'R, v. a. to take off the flesh, to ſeparate it from the bones.
DESCA'RO, ſ. m. boldneſs, inſolence.
DESCARIAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtraying, wandering.
DESCARRIA'R, v. a. to go aſtray, to wander.
DESCARRILLADU'RA, ſ. f. tearing of the cheeks.
DESCARRILLA'R, v. a. to tear away the cheeks.
Deſcarrillár leónes, to tear lion's jaws aſunder; to be fierce, to bully.
DESCARTA'R, v. a. to diſcard; alſo to diſcharge or eject from ſervice or employment.
DESCA'RTE, ſ. m. the diſcarding of cards.
DESCASAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a divorce.
DESCASA'R, v. a. to divorce, to part married people.
DESCASCA'R, v. a. to talk and boaſt to no purpoſe, to make ſuch a noiſe as empty shells do.
DESCASCARA'R, v. a. to shell, to take off the shell, rind, of skin.
DESCAUDILLADAME'NTE, adv. diſorderly, confuſedly, for want of a chief.
DESCAXAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. taking out of a box or shell; folly.
DESCAXA'R, v. a. to take out of a box or shell; to play the fool.
DESCENDE'R, v. a. to deſcend.
DESCENDE'NCIA, ſ. f. deſcent, as of a family.
DESCENDI'DA, ſ. f. deſcent, as from a hill or precipice.
DESCENDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. going down.
DESCENCIO'N, ſ. f. the act of deſcending, deſcent, going down.
Deſcencion recta, in aſtronomy, the right deſcenſion, which is the arch of the equator that deſcends with the ſign or ſtar below the horizon of a direct ſphere.
Deſcencion oblqua, oblique deſcenſion; which is the arch of the equator that deſcends with the ſign below the horizon of an oblique ſphere.
DESCENCIONA'L, adj. in aſtronomy, belonging to the deſcenſion of ſtars, deſcenſional.
DESCE'NSO, ſ. m. deſcent, going down.
DESCEÑI'R, v. a. to ungird.
DESCEPA'R, v. a. to cut or pull up by the roots; alſo to deſtroy, to pull down.
DESCERBIGA'R, v. a. vide *DESCERVIGA'R*.
DESCERCADO'R, ſ. m. one that raiſes a ſiege.
DESCERCA'R, v. a. to raiſe a ſiege.
DESCE'RCO, ſ. m. raiſing of a ſiege.
DESCERRAJADO'R, ſ. m. one that breaks open locks.
DESCERVIGA'R, v. a. to cut off the neck; to hurt the neck lying uneaſily.
DESCETRANA'R, v. a. to eat or gnaw the wood as worms do.
DESCHANZA'R, v. n. in cant, to loſe.
DESCHRISMA'R, v. a. to raiſe into a violent paſſion.
DESCHRISTIANAR, v. a. to raiſe into a violent paſſion.
DESCIFRA'R, v. a. to decipher.
DESCIMENTA'R, v. a. to take away the foundation.
DESCINGI'R, v. a. to unnail.
DESCOAGULA'R, v. a. to make liquid.
DESCOBIJA'R, v. a. to uncover.
DESCOCÁDAME'NTE, adv. boldly, impudently.
DESCOCA'R, v. a. to cleanſe or prune trees.
Deſcocárſe, v. r. to be impudent, bold, inſolent.
DESCOCE'R, v. a. to digeſt food
DESCO'CO, ſ. m. impudence audacity.
DESCOD'AR, v. a. vide *DESAPUNTA'R*.
DESCOGE'R, v. a. to lay open, to unfold.
DESCOGOTA'R, v. a. to kill with a blow on the neck, to ſtick a knife into the neck.
DESCOLA'R, v. a. to curtail, to cut off the tail.
DESCOLCHA'R, v. a. to undo a cable.
DESCOLGA'R, v. a. to unhang, to take down what was hanging.
Deſcolgárſe, v. r. to ſlip down by a rope.
DESCOLIGA'DO, adj. breaking off an alliance.
DESCOLLADAME'NTE, adv. loftily, with a greater freedom and dignity of manner or behaviour.
DESCOLLA'DO, adj. haughty ſtiffnecked, bold.
DESCOLLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. haughtineſs, boldneſs.
DESCOLLA'RSE, v. n. to be haughty, or bold; alſo to riſe or reach above another.
DESCOLMA'R, v. a. to make even with the top of the meaſure.
DESCOLMILLA'R, v. a. to cut off, or pull, out the tusks.
DESCOLORAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſcolouring.
DESCOLORA'R, v. a. to diſcolour, to loſe colour.
DESCOLORIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. *DESCOLORAMIE'NTO*.
DESCOLORI'R, v. a. to wax pale or wan.
DESCOMBRA'R, v. a. to lay open, to make plain, to cleanſe.
DESCOMEDIDAME'NTE, adv. uncivilly, unpolitely.
DESCOMEDI'DO, adj. rude, very high, too great.
DESCOMEDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. rudeneſs, incivility.
DESCOMEDI'RSE, v. r. to be rude or unmannerly.
DESCOME'R, v. a. to exonerate the belly.

DESCOMODIDA'D, ſ. f. } in-
DESCO'MODO, ſ. m. } convenience.

DESCOMO'NGA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *DESCOMULGAR.*

DESCOMPADRA'R, v. n. to break goſſipſhip, to vary, to diſagree, to ſet at variance.

DESCOMPASSADAME'NTE, adv. without meaſure, beyond compaſs.

DESCOMPASSA'DO, adj. unproportionable, out of meaſure, immoderately, great; beyond compaſs or rule.

DESCOMPASSA'RSE, v. r. to be out of meaſure or proportion, beyond compaſs or rule.

DESCOMPONE'R, v. a. to diſcompoſe, to diſorder; metaph. to affront.

Deſcomponérſe, v. r. to be uncivil, or diſorderly, indecent.

DESCOMPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. diſorder, irregularity.

DESCOMPOSTU'RA, ſ. f. immodeſty, indecency, diſorderlineſs.

DESCOMPUESTAME'NTE, adv. uncivilly, indecently, immodeſtly.

DESCOMPUE'STO, adj. diſordered, immodeſt, undecent; alſo affronted.

DESCOMULGADO'R, ſ. m. he who excommunicates.

DESCOMULGA'R, v. a. to excommunicate.

DESCOMUNA'L, adj. unmeaſurable, monſtrous.

DESCOMUNIO'N, ſ. f. excommunication.

DESCONCERTADAME'NTE, adv. diſagreeingly, diſorderly.

DESCONCERTA'R, v. a. to diſagree, to break a bargain, to ſet at variance.

Deſconcertárſe, v. r. to put out of joint.

DESCONCHA'R, v. a. to take out of the ſhell; to put out of order.

DESCONCIE'RTO, ſ. m. diſagreement, diſorder, confuſion; alſoa looſenneſs.

DESCONCO'RDIA, ſ. f. diſcord, diſagreeing.

DESCONFIADAME'NTE, adv. hopeleſsly, without confidence, fearfully, with timidity.

DESCONFIA'NZA, ſ. f. diſtruſt, diffidence, ſuſpicion.

DESCONFIA'R, v. n. to diſtruſt, to deſpair of.

DESCONFORMA'R, v. n. to diſagree.

DESCONFO'RME, adj. diſagreeing; alſo unequal.

DESCONFORMIDA'D, ſ. f. variance, diſagreement.

DESCONFORTA'R, v. a. to diſcomfort, to put out of heart.

DESCONHORTA'R, v. a. to diſcomfort, to make ſorrowful, to put out of heart.

DESCONOCE'R, v. a. not to know wat one was acquainted with; to be ungrateful.

DESCONOCIDAME'NTE, adv. ungratefully.

DESCONOCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ingratitude, oblivion.

DESCONOSCE'R, v. a. vide *DESCONOCE'R.*

DESCONSENTI'R, v. a. to diſſent, not to conſent to, diſagree in opinion.

DESCONSIDERA'DO, adj. inconſiderate, unadviſed, imprudent.

DESCONSOLACIO'N. ſ. f. a diſcomforting, affliction.

DESCONSOLADAME'NTE, adv. ſorrowfully, ſadly, without any comfort.

DESCONSOLA'R, v. to diſcomfort.

DESCONSUE'LO, ſ. m. affliction, grief, ſorrow, weakneſs through want of nourishment.

DESCONTA'R, v. a. to diſcount.

DESCONTENTADI'ZO, adj. that is diſpleaſed with every thing.

DESCONTENTA'R, v. a. to diſpleaſe.

DESCONTE'NTO, ſ. m. diſcontent.

DESCONTINUA'R, v. a. to diſcontinue.

DESCONVENI'BLE, adj. that will not agree, diſagreeable.

DESCONVENIBLEME'NTE, adv. diſagreeably.

DESCONVENIE'NCIA, ſ. f. inconveniency, diſagreement.

DESCONVENIE'NTE, ſ. m. inconvenient.

DESCONVENI'R, v n. to diſagree, to be unfit, to be at variance.

DESCONVERSA'BLE, adj. untractable, unfit for converſation.

DESCONVERSA'R, v. n. to leave company.

DESCORAZONAMIENTO, ſ. m. heartleſſneſs, ſluggishneſs, faint-heartedneſs.

DESCORAZONA'R, v. a. to be or make heartleſs or faint-hearted.

DESCORCHADO'R, ſ. m. one that takes off the cork or bark.

DESCORCHA'R, v. a. to pull off the cork or bark.

DESCORCHETA'R, v. a to unhook.

DESCORDERA'R, v. a. to ſeparate the young lambs from the old ones.

DESCORA'R, v. a. to run, to flow.

DESCORNA'R, v. a. to take off the horns; to humble, to pull down thoſe that ſwell too much.

Deſcornár ledas, in cant, to diſcover ſecrets, tricks, and frauds.

DESCORONA'R, v. a. to uncrown.

DESCORREGI'DO, adj. incorrigible, not to be corrected, bad beyond correction, depraved beyond amendment

DESCORRE'R, v. n. obſ. to run, to flow; ſaid of liquids.

DESCORTE'S, adj. unmannerly illbred.

DESCORTESI'A, ſ. f. incivility, diſcourteſy.

DESCORTESME'NTE, adv. uncivilly.

DESCORTEZADO'R, ſ. m. one who takes off the bark or rind of trees.

DESCORTEZA'R, v. a. to take off the bark, rind, ſhell, or ſkin.

DESCOSEDU'RA, ſ. f. ripping, unſewing.

DESCOSE'R, v. a. to rip, to unſew.

Deſcoſérſe, v. r. to take a great liberty in talking and lying.

Deſcoſérſe de riſa, to be ready to burſt with laughing.

DESCOSIDAME'NTE, adv. immoderately, intemperately.

DESCOSTILLA'R, v. a. to break the ribs.

DESCOSTRA'R, v. a. to break off the cruſt, or rind.

DESCOSTUMBRA'R, v. a. to diſuſe.

DESCOSTU'MBRE, ſ. f. diſuſe.

DESCOYUNTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a disjoining or putting out of joint.

DESCOYUNTA'R, v. a. to disjoint, to put out of joint.

DESCOYU'NTO, ſ. m. vide *DESCOYU'NTAMIE'NTO*.

DESCRECE'R, v. a. to decreaſe, to grow leſs.

DESCRECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. decreaſe.

DESCRE'DITO, ſ. m diſcredit, reproach, diſgrace.

DESCREE'R, v. a. to disbelieve, not to believe what one believed before.

DESCREE'NCIA, ſ. f. disbelief.

DESCREI'DO, ſ. m. one that will not believe what he believed before.

DESCREPUSCULA'R, v. a. to diffuſe light as the ſun does at its riſing.

DESCREYE'NTE, ſ. m. an unbeliever.

DESCRIBI'R, v. a. to deſcribe.

DESCRINA'R, v. a. to take off the hair.

DESCRIPCIO'N, ſ. f. a deſcription.

DESCRIPTI'VO, adj. of, or belonging to a deſcription, that can be deſcribed.

DESCRI'TO, adj. deſcribed.

DESCRUZA'R, v. a. to uncroſs.

DESCUBIE'RTA, ſ. f. a kind of pie that has no cruſt at top.

DESCUBIE'RTAME'NTE, adv. openly, plainly, evidently.

DESCUBIE'RTO, adj. uncovered, diſcovered.

DESCUBRIDE'RO, ſ. m. a riſing piece of ground from whence there is a view of the country.

DESCUBRIDO'R, ſ. m, an uncoverer or diſcoverer.

DESCUBRIDU'RA, ſ. f. } diſco-
DESCUBRIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } very.

DESCUBRI'R, v. a. to uncover, to diſcover.

DESCUE'LLO, ſ. m. any thing that exceeds another in height; alſo pride, vanity.

DESCUE'NTO, ſ. m. ſatisfaction, abatement, diſcount.

DESCUE'RNA padraſtros, ſ. m. a cutlaſs, a hanger.

DESCUE'RNO, ſ. m. in cant, a diſcovery.

DESCUIDADAME'NTE, adv. negligently, careleſsly.

DESCUIDA'R, v. a. to neglect, to be careleſs.

DESCU'IDO, ſ. m. negligence, careſſneſs, neglect.

DESCULA'R. v. a. to break the bottom of any thing. Vulgar.

DESCU'LPA, ſ. f. an excuſe.

DESCULPA'R, v, a. to excuſe.

DESCURRI'R, v. a. vide *DISCURRI'R*.

DESCUVIE'RTO, adj. vide *DESCUBIE'RTO*.

DESCUYDA'DO, adj. careleſs, negligent.

DESCUYDADAME'NTE, adv. careleſsly, negligently.

DESCUYDA'R, v. a. to be careleſs, or negligent; to take no care.

DESCUYTA'R, v. a. to put out of miſery.

DESDA'R, v. a. to give back.

DE'SDE, adv. from ſuch a time, or place.

Déſde ayér, ſince yeſterday.

Déſde niño, from one's childhood.

Déſde àquí, from this place.

DESDECI'R, v. n. to unſay, to ſay againſt what one has ſaid, to retract, to recant.

DESDE'N, ſ. m. diſdain, ſcorn.

DESDEñA'BLE, adj. to be diſdained, worthy to be ſcorned.

DESDEñADO'R, ſ. m, one that ſcorns or diſdains.

DESDEñA'R, v. a. to ſcorn, diſdain.

DESDEñO, ſ. m. diſdain.

DESDEñO'SO, adj. diſdainful.

DESDENTA'R, v. a. to make toothleſs.

DESDEVANA'R, v. a. to unwind thread or ſilk; to unreel.

DESDI'CHA, ſ. f. misfortune.

DESDICHADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately.

DESDICHADI'LLO, adj. diminutive of *deſdichado*. Subſt. uſed a little wretch, a little rogue.

DESDICHA'DO, adj. unfortunate.

Prov. *Al deſdichado póco le vále ſer eſforzádo*, it little avails an unfortunate, man to be brave. Courage without fortune is of little uſe.

DESDICHO, p. p. unſayed, gainſayed.

DESDOBLA'R, v. a. to unfold.

DESDO'N, ſ. m. folly, incivility, indecency, clownishneſs.

DESDONADAME'NTE, adv. undecently, uncivilly, clownishly.

DESDONA'DO, adj. indecent, uncivil, clownish, unpleaſant.

DESDONA'R, v. a. to take back what was given.

DESDORA'R, v. a. to take off the gilding; to blemish.

DESDORMI'DO, adj. awake that has not ſlept.

DESDO'RO, ſ. m. a ſpot or blemish on the reputation.

DESEA'BLE, adj. deſirable.

DESEADO'R, ſ. m. he who deſires or wishes.

DESEA'R, v. a. to deſire, to wish for.

DESECA'R, v. a. to dry up.

DESE'CHA, ſ. f. the burden of a ſong; a farewel or taking leave; diſſembling or concealing an ill action; alſo a break in a mountain or a paſs.

DESECHA'R, v. a. to caſt off, to deſpiſe, contemn.

Prov. *Lo que úno deſecha ótro lo ruéga*, what one man deſpiſes, another ſues for. One man's meat is another man's poiſon.

DESE'CHO, ſ. m. the off-caſt, what is trown away.

DESEDIFICA'R, v. a. to deſtroy, to demolish any edifice.

DESEGUIDA, adj. fem. not honeſt, not modeſt, licentious, immoral.

DESEMBAINA'R, v. a. vide *DESEMBAYNA'R*.

DESEMBALA'R, v. n. to unpack.

DESEMBANASTA'R, v. a to take any thing out of a basket.

Deſembanaſtrárſe, v. r. to free one's ſelf from cage or basket.

DESEMBARAZA'R, v. a. to diſencumber, to remove obſtacles, to put things out of the way.

DESEMBARAZO', ſ. m. clearneſs from encumbrance, eaſineſs, freedom.

DESEMBARCACIO'N, ſ. f. the action of landing.

DESEMBARCADE'RO, ſ. m. a landing place.

DESEMBARCA'R, v. a. to land, to unship, to diſembark.

DESEMBARGADAME'NTE, adv. freely, without obſtruction.

DESEMBARGA'R, v. a. to take off an embargo, to ſet at liberty, to free that which wat attached, ſtopped, or detained.

DESEMBA'RGO, ſ. m. deliverance, diſcharge; taking off the embargo.

DESEMBARRA'R, v. a. to unclay, to undaub.

DESEMBAULA'R, v. a. to take any thing out of a cheſt; alſo to declare ſomething.

DESEMBAYNA'R, v. a. to draw out of the sheath or ſcabbard.

DESEMBEBE'RSE, v. r. to recover from ſurprize.

DESEMBELESA'RSE, v. r. vide *DESEMBELECE'RSE*.

DESEMBOCADU'RA, ſ. f. a diſemboguing or coming out of the mouth of a gulph or river.

DESEMBOCA'R, v. n. to diſembogue, to come out of the mouth of a gulph or river.

DESEMBOLSA'R, v. a. to diſburſe, to lay out.

DESEMBO'LSO, ſ. m. a diſburſing of money.

DESEMBOLTU'RA, ſ. f. airineſs, impudence, confidence.

DESEMBOLVE'R, v. a. to unfold, to unwrap.

Déſembolvérſe, v. r. to take courage, to grow airy, to grow free in behaviour, to grow impudent.

DESEMBORRACHA'R, v. a. to make ſober, to recover from drunkenneſs.

DESEMBOSCA'DO, adj. got out of a wood.

DESEMBOSCA'RSE, v. r. to get out of a wood.

DESEMBOTA'R, v. a. to make sharp.

DESEMBOZA'R, v. a. to unmuffle, or take off the cloak or maſque; alſo to explain a difficulty.

DESEMBRAVECER, v. a. to tame.

DESEMBRAVECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a making tame.

DESEMBO'ZO, ſ. m. uncovering; alſo freedom.

DESEMBRAZA'R, v. a. to let go from the arms, to caſt the cane at the port called *juégo de cáñas*, in which gentlemen ride and repreſent a skirmish, throwing canes at one another inſtead of darts.

DESEMBRIAGA'R, v. a. to make ſober.

DESEMBUCHA'R, v. a. to diſgorge, to turn out of the maw; to ſpeak every thing that comes uppermoſt.

DESEMBUDA'R, v. a. to draw out any thing as it were through a funnel.

DESEMBUELTAME'NTE, adv. airy, boldly, impudently.

DESEMBUELTO, adj. airy, bold, impudent.

DESEMMARAÑA'R, v. a. to make manifeſt, to clear up, to render conſpicuous any obſcure or intricate matter.

DESEMMOHECE'R, v. a. to clean any thing from the ruſt or mould.

DESEMMUDECE'R, v. a. to be cured of dumbneſs, to recover the ſpeech loſt.

DESEMPACA'RSE, v. r. to appeaſe one's ſelf, to vent the anger, to grow gentle and mild again.

DESEMPACHA'R, v. a. to put away bashfulneſs.

DESEMPA'CHO, ſ. m. want of bashfulneſs, confidence.

DESEMPADRA'R, v. a. to deprive of a father, to kill a perſon's father, to hinder one from calling himſelf by his family name.

DESEMPALAGA'R, v. a. to take away loathing, to bring the ſtomach to an appetite.

DESEMPAÑA'R, v. a. to undreſs young children.

DESEMPAPELA'R, v. a. to unfold any thing covered with paper.

DESEMPAREJA'R, v. a. to remove from joining to another; to make uneven.

DESEMPARVA'R, v. a. to gather into heaps the corn that is threshed.

DESEMPATA'R, v. a. to make unequal what was before even.

DESEMPEDRADO'R, ſ. m. an unpaviour; one that rides about the ſtreets as if he would tear up the pavement.

DESEMPEDRA'R, v. a. to unpave, to tear up the ſtreet or the road.

DESEMPEGA'R, v. a. to unglew, to ſeparate what is ſtuck.

DESEMPEÑA'R, v. a. to redeem out of pawn, to diſengage.

Deſempeñar la palábra, to perfom one's promiſe.

Deſempeñárſe, v. r. to pay one's debts, to get rid of one's engagements.

DESEMPE'ÑO, ſ. m. the act of redeeming a pledge.

DESEMPEQRA'R, v. a, to mend, to grow better.

DESEMPERE'ZA, ſ. f. shaking off ſloth.

DESEMPEREZA'R, v. n. to shake off ſloth.

DESEMPEZGA'R, v. a. to unſtop, to open.

DESEMPLUMA'R, v. a. to unfeater.

DESEMPOLVORA'R, v. a. obſ. to clean from duſt.

DESENPONZOñA'R, v. a. to free, cure, or heal one that is poiſoned; to drive out, to expel any violent diſorder or affection of the ſoul.

DESEMPOTRA'R, v. a. to take off the prop or props that kept an edifice ſteady.

DESEMPREñA'DA, adj. fem. that has lain in that has brought, forth.

DESEMPREñA'R, v. a. to deliver of a big belly.

DESEMPULGADU'RA, ſ. f. unbending a bow.

DESEMPULGA'R, v. a. to unbend a bow.

DESEMVAYNA'R, v. a. vide *DESEMBAYNA'R*.

DESEMVOLVE'R, v.a. vide *DESEMBOLBE'R*.

DESENALBARDA'R, v. a. to pull off the pack-ſaddle.

DESENAMORA'R, v. a. to extinguish or loſe the love.

DESEMBAYNA'R, v. a. vide *DESENVAYNA'R*.

DESENBOLVE'R, v. a. vide *DESENVOLVE'R*.

DESENCABALGA'R, v. a. to diſmount the cannon.

DESENCABESTRA'R, v. a. to unhalter.

DESENCADENA'R, v. a. to unchain.

DESENCALABRINA'R, v. a. to put in order, to ſettle the head.

DESENCALCA'R, v. a. to looſen any thing that was made faſt.

DESENCALLADU'RA, ſ. f. fetting a veſſel a-float, that was run a ground.

DESENCALLA'R, v. a. to get off a veſſel that was run a-ground.

DESENCAMINAR, v. a. vide *DESCAMINA'R*.

DESENCANDILA'R, v. a. to take away the dazzling or glimmering light that affects the eyes.

DESENCANTA'R, v. a. to diſenchant.

DESENCA'NTO, ſ. m. a diſenchanting.

DESENCAPOTADU'RA, ſ. f. the taking off a cloak.

DESENCAPOTA'R, v. a. to take or pull off the cloak.

Deſencapotárſe, v. r. to clear up one's looks from frowns or lowring.

DESENCAPRICHA'R, v. a to ſubdue the caprice or fancy.

DESENCARCELA'R, v. a. to free one from a priſon.

DESENCARECE'R, v. a. to lower or leſſen the price, or value.

DESENCARNA'R, v. a. vide *DESCARNA'R*.

DESENCASA'R, v. a. vide *DESENCAXA'R*.

DESENCASONA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *DESENCAXONA'R*.

DESENCASTILLA'R, v. a. to beat out of a caſtle.

DESENCAVALGA'R, v. a. to diſmount from horſeback, to diſmount a piece of ordnance from its carriage, to unbend a croſs-bow.

DESENCAVESTRA'R, v. a. vide *DESENCABESTRA'R*.

DESENCAXADO'R, ſ. m. one that unjoints or pulls up things from where they where faſtened.

DESENCAXADU'RA, ſ. f. unjointing, ſeparating.

DESENCAXAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a disjointing or putting out of the place where it was fixed.

DESENCAXA'R, v. a. to unjoint, to ſeparate, to pull from the place where it was faſtened.

DESENCAXONA'R, v. a. to take out what in a large caſe or box.

DESENCERRA'R, v. a. to let looſe or turn out what has been locked up; to turn out the bulls for the bullfeaſt.

DESENCINTA'R, v. a. to unbind, to untie.

DESENCLAVA'R, v. a to unnail.

DESENCLAVIJA'R, v. a. to take down, or lower the keys of any muſical inſtrument.

DESENCOGE'R, v. a. to extend, to dilate; ſtretch out.

Deſencogérſe, v. r. to lay aſide bashfulneſs.

DESENCOGIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. freedom or eaſineſs of expreſſion.

DESENCOLA'R, v. a. to unglew.

DESENCOLERIZA'RSE, v. n. to appeaſe, or aſſuage one's anger.

DESENCONA'R, v. a. to take away the rankling of a ſore; metaph. to apeaſe one's anger.

DESENCO'NO, ſ. m. an appeaſing of anger.

DESENCORDA'R, v. a. to uncord, or unſtring an inſtrument.

DESENCORDELA'R, v. a. to untie, or looſen any thing tied with a rope.

DESENCORVA'R, v. a. to make ſtraight; or unbend.

DESENCRESPA'R, v. a. to uncurl.

DESENDEMONIA'R, v. a. to caſt out devils.

DESENDIABLA'R, v. a. to caſt out devils.

Deſendiablarſe, v. r. to lay aſide wrath or anger.

DESENDIOSA'R, v. a. to depreſs, or pull down vain glory.

DESENDUEñA'SE, v. a. to be free from a *duéna*.

DESENFADA'R, v. a. to pleaſe, to eaſe of vexation.

Deſenfadárſe, v. r. to be pleaſed, delighted.

DESENFA'DO, ſ. m. pleaſure, that which eaſes from vexation, diverſion, confidence, freedom of behaviour.

DESENFALDA'RSE, v. r. to unfold, or let down the lapper of a gown.

DESENFAMAR, v. a to defame.

DESENFARDELA'R, v. a. to unpack, to open a pack.

DESENFAXA'R, v. a. to unroll, to unſwathe, to unbind.

DESENFRENADAMENTE, adv. diſorderly, ungovernably.

DESENFRENAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. unbridledneſs, unrulineſs.

DESENFRENA'R, v. a. to unbridle.

Deſenfrenárſe, v. r. to grow unruly in talk or actions.

DESENFRE'NO, ſ. m. unrulineſs.

DESENFUNDA'R, v. a. to pull out of the holſters, as when a piſtol is taken out.

DESENFURECE'RSE, v. r. to lay aſide rage, or anger.

DESENGAñADAMENTE, adv. ingenuouſly, without diſſimulation, freely, frankly.

DESENGAñADO'R, ſ. m. who undeceives another.

DESENGAñA'R, v. a. to undeceive, to ſhow a man his miſtake, to deal plainly.

Deſengañarſe, v. r. to diſcover the truth of a matter one was deceived in, to be ſatisfied in a point, to be undeceived.

DESENGAñIFA'R, v. a. to free, or pluck out of the hands or claws.

DESENGA'ñO, ſ. m. diſcovery of a deceit, plain dealing.

DESENGARRAFA'R, v. a. to free from the hands.

DESENGARZA'R, v. a. to disjoin things that were joined.

DESENGASTA'R, v. a. to take a ſtone out of a ring.

DESENGRASSA'R, v. a. to take away the fat, to make lean.

DESENGROSSA'R, v. a. to make thin, to attenuate, to make ſlender.

DESENGRUDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of deglutinating, of taking away the glue or viſcoſity.

DESENGRUDA'R, v. a. to unpaſte.

DESENGRUPA'R, v. a. to uncrupper.

DESENHADA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *DESENFADA'R*.

DESENHASTIA'R, v. a. to reſtore to an appetite, to take away a loathing.

DESENHEBRA'R, v. a. to unthread a needle.

DESENHETRA'R, v. a. to diſentangle, to unravel, to extricate, to deliver out of perplexity.

DESENJAEZA'R, v. a. to unharneſs.

DESENJAULA'R, v. a. to take out of a cage.

DESENLABONA'R, v. a. to unlink.

DESENLADRILLA'R, v. a. to pull down the bricks.

DESENLAZA'R, v. a. to unloſe, to untie, to enſnare.

DESENCLOSA'R, v. a. to unpave.

DESENLUSTRA'R, v. a. to take away the luſtre, to obſcure.

DESENLUTA'R, v. a. to go out of mourning.

DESENMARAñA'R, v. a. to diſentangle, to extricate, to lay open a piece of knavery.

DESENMUDECE'R, v. a. to ceaſe to be dumb, to talk.

DESENOJA'R, v. a. to appeaſe or to abate anger.

DESENO'JO, ſ. m. the mitigation or appeaſing of anger.

DESE'ñO, ſ. m. a deſign.

DESENQUADERNA'R, v. a. to unbind papers or books.

DESENRAZONA'DO, adj. that has loſt the uſe of reaſon, unreaſonable, not acting according to reaſon.

DESENREDA'R, v. a. to diſentangle, to extricate, to rid out of trouble.

Deſenredárſe, v. r. to diſentangle one's ſelf.

DESENROLLA'R, v. a. to unfold what was rolled up.

DESENSABANA'R, v. a. to unſheet a bed.

DESENSAñA'R, v. a. to appeaſe, to diſenrage.

DESENSARTA'R; v. a. to unthread.

DESENSENA'R, v. a. to take out of the boſom.

DESENSEñA'R, v. a. to make one forget what he had been taught in order to teach him better.

DESENSEVA'R, v. a. to take the tallow out; to divert one's ſelf for a few moments from the actual work by taking a pinch of ſnuff, a turn of the room, and ſo forth.

DESENSILLA'R, v. a. to unſaddle.

DESENSOBERBECE'RSE, v. r. to humble one's ſelf, to lay aſide pride.

DESENSORDECE'R, v. n. to ceaſe to be deaf, to recover one's hearing.

DESENTABLA'R, v. a. to unboard; alſo to deſtroy, to put in confuſion, to undo.

DESENTENDE'R, v. n. to feign one's ſelf ignorant.

DESENTERRA'R, v. a. to unbury, to dig out of the grave or earth.

Deſenterrár los muértos, to unbury the dead; to talk ill of them.

DESENTERI'A, ſ. f. vide *DISENTERI'A*.

DESENTOLDA'R, v. a. to take down a canopy.

DESENTOMECE'R, v. n. vide *DESENTUMECE'R*.

DESENTONADAME'NTE, adv. out of tune.

DESENTONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. being out of tune or rudely loud.

DESENTONA'R, v. a. to be out of tune, to be rudely loud.

Deſentonárſe, v. r. to be out of tune; alſo to be imprudent.

DESENTO'NO, ſ. m. vide *DESENTONAMIE'NTO*.

DESENTORPECE'R, v. a. to unbenumb.

DESENTRAñA'R, v. a. to embowel.

Deſentrañar un negócio, to extricate an affair, to make it eaſy.

Deſentrañarſe por ótro, to beſtow all one has on another.

DESENTUMECE'R, v. a. to unbenumb.

DESENVAINA'R, v. a. to draw out of the sheath, or ſcabbard.

DESENVIOLA'R, v. a. to expiate.

DESENVOLTU'RA, ſ. f. dexterity, cleverneſs, skill, readineſs, in doing, ability, great practice, great facility, readineſs of contrivance, skilfulneſs. It is ſometimes taken in a bad ſenſe, ſpeaking of women that make too free with men; ſlip from chaſtity.

DESENVOLVEDO'R, ſ. m. who enquires or ſearches into any thing.

DESENVOLVE'R, v. a. to unroll.

DESENVUELTAME'NTE, adv. impudently, boldly, audaciouſly.

DESENXALMA'R, v. a. to unharneſs, to take the pannel off a beaſt.

DESE'O, ſ. m. deſire, wish, eagerneſs to obtain or enjoy.

A medida del deſéo, according to wish or deſire

DESEO'SO, adj. deſirous.

DESEQUI'DO, adj. dry.
DESERCIO'N, ſ. f. deſertion.
DESERRA'DO, adj. erroneous, out of the way.
DESERTA'R, v. n. to deſert.
DESERTO'R, ſ. m. a deſerter.
DESESCURECE'R, v. a. to illuſtrate, to make plain.
DESESPERACIO'N, ſ. f. deſpair; alſo wrath, anger, fury.
DESESPERADAME'NTE, adv. deſperately, furiouſly, madly.
DESESPERAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. deſpair.
DESESPERA'NZA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *DESESPARACIO'N.*
DESESPERA'R, v. n. to deſpair.
Deſeſperárſe, v. r. to kill one's ſelf; alſo to be furious, mad with anger.
DESESTERA'R, v. a. to unmat, to take off the mats.
DESESTE'RO, ſ. m. the taking off mats.
DESESTI'MA, ſ. f. diſeſteem.
DESESTIMACIO'N, ſ. f. diſeſteem, ſlight regard.
DESESTIMADO'R, ſ. m. f. one who diſeſteems.
DESESTIMA'R, v. a. to undervalue, to deſpiſe.
DESFACEDO'R, ſ. m. obſ. vide *DESHACEDO'R.*
DESFACE'R, v. a. obſ. vide *DESHACER.*
DESFALCACIO'N, ſ. f. defalcation.
DESFALCA'R, v. a. to defalk, to take away ſome part of the principal.
DESFALLECE'R; v. n. to faint, to ſwoon, to waſte away, to loſe courage.
DESFALLECIE'NTE, p. act. of *desfallecér.*
DESFALLECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. fainting, ſwooning, waſting away, diſcouragement.
DESFALLESCE'R, v. n. vide *DESFALLECE'R.*
DESFAMAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. defamation.
DESFAMA'R, v. a. to defame.
DESFAVO'R, ſ. m. disfavour.
DESFAVORECEDO'R, ſ. m. one who disfavours.
DESFAVORECE'R, v. a. to diſcountenance, not to favour.
DESFAXA'R, v. a. to ungird.
DESFAZA'DO, adj. obſ. ſhameleſs, impudent, immodeſt.
DESFEA'R; v. a. to diſfigure, to deform, to mangle.
DESFE'RRA, ſ. f. obſ. diſcord, conteſt, oppoſition of will and opinions.
DESFIGURA'R, v. a. to diſfigure, to deform.
Desfigurárſe, v. r. to grow more homely, to loſe one's good ſhape, features, or complexion.
DESFILACHA'R, v. a. to make lint out of linen.
DESFILADE'RO, ſ. m. a narrow paſſage, a defile.
DESFILA'R, v. a. to march in order, to defile.
DESFINZA'R, v. a. obſ. to deprive of hope.
DESFLAQUECE'R, v. a. to loſe ſtrength or courage.
DESFLAQUECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. loſs of ſtrength or courage.
DESFLEMA'R, v. n. to expectorate, to bring away or purge off phlegm.
DESFLOCA'R, v. a. to ravel out the ends of any thing like fringes.
DESFLORAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a deflouring.
DESFLORA'R, v. a. to deflour.
DESFLORECE'R, v. a. to loſe the flower.
DESFOGA'R, v. a. to take away the heat, or fire, to cool.
DESFOGONA'R, v. a. to ſpoil the touch-hole of a piece or artillery, or of any fire-arm.
DESFOGU'E, ſ. m. vent, the act of giving vent to fire or to any oppreſſing paſſion.
DESFORMA'R, v. a. to deform, to disfigure.
DESFO'RME, adj. vide *DISFO'RME.*
DESFRENA'R, v. a. vide *DESENFRENA'R.*
DESFORTALECE'R, v. a. to ruin, or deſtroy any fortreſs.
DESFRUTA'R, v. a. to gather all the fruit; to take away the beauty of a thing.
DESFU'CIA, ſ. f. miſtruſt.
DESFUNDA'R, v. a. to beat out the head of a veſſel,
DESGAI'RE, ſ. m. inelegance, unpoliteneſs in dreſs or ſpeech.
DESGAJADU'RA, ſ. f. a tearing or rending.
DESGAJA'R, v. a. to tear off, to rend, to force aſunder.
Deſgajárſe de la amiſtád de ótro, to break off friendship.
DESGA'JO, ſ. m. a. tearing or rending.
DESGALANA'R, v. a. to ſtrip of its finery, to unrig.
DESGALGADE'RO, ſ. m. an uncouth place where dogs cannot run.
DESGALGA'R, v. a. to precipitate, to throw headlong.
Deſgalgárſe, v. r. to run over uncouth places, where dogs cannot follow.
DESGA'NA, ſ. f. the naſeouſneſs of food; alſo diſlike.
DESGANA'RSE, v. r. to loſe one's ſtomach or appetite.
DESGANCHA'R, v. a. to pull the boughs from the trees.
DESGAÑIFA'R, v. a. to haloo, or cry out till a man tears his throat, or grows hoarſe.
DESGARGAMILLA'DO, adj. weak, feeble, puny, without any grace or neatneſs.
DESGARGANTA'RSE, v. r. to veciferate, to cry as loud as one can.
DESGARGOLADU'RA, ſ. f. beating the bark out of hemp or flax.
DESGARGOLA'R, v. a. to beat the bark out of hemp or flax.
DESGARITA'RSE, v. r. to go the ship out of its direction, to fall off from the due run, not to follow the firſt ſcheme or intention.
DESGARRA'R, v. a. to rend, to tear; to boaſt.
Deſgarrárſe, v. a. to eſcape, leaving a piece of one's coat behind, to break looſe; alſo to grow impudent.
DESGA'RRO, ſ. m. a rent; alſo a bravado or boaſting; alſo impudence.
DESGARRO'N, ſ. m. a boaſting fellow.
DESGASNATA'RSE, v. r. to tear one's throat with roaring or making a noiſe.
DESGASTADO'R, ſ. m. one who ſpends much, a ſpendthrift.

DESGASTA'R, v. a. to leſſen any thing by degrees.

DESGA'TAR, v. a. to purſue or kill cats.

DESGLOSSA'R, v. a. to take away, or blot out remarks or gloſſes.

DESGOBERNA'R, v. a. to unſettle the government, to diſturb the order of it, to govern ill; to diſlocate, to put out of joint; to cure horſes and mules by cutting ſome vein in order to ſtop the run of ſome diſeaſed humour; to neglect the ſteerage when at ſea.

DESGOBIE'RNO, ſ. m diſorder, confuſion.

DESGORRA'RSE, v. r. to pull off the hat or cap.

DESGOSNA'R, v. a. vide *DESGOZNA'R.*

DESGOTA'R, v. a. to dry up any thing to the laſt drop.

DESGOZNA'R, v. a. to unhinge.

DESGRA'CIA, ſ. f. a misfortune; alſo diſgrace.

Correr con diſgracia, to be unlucky, unhappy.

Que diſgracia! what a misfortune.

DESGRACIADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately; alſo ungenteelly.

DESGRACIA'DO, adj. unfortunate; alſo mishapen; that ſings without air or grace; not well in health.

DESGRACIA'R, v. a. to offend, to diſguſt, to diſpleaſe, to give diſcontent, to make angry.

Deſgraciárſe, v. r. to diſagree; to be not well in health.

DESGRADUA'R, v. a. to degrade, to take away one's degrees.

DESGRAMAR, v. a. to pluck up the graſs.

DESGRANAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. taking away the grain, or kernel.

DESGRANA'R, v. a. to take away the grain or kernel, to diminish the beauty or value of a thing.

DESGREñADO'R, ſ. m. one that pulls off the hair, or that diſhevels the hair.

DESGREñADU'RA, ſ. f. a pulling of or diſhevelling the hair.

DESGREñA'R, v. a, to pull off or diſhevel the hair.

DESGUARNECE'R, v. a. to ungarniſh, to unfurniſh, to pull off a lace or other ornament.

Deſguarnecér la eſpáda, v. a. to take the ſword from the hilt.

DESGUINDA'R v. a. to take dow what is hanging.

DESGU'STO, ſ. m, vide *DISGU'STO.*

DESHABITA'DO, adj. not inhahabited, deſerted, forſaken.

DESHABITA'R, v. a. to quit the houſe or habitation.

DESHABITUA'R, v, a. to loſe a cuſtom or habit.

DESHACE'R, v. a. to undo, to deſtroy: alſo to annihilate.

Deshacér agravios, to revenge injuries.

Deshacerſe, v. r. to afflict one's ſelf.

D. shacerſe de una c oa, to part with one thing.

DESHAMBRI'DO, adj. neceſſitous, indigent, poor, needy.

DESHANDRAJA'R, v. a. vide *DESANDRAJA'R.*

DESHARRAPADI'LLO, adj. poor, all in rags.

DESHARRAPA'DO, adj. shabby, ragged, hanging in rags.

DESHAZENDA'DO, adv. idle, without buſineſs; that has no eſtate or goods.

DESHEBILLA'R, v. a, to unbuckle.

DESHEBRA'R, v. a. to draw out the threads.

DESHE'CHA, ſ. f. diſſembling, diſſimulation; alſo a paſs in a road; alſo a civil farewel.

DESHE'CHAR, v. a. vide *DESECHA'R.*

DESHECHIZADO'R, ſ. m. one that unbewitches.

DESHECHIZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an unbewitching.

DESHECHIZA'R, v. a. to unbewitch.

DESHECHO, p. p. of *deshacer*, undone.

DESHELA'R, v. n. to liquefy.

DESHEREDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a. diſinheriting.

DESHEREDACION, ſ. f. a diſinheriting.

DESHEREDA'R, v. a. to diſinherit.

DESHERMANA'R, v. a. to break brotherly friendship; to unpair.

DESHERRADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſore or diſeaſe in the hoof of a horſe or mule, cauſed by travelling unshod.

DESHERRA'R, v. a. to unshoe a horſe.

DESHERRUMBRA'R, v. a. to take off the ruſt.

DESHILACHA'R, v. a. to make lint out of linen.

DESHILA'DA, ſ. f. going out of rank or out of order.

A la dishaláda, adv. out of rank, out of order.

DESHILADI'Z, ſ. m. the ſilk that is made by ſpinning the ſilk pods after they have been broken by the coming out of the worm.

DESHILADU'RA, ſ. f. untwiſting, unſpinning; alſo drawing out of threads.

DESHILA'R, v. a. to untwiſt, to unſpin; to draw out threads.

DESHINCA'R, v. a. to pull out from the place where a thing was thruſt in.

DESHINCHADU'RA, ſ. f. unſwelling.

DESHINCHA'R, v. a. to unſwell, to aſſuage the ſwelling.

DESHINCHAZO'N, ſ. m. unſwelling.

DESHOGA'R, v. a. vide *DESAHOGA'R.*

DESHOJADO'R, ſ. m. one that tears away the leaves.

DESHOJADU'RA, ſ. f. tearing off the leaves.

DESHOJA'R, v. a. to pull off the leaves.

DESHOLLEJA'R, v. a. to pare, to take off the skin or rind.

DESHOLLINADO'R, ſ. m. one that cleans away the ſoot.

DESHOLLINA'R, v. a. to clean away ſoot.

DESHOMBRECE'RSE, v. r. to shrug up the shoulders.

DESHONESTAME'NTE, adv. immodeſtly. indecently.

DESHONESTA'R, v. a. to diſgrace.

DESHONESTI'CO, adj. diminutive of *deshoneſto*.
DESHONESTIDA'D, ſ. f. dishoneſty, immodeſty.
DESHONE'STO, adj. immodeſt, indecent.
DESHONO'R, ſ. m. dishonour.
DESHO'NRA, ſ. f. dishonour, diſgrace.
Deshónrabuénos, ſ. m. a ſcandalous perſon that talks ill of others.
DESHONRADO'R, ſ. m. one that diſgraces or dishonours another.
DESHONRA'R, v. a. to diſgrace, to dishonour.
DESHO'RA, ſ. f. out of ſeaſon.
A deshóra, adv. on a ſudden, unſeaſonably.
DESHORA'DO, adj. unſeaſonable, unhappy.
DESHORNA'R, v. a. to draw out of the oven.
DESHOSPEDA'DO, adj. inhoſpitable.
DESHUZIA, ſ. f. deſpair, giving over a ſick man. Obſ.
DESJARRETADO'R, ſ. m. one that houghs or hamſtrings.
DESJARRETADU'RA, ſ. f. houghing, or hamſtringing.
DESJARRETA'R, v. a. to hough, to hamſtring.
DE'SIDE, adj. obſ. ſlothful.
DESIDERA'BLE, adj. deſirable. Vide *DESEABLE*.
DESIDI'A, ſ. f. ſloth, negligence, idleneſs.
DESIDIO'SO, adj. ſlothful, negligent, idle.
DESIE'RTO, adj. forſaken, abandoned, left.
Deſiérto, ſ. m. deſert, wilderneſs.
Predicár en deſiérto, v. a. to preach in a deſert; to talk to thoſe that will not give ear, to talk in vain.
Cóſa deſierta, a thing that belongs to no body.
Apelación dáda por deſiérta, an appeal that will not be allowed.
DESIGNACIO'N, ſ. f. deſignation, appointment.
DESIGNA'R, v. a. to deſign, to appoint, to allot.
DESI'GNIO, ſ. m. deſign, intention.
DESIGUA'L, adj. unequal; alſo fickle, inconſtant.
DESIGUALA'R, v. a. to make uneven.
Deſigualárſe, v. r. to excel another, to be unequal.
DESIGUALDA'D, ſ. f. inequality.
DESIGUALME'NTE, adv. unequally.
DESIMAGINA'R, v. a. to blot out of the imagination.
DESINCLINA'R, v. a. to take away, or withdraw the inclination.
DESINDICIA'R, v. a. to blot out the ſuſpicion of any thing.
DESINFICIONA'R, v. a. to take away the infection.
DESINFLAMA'R, v. a. to take away the inflamation.
DESINTERE'S, ſ. m. diſintereſt, indifference to profit.
DESINTERESSA'BLE, adj. that can have no intereſt in a thing; that does not ſeek intereſt.
DESINTERESSADAME'NTE, adv. without deſign of intereſt.
DESINTERESSA'R, v. a. to remove all intereſt.
DESISTE'NCIA, ſ. f. } deſiſ-
DESISTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } ting, leaving off, clearing.
DESISTI'R, v. a. to deſiſt, to leave off, to ceaſe.
DESLABONA'R, v. a. to unlink a chain.
DESLADRILLA'R, v. a. to take away the bricks.
DESLAIDA'R, v. a. obſ. to deform.
DESLANGUIDO, adj. weak, ſlender, exhauſted.
DESLASTRA'R, v. a. to take away the ballaſt of a ſhip.
DESLATA'R, v. a. to take away the rafters of joiſts.
DESLATE, ſ. m. throwing or caſting any thing.
DESLAVA'DO, adj. ſaucy, frontleſs, impudent.
Cára deſlavádа, a puny, pale, ſickly countenance.
DESLAVADU'RA, ſ. f. } im-
DESLAVAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } pudence.
DESLAVA'R, v. a. to ſpoil any thing by wetting it.
DESLAVONA'R, v. a. vide *DESENLAVONA'R*.
DESLAYDA'R, v. n. obſ. vide *DESLAIDA'R*.
DESLAZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of untying or unbinding.
DESLAZA'R, v. a. to untie a knot.
DESLA'ZO, ſ. m. the act of undoing the knot or tie.
DESLEA'L, adj. diſloyal, falſe, unfaithful.
DESLEALME'NTE, adv. diſloyally, unfaithfully.
DESLEALTA'D, ſ. f. diſloyalty, falſhood, unfaithfulneſs.
DESLECHUGADO'R, ſ. m. a pruner.
DESLECHUGA'R, v. a. to prune.
DESLEIDU'RA, ſ. f. diſſolving, digeſting.
DESLEI'R, v. a. to diſſolve, to digeſt.
DESLENDRA'R, v. a. to clear from nits.
DESLENGUA'DO, adj. that has loſt the tongue; that has an ill tongue.
DESLENGUAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. lewdneſs of the tongue.
DESLENGUA'RSE, v. r. to advance what is neither true, nor juſt; to ſlander, to cenſure falſely.
DESLIA'R, v. a. to unbind, to untie.
DESLIGA'R, v. a. to unbind.
DESLINDADO'R, ſ. m. one that marks out the bounds.
DESLINDADU'RA, ſ. f. marking out bounds.
DESLINDA'R, v. a. to mark out the bounds; alſo to clear any buſineſs.
DESLI'Z, ſ. m. a ſlip or ſliding; as, un *deſliz de léngua*, a ſlip of the tongue.
DESLIZADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſlippery place.
DESLIZADI'ZO, adj. ſlipperg.
DESLIZADU'RA, ſ. f. } ſlip-
DESLIZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } ping.
DESLIZA'R, v. n. to ſlip, to ſlide.
DESLI'ZO, ſ. m. vide *DESLI'Z*.
DESLOADO'R, ſ. m. a diſpraiſer.

DESLOA'R, v. a. to diſpraiſe, to diſcommend.
DESLOCACI'ON, ſ. f. diſlocation, the ſtate of being out of joint.
DESLOCA'RSE, v. a. to diſlocate itſelf, to get out of joint.
DESLOMADU'RA, ſ. f. breaking the back.
DESLOMA'R, v. a. to break the back.
DESLUCIDAME'NTE, adv. inelegantly.
DESLUCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſgrace, or obſcurity.
DESLUCI'R, v. a. to obſcure, to darken, to take away the brightneſs.
DESLUMBRA'DO, adj. ſhadowed, darkened, dazzled; that does things diſorderly, or hand over head.
DESLUMBRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the blindneſs and confuſion, paſſion, puts a man into; alſo the dazzling of the ſun.
DESLUMBRA'R, v. a. to dazzle, to darken, to ſhadow.
DESLUSTRADAME'NTE, adv. dully, without beauty or luſtre.
DESLUSTRADO'R, ſ. m. one that has loſt his beauty or luſtre.
DESLUSTRA'R, v. a. to take away the beauty or luſtre.
DESLU'STRE, ſ. m. the privation of the ſplendor or luſtre.
DESLUSTRO'SO, adj. unbecoming, diſgraceful, ignominious, diſhonourable.
DESMADEXA'DO, adj. all ravelled; diſorderly; alſo lazy, ſlovenly, not genteel.
DESMADEXAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a lowneſs or ſpirits.
DESMADEXA'R, v. a. to ravel a ſkein.
DESMAJA'DO, *DESMAJOLA'DO*, adj. looſe, untied.
DESMALLADO'R, ſ. m. in cant a poignard or dagger.
DESMALLA'R, v. a. to unmall, to cut the armour a man wears.
DESMA'N, ſ. m. a misfortune; alſo misbehaviour.
DESMANA'R, v. a. to go aſtray.
DESMANCEBA'R, v. a. to hinder or obſtruct the living of one with a miſtreſs.
DESMANDA'DO, adj. diſorderly, ungovernable, unruly.
DESMANDA'R, v. a. to revoke, repeal, or recall any order or command.
Deſmandárſe, v. r. to be diſordered, to go aſtray.
DESMANEA'RSE, v. r. to ſhake off the fetters.
DESMANGOREA'R, v. a. to unhaft.
DESMA'ñA, ſ. f. lazineſs, ſlothfulneſs.
DESMANA'DO, adj. ſlothful, lazy, inexpert.
DESMANOTA'DO, adj. unhandy, aukwardly.
DESMANTELA'R, v. a. to diſmantle to throw down walls or works; to abandon.
DESMARAñA'R, v. a. to unravel, to diſentagle.
DESMARRI'DO, adj. weak, fallen away, decayed; weak in underſtanding.
DESMARROJA'R, v. a. to prune.
DESMAYADAME'NTE, adv. faintly.
DESMAYADI'ZO, adj. ſubject to faint or ſwoon.
DESMAYA'DO, adj. faint-hearted.
DESMAYA'R, v. n. to faint, to ſwoon, to loſe courage, to diſmay.
Deſmayárſe, v. r. to loſe one's ſenſes, to faint, to ſwoon away.
DESMA'YO, ſ. m. ſwoon, fainting, diſcouragement.
DESMAZADA'DO, adj. ſlatternly, ſlovenly, looſe, and out of order; unbundled, looſe, diſordered as parcels broken up and not bound together.
DESMAZALA'DO, adj. ſickly, not in good order with regard to health, in a vexatious middle ſtate between ſickneſs and health; weak, feeble, without vigour, without briskneſs.
DESMEDIDAME'NTE, adv. diſproportionably.
DESMEDIDO, adj. unmeaſured; unmanerly.
DESMEDRA'R, v. n. to go backward, to decay inſtead of thriving.
DESME'DRO, ſ. m. going backward, decaying inſtead of thriving.
DESMEJORA'R, v. a. to make worſe.
DESMELANCOLIZA'R, v. a. to lay aſide melancholy; to be chearful, to rejoice.
DESMELENA'R, v. a. to take off the hair; to diſhevel.
DESMEMBRACIO'N, ſ. f. diſmembring.
DESMEMBRADO'R, ſ. m. a deſmemberer.
DESMEMBRADU'RA, *DESMEMBRAMIE'NTO* ſ. m. a diſmembering
DESMEMBRA'R, v. a. to diſmember, to divide member from member.
DESMEMORIA'DO, adj. forgetful.
DESMEMORIA'RSE, v. r. to be forgetful.
DESMENGUA'R, v. a. to diminiſh.
DESMENTI'DA, ſ. f. the action of making another man a liar.
DESMENTIDO'R, ſ. m. one that gives the lye, or one that makes things uneven.
DESMENTI'R, v. a. to give the lye; alſo to make or place things unequally; alſo to counterfeit or falſify.
Deſmentir el camino, to go out of the road in order to deceive a purſuer.
Deſmentir las eſpiás, to impoſe upon ſpies, making them believe another thing is meant than what is really in agitation.
DESMENUZA'BLE, adj. that may be made into ſmall bits.
DESMENUZADO'R, ſ. m. one that crumbles, or breaks into ſmall bits.
DESMENUZADU'RA, *DESMENUZAMIE'NTO* ſ. m. crumbling, or breaking into ſmall bits.
DESMENUZA'R, v. a. to crumble, to break into ſmall bits; alſo to examine with great attention.

DESMEOLLADU'RA, ſ. f. } taking
DESMEOLLAMIE'NTO, } out
ſ. m. } the
kernel, or brain.

DESMEOLLA'R, v. a. to take out the kernel, the brain, or the marrow.

DESMERECE'R, v. a. to undeſerve.

DESMERECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. undeſerving.

DESMEROJO'N, ſ. m. a ſparrowhawk.

DESMESU'RA, ſ. f. want of manners.

DESMESURADAME'NTE, adv. unmannerly.

DESMESURA'DO, adj. unmannerly.

DESMESURA'RSE, v. r. to be rude or unmannerly.

DESMICADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, one that looks on.

DESMI'CAR, v. a. in cant, to look upon.

DESMIGAJADO'R, ſ. m. one that pulls any thing into bits or crumbles.

DESMIGAJADU'RA, ſ. f. pulling or breaking into bits, crumbling.

DESMIGAJA'R, v. a. to pull or break in bits, to crumble.

DESMINUI'R, v. n. vide *DISMINUI'R*.

DESMIRA'DO, adj. unmannerly.

DESMIRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. unmannerlineſs.

DESMIRLA'DO, adj. that has no ears.

DESMIRRIA'DO, adj. weak, feeble, exhauſted, conſumed, infirm.

DESMO'CHA, ſ. f. the act of lopping, maiming, or pruning; alſo diminution, great alteration.

DESMOCHADU'RA, ſ. f. cutting off the horns, maiming, lopping, cropping, cutting bare, pruning.

DESMOCHA'R, v. a. to cut off the horns, to maim, to lop, to crop, to cut bare, to prune trees.

DESMO'CHO, ſ. m. the lopping or pruning of trees.

DESMOLA'DO, adj. that has no grinders.

DESMOLA'R, v. a. to pull out the grinders, to deprive of the teeth.

DESMOLEDU'RA, ſ. f. digeſtion, concoction of the food in the ſtomach.

DESMOLE'R, v. a. to digeſt.

DESMONTADU'RA, ſ. f. diſmounting; alſo unwooding and grubbing up.

DESMONTA'R, v. a. to diſmount; alſo to unwood, to grub up trees.

DESMO'NTE, ſ. m. unwooding, grubing up.

DESMO'NTES, ſo they call the poor ſilver ore which cannot be fined by fire, but by quickſilver.

DESMORONADU'RA, ſ. f. mouldring away.

DESMORONA'R, v. a. to moulder away.

DESMOTADE'RA, ſ. f. a woman that cleans the cloth by taking away that part of the nap that is bad.

DESMOTADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, a thief, a robber.

DESMOTA'R, v. a. to pull off the tufts, or knots, to burl. In cant, to ſteal.

DESMUE'LO, ſ. m. loſs of teeth.

DESMUGERA'R, v. a. to deprive one of his wife.

DESNARIGA'R, v. a. to cut off the noſe.

DESNATA'R, v. a. to skim off the cream, to take off the beſt of a thing.

DESNATURALIZA'R, v. a. to unnaturalize, to take away a man's privilege as native of a country.

DESNECESSA'RIO, adj. unneceſſary, ſuperfluous.

DESNEGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. recanting that which was denied.

DESNEGA'R, v. a. to recant what one denied.

DESNEGRA'R, v. a. to unblack, to take off the black.

DESNERVA'R, v. a. to cut off the ſinews.

DESNIVE'L, ſ. m. the oblique inclination or tendency of any thing.

DESNOVIA'R, v. a. to ſeparate new married people.

DESNUCA'R, v. a. to cut off the nape of the neck.

DESNUDADO'R, ſ. m. he who ſtrips another or himſelf naked.

DESNUDAME'NTE, adv. nakedly, clearly.

DESNUDA'R, v. a. to uncloath; to ſtrip naked.

Deſnudárſe, v. r. to ſtrip, to undreſs one's ſelf.

DESNUDE'Z, ſ. f. nakedneſs.

DESNU'DO, adj. naked.

DESOBEDECE'R, v. a. to diſobey.

DESOBEDIE'NCIA, ſ. f. diſobedience.

DESOBEDIE'NTE, adj. diſobedient.

DESOBEDIE'NTEME'NTE, adv. diſobediently.

DESOBLIGA'R, v. a. to diſoblige, to offend, to diſguſt, to give offence to.

DESOCASIONA'DO, adj. unſeaſonable, not opportunely.

DESOCUPACIO'N, ſ. f. leiſure idleneſs, want of employment.

DESOCUPADAME'NTE, adv. at leiſure, idly.

DESOCUPA'DO, adj. at leiſure; idle, without buſineſs.

DESOCUPA'R, v. a. to void a place, to quit it, to eaſe of buſineſs.

DESOJA'RSE, v. r. to wear out one's eyes.

DESOI'R, v. a. to endeavour not to hear.

DESOLACIO'N, ſ. f. deſolation, deſtruction, ruin.

DESOLADO'R, ſ. m. a deſtroyer.

DESOLA'R, v. a. to ruin, to deſtroy, to make deſolate.

DESOLLADAME'NTE, adv. peevishly; alſo inſolently, boldly.

DESOLLA'DO, adj. impudent.

DESOLLADO'R, ſ. m. one who skins or flays; alſo an exacter or extortioner.

DESOLLADU'RA, ſ. f. a flaying or skinning.

DESOLLA'R, v. a. to flay, to take off the skin; to exact, to practiſe extortion.

Deſollár la zorra ó el lobo, to go to bed when one is drunk; they ſay alſo *deſollarla*.

Deſuella caras, an impudent fellow.

DESOLLINA'R, v. a. vide *DESHOLLINA'R*.

DESOPILACIO'N, ſ. f. clearing of ſtoppage; curing the green ſickneſs.

DESOPILA'R, v. a. to remove obſtructions, to cure the green ſickneſs.

DESOPINA'R, v. a. to diſcredit, to defame, to detract from, to traduce a man's reputation.

DESOPRIMI'R, v. a. to free from oppreſſion.

DESO'RDEN, ſ. m. diſorder, confuſion.

DESORDENACIO'N, ſ. f. diſorder.

DESORDENADAME'NTE, adv. diſorderly.

DESORDENA'R, v. a. to diſorder confound.

Deſordenárſe, v. r. to be diſordered, to be confounded.

DESOREJA'R, v. a. to cut off the ears.

DESOSADAME'NTE, adv. fearfully.

DESOSA'DO, adj. timorous, fearful.

DESOSPEDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. want of gueſts.

DESOSPEDA'R, v. a. to remove gueſts.

DESOSS'AR, v. a. to bone, to take off the bones.

DESOVA'DA, adj. fem. that has laid all her eggs.

DESOVA'R, v. a. to ſpawn, as fish do.

DESO'VE, ſ. m. the time in which fishes caſt their ſpawn.

DESOVILLA'R, v. a. to wind off bottoms.

DESPABILADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. ſnuffers.

DESPABILADO'R, ſ. m. one who ſnuffs the candles.

DESPABILADU'RA, ſ. f. ſnuffing of candles.

DESPABILA'R, v. a. to ſnuff, to crop the candles; alſo to waſte, to ſpend, to conſume ſhortly.

Deſpabilár el ingenio, to sharpen the wit or judgment.

Deſpabilár los ojos, to be very careful.

DESPACHA'DA, ſ. f. an office in the Spanish exchequer ſo called.

DESPACHADAME'NTE, adv. nimbly, haſtily, expeditiouſly.

DESPACHADO'R, ſ. m. one who deſpatches or is expeditious.

DESPACHA'R, v. a. to deſpatch, to rid; to kill; to ſend; to ſell.

Deſpachár un correo, to ſend an expreſs.

Deſpachár mercaderias, to ſell goods.

DESPA'CHO, ſ. m. expedition, diſpatch.

DESPACHURRA'R, v. a. to ſqueeze things in one againſt another by being ſt ıait.

DESPACHU'RRO, ſ. m. an awkward motion of the body.

DESPA'CIO, adv. leiſurely, ſoftly.

DESPAGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſpleaſure.

DESPAGA'R, v. a. to diſpleaſe.

DESPAJADO'R, ſ. m. he that cleans from the ſtraw, winnows or thrashes.

DESPAJADU'RA, ſ. f. thrashing, winnowing, clearing from ſtraws.

DESPAJA'R, v. a. to thrash, to winnow, to clear from ſtraw.

DESPALADINA'R, v. a. obſ. to make a thing known to all, to expoſe to open view.

DESPA'LDAS, adv. on the back.

DESPALDA'RSE, *DESPALDILLA'RSE*, v. r. to disjoint the shoulderbone.

DESPALMADO'R, ſ. m. the place where ships are careened.

DESPALMADU'RA, ſ. f. waſhing and tallowing a ship.

DESPALMA'NTES, ſ. m. pl. in cant, thieves, robbers.

DESPALMA'R, v. a. to wash and tallow a ship; alſo to pare horſes hoofs. In cant, to take away by force.

DESPAMPANADO'R, ſ. m. a pruner of vines.

DESPAMPANADU'RA, ſ. m. pruning of vines.

DESPAMPANA'R, v. a. to prune vines.

DESPAMPLONA'R, v. a. to trim or prune a vine when the shoots are too cloſe.

DESPANA'DO, adj. that has not bread to eat.

DESPANA'R, v. a. to carry home the wheat and other corn from the field after harveſt.

DESPANCIJA'R, *DESPANZURRA'R*, v. a. to burſten.

DESPARA'R, v. a. vide *DISPARA'R*.

DESPARA'TE, ſ. m. vide *DISPA'RATE*.

DESPARECE'RSE, v. r. to be unlike.

DESPARCI'R, v. a. to ſcatter, to diſperſe.

DESPARECE'R, v. a. vide *DESAPARECE'R*.

DESPAREJA'R, v. a. to make things that where alike unequal or unlike.

DESPARPAJA'R, v. a. to put out of joint or place, to bruiſe, to ſcatter; alſo to prattle, to chatter.

DESPARRAMADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſcattering.

DESPARRAMA'R, v. a. to ſcatter.

DESPARRANÇA'DO, adj. ſtraddling wide.

DESPARTIDO'R, ſ. m. a parter of frays.

DESPARTI'R, v. a. to part.

DESPARVA'R, v. a. to lay open the sheaves of corn to thresh them.

DESPASSIONA'RSE, v. r. to get rid of a paſſion.

DESPATARA'DA, ſ. f. an unſeemly jump or ſtep made in a quick dance by opening the legs too much.

DESPATARRA'R, v. a. to come cloſe to one with ſuch a reaſoning as to make any good reply impoſſible.

Deſpatarrárſe, v. r. to fall down by ſlipping.

DESPAVESADU'RA, ſ. f. ſnuffing the candles.

DESPAVESA'R, v. a. to ſnuff the candles; alſo to blow off the light white aſhes that lie on coals.

DESPAVILADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. ſnuffers for candles.
DESPAVILADO'R, ſ. m. a ſnuffer of candles.
DESPAVILADU'RA, ſ. f. ſnuffing of candles.
DESPAVILA'R, v. a. to ſnuff candles; v. n. to vanish.
DESPAVORI'RSE, v. r. to be frightened.
DESPEADU'RA, ſ. f. foundering.
DESPEA'R, v. a. to founder with much going.
Deſpeárſe, v. r. to be foundered with much going.
DESPECHADO'R, ſ. m. one who vexes or inrages another.
DESPECHA'R, to deſpite, to vek to inrage.
Deſpechárſe, v. r. to deſpair, to be without hope, to be furious.
DESPE'CHO, ſ. m. deſpite, rage, vexation.
DESPECHUGADU'RA, ſ. f. taking off the wings or the flesh from the breaſt of a fowl.
DESPECHUGA'R, v. a. to take off the wings or the flesh from the breaſt of a fowl.
Deſpechugárſe, v. r. to diſcover the breaſt.
DESPEDAZADO'R, ſ. m. one that tears to pieces.
DESPEDAZADU'RA, ſ. f. tearing to pieces.
DESPEDAZA'R, v. a. to tear to pieces.
DESPEDI'DA, ſ. f. a farewel, taking leave, turning away.
DESPEDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a farewel or taking leave.
DESPEDI'R, v. a. to diſmiſs, to turn away, to deny.
Deſpedir al póbre, to refuſe a poor body an alms.
Deſpedir al criádo, to turn off a ſervant.
Deſpedir de ſi mal olór, to ſend out an ill ſmell.
Deſpedirſe, v. r. to take leave.
DESPEDRA'R, v. a. to take away ſtones.
DESPEDREGA'R, v. a. to take away ſtones
DESPEGADU'RA, ſ. f. unſticking, ſevering, disjoining.
DESPEGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *DESPEGADU'RA*.
DESPEGA'R, v. a. to unſtick, to ſever, to disjoin.
Deſpegárſe, v. r. to be harsh or uncivil to another.
DESPE'GO, ſ. m. unfriendly, diſcourteous behaviour, coyneſs, ſcornfulneſs.
DESPEINA'R, v. r. to ſpread the hair diſorderly.
DESPEJADAME'NTE, adv. quickly, expeditiouſly.
DESPEJA'DO, adj. *hombre deſpejádo*, a forward, bold, or airy man.
Lugár deſpejádo, a place that is cleared, or voided.
DESPEJA'R, v. a. to clear or void a place.
DESPE'JO, ſ. m. airineſs, gaiety, free open carriage.
DESPELOTA'R, v. a. to tangle the hair.
DESPELUZA'R, v. a. to have the hair ſtand an end as in a fright; alſo to pick hairs off a garment.
DESPELUZNA'R, v. a. vide *DESPELUZA'R*.
DESPELU'ZO, ſ. m. the ſtanding of the hair an end in a fright.
DESPENA'R, v. a. to put out of pain.
DESPENDEDO'R, ſ. m. a ſpender.
DESPENDE'R, v. a. to ſpend.
DESPEñADE'RO, ſ. m. a precipice.
DESPEñA'R, v. a. to caſt down headlong.
Deſpeñárſe, v. r. to caſt one's ſelf headlong; to attempt ſome deſperate buſineſs.
DESPE'ñO, ſ. m. falling from a high place; alſo ruin; alſo looſeneſs, fluxof the belly.
DESPE'NSA, ſ. f. expence; alſo a buttery.
DESPENSA'R, v. a. to forget or repent of one's thoughts, actions or words.
DESPENSE'RO, ſ. m. a butler, the purſer of a ship.
DESPE'O, ſ. m. foundering.
DESPETITA'DO, adj. raſh, fiery, choleric, inconſiderate; alſo that has the ſeeds taken out.
DESPEPITA'R, v. a. to tear the pipe or horny pellicle that grows on the tip of bird's tongues.
Deſpepitárſe, v. r. to go raſhly; or madly about a thing.
Deſpepitárſe con llorrár, to cry till ready to burſt, as children will do in a fret.
DESPERACIO'N, ſ. f. vide *DESESPERACIO'N*.
DESPERA'R, v. n. vide *DESESPERA'R*.
DESPERCUDI'R, v. a. to clean or wash any thing that is dirty
DESPERDICIADAME'NTE, adv. profuſely, lavishly.
DESPERDICIADO'R, ſ. m. a ſpendthrift.
DESPERDICIADU'RA, ſ. f. lavishing.
DESPERDICIA'R, v. a. to lavish.
DESPERDICIO, ſ. m. lavishneſs.
DESPERDIGA'R, v. a. to diſperſe, to ſeparate.
DESPERECE'R, v. n. obſ. to perish, to come to nothing.
Deſperecérſe, v. r. to long, to pant, after and with great eagerneſs.
Deſperecérſe de riſa, to laugh heartily and immoderately.
DESPEREZA'R, v. a. to shake off ſloth; to yawn after ſleeping.
DESPERE'ZO, ſ. m. shaking off ſloth.
DESPERFILA'R, v. a. among painters, to touch or break the profile that it may not appear hard; to ſoften the profile.
DESPERNA'DA, ſ. f. the motion of the legs in a country dance.
DESPERNA'R, v. a. to cut off the legs, to break or diſable them.
DESPERTADO'R, ſ. m. he that wakes others; the alarm of a clock; to wake by.
DESPERTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an awaking or riſing from ſleep
DESPERTA'R, v. n. to awake.
DESPESA'R, ſ. m. diſpleaſure.
DESPESTAñA'R, v. a. to pull off the eye-brows.
Deſpeſtañárſe, v. r. to look ſtedfaſtly.
DESPEZA'R, v. n. to end as in a point.

DESPE'ZO, ſ. m. diminution.
DESPEZONA'R, v. a. to take off the nib to which the ſtalk grows, or the nipple of the breaſt.
DESPIADA'DO, adj. mercileſs, pitileſs.
DESPIADA'R, v. n. to grow mercileſs or pitileſs.
DESPICA'R, v. a. to eaſe of trouble; to take revenge; to recover healt.
DESPI'DA, ſ. f. ſink, common ſewer.
DESPIDIE'NTE, ſ. m. one that turns off or takes leave.
DESPIERTAME'NTE, adv. wiſely, with ſagacity.
DESPIE'RTO, adj. awake; alſo lively, brisk.
DESPILFARRA'DO, adj. that wears his cloaths all in rags.
DESPILFA'RRO, ſ. m. the ſtate of being all in rags or diſorderly dreſſed.
DESPI'NCE, ſ. m. burling, picking off the knots of cloth with pincers.
DESPINSADE'RA, ſ. f. a woman that picks the knots or tufts off from cloth with pincers.
DESPINSA'R, v. a. to burl, to pick off the knots of cloth with pincers.
DESPINTA'DO, ſ. m. diſappointment of one's expectation.
DESPINTA'R, v. a. to blot out painting, to diſappoint of one's expectation.
DESPINZA'R, v. a. to pluck up with the pincers or with the fingers.
DESPIOJA'R, v. a. to pick lice, to louſe.
DESPI'QUE, ſ. m. ſatisfaction, or revenge taken.
DESPIZCA'R, v. a. to cut in pieces, to mince to crumble.
DESPLACE'R, v. a. to diſpleaſe.
Deſplacér, ſ. m. a diſpleaſure.
DESPLACI'BLE, adj. *DESAPLACI'BLE*.
DESPLA'NTE, ſ. m. the ſtate of being out of due poſture in fencing.
DESPLATA'R, v. a. to ſeparate ſilver from other metals.
DESPLA'TE, ſ. m. a ſeparating of ſilver from other metals.
DESPLEGADAME'NTE, adv. openly, with propriety and knowledge.
DESPLEGADU'RA, ſ. f. unfolding, unplaiting, ungathering.
DESPLEGA'R, v. a. to unfold, to unplait, to ungather.
Deſplegár las vélas, to ſpread the ſails.
No deſplegár la bóca, not to open one's mouth, to be hushed.
Bandéras deſplegádas, colours flying or diſplayed.
Deſplegárſe, v. r. to lay one's ſelf open, to diſcover one's ſecrets.
DESPLE'GO, ſ. m. explication, explanation, manifeſtation.
DESPLOMA'DO, adj. without lead; not perpendicular.
DESPLOMA'R, v. a. to unlead; to lean; not to ſtand upright.
DESPLO'MO, ſ. m. the defect in a wall of not being perpendicular, but threatening ruin.
DESPLUMADU'RA, ſ. f. the pulling of the feathers.
DESPLUMA'R, v. a. to pull feathers.
Deſplumárſe, v. r. to moult, a birds do.
DESPOBLACIO'N, ſ. f. unpeopling.
DESPOBLA'DO, ſ. m. deſert place.
DESPOBLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a diſpeopling.
DESPOBLA'R, v. a. to unpeople to depopulate.
Deſpoblárſe el lugár a ver el réy, to throng out of town to ſee the king.
DESPODERADAME'NTE, adv. without power.
DESPODERA'R, v. a. to put out of power.
DESPOJADO'R, ſ. m. who ſtrips, or plunders.
DESPOJA'R, v. a. to ſtrip, to ſpoil, to rob, to plunder.
DESPO'JO, ſ. m. ſpoil, plunder, booty.
DESPOLVORA'NTE, p. act. of *deſpolvoréar*.
DESPOLVOREA'R, v. a. to beat or shake off duſt: to be quick at work.
DESPOLVORIZA'R, v. a. to beat or reduce to duſt: or powder.
DESPORQUERONA'R, v. a. to take out of a filthy place any thing and clean it.
DESPORTA'R, v. a. to take away the door.
DESPORTILLA'R, v. a. to break open, to break down.
DESPOSA'DA, ſ. f. a woman betrothed to a man, a bride, a ſpouſe.
DESPOSA'DO, ſ. m. a man betrothed to a woman, a bridegroom, a ſpouſe.
DESPOSA'JAS, ſ. f. pl. vide *DESPOSO'RIO*.
DESPOSA'RSE, v. r. to bethroth.
DESPOSO'RIO, ſ. m. betrothing.
DESPOSSEE'R, v. a. to diſpoſſeſs.
DESPOTICAME'NTE, adv. deſpotically, abſolutely.
DESPO'TICO, adj. deſpotical, abſolute, independent.
DESPOTI'SMO, ſ. m. deſpotiſm, abſolute power, unlimited authority.
DE'SPOTO, ſ. m. a deſpot.
DESPOTRICA'R, v. n. to ſpeak rashly, without any fear of the conſequence.
DESPOXA'R, v. a. vide *DESPOJA'R*.
DESPRANA'R, v. a. obſ. to explain, to expound, to illuſtrate, to clear.
DESPRECIA'BLE, adj. contemptible, mean, deſpicable.
DESPRECIADAME'NTE, adv. contemptibly, in a ſpiteful manner.
DESPRECIADO'R, ſ. m. he that deſpiſes.
DESPRECIA'R, v. a. to deſpiſe, to contemn.
Deſpreciárſe, v. r. to make one's ſelf be deſpiſed.
DESPRE'CIO, ſ. m contempt.
DESPRENDE'R, v. a. to unfaſten, to let looſe.
DESPRE'S, ſ. m. obſ. vide *DESPRECIO*.
DESPRE'SCES, ſ. m. pl. ſummons, citations.

DESPREVENCIO'N, ſ. f. want of prevention.
DESPREVENI'DO, adj. unguarded, unprovided.
DESPRE'Z, ſ. m. obſ. vide *DESPRE'CIO.*
DESPRIVA'NZA, ſ. f. a loſs of favour or eſteem, a privation of honour.
DESPRIVA'R, v. a. to loſe favour.
DESPROPORCIO'N, ſ. f. diſproportion.
DESPROPORTIONADAME'NTE, adv. diſproportionably.
DESPROPORCIONAMIE'NTO ſ. m. diſproportion.
DESPROPORCIONA'R, v. a. to diſproportion.
DESPROPOSITA'DO, adj. nothing to the purpoſe; ſubſtantively uſed, a ſenſeleſs fellow.
DESPROPO'SITO, ſ. m. folly, extravagance, nothing tot he purpoſe.
DESPROVEE'R, v. a. to unfurniſh, to unprovide.
DESPROVEIDAME'NTE, adv. unawares, unexpectedly.
DESPUE'BLO, ſ. m. vide *DESPOBLACIO'N.*
DESPUE'S, adv. afterwards.
DESPULSA'R, v. a. to ſtupify, to benumb, to take away the pulſe.
DESPUNTA'R, v. a. to take off the point; alſo to touch upon, to give hints.
Deſpuntár, to begin to appear.
Deſpuntár, to begin to bud out.
Deſpuntár de agúdo, to ſhew wit.
Deſpuntár un cabo, to paſs a cape at ſea.
DESQUADERNA'R, v. a. to unbind any thing joined together.
DESQUADRILLA'RSE, v. r. to breack one's back, to weaken or enfeeble, to hipshot a beaſt.
DESQUAJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. uncurding, diſſolving.
DESQUAJA'R, v. a. to uncurd, to diſſolve.
DESQUARTIZA'R, v. a. to quarter.
DESQUAXA'R, v. a. vide *DESQUAJA'R.*
DES QUE, adv. ſince, from that time.
DESQUERE'R, v. a. to diſeſteem.
DESQUICIA'R, v. a. to unhinge, to force any thing from its proper place, to unjoint bones.
DESQUIE'RDO, adj. obſ. left-handed, left, oppoſite to right.
DESQUILADO'R, ſ. m. he who ſhears the fleece of ſheep.
DESQUILA'R, v. a. to ſhear ſheep, to fleece, to crop their fleece.
DESQUILATA'R, v. a. to lower the value of gold or any other thing.
DESQUI'LO, ſ. m. ſhearing.
DESQUITA'R, v. a. to recover what was loſt, to quit, to make even.
DESQUI'TE, ſ. m. recovery of what was loſt; quitting, making even.
DESQUIXARA'R, v. a. to tear the jaws.
DESRABOTA'R, v. a. to cut off the tail.
DESRANCHA'R, v. n. to diſlodge.
DESRAZONA'BLE, adj. unreaſonable.
DESREDONDEA'R, v. a. to break the roundneſs of a thing.
DESREGLADAME'NTE, adv. diſorderly, unruly.
DESREGLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. unrulineſs, diſorderlineſs.
DESREGLA'R, v. a. to diſorder, to break rule.
Deſreglárſe, v. r. to exceed in eating, or drinking, &c. not to obſerve the rules preſcribed by the phyſician.
DESREPUTACIO'N, ſ. f. diſcredit, dishonour.
DESREVERE'NCIA, ſ. f. irreverence.
DESRISCA'RSE, v r. to fall down from a precipice.
DESRIZA'R, v. a. to uncurl.
DESRONCHA'R, v. a. to take off or lay wheals or riſings in the fleſh; to tear off boughs from trees.
DESROSTRA'R, v. a. to breack the face.
DESSABO'R, ſ. m. want of taſte or relish; irkſomeneſs.
DESSABORA'DO, adj. obſ. taſteleſs. unpalatable, inſipid, unſavoury.
DESSABRIDAME'NTE, adv. unſavourily, unpleaſantly, diſguſtedly.
DESSABRIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. inſipidity, want of relish; roughneſs, ſeverity, aſperity; diſguſt, averſion, antipathy; ſadneſs, grief, ſorrow.
DESSABRI'R, v. a. to make unſavoury, to diguſt, to put out of humour.
DESSAFI'O, ſ. m. vide *DESAFI'O.*
DESSAINADU'RA, ſ. f. an humour belonging to a horſe, which comes for want of exerciſe and too much feeding.
DESSAINA'R, v. a. to take away the greaſe or fat.
DESSALA'R, v. a. to unſalt, to make fresh, to water ſalt meat.
DESSANGRA'R, v. a. to take ſo a great quantity of blood as almoſt to deprive of life.
DESSARRAIGA'R, v. a. vide *DESARRAIGA'R.*
DESSAZO'N, ſ. m. diſguſt, diſtaſte, vexation.
DESSAZONA'R, v. a. to take away the taſte, to render inſipid; to exaſperate, to vex.
DESSE, inſtead of *de eſſe* for him.
DESSEA'BLE, adj. deſirable.
DESSEABLEME'NTE, adv. deſirably.
DESSEADO'R, ſ. m. deſirer, he who is eager after any thing, he that deſires.
DESSEA'R, v. a. to deſire, to covet, to wish.
DESSELLA'R, v. a. to unſeal.
DESSEMEJA'BLE, adj. unlike, unequal, different.
DESSEMEJA'NTE, adj. unlike.
DESSEMEJA'NZA, ſ. f. unlikeneſs.
DESSEMEJA'R, v. n. to be or make unlike.
DESSE'O, ſ. m. deſire.
DESSEOSAME'NTE, adv. with ad an earneſt deſire.
DESSEO'SO, adj. deſirous.
DESSERVI'CIO, ſ. m. diſſervice, ill turn.
DESSERVIDO'R, ſ. m. one

who does an ill turn or diſſervice.

DESSERVI'R, v. a. to diſſerve, to do an ill turn.

DE'SSO, inſtead of *de éſſa*, of that.

DESSOTERRA'R, v. a. to dig out of the earth.

DESSO'TRO, inſtead of *de éſſe ótro*, of that other.

DESSUBSTANCIA'R, v. a. to take away the ſubſtance of any thing.

DESSUDA'R, v. a. to aſſuage the ſweating, to dry it up.

DESSUE'LLA CA'RAS, ſ. m. a ruffian; one that ſlashes people's faces for hire; an impudent villainous ſcoundrel.

DESSURCA'R, v. a. to turn into furrows in ploughing.

DESTACAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a detachment; men drawn out of ſeveral companies or regiments to mount guard or to go upon ſervice.

DESTACA'R, v. a. to ſend out a detachment.

DESTAJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a changing or reverting the natural courſe, as of wather, &c.

DESTAJA'R, v. a. to lay out, or compute, or undertake work by the great; alſo cut at cards.

DESTAJE'RO, ſ. m. one that undertakes work in the lump.

DESTA'JO, ſ. m. as, *tomár á deſtájo*, to take by the great.

DESTAPADO'R, ſ. m. he that uncovers or unſtops.

DESTAPADU'RA, ſ. f. } uncovering, unſtopping.
DESTAPAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. }

DESTAPA'R, v. a. to uncover, to unſtop.

DESTAPIA'R, v. a. to pull down, or undo a mud wall.

DESTA'PO, ſ. m. the act of taking out the ſtopple, cover, or lid.

DESTAZA'R, v. a. to tear in pieces.

DE'STE, inſtead of *de éſte*, of this.

DESTECHADO'R, ſ. m. he that takes off the roof.

DESTECHADU'RA, ſ. f. taking off the roof.

DESTECHA'R, v. a. to take off the roof.

DESTEJADU'RA, ſ. f. untiling.

DESTEJA'R, v. a. to untile.

DESTELLADU'RA, ſ. f. dropping, diſtilling.

DESTELLA'R, v. a. to drop, to diſtil.

DESTE'LLO, ſ. m the dropping of any liquor; ſparkling or flaming out.

DESTEMPLADAME'NTE, adv. intemperately; alſo out of tune in muſic.

DESTEMPLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } intemperance.
DESTEMPLA'NZA, ſ. f }

DESTEMPLA'R, v. a. to diſtemper, to put out of tune.

Deſtemplárſe, v. r. to put one's ſelf out of order by drink or paſſion.

DESTE'MPLE, ſ. m. untunableneſs.

DESTENTA'R, v a. to take away the temptation.

DESTEÑI'R, v. a. to blot out, or extinguish te colour.

DESTERRADE'RO, ſ. m. the place appointed for banishment.

DESTERRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. banishment, exile.

DESTERRA'R, v. a. to banish.

DESTERRONA'R, v. a. to break the clods by rolling o rotherwiſe.

DESTETA'R, v. a. to wean from ſuck; to ſend great children abroad to break ill habits.

DESTE'TE, ſ. m. the weaning of a child.
DESTE'TO, ſ. m. the weaning of a child.

DESTEXA'R, v. a. vide *DESTEJA'R*.

DESTEXE'R, v. a. to unweave.

DESTEXIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } unweaving.
DESTEXIDU'RA, ſ. f. }

DESTHRONA'R, v. a. to dethrone.

DESTIE'MPO, ſ. m. unfit time, not fit to act.

A deſtiempo, adv. at an improper time or hour, not opportunely

DESTIE'RRO, ſ. m. banishment

DESTILACIO'N, ſ. f. a diſtilling.

DESTILADE'RA, ſ. f. limbeck ſtill.

DESTILADE'RO, ſ. m. any thing that drops.

DESTILADO'R, ſ. m. a diſtiller.

DESTILAMIENTO, ſ. m. } diſtillation.
DESTILADU'RA, ſ. f. }

DESTILA'R, v. a. to diſtil.

DESTILATO'RIO, ſ. m. a place to diſtil in, a ſtill-houſe.

DESTINACIO'N, ſ. f. purpoſe, deſign, appointment.

DESTINA'R, v. a. to purpoſe, to determine, to appoint.

DESTI'NO, ſ. m. deſtiny, fate.

DESTIRA'R, v. a. to recal the throw of a ſtone.

DESTITUCIO'N, ſ. f. forſaking, abandoning.

DESTITUI'R, v. a. to make deſtitute, void, or deſolate; to abandon, forſake, relinquish.

DESTITU'TO, adj. deſtitute, forſaken, deſolate.

DE'STO, of this.

DESTOCA'R, v. a. to undreſs the head.

DESTORCEDO'R, ſ. m. one that untwiſts.

DESTORCEDU'RA, ſ. f. an untwiſting.

DESTORCE'R, v. a. to untwiſt.

DESTORCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an untwiſting.

DESTORPA'R, v. a. obſ. to quarter, to tear a criminal into quarters.

DESTORVA'R, v. a. vide *ESTORVA'R*.

DESTRABA'R, v. a. vide *DESTRAVA'R*.

DESTO'TRO, of the other.

DESTRA'L, ſ. m. an axe; alſo a halter.

DESTRALE'JA, ſ. f. a hatchet; a ſmall halter.

DESTRALE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells hatchets; one that works with a hatcher.

DESTRAMA'R, v. a. to unravel.

DESTRANCA'R, v. a. to unbar.

DESTRAVA'R, v. a. to unhitch, to unfaſten, to unbind, to let looſe; alſo to take off fetters.

DESTREBUCHADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, an interpreter.

DESTREBUCHA'R, v. a. in cant, to interpret.

DESTRENZA'R, v. a. to unravel.

DESTRE'Z, } f. f. dexteri-
DESTRE'ZA, } ty.

DISTRIPADU'RA, f. f. a gutting, paunching, or pulling out the guts.

DESTRIPA'R, v. a. to gut, to paunch, to pull out the guts.

DESTRIPATERRO'NES, f. m. a clodbeater, a country bumkib.

DESTRIZA'R, v. a. to cut in ſmall pieces, to mince.

Deſtrizárſe, v. r. to pine away, becauſe unable to have one's own will.

DESTROCADO'R, f. m. he that changes things again that were changed before.

DESTROCA'R, v. a. to change again what was changed before.

DESTROIME'NTO, f. m. obſ. deſtruction.

DESTRO'N, f. m. he that leads a blind man.

DESTRONCAMIE'NTO, f. m. a breaking or cutting off from the body, trunk, or ſtock.

DESTRONCA'R, v. a. to break off from the body trunk, or ſtock.

DESTROZADO'R, f. m. a deſtroyer, one that makes havock and puts to flight.

DESTROZA'R, v. a. to make havock, to put to flight, to break in pieces, to diſperſe, to ſcatter.

DESTRO'ZO, f. m. havock, ſlaughter, ſpoil, defeat, rout, a rending or tearing.

DESTRUCCIO'N, f. f. deſtruction.

DESTRUCTI'VO, adj. deſtructive.

DESTRUE'CO, } f. m. reci-
DESTRUEQUE, } procal reſtitution of the things that two perſons had trucked or exchanged.

DESTRUICIO'N, f. f. vide *DESTRUCCIO'N*.

DESTRUIDO'R, f. m. a deſtroyer.

DESTRUI'R, v. a. to deſtroy.

DESTURBA'R, v. a. to perplex, trouble, torment, haraſs, or diſturb.

DESU'BITO, adv. on a ſudden.

DESUE'LLA-CARAS, f. m. a ruffian, an aſſaſſin, one that wickedly cuts another's face.

DESUE'LLO, f. m. flaying or skinning.

DESUNCI'R, v. a. to unyoke.

DESUNIDAME'NTE, adv. ſeparatey, disjointly.

DESUNIMIE'NTO, f. m. } diſu-
DESUNIO'N, f. f. } nion.

DFSUNI'R, v. a. to diſunite, ſeparate, divide.

DESUñA'R, v. a. to pluck off the nails.

DESUSADAME'NTE, adv. unaccuſtomedly, unuſually.

DESUSA'R, v. a. to diſuſe, to go out of the fashion.

DESU'SO, f. m. diſuſe.

Deſúſo, adv. aforeſaid, above mentioned, above.

DESVAI'DO, adj. languid, dull, without ſpirit or life.

DESVAINADU'RA, f. f. the unſheathing or drawing a ſword out of the ſcabbard.

DESVAINA'R, v. a. to unſheath or draw out any weapon.

DESVALE'R, v. a. to forſake, not to aſſiſt or ſupport; alſo to be out of favour.

DESVALI'A. f. f. obſ. the forſaking, abandoning, relinquishing.

DESVALI'DO, f. m. one out of favour.

DESVALIJAMIE'NTO, f. m. putting out of order or looſely; alſo robbing, and taking out of a portmanteau.

DESVALIJA'R, v. a. to put out of order or looſely; alſo robbing and taking out of a portmanteau.

DESVALIMIE'NTO, f. m. a forſaking or abandoning.

DESVALO'R, f. m. cowardiſe, want of valour.

DESVA'N, f. m. a garret.

DESVANA'R, v. a. to unwind or undo a bottom of thread with a reel, and throw it into a skain.

DESVANEÇE'R, v. a. to puff up with pride, to fill with vanity; alſo to faint.

Deſvanecerſe la cabéza, to be troubled with megrim in the head.

DESVANECIDAME'NTE, adv. vainly, proudly, preſumptuouſly.

DESVANECI'DO, adj. vain, proud, alſo in a megrim.

DESVANECIMIE'NTO, f. m. pride, vanity; alſo fainting.

DESVARAHUSTA'R, v. a. vide *DESBARAHUSTA'R*.

DESVARA'R, v. a. to ſlip, to ſlide; to grow lewd.

DESVARATA'R, v. a. vide *DESBARATA'R*.

DESVARIADAME'NTE, adv. ravingly, ſenſeleſsly.

DESVARIA'R, v. n. to rave, to talk idly.

DESVARI'O, f. m. dotage, folly, madneſs.

DESVELADAME'NTE, adv. watchfully, vigilantly.

DESVELAMIE'NTO, f. m. over-watching.

DESVELA'R, v. a. to overwatch; alſo to obſtruct or hinder another perſon's ſleep.

DESVELLACA'RAS, f. m. a ruffian that hacks people's faces for hire.

DESVELLADU'RA, f. f. taking off the down.

DESVELLA'R, v. a. to take off down.

DESVE'LO, f. m. watchfulneſs, care, diligence.

DESVENA'R, v. a. to cut the veins.

DESVENCIJA'RSE, v. r. to burſt.

DESVENDA'R, v. a. to pull off the bandage, to unroll.

DESVENTA'JA, f. f. diſadvantage.

DESVENTA'R, v. a. to extract the wind out of any thing.

DESVENTU'RA, f. f. misfortune.

DESVENTURADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately.

DESVENTURA'DO, adj. unfortunate; alſo covetous, wretched.

DESVERGONZADAME'NTE,

adv. shameleſsly, impudently.
DESVERGONZA'DO, adj. shameleſs, impudent.
DESVERGONZA'RSE, v. r. to grow shameleſs, to be impudent.
DESVERGUENZA, ſ. f. impudence, shameleſſneſs.
DESVIA'R, v. a. to ſet, or ſtand aſide, to put by.
DESVI'O, ſ. m. coyneſs, shyneſs repulſe.
DESVI'OS, ſ. m. pl. by-ways, wrong ways.
DESVIRA'R, v. a. to cut even shoes.
DESVIRGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. deflowering.
DESVIRGA'R, v. a. to deflower, to take the maidenhaid.
DESVIVI'RSE, v. r. to die a a metaphorical death for love or other paſſon; to pant eagerly after; to long for with great earneſt.
DESVIZNA'R, v. a. vide *DESBIZNA'R.*
DESVOLVE'R, v. a. to unfold or diſplay what whas rolled or wrapt up; to turn up the earth with the plough, to work it.
DESXUGA'R, v. a. to ſqueeze, to preſs cloſe.
DESYEMA'R, v. a. to take away the yolks, to take the buds of the vine.
DESYUNCIR, v. a. to take the oxen or mules from the yoke after ploughing.
DESZABULLI'RSE, v. r. to get cleverly away, to ſteal off dexterouſly.
DESZOCA'R, v. a. to hurt the feet, to cripple one.
DESZUMA'R, v. a. to ſqueeze or preſs any thing cloſe, ſo as to take the ſubſtance out of it.

D E T

DETENCIO'N, ſ. f. delay, holding back, or detaining.
DETENE'NCIA, ſ. f. vide *DETENCIO'N.*
DETENE'R, v. a. to keep back, to detain, to with-hold.
Detenérſe, v. r. to retard, to delay, to put off.
DETENIDAME'NTE, adv. ſlowly, ſoft and fair, leiſurely.
DETENIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtopping, ſtaying, keeping back.
DETENTACIO'N, ſ. f. an imbezzling, or detaining what is not your own.
DETENTADO'R, ſ. m. who imbezzles or detains what is not his own.
DETENTA'R, v. a. to imbezzle, to turn aſide.
DETERIO'R, adj. worſe.
DETERIORACIO'N, ſ. f. the making a thing worſe, deterioration.
DETERIORA'R, v. a to corrupt, to make worſe.
DETERMINACIO'N, ſ. f. determination, reſolution.
DETERMINADAME'NTE, adv. reſolutely, peremptorily, boldly.
DETERMINA'DO, ſ. m. a reſolute man.
DETERMINAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *DETERMINACIO'N.*
DETERMINA'R, v. a. to determine, to reſolve, to decide a cauſe.

Prov. *Quien préſto ſe determina, deſpacio ſe arrepiénte*, he who reſolves haſtily, repents at leiſure.

DETERMINATI'VO, adj. that can be determined, or limited.
DETESTA'BLE, adj. deteſtable, abominable.
DETESTACIO'N, ſ. f. deteſtation, abhorrence, harred.
DETESTA'R, v. a. to deteſt, to abhor.
DETIE'NE-BUEY, ſ. m. the herb cammock or reſtharrow.
DE TO'DO PU'NTO, adv. quite, altogether.
DETRACCIO'N, ſ. f. detraction.
DETRACTA'R, v. a. to detract, to backbite, to ſpeak ill off.
DETRACTO'R, ſ. m. a backbiter, a ſlanderer, a detracter.
DETRAHE'R, v. a. to detract, to ſlander, to backbite.
Detrahér, v. a. to draw back.
DETRA'S, adv. behind.
DE TRAVE'S, adv. athwart, acroſs.
DETRIME'NTO, ſ. m. detriment, damage, loſs.
DETURPA'R, v. a. to make ugly, to dirty, or to deform any thing.

D E U

DEU'DA, ſ. f. a debt.
DEU'DO, ſ. m. f. a kinſman.
DEUDO'R, ſ. m. a debtor.

D E V

DEVALA'R, v. n. to be turned out of one's courſe by the violence of the ſtream, to drive away by the force of the water.
DE VALDE, adv. for nothing.
DEVA'N, adv. obſ. before.
DEVANADE'RA, ſ. f. a reel to wind skeins of thread or ſilk on or off.
DEVANADO'R, ſ. m. one who winds skeins of thread on or off a reel.
DEVANA'R, v. a. to wind thread, ſilk, &c. into bottoms; alſo to reel them.
DEVANDI'CHO, adj. obſ. aforeſaid.
DEVANEA'R, v. n. to rave, to be lightheaded, to talk idly.
DEVANE'O, ſ. m. raving, lightneſs of head, idle talk.
DEVA'NTE, adv. obſ. before
DEVANTA'L, ſ. m. an apron.
DEVARA'R, v. a. vide *DESVARA'R.*
DEVASTACIO'N, ſ. f. deſtruction, devaſtation, laying waſte.
DEVEDA'R, v. a. obſ. to forbid.
DEVENGADO, p. p. revenged; alſo earned.
DEVENGA'R, v. a. to revenge; alſo to earn, to be in the king's pay.
Devengár quinientos ſueldos, to revenge five hundred pence: this is an expreſſion to ſignify a perſon's being a gentleman.
DEVE'R, v. n. to owe, to be

in debt; to be obliged in duty.

DE VE'RAS, adv. in earneſt, truly, indeed.

DEVLA'R, v. n. to go out of the way.

DEVIDAME'NTE, adv. duly.

DEVI'DO, ſ. m. due.

DEVIE'DO, ſ. m. obſ. forbidding; alſo a fine for an offence.

DEVIE'SO, ſ. m. obſ. a morbid tumour ſo called.

DEVI'SA, ſ. f. vide *DIVISA*; alſo the land of inheritance that deſcends from father to ſon.

DEVISA'R, v. a. vide *DIVISA'R*.

DEVISE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. an heir, a coheir.

DEVOCIO'N, ſ. f. devotion.

DEVOCIONA'RIO, ſ. m. a place of devotion; a book of devotion.

DEVOCIONCI'LLA, } ſ. f. dimi-
DEVOCIONCI'TA, } nutives of *devocion*; habitual or votive practice of ſome little act of devotion, not quite free from ſuperſtition.

DEVOLUCIO'N, ſ. f. reſtitution, a reſtoring any thing to its former ſtate or condition.

DEVOLUTI'VO, adj. that happens from one to another, that devolves.

DEVOLVE'R, v. a. to happen from one thing to another; to devolve.

DEVORADO'R, ſ. m. devourer.

DEVORAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a devouring.

DEVORA'R, v. a. to devour.

DEVORA'Z, adj. voracious, devouring.

DEVOTAME'NTE, adv. devoutly.

DEVO'TO, ſ. m. f. devout, religious.

DEVUE'LTO, p. p. of *devolver*.

D E X

DEXACIO'N, ſ. f. reſignation, giving up one's right.

DEXA'DO, adj. careleſs, idle, given to lazineſs.

DEXAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. abdication, ceſſion; idleneſs.

DEXA'R, v. a. to leave, to forſake, to quit.

Dexár el peliéjo, to leave one's skin, to leave all, to die.

Dexár el ſiglo, to leave the world, to enter into a religious life.

Dexárſe de vóces, to leave making a noiſe, to be ſilent.

Dexárſe, v. r. to neglect one's ſelf.

Dexár a buenas noches, to leave in the dark; alſo to baffle one's expectation; a mong gameſters, it is to win all the money of one.

Dexár a la luna, ó en blanco, to abandon to forſake.

Dexár atrás los vientos, to run with great velocity.

Dexár con la palabra en la boca, to leave one, without hearing what he ſays.

Dexár con un palmo de nariz, to deceive one's hopes.

Dexár con la miel en los labios, to take away from one, that he is pleaſed with.

Dexár en cueros, to rob one of every thing he has.

Dexár en el tintéro, to omit, to leave out; not to mention.

Dexár hecho una mona, to shame one to make him ashamed; to fill him with shame.

Dexárſe en manos de otro, to truſt upon another.

No dexárlo de la mano, to inſiſt upon one thing.

DEXATI'VO, adj. idle, ſlothful, dull, heavy, ſtupid.

DEXEMPLA'R, v. a. obſ. to dishonour, or give an ill name to one that has a good reputation.

DEXE'NSO, ſ. m. obſ. a rheum.

DE'XO, ſ. f. the laſt relish or ſmark that any thing eaten or drank leaves in the mouth; alſo the manner of ſpeaking or pronouncing.

D E Y

DEYU'SO, adv. obſ. below.

D E Z

DEZMA'R, v. a. to tythe, to take the tenth.

DESME'ñO, adj. tithable, ſubject to pay the tiches.

DEZMERI'A, ſ. f. the territory or ſpace of land, out of which a church or a clergyman receives tithes.

DEZME'RO, ſ. m. a tyther, one that gathers tythes.

D I A

DI'A, ſ. m. the day.

Dia natural, the natural day; the time from noon to noon.

Dia artificial, the artificial day, the time between the riſing and ſetting of the ſun.

Dia claro, a fine day; alſo a happy day.

Dia de años, the birth-day.

Dia de funcion, the day of a batle.

Dia de fieſta, a holiday.

Dia cútio, a week-day, a working-day, neither Sunday, nor holiday.

Dia aziágo, an unlucky day.

Dia de juizio, the day of judgment; any day in which there is great confuſion.

Dia feriádo, the day in which the common office *de feria* is ſaid by the clergy.

Dia diádo, a day appointed or fixed for any purpoſe.

Dia y vitto, daily ſuſtenance.

Dias ha, ſome time or other.

Algún dia, ſome days ſince.

El dia de oy, at preſent.

Y endo dias, y veniéndo dias, in proceſs of time.

Al cábo de múchos dias, a long time after.

Entrádo en dias, ancient.

No en mis dias, never as long as I live.

En dias de vivos, as long as thoſe that are now born ſhall live, as long as the world laſts.

De dia en dia, from day to day.

Buénos dias, good-morrow.

De dia, in the day time.

San Juán y Çorpus Chriſti tódo en ún dia, the feaſt of St. John, and Corpus Chriſti, all in one day; ſaid when two great occaſions of joy come together.

Prov. *Mas dias hay que longanizas*, there are more days than

ſauſages; this they ſay to one that ſpends lavishly, to ſignify he may outlive his eſtate.

DIAAMBRA, ſ. f. a medicinal mixture ſo called.

DIABE'TES, ſ. f. an hydraulick engine ſo called.

DIABETICA, ſ. f. diabetes; a morbid copiouſneſs of urine.

DIA'BLA, ſ. f. a she levil.

DIABLA'R, v. a. to infuſe diabolical notions.

DIABLAZGO, ſ. m. the devil's territory.

DIABLEDA'D, } ſ. f. the quality
DIABLE'NCIA, } of the devil.

DIABLE'ZA, ſ. f. a she devil.

DIABLIAME'N, ſ. m. short moment, inſtant.

DIABLI'LLO, ſ. m. a litle devil.

DIABLI'SSIMO, ſ. m. a very great devil.

DIA'BLO, ſ. m. the devil.

El diábło predicadór, ſo they call a man when he gives good advice, though he is wicked.

Diablo coxuélo, a lame devil; a cunning fellow who has the art of entangling a buſineſs.

Diablo marino, an ugly fish ſo called.

DIABLU'RA, ſ. f. a devilish trick or prank.

DIABOLICAME'NTE, adv. diabolically, devilishly, devil-like.

DIABO'LICO, adj. devilish.

DIACATALICO'N, ſ. m. vide *CATOLICO'N*.

DIACE'NE, ſ. m. a ſort of thorn.

DIACITRO'N, ſ. m. preſerved citron.

DIACODIO'N, ſ. m. ſyrup of whithe poppies.

DIACO'DO, ſ. m. a ſtone uſed by conjurers in their charms.

DIACONA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a deacon.

DIACONA'TO, ſ. m. the order of deacons.

DIACONA'ZGO, ſ. m. deaconship.

DIA'CONIA, ſ. f. deaconry.

DIACONI'SA, ſ. f. a deaconneſs, a female deacon in the ancient church.

DIA'CONO, ſ. m. a deacon.

DIACORIO'N, ſ. m. a medicine made of onions.

DIADE'MA, ſ. m. f. diadem, kingly crown.

DIADEMA'DO, adj. belonging to a diadem.

DIADO'CHO, ſ. m. a ſtone like a beryl.

DIAERE'SIS, ſ. f. a figure in rhetoric ſo called.

DIA'FANO, adj. tranſparent.

DIAFRA'GMA, ſ. f. the midriff, a tranſverſe muſcle which ſeparates the thorax or cheſt from the abdomen.

DIAGARGA'NTA, ſ. f. vide *ALQUITI'RA*.

DIAGONA'L, ſ. f. diagonal, a line in geometry from one corner to another.

DIAGONALME'NTE, adv. diagonally, in a diagonal direction.

DIAGRA'MA, ſ. m. diagram, delineation of geometrical figures.

DIAGRAPHICA, ſ. f. the art of sketching: the firſt rudiments in the art of drawing or delineation.

DIAGRI'DIO, ſ. m. a ſtrong purgative ſo called.

DIALE'CNICA, ſ. f. the art of logic or of reaſoning.

DIALE'CTICO, ſ. m. a logician.

Dialectico, adj. of, or belonging to dialect.

DIALECTO, ſ. m. a dialect, language peculiar to a province.

DIALOGA'L, adj. belonging to a dialogue.

DIALOGA'R, v. a. to hold a dialogue, to compoſe by way of dialogue.

DIALOGI'A, ſ. f. a figure in rhetoric ſo called.

DIALOGIZA'R, v. a. to hold a dialogue together.

DIALOGI'SMO, ſ. m. a figure in rhetoric ſo called.

DIA'LOGO, ſ. m. a dialogue.

DIALOGUI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *dialogo*.

DIALTE'A, ſ. f. an ointment of marshmallows.

DIAMANTA'DO, adj. belonging to a diamond, or like a diamond.

DIAMANTA'ZO, augm. of *diamante*.

DIAMA'NTE, ſ. m. a diamond.

DIAMANTI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to a diamond, hard as a diamond.

DIAMANTO'N, ſ. m. a jocular augmentative of *diamante*, a large diamond.

DIAMETRA'L, adj. belonging to a diameter.

DIAMETRALME'NTE, adv. diametrically.

DIA'METRO, ſ. m. the diameter, a line dividing a circle into two equal parts.

DIAMORO'N, ſ. m. a medicinal compoſition of blackberries, mulberries, honey, and treacle.

DIAMU'SCO, ſ. m. a medicinal compoſition ſo called.

DIA'NCHE, }
DIA'NTRE, } ſ. m. the devil.

DIA'PASON, ſ. m. in muſic, the ſyſtem of an eighth containing ſeven intervals, ſpaces, or degrees, and eight notes, and reckoned incluſively, as expreſſed by expreſſed by eight chords.

DIAPE'NTE, ſ. m. in muſic, a fifth, which is the interval betwixt five notes, or a tranſition from one note to another that is five notes above it.

DIAPHANIDA'D, ſ. f. tranſparency, clearneſs.

DIA'PHANO, adj. vide *DIA'FANO*.

DIAPHORE'TICO, adj. that diſſolves and ſends forth humours by tranſpiration.

DIAPHRA'GMA, ſ. m. the midriff, a membrane that divides the heart and lights from the other entrails.

DIAQUILO'N, ſ. m. a plaſter made of juices and gums.

DIARIAME'NTE, adv. daily, day by day.

DIA'RIO, ſ. m. a diary, a relation of what happens day by day, a journal.

DIARODO'N, ſ. m. a ſyrup to mitigate pains in the belly.

DIARRE'A, ſ. f. a looſeneſs.

DIASPE'RO, ſ. m. the jaſper ſtone.

DIA'STILOS, ſ. m. a term in architecture, intercolumnation.

DIA'STOLE, ſ. m. a figure, where by a ſyllable ſhort by nature is made long; alſo the dilating of the heart and breaſt, when we fetch breath, as ſyſtole is the contraction of them, when the breath goes out.

DIATE'SSARON, ſ. m. a concord of four notes.

DIATO'NICO, adj. diatonic, one of the three kinds of practical muſic, and that which is now in uſe, and riſes throughout the ſcale by a whole, not by a whole note, and a leſs half note.

D I B

DIBUXADO'R, ſ. m. one that draws in black and white.

DIBUXA'R, v. a. to draw in black and white, with a pen, coal, pencil, or the like.

DIBU'XO, ſ. m. a draught drawn by hand with pen and ink, pencil, or the like.

No te métas en dibúxos, meddle not with what does not concern you.

D I C

DICACIDA'D, ſ. f. drollery, buffoonery, talking; prating.

DICERNI'R, v. a. to diſcern, to diſtinguish; to ſeparate one thing from another; to avoid confuſion; to give judgment.

DICCIO'N, ſ. f. diction, ſtyle, language.

DICCIONA'RIO, ſ. m. a dictionary.

DICHARA'CHO, ſ. m. a looſe and indecent expreſſion.

DI'CHO, p. p. of *decir*, ſaid.

Dicho, ſubſt. m. a ſaying.

Prov. *Del dicho al hecho hày gran trécho*, there is a great diſtance between ſaying and doing; or, ſaying and doing are two things.

DICHOSAME'NTE, adv. happily, luckily, fortunately.

DICHO'SO, adj. happy, fortunate.

Dichoſos, ſ. m. pl. in cant, women's buskins.

DICIE'MBRE, ſ. m. December.

DICIPLI'NA, ſ. f. diſcipline, order; alſo correction, and the ſcourge called a diſcipline.

DICIPLINA'BLE, adj. ſuſceptible of learning or inſtruction, apt to learn.

DICIPLINA'NTE, one that whips himſelf in the proceſſions.

DICIPLINA'R, v. a. to diſcipline, to teach, to inſtruct, to form; alſo to ſcourge.

DICTA'DO, ſ. m. the dignity or honour of a dictator.

DICTADO'R, ſ. m. a dictator, the greateſt in power formerly in Rome; he that dictates.

DICTADU'RA, ſ. f. the dictatorſhip; alſo a dictating.

DICTAME'N, ſ. m. that has been dictated; alſo a man's opinion, his conceit of a thing, his mind.

DI'CTAMO, ſ. m. dittander, ditany, garden-ginger, an herb ſo called.

DICTA'R, v. a. to dictate.

DICTE'RIO, ſ. m. taunt, ſcoff, jeſt.

D I D

DIDASCA'LICO, adj. belonging to an uſher or teacher; that is fit to teach.

D I E

DIE'NTE, ſ. m. a tooth.

Diénte de ájo, a clove of garlick.

Diéntes de ſiérra, the ridge of a mountain.

Dar diénte con diente, to chatter the teeth with cold.

Moſtrár los diéntes, to ſhew one's teeth as a dog does, diſcovering an inclination to do harm.

No podér hincár el diénte, not to be able to bite.

No entrár de los diéntes adiéntro, to bear an ill will.

Valiénte por el diénte, he can eat more than he can act.

Aquí me naciéron los diéntes, here my teeth grew; that is, here I was bred in my infancy.

Eſtá la bebida que quiébra los dientes, the drink is ſo cold, it makes the teeth ach.

Eſtár a diénte; to have a good appetite.

Hincár el diénte, to bite, to pierce with the teeth; alſo to defame, to ſlander.

Tener buen diénte; to have a good ſtomach.

DIENTECI'LLO, ſ. m. a little tooth.

DIERE'SIS, ſ. f. a figure in poetry ſo called.

DIE'SIS, ſ. m. the fourth part of a tone major, or three parts of twelve, into which it is divided.

DIE'STRA, ſ. f. the right hand.

DIESTRAME'NTE, adv. dexterouſly, handily, artificially.

DIE'STRAZA, ſ. f. vide *DESTRE'ZA*.

DIE'STRO, adj. dexterous, skilful, ready at his buſineſs; ſubſt. uſed, the reins or halter of a beaſt.

Dieſtro de ámbas mános, that can uſe both hands alike.

Dieſtro en las armas, skilful at his weapon.

Llevár una beſtia del dieſtro, to lead any beaſt by a halter, or the reins.

Dar a dieſtro y a ſini-ſtro, to lay about one on every ſide.

DIE'TA, ſ. f. regular diet in eating, preſcribed to the ſick; alſo a diet, or aſſembly, as thoſe of Germany, Poland, &c. alſo a day's journey.

No ſe ha de citár ultra tres dietas, an expreſſion among civil lawyers, that a man ſhall not be ſummoned above three days journey; that is, thirty leagues.

DIETE'UTICA, ſ. f. a diet preſcribed by phyſicians.

DIE'Z, ſ. m. ten.

DIEZCU'PLO, ſ. m. vide *DECUPLO*.

DIE'ZES, ſ. m. pl. the tens in the beads, or the great beads after the ten ſmall ones, or a pair of beads that has but ten and a great one.

DIEZYSEYS, adj. ſixteen.

DIEZYSIE'TE, adj. ſeventeen.

DIEZYO'CHO, adj. eighteen.

DIEZYNUE'VE, adj. nineteen.

DIE'ZMA, ſ. f. a tenth.

DIEZMA'R, v. a. vide *DEZMA'R*.

DIEZMEñO, adj. tithable, ſubject to the tithes.
DIEZMERI'A, ſ. f. vide *DEZMERI'A*.
DIEZME'RO, ſ. m. a tyther.
DIE'Z MIL, adj. ten thouſand.
DIEZMO'S, ſ. m. pl. the tythes due to the clergy.
Prov. *Los diézmos de Diós de tres blancas ſiſár dos*, out of God's tythes pinch two parts in three; a proverb among thoſe who grudge the church its due.

D I F

DIFAMACIO'N, ſ. f. defamation.
DIFAMADO'R, ſ. m. a defamer,
DIFAMAR, v. a. to defame, to take away one's good name.
to take away one's good name.
DIFAMATO'RIO, adj. defamatory, calumnious.
DIFERECE'R, v. n. vide *DIFERENCIA'R*.
DIFEREN'CIA, ſ. f. difference; alſo diſpute, quarrel, debate.
DIFERENCIA'R, v. a. to be different, to diſtinguish.
Diferenciárſe, v. r. to be diſtinguiſhed to be unlike.
DIFERE'NTE, adj. different.
DIFERENTEME'NTE, adv. dif ferently.
DIFERI'R, v. a. to defer, to delay, to put off; alſo to differ, to be different from.
DIFI'CIL, adj. difficult.
DIFICILME'NTE, adv. difficultly.
DIFICULTA'D, ſ. f. difficulty.
DIFICULTADQ'R, ſ. m. one who raiſe difficulties.
DIFICULTA'R, v. a. to make difficult, to raiſe difficulties.
DIFICULTOSAME'NTE, adv. difficulty.
DIFICULTO'SO, adj. difficult.
DIFIDACI'ON, ſ. f. a manifeſto or declaration, in which are included the reaſons for engaging in a war.
DIFIDEN'CIA, ſ. f. diffidence, miſtruſt.
DIFIDE'NTE, adj. diffident, miſtruſting.
DIFINICIO'N, ſ. f. a difinition.
DIFINIDO'R, ſ. m. one that is to define difficult caſes, a dignity among religious orders and in the inquiſition.
DIFINI'R, v. a. to define.
DIFINITI'VO, adj. definitive, deciſive.
Sentencia definitiva, final judgment.
DIFORMIDA'D, ſi f. vide *DEFORMIDA'D*.
DIFU'GIO, ſ. m. a flight, a running away; alſo an evaſion in diſcourſe by which a perſon endeavours to prevent any reaſons alledged.
DIFUNDI'R, v. a. to diffuſe, to ſpread abroad,
DIFU'NTO, adj. deceaſed, dead, departed this life.
Ponérſe cómo un difúnto, to turn as pale as a dead man.
Oficio de difuntos, the office of the dead, the ſet form of prayers uſed in the church for the dead.
DIFUSAME'NTE, adv. diffuſely, ſtretching forth abroad.
DIFUSIO'N, ſ. f. diffuſion; ſpreading abroad.
DIFUSI'VO, adj. diffuſive.
DIFU'SO, adj. diffuſed, ſpread abroad; alſo copious; not conciſe.

D I G

DIGA'MMA, ſ. m. farm or ſummerhouſe.
DIGA'STRICO, adj. the appellation of certain muſcles of the human body.
DIGERI'R, v. a. to digeſt, to ſuffer, to bear patiently; alſo to range methodically in the mind; alſo to ſoften by heat as in a boiler.
Digerir el vino, to digeſt the wine; that is, to grow ſober after drunkenneſs.
Digerir un negócio, to digeſt or order an affair.
DI'GES, ſ. m. pl. toys.
DIGESTIO'N, ſ. f. digeſtion; alſo the preparation of a matter by a cheminal heat.
Hómbre de mála digeſtión, one that does not digeſt his meat well; an ill-natured man.
Negócio de mála digeſtión, a troubleſome affair hard to manage.
DIGESTI'VO, adj. that is capable of helping digeſtion.
Digeſtivo, ſ. m. an application which diſpoſes a wound to generate matter.
DIGE'STO, adj. digeſted, ordered.
Digéſto, ſ. m. book of the civil law ſo called.
DI'GITO, ſ m. a finger or a digit in arithmetic; the twelfth part of the diameter of the ſun or moon.
DIGNACIO'N, ſ. f. reputation, honour, worship, eſteem, credit, requeſt, favour, dignity, reverence.
DIGNAME'NTE, adv. worthily.
DIGNA'RSE, v. r. to vouchſafe, to deign, to condeſcend, to yield.
DIGNIDA'D, ſ. f. dignity.
DIGNIFICA'R, v. a. to make worthy, to dignify, to advance, to prefer, to exalt.
DIGNIFICA'NTE, ſ. m. he that dignifies.
DI'GNO, adj. worthy.
DI'GOLE, a term at dice, I am at yon.
DIGRESSIO'N, ſ. f. a digreſſion, going out of the way, deviating from the buſineſs; a paſſage deviating from the main tenour.

D I L

DILACIO'N, ſ. f. delay.
DILAPIDACIO'N, ſ. f. in law, waſte, luxurious or wanton deſtruction of what is our own: uſeleſs expence, prodigal waſte of what does not belong to us; the ſuffering of any edifice intruſted to our care to go to ruin.
DILAPIDA'R, v. a. to waſte beyond meaſure; to deſtroy, wantonly what is our own; to make a prodigal waſte of what belongs to others; in law, to ſuffer an edifice entruſted to our care to go to ruin.
DILATA'BLE, adj. that may be delayed or put off.

DILATACIO'N, ſ. f. dilatation, extenſion.
DILATADAME'NTE, adv. extenſively, widely.
DILATA'DO, adj. great, ſpacious, dilated, extended, ſpread abroad, numerous.
DILATA'R, v. a. to delay, to prolong, to put off; alſo to dilate, to extend, to ſpread abroad.
Dilatárſe, v. r. to be prolix in writing or ſpeaking; to be copious, not conciſe.
DILATORIO, adj. dilatory; delaying, prolonging.
DILECCIO'N, ſ. f. love, affection.
DILE'CTO, adj. beloved; uſed in poets.
DILE'MA, ſ. m. a dilemma, an argument ſo called.
DILIGE'NCIA, ſ. f. diligence, induſtry, aſſiduity; an affair.

Prov. *La diligéncia es mádre de la buéna ventúra*, diligence is the mother of good luck; that is, care and induſtry are the means to make buſineſs ſucceed well.

DILIGENCIA'R, v. a. to ſolicit, to be diligent in the proſecution of affairs.
DILIGENCIE'RO, ſ. m. an agent.
Diligenciéro de fiſcál, a ſollicitor.
DILIGE'NTE, adj. diligent.
DILIGENTEME'NTE, adv. diligently.
DILUCIDACIO'N, ſ. f. an explanation, or illuſtration.
DILUCIDA'R, v. a. to explain or illuſtrate.
DILUSI'VO, adj. deluſive, that can deceive.
DILU'VIO, ſ. m. a deluge, a flood.

D I M

DIMANA'R, v. a. to ſpring or flow from.
DIMENSIO'N, ſ. f. dimenſion, meaſure.
*DI'MES y diréte*s, a proverbial phraſe, arguing *pro* and *con*; conteſting.
DIMIDIA'R, v. a. to divide, to ſeparate, to part in two; to reach the middle of one's life; to wear out till it has loſt half its value or price; to ſpend or have ſpent or conſumed one half of; not to tell all; to tell but half.
DIMINUCIO'N, ſ. f. diminution.
Ir en diminucion, to grow leſs; to fall in diſcredit.
DIMINUI'R, v. a. to diminish.
DIMINUTI'VO, adj. diminutive.
DIMINU'TO, adj. diminished.
DIMISSIO'N, ſ. f. a diſmiſſion.
DIMISSO'RIAS, ſ. f. pl. letters ſo called, from an inferior to a ſuperior judge, ſending up the party that has appealed to him.
DIMITI'R, v. a. to diſmiſs.
DIMOñO, ſ. m. the devil.

D I N

DINAME'NTE, adv. obſ. vide *DIGNAME'NTE*.
DINERA'DA, ſ. f. a great quantity of money.
DINERA'L, ſ. m. one that pays workmen and labourers their hire.
DINERI'LLO, ſ. m. little money.
DINERI'SMO, ſ. m. love of money.
DINERI'STA, ſ. m. money-hunter.
DINE'RO, ſ. m. money, any ſort of coin.
Dinéro contante ó de contado, ready money.
Dinéro cercenádo, } clipped mo-
Dinéro cortádo, } ney.
Dinéro contádo, ready money.
DINERO'SO, adj. rich, abounding in money.
DINERUE'LO, ſ. m. diminutive of *dinéro*.
DI'NO, adj. obſ. vide *DIGNO*.
DINO'SIS, ſ. f. a figure in rhetoric, being the ſtreſs laid upon the latter part of the oration.
DINTE'L, ſ. m. the threshold of a door.
DINTO'RNO, ſ. m. what is delineated within the outline.

D I O

DIO'BRE, ſ. m. ſaid inſtead of *Dios* by thoſe who dare not ſwear.
DIOCESA'NO, ſ. m. a dioceſan; of the dioceſe.
DIO'CESIS, ſ. f. a dioceſe.
DIONY'SIA, ſ. f. a precious black ſtone with red ſpots.
DIO'PTRA, ſ. f. a geometrical inſtrument, wherewith the diſtance and height of a place is known afar off.
DIO'PTRICA, ſ. f. dioptrics, a part of optics treating of the different refractions of light.
DIO'PTRICO, adj. dioptrical, belonging to dioptrics.
DIO'S, ſ. m. God.
Diós y ayúda, God and good friends; worldly means forward the work of God.
No hizo Dios a quién deſampardr, God made no body to forſake him; he provides for all the creatures he makes.
Qual Diós te trúxo por acá? what good luck brought you hither? when we are ſurpriſed to ſee one where we did not expect.
Diós que me múdo, farewel, for I remove my quarters.
Quedár a pedir por Diós, to be reduced to beggary.
De Diós en ayúſo, under God.
De Diós lo háya, God reward you, ſays he who is not able to make a return himſelf.
DIO'SA, ſ. f. a goddeſs.
DIOSEA'R, v. n. to play the god; to attribute to one's ſelf ſuch qualities as are highly unbecoming to us poor mortals.
DIOSECI'LLO, } ſ. m. a ſmall
DIOSECI'TO, } god, a little god Moſtly ſaid of Cupid.
DIO'SO, adj. ancient, of many days. Pronounce *di-o-ſo*.

D I P

DIPHRI'GE, ſ. m. the droſs of metal when refined.
DIPHTO'NGO, ſ. m. a diphthong; a coalition of two vowels to form one ſound.

DIPHTONGA'R, v. a. to make one ſyllable with two vowels; alſo to unite ſeveral things together.
DI'PLOE, ſ. m. in anatomy, the inner lamina or plate of the ſkull.
DIPLO'MA, ſ. m. a diploma, a charter, a prince's letters patent, a writ, a mandamus.
DI'PSAS, ſ. f. a kind of viper or adder.
DIPSA'CO, ſ. m. fuller's weed, or teazle.
DI'PTYCHO, ſ. m. diptych, table or church regiſter.
DIPUTACIO'N, ſ. f. a deputation; the place where deputies meet.
DIPUTA'DO, ſ. m. deputy, repreſentative.
DIPUTA'R, v. a. to depute, to appoint.

D I Q

DIQUE, ſ. m. a dike, a bank to oppoſe the fury of the water. It is alſo ſometimes taken for a dock to build or repair ſhips in.
DIQUECI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *dique*.

D I R

DIR, v. a. obſ. for dezir.
DIRECCIO'N, ſ. f. direction.
DIRECTAME'NTE, adv. directly.
DIRE'CTE, adv. directly, orderly.
DIRECTI'VO, adj. that may be directed, ordered.
DIRE'CTO, adj. direct, ſtraight, orderly; alſo open, not ambiguous.
DIRECTO'R, ſ. m. a director.
DIRECTO'RIO, adj. directed.
DIRIGI'R, v. a. to direct.
DIRIMI'R, v. a. to take away, to abolish, to deſtroy.
DIRUI'R, v. a. to deſtroy, to abolish, to undo.

D I S

DIS, a negative prepoſition.
DISA'NTO, ſ. m. a holy day.
DISAPROPRIA'R, v a. to alienate to turn to another uſe.
DISCANTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſcanting, taking much of a thing.
DISCANTA'R, v. a to deſcant, to diſcourſe about a matter.
DISCA'NTE, ſ. m. deſcant in muſic.
DISCEPTACIO'N, ſ. f. a diſpute, a controverſy.
DISCEPTADO'R, ſ. m. a diſputant.
DISCEPTA'R, v. a. to diſpute, to controvert.
DISCEPTATRI'Z, ſ. f. a woman that will diſpute.
DISCERNI'BLE, adj. diſcernible, apparent, diſcoverable, diſtinguishable, viſible, perceptible.
DISCERNIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſcernment, judgment, diſcretion.
DISCERNI'R, v. a. to diſcern, to diſtinguish.
DISCIFRA'R, v. a. vide *DECIFRA'R*.
DISCIPLI'NA, ſ. f. vide *DICIPLI'NA*.
DISCIPLINA'R, v. a. to ſcourge, to chaſtiſe, to whip.
DISCIPULA'DO, ſ. m. a company or aſſembly of ſcholars.
DISCI'PULO, ſ. m. a diſciple, a ſcholar.
DI'SCO, ſ. m. a quoit to play with.
DI'SCOLO, adj. froward, wayward, peevish.
DI'SCOLO'R, adj. of many colours.
DISCONFO'RME, adj. vide *DESCONFORME*.
DISCONTINUA'R, v. a. vide *DESCONTINUA'R*.
DISCORDA'NCIA, ſ. f. diſagreement, oppoſition, inconſiſtency.
DISCORDA'R, v. n. to diſagree.
DISCO'RDE, adj. diſagreeing.
DISCORDEMENTE, adv. diſagreeingly.
DISCO'RDIA, ſ. f. diſcord.
DISCOYUNTA'R, v. a. vide *DESCOYUNTA'R*.
DISCRECI'ON, ſ. f. diſcretion, prudence.
Diſcreción, ready, wit, mirth, a ſmart repartee.
Dárſe ó rendirſe a diſcreción, to ſurrender at diſcretion.
DISCRE'DITO, ſ. m. diſcredit.
DISCREPA'NCIA; f. f. diſagreement, difference, contrariety.
DISCREPA'R, v. n. to diſagree.
DISCRETAME'NTE, adv. diſcreetly, prudently, ingeniously, wittily.
DISCRETEA'R, v. a. to converſe in courtier-like manner with wit, sharpneſs, freedom, giving pleaſure to all one's hearers.
DISCRE'TO, adj. diſcreet, judicious.
DISCRI'MEN, ſ. m. difference, diverſity, debate, controverſy, doubt, danger, hazard, peril, battle, a ſpace or diſtance.
DISCU'LPA, ſ. f. excuſe.
DISCULPA'BLE, adj. excuſable.
DISCULPACIO'N, ſ. f. an excuſe.
DISCULPADAME'NTE, adv. with excuſe.
DISCULPA'R, v. a. to excuſe.
DISCURRIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diſcourſe, reaſoning, argument.
DISCURRI'R, v. n. to diſcourſe; alſo to run about, to wander up and down.
DISCURSA'R, v. a. to diſcourſe.
DISCURSI'STA, ſ. m. one who diſcourſes.
DISCURSI'VO, adj. that may be diſcourſed of, that diſcourſes well.
DISCU'RSO, ſ. m. reaſon, judgment alſo ſpace or quantity of time.
DISCUSSIO'N, ſ. f. determination, deciſion, diſcuſſion.
DISCUTI'R, v. a. to diſcuſs, to examine, to decide.
DISDIARASON, ſ. m. a term in muſic, ſignifying two octaves, or eighths.
DISENTE'RIA, ſ. f. a flux, a looſeneſs.
DISERTAME'NTE, adv. eloquently.

DISSERTO

DISE'RTO, adj. well ſpoken, eloquent.
DISFAMACIO'N, ſ. f. defamation, ſcandal.
DISFAMADO'R, ſ. m. a defamer.
DISFAMA'R, v. a. to defame.
DISFAMATO'RIO, adj. defamatory.
DISFA'MIA, ſ. m. infamy.
DISFAVO'R, ſ. m. disfavour, diſgrace.
DISFAVORECE'R, v. a. vide *DESFAVORECE'R.*
DISFIGURA'R, v. a. vide *DESFIGURA'R.*
DISFO'RME, adj. deformed, diſagreeable; alſo monſtrous big.
DISFORMIDA'D, ſ. f. deformity, diſproportion; alſo monſtrous bigneſs.
DISFORMO'SO, adj. obſ. deformed.
DISFRA'Z, ſ. m. diſguiſe.
DISFRAZADAME'NTE, adv. diſguiſedly.
DISFRAZA'DO, adj. diſguiſed, maſked.
DISFRAZA'R, v. a. to diſguiſe, to conceal by an unuſual dreſs; to hide by a counterfeit appearance, to change the form or figure, to diſſemble, to pretend that not to be which really is, to pretend that to be which is not.
DISGREGACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſeparation, or diviſion.
DISGREGA'R, v. a. to part, to ſeparate.
DISGREGATI'VO, adj. that may be parted, or ſeparated.
DISGUSTA'R, v. a. to diſguſt, to diſtate, to offend.
DISGUSTI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *diſgúſto.*
DISGU'STO, ſ. m. diſguſt, diſtate, offence.
DISGUSTOSAME'NTE, adv. diſguſtfully, offenſively, nauſeouſly.
DISGUSTO'SO, adj. diſguſtful, nauſeous, offenſive.
DISINIA'R, v. a. to deſign, to contrive.
DISI'NIO, ſ. m. deſign, contrivance, purpoſe.
DISI'PULA, ſ. f. an eryſipelas.
DISIPULA'RSE, v. r. to be affected with an eryſipelas.
DISJUNTI'VO, adj. disjunctive.
DISLATA'R, v. a. to play the foul; to commit extravagancies, to talk idly.
DISLA'TE, ſ. m. an extravagant foolish action or expreſſion.
DISLOCACIO'N, ſ. f. a diſlocation, putting out of its place.
DISLOCA'R, v. a. to diſlocate, to put out of the proper place, to put out of joint.
Diſlocárſe, v. r. to be diſlocated, to be put out of its place.
DISMINUCIO'N, ſ. f. diminution.
DISMINUI'R, v. a. to diminish.
DISPA'R, adj. unequal, different.
DISPARADO'R, ſ. m. the trigger of a gun.
DISPARA'R, v. a. to ſhoot; to talk nonſenſe.
Diſparár úna riſáda, to burſt out a laughing.
DISPARATA'DO, ſ. m. a perſon who does, or ſays any thing foolishly, ignorantly, and abſurdly.
DISPARATA'R, v. n. to talk or act ignorantly or foolishly.
DISPARA'TE, ſ. m. a nonſenſical foolish action or expreſſion.
DISPARATO'N, ſ. m. augmentative of *diſparate.*
DISPARATO'RIO, ſ. m. a foolish nonſenſical diſcourſe.
DISPARCIALIDA'D, ſ. f. diſſociation, disjunction.
DISPARIDA'D, ſ. f. diſparity, inequality.
DISPENDE'R, v. a. vide *DESPENDE'R.*
DISPE'NDIO, ſ. m. diſſipation, profuſeneſs.
DISPE'NSA, ſ. f. vide *DISPENSACIO'N.*
DISPENSA'BLE, adj. that may be diſpenſed, with.
DISPENSACIO'N, ſ. f. diſpenſation.
DISPENSADO'R, ſ. m. one who diſpenſes.
DISPENSA'R, v. a. to diſpenſe with.
DISPERSIO'N, ſ. f. ſeparation, diſperſion.
DISPE'RSO, adj. ſeparated, ſcattered, diſperſed.
DISPERTADO'R, ſ. m. one who awakes another.
DISPERTA'R, v. n. to awake.
DISPIE'RTO, adj. vide *DESPIE'RTO.*
DISPLACE'R, v. a. ſee *DESPLACER.*
DISPLICE'NCIA, ſ. f. diſpleaſure, diſagreeableneſs.
DISPONEDO'R, ſ. m. who diſpoſes of, or gives orders.
DISPONE'R, v. a. to diſpoſe, to order, to contrive
DISPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. diſpoſition, order, contrivance, alſo the temper or inclination of a man.
DISPOSITIVAME'NTE, adv. in good order, orderly.
DISPOSITI'VO, adj. belonging to order.
DISPUE'STO, p. p. diſpoſed, ordered; alſo handſome, luſty, in health.
DISPU'TA, ſ. f. diſpute.
DISPUTA'BLE, adj. diſputable, that may be controverted.
DISPUTACIO'N, ſ. f. diſputation.
DISPUTADO'R, } ſ. m. a diſ-
DISPUTA'NTE, } putant.
DISPUTA'R, v. a. to diſpute.
DISQUISICIO'N, ſ. f. ſtrict examination, enquiry.
DISSENCIO'N, ſ. f. diſſenſion, variance, contention, quarrel, diſpute.
DISSECA'R, v. a. to cut aſunder.
DISSECCIO'N, ſ. f. diſſection.
DISSECTO'R, ſ. m. one who diſſects.
DISSEMINA'R, v. a. to ſow.
DISSEñA'R, v. a. to draw or mark out.
DISSEñO, ſ. m. the art of limning, the deſigning of a piece; alſo a pencil.
DISSENTI'R, v. n. to diſſent, to be of another opinion.
DISSERTACIO'N, ſ. f. a diſſertation.
DISSERTA'R, v. n. to diſpute, to make a diſſertation.
DISSE'RTO, adj. eloquent.

DISSI'MIL, adj. unlike, diſſimilar, heterogeneous.
DISSIMILITU'D, ſ. f. unlikelineſs, improbability.
DISSIMULACIO'N, ſ. f. diſſimulation, diſſembling.
DISSIMULADAME'NTE, adv. diſſemblingly, ſlily, craftily.
DISSIMULA'DO, ſ. m. a ſly, crafty perſon.
DISSIMULADO'R, ſ. m. a diſſembler.
DISSIMULA'R, v. a. to diſſemble, to connive at a thing.
DISSIMU'LO, ſ. m. diſſimulation, connivance, ſlyneſs, craftineſs.
DISSI'GNIO, ſ. m. vide *DESINI'O*,
DISSIPACIO'N ſ. f. diſſipation, diſperſion, ſcattering.
DISSIPADO'R, ſ. m. a ſpendthrift, a ſcatterer, a waſter.
DISSIPA'R v. a. to diſſipate, to ſcatter, to waſte.
DISSOLU'BLE, adj. that can be diſſolved, diſſolvable.
DISSOLUCIO'N ſ. f. diſſolution, diſſolving, looſening; alſo lewdneſs.
DISSOLVE'NTE, ſ. m. diſſolvent.
DISSOLVE'R v. a. to diſſolve.
DISSOLUTAME'NTE, adv. diſſolurely, lewdly, looſely.
DISSOLUT'IVO, adj. that will diſſolve.
DISSOLU'TO, adj. diſſolved; alſo lewd, wicked.
DISSO'N, ſ. m. a harſh diſagreeable ſound.
DISSONA'NCIA ſ. f. diſagreement, diſcord.
DISSONA'NTE, adj. diſagreeing.
DISSONA'R, v. a. to diſagree, to make diſcord in muſic.
DI'SSONO, adj. vide *DISSONA'NTE*.
DISSUADI'R v. a. to diſſuade.
DISSUASIO'N, ſ. f. diſſuaſion.
DISSUE'LTO, p. p. of. *diſſolvér*.
DISSY'LABO, ſ. m. a word of two ſyllables, a diſyllable.
DISSY'MBOLO, adj. unlike, very different in nature.
DISTA'NCIA, ſ. f. diſtance.
DISTA'NTE, adj. diſtant.
DISTANTEME'NTE, adv. at a diſtance, afar off.
DISTA'R, v. n. to be diſtant.
DISTENDE'R, v. a. to diſtende, to ſpread abroad.
DISTENSIO'N, ſ. f. diſtention ſpreading abroad.
DISTERMINA'R, v. a. to ſeparate or part, to bound place from place.
DI'STICO, ſ. m. dyſtich, couplet, two verſes.
DISTILACIO'N, ſ. f. diſtillation, dropping.
DISTILADE'RA, ſ. f. ſtill, limbeck.
DISTILADE'RO, adj. ingenious, cunning, falſe, far-fetched, in direct.
Diſtiladéro, ſ. m. an intrigue, a plot.
DISTILADO'R, ſ. m. a diſtiller.
DISTILADU'RA, ſ. f. a diſtilling.
DISTILA'R, v. a. to diſtil, to drop.
DISTILATO'RIO, ſ. m. a ſtill to diſtil waters.
DISTINCIO'N, ſ. f. diſtinction.
Perſóna de diſtincion, a man of note.
DISTINGUI'R, v. a. to diſtinguish.
Diſtinguirſe, v. r. to be diſtinguished by doing ſomething uncommon.
DISTINTAME'NTE, adv. diſtinctly.
DISTINTI'VO, adj. that may be diſtinguished.
DISTI'NTO, adj. diſtinct, ſeveral.
Diſtincto, ſ. m. inſtinct.
DISTRACCIO'N, ſ. f. diſtraction.
DISTRAHE'R, v. a. to draw aſide, to pull away, to diſtract, to corrupt.
DISTRAHIDAME'NTE, adv. diſtractedly.
DISTRAHIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. drawing aſide, diſtraction, lewdneſs;
DISTRIBUCIO'N, ſ. f. diſtribution; alſo order; alſo diviſion of time.
DISTRIBUIDO'R, ſ. m. a diſtributer, one that gives every man his ſhare.
DISTRIBUI'R, v. a. to diſtribute - to divide among ſeveral perſons, alſo to ſeparate in different places.
DISTRIBUTI'VO, adj. diſtributive, that is to be or may be diſtributed.
DISTRI'CTO, *DISTRI'TO*, ſ. m. diſtrict, territory, precinct.
DISTURBACIO'N, ſ. f. diſturbance, trouble.
DISTURBADO'R, ſ. m. a diſturber, one that cauſes perturbation.
DISTURBA'R, v. a. to diſturb, to trouble.
DISTU'RBIO, ſ. m. diſquiet, tumult, confuſion, diſorder; alſo violation of peace.
DISUADI'R, v. a. vide *DISSUADI'R*.
DISYUNCIO'N, ſ. f. disjunction, diſunion, ſeparation, parting.
DISYUNTA, ſ. f. in muſic, a change of the voice.
DISYUNTIVAME'NTE, adv. ſeparately.
DISYUNTI'VO, adj. disjunctive, incapable of union; in grammar, that which marks ſeparation or oppoſition; in logic, disjunctive, oppoſed in its parts.
DISYUNTO, ſ. m. among ſchoolmen, the neceſſity of the exiſtence or the excluſion of one out of two contrary poſitions or propoſitions.

D I T

DI'TA, ſ. f. a party or perſon, the party concerned in a contract. It is alſo a bill, note, or bill of exchange.
DI'TADO, ſ. m. the place from which a nobleman takes his title; a place of honour or truſt; a title, or the perſon that has it.
DITADO'R, ſ. m. vide *DICTADO'R*.
DITADU'RA, ſ. f. vide *DICTADU'RA*.
DITA'MEN, ſ. m. vide *DICTA'MEN*.
DI'TAMO, ſ. m. the herb dittany.
DITA'R, v. a. vide *DICTA'R*.
DITE'RIO, ſ. m. lampoon, abuſive paper, ſatirical ſaying, defamatory report.
DITHYRA'MBICA, ſ. f. a ſhort poem or ſong formerly ſung, played, and danced at once.
DITHYRA'MBICO, adj. belonging to dithyrambic.

DITHYRA'MBO, ſ. m. dithyrambic, a ſong in honour of Bacchus; any poem written with wildneſs.
DI'TO, p. p. of. *declr*, obſ. for *dicho*.
DI'TONO, ſ. m. that has two ſounds, or parts in muſic.

D I U

DIURE'TICO, adj. diuretic, that provokes urine.
DIURNA'L, ſ. m. diurnal; book of the divine office for the day.
DIU'RNO, adj. daily, continual, or of the day.
DIUTURNIDA'D, ſ. f. long continuance, laſtingneſs.
DIUTU'RNO, adj. pertaining to length of duration.

D I V.

DIVA, ſ. f. a goddeſs. Poetical.
DIVAGA'R, v. a. to wander.
DIVA'N, ſ. m. the ſupreme council of the Turks.
DIVERGE'NTE, adj. divergent, tending to various parts from one point.
DIVERGI'R, v. n. to diverge, to tend to various parts from one point.
DIVERSAME'NTE, adv. differently.
DIVERSIDA'D, ſ. f. diverſity, variety, difference, diſſimilitude, unlikeneſs; alſo abundance of ſeveral things.
DIVERSIO'N ſ. f. a diverſion, a turning aſide; alſo recreation, amuſement. In war, it is the act, or purpoſe of drawing the enemy off from ſome deſign by threatening or attacking a diſtant part.
DIVE'RSO, adj. divers, different.
DIVERSO'RIO, ſ. m. an inn, a public houſe of entertainment.
DIVERTI'CULO, ſ. m. a place out of the way; alſo the ſtraying from the matter in hand.
DIVERTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diverſion, turning aſide, going from the point; alſo delight, pleaſure.
DIVERTI'R, v. a. to divert, to turn aſide, to go from the point; alſo to withdraw the mind.
DIVIDI'R, v. a. to divide.
DIVIE'SO, ſ. m. a bile, a ſmall impoſthumation, a ſwelling full of corruption.
DIVINACIO'N, ſ. f. divination.
DIVINADO'R, ſ. m. a diviner.
DIVINA'L, adj. vide *DIVI'NO*.
DIVINAME'NTE, adv. divinely, excellent, in ſupreme degree.
DIVINA'R, v. a. to divine, to gueſs, to propheſy.
DIVINATO'RIO, adj. belonging to divination.
DIVINIDA'D, ſ. f. divinity.
DIVINIZA'R, v. a. to make divine.
DIVI'NO, adj. divine.
DIVI'SA, ſ. f. a device, a badge of knighthood; alſo a mark of diſtinction worn in armies to be known from the enemy; a coat of arms; alſo an emblem or motto on a ſhield, or upon the arms of nobility.
DIVISA'R, v. a. to perceive, to ſee, to diſcover at diſtance.
DIVISE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. an heir, a coheir.
DIVI'SIBLE, adj. that may be divided.
DIVISIO'N, ſ. f. diviſion, ſeparation, partition; alſo diſunion, diſcord, difference.
DIVISI'VO, adj. that can be divided.
DIVISO'R ſ. m. in arithmetic, the number given, by which the dividend is divided; the diviſor.
DIVISO'RIO, adj. that divides, that, ſeparates in two or more parts.
DI'VO, adj. holy, ſaint, divine. Poetical.
DIVORCIA'R, v. a. to divorce, to part man and wife.
DIVO'RCIO, ſ. m. divorce, parting of man and wife.
DIVULGACIO'N, ſ. f. a publication or divulging.
DIVULGADO'R ſ. m. f. a publiſher.
DIVULGA'R, v. a. to divulge, to publish.

D I X

DIX, *DI'XE*, { ſ. m. toy of any ſort for women or children.

D I Z

DIZQUE, i. e. *dize que*, he ſays that.

D O

DO, adv. (for *dónde*) where.
De do, adv. whence.
A do? adv. whither?
Do quiera, adv. wherever, whereſoever, witherſoever.

D O B

DO'BLA, ſ. f. a piece of money ſo called.
DOBLADAME'NTE, adv. doubly, deceitfully.
DOBLADE'TE, adj. round, truſs, thick, ſtrong made.
DOBLADI'LLO, ſ. f. a game at cards ſo called.
Dobladillo, ſ. m. a hem in ſewing.
DOBLA'DO, adj. double, deceitful.
DOBLADU'RA, ſ. f. doubling, folding.
DOBLA'R, v. a. to double, to fold.
Doblár campánas, to ring a peal for the dead.
Doblár la hója, to fold down the leaf; to break off from any buſineſs, ſo as to return again.
Doblár ropá, to fold cloths.
Doblár la púnta, to double or turn a cape at ſea.
Doblár la paráda, to double the ſtake at play.
Doblárſe, v. r. to bow, to bend, to wind; to yield to others; in cant, to ſurrender or deliver one's ſelf up to juſtice.
DO'BLE, adj. double; in cant, he who helps to carry on a cheat; alſo condemned to death.
DOBLEGA'BLE, adj. eaſy to bend, or double.
DOBLEGADU'RA, ſ. f. bending, doubling.
DOBLEGA'R, v. a. to bend, to double; to prevail upon, to make yield.
DOBLEME'NTE, adv. ſubtilly, craftily, ſlily, cunningly, knavishly.

DOBLERI'A, ſ. f. in the cant of traders, to get twice as much as the other partners.
DOBLE'RO, ſ. m. a little loaf.
DOBLE'TE, adj. that is made between double and ſingle.
DOBLE'Z, ſ. m. a fold, the increaſe of the fold; metaph. double dealing.
DO'BLO, ſ. m. a doubling, or folding.
DOBLO'N, ſ. m. a Spaniſh piſtole; the double tripe of a cow or ox.
DOBLONA'DO, ſ. f. the act of boaſting one's ſelf very rich.

D O C

DOCE, ſ. m. twelve.
DOCE'NA, ſ. f. the weight of twelve pounds; alſo a dozen of any thing.
DOCENA'L, adj. belonging to a dozen.
DOCEñA'L, adj. having twelve years, being twelve years old.
DOCE'NO, adj. belonging to a dozen.
DOCIE'NTOS, ſ. m. two hundred.
DO'CIL, adj. docible, that can be taught, tractable.
DOCILIDA'D, ſ. f. docibleneſs, teachableneſs, docility.
DOCILME'NTE, adv. eaſily.
DOCTAME'NTE, adv. learnedly.
DO'CTO, adj. learned.
DOCTO'R, ſ. m. a doctor.
DOCTORA'L, adj. belonging to a doctor.
DOCTORAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the making a doctor.
DOCTORA'R, v. a. to give the degree of a doctor.
DOCTORCI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *doctor*.
DOCTORI'SMO, ſ. m. the collective body of doctors, eſpecially of phyſicians.
DOCTRI'NA, ſ. f. doctrine, learning inſtruction.
Doctrina chriſtiána, the chriſtian doctrine, the catechiſm.
Doctrina común, doctrine generally received.
Niños de la doctrina, poor fatherleſs children, that are educated and brought up by charity, and diſpoſed of as they grow up.
DOCTRINA'L, adj belonging to doctrine.
DOCTRINA'R, v. a. to teach, to inſtruct.
DOCTRINE'RO ſ. m. he that explains or teaches doctrine.
DOCUME'NTO, ſ. m. a document, an inſtruction, a leſſon.

D O D

DODECAGO'NO, ſ. m. dodecagon, a figure of twelve ſides.
DODECAE'DRO, ſ. m. one of the five geometrical regular bodies, conſiſting of five equal pentagons.
DODRA'NTE, ſ. m. nine parts out of twelve of various things among the ancient Romans.

D O G

DOGA'L, ſ. m. a cord, a rope, hempen halter, diſtinct from others they make of *eſpárto*.
DOGA'NA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *ADUA'NA*.
DO'GE, a doge of Venice, or Genoa.
Dóge, or *Dógue*, a large dog, as a beardog, or Irish greyhound.
DO'GMA, ſ. m. a received opinion, a tenet, a reſolution of the learned.
DOGMATICAME'NTE, adv. dogmatically, magiſterially, poſitively, authoritatively.
DOGMA'TICO, adj. that belongs to the *dógma*.
DOGMATI'STA, ſ. m. a teacher; generally taken in an ill ſenſe for one that ſtarts new erroneous opinions.
DOGMATIZADO'R; ſ. m. one who follows new erroneous opinions.
DOGMATIZA'R, v. a. to ſtart new erroneous opinions.
DOGO, ſ. m. a maſtiff, a banddog, a dog of the largeſt ſize.

D O L

DO'LA, ſ. f. an axe, or hatchet.
DOLADO'R, ſ. m. a hewer of wood.
DOLADU'RA, ſ. f. a hewing of wood.
DOLA'MES, ſ. m. the weakneſs or infirmities belonging to beaſts.
DOLA'R, v. a. to hew wood, to cut it ſmooth, or into ſhape with an axe.
DOLE'NCIA, ſ. f. ſickneſs a diſeaſe.
Prov. *Quién tiéne doléncia, abra la bolſa y tenga paciéncia*, he that has a diſeaſe muſt open his purſe and have patience; patience to endure, and open his purſe to the phyſician.
DOLE'R, v. n. to feel pain, to be ſorry.
Dolérſe, v. r. to complain, to pity, to compaſſionate.
DOLIE'NTE, adj. ſick.
Doliénte por úna dama, in love with a lady, love-ſick.
DOLIOSAME'NTE, adv. ſorrowfully, lamentably. Obſ.
DOLIO'SO, adj. ſad, afflicted.
DO'LO, ſ. m. fraud, deceit.
DOLO'R, ſ. m. pain, grief, ſorrow.
Dolór de coſtádo, a pleuriſy.
Prov. *Dolór de eſpóſo dolór de códo, duéle múcho, y dúra póco*, ſorrow for a dead husband is like the pain of an elbow, very ſharp, but laſts only a ſhort time.
DOLORCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little pain or grief.
DOLORIDO, adj. full of pain, afflicted.
DOLORIO'SO, adj. painful, tormenting, ſorrowful. Obſ.
DOLOROSAME'NTE, adv. painfully, ſorrowfully, grievouſly.
DOLORO'SO, adj. painful, ſorrowful, grievous.
DOLOSAME'NTE, adv. deceitfully, craftily, fraudulently.
DOLO'SO, adj. fraudulent, deceitful, knavish.

D O M

DOMA'BLE, adj. that may be tamed.
DOMADO'R, ſ. m. a tamer, one that breaks horſes.
DOMADU'RA, ſ. f. a taming.
DOMA'R, v. a. to tame, to ſubdue, to overcome.
DOMEñA'R, v. a. to bear a rule over; ſometimes taken in the contrary ſenſe; that is, to ſubmit.
DOMESTICAME'NTE, adv. familiarly.

DOMESTICA'R, v. a. to tame, to make gentle or familiar.
DOME'STICO, adj. tame, gentle, familiar.
DOMESTIQUE'Z, ſ. m. tameneſs, gentleneſs.
DOMICILIA'DO, adj. of or belonging to an habitation.
DOMICILIA'RIO, ſ. m. who has an habitation or ſettlement in any place.
DOMICI'LIO, ſ. m. a dwelling, an habitation.
DOMINACIO'N, ſ. f. command, ſovereignty, power.
Dominaciónes, ſ. f. pl. one of the choirs of angels.
DOMINADO'R, ſ. m. a commander who has power over others.
DOMINA'NTE, ſ. m. that has ſovereignty over.
DOMINA'R, v. a. to lord, to command, to have power.
DOMINATI'VO, adj. having power, gowernment, or ſuperiority; alſo dominative, imperious, inſolent.
DO'MINE, ſ. m. ſir, uſed among boys in ſchool to mean the maſter.
DOMI'NGO, ſ. m. Sunday.
DOMINGUE'RO, adj. belonging to Sunday.
DOMINGUI'LLO, ſ. m. a figure of ſtraw covered with old rags, with a ſpear in its hand like a ſoldier, ſet up at the bull-feaſts for the bull to toſs.
DOMINI'CA, ſ. f. Sunday; a word uſed by eccleſiaſtics.
DOMINICA'L, adj. belonging to Sunday.
Letra dominicál, the dominical letter.
DOMINI'COS, ſ. m. pl. the Dominicans, a religious order.
DOMI'NIO, ſ. m. dominion, rule, power, lordship.
DOMO, ſ. the dome of a church.

D O N

DON, ſ. m. a title given to gentlemen, and perſons in poſts of honour. Formerly reſtrained to ſome particular great families, now grown more common.
Don, ſ. m. a gift.
DONA, ſ. f. the ſame as *dueña*.
DONACIO'N, ſ. f. donation, gift.
DONADIO, ſ. m. vide *DONACIO'N*.
DONA'DO, ſ. m. a lay-brother among friars.
DONADO'R, ſ. m. a giver.
DONA'IRE, ſ. m. grace, gracefulneſs, prettineſs, pleaſingneſs of behaviour, elegance, airineſs, delightful levity, lightneſs, gaiety.
DONAIROSAME'NTE, adv. with elegance, with grace, with an airineſs, wittily, pleaſingly.
DONAIRO'SO, adj. graceful, pleaſing, elegant, lightſome, airy, gay, witty.
DONA'R, v. a. to give.
DONATA'RIO, ſ. m. he that has the beſtowing of a dole, or the like.
DONATI'VO, ſ. m. a donative, a free gift, a dole, a diſtribution among many.
DO'NCAS, adv. obſ. then.
DONCE'L, ſ. m. a young man, a page, a bachelor.
DONCE'LLA, ſ. f. a girl, a laſs, a maid, a maiden, a virgin, waiting-maid.
DONCELLE'Z, *DONCELLERI'A*, } ſ. f. the maidenly ſtate or condition, the ſtate of a girl, virginity, maiden-head.
DONCELLI'CA, *DONCELLI'TA*, } ſ. f. diminutive of *doncella*.
DONCELLIDUEñA, ſ. f. an old maid that gets married.
DONCELLUE'CA, ſ. f. a mature or full grown maid, an elderly maid.
DONCELLUE'LA, ſ. f. diminutive of *doncella*.
DO'NDE, adv. where, or whither.
Dónde quiéra, whereſoever.
Hácia dónde, *Por dónde*, } where, wither.
DONILLE'RO, ſ. m. a gameſter, a sharper at play.
DONOSAME'NTE, adv. pleaſantly, wittily.
DONOSIDA'D, ſ. m. gracefulneſs.
DONO'SO, adj. pleaſant, witty.

D O ñ

DOñA, pron. fem. the title of honour for a lady.

D O R

DORA'DA, ſ. f. a fish ſo called.
DORADE'RA, ſ. f. leaf-gold.
DORADI'LLA, ſ. f. the fish called a bream; alſo the herb called mule's fern.
DORA'DO, p. p. gilt.
Dorádo, ſ. m. a fish called a dory, or gilt-head.
DORADO'R, ſ. m. gilder.
DORADU'RA, ſ. f. the gilding.
DORA'L, ſ. m. a bird all white, of the bigneſs of a fowl a great enemy to flies.
DORA'R, v. a. to gild; to put a good gloſs upon a thing.
DO'RICO, *orden*, the Doric order in architecture.
DORMI'DA, ſ. f. ſleeping, reſt in ſleep.
DORMIDE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. ſleepineſs; diſpoſition to ſleep.
Dormidéra marina, the ſea-poppy.
DORMIDE'RO, adj. ſleepy.
DORMI'DO, p. p. ſlept or aſleep
DORMIDO'R, ſ. m. a ſleeper.
DORMIDU'RA, ſ. f. ſleep.
DORMIE'NTE, p. act. of *dormir*.
DORMI'LLO, ſ. m. vide *DORNAJO*.
DORMILO'N, ſ. m. a great ſleeper.
DORMI'R, v. n. to ſleep.
Dormir a ſuéño ſuélto, or *a piérna tendida*, to ſleep ſound without any care.
Dormir cómo un lirón, to ſleep like a dormouſe.
Dormir con mugér, to lie with a woman.
Dormir un negócio, is for a buſineſs to be laid aſide.
Dormir la ẓórra, ó el vino, to ſleep away drunkenneſs.
No dormirſe en las pájas, v. r. not to be negligent or careleſs in one's buſineſs.

Prov. *Contigo duérme, contigo cóme, quién te los póne*, he, or she that cuckolds you, eats and lies with you. Warning to one that has an enemy in the houſe.

Prov. *Quién múcho duérme, póco aprénde*, he whe ſleeps much, learns little. Sluggards are never good ſcholars.

DORMI'RLAS, ſ. f. pl. the children's play called hide and ſeek.
DORMITA'R, v. n. to nod, to ſlumber.
DORMITI'VO, ſ. m. a ſleeping potion.
DORMITO'RIO, ſ. m. a dormitory, in religious houſes, a ſleeping place.
DORNA'JO, *DORNI'LLO*, } ſ. m. a trong.
DO'RSO, ſ. m. the back.

D O S

DO'S, ſ. m. tow.
De dòs en dòs, by two and two.
Dòs tánto, twice as much.
Dós vecés, twice.
Dós añál, two years old.
A dós mános, both hands.
DOSE'L, ſ. m. canopy.
DOSELL'RA, the hanging of a canopy.
DO'SIS, ſ. f. a doſe of phyſic.

D O T

DOTACIO'N, ſ. f. a foundation, a revenue ſettled and eſtabliſhed for any purpoſe, particularly charity.
Dotación de navíos, the ſoldiers, ſeamen's victuals and rigging neceſſary for a ſhip of war.
DOTADO'R, ſ. m. who endows or ſettles a revenue.
DOTA'L, adj. belonging to a dower or portion.
DOTA'R, v. a. to endow, to give a dowry, or portion; metaph. to poſſeſs the noble endowments of nature.
El cielo le ha dotádo de nobles partes, heaven hath adorned him with noble parts.
DO'TE, ſ. m. a dowry, a woman's portion.
Dótes de naturaléza, endowments of nature.
DO'TO, adj. vide *DO'CTO*.
DOTO'R, ſ. m. vide *DOCTO'R*.
DOTRI'NA, ſ. f. vide *DOCTRI'NA*.
DOTRINA'R, v. a. to teach, to inſtruct.
DOTTOYA'N, ſ. m. a tree in the Philippine iſlands.

D O V

DOVE'LA, ſ. f. one of the two ſurfaces of an arch.

D O Z

DOZA'VO, adj. belonging to the twelfth part of any thing.

D R A

DRA'BA, ſ. f. the herb yellow creſs.
DRACHMA, ſ. f. a drachm, the eighth part of an ounce.
DRAGA'NTE, ſ. f. gum dragacanth; alſo a loop on the ſhoulder to faſten a belt to.
DRA'GMA, ſ. f. vide *DRACHMA*.
DRA'GO, ſ. m. a tree in the Eaſt and Weſt Indies.
Sángre de drágo, vide *SA'NGRE*.
Bóca del drágo, vide *BO'CA*.
DRAGOMA'N, ſ. m. an interpreter.
DRAGO'N, ſ. m. a dragon.
DRAGO'NA, ſ. f. a ſhoulder-knot.
Dragónes, ſ. m. pl. dragoons, muſqueteers mounted to ſerve either on horſeback or on foot.
DRAGONA'L, ſ. m. a ſhrub in the Canary iſlands.
DRAGO'NCIA, ſ. f. *DRAGU'NCIA*, or *DRAGONTE'A*, the herb taragon.
Dragóncia menor, the herb wake-robin.
DRAGONTE'A, ſ. f. dragon-wort; alſo a kind of generous wine.
DRAMA, ſ. f. a dram, uſed in ſome parts; the right Caſtilian word is *adarme*.
Dráma, ſ. m. comedy.
DRAMA'TICO, adj. dramatic, comical, or belonging to plays.
DRA'SGO, ſ. m. Robin Goodfellow, a good-natured ſort of ſpirit ſome people imagine haunts houſes.

D R E

DRE'YTO, ſ. m. obſ. for *Derécho*.

D R I

DRIZA'R, v. a. to unfold the ſails of a ſhip.
DRI'ZAS, ſ. f. pl. the haillards, being the ropes by which they hoiſt all the yards in a ſhip, except the croſs-tack and the ſprit-ſail-yard.

D R O

DRO'GA, ſ. f. any ſort of drug.
DROGUERI'A, ſ. f. a druggiſt's ſhop.
DROGUE'RO, ſ. m. a druggiſt.
DROGUE'TE, ſ. m. a drugget, a cloth ſo called.
DROGUI'STA, ſ. m. a cheat, an impoſtor; alſo a druggiſt.
DROMEDA'L, *DROMEDA'RIO*, } ſ. m. a drome dary, a ſort of camel.

D R U

DRU'IDAS, ſ. m. pl. the druids; prieſts anciently in Gaul and Britain.

D R Y

DRYADES, ſ. f pl. the nymphs of the woods and mountains.

D U A

DUA'N, ſ. m. the ſupreme council of the Turks.
DUA'NA, ſ. f. vide *ADUA'NA*.
DUA'R, ſ. m. a cottage.
DU'AS, obſ. for *dos*.

D U B

DUBIEDA'D, ſ. f. doubt.
DU'BIO, ſ. m. a doubtful thing.
DUBITA'BLE, adj. that can be doubted.

D U C

DUC, ſ. m. a duke. Obſ.
DUCA'DO, ſ. m. a dukedom; alſo a coin called a ducat.
Prov. *Si quiéres ver quánto vale un ducádo, búſcalo preſtádo*, if you

would know the value of a ducat, try to borrow one. The difficulty in borrowing shews how valuable money is.

DUCA'L, adj. belonging to a duke.

DUCHA, ſ. f. ſo much of a meadow mowed in a ſtraight line by a number of mowers a in given time.

DUCHO, adj. obſ. uſed, accuſtomed, habituated, dextrous.

DUCIENTOS, adj. pl. vide *DOCIENTOS*.

DUCI'R, v. a. to lead, to guide, conduct, ſhew.

DUCTO'R, ſ. m. guide, leader; among ſurgeons, it is the conductor or inſtrument to direct the knife in cutting.

DUCTRI'Z, ſ. f. a woman who guides.

D U D

DU'DA, ſ. f. a doubt.

DUDA'BLE, adj. doubtful.

DUDA'NZA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *DUDA*.

DUDA'R, v. a. to doubt.

DUDOSAME'NTE, adv. doubtfully.

DUDO'SO, adj. doubtful, uncertain.

D U E

DUE'CHO, adj. vide *DU'CHO*.

DUE'LA, ſ. f. a ſtaff, a board for a cask. In architecture, the flat panes or pannels in the work.

DUELI'STA, ſ. m. one who knows the laws of duelling, and boaſts of it.

DUE'LO, ſ. m. a duel, ſingle combat, the point of honour which obliges men to fight.

Duélo, ſ. m. ſorrow, mourning, grief, trouble.

Duélos y quebrántos, ſorrows and troubles.

DUE'NDA, adj. without a ſting.

DUE'NDE, ſ. m. a fabled being, ſuppoſed to appear in a human form.

DUENDECI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *duénde*.

DUENDERI'A, ſ. f. the tricks of gobblings and ghoſts.

DUE'NDO, adj. tame; ſoolish.

DUE'ñA, ſ. f. any widow lady, or the miſtreſs of a family; an ancient widow they keep in great houſes in Spain, for grandeur.

Duéña, feminine of *duéño*, a miſtreſs, or the lady that owns any thing.

DUEñESCO, adj. belonging to a *duéña*.

DUE'ñO, ſ. m. the maſter, owner, or proprietor of any thing, the maſter of the houſe, a maſter of ſervants.

Prov. *Qual el duéño, tal el pérro*, ſuch as the maſter is, ſuch is the dog, like maſter, like man.

DUE'RNA, ſ. f a kneading-trough.

D U L

DU'LA, ſ. f. a common herd, or flock.

DU'LCE, adj. ſweet.

Dulce, ſ. m. ſweet-meat.

DULCEDUMBRE, ſ. f. ſweetneſs.

DULCEME'NTE, adv. ſweetly.

DULCE'ZA, ſ. f ſweetneſs.

DULCI'LLO, adj. ſweetish.

DULCI'SONO, adj. that has a ſweet ſound.

DULE'RO, ſ. m. the ſhepherd who takes care of the flock.

DULI'A, ſ. f. worship or honour, ſuch as ſervants pay to their maſters.

DULZA'INA, a flute, a ſort of muſical pipe.

DULZO'R, ſ. m. } ſweetneſs.
DULZU'RA, ſ. f. }

DULZURA'R, v. a. to ſweeten; alſo to mitigate, to lenify.

D U N

DU'NAS, ſ. f. pl. downs, ſandy hills, or the low ground along the ſea-ſide.

DUNETA, ſ. f. the higheſt part of the ſtern of a ſhip.

D U O

DUO, ſ. m. in muſic, a duo, a two-part compoſition.

DUODECI'MO, adj. belonging to the twelfth.

DUOS, adj. obſ. vide *DOS*.

D U P

DU'PA, ſ. m. in cant, a fool, an ideot.

DU'PLA, ſ. f. a muſical word; proportion.

Dúpla, ſ. f. the more than ordinary allowance of proviſion in colleges; an exceeding day.

DU'PLICA, ſ. f. a duplicate.

DUPLICACIO'N, ſ. f. doubling.

DUPLICADAME'NTE, adv. doubly.

DUPLICA'DO, ſ. m. vide *DU'PLICA*.

DUPLICA'R, v. a. to double.

DUPLICIDA'D, ſ. f. duplicity.

DU'PLO, adj. twofold; double.

D U Q

DU'QUE, ſ. m. a duke.

DUQUECI'TO, ſ. m. diminut. of *dúque*.

DUQUE'SA, ſ. f. ducheſs.

D U R

DU'RA, ſ. f. laſtingneſs.

Cóſa de múcha dúra, a very laſting thing.

DURA'BLE, adj. durable, laſting.

DURACIO'N, ſ. f. continuance, endurance.

DURA'DA, ſ. f. duration.

DURADERAME'NTE, adv. laſtingly, durably, in a laſting manner.

DURADE'RO, adj. laſting.

DURAME'NTE, adv. hardly.

DURA'NDO, ſ. m. a kind of cloth ſo called.

DURA'R, v. n. to laſt.

DURATO'N, adj. in cant, hard.

DURAZNI'TO, ſ. m. a little peach.

DURA'ZNO, ſ. m. a peach, or the peach-tree.

DURE'TA, ſ. f. obſ. the ſeat formerly uſed in a bath.

DURE'ZA, ſ. f. ſolidity, hardneſs; obſtinacy, ſtubbornneſs.

DURI'LLO, adj. hardish, ſolid.

Durillo relevante, an affected manner of writing or ſpeaking.

DURINDA'NA, ſ. f. in cant, juſtice, the officers of juſtice, or a ſword.

DURIO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of fruit growing in ſeveral parts of the Eaſt Indies.

DURLI'NES, ſ. m. pl. in cant, officers of juſtice.

DURMIE'NTE, ſ. m. a ſleeper, or he that ſleeps.

DU'RO, adj. hard, cruel, niggardly, unmerciful.

DU'ROS, ſ. m. pl. in cant, ſhoes; alſo laſhes.

D U X

DUX, ſ. m. obſ. a duke.

D U Z

DUZA'INA, ſ. f. vide *DUZA'INA*.

D Y N

DYNASTI'A, ſ. f. dynaſty, government, ſovereignty.

D Y S

DYSGRACI'A, ſ. f. an unequal mixture of elements in the blood or nervous juice.

DYSENTE'RIA, ſ. f. the bloody flux.

DYSENTE'RICO, adj. of or belonging to the bloody flux.

DYSU'RIA, ſ. f. difficulty of making urine.

BRITISH MUSEUM

E

E, the fifth letter in the alphabet, and the ſecond of the vowels. In old Spaniſh ballads, they uſed to add this letter at the end of ſome words, to make out a verſe, or to rhyme, as *amóre* for *amor olvidare* for *olvidar*.

E, was anciently uſed for *Y*.

E A

EA, interj. go to.

Ea pues, *Ea ſus*, } go to then.

Ea is uſed ſometimes to encourage or excite a perſon; as, *ea, buen Sancho, dixo la duquéſa, buen animo*, come on, Sancho, ſays the ducheſs, be of good courage.

Prov. *Con ótro ea llegaméros à la aldea*, with another go on; we ſhall arrive at the village; that is; be of good cheer, we ſhall obtain what we deſire by patience and application.

E B A

EBANIFICA'R, v. a. to make any wood as ſmooth as ebon.

EBANI'STA, ſ. m. the man who works on ebon.

E'BANO, ſ. m. ebon, or eben, a hard heavy, black, valuable wood.

E B E

EBE'NO, ſ. m. ebon.

E B I

EBI'LLA, ſ. f. vide *HEVI'LLA*.

E B R

EBRANCA'DO, adj. in heraldry, diſbranched.

EBRIEDA'D, ſ. f. drunkenneſs.

E'BRIO, adj. drunken.

E B U

EBULLICIO'N, ſ. f. ebullition; the art of boiling up with heat.

EBU'RNEO, made of ivory, white as ivory.

E C E

ECEDE'R, v. n. vide *EXCEDE'R*.

ECELE'NTE, adj. vide *EXCELLE'NTE*.

ECELENTEME'NTE, adv. vide *EXCELENTEME'NTE*.

ECELENCIA, ſ. f. vide *EXCELE'NCIA*.

ECELSITU'D, ſ. f. vide *EXCELSITU'D*.

ECE'LSO, adj. vide *EXCE'LSO*.

ECE'NTO, adj. exempt, free.

ECESSI'VO, adj. exceſſive.

ECE'SSO, ſ. m. an exceſs.

ECETA'R, v. a. vide *EXCEPTA'R*.

E C H

ECHA, ſ. f. adverbially uſed, this time.

ECHACA'NTOS, ſ. m. a fool, a rattleheaded fellow.

ECHACORVERI'A, ſ. f. pimping, procuring.

ECHACUE'RVOS, ſ. m. a pimp, a cheating fellow.

ECHA'DA, ſ. f. a caſt, throw.

ECHADERO, ſ. m. a place to lie down.

ECHADI'ZO, ſ. m. caſt out, laid in the way deſignedly; alſo one that is ſent with a deſign to obſerve other men's words and actions, to pry into their beaviour; a ſpy.

ECHADO'R, ſ. m. he that caſts or throws.

ECHADU'RA, ſ. f. } a caſting,
ECHAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } or throwing.

ECHA'R, v. a. to caſt, to throw, to pour out.

Echár al paláccio, to take all in good part, to make a jeſt of what is ſaid.

Echár al cuérvo, to deceive, to impoſe upon.

Echár ſuértes, to caſt lots.

Echár acueſtas, to take upon one's back.

Echárle máno, to lay hold of.

Echár renuévos, to bud out, to ſprout.

Echár ſuelas a los zapátos, to ſole ſhoes.

Echár plúmas, to put out feathers as birds do.

Echár fuéra, to caſt out.

Echár a fondo, to ſink.

Echar cántos, to rave, to be mad.

Echár máno, to lay hand upon one's ſword.

Echár chiſpas, to ſparkle as hot iron beaten; to be ſo angry, as if ſparks of fire flew out at one's eyes.

Echár candádos, to have a houſe ſhut up with a padlock on the door by order of juſtice.

Echár púllas, to rally one another.

Echár china, to drop a ſtone; to keep reckoning how often a man drinks.

Echár de la glorióſá, to tell many boaſting falſe tales.

Echár fáma, to ſpread a report.

Echár grillos, to fetter, to ſhackle.

Echár bándo, to make proclamation.

Echár la cuénta, to make the account.

Echár el ſéllo, to ſeal; metaph. to conclude any affair.

Echár las cábras, to lay to one's charge.

Echár la brivia, to cant, as prating beggars do.

Echár a mal, to throw away.

Echár en un rincón, to caſt into a corner, to deſpiſe, to condemn.

Echár vino, to fill, or pour out wine.

Echár a párte, to lay aſide, to exclude.

Echár ménos, to miſs a thing.

Echár a máno derécha, ò a la iquiérda, to take the right, or left-hand away.

Echa y derruéca, a drunken expreſſion uſed among ſottish bullies, ſignifying fill, and down with it.
Echárſe a dormír, to lie down to ſleep.
Echárſe en la cáma, to lie down in bed.
Echárſe con la cárga; to lie down under the burthen; metaph. to have more troubles than a man is able to bear.
Echárſe al água, to plunge into the water; metaph. to venture upon any dangerous, or difficult enterprize.
Echárſe con úna mugér, to have to do with a woman.
Echárſe los pánes, is for te corn to be lodged by rain, wind, &c.
Echárſe de ver úna cóſa, is for a thing to be perceived, or underſtood.
ECHENEI'S, } ſ. m. a ſmall fish,
ECHINE'IS, } reported to have ſuch a quality, that it will ſtop a ship under ſail.
ECHI'NO, ſ. m. a ſea-urchin, a kind of crab-fish.
ECHI'ZO, ſ. m. vide *HECHI'ZO*.
ECHO, ſ. f. or m. vide *ECO*.

E C L

ECLESIA'STES, ſ. m. the book of Eccleſiaſtes in the Bible.
ECLESIASTICAME'NTE, adv. eccleſiaſtically.
ECLESIA'STICO, ſ. m. a churchman, an eccleſiaſtical perſon, a clergyman; alſo the book of Eccleſiaſticus in the Bible.
ECLIPSA'BLE, adj. that may be eclipſed.
ECLIPSA'R, v. a. to eclipſe.
ECLI'PSE, ſ. m. an eclipſe of the ſun or moon.
ECLI'PSIS, ſ. f. a figure in rhethoric, when ſome word is omitted, but underſtood.
ECLI'PTICA, ſ. f. the ecliptic; a line cuting the zodiac in two.
ECLO'GA, ſ. f. an eclogue, a paſtoral poem.

E C O

ECO, ſ. m. an echo, the rebound of the laſt part of the voice or ſound.
ECONOMI'A, ſ. f. œconomy, the government of a houſe or family.
ECONOMIÇAME'NTE, adv. orderly, with œconomy.
ECONO'MICO, adj. belonging to the œconomy, or the government of a houſe or family.
ECO'NOMO, ſ. m. a ſteward, a maſter of a houſe, or that governs a family.

E C T

ECTHLI'PSIS, ſ. f. a figure which denotes the cutting off the letter M when a vowel follows it.

E C U

ECU'LEO, ſ. m. an engine of torture, a rack.
ECUME'NICO, adj. œcumenical, the title given to all general councils of the church.

E D A

EDA'D, ſ. f. age.

E D E

EDE'NIA, ſ. f. a ſoft ſwelling full of humours.
EDEMATOSO, adj. full of humours.

E D I

EDICIO'N, ſ. f. an edition of a book.
EDI'CTO, ſ. m. an edict, a proclamation.
EDIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. edification.
EDIFICADO'R, ſ. m. a builder, an edifier.
EDIFICA'R, v. a. to build, to edify.
EDIFICATI'VO, adj. that is edifying.
EDIFICATO'RIO, adj. belonging to an edifice, or building.
EDIFI'CIO, ſ. m. edifice, building, ſtructure.
EDI'L, ſ. m. an edile or officer in Rome.
EDILIDA'D, ſ. f. the dignity of an edile.
EDI'TO, ſ. m. edict, proclamation.

E D U

EDUCACIO'N, ſ. f. education.
EDUCA'R, v. a. to educate, to bring up.
EDUCCIO'N, ſ. f. a deduction or conſequence drawn from one or more propoſitions laid down.
EDUCI'R, v. a. to bring forth.

E F E

EFECTIVAME'NTE, adv. really, effectually.
EFECTI'VO, adj. effectual.
EFE'CTO, ſ. m. effect.
EFECTUA'L, adj. effectual.
EFECTUALME'NTE, adv. effectually.
EFECTUA'R, v. a. to effectuate, to fulfil.
EFE'MERA, ſ. f. a quotidian, a daily ague.
EFEME'RIDES, ſ. f. pl. a journal, or daily account, the calculation of the daily motions of the ſtars.
EFEMINA'R, v. a. to effeminate, to make womanish.
EFE'TO, ſ. m. an effect.
No tuvo eféto el negócio, the buſineſs did not ſucceed.
En eféto, in concluſion, in ſhort.
EFETUA'R, v. a. to effect, to bring to paſs, to execute.

E F F

EFFRENA'DO, adj. incorrigible.
EFFRENAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. incorrigibleneſs, extravagance.

E F I

EFICA'CIA, } f. f. efficacy.
EFICACIDA'D, }
EFICA'Z, adj. efficacious.
EFICAZME'NTE, adv. efficaciouſly.
EFICIE'NCIA, f. f. power, or capacity of doing any thing.
EFICIE'NTE, adj. efficient, cauſing.
EFICIENTEME'NTE, adv. effectually.
EFIGIE, f. f. effigy, figure.
EFIME'RA, f. f. a fever of a day.

E F L

EFLUICIO'N, f. m. running, or flowing over; alſo the effluvia emitted from any body.
EFLUXIO'N, f. f. exhalation. evaporation, efflux.

E F U

EFU'GIO, f. m. eſcape, evaſion.
EFULGE'NCIA, f. f. brightneſs, ſplendor.
EFUNDI'R, v. a. to pour out, to ſhed, to ſpill.
EFUSIO'N, f. f. pouring out, ſhedding or ſpilling.
EFU'SO, p. p. of *efundir*.

E G I

EGILO'PE, f. f. a weed that grows among corn, darnel, wild oats.
EGI'RA, f. f. hegira, the epocha or account of time uſed by the Mahometans.

E G L

EGLO'GA, f. f. an eclogue, a paſtoral.

E G R

EGREGIAME'NTE, adv. egregiouſly, eminently, ina remarkable or extraordinary manner.
EGRE'GIO, adj. egregious, famous, remarkable, notable.
EGRESSIO'N, f. f. going out.

E G Y

EGYPCIA'NO, f. m. a gypſy.

E L

EL, *ELLA*, *ELLO*, pron. adj.
EL is uſed in Spaniſh to ſpeak to inferior perſons, in the third perſon, when he that ſpeaks will not allow the title of *vueſtra mercèd*, as too much, or be ſo blunt as to ſay downright *vos*, or *tu*, that is you, or thou; then he ſays *el*, ſpeaking in the third perſon, which is a medium between both.
El, art. maſ. the; as, *el hómbre*, the man; *al tiémpo*; the weather &c.
El mèſmo, or *el miſmo*, the ſame, or he himſelf.

E L A

ELA, adv. demonſ. behold. Ex. *Ela aqui*, behold her, here she is.
ELABORA'DO, adj. perfect, complete, worked out, finished, elaborate.
ELACIO'N, f. f. pride, haughtineſs.
ELACO'TE, f. m. gum maſtick.
ELA'SRE, f. m. the maple-tree.
ELASTICAMENTE, adv. in an elaſtic manner.
ELASTICIDA'D, f. f. elaſticity, force in bodies, by which they endeavour to reſtore themſelves.
ELA'STICO, adj. elaſtic, ſpringy, having the power of returning to the form from which it is diſtorted.
ELATE'RIO, f. m. a ſtrong purge.
ELA'TINE, f. f. a weed growing among corn like to withwind, called running buckwort.
ELA'TO; adj. proud, haughty.

E L E

ELEBO'RO, f. m. the herb hellebore, whereof there are two ſorts, black and white.
ELECCIO'N, f. f. election, choice.
ELE'CHO, f. m. the plant called fern, of which there are ſeveral ſorts.
ELECTI'VO, adj. elective, to be choſen.
ELE'CTO, adj. elected, choſen.
ELECTO'R, f. m. an elector.
Electóres del império, the electors of the empire.
ELECTORA'DO, f. m. the eſtates belonging, to an elector.
ELECTORA'L, adj. belonging to an elector.
ELECTRICIDA'D, f. f. electricity, property in bodies ſo called.
ELE'CTRICO, adj. electric, electrical, produced by an electric body.
ELECTRI'Z, f. f. the conſort of an elector.
ELE'CTRO, f. m. amber, which having the quality, when warmed by friction, or attracting bodies, gave to one ſpecies of attraction the name of electricity; alſo gold mixed with ſilver.
ELECTUA'RIO, f. m. an electuary.
ELEFA'NCIA, f. f. elephantialis, a ſpecies of leproſy ſo called.
ELEFA'NTE, f. m. an elephant, the largeſt of all quadrupeds.
ELEFANTI'NO, adj. belonging to an elephant.
ELEGA'NCIA, f. f. elegance.
ELEGA'NTE, adj. elegant, nice, handſome.
ELEGANTEME'NTE, adv. elegantly.
ELEGI'A, f. f. an elegy, a mournful ſong.
ELEGI'ACO, adj. elegiac, belonging to a mournful ſong.
ELEGIBILIDA'D, f. f. elegibility, elegibleneſs, worthineſs to be choſen.

ELEGIBLE, adj. eligible, fit to be choſen, preferable.
ELEGIDO'R, ſ. m. obſ. elector.
ELEGI'R, v. a. to elect, to chuſe.
ELEGO, adj. elegiac, ſad, mournful, weeping, full of ſorrow.
ELEMENTA'DO, adj. that partakes or belongs to the elements.
ELEME'NTA'L, adj. belonging to the elements.
ELEME'NTO, ſ. m. an element.
ELE'MI, ſ. m. gum elemi.
ELE'NCO, ſ. m. the index at the end of a boock, which leads to all the principal matters in it.
ELEPHA'NCIA, ſ. f. a ſpecies of leproſy ſo called.
ELEPHA'NTE, ſ. m. an elephant.
ELEVACIO'N, ſ. f. elevation, lifting up, raiſing, preferment; alſo pride.
ELEVADO, adj. in rapture, beſides himſelf, in divine contemplation; alſo elevated, lifted up, raiſed, preferred, and proud.
ELEVAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. lifting, raiſing, preferment, pride; but moſt properly a rapture.
ELEVA'R, v. a. to raiſe, to lift, to elevate, to prefer to be proud.
Elevárſe, v. r. to be in a rapture, in divine contemplation.

E L I

ELIDI'R, v. a. to cut off.
ELIGIDO'R, ſ. m. an elector, one who chuſes or elects.
ELIXI'R, ſ. m. an elixir; a medicine uſed in phyſic, an extract or quinteſſence of any thing; alſo any cordial.

E L O

ELOCUCIO'N, ſ. f. elocution, elegance in expreſſion, power of expreſſion or diction.
ELOGIA'R, v. a. to aggrandize, to extol, to praiſe, to commend.
ELO'GIO, ſ. m. an elogy, a commendation, a ſpeech or verſes made in praiſe of one.
ELONGACIO'N, ſ. f. a lengthening or removing afar off.
ELOQUENCIA, ſ. f. eloquence.
ELOQUE'NTE, adj. eloquent.
ELOQUENTEME'NTE, adv. eloquently.

E L S

E'LSINE, ſ. f. the herb pollitory of the wall.

E L U

ELUCIDACIO'N, ſ. f. comment, gloſs, elucidation, explanation, expoſition.
ELUDI'R, v. a. to elude, to ſhift off, to dally, to avoid in words.
ELUZE'RO, adj. obſ. bright, ſhining.

E L Y

ELYPSE, ſ. f. an ellipſis, an oval figure generated from the ſection of a cone by a plane cutting both ſides of the cone, but not parallel to the baſe, and meeting with the baſe when produced.
ELYPTICO, adj. elliptical, elliptic.
ELYSIOS CAMPOS, pl. the Elyſian Fields.

E M A

EMANACIO'N, ſ. f. an emanation.
EMANADE'RO, ſ. m. origin, fountain, beginning.
EMANA'R, v. a. to flow, to proceed from.
EMANCIPACIO'N, ſ. f. making free.
EMANCIPADAME'NTE, adv. with ſuch a paternal power as can ſet a ſon free.
EMANCIPA'R, v. a. to make free from bondage.

E M B

EMBABIAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtupidity.
EMBABUCA'R, v. a. vide *EMBAUCA'R*.
EMBADURNA'R, v. a. to daub, to anoint, to ſmear.
EMBAIDO'R, ſ. m. an impoſtor, a ſharper, a cheater.
EMBAIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. cheating, deceiving.
EMBAI'R, v. a. to cheat, to deceive, to impoſe upon.
EMBALA'R, v. a. to pack up goods or any other thing.
EMBALIJA'R, v. a. to pack up in a portmanteau.
EMBALLENADO'R, ſ. m. a ſtaymaker.
EMBALLENA'R, v. a. to make ſtays.
EMBALLESTA'DO, ſ. m. a contraction of the nerves and ſinews in horſes, aſſes, &c.
EMBALME'RO, ſ. m. vide *EMBALSAMADOR*.
EMBALSADE'RO, ſ. m. a pond, or pool made by the falling of the rain.
EMBALSAMADO'R, ſ. m. an embalmer.
EMBALSAMA'R, v. a. to embalm, to impregnate a body with aromatics, that it may reſiſt putrefaction.
EMBALSA'R, v. a. to put cattle in ponds, or pools, to wash.
EMBALUMA'R, v. a. to load any beaſt with inequality.
EMBANASTA'R v. a. to put any, thing in a basket.
Embanaſtarſe, v. r. to throw up the cards at the game called *hombre*.
EMBARACI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *embarazo*.
EMBARAZADAMENTE, adv. with embaraſſment, with difficulty, awk-wardly, bashfully.
EMBARAZADO'R, ſ. m. a troubleſome perſon.
EMBARAZA'R, v. a. to incumber, to intangle, to ſtop, to hinder.
EMBARAZ'O, ſ. m. incumbrance, ſtopping, intangling, hindrance.

EMBARAZOSAME'NTE, adv. difficultly, with obſtruction.
EMBARAZO'SO, adj. incumbring, troubleſome, intangling.
EMBARBASCA'R, v. a. to ſtick in the ground, as the plough does againſt any root; to be gravelled in buſineſs, to intoxicate; alſo to make fish drunk; alſo to dim, to ſully, to trouble.
EMBARCACIO'N, ſ. f. the shipping of men, or goods; alſo any ſort of veſſel.
EMBARCADE'RO, ſ. m. a place to ship off men, or goods.
EMBARCADO'R, ſ. m. who embarks any merchandiſe.
EMBARCADU'RA, ſ. f. the shipping off men or goods.
EMBARCA'R, v. a. to ship, to embark.
Embarcárſe en un negócio, to imbark in an affair, to engage one's ſelf in it.
EMBAR'CO, ſ. m. the action of shipping any goods, &c.
EMBARGACIO'N, ſ. f. an embargo, ſtopping, ſtaying, arresting.
EMBARGADO'R, ſ. m. one who lays an arreſt or embargo on goods.
EMBARGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an obſtruction, an hindrance, a ſtoppage, an impediment.
EMBARGA'NTE, adj. which ſtops, ſtays, or arreſts.
No embargánte, notwithſtanding.
EMBARGA'R, v. a. to lay an embárgo, arreſt, a ſtop, a ſtay.
Sin embargó, adv. nevetheleſs.
EMBARNECE'R, v. n. to grow fat, luſty, and ſtrong.
EMBARNIZADO'R, ſ. m. a varniſher.
EMBARNIZADU'RA, ſ. f. a varniſhing.
EMBARNIZA'R, v. a. to varniſh; alſo to paint the face, as women do.
EMBARRADO'R, ſ. m. a dauber.
EMBARRADUR'A, ſ. f. a daubing.
EMBARRA'R, v. a. to daub, properly with clay, but uſed for any other daubing.
EMBARRILA'R, v, a. to put in a barrel.
EMBASAME'NTO, ſ. m. a term in architecture for the baſis.
EMBASTA'R, v. a. to ſow with thick thread.
EMBASTARDA'R, v. n. to degenerate.
EMBASA'RSE, v. r. to be immoveable, to ſtop one's ſelf ſuddenly, as in a ſurpriſe.
EMBA'TE, ſ. m. a beating againſt a thing; as.
Embáte de la mar, the beating of the ſea.
Embáte de la fortúna, croſſneſs of fortune.
ENBATIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a beating againſt, as of the water, &c.
EMBATI'R, v. a. to beat upon, as the waves of the ſea, &c. from *batir*, to beat.
EMBAUCADO'R, ſ. m. a cheat, a bantering fellow.
EMBAUCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. bantering, cheating, amazing, ſtupifying.
EMBAUCA'R, v. a. to fool, to banter, to cheat, to impoſe upon, to amaze, to ſtupify.
EMBAU'CO, ſ. m. fallacy, deceit, fraud, impoſition.
EMBAULA'R, v. a. to put into a trunk; to cram meat into the belly.
EMBAUSAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. amazement, aſtonishment.
EMBAXA'DA, ſ. f. an embaſſy.
EMBAXADO'R, ſ. m. an ambaſſador.
EMBAZADO'R, ſ. m. one that makes things brown.
EMBAZADU'RA, ſ. f. making brown; alſo ſurpriſing, aſtoniſhing.
EMBAZA'R, v. a. to make brown, alſo to ſurpriſe, to aſtonish; alſo to ſtop, or detain.
Embazárſe, v. r. to be ſurpriſed, or aſtonished, to loſe one's breath, or pant for breath.
EMBEBECE'R, v. a. to make ſtupid, to aſtonish, or ſurpriſe.
EMBEBECIDAME'NTE, adv. inadvertently; in amazement.
EMBEBECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a forgetting one's ſelf; alſo a ſucking in of liquor.
EMBEBE'R, v. a. to attract, to ſhrink, to ſuck; alſo to contain.
Embebérſe, v. r. to be very well pleaſed with one thing, to be wrapt up in thinking.
EMBECADU'RA, ſ. f. in architecture, the ſpace made by the turning off of an arch or vault, and the upright of the wall it reſts on.
EMBELECADO'R, ſ. m. one who defrauds, cheats, or impoſes on another.
EMBELECA'R, v. a. to cheat, to impoſe upon, to defraud.
EMBELE'CO, ſ. m. a fraud a deceit, an impoſition, an inveigling, or inſinuating, with an intent to impoſe on.
EMBELEñA'DO, adj. that is baſe, or mean-ſpirited.
EMBELESAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtupefaction, aſtonishment.
EMBELEZA'R, v. a. to ſurpriſe, to aſtonish.
EMBELE'SO, ſ. m. ſurpriſe, aſtonishment.
EMBELLAQUECE'RSE, v. r. to grow vicious.
EMBELLECE'R, v. a. to beautify, to adorn, to embellish.
EMBEODA'R, v. a. to make drunk.
Embeodárſe, v. r. to get drunk.
EMBEODE'Z, ſ. f. drunkenneſs.
EMBEODE'Z, adj. fem. plur. incant, beginning to grow ripe; ſaid of grapes.
EMBERMEJA'R, *EMBERMEJECE'R*, } v. a. to make red.
EMBER'O, ſ. m. the colour of the grapes when ripe.
EMBE'RQUES, ſ. m. pl. the ſmall ropes with which the ſails are made faſt to the yards, called the robbins.
EMBERRINCHA'RSE, v. r. to be in a paſſion, to fall in a paſſion.
EMBESTIA'R, v. n. to become brutal, or beaſtly.
EMBESTI'DA, ſ. f. violence, attack, aſſault.
EMBESTIDO'R, ſ. m. he who earneſtly, eloquently, or importunately, begs you to lend him money or give him alms.

EMBESTIDU'RA, ſ. f. } attack.
EMBESTIMIENTO, ſ. m. }
EMBESTI'R, v. a. to attack.
EMBETUNA'R, v. a. to daub with pitch, as they do the ships.
EMBEUDA'R, v. a. to be drunk.
EMBEVECE'R, v. a. vide *EMBEBECER*, and its derivatives.
EMBIADIZO, adj. that may be ſent.
EMBIA'R, v. a. to bend the yards.
EMBICA'R, v. a. to bend the yards on board a ship in a particular manner.
EMBIDA'R, v. a. to vie at cards, ſet at hazard; alſo to drink to.
Embidár el réſto, to throw at all at dice.
Embidár de falſo, to trow a levant,
EMBI'DIA, ſ. f. envy.
EMBIDIA'R, v. a. to envy.
EMBIDIO'SO, adj. envious.
EMBIO'N, ſ. f. a ſtroke that ſends any thing from it, as a ball or the like; alſo the bird called martin.
EMBIONCI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *emblon*.
EMBI'TE, ſ. m. vying at any game, ſetting a hazard; alſo drinking to, and taſting, or aſſaying.
EMBIXA'R, v. a. to anoint, to daub, to greaſe, to tallow a ship.
EMBIZARRA'RSE, v. r. to boaſt of courage, or bravery.
EMBLANDECE'R, v. a. to grow ſoft and tender.
EMBLANQUECE'R, v. a. to make white, to whiten.
Emblanquecérſe, v. r. to grow white.
EMBLANQUIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. growing white.
EMBLE'MA, ſ. m. an emblem, an alluſive picture.
EMBLEMA'TICO, adj. that which is in the way of emblems, emblematic, emblematical.
EMBOBAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an amazement.
EMBOBA'R, v. a. to attract, to draw all the attention of one.
Embobárſe, v. r. to be ſtupified, gazing like a fool.
EMBOBECE'RSE, v. r. to turn fool.
EMBOBECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a turning fool.
EMBOCADE'RO, ſ. m. the narrow mouth, or paſſage into any thing, or place; as a mouth leading into a bay, or the like.
EMBOCADU'RA, ſ. f. the entering, or going into a narrow paſſage; alſo that part of the bridle that is in the mouth of a horſe.
EMBOCA'R, v. a. to get into the mouth of a paſſage, as the mouth of a bag, or the like; alſo to paſs through a narrow place.
Embocár, to eat much, and in a hurry.
Embocár la cálle, to come juſt into the end of a ſtreet.
Embocár la bóla, to lay a bowl into the iron ring at trucks, or into the port at billiards, or the like.
Embocárſe, v. r. to be married, to bear the expences of a marriage.
EMBOCINA'DO, adj. made like a trumpet.
EMBODA'RSE, v. r. to marry, and ſpend a deal of money on that account previous to the celebration.
EMBOLA'R, v. a. among gilders, to lay the bole on any thing to be gilt; to put balls on the tip of a bull's horns.
EMBOLI'SMO, ſ. m. a putting a month or a day between, as in leap-years; alſo a mixture of many things, a confuſion.
E'MBOLO, ſ. m. the ſucker of a pump, the embolus.
EMBOLSA'R, v. a. to put into a purſe.
EMBO'LSO, ſ. m. a putting of money in a purſe.
EMBOLTO'RIO, ſ. m. a bundle, a pack, a fardel.
EMBOLVEDO'R, ſ. m. a roller, or wrapper.
EMBOLVE'R, v. a. to wrap up, to roll up.
Embolvér un nino, to dreſs a child in ſwaddling cloaths.
Embolvér un hómbre a ótro, to wind a man about one's finger, to have an entire aſcendant over him.
EMBOLVIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a rolling, or wrapping.
EMBO'N, ſ. m. the sheating of a ship.
EMBONA'R, v. a. to sheath a ship; to caſe it with thin boards, and hair and tar laid between the ſides, to keep the worms from eating through the planks.
EMBO'NO, ſ. m. among taylors, a piece of cloth that ſerves to fortify a coat in the shoulders and other parts.
EMBO'QUE, ſ. m. the entring into a narrow place, or putting any thing into a narrow entrance.
Tenér la bóla en el embóque, to play the ball at billiards into the port ready to paſs; metaph. to be upon the point of compaſſing an affair.
EMBORLADO'R, ſ. m. a taſſel-maker.
EMBORLA'R, v. a. to put taſſels to any thing.
EMBORNA'LES, ſ. m. pl. the skupper holes in a ship, which are cloſe to the decks, through the ship's ſides, trough which the water runs out off the decks.
EMBORRACA'R, v. a. to lap a fowl in ſlices of fat bacon, to roaſt it.
EMBORRACHADO'R, ſ. m. one who makes another drunk.
EMBORRACHAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a making drunk.
EMBORRACHA'R, v. a. to make drunk.
Emborrachárſe, v. r. to get drunk.
EMBORRA'R, v. a. to fill any thing with flocks, as in ſtuffing of bedticks, or cushions.
EMBORRASCA'R, v. a to make furious, or irritate, ſtir up.
EMBORRICA'R, v. a. to make an aſs of one.
Emborricárſe, v. r. to be embarraſſed like an aſs, that knows not whether to go forwards or backwards; to ſtand foolishly not knowing what to do.
EMBORRIZA'R, to ſtuff with flocks; from *bórra*, flocks.
EMBORULLA'RSE, v. r. to conteſt, to reproach, to abuſe.
EMBOSCA'DA, ſ. f. an ambush.
EMBOSCA'R, v. a. to lay an ambush, to get into a wood.
Emboſcárſe, v. r. to go into the wood; alſo to lay in ambush.
EMBOTADO'R, ſ. m. one that makes dull or blunt.

EMBOTADU'RA, ſ. f. a making blunt, or dull.
EMBOTAMI'ENTO, ſ. m. dulling or blunting.
EMBOTA'R, v. a. to dull, or blunt.
EMBOTECE'R, v. a. to blunt, as to dull.
EMBOTIJA'RSE, v. r. to ſwell with anger, to be in a fret, to ſwell the cheeks with, cryng, as children do.
EMBOXA'R, v. a. to lay the branches, that the ſilk-worms may climb and work their pods.
EMBOZA'R, v. a. to cover the face, even to the eyes.
EMBO'ZO, ſ. m. any thing with which a man muffles up himſelf.
EMBRACILA'DO, adj. carried in the arms, as children.
EMBRAVECE'R, v. a. and n. to grow or make fierce.
Embravecérſe, v. r. to be fierce, to be furious.
EMBRAVECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. fierceneſs, fury.
EMBRAZADU'RA, ſ. f. claſping in the arm; alſo the hold of a ſhield, or bucker.
EMBRAZA'R, v. a. to claſp with the arm, or hold on the arm.
Embrazár el eſcúdo, to fix the buckler to the arm, by running the arm through the rings on the inſide of it.
EMBREADO'R, ſ. m. he that tars ships.
EMBREADU'RA, ſ. f. tarring.
EMBREA'R, v. a. to tar.
EMBREGA'RSE, v. r. obſ. to run into a quarrel.
EMBREñA'RSE, v. r. to hide, to thruſt one's ſelf into the briars and rocks.
EMBRIAGA'R, v. a. to make drunk.
Embriagárſe, v. r. to get drunk.
EMBRIA'GO, adj. drunk.
EMBRIAGUE'Z, ſ. f. drunkenneſs.
EMBRIDA'R, v. a. to bridle, to bit, to put the bridle upon a horſe.
EMBRIO'N, ſ. m. the embryo, or embryon, the child before it is formed in the womb; any abortive conception of the mind, the ſtate of any thing yet unfiniſhed.
EMBROCA'R, v. a. to pour on; alſo to ſlip, to ſtide, and drive full of ſmall nails, as they do country shoes.
EMBROLLA, ſ. f. intricate manoeuvre, artful deceit; trick, or menagement.
EMBROLLADO'R, ſ. m. he that entangles and embroils by an unskilful, abſurd, or artful management.
EMBROLLA'R, v. a. to trouble, to embaraſs, to entangle.
EMBRUTECE'R, v. n. to grow brutish, beaſtly.
Embrutecérſe, v. r. to be brutish, to be beaſtly.
EMBUCHA'R, v. a. to ſwallow or put into the maw.
EMBUCIA'R, v. a. to eat and drink muck any voraciouſly.
EMBUDA'R, v. a. to put the funnel, to pour liquor through.
EMBU'DO, ſ. m. a tunnel or funnel to pour liquor through; alſo an impoſition, cheat, deceit, fraud.
Embúdes, ſ. m. pl. in cant, breeches.
EMBUE'LTO, p. p. of *embolver*, wrapped up.
EMBURUJA'R, v. a. to mix many things confuſedly.
EMBU'STE, ſ. m. a ſly lie, a cheat, an impoſition, a falshood; alſo a witty ſaying or action of a young child.
Embuſtes, ſ. m. pl. any toys or jewels of little value.
EMBUSTERA'ZO, ſ. m. augmentative of *embuſtero*.
EMBUSTERILLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *embuſtero*.
EMBUSTE'RO, ſ. m. a lying prating perſon, a cheating fellow.
EMBUSTIDO'R, ſ. m. a lying prating perſon.
EMBUSTI'R, v. a. to cheat, to defraud, to lie, to goſſip.
EMBUTIDO'R, ſ. m. an inlayer.
EMBUTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. inlaying, or ſtuffing.
EMBUTI'R, v. a. to ſtuff, and to inlay wood or ſtone.

E M E

EME, ſ. m. a piece of timber, one end whereof is made faſt to the end of the rudder and the other comes into the ship, by which they ſteer the ship.
EME'LGA, ſ. f. the ridge or ground betwixt two furrows; alſo a ſort of fish.
EMELGA'R, v. a. to lay plough-ed land in ridges.
EMENDA'BLE, adj. emendable, capable of emendation, corrigible.
EMENDACIO'N, ſ. f. amendment; correction, emendation.
EMENDADAME'NTE, adv. correctly.
EMENDADO'R, ſ. m. one that corrects or amends.
EMENDADU'RA, ſ. f. a correcting, or amending.
EMENDA'R, v. a. to correct, to amend.
EMERGE'NCIA, ſ. f. emergency, great neceſſity; alſo unexpected caſualty.
EMERGE'NTE, adj. preſſing hard, neceſſitous, difficult, emergent.
EME'RITO, adj. deſerving, worthy of eſteem.
EMERSIO'N, ſ. f. emerſion.
EME'TICO, adj. emetick, emetical, having the quality of provoking vomits.

E M I

EMIE'NDA, ſ. f. amendment.
EMIGRACIO'N, ſ. f. emigration, change of country.
EMIGRA'R, v. a. to emigrate, to remove from one place to another.
EMINE'NCIA, ſ. f. an eminence, a high place; alſo the title given to a cardinal.
EMINENCIA'L, adj. eminent, excellent.
EMINE'NTE, adj. eminent, lofty, high placed, remarkable,

EMINENTEME'NTE, adv. excellently, eminently.
EMISSA'RIO, ſ. m. an emiſſary; alſo a hole.
EMISSIO'N, ſ. f. emiſſion, letting out.
EMITI'R, v. a. to emit, to let go, to ſend forth.

E M M

EMMADERA'DO, adj. covered with wood.
EMMADERAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a covering with wood.
EMMADERA'R, v. a. to cover with wood a wall or any other thing.
EMMAGRECE'R, v. n to grow lean.
EMMALECE'R, v. n. to grow ſick.
EMMANTA'R, v. a. to cover any thing with a blanket or cloak.
EMMA'R, v. a. to water the ſails of a ship.
EMMARAñA'R, v. a. to embroil, to confuſe, to entangle.
EMMARA'RSE, v. r. to go far off from the land; a ſea-term.
EMMARCHITA'BLE, adj. that can fade or wither.
EMMAROMA'R, v. a. to faſten with a rope.
EMMASCARA'R, v. a. to put on a mask, to diſguiſe.
EMMELA'R. v. a. to anoint with honey.
EMMOCECE'R, v. a. obſ. to revive, to make young again.
EMMOCHIGUAR, v. a. obſ. to multiply, to increaſe the number of.
EMMOHECE'RSE, v. r. to be mouldy or ruſty.
EMMOLLECE'R, v. a. to ſoften.
EMMUDECE'R, v. a. y n. to loſe the faculty or ſpeaking alſo to be ſilent; alſo to ſilence, to ſtill.

E M O

EMOCIO'N, ſ. f. trouble, diſturbance, emotion.
EMOLUME'NTO, ſ. m. profit or gain acquired by labour or ſtudy.

E M P

EMPACA'RSE, v. r. to be ſullen.
EMPACHADAME'NTE, adv. bashfully; alſo difficultly, troubleſomely.
EMPACHA'DO, adj. bashful, ashamed; alſo hindered, obſtructed.
EMPACHAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. bashfulneſs.
EMPACHA'R, v. a. to trouble, to obſtruct, to diſturb; alſo to put out of countenance.
EMPA'CHO, ſ. m. bashfulneſs, shamefacedneſs; alſo hindrance, obſtruction.
Empácho de eſtimago, a ſurfeit.
EMPACHO'SO, adj. bashful.
EMPADRONADO'R, ſ. m. he that regiſters people, or takes their names to pay taxes.
EMPADRONA'R, v. a. to regiſter, to enter upon the roll to pay taxes.
EMPALAGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a cloying with meat.
EMPALAGA'R, v. n. to cloy with eating.
EMPALA'GO, ſ. m. a loathing.
EMPALA'R, v. a. to empale.
EMPALIA'DA, ſ. f. the hanging of a church, ſtreet, or public place for ſome great ſolemnity.
EMPALIA'R, v. a. to hang a church, ſtreet, or public place for ſome ſolemnity.
EMPALIZA'DA, ſ. f. the paliſades that goes round any fortified place.
EMPALIZAR, v. a. to paliſade; that is, to plant great wooden ſtakes.
EMPALMADU'RA, ſ. f. a conjuction, a joining together.
EMPALMA'R, v. a. to join together two things.
EMPALOMA'R, v. a. to faſten the ſails to the yards.
EMPANA'DA, ſ. f. a pye, a paſty.
EMPANADILLA, ſ. f. a little pye.
EMPANA'R, v. a. to put into pye.
EMPAñA'R, v. a. to cover the face with freckles; to ſuly or dull a looking-glaſs with the breath.
EMPANTANA'R, v. a. to make, or put in a bog; to let out watter to drown the country.
EMPAPAGAYARSE, v. r. to grow crooked like the parrot's bill. Said of the noſe.
EMPAPA'R, v. a. to ſoak, to ſteep.
EMPAPELA'R, v. a. to paper, to wrap or put up in paper.
EMPAPUJA'R, v. a. to fill up.
EMPAQUE, ſ. m. packing of goods for ſea.
EMPAQUETA'R, v. a. to pack up goods.
EMPARAMENTA'R, v. a. to hang, or ardorn with hangings.
EMPARCHA'R, v. a. to plaſter, to lay on plaſters.
EMPAREDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an encloſing or shutting up between two walls.
EMPAREDA'R, v. a. to immure, shut up betwixt walls.
EMPAREJADU'RA, ſ. f. leaning againſt; ſetting by the ſide of another.
EMPAREJA'R, v. a. to lean againſt; to ſet one thing by another; to make them alike.
EMPARENTA'R, v. n. to contract kindred.
EMPARRA'DO, ſ. m. an arbour, a wall, or any place covered with vines; from *párra*, a wall-vine.
EMPASTA'R, v. a. to make a paſte.
EMPATA'R, v. a. to make equal or even.
EMPA'TE, ſ. m. a detention or ſuſpenſion of any thing.
EMPAVESA'DA, ſ. f. the nettings on the ſide of a ship, or galley ſtuffed the with beds, or the like to defend the men againſt the ſmall ſhot; alſo the parapet of a trench.

EMPAVESAR

EMPAVA'SAR, v. a. to make ready the ship for fight; from *pavés*, a shield.

EMPECEDE'RO, adj. prejudicial, hurtful.

EMPECEDO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who hurts another.

EMPECE'R, v. a. to let, to hinder, to obſtruct; alſo to hurt.

EMPECIBLE, adj. that which may be obſtructed, hindered; or hurted.

EMPECIE'NTE, adj. hurtful, prejudicial, injurious.

EMPECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. obſtruction, hindrance, hurt, damage.

EMPEDERNECE'RSE, v. r. to petrify, to grow ſtony, flinty, or hardhearted.

EMPEDERNI'RSE, v. r. to petrify, to grow ſtony, or hardhearted.

EMPEDRADO'R, ſ. m. a paviour.

EMPEDRADU'RA, ſ. f. a paving.

EMPEDRA'R, v. a. to pave.

Empedrár la eſcudilla de cáldo, to cram a porringer of broth full of bread.

EMPEGADU'RA, ſ. f. a pitching.

EMPEGA'R, v. a. to pitch.

EMPE'INE, ſ. m. the inferior part of the belly; alſo the upper part of the foot; alſo the hoof of a hoſe; alſo a tetter or ringworm.

EMPEINO'SO, adj. full of tetters.

EMPELA'R, v. a. to begin to be hairy.

EMPELLA'R, v. a. to make into lumps, balls or clods.

EMPELLEJA'R, v. a. to cover with skin.

EMPELLE'R, v. a. to push, to thruſt.

EMPELLICA'R, v. a. to line, to cover with ſheep or lambskins.

EMPELLO'N, ſ. m. a push, a thruſt, a joſtle.

EMPELOTA'RSE, v. r. to quarrel, to bawl out, to be in a confuſion.

EMPEñADAME'NTE, adv. tenaciouſly, ſtoutly, viliantly, bravely, conrageouſly.

EMPEñAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an engagement; alſo a taking in of pledges.

EMPEñA'R, v. a. to engage, to pawn.

Empeñár la palábra, to engage one's word.

Empeñárſe, v. r. to run in debt; alſo to engage, or oblige one's ſelf.

EMPE'ñO, ſ. m. a pledging, or pawning.

EMPE'NTA, ſ. f. a prop, a ſhore, a ſtay, an holdfaſt.

EMPENTA'R, v. a. to push, to thruſt, or joſtle.

EMPEORAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an impairing, making worſe.

EMPEORA'R, v. n. to impair, to make worſe; from *peór*, worſe.

EMPEQUEñECE'R, v. a. to grow ſlender or ſmall.

EMPERADO'R, ſ. m. an emperor.

EMPERADO'RA, *EMPERATRI'Z*, ſ. f. an empreſs.

EMPERCHA'R, v. a. to ſet on a pearch.

EMPERDIGA'R, v. a. to ſinge a fowl or to baſte it with burning hot fat, as with burning bacon.

EMPEREGILA'RSE, v. r. to adorn or paint one's ſelf.

EMPEREZA'R, v. n. to grow ſlothful.

EMPERICA'DO, adj. with the head dreſſed after the fashion.

EMPE'RO, conj. but, nevertheleſs.

EMPERRADAME'NTE, adv. doggedly.

EMPERRA'RSE, v. r. to grow dogged; from *pérro*, a dog.

EMPEZA'R, v. a. to begin.

E'MPHASIS, ſ. m. an emphaſis, or ſtrong accent laid upon words in pronouncing them.

EMPHATICAME'NTE, adv. emphatically, ſtrongly, forcibly, in a ſtriking manner.

EMPHA'TICO, adj. emphatic.

EMPHITEO'SIS, ſ. f. the rent paid for land a man takes upon condition to improve it.

EMPHITE'UTICO, ſ. m. land ſo let out upon condition to be improved by the tenant.

EMPIADA'DO, adj. obſ. compaſſionate, merciful.

EMPICA'R, v a. to put a man to death with pikes; in old Spanish, to hang.

EMPICOTADU'RA, ſ. f. ſetting on the pillory.

EMPICOTA'R, v. a. to ſet on the pillory.

EMPILA'R, v. a. to pile, or heap up.

EMPINADU'RA, ſ. f. raiſing, or liſting up.

EMPINA'R, v. a. to raiſe, or lift up.

Empinár el járro, to lift up the pot, to ſee the bottom of it.

Empinár la campána, to raiſe the bell, ſo that the mouth is upright.

EMPI'NO, ſ. m. elevation, height.

EMPIOLA'R, v. a. in falconry, to put on the hawk's legs the short leather ſtraps called *jeſſes*.

EMPI'REO, ſ. m. empireal, the higheſt heaven.

EMPI'RICO, ſ. m. an empirick, a quack, a mountebank.

EMPIZARRA'R, v. a. to ſlate, to cover with ſlate.

EMPLASTADU'RA, ſ. f. a plaſtering.

EMPLASTA'R, v. a. to plaſter, to lay on plaſters.

EMPLA'STO, ſ. m. a plaſter.

EMPLAZADO'R, ſ. m. who ſummons or cites to appear at a certain day.

EMPLAZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſummons or warning to appear before the judges on an appointed day.

EMPLAZA'R, v. a. to ſummon, to admonish, to appear, to cite; alſo to appoint a day.

EMPLEA'R, v. a. to employ; alſo to lay out money.

Empleárſe, v. r. to employ or buſy one's ſelf.

EMPLEITA, ſ. f. a coarſe mat.

EMPLE'O, ſ. m. a buying of any goods; alſo the trade or calling

of any perſon; alſo employment, buſineſs office; in cant, theft.

EMPLOMA'R, v. a. to lead, or cover with lead.

EMPLUMA'R, v. a. to feather as birds do; alſo to adorn with feathers.

Emplumár el ſombréro, to wear a feather in one's hat.

Emplumár los virótes, to put feathers to ſhafts or arrows.

Emplumár una alcabuéta, to daub a bawd from the waiſt upwards with tar, and then roll her in feathers, which makes her look like a monſter.

EMPLUMECE'R, v. n. to begin to have feathers, to have the feathers come on, as young birds.

EMPOBRECE'R, v. a. y n. to make one poor; alſo to grow poor.

EMPODERA'R, v. a. to impower, to get the power.

EMPODRECE'R, v. a. to rot.

EMPOLLADU'RA, ſ. f. } hatching
EMPOLLAMIE'NTO, } of
ſ. m. } eggs.

EMPOLLA'R, v. a. to ſit to hatch chickens, as the hen does.

EMPOLVA'R, v. a. to duſt, or caſt duſt on.

EMPOLVORAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. bedufting.

EMPOLVORA'R, v. n. to caſt duſt on any thing.

EMPOLVORIZA'R, v. a. to caſt duſt on any thing.

EMPONE'R, v. a. to teach, to inſtruct to put upon.

EMPONZOñADO'R, ſ. m. a poiſoner.

EMPONZOñA'R, v. a. to poiſon.

EMPONZOñO'SO, adj. full of poiſon, poiſonous.

EMPORCA'R, v. a. to daub or dirt.

EMPO'RIO, ſ. m. a market-town, a place where any market or fair is kept.

EMPO'S, adv. after.

EMPO'STA, ſ. f. that part of a pillar in vaults and arches, on which the weight of the whole building lies.

EMPOTRA'R, v. a. to prop, to ſhore up.

EMPOZA'R, v. a. to put or throw into a well.

EMPREñA'R, v. a. to get with child.

Empreñárſe, v. r. to be got with child.

Empreñárſe de pálabras, to be big with words, to believe every thing that is ſaid.

Empreñárſe los arboles, to bud.

EMPRENDEDO'R, ſ. m. an undertaker.

EMPRENDE'R, v. a. to undertake, to enterprize.

EMPRENSA'R, v. a. to preſs.

EMPRE'NTA, ſ. f. a printing-houſe.

EMPRE'SA, ſ. f. enterprize, undertaking, emblem, device.

EMPRESENTA'R, v. a. vide *PRESE'NTAR*.

EMPRESTA'R, v. a. to lend.

EMPRE'STIDO, ſ. m. the act of lending, or the thing lent.

EMPRESTILLADO'R, ſ. m. who borrows money of every body with a deſign to cheat.

EMPRIMA'R, v. a. to prepare, diſpoſe, or ſet in order; a term uſed by painters.

EMPRIMERA'R, v. a. to give the firſt place.

EMPRINGA'R, v. a to drop, to baſte with bacon.

Prov. *Aún no aſſámos, y ya empringámos*, we do not yet roaſt, and are baſting already; that is, we are too unſeaſonably haſty, and would have things before the proper ſeaſon.

EMPRISIONA'R, v. a. to impriſon.

EMPUCHA'R, v. a. to dip any thing in lye to clean it.

EMPUE'S, prep. after.

EMPUJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a thruſting or pushing.

EMPUJA'R, v. a. to thruſt, to push.

EMPUJO'N, ſ. m. a thruſt, or push.

EMPULGADU'RA, ſ. f. the bending of a bow.

EMPULGA'R, v. a. to bend.

EMPULGUE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the notches at the ends of the bow in which the ſtring lies.

Apretarle a úno las empulguéras, to preſs a man hard; to put a man on the rack.

EMPUñAD'OR, ſ. m. the man who graſps any thing in his fiſt.

EMPUñADU'RA, ſ. f. a haft, or handle, the hilt of a ſword.

EMPUñA'R, v. a. to graſp in the fiſt.

Empuñár la eſpáda, to lay hold of the ſword; to draw it.

EMPURPURA'DO, adj. dreſſed in purple, decorated with royal veſtments.

EMPUTECE'R, v. n. to turn whore.

EMPY'REO, ſ. m. the empyrean, higheſt heaven.

Empy'reo, adj. empyreal.

E M U

EMULACIO'N, ſ. f. emulation, ſtrife, envy, vying with another.

EMULADO'R, ſ. m. a rival.

EMULA'R, v. a. to emulate, or to rival.

E'MULO, adj. rivalling, vying with.

E'mulo, ſ. m. competitor, rival, one that vies with another.

EMULSIO'N, ſ. f. an emulſion, a cooling medicine.

EMUNCTO'RIOS, ſ. m. pl. emunctories, thoſe parts of the body where any thing excrementitious is ſeparated and collected.

E N

EN, prep. in.

E N A

ENACIA'DO, adj. applied to one who changes his religion or principles of any kind.

ENAGENA'BLE, adj. that may be alienated.

ENAGENADO'R, ſ. m. he who alienates.

ENAGENAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. alienating.

ENAGENA'R, v. a. to alienate; from *agéno*, another man's.

Enagenárſe, v. r. to be beſide one's ſelf.
ENA'GUAS, ſ. f. pl. petticoats.
ENAGUAZA'R, v. a. to water.
ENAGUELA'R, v. n. to have a brood of grand children.
ENAGUI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. diminutive of *enaguas*.
ENAJENACIO'N, ſ. f. alienation.
ENAJENA'R, v. a. vide *ENAGENA'R*.
ENALBA'R, v. a. to heat iron to ſuch an extremity as to make it look white.
ENALBARDA'R, v. a. to put a pannel or pack-ſaddle on beaſt.
ENALBAYALDA'DO, adj. vide *ENALVAYALDA'DO*.
ENALGUACILA'DO, adj. bailiff-like.
ENALIENA'BLE, adj. that cannot be alienated.
ENALMAGRA'DO, ſ. m. a baſe fellow.
ENALMAGRA'R, v. a. to mark, or colour with red oker.
Enalmagrár, y echár a eſtrémo, to mark and lay aſide, as ſhepherds do their sheep. A ſaying of rakes and lewd fellows, ſignifying, to make uſe of a woman and lay her aſide.
ENAMORADAME'NTE, adv. fondly, lovingly.
ENAMORADI'ZO, ſ. f. m. eaſily in love.
ENAMORA'DO, ſ. m. he who is in love.
ENAMORADO'R, ſ. m. he who enamours.
ENAMORAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. falling in love.
ENAMORA'R, v. a. to make love.
Enamorárſe, v. r. to fall in love.
ENAMORISCA'DO, adj. tickled with love.
ENAMORISCA'RSE, v. r. to have a touch of love.
ENA'NA, ſ. f. a she-dwarf.
ENANCHA'R, v. a. vide *ENSANCHA'R*.
ENA'NO, ſ. m. a dwarf.
Enán, in cant, a poignard.
ENANTHE, ſ. f. St. Mary's thiſtle, the white-thorn.
ENARBOLA'R, v. a. to ſet up an end a pike, colours, the maſt of a ship, or any ſuch thing.
ENARCADO'R, ſ. m. one that packs things into a cheſt, or one that makes arches.
ENARCA'R, v. a. to put into a cheſt, alſo to bow, to arch.
Enarcár las céjas, to bend the brows.
ENARDECE'R, v. a. to grow hot, to inflame.
ENARENA'R, v. a. to cover with ſand.
ENARMONA'RSE, v. r. to ſtand an end, to rear as a horſe does.
ENARRACIO'N, ſ. f. a narration.
ENARTA'R, v. a. to ſqueeze, or preſs.
ENASPA'R, v. a. to ſtretch out the arm like a St. Andrew's croſs.
EN AYU'NAS, adv. faſting.

E N B

EN BA'LDE, adv. in vain, to no purpoſe.
ENBARNIZA'R, v. a. to varnish.
ENBASA'R, v. a. to vide *EMVASA'R*.
ENBAUCA'R, v. a. vide *EMBAUCA'R*.
ENBAZA'R, v. a. vide *EMBAZA'R*.
ENBELESA'R, v. a. vide *ENVELESA'R*.
ENBIDA'R, v. a. vide *EMBIDA'R*.
ENBI'DIA, ſ. f. vide *EMBIDIA*.
ENBI'TE, ſ. m. vide *EMBI'TE*.
ENBIUDA'R, v. n. vide *EMBIUDA'R*.
ENBOLVE'R, v. a. vide *EMBOLVE'R*.
ENBRAVECE'R, v. n. vide *EMBRAVECE'R*.
ENBUTI'R, v. a. vide *EMBUTI'R*.

E N C

ENCABALGA'R, v. a. to breed horſes.
ENCABALGA'NTE, ſ. m. one that rides.
ENCABELLA'DO, adj. that has much hair.
ENCABELLADU'RA, ſ. f. the hair of the head.
ENCABELLA'R, } v. n. to grow
ENCABELLECE'R, } hairy.
ENCABESTRA'R, v. a. to halter a beaſt.
Encabeſtrárſe la beſtia, to put its foot over the alter, which puts a horſe or mule in danger of hanging itſelf.
ENCABEZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. enrolling, regiſtering, taxing.
ENCABEZA'R, v. a. to regiſter, to inroll, to tax.
ENCABEZONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *ENCABEZAMIE'NTO*.
ENCABEZONA'R, v. a. vide *ENCABEZA'R*.
ENCABRIA'R, v. a. to place or diſpoſe any thing orderly.
ENCACHA'R, v. a. to fix any thing in a wall, as iron, &c.
ENCADENADU'RA, ſ. f. } a chai-
ENCADENAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } ning.
ENCADENA'R, v. a. to chain.
ENCAESCER, v. n. obſ. to be brought to bed of a child.
ENCAJA'R, v. a. vide *ENCAXA'R*.
ENCALABRIA'R, } v. a. to pier-
ENCALABRINAR, } ce into the brain, as drunkenneſs.
ENCALADO'R, ſ. m. a plaſterer.
ENCALADU'RA, ſ. f. plaſtering of walls.
ENCALA'R, v. a. to plaſter the walls, or the like.
ENCALLADE'RO, ſ. m. the shallow where a ship runs a-ground.
ENCALLADU'RA, ſ. f. running a-ground.
ENCALLA'R, v. a. to run a-ground.
ENCALLECE'R, v. n. to grow hard, or have a hard skin grow.
ENCALLEJONA'DO, adj. blowing hard as if confined between two mountains: ſaid of the wind.
ENCALLETRA'R, v. a. to know well as by experience, to per-

ceive, to be cunning or well skilled.

ENCALMA'RSE, v. r. to tire, to ſuffocate with heat.

ENCALVA'R, *ENCALVECE'R*, v. n. to grow bald.

ENCAMARA'R, v. a. to lay up corn in a granary.

ENCAMA'RSE, v. r. to put one's ſelf in bed.

EN CAMBIO, adv. in exchange.

ENCAMBRONA'RSE, v. r. to be very ſtiff or ſtately, ſo as not to turn one's head any way.

ENCAMINADU'RA, ſ. f. directing, putting into the way.

ENCAMINA'R, v. a. to direct, to put into the way.

Encamináre, v. r. to take the road to.

ENCAMI'NO, ſ. m. direction, putting into the way.

ENCAMISA'DA, ſ. f. a camiſade.

ENCAMISA'DO, ſ. m. one that has put on a ſhirt over his cloaths.

ENCAMPANA'R, v. a. in cant, to bully, to brave it.

Encampanárſe, v. r. in cant, to play the boaſting bragging fellow.

ENCANA'DO, ſ. m. a duct, a waterduct.

ENCANALA'R, v. a. to conduct, or convey by a canal.

ENCANA'RSE, v. r. to be under a great conſternation, to grow or be ſtiff, or numb, to be void of motion or ſtrength by ſurpriſe.

ENCANASTA'R, v. a. to put into a basket.

ENCANCERA'R, v. a. to grow to a cancer.

ENCANDILADE'RA, ſ. f. a bawd.

ENCANDILADO'R, ſ. m. a cheat, a pimp.

ENCANDILADO'RA, ſ. f. a bawd.

ENCANDILA'R, v. a. to light, to make burn bright; alſo to dazzle the eyes; to cheat, to impoſe.

ENC[illegible]CE'R, v. a. to grow greyheaded.

ENCAÑADU'RA, ſ. f. the reeds of corn kept to make ſtraw beds, or for other uſes.

ENCAÑAR, v. n. to hem in with canes, or reeds.

ENCANA'R, v. a. to convey the water through pipes.

ENCAÑONA'RSE, v. r. to be pinfeathered, to have the quills shoot out at moulting time.

ENCANIJA'RSE, v. r. to leſſen, to diminish, to extenuate.

ENCANIJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a diminishing, leſſening.

ENCANTACIO'N, ſ. f. enchantment.

ENCANTA'DO, adj. inchanted.

Hombre encantádo, a man that lives retired from the world, who converſes with no body.

Cáſa encantáda, a houſe where all the people keep cloſe, and things are kept ſecret as if they were inchanted.

ENCANTADO'R, ſ. m. an inchanter.

ENCANTADO'RA, ſ. f. an inchantreſs, witch, or ſorcereſs.

ENCANTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. inchantment.

ENCANTA'R, ſ. m. to inchant, to charm.

ENCANTARA'R, v. a. to put any thing in a pitcher or other veſſel.

ENCA'NTE, *ENCA'NTO*, ſ. m. a public ſale of goods.

EN CANTIDA'D, adv. in a great quantity.

ENCA'NTO, ſ. m. an inchantment.

ENCANTO'RIO, ſ. m. inchantment.

ENCANTUSA'R, v. a. to cheat with flattering and diſſembling words.

ENCAÑUTA'R, v. a. to form any thing hollow like a reed or pipe.

ENCAPACETA'DO, adj. armed with a helmet.

ENCAPACHADU'RA, ſ. f. the number or quantity of baskets placed upon one another.

ENCAPACHA'R, v. a. to put on or take upon one a porter's basket.

ENCAPA'R, v. a. to put on a cloak.

ENCAPERUZA'DO, adj. that has a cap, hood, or capouch on.

ENCAPILLA'R, v. a. to rig a ship.

ENCAPIROTA'DO, adj. of, or belonging to an hood, or cowl, uſed to cover the head when it rained.

ENCAPIROTA'R, v. a. to cover with a short cloak.

ENCAPOTA'DO de ójos, one that has great eyebrows that ſeem to cover his eye, one that has a lowring look.

ENCAPOTADU'RA, ſ. f. a lowring look.

ENCAPOTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a lowring look.

ENCAPOTA'R, v. a. to put on a great looſe coat, to lowr with the eyes.

ENCAPRICHA'RSE, v. r. to be capricious, to be obſtinate in opinion.

ENCAPUZA'DO, adj. covered with a capuch, cloak, or hood.

ENCARA'DO, adj. oppoſite, overagainſt; face to face.

Bien encarádo, that has a good countenance.

Mal encarádo, that as an ill face.

ENCARAMADU'RA, ſ. f. raiſing, ſetting up high, extolling.

ENCARAMA'R, v. a. to raiſe, to ſet up high, to extol.

ENCARAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *ENCA'RO*.

ENCARA'R, v. a. to ſet face to face, to preſent a gun, to take aim.

ENCARATULA'DO, adj. masked, diſguiſed.

ENCARCAVINA'R, v. a. to fill the head with ſome peſtilential ſmell.

ENCARCAXA'DO, adj. armed with a quiver.

ENCARCELA'R, v. a. to impriſon.

Maderos encarceládos lúnos con ótros, timbers jointed or mortiſed one within another.

ENCARECEDO'R, ſ. m. one that raiſes the price of things; that extols and magnifies above meaſure.

ENCARECE'R v. a. to raiſe the price, to make dear; alſo to extol, to magnify.

ENCARECIDAME'NTE, adv. earneſtly, preſſingly.
ENCARECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. growing dear, raiſing the price of things; an exaggeration.
ENCARGADAME'NTE, adv. greatly, earneſtly, eagerly, exceedingly, very much.
ENCARGA'R, v. a. to give in charge, to recommend.
Encargárſe, v. r. to undertake.
ENCA'RGO, ſ. m. charge, recommendation.
ENCARIÑA'RSE; v. r. to be affectionate, to eſteem and love greatly.
ENCARNACIO'N, ſ. f. incarnating, growing toflesh; the incarnation of our Saviour. Among painters, it is giving the picture the flesh colour.
ENCARNADI'NO, adj. of the carnation colour, reddish.
ENCARNADU'RA, ſ. f. the hrowing in flesh.
ENCARNA'R, v. n. to become flesh, to incarnate.
Encarnár la herida, to grow up, and fill with new flesh as it heals.
Encarnár, to ſtick in the flesh.
ENCARNECE'R, v. a. to grow or increaſe in flesh.
ENCARNIZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. fleshing, bloodineſs, cruelty, outrageouſneſs.
ENCARNIZA'R, v. a. to flesh, to make bloody, cruel, or outrageous.
Encarnizárſe, v. r. to grow cruel or unmerciful.
ENCA'RO, ſ. m. a looking upon attentively, or earneſtly; alſo aiming a gun.
ENCARRANCA'RSE, v. r. to prick or ſtick one's ſelf upon thorns, or other points.
ENCARRILA'R, v. a. to direct, to conduct any carriage in the proper track.
Encarrilár, (a ſea-term) to choak: when a running rope ſticks in the block, either becauſe it ſlipped between he cheeks and the shiver or upon any other occaſion, they ſay the rope is choaked.
ENCARROÑA'R. v. a to infect or corrupt with putrefaction.
ENCARRUJA'RSE, v. a. to twine or wind about.
ENCARTACIO'N, ſ. f. outlawing, preſcription, poſting.
ENCARTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. proſcription, outlawry.
ENCARTA'R, v. a. to proclaim an outlaw, to poſt.
ENCASAME'NTOS, ſ. m. pl. ſquare hollows left in the walls, in the shape of windows, either to eaſe the wall of weight, or for uniformity to anſwer windows.
ENCASA'R, v. a. to ſet a bone that has been diſlocated.
ENCASCABELA'DO, adj. adorned with little bells.
ENCASQUETA'R, v. a. to fix, to ſettle, to make faſt; alſo to faſten the hat on the head.
ENCASTILLA'DO, adj. made ſtrong; got into a caſtle.
ENCASTILLA'RSE, v. r. to make one's ſelf ſtrong, to get into a caſtle; alſo to be obſtinate.
ENCATIVA'R, v. a. obſ. to make a captive of.
ENCAVALGAMIE'NTO de artillería, a carriage for a great gun.
ENCAVALGA'R, v. a. to mount cannon on the carriages, to fix ſmall arms on the ſtock.
ENCAVA'R, v. a. to dig, to hollow.
ENCAXADO'R, ſ. m. he who puts any thing in a box; he who inſerts any proverb in his diſcourſe.
ENCAXADU'RA, ſ. f. pntting into a box; alſo fixing, thruſting in; perſuading.
ENCAXA'R, v. a. to put in a box; to fix in, to thruſt in.
Encaxéme eſſe gobierno, y veran maravillas, let them thruſt me into that government, and they ſhall ſee wonderful things.
Encáxa amigo, shake hands friend.
Encaxárſe en la cabeza una coſa, to have any opinion fixed into the head.
Encaxárſe, v. r. to meddle in any thing that does not concern one.
Encaxéſelo en la cabéza, he was fully perſuaded, he was poſitive in it.
ENCA'XE, ſ. m. putting into a box; alſo fixing in thruſting in; perſuading.
Encaxe, a narrow lace to put between the ſeams of fine linen; alſo any ſort of laces.
Ley del encáxe, arbitrary law, law without precedent.
ENCAXONA'R, v. a. to incloſe, to keep in a box.
ENCEBADAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an infirmity contracted by a horſe or mule that drinks too much after having eaten too much.
ENCEBADA'RSE, v. r. to grow ſick, as the horſe does by eating too great a quantity of oats, and drinking water preſently after.
ENCELA'R, v. a. to hide, to abſcond.
ENCE'LLA, ſ. f. a basket to make cheeſe in.
ENCELLA'R, v. a. to make cheeſe in a basket made of reeds.
ENCENAGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. dirt, mire, ſticking in the mire; inclination to vice.
ENCENAGA'R, v. a. to dirt, to mire, to ſtick in te mire; to be vicious.
ENCENCERRA'R, v. a. to hang a bell to a cow or a sheep about the neck.
ENCENDE'R, v. a. to kindle, to ſet on fire.
Encendér vélas, to light candles.
Encendér fuégo éntre únos y ótros, to ſow diſſenſion.
Encendérſe en cólera, to burn with choler or anger.
ENCENDIDAME'NTE, adv. hotly, fiercely, courageouſly.
ENCENDIDILLO, adj. ſomewhat hot or ardent; reddening a little through paſſion or shame.
ENCENDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. kindling, ſet on fire.
ENCENIZA'R, v. a. to cover with ashes.
ENCENSA'R, v. a. to perfume with the ſmoke of frankincenſe.
ENCENSA'RIO, ſ. m. a cenſer, a thurible.
ENCENSUA'R, v. a. to give or receive a ſum of money at intereſt.
ENCENTADU'RA, ſ. f. aſſaying, taſting, broaching.
ENCENTA'R, v. a. to aſſay, to

taſte, to broach, to begin to eat or drink of a thing.

ENCEPA'R, v. n. to take root.

Encepár, v. a. to ſet a man in the ſtocks.

ENCERA'DO, ſ. m. a ſear-cloth, or an oil-cloth, a window-ſash; at ſea, a tarpaulin, that is, a piece of canvas all tarred over to lay upon a deck or grating, to keep the rain from ſoaking through.

ENCERA'R, v. a. to wax any thing; in the ſea language, to ſplice, that is, to make faſt the ends of ropes one into another.

ENCEROTA'R, v. a. to wax a thread as the shoe-makers do.

ENCERRADE'RO, ſ. m. vide *ENCERRAMIE'NTO*.

ENCERRADO'R, ſ. m. who shuts or locks up any thing.

Mugér encerrada, a retired woman.

ENCERRADU'RA, a shutting or locking up; alſo retirement.

ENCERRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a shutting or locking up; alſo retiredneſs.

ENCERRA'R, v. a. to shut or lock up.

Encerrár la coſécha, to carry in the harveſt.

Encerrár los tóros, to put the bulls into the place made to keep them up for the bull-feaſt.

ENCERRO'NA, ſ. m. retirement, place voluntarily choſen to be retired from the world.

ENCESPEDA'R, v. a. to cover with ſods or turfs.

ENCESTA'R, v. a. to put into a basket; to deceive with fair words.

ENCHA, ſ. f. obſ. a reparation of damages, reſtitution.

ENCHANCLETA'R, v. a. to ſlip on shoes without pulling up the heels.

ENCHARCADU'RA, ſ. f. } ſtop-
ENCHARCAMIE'NTO, } ping.
ſ. m. of water that it lies in puddles.

ENCHARCA'R, v. a. to ſtop water till it lies in puddles, to make the ground full of puddles.

ENCHIÇA'R, v. a. obſ. to make ſmal.

ENCHI'R, v. a. vide *HINCHI'R*.

ENCI'AS, ſ. f. pl. the gums.

ENCIENSA'R, v. a. vide *ENCENSA'R*.

ENCIENSA'RIO, ſ. m. vide *ENCENSA'RIO*.

ENCIE'NSO, ſ. m. frankincenſe.

ENCIE'NTE, adv. obſ. before.

EN CIERNE, adv. juſt ready to ripen.

ENCIE'RRO, ſ. m. a shutting or locking up.

ENCI'MA, adv. beſides.

Enclma, adv. upon, on the top.

ENCIMA'R, v. a. to ſet on the top, to raiſe up, to exalt.

ENCI'NA, ſ. f. the holm oak.

ENCINA'L, } ſ. m. a grove, or
ENCINA'R, } wood of oaks.

ENCINTA'R, v. a. to adorn any thing with ribbands.

ENCLAUSTRA'DO, adj. shut up in a convent or monaſtery.

ENCLAVACIO'N, ſ. f. a nailing.

ENCLAVADU'RA, ſ. f. a nailing.

ENCLAVA'R, v. a. to nail, to cheat.

ENCLAVIJA'R, v. a. to pin or faſten with wood or iron pins, or to ſtick pins into a thing, as a muſical inſtrument.

Enclavijár los dédos, to clinch or faſten the fingers one within another.

ENCLENQUE, adj. bed-rid, ſo ſick that he cannot ſtir out of bed.

ENCLOBADO'R, ſ. m. obſ. one that covers, hides, or conceals.

ENCLOCA'RSE, v. r. to cluck as a hen does before she ſets, to grow broody.

ENCLUECA'R, v. n. to grow broody, as a hen does.

ENCOBERTA'DO, adj. covered with a carpet, wrapped up in a cover.

ENCOBIJA'R, v. a. to cover, to shelter.

ENCOBRI'R, v. a. vide *ENCUBRI'R*.

ENCOGER, v. a. to shrink, to draw together, to withdraw; to gather.

Encogérſe, to shrink one's ſelf up; to be bashful, or modeſt.

ENCOGIDAME'NTE, adv. meanly, poorly, pitifully, lowly, humbly.

ENCOGI'DO, adj. bashful, modeſt.

ENCOGIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. shrinking, drawing together, withdrawing; bashfulneſs.

ENCOHETA'DO, adj. full of ſquibs.

ENCOJA'R, v. a. obſ. to lame.

ENCOLADU'RA, ſ. f. a glewing.

ENCOLA'R v. a. to glew.

ENCOLERIZA'R, v. a. to put in a paſſion, to anger.

ENCOLMA'R, v. a. to heap above meaſure.

ENCOLUNA'R, v. a. to place or adorn a place with pillars or columns.

ENCOMENZA'R, v. a. to begin.

ENCOMENDADO'R, ſ. m. vide *COMENDADO'R*.

ENCOMENDA'R, v. a. to recommend.

Encomendárſe, v. r. to recommend one's ſelf; to ſend compliments.

ENCOMENDE'RO, ſ. m. a factor, one who is intruſted or has commiſſion in the way of trade.

ENCOMENZA'R, v. a. to begin.

ENCOMIA'STICO, adj. encomiaſtick, panegirical.

ENCOMIE'NDA, ſ. f. a recommendation, a thing recommended; a ſpiritual living, eſpecially ſuch as are beſtowed on knights in *commendam*; it is alſo taken for the croſs or badge of knighthood worn by knights.

ENCO'MIO, ſ. m. encomium, commendation.

ENCONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. feſtering, rankling.

ENCONA'R, v. n. to feſter, to rankle, as a ſore does; to grow very difficult or troubleſome.

ENCO'NO, ſ. m. vide *ENCERRAMIENTO*.

ENCONO'SO, adj. that can occaſion damage to any part of the body; alſo hurtful, harmful, noxious.

ENCONTA'DO, ſ. m. the jutting out ſtone on which any thing reſts; ſtones that ſtick out orderly in a wall.

ENCONTA'R, v. a. to prop, to

shore, to buttreſs.

ENCONTINE'NTE, adv. obſ. immediately, preſently.

ENCO'NTRA, adv. contrary to our deſire or expectation, or to what was ſaid or done.

ENCONTRADAME'NTE, adv. contrary, in oppoſition.

ENCONTRA'RIO, adj. contrary, oppoſite.

ENCONTRA'R, v. a. to meet.

Encontrárſe con las lánzas, to tilt with lances.

Encontrárſe en los penſamiéntos ó opiniónes, to differ in opinion.

Encontrárſe en palábras, to come to hard words, to thwart one another.

Encontrárſe en la calle, to meet in the ſtreet.

ENCONTRO'N, ſ. m. a joſtling.

ENCORAJA'DO, adj. angry, paſſionate.

ENCORA'R, v. a. to cover with skin or with leather.

ENCORCHA'R, v. a. to put the bees in the hive.

ENCORDA'R, v. a. to ſtring a muſical inſtrument or the like.

ENCORDELA'R, v. a. to cord a bed or the like.

ENCO'RDIO, ſ. m. a ſwelling on the groin, a *búbo*.

ENCORDONA'R, v. a. to tie, to faſten, to adorn with ſilk twiſts or braids.

ENCORECE'R, v. a. vide *ENCORAR*.

ENCORNA'R, v. a. to tip with orn.

ENCORNIJAMENTO, ſ. m. the run of a cornice along any edifice or patt of an edifice.

ENCORNUDA'R, v. a. to have the horns ſprout out or begin to grow.

ENCOROZA'R, v. a. to put a paper cap like a mitre on an offender's head, when expoſed in the ſtreets, proclaiming his crime.

ENCORPORA'R, v. a. to incorporate, to make a member of a community; or to mix things ſo together, that they cannot be diſtinguiſhed.

Encorporárſe en la cáma, to ſit up in the bed,

ENCORRA'L, adv. in cant, laid aſide, caſt by into a corner.

ENCORRE'R, v. n. to incur.

ENCORTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. the act of ſhortening or curtailing.

ENCORTINA'R, v. a. to hang curtains about a bed, to hang a room.

ENCORVA'DA, ſ. f. the herb axwort.

Encorváda, ſ. f. an ancient ſort of dance.

ENCORVADU'RA, ſ. f. bowing, bending.

ENCORVAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. bowing, bending.

ENCORVA'R, v. a. to bow, to bend.

ENCOSADU'RA, ſ. f. the edge or hemming made of different ſtuffs.

ENCOSTRACIO'N, ſ. f. in architecture, the inward ſhell or cruſt, or inſide ornament in a ſtructure, whether it be of fine ſtone, wainſcot, or plaiſter.

ENCOSTRADU'RA, ſ. f. the hardneſs that ſometimes grows over a ſore.

ENCOSTRA'R, v. a. to grow over with a cruſt, as the hardneſs over a ſore.

ENCOVA'R, v. a. to ſhut up in a cellar, cave, or den; from *cuéva*, a cellar.

ENCOXA'RSE, v. r. to grow lame by any hurt.

ENCRESPADI'LLO, adj. ſourish, ſomewhat peevish, of a nature ſomewhat tending to aſperity.

ENCRESPADO'R, ſ. m. a curling iron.

ENCRESPADU'RA, ſ. f. a curling of hair.

ENCRESPAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. curling of hairs.

ENCRESPA'R, v. a. to curl.

ENCRE'SPO, ſ. f. a curling of hair.

ENCRE'STAR, v. a. to have a creſt grow, or make a creſt.

ENCRISNEJA'DO, adj. clotted together like hair; alſo the mane of a ſtone-horſe ſtanding up like a feather; alſo wattled or wove like hurdles.

ENCRUCIJA'DA, ſ. f. a croſs-way.

ENCRUDECE'R, v. a. to grow raw; to grow cruel; to rankle as a wound.

ENCRUELECE'R, v. a. to grow cruel.

ENCUBA'R, v. a. to put into a barrel, cask, or vat.

ENCUBERTA'R, v. a. to hang rooms, to cover with cloth, or the like; alſo to cover horſes with black cloth or bays for mourning, or to put on them rich trappings.

ENCUBIERTAME'NTE, adv. ſecretly; alſo perfidiouſly.

ENCUBIE'RTO, p. p. of *encubir*.

ENCUBREDI'ZO, adj. that may be concealed or kept ſecret.

ENCUBRIDO'R, ſ. m. one that conceals or hides.

ENCUBRIDO'RA, ſ. f. a bawd.

ENCUBRIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a concealing or hiding.

ENCUBRI'R, v. a to conceal, to hide, to keep ſecret.

ENCUCA'R, v. a. a cant word, to drink.

Encucár, v. a. to gather and keep cheſnuts, nuts, &c.

ENCUE'NTRO, ſ. m. encounter, meeting with the lances as horſemen do; alſo oppoſition, difficulty, contradiction.

Salir al encuéntro, to go and look for the enemy, to fight him.

ENCULPA'R, v. a. to blame.

ENCUMBRA'DO, adj. high, lofty; alſo extolled, lifted up.

ENCUMBRADURA, ſ. f. } riſing,
ENCUMBRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } aſcent, ſteepneſs of any way to carry off the water, or for any other purpoſe.

ENCUMBRA'R, v. a. to tift or raiſe high; alſo to extol; from *cúmbre*, the top.

ENCUNA'DO, adj. full and covered.

ENCUñA'R, v. a. vide *ACUñA'R*.

ENCURTI'R, v. a. to pickle or ſeaſon cucumbers,

ENCYCLOPEDI'A, ſ. f. univerſal learning.

E N D

ENDE, adv. obſ. there, thence.
ENDE'BLE, adj. weak, feeble.
ENDECA'GONO, ſ. m. a figure of eleven angles.
ENDECASI'LLABO, adj. of eleven ſyllables.
ENDE'CHA, ſ. f. dirge, mournful ditty, ſung over the dead bodies.
ENDECHADE'RA, ſ. f. a woman hired to mourn at a funeral.
ENDECHA'R, v. a. to mourn at funerals.
ENDECHE'RAS, ſ. f. women hired to mourn at funerals.
ENDEDU'RA, ſ. f. vide *HENDEDU'RA*.
ENDELGADECE'R, v. n. to grow thin or lean.
ENDEMASI'A, adv. in exceſs.
ENDEMONIA'DO, ſ. m. one poſſeſſed with the devil.
ENDEMONIA'R, v. a. to poſſeſs with the devil: alſo to put a man in a great paſſion and fury.
ENDENTA'R, v. a. to faſten one thing with another; a ſea-term.
ENDENTECE'R, v. n. to cut the teeth, to have the teeth grow, as in children.

Prov. *Quién préſto endentéce, préſto hermanéce*, the child that cuts his teeth early, has ſoon a brother or ſiſter; becauſe when the child has teeth, and hurts the mother's breaſt, ſhe weans him, and then is apt ſoon to be with child.

ENDEREZADAME'NTE, adv juſtly, rightly, equally.
ENDEREZADE'RA, ſ. f. a ſtraight way.
ENDEREZADO'R, ſ. m. who guides or directs in the ſtraight way.
ENDEREZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſtraight path or way.
ENDEREZA'R, v. a. to make ſtraight.
Enderezár, v. a. to compound, to put in order; alſo to direct.
Enderezárſe, v. r. to compoſe, to put one's ſelf in order.
ENDERE'ZOTE, I ſet you right; an expreſſion uſed by cheſs or draughts players, when they touch a man they do not deſign to play.
ENDEUDA'RSE, v. r. to contract debts.
ENDIABLA'DA, ſ. f. a chearful kind of maſquerade, in which people diſguiſe themſelves like devils.
ENDIABLA'R, v. a. to poſſeſs with the devil; alſo to corrupt, to pervert.
ENDI'BIA, ſ. f. endive, ſuccory; an herb.
E'NDICO, ſ. m. vide *AñIL*.
ENDILGA'DOR, ſ. m. a pimp
ENDILGA'R, v. a. to direct, to ſet right in the way; alſo to direct, to guide, to make eaſy, to perſuade.
ENDIOSAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. pride, haughtineſs.
ENDIOSA'R, v. a. to deify, to exalt to divine honours.
Endioſárſe, v. r. to grow vain and haughty.
ENDI'VIA, ſ. f. vide *ENDI'BIA*.
ENDOLE'NCIA, ſ. f. obſ. ſickneſs, anguish, trouble.
ENDONA'R, v. a. obſ. to give, to beſtow.
ENDOSSA'R, v. a. to write a character in favour of another; to endorſe one man's note over to another.
ENDO'SSO, ſ. m. an endorſement of a note; alſo a character.
ENDRIA'GO, ſ. m. a word uſed only in romances, ſignifying a ſtrange monſter.
ENDRI'NA, ſ. f. a damſon.
ENDRI'NO, ſ. m. a damſon-tree.
EN DU'DA, adv. in doubt, doubtfully.
ENDULZADU'RA, ſ. f. ſweetening.
ENDULZA'R, v. a. to ſweeten.
Enduzár la pintúra, to ſweeten a piece of painting, to take down the harſhneſs of it that appears to the eye.
ENDULGE'NCIA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *INDULGE'NCIA*.
ENDURA'R, v. a. to grow hard, to be loath to do a thing.
ENDURECE'R, v. a. to grow hard.
ENDURECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. growing hard.

E N E

ENE'A, ſ. f. a ſort of flag, of which they make mats.
ENEA'GONO, ſ. m. a figure in geometry conſiſting of nine angles.
ENEA'TICO, adj. belonging to the number nine.
ENEBRA'L, ſ. m. the place where juniper-trees grow.
ENE'BRO, ſ. m. tho juniper-tree.
ENECHA'DO, ſ. m. obſ. a foundling, a child laid out.
ENECHA'R, v. a. to lay a child to be taken up; alſo to cleanſe wheat.
EN EFE'TO, adv. in effect, in concluſion, in ſhort.
ENE'LDO, ſ. m. the herb dill.
ENEMI'GA, ſ. f. ſometimes is taken for enmity, ſometimes for a female enemy, and in poetry uſed for an unkind miſtreſs.
ENEMIGABLE, adj. hateful.
ENEMIGADE'RO, adj. obſ. inimical, hoſtile.
ENEMIGAME'NTE, adv. like an enemy, hatefully.
ENEMIGA'R, v. n. to make or become enemies.
ENEMI'GO, ſ. m. an enemy.

Prov. *Al enemigo que huye, la puénte de pláta*, make a ſilver bridge for your enemy; that is, hinder not his flight, leſt deſpair make him turn the more furious upon you.

Prov. *De los enemigos los ménos*, of enemies the fewer the better; we muſt make as few enemies as we can.

Prov. *Quien es tu enemígo? el hómbre de tu oficio*, who is your enemy? the man that is of your

trade;

trade; that is, two of a trade can never agree.

Enemigo, adj. contrary, oppoſed, adverſe.

ENEMISTA'D, ſ. f. enmity.

ENEMISTANZA, ſ. f. enmity.

ENEMISTA'R, v. a. to grow an enemy.

Enemiſtárſe, v. r. to be at enmity with another.

ENERGI'A, ſ. f. energy, ſtrength of expreſſion; alſo force, vigour.

ENERGICAME'NTE, adv. with force and energy, efficaciouſly.

ENERGUMENO, ſ. m. poſſeſſed by the devil.

ENERIZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. briſtling, the hair ſtanding up at an end.

ENERIZA'R, v. n. to briſtle, to ſtand up an end as in a fright.

ENE'RO, ſ. m. January, the firſt month of the year.

ENERVA'R, v. a. to enervate, to weaken.

ENEXA'R, v. a. to put the axle-tree to a cart, waggon, or the like.

ENF

ENFADA'R, v. a. to put out of humour, to tire, to diſguſt, to offend.

ENFA'DO, ſ. m. uneaſineſs, diſquiet, diſturbance.

ENFADOSAME'NTE, adv. uneaſily.

ENFADO'SO, adj. troubleſome, tireſome, diſguſting, uneaſy.

ENFALDARSE, v. r. to tuck, or truſs up the coat.

ENFA'LDO, ſ. m. the folding up of any garment.

ENFARDELA'R, v. a. to fardle, to make up into a bundle, or fardle.

ENFASTIA'R, *ENFASTIDIA'R*, v. a. obſ. vide *ENFADA'R*.

ENFEA'R, v. n. to be ugly, or deformed.

ENFERMA'R, v. n. to grow ſick.

ENFERMEDA'D, ſ. f. ſickneſs.

ENFERMERI'A, ſ. f. an apartment for the ſick, an infimary.

ENFERME'RO, ſ. m. he that has charge of the ſick.

ENFERMI'ZO, adj. ſickly.

ENFERMO, adj. ſick; alſo weak, feeble; alſo unhealthy.

ENFEROZA'R, v. a. to make fierce or cruel.

ENFERVORIZA'R, v. a. to ſtir up, raiſe, or excite.

ENFEUDACIO'N, ſ. f. the laying on a fee, as on a fee-farm or copyhold; infeudation.

ENFIA'R, v. a. to truſt.

ENFILA'DAS, ſ. f. pl. in heraldry, hollow things, hollow parts.

ENFILA'R, v. a. to ſtand in a line, to keep up the files.

ENFIN, adv. in fine, in ſhort.

EN FINTA, ſ. f. fiction, deceit, counterfeit.

ENFINTO'SO, adj. deceitful, crafty, cunning, ſubtle.

ENFISTOLA'RSE, v. r. to be afflicted with a fiſtula.

ENFIUCIA'RSE, v. r. to confide, or truſt in any one.

ENFLAQUECE'R, v. n. to grow lean, to grow weak.

ENFLAUTADO'R, ſ. m. a deceitful, cheating fellow; a pimp, a pander.

ENFLAUTADO'R, ſ. m. one who entices or allures to vice; a pimp.

ENFLAUTAR, v. a. to entice, to allure to wickedneſs.

ENFLORECE'R, v. a. to deck with flowers, to adorn with flowers.

ENFORCA'R, v. a. to hang.

ENFORRA'R, v. a. vide *AFORRA'R*.

ENFORRADU'RA, ſ. f. the lining of any thing.

ENFORRA'R, v. a. to line a garment with or without furs.

ENFORRO, ſ. m. obſ. lining put to garments.

ENFORTALECE'R, v. a. to fortify.

ENFOSCA'RSE, v. r. to trouble, to raiſe into a paſſion, to look perplexed or angry.

ENFOTA'RSE, v. r. to encourage, to ſet on.

ENFRASCA'RSE, v. r. to ſtick faſt or be entangled; alſo to apply one's ſelf.

ENFRENADO'R, ſ. m. one who bridles or curbs.

ENFRENAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a bridling or curbing.

ENFRENA'R, v. a to bridle, to curb; alſo to contain, to reſtrain, to repreſs, to keep in awe.

ENFRE'NTE, adv. over-againſt.

ENFRIADE'RA, ſ. f. *ENFRIADO'R*, ſ. m. a veſſel to cool drink in ſnow or ice.

ENFRIAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a cooling or reminiſſneſs of heat.

ENFRIA'R, v. a. to cool.

Enfriárſe, v. r. to ſlacken, to grow cold in any buſineſs.

ENFROSCA'RSE, v. r. vide *ENFRASCA'RSE*.

ENFUNDADU'RA, ſ. f. putting into a caſe.

ENFUNDA'R, v. a. to put into a caſe.

ENFURECE'R, v. a. to inrage, to make mad, to make furious.

ENFURIA'RSE, v. r. to grow furious, to be inraged.

ENFURTI'R, v. a. to thicken, cloth at the fulling-mills.

ENFURUñA'RSE, v. r. to be exaſperated, or incenſed. Vulgar.

ENG

ENGABANA'DO, adj. covered with a great looſe coat.

ENGABIA'R, v. n. to go up, to aſcend.

ENGA'CE, ſ. m. connexion, coherence, joining together.

ENGAFA'R, v. a. to fix or make faſt with an hook or anchor.

ENGAFECE'R, v. n. to grow leprous.

ENGAITADO'R, ſ. m. deceiver, impoſtor, cheat.

ENGAITA'R, v. a. to cheat, to deceive, to delude by promiſes.

ENGALANA'R, v. a. to adorn, to ſet off, to make fine or gay.

ENGELLA'DO, adj. erect, ſtraight, ſtanding up.

ENGANCHADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who entices or wheedles another to enliſt for a ſoldier.

ENGANCHAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. decoying of people to enliſt themſelves.

ENGANCHA'R, v. a. to catch by a hook; to decoy people to enliſt themſelves for ſoldiers.

ENGAÑADI'ZO, adj. eaſy to deceive, or to be deceived.

ENGAÑADO'R, ſ. m. deceiver, chear.

ENGAÑAR, v. a. to deceive, to cheat, to cozen.

Prov. *El trampóſo préſto engáña al codicióſo*, the ſharper ſoon cheats, the covetous man.

Engañárſe, v. r. to err, to miſtake.

ENGAÑI'FA, ſ. f. deceit, deceitful promiſe.

ENGAÑO, ſ. m. deceit, fraud.

ENGAÑOSAME'NTE, adv. deceitfully, fraudulently.

ENGAÑO'SO, adj. deceitful, fraudulent.

ENGARABATA'R, v. a. to take with a hook.

ENGARBA'R, v. a. to perch on the tops of the higheſt trees.

ENGARBULLA'R, v. a. to intangle, to confound, to work in a hurry.

ENGARGANTA'R, v. a. to run the foot up to the inſtep into the ſtirrup' which is unſeemly.

ENGARITA'R, v. a. to deceive with art.

ENGARRAFA'R, v. a. to grapple, to catch with a hook or with the claws.

ENGARZA'R, v. a. vide *ENGAZAR*.

ENGASTA'R, v. a. to ſet, as a ſtone in a ring or the like.

ENGA'STE, ſ. m. the ſetting of ſtones in rings or the like.

ENGASTONA'R, v. a. vide *ENGASTA'R*.

ENGATAR, v. a. to inſnare, or to catch as a cat does a mouſe.

ENGATUSA'R, v. a. to cheat in a bantering way, without a deſign of injuring. Vulgar.

ENGAVILLA'R, v. a. to bind up like faggots or brush-wood.

ENGAZADO'R, ſ. m. f. the perſon who ſtrings beads in a wire.

ENGAZA'R, v. a. to ſtring beads in wire, linking every bead to the next.

ENGENDRA'BLE, adj. that can be engendered, or begotten.

ENGENDRADO'R, ſ. m. he that begets, or engenders.

ENGENDRA'R, v. a. to beget, to engender, to procreate; alſo to produce, to form; alſo to excite, to cauſe.

ENGE'NDRO, ſ. m. an embryo.

ENGEÑE'RO, ſ. m. an engineer, a perſon skilled in the art of fortification; one that makes any ſorts of ſtrange engines.

ENGEÑA'R, v. n. to contrive, to mediate, to invent.

ENGE'ÑIO, } ſ. m. vide *IN-*
ENGEÑO, } *GE'NIO.*

ENGEÑO'SO, adj. vide *INGENIO'SO.*

ENGERI'R, v. a. to graft.

ENGIBACAI'RE, ſ. m. in cant, a procurer, a pimp.

ENGIBADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, ruffian, bully, pimp.

ENGIBA'R, v. a. in cant, to keep, to receive.

ENGI'E, ſ. m. a fish like a lamprey.

ENGLANDA'DO, adj. loaded. with acorns.

ENGOLFA'R, v. n. to launch out into the deep, to get far out to ſea; to plunge into any buſineſs.

ENGOLILLA'DO, adj. dreſſed in a ruff.

ENGOLLETA'DO, adj. proud, elate; haughty.

ENGOLONDRINA'RSE, v. r. to intrude without any manners.

ENGOLOSINA'R, v. a. to allure, to entice, to awake deſire.

Engoloſinarſe, v. r. to be covetous or greedy of a thing one has taſted, to deſire it.

ENGOMADE'RO, adj. that may be ſtarched or gummed.

ENGOMADO'R, ſ. m. a man that gums or ſtarches.

ENGOMADU'RA, ſ. f. the act of ſtarching or gumming.

ENGOMA'R, v. a. to gum, to ſtarch.

ENGORA'R, v. a. to addle, to make addle.

ENGORDADO'R, ſ. m. he that minds nothing but good eating.

ENGORDA'R, v. a. to fatten, to make fat; to grow rich.

Engordár, v. n. to grow fat.

ENGORDECE'R, v. n. to grow fat.

ENGORGONA'DO, adj. run into a dangerous gulph of the ſea.

ENGO'RRA, ſ. f. obſtruction, hindrance, perplexity, trouble.

ENGORRA'R, v. a. to obſtruct, to hinde, to trouble, to perplex.

ENGO'RRO, ſ. m. trouble, obſtruction, hindrance.

ENGORRO'SO, adj. troubleſome, perplexihg, obſtructing, hindering.

ENGOZNA'R, v. a. to hinge, to put on hinges.

ENGRACIA'R, v. a. to be pleaſant, or agreeable.

ENGRANDECEDO'R, ſ. m. a magnifier, one that makes great or aggrandizes.

ENGRANDECE'R, v. a. to magnify, to aggrandize, to make great, to extol.

ENGRANDECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. magnifying, aggrandizing, making great, extolling.

ENGRASSA'R, v. a. to greaſe.

ENGRAVEDA'R, v. a. to affect gravity.

ENGREIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vanity, pride, haughtineſs.

ENGREI'R, v. a. to pleaſe, to rejoice, to encourage, to be vain.

Engreirſe, v. r. to grow vain; alſo to dreſs one's ſelf.

ENGRIFA'RSE, v. r. to ſwell.

ENGROSSA'R, v. n. to grow fat.

ENGRUDADO'R, ſ. m. ſtarcher, one who paſtes or thickens with ſtarch.

ENGRUDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a paſting or ſticking any thing with paſte or ſtarch.

ENGRUDA'R, v. a. to paſte, to ſtarch.

ENGRU'DO, ſ. m. ſtarch, paſte made of flour and water to ſtick things together.
ENGRUDO'SO, adj. daubed with paſte or ſtarch.
ENGRUMECE'R, v, a. to clot together, to cling, or harden together, to congeal like blood, or the like.
ENGUALDRAPA'R, v. a. to put a cloth over a horſe, to capariſon.
ENGUANTA'DO, adj. with gloves on.
ENGUEDEXA'R, v. a. to put on locks, or to dreſs the hair.
ENGUICHA'DO, adj. an epithet given in heraldry to trumpets and huntinghorns.
ENGUIJARRA'R, v. a. to pave the ſtreets with pebbles.
ENGUI'LA, ſ. f. vide *ANGUI'LA*.
ENGUIRNALDA'R, v. a. to adorn with crowns of flowers.
ENGUIZGA'R, v. a. to ſtir up, to excite, to egg on; alſo to perſuade earneſtly to do any thing.
ENGULLIDO'R, ſ. m. one that ſwallows without chewing, a cormorant, a devouring fellow.
ENGULLI'R, v. a. to ſwallow without chewing, to devour.
ENGU'RRIA, ſ. f. the ſtrangury, a difficulty in making water.
ENGURRIA'DO, adj. troubled with the ſtrangury; alſo wrinkled.
ENGURRIAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. wrinkling; ſtopage of the urine.
ENGU'RRIO, ſ. m. the ſtrangury.
ENGURUñA'RSE, v. r. to be melancholy, ſad.

E N H

ENHADA'R, v. a. vide *ENFADA'R*.
ENHAMBRECE'R, v. n. to be hungry.
ENHAMBRENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. hungring, or making hungry.
ENHAMBRENTA'R, v. a. to make hungry.
ENHARINA'R, v. a. to ſprinkle with flour or meal.
ENHASTA'R, v. a. to put the ſpear or iron point to a lance, pike, or other weapon.
ENHASTIA'R, v. a. to cloy, or have a loathing to meat.
ENHASTI'O, ſ. m. a loathing.
ENHASTIO'SO, adj. loathing.
ENHEBRA'R, v. a. to thread, as ſilk, or thread in a needle.
ENHECHIZADO'R, ſ. m. a wizard, conjurer, inchanter.
ENHECHIZA'R, v. a. to bewitch.
ENHENA'R, v. a. to cover, or pack up with hay.
ENHERBOLA'R, v. a. to poiſon any thing with herbs.
ENHESTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. rearing up, ſetting up at an end.
ENHESTA'R, v. a. to rear up, to ſet up an end.
ENHETRADU'RA, ſ. f. } intangling,
ENHETRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } perplexing.
ENHETRA'R, v. a. to intangle, as ſilk or hair does; to perplex, to confound, to diſorder.
ENHIELA'R, v. a. to mix with gall.
ENHIESTADO'R, ſ. m. one that rears, ſets, or carries a thing upright.
ENHIE'STO, adj. reared up, ſet, or ſtanding upright.
ENHILA'R, v. a. to thread as a needle.
ENHOCA'R, v. a. to make hollow.
ENHONDA'R, v. a. to deepen.
ENHORCA'DO, ſ. m. a wag, an arch fellow; alſo a rope of onions or garlick.
ENHORABUE'NA, ſ. f. congratulation.
ENHORAMA'LA, adv. in an ill hour, unſeaſonably, with bad ſucceſs.
ENHORCA'R, v. a. to hang.
ENHORMA'R, v. a. to put upon the laſt, as ſhoes to be ſtretched.
ENHORNADU'RA, ſ. f. putting into the oven.
ENHORNA'R, v. a. to ſet into the oven.
ENHUERA'R, v. a. to make eggs addle.

E N I

ENIGMA, ſ. m. a riddle, an obſcure queſtion.
ENIGMA'TICO, adj. enigmatical, in the nature of a riddle, obſcure, darkly, or ambiguouſly expreſſed.
ENIGMATI'STA, ſ. m. one who deals in obſcure and ambiguous expreſſions, conceits, or matters.
ENIVELADU'RA, ſ. f. drawing by rule or line.
ENIVELA'R, v. a. to draw by rule or line.

E N J

ENJAEZA'R, v. a. to trap, to furniſh a horſe.
ENJAGUA'R, v. a. vide *ENJUAGA'R*.
ENJALBEGADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who whitens the wall, a plaiſterer.
ENJALBEGA'R, v. a. to whiten or white-waſh the walls; alſo to paint the face as women do.
ENJAMBLADO'R, ſ. m. an inlayer; alſo a joiner.
ENJAMBLA'R, v. a. to inlay in wood.
ENJA'MBRE, ſ. m. vide *ENXA'MBRE*.
ENJAULAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the ſtate of being ſhut up in a cage, priſon, or jail.
ENJAULA'R, v. a. to put into a cage.
Enjaulár úna cáſa, to raiſe all the frame of a houſe of timber, in order to board, lath, or plaiſter it afterwards.
ENJIBADO'R, ſ. m. in cant; a ruffian.

ENJIBA'R, v. n. in cant, to receive, to keep.
ENJORGINA'RSE, v. r. to black one's face with ſoot.
ENJOYA'R, v. a. to adorn with jewels.
ENJUAGADIE'NTES, ſ. m. the rinſing of the mouth with water or any thing elſe.
ENJUAGADU'RAS, ſ. f. the rinſings of any thing.
ENJUAGA'R, v. a. to rinſe.
ENJUA'GUE, ſ. m. the water, or other liquor put into the mouth to rinſe it.
ENJUANETA'DO, adj. full of corns on the fingers or toes.
ENJUGA'R, v. a. to dry.
ENJUICIA'R, v. a. to judge a ſuit in law.
ENJUNCA'R la véla, v. a. to laſh faſt the ſail.
ENJU'NDIA, ſ. f. vide *EXU'NDIA*.
ENJUNQUE, ſ. m. heavy matters put at the bottom of a ſhip which ſerves ſometimes as ballaſt.
ENJU'TO, adj. dry.

E N L

ENLABIADO'R, ſ. m. a fawning fellow, one that deceives with fair words, a tongue-pad.
ENLABIA'R, v. a. to fawn, to deceive with fair words, to tongue-pad.
ENLA'BIO, ſ. m. a flattering, fawning, or deceiving with fair words.
ENLA'CE, ſ. m. connexion, coherence, joining together.
ENLADRILLADO'R, ſ. m. one that lays bricks or tiles, a brick-layer.
ENLADRILLA'R, v. a. to lay bricks or tiles for floors, or the like.
ENLAMA'R, v. a. to leave the ſlime or mud upon the ſurface of the place it has overflowed.
ENLARDA'R, v. a. to lard or baſte with bacon.
ENLATA'DO, adj. plated with metal; alſo ribbed as the ſides of ſhips.
ENLAVIA'R, v. a. vide *ENLABIA'R*.
ENLAZA'BLE, adj. that may be tied or knotted.
ENLAZADO'R, ſ. m. one who ties or inſnares.
ENLAZADU'RA, ſ. f. } tying,
ENLAZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } joining together; alſo union and friendſhip.
ENLAZA'R, v. a. to tie, to join together, to knot.
ENLERDA'R, v. n. to grow ſlow, heavy, or dull.
ENLEVA'R, v. a. vide *ELEVA'R*.
ENLIGA'R, v. a. to daub, to ſtick with bird-lime.
ENLIRIA'R, v. a. to adorn with lilies.
ENLIZA'R, v. a. to make ſmooth.
ENLLENA'R, v. a. to fill.
ENLOBA'R, v. n. to grow hungry or greedy as a wolf.
ENLODA'R, v. a. to bemire, to daub with mud or mire.
ENLOQUECE'R, v. n. y a. to grow or make mad or diſtracted.
ENLOSA'R, v. a. to pave with broad ſtones.
ENLOZA'R, v. a. vide *ENLOSA'R*.
ENLOZANA'RSE, v. r. to boaſt, to preſume, to take upon one's ſelf too much, to be proud, vain, and haughty.
ENLUCI'R, v. a. to white-waſh the walls; to make bright.
EN LUGA'R, adv. inſtead.
ENLUTA'R, v. a. to put into mourning.

E N M

ENMADERAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. wooden work, or doing any thing with whod
ENMADERA'R, v. a. to build, to ſtrengthen, to do any thing with wood.
ENMAGRECE'R, v. n. to grow lean.
ENMARAÑA'R, v. a. to intangle, to perplex.
ENMARA'RSE, v. r. to put out to ſea.
ENMASCARA'R, v. a. to maſk.
EN MEDIO, adv. in the middle.
ENMENDA'R, v. a. to mend, to correct, to rectify, to make or grow better.
ENMERDA'R, v. a. to daub with ordure or dung.
ENMIE'NDA, ſ. f. amendment.
No tenèr enmiénda, to be incorrigible, paſt mending.
ENMOCECE'R, v. n. to grow young.
ENMOHECE'RSE, v. r. to grow mouldy.
ENMORDAZA'R, v. a. vide *AMORDAZA'R*.
ENMUDECE'R, v. n. to grow dumb, to have nothing to ſay for one's ſelf.

E N N

ENNEGRECE'R, v. a. to make or grow black.
ENNIVELA'R, v. a. vide *ENIVELA'R*.
ENNOBLECE'R, v. a. to make or grow noble.
ENNOBLECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a nobilitating, or making, or growing noble.
ENNOVIA'R, v. a. to marry.
ENNUDECE'R, v. n. to grow knoſty.

E N O

ENO'DIO, ſ. m. the fawn of a ſtag.
ENODRI'DA, ſ. f. a hen is ſo called when ſhe has done laying eggs.
ENOJADAME'NTE, adv. angrily.
ENOJADI'ZO, adj. paſſionate, apt to be angry, pettiſh.
ENOJA'R, v. a. to anger.
ENO'JO, ſ. m. anger.
ENOJOSAME'NTE, adv. angrily.
ENOJO'SO, adj. offenſive, provoking.
EN O'RDEN, adv. orderly, in order.

ENO'RME, adj. enormous, deformed, exceſſive big, out of meaſure.
ENORMEME'NTE, adv. enormouſly, exceſſively, out of meaſure.
ENORMIDA'D, ſ. f. enormity.

E N P

ENPALA'R, v. a. to impale.
ENPANTANA'R, v. a. to bog, to ſtop or puzzle buſineſs.
EMPATRONIZA'R, v. a. to patronize, to protect.
ENPEDERNECE'R, v. n. vide *EMPEDERNECE'R.*
ENPEñA'R, v. a. vide *EMPEñA'R.*
EN POS, prep. after.

E N Q

ENQUADERNACIO'N, ſ. f a binding of a book.
ENQUADERNA'DOR, ſ. m. a bookbinder; alſo a pimp.
ENQUADERNA'R, v. a. to bind books; to ſet the ribs of ſhips.
EN QUALQUIE'R manéra, adv. any how, however it be.
ENQUE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *ENGUE'NTO.*
ENQUICIA'DO, adj. put upon the hinges.
ENQUILLOTRA'R, v. a. to intangle, to confound, to mix, to perplex.
ENQUISICIO'N, ſ. f. inquiſition.

E N R

ENRALECE'R, v. a. to make or grow thin.
ENRAMA'DA, ſ. f. an arbour, a hut made of boughs, any twining together of boughs.
ENRAMA'R, v. a. to cover, or adorn with boughs.
ENRANCIA'RSE, v. r. to grow ſtale, or ruſty.
ENRARECE'R, v. a. y n. to make or grow rare, or ſcarce.
ENRASA'R, v. a. to make even, or ſmooth.
ENRAJA'R, v. a. to fix the ſpokes into wheels.
ENREDADE'RA, f. f. a knotty ſort of graſs.
ENREDADO'R, ſ. m. an intangler, one that catches in a net, one ſets people together by the ears.
ENREDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. intangling, catching in a net, ſettling people together by the ears.
ENREDA'R, v. a. to intangle, to catch in the net, to ſet people together by the ears.
Enredárſe, v. r. to be intangled, to have to do with any body ſo that one knows not how to get off.
ENRE'DO, ſ. m. a miſchievous ſtory, to ſet people at variance, an intricate lie; any intangling.
ENREDO'SO, adj. intangled, doubtful, perplexed.
ENREGISTRA'R, v. a. to regiſter, to inroll.
ENREHOJA'R, v. a. to roll the wax into a leaf, to make it in leaves that it may become white.
ENREJA'R, v. a. to put grates, or bars before windows.
ENRIA'R, v. a. to ſink-ſlat in the river.
ENRIDA'R, v. a. obſ. to ſe on, to hallow on a dog.
ENRIQUECE'R, v. n. to grow rich; v. a. to make rich.
ENRISCA'DO, adj. high on the rocks, dangerous, difficult of acceſs, ſteep.
ENRISCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſteepneſs, the craggy ſide of a rock, difficulty of acceſs.
ENRISCA'R, v. a. to get among the rocks and precipices, to venture into danger.
ENRISTRA'R, v. a. to put lance into the reſt.
ENRIZA'R, v. a. to curl the hair, to turn them in ringlets.
ENROBLECE'R, v. n. to grow hard as an oak.
ENROCA'R, v. a. to fortify a place, as it were with rocks about it; alſo to caſtle the king at chefs.
ENRODA'R, v. a. to put a criminal to death upon a wheel.
ENRODELA'R, v. a. to arm with a target.
ENRODRIGONA'R, v. a. to prop a vine.
ENROMA'R, v. a. to flatten, to blunt.
ENROQUECE'R, v. n. to grow hoarſe.
ENROQUECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. hoarſeneſs.
ENROSA'R, v. a. to dye any thing of the roſe colour.
ENROSCADU'RA, ſ. f. lying round like a ſnake.
ENROSCA'R, v. n. to lay round like a ſnake.
ENROSSA'DO, *ENROXA'DO*, } adj. red.
ENROXA'R, v. a. to make red.
ENROXECE'R, v. n. to be red in the face, to blush.
ENRUBIADE'RA, ſ. f. a woman that makes hair red.
ENRUBIADO'R, ſ. m. a man that makes the hair fair.
ENRUBIA'R, v. a. to make the hair fair; to turn to a reddish colour.
ENRUBIECE'R, v. n. to grow fair.
ENRUDECE'R, v. n. to grow dull or ignorant.

E N S

ENSABANA'DA, ſ. f. vide *CAMISA'DA.*
ENSABANA'R, v. a. to wrap in a ſheet.
ENSALA'DA, ſ. f. a ſallad; alſo a ſort of verſes of ſeveral ſorts put together.
Prov. *La vez de la enſaláda, ni la piérdas ni ſea agudda*, do not forget to drink with ſallad, and let there be no water in it; that is, be ſure, when you eat ſallad, to drink a good glaſs of wine without water to warm the herbs in the ſtomach.
ENSALADI'LLA, ſ. f. ſweet herbs mixt together.
ENSA'LMA, ſ. f. a pannel for a beaſt.
ENSALMADE'RA, ſ. m. a wo-

man that practiſes the ſuperſtitious, way of ſaying prayers over ſick people on pretence to cure them.

ENSALMA'R, v. a. to attempt to cure by ſaying certain prayers over ſilk people; alſo to knock one on the head.

ENSA'LMO, ſ. m. the ſuperſtitious way of ſaying ſtrange words over ſick people on pretence to cure them.

ENSALVAJA'R, v. a. to make ſavage or wild.

ENSALZADO'R, ſ. m. one that praiſes and magnifies any thing or action.

ENSALZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. exaltation, praiſing, extolling.

ENSALZA'R, v. a. to exalt, to praiſe, to extoll, to magnify.

Enſalzárſe, v. r to boaſt.

ENSAMBENITA'R, v. a. to put a badge on the converted Jews when brought out of the inquiſition.

ENSAMBLADO'R, ſ. m. a joyner, a carver.

ENSAMBLADU'RA, ſ. f. } the
ENSAMBLA'JE, ſ. m. } act of putting together pieces of wood as the joiner or cabinet-maker does.

ENSAMBLA'R, v. a. to work joinerywork; to inlay in wood.

ENSA'NCHA, ſ. f. an addition; a gore to make linen wider, or any thing that is added to make another thing wider.

ENSANCHADO'R, ſ. m. one who ſtretches out or makes wider.

ENSANCHAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtretching out, making wider.

ENSANCHA'R, v. a. to ſtretch, to make wider.

Enſanchárſe, v. r. to ſtretch out, to take up more room; to grow ſtately and require much courtſhip.

Enſanchárſe el coraẓón, to breathe more freely, to recover after a fright.

NSA'NCHE, ſ. m. extenſion, width.

ENSANDECE'R, v. n. to run mad, to turn fool.

ENSANGOSTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. making narrow or ſtrait.

ENSANGOSTA'R, v. a. to make narrower or ſtraiter.

ENSANGRENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that imbrues in blood, a bloody perſon.

ENSANGRENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an imbruing with blood.

ENSANGRENTA'R, v. a. to imbrue with blood.

ENSAñAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. rage.

ENSAñA'R, v. a. to be in a rage.

ENSARNECE'R, v. n. to have the itch.

ENSARTA'R, v. a. to ſtring as we do beads; to tack long tales together.

ENSAVANADA, ſ. f. the appearing of people wrapped in ſheets.

ENSAVANA'R, v. a. to wrap. in a ſheet.

ENSA'Y, ſ. m. trial, eſſay, proof.

ENSAYADO'R, ſ. m. taſter, aſſayer, trier.

ENSAYA'R, v. a. to try, to taſte, to aſſay, to make proof of; to put on a looſe coat; to rehearſe as actors do; to practiſe any thing that is to be done.

ENSAY'E, ſ. m. trial, eſſay, proof.

ENSA'YO, ſ. m. aſſaying, taſting, trial; rehearſing like actors, practiſing of any thing.

ENSEBADU'RA, ſ. f. a tallowing or greaſing.

ENSEBA'R, v. a. to tallow, to greaſe.

ENSELVA'DO, adj. full of woods.

ENSE'MBLE, adv. obſ. together.

ENSENA'DA, ſ. f. a bay in the ſea.

ENSENA'R, v. a. to put into the boſom.

ENSEñA, ſ. f. a ſign to a houſe, or the colours in an army.

ENSEñA'BLE, adj. eaſy to be taught, docible.

ENSEñADE'RO, adj. theat can be taught.

ENSEñADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who teaches.

ENSEñAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. inſtruction.

ENSEñA'NZA, ſ. f. inſtruction, teaching.

ENSEñA'R, v. a. to teach, to inſtruct; alſo to ſhew, to point out.

Enſeñárſe, v. r. to. accuſtom one's ſelf, to teach one's ſelf.

ENSEñO'READOR, ſ. m. one who has dominion or power over others.

ENSEñOREAR, v. a. to be lord of, or to have power over.

ENSE'NSIO, ſ. f. the herb. wormwood.

ENSERPENTA'DO, adj. enraged as a ſerpent.

ENSEVA'R, v. a. to greaſe, to tallow.

ENSILA'R, v. a. to put into a granary; to gormandiſe, to eat voraciouſly.

ENSILLADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſaddling any beaſt.

ENSILLA'R, v. a. to ſaddle.

Prov. *Aùn no enſillamos, y yà cabalgámos*, we have not ſaddled yet, and we are for riding already. Applied to thoſe who are for attaining the ends without uſing the means, and are too precipitate in what they do.

ENSOBERBECE'RSE, v. r. to grow proud.

ENSOGA'R, v. a. to tie any thing with ropes.

ENSOLA'R, v. a. to lay a floor or pavement.

ENSOLVE'R, v, a. to mix, to confuſe.

ENSOPA'R, v. a. to make ſoup, to dip the bread in the ſoup or any other liquor.

ENSORDADE'RA, ſ. f. a ſort of down or woollineſs, that grows at the end of rushes.

ENSORDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a making or growing deaf.

ENSORDA'R, v. a. to make or grow deaf.

ENSORDECE'R, v. n. to grow deaf.

ENSORDEDE'RA, ſ. f. vide *ENSORDADE'RA.*

ENSORTIJA'R, v. a. to link together with rings.

Enſortijár el cabéllo, to curl the hair.

Enſortijár las manos, to wring the hands for grief.

ENSOTA'RSE, v. r. to get into a wood or thicket.

ENSPIRITA'DO, adj. poſſeſſed with an evil ſpirit.

ENSUCIAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſouling, defiling.

ENSUCIA'R, v. a. to ſoul, to defile, to make dirty, to bewray.

Enſuciárſe, v. r. to befoul one's ſelf.

ENSUY'AR, v. a. obſ. to undertake, to ſet about doing a thing.

E N T.

ENTABLACIC'N, ſ. f. a regiſter.

ENTABLA'DO, ſ. m. } a term in
ENTABLADU'RA, } architecſ. f. } ture, the entablature.

ENTABLAME'NTO, ſ. m. a boarding or planking.

ENTABLA'R, v. a. to board or plank; to commence, to ſet on foot; alſo to ſet the men at tables or other game.

Entablár un negócio, to diſpoſe buſineſs into method, that it may be eaſily compaſſed.

ENTADO, adj. joined or packed together, cemented, as in a coat of arms, when one part is joined to another.

ENTALAMA'DO, adj. covered with cloth, as a waggon, &c.

ENTALEGA'R, v. a. to put any thing in a ſack.

ENTALLA'BLE, adj. that may be carved.

ENTALLADO'R, ſ. m. a carver in wood or the like.

ENTALLADU'RA, ſ. carving in wood or the like.

ENTALLA'R, v. a. to carve in wood, or the like; alſo to make cloaths ſhapeable to the body.

ENTA'LLE, ſ. m. the work done by teh carver.

ENTALLECE'R, v. n. is to grow to a ſtem or ſtalk.

EN TA'NTO, adv. foraſmuch; in the mean while.

En tánto grádo, ſo far forth, to ſuch a degree.

ENTAPIA'R, v. a. to wall or ſhut up.

ENTAPIZA'R, v. a. to hang with tapeſtry.

ENTARIMA'R, v. a. to plank, to floor with boards.

ENTARQUINA'R, v. a. to daub, to defile, to foul, or dirt.

E'NTASI, ſ. m. in architecture, an entaſis, a ſwelling in the ſhaft or body of a column.

EN TASSA'JOS, adv. in pieces, like meat ſalted and hung up.

ENTE, ſ. m. a being.

ENTECA'DO, adj. one that moves his joints with difficulty, ſtiff in the joints.

ENTE'CO, adj. vide *ENTECA'DO.*

ENTEJA'DO, adj. like a tile, made in the ſhape of a tile.

ENTEJE'R, v. a. vide *ENTEXE'R.*

ENTELERI'DO, adj. obſ. full of fear.

ENTE'NA, ſ. f. the yard of a ſhip to which the ſail is made faſt.

ENTENA'DA, ſ. f. a daughter-in-law, the wife's daughter by another husband, or the husband's by another wife.

ENTENA'DO, ſ. m. a ſon-in-law, as above.

ENTENDEDE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. good capacity, good underſtanding.

ENTENDEDO'R, ſ. m. one that conceives or underſtands.

Prov. *Al buén entendedór bréve habladór*, to one that underſtands well; a few words.

ENTENDE'R, v. a. to underſtand, to conceive.

Entendér en algo, to be buſy or employed about ſomething.

Yo me entiéndo, I underſtand my own buſineſs.

Entendémos hacer tal coſa, we intend to do ſuch a thing.

Entendérſe con uno, to agree with one.

A mi entendér, according to my opinion.

No entiéndo de eſſo, I will not do it.

Sabérſe entender, to know how to behave.

ENTENDIDAMENTE, adv. wiſely, judiciously.

ENTENDI'DO, ſ. m. a man of underſtanding.

ENTENDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the underſtanding.

Entendiménto de la léy, the true explication or ſenſe of the law.

ENTENEBRECE'R. v. a. to darken, to make or grow dark.

ENTENZO'N, ſ. f. conteſt, quarrel, diſcord.

ENTERAME'NTE, adv. wholly, fully, totally.

ENTERAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. thorough information.

ENTERA'R, v. a. to reſtore, to pay; alſo to inform thoroughly.

ENTERE'ZA, ſ. f. integrity; alſo pride and obſtinacy.

ENTERI'ZO, adj. whole, ſound.

ENTERNECE'R, v. a. to make tender, to move to compaſſion.

Enternecérſe, v. r. to grow compaſſionate, to be moved with pity.

ENTERNECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. compaſſion, pity, mercy, tenderneſs of heart.

ENTE'RO, adj. whole.

Hómbre entéro, an upright man; a man of a ſound body; a poſitive man.

Cabállo entéro, ſ. m. a ſtone-horſe.

Lienzo entéro, coarſe linen.

Por entéro, adv. wholly, totally, fully.

ENTERRADO'R, ſ. m. a burier.

ENTERRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. funeral, burial; the place of burial.

ENTERROGA'R, v. a. vide *INTERROGA'R.*

ENTERVENI'R, v. n. pref. to happen or fall out by the way, or by the by, or in the mean time.

ENTESADAME'NTE, adv. manfully, vigorouſly, ſtoutly, valiantly, bravely.

ENTESAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtretching, laying out; alſo ſtiffening.

ENTESA'R, v. a. to ſtretch, to lay out; alſo to ſtiffen.

ENTEXE'R, v. a. to weave in.

ENTHE'O, adj. full of the divine ſpirit, inſpired, divine.

ENTHIME'MA, ſ. m. an imperfect ſyllogiſm conſiſting only of antecedent and conſequence; an enthymeme.

ENTHRONIZACIO'N, ſ. f. an enthroning.

ENTHRONIZA'R, v. a. to enthrone, to place on a regal ſeat, to inveſt with ſovereign authority.

ENTHUSIAS'MO, ſ. m. enthuſiaſm.

ENTIBADO'R; ſ. m. who props or ſhores up any thing.

ENTIBA'R, v. n. to prop up, to ſhore, to ſupport.

ENTIBIADE'RO, ſ. m. a veſſel to make any thing lukewarm in.

ENTIBIA'R, v. a. to make lukewarm.

Entubiárſe, v. r. to cool; to ſlacken in the eagerneſs wherewith a man purſued any buſineſs.

ENTI'BO, ſ. m. ſupporter, pillar in building.

ENTIDA'D, ſ. f. entity, exiſtence; alſo value, eſtimation.

ENTIE'RRO, ſ. m. burial, funeral.

ENTIGRECE'RSE, v. r. to grow furious and raging as a tyger.

ENTIMEM'A, ſ. m. vide *ENTHIME'MA.*

ENTINTA'R, v. a. to daub with ink.

ENTIVIAR, v. a. vide *ENTIBIA'R.*

ENTIZNA'R, v. a. to ſmut, to ſully, to defile; to blemiſh one's reputation; to diſgrace one's family.

ENTOLDA'R, v. a. to cover the ſtreets with ſails or the like on great ſolemnities, or places to ſit cool from the ſun.

Entoldár la náo, to ſpread the awning in a ſhip.

ENTOLLADE'RO, ſ. m. a miry place, a quagmire.

ENTOLLA'R, v. a. to ſtick in the mire, to bog.

ENTOMIZA'R, v. a. to tie with a cord or rope.

ENTONACIO'N, ſ. f. a tuning, ſetting a tune, raiſing the voice; alſo growing haughty.

ENTONADO'R, ſ. m. one who tunes or raiſes the voice; alſo a haughty fellow.

ENTONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a tuning or raiſing the voice.

ENTONA'R, v. a. to tune, to raiſe the voice, to talk loud, to be vain.

ENTO'NCES, adv. then, in that time.

ENTO'NO, ſ. m. a tuning, ſetting a tune, raiſing the voice.

Entóno, ſ. m. haughtineſs, pride, arrogance.

ENTONTECE'R, v. n. to grow foolish.

ENTORCE'R, v. a. to wind or wreath about like a ſnake.

ENTO'RCHA, ſ. f. vide *ANTORCHA.*

ENTORCHA'DO, ſ. m a ſort of twiſted fringe.

ENTORCHA'R, v. a. to make or ſhape any thing like torch; alſo to twiſt or wreath.

ENTORCIJA'DO, adj. vide *ENSORTIJA'DO.*

ENTORMECE'R, v. a. vide *ADORMECE'R.*

ENTORMECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *ADORMECIMIE'NTO.*

ENTORNA'R, v. a. to put to.

ENTORNEA'R, v. a. to wind, turn, or wrap round.

ENTO'RNO, ſ. m. round about.

ENTORPECE'R, v. n. to grow numb, to grow dull or ſtupid.

ENTORPECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. numbneſs, dulneſs, ſtupidity.

ENTORTADU'RA, ſ. f. blinding of an eye; crooking, bending, or bowing.

ENTORTA'R, v. a. to crook, bend or how; alſo to make or become blind of an eye.

ENTOSSIGA'R, v. a. to intoxicate, to poiſon.

ENTRAZA'R, v. a. to trace, to mark out, to contrive.

ENTRA'DA; ſ. f. entry, entrance; a duty paid at entering a place; alſo anceſs, favour.

Hacer entráda, to make public entry like an ambaſſador.

Tenér entráda, en cáſa de un ſeñór, to be admitted to a great man, to be in his favour, to have his ear.

ENTRADE'RO, ſ. m. a wicket, a door in a gate.

ENTRADILLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *entráda.*

ENTRAMBOS, pron. both.

ENTRAMPA'R, v. a. to intrap, to catch in a trap-door, to inſnare, to deceive.

ENTRAÑA'BLE, adj. hearty, ſincere.

ENTRAÑABLEME'NTE, adv. heartily, ſincerely.

ENTRAÑA'L, adj. hearty, ſincere.

ENTRAÑA'R, v. a. to receive any one with ſincerity and affection.

ENTRA'ÑAS, ſ. f. pl. the entrails, the inward parts, the bowels.

Eſcondárſe en las entráñas de la tiérra, to hide one's ſelf in the bowels of the earth.

Hómbre de buénas entráñas, a good-natured or compaſſionate man.

Entráñas mías, my bowels, my dear, my ſoul, my life.

ENTRAÑIZA'R, v. a. to love ſincerely, affectionately.

ENTRAPAJA'R, v. a. to wrap in clouts or rags; from *trapájo*, a rag.

ENTRAPA'RSE, v. r. to be daubed with duſt.

ENTRA'R, v. n. to enter, to come in; at ſea, to gain ground upon a ſhip.

Entrár en religion, to go into a religious order.

Entrár en juégo, to make one at play.
Entrár en música, in muſic, to begin to ſing in concert.
Entrár úna silla, to ſet a chair.
Entrár de rondon, to rush rudely into a place without, being called or ſaying by your leave.
Entrárſe, to gain ground upon.
Entrár de por médio, to part a fray.
No intrárle de los diéntes adéntro, not to care for one, not to be concerned at any thing.
Entrár, v. a. to include, to compriſe, to comprehend; alſo to begin.
Entrár en una partida de lana ò cacao, to buy a parcel of wool or of cocoa.
Entrár una ciudad; to take a town.
Entrár a reinár, to begin to reign.
Entrár a la parte, to partake, to have a share in.
Entrár a ſaco, to plunder a town.
Entrár a uno, to perſuade one.
Entrár en ſi miſmo, to reflect upon one's ſelf.
Entrár de por medio, to mediate.
Entrár en la moda, to follow the faſhion.
ENTRE, prep. between.
ENTREABIE'RTO, p. p. of *entreabrir*.
ENTREABRI'R, v. n. to ſtand a-jar or half open.
ENTRECA'NO, adj. grey-headed.
ENTRECAVA'R, v. a. to dig ſhallow.
ENTRECE'JO, ſ. m. the ſpace between the eyebrows.
Entrecéjo, an angry lowring countenance.
ENTRECOGEDU'RA, ſ. m. interception.
ENTRECOGE'R, v. a. to take a ball or the like before it come to the ground.
ENTRECOLUNACIO'N, ſ. f. intercolumnation, in architecture; the diſtance or void between pillar and pillar.
ENTRECORTA'R, v. a, to cut off flying, or before it falls to the ground.
ENTRECUBIE'RTAS, ſ. f. between the decks; a ſeaterm.
ENTRE CUERO y cárne, between the ſkin and the flesh.
ENTRECUE'STA, ſ. f. the forepart of a hog's ribs.
ENTREDECI'R, v. a. to forbid, to interdict.
ENTREDI'A, adv. by day, in the daytime.
ENTREDI'CHO, p. p. forbidden, interdicted; ſubſ. uſed, the interdict when the church-doors are ſhut up without an excommunication, and the divine ſervice is forbid to be perfom end in public.
ENTREDIE'NTES, adv. betwixt the teeth.
ENTREDO'BLE, adj. between thick and thin.
ENTRE DOS LU'CES, adv. between day-light and candle-light.
ENTREFINO, adj. between coarſe and fine.
ENTRE'GA, ſ. f. a. delivery, the delivering any thing up.
ENTREGADAME'NTE, adv. wholly, perfectly, truly.
ENTREGADO'R, ſ. m. he that delivers up.
ENTRE'GA, ſ. f. } vide
ENTREGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } *ENTREGO.*
ENTREGA'R, v. a. to deliver up.
ENTRE'GO, ſ. m. delivery, acquittance.
ENTREHUE'LGO, ſ. m. a breathing, or panting between while.
ENTREJUNTA'R, v. a. to interjoin to join mutually.
ENTRELAZA'R, v. a. to fold, to join, to knit together.
ENTRELLOVI'R, v. imp. to rain a ſmall rain between a miſt and a rain.
ENTRELUBRICA'N, ſ. m. the twilight.
ENTREME'DIAS, adv. betwixt, in the mean while.
ENTREME'S, ſ. m. an interlude between the acts of a play.
ENTREMESA'DO, adj. belonging to an interlude between the acts of a play.
ENTREMESCLA'R, v. a. to intermix.
ENTREMETE'R, v. a. to put between, to intermeddle, to mix among other things.
Entremetérſe, v. r. to intrude, to intermeddle.
ENTREMETI'DO, ſ. m. a meddler, one that will have an oar in every boat.
ENTREMETIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. intermixing, putting between, intermeddling.
ENTREMIXTU'RA, ſ. f. intermixture.
ENTREMORI'R, v. n. to be almoſt expiring.
ENTREMUE'RTO, adj. half dead, almoſt expiring.
ENTRENZA'R, v. a. to plat like hair.
ENTREOI'R, v. a. to hear by halves, as, a man does things at a great diſtance, through a wall, or the like.
ENTREPA'ñO, ſ. m. an interval or ſpace of wall between two columns.
ENTREPA'PADO, ſ. m. the time between the death of one pope and the election of another.
ENTREPONE'R, v. a. to put between, to ſet between; to interpoſe.
ENTREPARECE'RSE, v. r. to ſee obſcurey, when things by their appearance impreſs but a faint idea.
ENTREPIE'RNAS, ſ. f. the ſpace or diſtance between the legs; alſo the pieces put to mend a pair of breeches between the legs.
ENTREPOSTU'RA, ſ. f. a ſetting or placing between.
ENTREPUE'STO, p. p. of *entreponér*.
ENTREPUNZADU'RA, ſ. f. pouncing or pricking at intervals.
ENTREPUNZA'R, v. a. to pounce, or prick at intervals.
ENTRERENGLONADU'RA, ſ. f. a note of interlining.

ENTRERENGLONA'R, v. a. to interline.
ENTREROMPE'R, v. a. to hinder, or interrupt.
ENTREROMPIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an hindrance, or interruption.
ENTRESA'CA, ſ. f. a lopping or cutting off boughs when they are thick, or keep out the light.
ENTRESACADU'RA, ſ. f. the ſeparating, or cutting of any thing when it is too thick.
ENTRESACA'R, v. a. to draw or take out of ſeveral places; to cull, to draw out from among the reſt, to thin, as they do plants or trees ſet too thick together.
ENTRESEMA'NA, ſ. f. in the week, within it, ſome day in the week.
ENTRESI', adv. among themſelves, to himſelf.
ENTRESI'JO, ſ. m. the midriff of any creature, which parts the bowels from the upper parts.
ENTRESUE'LO, ſ. m. a room taken out between two floors.
ENTRETALLADU'RA, ſ. f. intercarving.
ENTRETALLA'R, v. a. to intercarve, or carve at diſtances.
ENTRETA'NTO, adv. in the mean while.
ENTRETE'LA, ſ. f. a cloth put between the lining and the cloth.
ENTRETELA'R, v. a. to put any thing between the lining and the cloth.
ENTRETENEDO'R, ſ. m. who entertains, or employs himſelf in doing any thing, who delights, or diverts.
ENTRETENE'R, v. a. to divert, to entertain, to delay, to put off, to ſupport, to give ſome allowance.
ENTRETENIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diverſion, paſtime, delay; alſo an allowance till ſomething better comes.
ENTRETEXEDU'RA, ſ. f. interweaving.
ENTRETEXE'R, v. a. to interweave; alſo to mix.
ENTRETIE'MPO, ſ. m. interval.
ENTREVA'LO, ſ. m. the interval.
ENTREVA'R, v. a. to underſtand.
ENTREVENAR'SE, v. r. to mix or pour out any liquor between the veins.
ENTREVENIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a chance by the by.
ENTREVENI'R, v. n. to intervene, to come between, to happen by the by.
ENTREVERA'R, v. a. to intermix, as baskets of twigs of ſeveral colours, or flesh that is fat and lean in ſtreaks.
ENTREUNTA'R, v. a. to anoint ſlenderly.
ENTREXERI'R, v. a. to inſert, to thruſt in between, to intermix.
ENTRICADAME'NTE, adv. intricately.
ENTRICAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a perplexing, intangling.
ENTRICA'R, v a. to intricate, to intangle, to perplex.
ENTRINCA'DO, adj. confuſed, perplexed, diſordered, troubled, entangled.
ENTRIPA'DO, adj. inteſtine, inward.
ENTRISTECE'R, v. a. to make or to grow ſad; to wither.
Entriſtecérſe, v. r. to be ſad or melancholy.
ENTRISTECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. growing ſad.
ENTRO, prep. obſ. within.
ENTRODUZI'R, v. a. to introduce.
ENTROI'DO, ſ. m. the carnaval.
ENTROMETE'R, obſ. vide *ENTREMETE'R*.
ENTRONCA'R, v. n. to belong to a family, to be a deſcendant from a race.
ENTRONERA'R, v. a. to put or fix in a hole.
ENTRONIZA'R, v a. to inthrone, to raiſe, to exalt.
Entronizárſe, v. r. to take ſtate upon one, to grow proud or haughty.
ENTROPEZA'R, v. n. to ſtumble.
ENTROXA'R, v. a. to gather into the barn.
ENTRUCHA'DA, ſ. f. a ſecret clandeſtine affair or tranſaction.
ENTRUCHA'R, v. a. to deceive by flattery, to draw one in, to wheedle, cajole, inveigle, allure, intice, invite.
Entruchár, in cant, to underſtand, to diſcover.
ENTRUE'JO, ſ. m. obſ. the carnaval.
ENTUBA'JAR, v. n. to diſcover or detect roguery.
ENTUE'RTOS, ſ. m. pl. the pains of lying-in women.
ENTULLA'R, v. a. to ſplice ropes, as they do on board ſhips.
ENTULLECE'R, v. n. to grow maimed.
ENTUMECE'R, v. a. to maim.
ENTUMECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a damage received by ſwelling.
ENTUPI'R, v. a. vide *ENTUMECE'R*.
ENTURA'R, v. a. in cant, to give, to obſerve.
ENTURBIA'R, v. a. to diſturb, to trouble, to make thick or muddy.

E N U

E'NULA CAMPANA, ſ. f. the herb called elicampane.
ENUNCIACIO'N, ſ. f. a declaration, manifeſtation.
ENUNCIA'R, v. a. to explain, to manifeſt.
ENUNCIATI'VO, adj. manifeſt, clear, plain.
ENU'NO, adv. together, all in one.

E N V

ENVAINA'R, v. a. to ſheath, to ſheath up.
ENVAI'NE uſted, do not put yourſelf in a paſſion.
ENVALENTONA'R, v. a. to animate, to encourage, to give courage to.

ENVANDERA'R, v. a. to adorn with colours, or flags.
ENVANECE'R, v. n. to be vain or proud.
EN VA'NO, adv. in vain.
ENVARAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtiffneſs.
ENVARA'R, v. a. to grow, or make, ſtiff as a ſtake.
ENVARONA'R, v. n. to grow manlike.
ENVASADO'R ſ. m. one that fills into veſſels; alſo a funnel to fill veſſels with.
ENVASA'R, v. a. to put into veſſels; alſo to run a man through.
Envaſár, to drink.
ENVEDIJA'DO, adj. that has long locks or ſhagged hair; alſo, faſt together by the ears.
ENVEDIJA'RSE, v. r. to fall together by the ears.
ENVEJECE'R, v. n. to grow old.
ENVELESAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtupefaction, aſtoniſhment.
ENVELESA'R, v. a. to ſtupify, ſtun, ſurpriſe, aſtonish, to put beſide one's ſelf.
ENVENENADO'R, ſ. m. who poiſons any thing.
ENVENENA'R, v. a. to poiſon.
ENVERDECE'R, v. n. to grow green.
ENVERDI'R, v. a. to dye green.
ENVERGA'R, v. a. to tie with ſmall ropes the ſails of a ſhip to the yards.
ENVERGONZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. putting to the blush, or out of countenance.
ENVERGONZA'NTE, ſ. m. a neceſſitous perſon that is aſhamed to beg.
ENVERGONZA'R, v. a. to make aſhamed, to put to the blush, or out of countenance.
ENVE'RGUES, ſ. m. pl. the ropes with which the ſail is faſtened to the ſailyard.
ENVE'S ſ. m. the wrong ſide; alſo the back.
ENVESA'DO adj. turned the wrong ſide out.
Cuéro enveſádo, leather that has the fleshy ſide outwards.
ENVESA'R, v. a. to turn the wrong ſide outwards; in cant, to whip.
ENVESTIDU'RA, ſ. f. inveſtiture.
ENVESTI'R, v. a. to inveſt with power: alſo to cover.
Enveſtirſe, v. r. to accuſtom one's ſelf to any paſſion.
EN VEZ, adv. inſtead.
ENVIA'DA, ſ. f. embaſſy, meſſage.
ENVIA'R, v. a. to ſend.
ENVICIA'R, v. a. to make vicious or depraved, to corrupt; v. n. to make vicious.
ENVIDADO'R, ſ. m. one who invites.
ENVIDA'R, v. a. to invite.
ENVIDI'A, ſ. f. envy.
ENVIDIADO'R, ſ. m. one who envies.
ENVIDIA'R, v. n. to envy.
ENVIDIO'SO, adj. envious.
ENVIGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the timberwork of a houſe.
ENVILECE'R, v. n. to grow vile, to grow cheap.
ENVINA'R, v. a. to mix wine with water.
ENVIPERA'DO, adj. like a viper, furious.
ENVISCA'R, v. a. to lay birdlime to catch birds.
ENVI'SO, adj. wiſe, ſagacious, experienced.
ENVI'TE, ſ. m. wager, offer, invitation.
ENVIUDA'R, v. n. to be a widow, or a widower.
ENVOLA'NDAS, adv. vide *VOLANDAS*.
ENVOLCA'DO, adj. involved, ſurrounded.
ENVOLTO'RIO, ſ. m. a bundle.
ENVOLTU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the little cloaths belonging to children.
ENVOLVEDE'RO, *ENVOLVEDO'R*, ſ. m. things to wrap up, wrapper.
ENVOLVE'R, v. a. to involve.
Envolvérſe, v. r. to be involved or mixed.
ENVUE'LTO, p. p. of *envolvér*.

ENX

ENXABONADU'RA, ſ. f. ſoaping of linen.
ENXABONA'R, v. a. to ſoap linen, or the like; alſo to injure, to abuſe.
ENXAGUADIE'NTES, ſ. m. the laſt liquor taken after dinner to wash the mouth.
ENXAGUADU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. vide *ENJUAGADU'RAS*.
ENXAGUA'R, v. a. to rinſe.
ENXA'LMA, ſ. f. a pannel for a beaſt.
ENXALMA'R, v. a. to put a pannel upon a beaſt.
ENXALME'RO, ſ. m. one who makes or ſells pack-ſaddles.
ENXALVEGA'R, v. a. to whitewash a houſe.
Enxalvegárſe, v. r. to daub with white and red; to paint.
ENXAMBRA'R, v. n. to ſwarm as bees do.
ENXA'MBRE, ſ. m. a ſwarm of bees; alſo a croud of people.
ENXA'NO, adv. obſ. every year.
ENXEBA'DO, adj. dreſſed with *xébe*, which is a ſort of chalk.
ENXE'BE, ſ. m. lye made with ashes.
ENXERGA'DO, adj. clad in ſerge.
ENXERIDO'R, ſ. m. a grafter.
ENXERIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a grafting.
ENXERI'R, v. a. to graft.
Enxerir de eſtudéte, to inoculated.
ENXERTA'R, v. a. vide *ENXERI'R*.
ENXE'RTO p. p. grafteé.
ENXUGA'R, v. a. to dry.
ENXU'LLO DE TELA'R, a weaver's beam.
ENXU'NDIA, ſ. f. fat, ſuet, greaſe; the lump of fat in a hen's belly.
ENXU'TAS, ſ. f. pl. among architects, the ſides left by deſcribing a circle on a ſquare, which are ſmall acute triangles.
ENXU'TO, adj. dry; ſparing, harsh, and lean.
A die enxutó, adv. a dry foot; without fatigue, pains, or trouble.

ENTRERENGLONA'R, v. a. to interline.
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ENTREROMPIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an hindrance, or interruption.
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ENTRONERA'R, v. a. to put or fix in a hole.
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Entroniżárſe, v. r. to take ſtate upon one, to grow proud or haughty.
ENTROPEZA'R, v. n. to ſtumble.
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ENTULLECE'R, v. n. to grow maimed.
ENTUMECE'R, v. a. to maim.
ENTUMECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a damage received by ſwelling.
ENTUPI'R, v. a. vide *ENTUMECE'R*.
ENTURA'R, v. a. in cant, to give, to obſerve.
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ENU'NO, adv. together, all in one.

E N V

ENVAINA'R, v. a. to sheath, to sheath up.
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ENVARA'R, v. a. to grow, or make, ſtiff as a ſtake.
ENVARONA'R, v. n. to grow manlike.
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Envaſár, to drink.
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ENVENENADO'R, ſ. m. who poiſons any thing.
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ENVERDECE'R, v. n. to grow green.
ENVERDI'R, v. a. to dye green.
ENVERGA'R, v. a. to tie with ſmall ropes the ſails of a ſhip to the yards.
ENVERGONZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. putting to the blush, or out of countenance.
ENVERGONZA'NTE, ſ. m. a neceſſitous perſon that is aſhamed to beg.
ENVERGONZA'R, v. a. to make aſhamed, to put to the blush, or out of countenance.
ENVE'RGUES, ſ. m. pl. the ropes with which the ſail is faſtened to the ſailyard.
ENVE'S ſ. m. the wrong ſide; alſo the back.
ENVESA'DO adj. turned the wrong ſide out.
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ENVESTI'R, v. a. to inveſt with power: alſo to cover.
Enveſtirſe, v. r. to accuſtom one's ſelf to any paſſion.
EN VEZ, adv. inſtead.
ENVIA'DA, ſ. f. embaſſy, meſſage.
ENVIA'R, v. a. to ſend.
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ENVI'SO, adj. wiſe, ſagacious, experienced.
ENVI'TE, ſ. m. wager, offer, invitation.
ENVIUDA'R, v. n. to be a widow, or a widower.
ENVOLA'NDAS, adv. vide *VOLANDAS*.
ENVOLCA'DO, adj. involved, ſurrounded.
ENVOLTO'RIO, ſ. m. a bundle.
ENVOLTU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the little cloaths belonging to children.
ENVOLVEDE'RO, *ENVOLVEDO'R*, ſ. m. things to wrap up, wrapper.
ENVOLVE'R, v. a. to involve.
Envolvérſe, v. r. to be involved or mixed.
ENVUE'LTO, p. p. of *envolvér*.

ENX

ENXABONADU'RA, ſ. f. ſoaping of linen.
ENXABONA'R, v. a. to ſoap linen, or the like; alſo to injure, to abuſe.
ENXAGUADIE'NTES, ſ. m. the laſt liquor taken after dinner to waſh the mouth.
ENXAGUADU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. vide *ENJUAGADU'RAS*.
ENXAGUA'R, v. a. to rinſe.
ENXA'LMA, ſ. f. a pannel for a beaſt.
ENXALMA'R, v. a. to put a pannel upon a beaſt.
ENXALME'RO, ſ. m. one who makes or ſells pack-ſaddles.
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ENXA'MBRE, ſ. m. a ſwarm of bees; alſo a croud of people.
ENXA'NO, adv. obſ. every year.
ENXEBA'DO, adj. dreſſed with *xébe*, which is a ſort of chalk.
ENXE'BE, ſ. m. lye made with aſhes.
ENXERGA'DO, adj. clad in ſerge.
ENXERIDO'R, ſ. m. a grafter.
ENXERIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a grafting.
ENXERI'R, v. a. to graft.
Enxerir de eſtudéte, to inoculated.
ENXERTA'R, v. a. vide *ENXERI'R*.
ENXE'RTO p. p. grafteé.
ENXUGA'R, v. a. to dry.
ENXU'LLO DE TELA'R, a weaver's beam.
ENXU'NDIA, ſ. f. fat, ſuet, greaſe; the lump of fat in a hen's belly.
ENXU'TAS, ſ. f. pl. among architects, the ſides left by deſcribing a circle on a ſquare, which are ſmall acute triangles.
ENXU'TO, adj. dry; ſparing, harsh, and lean.
A die enxutó, adv. a dry foot; without fatigue, pains, or trouble.

E N Y

ENYE'RTO, adj. ſtiff, erected, ſet upright.
ENYESSADO'R, ſ. m. a plaiſterer.
ENYESSADU'RA, ſ. f. a plaiſtering, white-washing.
ENYESSA'R, v. a. to plaiſter, to white-wash.

E N Z

ENZAMARRA'R, v. a to cover with a garment of sheep-skins with the wool on.
ENZARDECE'R, v. n. to be awkward or croſs-grained.
ENZARZA'R, v. a. to put in the briars; v. n. to be intangled, involved in troubles.
Enzarzárſe, v. r. to be intangled in the bushes or briars.
ENZURDECE'R, v. n. to become left-handed.

E P A

EPA'CTA, ſ. f. the epact, a number, whereby we note the exceſs of the common ſolar year above the lunar, and thereby may find out the age of the moon every year.
EPANALE'PSIS, ſ. f. a repetition of the ſame word after a long parentheſis.
EPANA'PHORA, ſ. f. a figure, when divers clauſes begin with one and the ſame word.

E P E

EPE'NTHESI, } ſ. f. the put-
EPE'NTHESIS, } ting in a letter or ſyllabe, in the middle of a word.

E P H

EPHEME'RIDES, ſ. m. a regiſter, a day-book, a journal, an account of the daily motions and ſituations of the planets.
EPHEME'RO, ſ. m. an herb called hermodactil, liriumphancy, or lily of the vallies.
EPHIME'RA ſ. m. ephemera, a fever that terminates in one day; alſo an inſect that lives only one day; alſo of a daily duration.

E P I

EPICEDO, ſ. m. verſes repeated over the dead body before it was buried.
EPICHE'YA, ſ. f. a wiſe and moderate interpretation of the law.
EPICI'CLO, ſ. m. an epicycle, or leſſer circle, that has its center within a greater, uſed by aſtronomers to find the irregular motion of the planets.
E'PICO, adj. epick.
EPIDEMI'A, ſ. f. a plague.
EPIDE'MICO, adj. epidemical, public, univerſal.
EPIFANI'A, ſ. f. the feaſt of the Epiphany, or Twelfth-day.
EPIGLO'SSIS, } ſ. f. the little
EPIGLOTTIS, } cover or weſel of the throat; the vulgar word is *el galillo*.
EPIGRA'MA, ſ. m. an epigram.
EPIGRAMA'TICO, ſ. m. he who compoſes epigrams.
EPIGRAMI'STA, ſ. m. an epigrammatiſt, one who compoſes epigrams.
EPIGRA'PHE, ſ. m. an inſcription or title.
EPILEPSI'A, ſ. f. the falling ſickneſs.
EPILE'PTICO, adj. troubled with the falling-ſickneſs; any thing belonging to it.
EPILOGA'R, v. a. to conclude, to ſum up the matter.
EPILOGI'SMO, ſ. m. calculation, computation.
EPILO'GO, ſ. m. epilogue, concluſion, end.
EPI'MONE, ſ. m. a figure, when, to move affection, the ſame word is repeated.
EPIPHANI'A, ſ. f. vide *EPIFANI'A*.
EPIPHONE'MA, ſ. f. a figure, a ſmart cloſe in the end of a ſentence or argument.
EPITA'FIO, } ſ. m. an epitaph,
EPITA'PHIO, } an inſcription upon a grave.
EPISCOPA'L, adj. belonging to a biſhop.
EPISO'DIO, ſ. m. an epiſode, a digreſſion or part of a relation.
EPI'STOLA, ſ. f. an epiſtle, a letter.
EPISTOLA'R, adj. belonging to an epiſtle.
EPISTOLA'R, v. n. to write letters.
EPISTOLA'RIO, ſ. m. a collection of letters.
EPISTOLE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. a ſubdeacon.
EPISTO'LICO, adj. belonging to an epiſtle.
EPISTOLI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *epiſtola*.
EPITA'PHIO, ſ. m. epitaph.
EPITHALA'MIO, ſ. m. epithalamium, ſong at a wedding.
EPI'THETO, ſ. m. an epithet; an addition to a noun to expreſs ſome quality.
EPI'THIMA, ſ. f. a cordial application laid outwardly to the heart.
EPI'THYMO, ſ. m. a weed that grows winding about tihme like withwind, and hath a flower like thyme.
EPITOMA'R, v. a. to make a compendium or epitome, to abridge.
EPI'TOME, ſ. m. an epitome, an abridgment.
EPI'TROPE, ſ. m. a figure, when we ſeem to permit one to doubt what he will, and yet think nothing leſs.

E P O

E'POCA, ſ. m. epocha, ſolemn date of time from ſome memorable action.
E'PODE, ſ. m. an epode or kind of verſes; alſo a kind of fish.
E'PODO, ſ. m. an epode, a kind of verſes.
EPOPE'YA, ſ. f. an heroic ſort of verſe.

EQU

EQUA'BLE, adj. equal, alike, of the ſame proportion, even, ſteddy, juſt, fait and ſquare, reaſonable.

EQUACIO'N ſ. f. equation, equality.

Equación, in algebra, an expreſſion of the ſame quantity in two diſſimilar terms; in aſtronomy, the difference between the time marked by the ſun's apparent motion, and that meaſured by its motion.

EQUADO'R, ſ. m. the equator; a great circle, whoſe poles are the poles of the world.

EQUANIMIDA'D, ſ. f. equal and conſtant temper of mind; equanimity.

EQUA'NTE, adj. equal, even.

EQUE'STRE, adj. belonging to horſemen, knights, or gentlemen.

EQUIANGULO, adj. of equal angles.

EQUIDA'D, ſ. f. equity, juſtice, uprightneſs; alſo an abatement made in the price of any thing.

EQUI'DICO, adj. belonging to a ſort of verſe ſo called, from its having equal words to each clauſe.

EQUIDISTA'NTE, adj. equidiſtant, at the ſame diſtance.

EQUIDISTA'R, v. n. to be equally diſtant.

EQUILA'TERO, adj. of equal ſides, equilateral.

EQUILIBRA'R, v. a. to place or fix in an equilibrium or equal proportion; to balance equally.

EQUILI'BRIO, ſ. m. an equilibrium, juſt proportion.

EQUIMULTI'PLICE, adj. multiplied in equal parts.

EQUINOCCIA'L, adj. equinoctial, belonging to the equinox.

Linea equinoccial, the equinoctial line.

EQUINO'CCIO, ſ. m. the equinox.

EQUIPA'GE, ſ. m. equipage.

EQUIPA'R, v. a. to prepare, or provide neceſſaries for a ſhip, man of war, or a fleet.

EQUIPARACIO'N, ſ. f. compariſon, ſetting together, matching.

EQUIPARA'R, v. a. to compare, to match, to ſet together.

EQUIPONDERA'R, v. n. to weigh equally, put upon a balance.

E'QUIS, ſ. m. ſo the letter X is called in Spaniſh; alſo a drunken man.

E'QUITE, ſ. m. obſ. an horſeman.

EQUIVALE'NCIA, ſ. f. equivalence, equal value or power.

EQUIVALE'NTE, adj. equivalent, of equal value, force, power, or weight.

EQUIVALENTEME'NTE, adv. equally, equivalently.

EQUIVALE'R v. n. to be equal, to correſpond with.

EQUIVOCACIO'N, ſ. f. equivocation, ſpeaking with a wrong meaning, or things that have a double meaning; alſo miſtaking one thing for another.

EQUIVOCADAME'NTE, adv. falſly, with equivocation.

EQUIVOCAME'NTE, adv. equivocally.

EQUIVOCA'R, v. a. to ſpeak words that have a double meaning; alſo to miſtake and ſpeak one word inſtead of amother.

EQUI'VOCO, ſ. m. equivocal, that bears a double meaning.

E'QUO, adj. juſt, equal.

ERA

E'RA, ſ. f. era, a computation of time.

Era, ſ. f. a floor to thresh corn; the ſpot of ground on which the oxen tread it out; the whole field where ſuch ſpots are.

Era, ſ. f. is alſo a bed in a garden.

ERA'L, ſ. m. an ox of a year old.

ERA'R, v. a. to lay out ground by the line, or beds in gardens.

ERA'RIO, ſ. m. the exchequer.

Erario, adj. that is ſubject to pay taxes.

ERE

ERECCIO,N, ſ. f. the erecting or raiſing of ſome ſtructure; or the like.

ERECTO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who erects.

EREMI'TA, ſ. m. an anchorite, a hermit.

EREMITICO, adj. eremitical, belonging to an anchorite or hermit.

ERG

ERGUIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. raiſing up, erection.

ERGUI'R, v. a. to raiſe up, to riſe, to erect.

ERGULLI'DO, adj. vain, haughty.

ERGULLI'RSE, v. r. obſ. to grow vain or haughty.

ERI

ERIA'L, adj. belonging to uncultivated land.

ERIA'ZO, ſ. m. land that lies fallow.

ERI'DANO, ſ. m. one of the ſeventeen conſtellations.

ERIGI'R, v. a. to erect, to raiſe.

ERI'L, adj. barren, waſte.

ERI'NGIO, ſ. m. the herb rocket.

ERIZA'R, v. a. to ſet or ſtand up an end, as hair in a fright; to curl hair.

ERI'ZO, ſ. m. a hedge-hog.

Erizo de mar, a ſhell-fish, called a ruff.

Erizo de caſtáña, the outward husk of a cheſnut, which it all prickly a hedge-hog.

ERM

ERMADO'R ſ. m. a waſter, a ſpoiler.

ERMADU'RA, ſ. f. a waſting, or ſpoiling.

ERMA'R, v. a. to ſpoil, lay waſte.
ERMI'TA, ſ. f. an hermitage.
ERMITA'ÑO, ſ. m. an hermit, an anchorite.
ERMITO'RIO, ſ. m. an hermitage.
ERMO'SO, adj. vide *HERMO'SO*.

ERO

EROGA'R, v. a. to diſtribute, to divide.
EROGATO'RIO, ſ. m. the bucket that empties the water.
ERO'TICO, adj. belonging to the paſſion of love.
EROTISMO, ſ. m. a paſſion of love.

ERR

ERRABU'NDO, adj. wandering, erring, ſtraying.
ERRA'DA, ſ. f. an error, a miſtake.
ERRADAME'NTE, adv. erroneouſly.
ERRADI'ZO, adj. wandering, ſtraying.
ERRA'DO, adj. miſtaken, wandered, ſtrayed.
Mugér errâda, a lewd woman.
ERRADO'R, ſ. m. a wanderer, one that goes aſtray.
ERRA'NTE, adj. erring, wandering, going aſtray.
ERRANZA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *ERRO'R*.
ERRA'R, v. a. to err, to miſtake, to wander, to go aſtray.
Errâr el camino, to loſe one's way.
Errâr la cûra al enfermo, to apply wrong medicines, to miſtake the method of the cure.
Ir errâdo, to be out of the way.
Errarſe, v. r. to miſtake.

Prov. *Deſpuês que te erré, núnca bien te penſé*, ſince I erred or committed a fault againſt you, I never had a kind thought of you. A woman that has once been falſe to her husband, never loves him after: or friends that are fallen out, are ſeldom truly reconciled.

ERRA'TA ſ. f. the errata, or faults in a book miſprinted, or miſwritten.
ERRA'TICO, adj. wandering, ſtraying, erroneous.
ERRATIL, adj. wandering, wavering, inconſtant.
ERRA'X, ſ. m. vide *ARRA'X*.
ERRE, ſ. m. ſo the letter a is pronounced in Spaniſh.
ERRO'N, ſ. m. vide *HERRO'N*.
ERRONEAME'NTE, adv. falsly, erroneously.
ERRO'NEO, adj. erroneous, falſe, miſtaken.
ERROR, ſ. m. an error, or miſtake.

ERU

ERUBESCE'NCIA, ſ. f. bluſhing.
ERUCTACIO'N, ſ. f. a belch, breaking wind upwards.
ERUCTA'R, v. n. to belch, to break wind upwards.
ERUDICIO'N, ſ. f. erudition, learning.
ERUDITAME'NTE, adv. learnedly.
ERUDI'TO, adj. learned.
ERU'GA, ſ. f. a moth that eats cloaths.

ERY

ERYSI'MO, ſ. m. a kind of ſeed; or, according ſome, an herb, wild creſſes, hedge-muſtard.
ERYSIPE'LA, ſ. f. eryſipelas.
ERYSIPELA'R, v. n. to have the St. Anthony's fire.
ERYTHREO, adj. red.

ESB

ESBARA'R, v. a. to guide, or ſlip along.
ESBASTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. in painting, a ſtrong ſhade cauſed by a ſtrong light.
ESBA'LE, interj. be quiet.
ESBI'RRO, ſ. m. a catchpole, a ſerjeant, or ſuch mean officer to apprehend offenders.
ESBLANDÛ'ÑAR, v. n. obſ. to ſhake, to totter.
ESBO'ZO, ſ. m. a ſketch, the firſt lines or rough draught of a painter.

ESC

ESCA, ſ. f. food, aliment; bait.
ESCABECHA'R, v. a. to put things into ſouce, as fiſh, cucumbers, or the like.
ESCABE'CHE, ſ. m. ſauce for fiſh, pickle for cucumbers, or the like.
ESCABELI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *eſcabélo*.
ESCABE'LO, ſ. m. a little ſtool to ſit on, a foot-ſtool.
ESCABIO'SA, ſ. f. the plant ſcabious.
ESCA'BRO, ſ. m. the ſcab in ſheep; alſo a breaking out like ſcabs in the barks of trees; alſo a crab-fiſh.
ESCABROSEA'RSE, v. to be provoked to anger.
ESCABROSIDA'D, ſ. f. roughneſs, unevenneſs.
ESCABRO'SO, adj. rough, rugged, craggy; harſh, froward, perverſe, illnatured.
ESCABULLI'DO, adj. eſcaped, ſlipped away.
ESCABULLIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an eſcape, ſlipping or ſliding away.
ESCABULLI'RSE, v. r. to eſcape, to ſlip away.
ESCACA'DA, ſ. f. any chequer work.
ESCACA'DO, adj. vide *ESCAQUEADO*.
ESCA'FA, ſ. f. a ſmall boat, a cockboat, the boat of a ſhip.
ESCA'LA, ſ. f. a ladder; alſo a ſcale to meaſure by; alſo a port, mart, or place of trade to which ſhips reſort.
Hacér eſcála, to put into port.
ESCALA'DA, ſ. f. eſcalade, taking a place with ſcaling ladders.
ESCALADO'R, ſ. m. he that ſcales or climbs up a ladder; a thief that breaks in at the windows or tops of houſes climbing by a ladder.
ESCALA'MATUS, ſ. m. a venomous diſtemper in beaſts,

ESCALAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *ESCALA'DA.*

ESCALA'MOS, ſ. m. pl. wooden pins in a boat or galley, to which the oars are faſtened with a cord tied about the oar; the thowles.

ESCALAR, v. a. to ſcale with ladders.

ESCALDA'DO, adj. lewd when applied to a woman.

ESCALDAR, v. a. to ſcald with hot liquor.

Eſcaldárſe, v. r. to ſcald one's ſelf; to turn red with heat or anger.

ESCALDRA'NTES. ſ. m. pl. the kevels, pieces of timber nailed in the inſide of the ſhip, to which the tacks are belayed.

ESCALDUFA'R, v. a. to take any liquor out of a pot when it is too full.

ESCALE'NO, adj. ſaid of a geometrical figure, the three ſides whereof are unequal.

ESCALENTA'DOR, ſ. m. a warmingpan, a chafing-dish.

ESCALENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. warming, heating.

ESCALENTA'R, v. a. to warm, to heat.

Eſcalentárſe la bóca, to let one's tongue run freely, railing at others.

ESCALE'RA, ſ. f. a ladder, a pair of ſtairs.

ESCALERI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *eſcalĕra.*

ESCALFADO'R, ſ. m. a pot to warm water in.

ESCALFA'R, v. a. to warm.

ESCALFARO'TES, ſ. m. pl. a ſort of boots.

ESCALIMA'RSE, v. r. to get into the leaks of a ſhip.

ESCA'LMO, ſ. m. vide *ESCALA'MOS.*

ESCALO'N, ſ. m. a ſtep.

Eſcalón, a degree or preferment.

Eſcalón, ſ. m. he who ſcales of a fiſh.

ESCAMAS, ſ. f. pl. the ſcales of fiſch.

ESCAMADURA, ſ. f. ſcaling of fiſh.

ESCAMA'R, v. a. to ſcale fiſh.

ESCAMBRO'NAS, ſ. f. pl. vide *ESCAMBRO'NES.*

ESCAMBRONE'RA, ſ. f. a bramble.

ESCAMBRO'NES, ſ. m. pl. brambles.

ESCAMBRO'SO, adj. vide *ESCABRO'SO.*

ESCAMI'LLO, ſ. m. vide *SCAMI'LLO.*

ESCAMO'CHOS, ſ. m. pl. fragments, broken meat, leavings.

ESCAMONDA'R, v. a. to peel, cleanſe, pare.

ESCAMONE'A, ſ. f. the herb ſcammony.

ESCAMONEA'RSE, v. r. to be fearful to do, ot refuſe to do what another commands.

ESCAMO'SO, adj. ſcaly like fiſh.

ESCAMPA'R, v. n. to give over raining: alſo to eſcape.

ESCAMPAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. eſcaping, ceaſing to rain; anciently it ſignified ſcattering.

ESCA'MPO, ſ. m. as, *dar eſcámpo*, to give way for one to eſcape.

ESCA'NCIA, ſ. f. skinking, filling out liquor to drink.

ESCANCIADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who bears the cup, cup bearer, one who fills out liquor to drink.

ESCANCIA'NO, ſ. m. a skinker, he that fills out liquor to drink, a butler.

ESCA'NDA, ſ. f. a ſort of large wheat, which makes very white bread.

ESCANDA'L, ſ. m. the ſounding lead at ſea.

ESCANDALIZADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who ſcandalizes or gives offence.

ESCANDALIZA'R, v. a. to ſcandalize, to give ſcandal, to give offence.

ESCANDALIZATI'VO, adj. giving offence or ſcandal.

ESCANDA'LLO, ſ. m. the ſounding plummet at ſea.

ESCA'NDALO, ſ. m. ſcandal.

ESCANDALOSAME'NTE, adv. ſcandalouſly, baſely, meanly

ESCANDALO'SO, adj. ſcandalous, that gives ſcandal.

ESCANDECE'R, v. a. to make warm or angry, to irritate.

ESCANDECE'NCIA, ſ. f. anger, paſſion.

ESCANDELA'R, ſ. m. a cabbin in the midſt of a galley.

ESCANDELARE'TE, ſ. m. a little cabbin in the midſt of a galley.

ESCA'NDIA, ſ. f. the fineſt wheat.

ESCANDI'R, v. a. to ſcan verſes; that is, to meaſure them by the feet.

ESCA'ñA, ſ. f. vide *ESCA'NDIA.*

ESCAñO, ſ. m. a bench.

ESCANSI'ON, ſ. f. ſcanning of verſes, meaſuring them by the feet.

ESCAPA'DA, ſ. f. an eſcape.

ESCAPA'R, v. n. to eſcape, to get away.

ESCAPARA'TE, ſ. m. desk, cupboard, preſs; a kind of woodencaſe or frame for cloaths and other uſes.

ESCAPATO'RIA, ſ. f. eſcape, evaſion.

ESCA'PE, ſ. m. eſcape, evaſion, flight.

ESCAPO, ſ. m. the ſcapus, ſhaft, or body of a column.

ESCAPULA'RIO, ſ. m. a ſcapulary, a piece of ſtuff worn by ſome religious order, hanging down before and behind from the neck to the feet.

ESCAQUEA'DO, adj. belonging to chequer-work.

ESCAQUEA'R, v. a to play at cheſs.

ESCA'QUES, ſ. m. chequers, as thoſe of a cheſs or draught-board.

E'SCARA, ſ. f. a ſtony ſubſtance growing in the ſea, with a root ſhooting out leaves.

E'SCARA, ſ. f. a ſcab of a ſore.

ESCARABAJE'AR, v. n. to be always in motion; alſo to write very bad.

ESCARABA'JO, ſ. m. an inſect called a beetle; a ſhort ugly perſon.

Eſcarabájos, in gunnery, holes in the metal and in the interior part of a gun, which is a fault in caſting, and dangerous in firing them.

Hacér eſcarabájos, to ſcribble, to make pothooks and hangers in writing.

ESCARABAJUE'LO, ſ. m. a little inſect that deſtroys the vineyards.

ESCARAMU'JO, ſ. m. the plant wild eglantine, or dog-bramble; alſo the shell-fish called limpet; alſo a ſcrap, a shred; or any ſmall broken meat or other thing.

ESCARAMU'ZA, ſ. f. a skirmish, a ſlight fight.

ESCARAMUZADO'R, ſ. m. one that skirmishes, a skirmisher.

ESCARAMUZA'R, v. n. to skirmish, to fight looſely.

ESCARAPE'LA, ſ. f. a fray among women or baſe people, where there are no weapons but their hands, cuffing and ſcratching.

ESCARAPELA'RSE, v. r. to quarrel, to make a fray.

ESCARAPU'LLA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *ESCARAPE'LA*.

ESCARBA'R, v. a. vide *ESCARVA'R*.

ESCARZA'R, v. a. to take the honey from the bees.

ESCARCE'LA, ſ. f. a ſatchel, a pouch, or bag; alſo the armour from the waiſt to the thighs.

ESCARCELA'R, v. a. to put into a pouch or bag.

ESCARCELO'N, ſ. m, a great ſatchel, pouch, or bag.

ESCARCE'OS, ſ. m. a turning round about, a pratiting about as horſes do.

ESCARCHA, ſ. f. hoar-froſt.

ESCARCHA'DO, adj. that is criſp and crackles.

ESCARCHA'R, v. n. to nip or cover with hoar-froſt.

ESCAR'CHO, ſ. m. a red fish with a large head reſembling a cat's.

ESCARCHU'ñAR, v. a. to ſearch ſtrictly, to inquire narrowly.

ESCARCI'NA, ſ. f. a short broad crook ed ſword.

ESCARCINA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given with the *eſcarcina*.

ESCA'RDA, ſ. f. a weed-hook.

ESCARDADE'RA. ſ. f. the woman who weeds.

ESCARDADO'R, ſ. m. a raker or weeder.

ESCARDADU'RA, ſ. f. a raking or weeding.

ESCARDA'R, v. a to rake, to weed.

ESCA'RDAS, ſ. f. pl. the weeds that are taken out from among corn.

ESCARDILLA, ſ. f. a little weed-hook.

ESCARDI'LLO, ſ. m. a rake or a weed-hook.

ESCARIZA'R, v. a. to take off the ſcab of a ſore.

ESCARLA'TA, ſ. f. ſcarlet.

ESCARLA'TIN, ſ. m. a ſort of ſcarlet.

ESCARMENADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who picks the wool to clean it.

ESCARMENA'R, v. a. to clean or pick the wool.

ESCARMENTA'R, v. n. to take warning by what one ſees or experiences.

ESCARMIE'NTO, ſ. m. warning taken by punishment or experience.

ESCARNECEDO'R, ſ. m. a ſcoffer.

ESCARNECE'R, v. a. to ſcoff, to ſcorn, to abuſe.

ESCARNECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſcoffing, ſcorning, abuſing.

ESCARNIDO'R de água, ſ. m. an hourglaſs that runs water.

ESCA'RNIO, ſ. m. contempt, ſcoff, ſcorn, abuſe, mock.

ESCARNI'R, v. a. obſ. vide *ESCARNECE'R*.

ESCA'RO, ſ. m. a fish ſo called.

ESCARO'LA, ſ. f. the herb endive.

ESCAROLA'DO, adj. of the endive colour, that has the form of endive.

ESCA'RPA, ſ. f. the ſcarp or slope of any work in fortification.

ESCARPA'DO, adj. sloped, made with a slope in fortification.

ESCA'RPIA, ſ. m. a tenterhook; in cant, an ear.

ESCARPIA'R, v. a. to make faſt with tenterhooks.

ESCARPIDO'R, ſ. m. a great-toothed comb,

ESCARPI'N, ſ. m. a ſock.

ESCARVADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where the wild boars whet their tusks.

ESCARVADIE'NTES, ſ. m. a toothſcraper.

ESCARVADO'R, ſ. m. a ſcraper, a raker; alſo a shoe-maker's cuttingknife.

ESCARVADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſcraping, raking, or ſcratching.

ESCARVA-ORE'JAS, ſ. m. an earpicker.

ESCARVA'R, v. a. to ſcrape, rake, or ſcratch.

Prov. *Múchas vézes el que eſcárva, lo qué no querria hálla*, very often he that rakes finds what he does not deſire; that is, inquiſitive people hear more than they care for.

ESCARVIDO'R, ſ. m. a watering-pot for a garden.

ESCA'RZA, ſ. f. a wound made in horſes feet with a thorn, called ſo by the horſe-doctors.

ESCARZADO'R, ſ. m. obſ. an archer, a bowman.

ESCASAME'NTE, adv. ſparingly, niggardly, ſcantily.

ESCASEA'R, v. a. to give ſparingly.

ESCASE'Z, ſ. f. ſcarcity, niggardlineſs, ſcantineſs

ESCA'SO, adj. ſcarce; niggardly, ſcanty.

ESCATIMA, ſ. f. a haggling hard in buying.

ESCATIMA'R, v. a. to haggle hard in buying, to pinch and leſſen what one deſigns to give, to diminish.

Eſcatimár, to jeer, to ſcoff; to give with an ill will.

ESCATIMOSAME'NTE, adv. maliciously, in an offenſive manner, ſpite-fully.

ESCAVA DE A'RBOLES, the laying open of the roots of trees.

ESCAVA'R, v. a. to lay open the roots of trees.

ESCAVE'CHE, ſ. m. vide *ESCABE'CHE*.

ESCAVE'L, ſ. m. vide *ESCABE'L*.

ESCAUPI'L, ſ. m. a ſort of armour made of cotton, uſed formerly.

merly in the Weſt Indies againſt the Indian arrows.

ESCEDE'R, v. a. to exceed, to ſurpaſs, to excel.

ESCE'NA, ſ. f. a ſcene.

ESCENOGRA'PHIA, ſ. f. a repreſentation of a ſcene, the draught of a whole houſe, front, ſides, and all.

ESCHE'LA, ſ. f. a ſchedule, or inventory of goods, &c. annexed to a will, leaſe, or deed, which contains ſome particulars omitted in the main writing.

ESCLARECE'R, v. n. to grow light, to grow famous or renowned.

ESCLARECIDAME'NTE, adv. famously, nobly, illuſtriously.

ESCLARECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. fame, renown, clearneſs, brightneſs.

ESCLA'VA, ſ. f. a woman ſlave.

ESCLAVI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſlave.

ESCLAVI'N, ſ. m. a magiſtrate of a town like a ſheriff.

ESCLAVI'NA, ſ. f. a ſhort mantle, which pilgrims wear.

ESCLAVITU'D, ſ. f. ſlavery, ſervitude, bondage.

ESCLA'VO, ſ. m. a ſlave.

ESCLAVONI'A, ſ. f. ſlavery.

ESCLIRO'TICA, ſ. f. a tunic or coat of the eye of a horny ſubſtance including the watry humour.

ESCLU'SA, ſ. f. a ſluice, or floodgate.

ESCLUSI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *eſclúſa*.

ESCO'BA, ſ. f. a broom.

Prov. *Quándo náce la eſcóba, náce el aſno que la róya*, when the broom ſprouts out, the aſs is foaled that is to gnaw it; that is, whenever nature produces a thing, though never ſo mean, it produces another that is to make uſe of it. Whenever a very deformed female comes into the world, nature produces a male for it. There is not ſo bad a Jack, but there is as bad a Jill.

ESCOBA'DA, ſ. f. a ſweeping with the broom.

ESCOBA'JO DE UVAS, the ſtalks of a bunch of grapes, after the grapes are taken off.

ESCOBA'R, v. a. to ſweep, to brush.

Eſcobár, ſ. m. the place where the broom grows.

ESCOBA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a broom.

ESCOBE'NES, ſ. m. pl. the hawſes, the great round holes before, under the head of the ship, through which the cables paſs, when the ship is anchored.

ESCOBE'RO, ſ. m. a broomman.

ESCOBI'LLA, ſ. f. a brush, a little broom; alſo the droſs or filings of metal.

Prov. *Con eſcobilla el páño, y la céda con la máno*, clean cloth with a brush, and ſilk with your hand.

ESCOBILLA'R, v. a. to brush.

ESCOBO'N, ſ. m. a broom like our birch-broom, kept for the fouleſt uſes, as washing of naſty pots and the like.

ESCOCE'R, v. n. to ſmart.

ESCOCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſmart, pain.

ESCO'DA, ſ. f. a maſon's chiſſel to cut ſtones.

ESCODA'R, v. a. to hew ſtones.

ESCODI'LLA, ſ. f. a porringer.

ESCODILLA'R, v. a. to pour into a porringer, to take out porrage in a porringer.

ESCODRIñADU'RA, ſ. f. } a ſearching or

ESCODRIñAMENTO, ſ. m. } enquiring into.

ESCODRIñA'R, v. a. to ſearch into, to enquire into.

ESCO'FIA, ſ. f. a coif.

ESCOFIA'DO, adj. coifed.

ESCOFIE'TA, ſ. f. a little coif or headdreſs.

ESCOFI'NA, ſ. f. a raſp for wood.

ESCOFINA'R, v. a. to raſp.

ESCOFIO'N, ſ. m. a great coif.

ESCOGE'NCIA, ſ. f. choice, election.

ESCOGE'R, v. a. to chuſe.

ESCOGIDAME'NTE, adv. by choice, by election; alſo perfectly, nicely.

ESCOGIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a chuſing.

ESCOLA'NO, ſ. m. the ſacriſtan; he who has the charge of the veſtments and holy veſſels of the church.

ESCOLA'R, ſ. m. a ſcholar, a ſtudent, one that goes to ſchool.

Eſcolárſe, v. r. to ſlide or ſlip away.

ESCOLASTICAME'NTE, adv. ſcholarlike.

ESCOLA'STICO, adj. belonging to a ſcholar or ſchool; ſcholaſtick.

ESCOLIADO'R, ſ. m. a ſcholiaſt, a writer of explanatory notes.

ESCOLIA'R, v. a. to make a gloſs or comment.

ESCOLIMO'SO, adj. ill-natured, rough, intractable.

ESCO'LIO, ſ. m. annotation, comment upon ſome book.

ESCO'LLO, ſ. m. a cliff, a rock, any place that is dangerous.

ESCOLOPE'NDRA, ſ. f. an inſect, or ſort of worm, with abundance of feet; alſo a fish that is ſomewhat like the ſaid inſect; alſo the herb ſpleenwort or miltwort.

ESCO'LTA, ſ. f. a convoy, a guard from place to place; in cant, a thief that ſtands ready to help off another that ſteals.

ESCOLTA'R, v. a. to convoy.

ESCOMBRA'R, v. a. to cleanſe, to lay open, to clear.

ESCO'MBRO, ſ. m. the ſweepings of an houſe; the chips and whitlings of wood; all ſmall ſtichs, leaves or ſprigs that fall from trees; all things that be of no value; riff-raff; alſo a fish ſo called.

ESCOME'ARSE, v. r. to let the urine paſs without being able to ſtop it.

ESCOMENZA'R, v. a. to begin.

ESCOME'RSE, v. r. to be conſumed by degrees, as iron, &c.

ESCOME'SA, ſ. f. an aſſault, an attack.

ESCONCE, ſ. m. a corner, an angle.

ESCONDEDE'RO, ſ. m. a hiding place, a lurking corner.

ESCONDEDI'JO, a hiding place, a lurking corner.
ESCONDE'R, v. a. to hide.
ESCONDIDAME'NTE, adv. hiddenly, privily, ſecretly.
A eſcondidas, adv. hiddenly, ſecretly, privily.
ESCONDIDI'LLO, adj. hidden, privy, ſecret.
ESCONDI'JO, ſ. m. a. hiding place, a lurkin corne.
ESCONDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a hiding.
ESCONDRI'JO, ſ. m. a hiding place, a lurking corner.
ESCOPEDI'NA, ſ. f. ſpittle.
ESCOPE'TA, ſ. f. a fowling-piece, or firelock.
ESCOPETA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſhot of a firelock or fowling-piece.
ESCOPETEA'R, v. a. to ſhoot with a fowling-piece or firelock.
ESCOPETERI'A, ſ. f. the militia.
ESCOPETE'RO, ſ. m. a fowler, a fowler, a firelock man.
ESCOPETI'NA, } ſ. f. ſpittle.
ESCOPIDU'RA, }
ESCOPI'R, v. n. to ſpit.
ESCOPITA'JO, ſ. m. ſpittle.
ESCOPLEADU'RA, ſ. f. the hole made with a chiſſel.
ESCOPLEA'R, v. a. to work with a chiſſel.
ESCO'PLO, ſ. m. a chiſſel; at ſea a ſcraper, ſuch as they uſe to ſcrape the decks.
ESCO'PO, ſ. m. a mark, butt, or prick that men ſhoot at, the white; alſo an end, aim, purpoſe, ſcope.
ESCORA'R, v. a. to make faſt, to belay a rope; a ſea-term.
ESCORBU'TO, ſ. m. the ſcurvy.
ESCORCHAPI'N, ſ. m. a ſort of ſmall veſſel or bark, uſed in ſome parts of *Spain*.
ESCORCHA'R, v. a. in painting, to ſhorten.
ESCO'RCHE, ſ. m. what is foreſhortened in painting.
ESCO'RDIO, ſ. m. an herb, watergermander.
ESCO'RIA, ſ. f. droſs of any metal; any trash.
ESCORIA'L, ſ. m. a place where the droſs of metal is caſt out.
ESCORPIOI'DE, ſ. f. an herb like a ſcorpion's tail, good againſt the ſting of that venomous creature.
ESCORPI'NA, ſ. f. a kind of ſea-fish like a ſcorpion.
ESCORPIO'N, ſ. m. a ſcorpion, a venomous inſect; alſo a ſort of fish called by this name; alſo the celeſtial ſign or conſtellation Scorpio.
Eſcorpión, ſ. m. a ſcourge.
ESCORRECHO, adj. obſ. ready, prepared.
ESCORRO'SO, adj. lively, chearful.
ESCORZA'DO, ſ. m. among painters, the figure of a man with one part of the body contracted, and the other extended.
ESCORZA'R, v. a. to draw odd figures with ſome limbs contracted, and others extended.
ESCO'RZO, ſ. m. in painting, the contraction of the body in perſpective.
ESCORZONE'RA, ſ. f. the herb vipers-graſs.
ESCOSCA'RSE, v. r. to ſcratch one's ſelf by ſhrugging up and working the ſhoulders.
ESCO'TA, ſ. f. a rope in the ſhip called the tack.
ESCOTADU'RA, ſ. f. a hollowing away about the neck; alſo paying a ſhot or reckoning.
ESCOTA'R, v. a. to hollow a garment about the neck; alſo to pay a ſhot or reckoning.
ESCO'TE, ſ. m. the ſhaping or hollowing a garment about the neck; alſo a ſhot or reckoning.
ESCOTE'RO, adj. free, without embarraſſment.
ESCOTI'LLA, ſ. f. the hatches of a ſhip.
ESCOTILLON, ſ. m. an aperture in the boards on a theatre.
ESCOTI'NES, ſ. m. two large ropes made faſt to the main-maſt.
ESCOTI'STA, ſ. m. a *Scotiſt*, a follower of the doctrine of *Scotus*.
ESCO'VA, ſ. f. vide *ESCO'BA*.
ESCOVA'R, v. a. vide *ESCOBA'R*.
ESCOVE'NES, ſ. m. pl. the hawſes, being the great round holes before, under the head of the ſhip, through which the cables paſs when the ſhip is at an anchor.
ESCOZO'R, ſ. m. the itching of a wound.
ESCRA'MO, ſ. m. a little hand-dart or lance.
ESCREME'NTO, ſ. m. excrement.
ESCRI'BA, ſ. m. a ſcribe, a writer, a clerk.
ESCRIBANI'A, ſ. f. the ſcrivener's office.
ESCRIBA'NO, ſ. m. vide *ESCRIVA'NO*.
ESCRIBIE'NTE, ſ. m. an amanuenſis, or one who writes what another dictates.
ESCRIBI'R, v. a. to write.
ESCRIN̄O, ſ. m. a large basket or hamper.
ESCRITI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. lamb-ſtones.
ESCRI'TO, ſ. m. a writing.
Referirſe a lo eſcrito, to refer to that which is under black and white, and not truſt to memory.
Tomár por eſcrito, to ſet down in writing.
Melón eſcrito, a melon that has the rind full of yellow ſtreaks.
Trahérlo eſcrito en la frénte, to have a thing wrote on one's forehead; that is, to diſcover one's ſentiments by one's looks.
ESCRITO'R, ſ. m. a writer, an author.
ESCRITORI'LLO, ſ. m. a little desk or cloſet to write in.
ESCRITO'RIO, ſ. m. a ſcrutoire, a desk, a cloſet to write in, a ſcrivener's shop.
ESCRITU'RA, ſ. f. a writing.
Eſcritúra publica, a record, or an inſtrument made before any notary.
Eſcritúra ſagráda, the Holy Bible, holy writ.
ESCRITURA'R, v. a. to inſure with a legal writing.
ESCRITURA'RIO, ſ. m. one that profeſſes reading and expounding holy writ.
ESCRIVANI'A, ſ. f. a desk to write on, a ſtandish.

ESCRIVA'NO, ſ. m. a ſcrivener, a notary, a ſecretary, a clerk; alſo an officer who when any criminal is apprehended, preſently draws up his offence, with all the circumſtances in form. In general, this name belongs to all men that can write and read, as we call a man a clerk.

ESCRIVIE'NTE, ſ. m. a clerk, that writes under another.

ESCRIVI'R, v. a. to write.

Prov. *Eſcrive ántes que des, y recibe ántes que eſcrivas*, write before you give, and take before you write; that is, a receipt.

ESCROCO'N, ſ. m. obſ. a coat of arms.

ESCRUPULEA'R, v. n. to be nice, to raiſe many ſcruples, to make doubts.

ESCRUPULIZA'R, v. n. to raiſe a ſcruple or doubt.

ESCRU'PULO, ſ. m. a ſcruple, a doubt, a nicety; alſo a ſcruple, or the third part of a dram in weight.

ESCRUPULOSAME'NTE, adv. ſcrupulouſly, doubtfully.

ESCRUPULOSIDA'D, ſ. f. ſcrupuloſity, fear of acting in any manner, tenderneſs of conſcience.

ESCRUPULO'SO, adj. one that is troubled with ſcruples, a nice, or a preciſe perſon.

ESCRUTIñADO'R, ſ. m. a ſcrutator, enquirer, ſearcher, examiner.

ESCRUTI'NIO, ſ. m. a ſcrutiny, the examining at an election who has moſt voices.

ESCU'CHA, ſ. f. a ſentinel, or ſcout that lies to liſten to the enemies motions.

ESCUCHADE'RA, ſ. f. a nun that ſtands by when another has leave to talk with any body, to hear all that is ſaid.

ESCUCHADO'R, ſ. m. one who hearkens with attention.

ESCUCHANTE, ſ. m. one who liſtens or hearkens.

ESCUCHA'R, v. a. to liſten, to hearken.

ESCUDA'R, v. a. to ſhield, to cover with a ſhield.

ESCUDERA'GE, ſ. m. the ſervice of an eſquire.

ESCUDEREA'R, v. a. to ſerve as an *eſcudéro* or eſquire.

ESCUDERI'A, ſ. f. the ſervice or office of an eſquire.

ESCUDERI'L, adj. belonging to an eſquire or ſervant.

ESCUDERILME'NTE, adv. eſquirelike.

ESCUDE'RO, ſ. m. an eſquire; a ſervant that waits on a lady. They were formerly poor gentlemen that waited on the nobility, like our ancient eſquires, and were ſo called from *eſcúdo*, a ſhield, becauſe they carried their maſter's buckler or ſhield.

ESCUDERO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *eſcudéro*.

ESCUDE'TE, ſ. m. a little ſhield, the eſcutcheon of a door, a ſmall eſcutchion of arms; the waterlily.

Enxerir de eſcudéte, to inoculate.

ESCUDI'LLA, ſ. f. a porringer.

ESCUDILLA'R, v. a. to take out pottage in porringers, to diſtribute by porringers.

Prov. *En el eſcudillár verás quién te quiére bién, y quién te quiére mal* you will perceive by the dealing about the porringer who loves you well, and who does not. People's affections are diſcovered by their liberality.

ESCUDI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſhield.

ESCU'DO, ſ. m. a ſhield, a buckler; a crown piece of money; alſo an eſcutcheon of arms.

ESCUDRIñADO'R, ſ. m. a ſearcher, one that pries into, or diſcuſſes.

ESCUDRIñAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſearching, or enquiring into.

ESCUDRIñA'R, v. a. to ſearch, to pry into, to look narrowly, to diſcuſs.

ESCUE'LA, ſ. f. a ſchool.

ESCUE'RZO, ſ. m. a toad.

ESCUE'TO, adj. bare, naked, open, without any incumbrance; alſo ſlender.

ESCU'LCA, ſ. f. a ſpy, or ſcout.

ESCULCA'R, v. a. to ſearch, to enquire.

ESCULLI'RSE, v. r. to ſlip, to ſlide.

ESCULPIDO'R, ſ. m. a carver.

ESCULPIDU'RA, ſ. f. carving.

ESCULPI'R, v. a. to carve.

ESCU'LTO, adj. carved.

ESCULTO'R, ſ. m. a carver.

ESCULTU'RA, ſ. f. carved work, the art of carving; ſculpture.

ESCU'MA, ſ. f. ſcum, froth, ſoam.

ESCUMA'R, v. a. to skim.

ESCUPIDE'RA, ſ. f. } a ſpitting-
ESCUPIDE'RO, ſ. m. } diſh.

ESCUPIDO'R, ſ. m. one that ſpits.

ESCUPIDU'RA, ſ. f. a ſpitting; alſo the breaking out of a diſeaſe in any part of the body in ſcabs, and blotches.

ESCUPI'R, v. a. to ſpit.

ESCURAME'NTE, adv. darkly, obſcurely.

ESCURA'R, v. a. to clean the cloth from the oil after it is wove.

A eſcúras, in the dark.

ESCURECE'R, v. n. to darken, to grow dark, to blemish, to ſhadow deep in painting.

ESCURECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a darkening, or growing dark.

ESCURE'ZA, ſ. f. darkneſs, obſcurity.

ESCURIBA'NDA, ſ. f. vide *ESCURRIBA'NDA*.

ESCURIDA'D, ſ. f. darkneſs, obſcurity.

ESCURI'NA, ſ. f. idem.

ESCU'RO, adj. dark, obſcure.

Eſcúro cómo la nóche, as dark as night.

Eſcúro cómo la bóca de tóbo, as dark as pitch.

ESCURREDI'ZO, adj. that is eaſy to ſlip or ſlide.

ESCURRIBA'NDA, ſ. f. a ſudden aſſault, an irruption, a breaking looſe.

ESCURRIDU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the drainings, or dripping of veſſels.

ESCURRI'MBRES, ſ. m. pl. vide *ESCURRIDU'RAS*.

ESCURRI'R, v. a. to drain a veſſel of the liquor left in it.

ESCU'SA ſ. f. an excuſe.

ESCUSABARA'JAS, ſ. f. a white

wicker basket with a cover, and two nooſes to it, the one on the cover, and the other before, to put a padlock on.

ESCUSA'BLE, adj. excuſable, that may be excuſed.

ESCUSACIO'N, ſ. f. an excuſe.

ESCUSA'DO, adj. needleſs; alſo a ſubſidy granted to the king of Spain by the pope out of the church revenues, being the tenth of the tythes. Among ſoldiers, *eſcúſado* is one excuſed other duty, on account of ſtanding ſentinel on an advanced poſt.

ESCUSADO'R, ſ. m. an excuſer.

ESCUSALI'N, ſ. m. a little ſhort apron.

ESCUSA'R, v. a. to excuſe; alſo to ſave, to avoid.

Eſcuſár pleitos, to prevent quarrels, or law-ſuits.

ESCUTAS, ſ f. } vide *ESCO-*
ESCUTILLO'N, ſ.m. } *TILLA.*

E S D

ESDRU'XULO, adj. ſlippery; ſaid of verſe which always ends with dactyls, or words that have the accent on the antepenultima.

E S E

ESECUCIO'N, ſ. f. execution.

ESECUTA'R, v. a. to execute, to perform.

ESECUTO'R, ſ. m. he that executes or performs.

ESECUTO'RIA, ſ. f. vide *EXECUTO'RIA.*

ESE'NCIA, ſ. f. vide *ESSE'NCIA.*

ESENCIA'L, adj. vide *ESSENCIA'L.*

ESENCIO'N, ſ. f. exemption, freedom.

ESENTA'R, v. a. to exempt, to make free.

ESE'NTO, adj. exempt, free; alſo open and free from incumbrance; alſo bold, impudent, ſhameleſs; alſo not ſubject to the common court of judicature; alſo that has no hill to command it.

ESE'QUIAS, ſ. f. pl. funeral rites or obſequies.

E S F

ESFE'RA, ſ. f. a ſphere; the whole fabrick of the earth and heavens.

ESFE'RICO, ſ. f. ſpherical.

ESFILA'DA, ſ. f. a running out of rank or file; alſo filing off.

ESFI'NGE, ſ. f. ſphinx, a monſter poets feigned.

ESFOGA'R, v. n. to give one's paſſion leiſure to cool, to vent one's paſſion.

ESFORROCI'NOS, ſ. m. a branch of a vine that grows out of a twiſt or forked bough.

ESFORZADAME'NTE, adv. bravely, courageouſly, ſtrongly.

ESFORZA'DO, ſ. m. a volume of the civil law, ſo called, which treats chiefly of laſt wills and teſtaments.

Eſforzádo, adj. ſtrong valiant.

Caldo eſforzádo, ſtrong broth.

ESFORZA'R, v. a. to ſtrengthen, to encourage, to take courage.

ESFUE'RZO, ſ. m. courage, valour.

ESFUMA'DO, ſ. m. a firſt ſketch made with a black-lead pencil.

E S G

ESGAMBE'TE, ſ. m. a ſtep in dancing ſo called.

ESGOTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a draining to the laſt drop.

ESGOTA'R, v. a. to drain to the laſt drop.

ESGREMI'R, v. a. vide *ESGRIMI'R.*

ESGRI'MA, ſ. f. fencing.

Maéſtro de eſgrima, ſ. m. a fencingmaſter.

ESGRIMIDO'R, ſ. m. a fencer.

ESGRIMADU'RA, ſ. f. fencing.

ESGRIMI'R, v. a. to fence.

ESGUAZA'BLE, adj. fordable, that may be paſſed.

ESGUAZA'R, v. a. to drain a bog, marſh or watry place; alſo to paſs or ford a river.

ESGUA'ZO, ſ. m. the draining of a bog, marſh, or watry place, or fording a river.

ESGUI'NCE, ſ. m. the motion of the body in ſlipping away from a blow; alſo a token of diſpleaſure known by a particular motion or geſture.

ESGUIZA'RO, ſ. m. a Swiſs; alſo a mean, deſpicable, contemptible, and ignorant fellow.

E S L

ESLABO'N, ſ. m. a ſteel to ſtrike fire; alſo a link of a chain.

ESLABONADO'R, ſ. m. one that links together; alſo a pimp.

ESLABONA'R, v. a. to link together.

ESLADO'R, ſ. m. an elector Obſ.

ESLATI'DO, ſ. m. vide *ESTALLI'DO.*

ESLAVO'N, ſ. m. vide *ESLABO'N.*

ESLEIDO'R, ſ. m. an elector.

ESLEI'R, v. a. obſ. to elect.

ESLO'RIA, ſ. f. the length of a ſhip from the ſtem to the ſtern-poſt, upon the deck.

E S M

ESMALTADO'R, ſ. m. an enameller.

ESMALTADU'RA, ſ. f. enamel.

ESMALTA'R, v. a. to enamel.

ESMA'LTE, ſ. m. enamel.

ESMARCHA'ZO, ſ. m. a ruffian, a bravo.

ESMERA'DO, adj. neat, fine, choice, bright, excellent.

ESMERA'LDA, ſ. f. the green precious ſtone called an emerald.

ESMERA'RSE, v. r. to excel, to ſurpaſs, to be neat, to carry one's ſelf above others.

ESMERESO'N, ſ. m. a bird called an oſprey.

ESMERI'L, ſ. m. emery, a ſtone to polish jewels and metals with; a grindſtone; a ſmall gun like a *pedrero*, called a baſe.

ESMERILA'DO, adj. polished with emery.

ESME'RO, ſ. m. care, diligence, attention in doing any thing.

E S O

ESO'PHAGO, ſ. m. the mouth of the ſtomach, the gullet, the wind-pipe.
ESORTACIO'N, ſ. f. vide *EXORTACIO'N.*
ESORTA'R, v. a. vide *EXORTA'R.*

E S P

ESPABILADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. ſnuffers.
ESPABILA'R, v. a. to ſnuff the candles.
ESPACIAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. dilatation, ſpreading.
ESPACIA'R, v. a. to dilate, to expand, ſpread abroad.
Eſpaciárſe, v. r. to walk, to take the air.
ESPACI'CO, adj. mournful, diſmal, ſad, unlucky.
ESPA'CIO, ſ. m. ſpace, diſtance, leiſure.
ESPACIOSAME'NTE, adv. leiſurely, ſlowly, eaſily.
ESPACIOSIDA'D, ſ. f. dilatation, expanſion, ſpaciouſneſs.
ESPACIO'SO, adj. ſlow; alſo large.
ESPA'DA, ſ. f. a ſword.
Eſpáda négra, a foil, ſuch as is uſed in fencing.
Eſpáda blánca, ſ. f. a common ſword.
Eſpáda vírgen, a maiden-ſword, that was never drawn.
Prov. *A quién no le báſta eſpáda, y corazón, no le baſtarán corázas, y lanzon*, he the that has not enough with a ſword and heart, will not be ſecured by armour and a ſpear; that is, he who has a ſword and goes home to fetch a better, will never come again.
ESPADACHI'N, ſ. m. a bully that loves to be always in broils, a ruffian, Sometimes a ſword-dancer.
ESPADA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with a ſword.
ESPADA'DO, adj. girt with a ſword.
ESPADADO'R, ſ. m. one who beats hemp.
ESPADA'ÑA, ſ. f. the common flags that grow in watry places.
ESPADAÑA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given by the violence of water.
ESPADAÑA'R, v. a. to divide, to ſeparate any thing in narrow ſlips.
Eſpadañár, ſ. m. a place where flags grow.
ESPADA'R, v. a. to beat flax.
ESPADA'RTE, ſ. m. a ſword-fish.
ESPA'DAS, ſ. f. pl. the ſuite at cards called ſpades.
ESPADERI'A, ſ. f. a ſword-cutler's ſhop.
ESPADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſword-cutler.
ESPADI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſword, ſuch as children wear; alſo the ace of ſpades at cards; the brake with which they bruiſe hemp to get off the reed before it is beaten.
ESPADILLA'R, v. a. to bruiſe or beat hemp.
ESPADILLA'ZO, ſ. m. a term in the game of *hombre.*
ESPADI'N, ſ. m. a ſword that is commonly worn.
ESPADO'N, ſ. m. an eunuch.
ESPALADINA'R, v. a. obſ. to declare, to make public.
ESPA'LDA, ſ. f. a ſhoulder, the back.
Eſpálda de carnéro, a ſhoulder, of mutton.
Eſpálda de baluárte, the eſpaule of of a baſtion.
Eſpáldas de molinéro, a miller's back or ſhoulders, a ſtrong back.
Hacér eſpáldas, to back a man, to ſecure his retreat, to ſtand by him.
Volvér las eſpáldás, to turn one's back, to forſake; to run away.
Echár a las eſpáldas, to forget, to make ſlight of.
A las eſpáldas de la cáſa, behind the houſe.
ESPALDA'R, ſ. m. the armour for the back, the back-piece.
Eſpaldár de silla ò bánco, the back of a chair or bench.
ESPALDA'RES, ſ. m. pl. long, narrow ſlips of tapeſtry, ſo called, becauſe they did not reach to the top or bottom, but ſo far as a man might lean againſt them.
ESPALDARA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke acroſs the back or ſhoulders.
Dar eſpaldarazo a la hórca, to be hanged.
ESPALDERCE'TES, ſ. m. pl. the pouldrons of armour.
ESPALDE'RES, ſ. m. pl. the hindmoſt rowers in a galley.
ESPALDI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſhoulder-blade.
ESPALDITENDI'DO, adj. broad-ſhouldered.
ESPALDUDAME'NTE, adv. ruſtically, clownishly.
ESPALDU'DO, adj. broad-ſhouldered.
ESPA'LLA, ſ. f. obſ. for *eſpálda*, the back.
ESPALMA'R, v. a. to careen a ſhip or other veſſel.
ESPAMA'RSE, v. r. to be troubled with convulſions in the nerves.
ESPANAJO'NES, ſ. m. a ſort of ſtuffs called *cheneys.*
ESPANCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. extenſion, expanſion.
ESPANDI'R, v. a. to expand, to extend, to ſtretch out.
Eſpandirſe, v. r. to extend, to dilate, to expand.
ESPAÑOLADO, adj. turned ſpaniard, or like ſpaniſh.
ESPAÑOLERI'AS, ſ. f. cuſtom and genius of the Spaniards.
ESPANOLIZA'R, v. a. to tranſlate into Spaniſh.
ESPANTA'BLE, adj. frightful, horrible.
ESPANTABLEME'NTE, adv. terribly, horribly, frightfully.
ESPANTADI'ZO, adj. ſubject, to be frighted; a ſtarting horſe.
ESPANTADO'R, ſ. m. one who puts in fear or terrifies.
ESPANTA'JO, ſ. m. a ſcare-crow, a bugbear.
Eſpantájo, ſ. m. one who makes grimaces to frighten another.
ESPANTALO'BOS, ſ. m. the herb called ſcarewolf.
ESPANTA'R, v. a. to fright, to ſcare, to cauſe admiration, to aſtoniſh.

Eſpantárſe, v. r. to be amazed, to be aſtonished.

Prov. *Ni ſea que eſpánte, ni hermóſa que máte*, not ſo ugly as to be frightful, nor ſo beautiful as to kill. Advice for chuſing a wife, that she be not deformed to make her husband out of conceit with her; not yet ſo beautiful, that all men may be in love with her.

ESPA'NTO, ſ. m. fright, admiration.

ESPANTOSAME'NTE, adv. frightfully, wonderfully.

ESPANTO'SO, adj. frightful, wonderful.

ESPA'R, ſ. m. a ſweet ſmelling drug.

ESPARAVA'N, ſ. m. a bird called a heron.

Eſparaván, ſ. m. a ſpavin in a horſe.

ESPARAVE'L, ſ. m. a ſort of net, particularly one uſed to catch ſparrowhawks.

ESPARCIDAME'NTE, adv. in a ſcattered manner.

ESPARCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of ſcattering or ſpilling.

ESPARCI'R, v. a. to ſpread, to ſcatter.

ESPARRAGA'DO, ſ. m. a ſoop or pottage made with aſparagus.

Eſparragádo, adj. belonging to aſparagus.

ESPA'RRAGO, ſ. m. aſparagus.

Sólo cómo eſpárrago, as ſolitary as aſparagus, becauſe every one of them ſprings up by itſelf.

ESPARRAGUE'RA, ſ. f. a bed or ſpot of ground where aſparagus grows.

ESPARRAMA'R, v. a. vide *DESPARRAMA'R*.

ESPARRANCA'RSE, v. r. to ſtraddle, to ſtride out of meaſure.

ESPARSIO'N, ſ. f. ſcattering or ſprinkling.

ESPARTENE'RO, adj. of or belonging to broom.

ESPARTE'ñA, ſ. f. a buſkin made of *eſpárto*.

ESPARTERI'A, ſ. f. the ſtreets or place where thoſe that make mats, ropes, or baskets, &c. of *eſparto*, live.

ESPARTE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes mats, ropes, or baskets of *eſpárto*.

ESPARTIZA'L, ſ. m. the place where the *eſpárto* grows.

ESPARTO, ſ. m. a kind of rush ſo called.

ESPARVE'L, ſ. m. a ſparrowhawk.

ESPASMA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *PASMAR*.

ESPA'SMO, ſ. m. vide *PASMO*.

ESPA'TULA, ſ. f. the ſhoulderblade: alſo a ſpatula, ſuch as ſurgeons uſe to ſpread plaſters.

ESPAVENTA'R, v. a. vide *ESPANTA'R*.

ESPAVILA'R, v. a. vide *DESPABILA'R*.

ESPAVORECE'R, v. a. to fear, to be frighted, to be feared.

ESPECERI'A, ſ. f. ſpicery; a ſhop where ſpice is ſold.

ESPE'CIA, ſ. f. ſpice.

ESPECIA'L, adj. ſpecial, principal, chief.

ESPECIALIDA'D, ſ. f. ſingularity, a particular qualification.

ESPECIALME'NTE, adv. eſpecially.

ESPE'CIE, ſ. f. ſpecies, kind.

ESPECIERI'A, ſ. f. a place where ſpices are ſold.

ESPECIE'RO, ſ. m. a grocer, one that ſells ſpices.

ESPECIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. ſpecification, particulariſing.

ESPECIFICADAME'NTE, adv. particularly.

ESPECIFICA'R, v. a. to ſpecify, to particularize.

ESPECIFICATI'VO, adj. ſpecified, particularized.

ESPECI'FICO, ſ. m. what is of one ſpecies or ſubſtance.

Eſpeclfico, adj. of one ſubſtance or ſpecies.

ESPE'CIMEN, ſ. m. a ſpecimen.

ESPECIO'SO, adj. done or performed with great care or art.

ESPECTA'CULO, ſ. m. a ſpectacle.

ESPECTATO'R, ſ. m. a ſpectator.

ESPE'CTRO, ſ. m. a ghoſt or apparition.

ESPECULACIO'N, ſ. f. ſpeculation, contemplation.

ESPECULADO'R, ſ. m. a ſpeculative, contemplative, or a prying perſon; a ſpeculator, an obſerver, a contemplator.

ESPECULA'R, v. a. to ſpeculate, to contemplate, to pry into, to watch.

ESPECULATI'VA, ſ. f. ſpeculation, mental view, intellectual examination, contemplation.

ESPECULATIVAME'NTE, adv. ſpeculatively.

ESPECULATI'VO, adj. ſpeculative, contemplative.

ESPEDICIO'N, ſ. f. expedition, diſpatch.

ESPEDIE'NTE, adj. expedient, convenient.

ESPEDI'R, v. a. to expedite, to diſpatch.

ESPEJA'R, v. a. to clear a place of people; to make as clean as a looking-glaſs.

ESPE'JO, ſ. m. a looking-glaſs.

Prov. *No hay mejór eſpéjo que el amigo viéjo*, there is no better looking-glaſs than an old friend.

ESPEJUE'LO, ſ. m. a little looking-glaſs; alſo a ſort of mixture in fine mortar that glitters on the walls, when the ſun ſhines on it.

ESPEJUE'LOS, ſ. m. pl. ſpectacles.

ESPELE'R, v. a. to expel, to drive out.

ESPE'LTA, ſ. f. the grain called bare or beere.

ESPELU'NCA, ſ. f. a cave, a den.

ESPELUZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the riſing of the hair an end as in a fright.

ESPELUZA'RSE, v. r. to be frighted, ſo that the hair ſtands an end.

ESPELU'ZOS, ſ. m. pl. the hair ſtanding an end; alſo ſhaking fits.

ESPENDE'R, v. a. to ſpend, or lay out.

ESPE'QUE, ſ. m. a hand-ſpike, a wooden lever uſed inſtead of an iron crow to traverſe the ordnance, or to the windlaſs to heave up the anchor at ſea.

Eſpéque de la bómba, the pump-brake, the handle they pump with in ordinary pumps at ſea.

ESPE'RA, ſ. f. expectation, ſtay, demur, waiting.

ESPERA'BLE, adj. that is to be expected or hoped for.

ESPERACIO'N, ſ. f. hope.

ESPERADO'R, ſ. m. who hopes or expects.

ESPERA'NZA, ſ. f. hope, expectation of ſome good.

Prov. *Mas vále buéna eſperánza que ruin poſſeſſión*, a good hope is better than a bad poſſeſſion.

ESPERANZA'R, v. a. to give hopes.

ESPERA'R, v. a. to hope; alſo to ſtay, to expect.

Prov. *Quién eſpéra, deſeſpéra*, he that expects, deſpairs; that is, expectation makes a man uneaſy.

ESPEREZA'RSE, v. r. to ſtretch one's ſelf after ſleep, or in a lazy humour; alſo to ſhake off lazineſs.

ESPERE'ZO, ſ. m. the act of ſtretching after ſleep or in lazineſs.

ESPERGE'CIA, ſ. f. a figure in rhetorick, when a ſentence is explained or illuſtrated.

ESPERI'DO, adj. weak, ſlender.

ESPERIE'GA, ſ. f. vide *ASPERIEGA*.

ESPERIE'NCIA, ſ. f. experience.

Prov. *La eſperiencia es madre de la ciéncia*, experience is the mother of knowledge.

ESPERIMENTA'R, v. a. to experience.

ESPERIME'NTO, ſ. m. an experiment.

ESPE'RMA, ſ. m. ſperm, the ſeed of any living creature.

Eſpérma-ceti, ſperma-ceti, an unctuous ſubſtance drawn from the oil of large whales.

ESPERMA'TICO, adj. of or belonging to the ſperm or ſeed, or full of it.

ESPERNA'DA, ſ. f. the laſt ring or link of any chain.

ESPERO'N, ſ. m. the beak of a ſhip or galley.

ESPERO'NTE, ſ. m. a ſpur in fortification, being a little outwork.

ESPERTO, adj. *EXPE'RTO*.

ESPESSADU'RA, ſ. f. thickening.

ESPESSAME'NTE, adv. thickly; alſo frequently.

ESPESSA'R, v. a. to thicken, to condenſe.

ESPESSE'ZA, ſ. f. thickneſs.

ESPE'SSO, adj. thick; alſo dirty, naſty.

ESPESSO'R, ſ. m. thickneſs.

ESPESSU'RA, ſ. f. thickneſs; alſo a thicket or thick wood; alſo naſtineſs.

ESPETA'R, v. a. to ſpit, to run through.

Eſpetárſe, v. r. to be affected, to be proud, to carry one's ſelf ſtiff or ſtraight like a ſpit.

ESPETE'RA, ſ. f. the rack over a chimney for ſpits or the like.

ESPE'TO, ſ. m. a ſpit; alſo a long fish called a ſpit-fish.

ESPETO'N, ſ. m. a little ſpit; alſo a long pin.

ESPHE'RA, ſ. f. a ſphere, a globe, an orbicular body; alſo heaven; alſo ſtate, quality, condition.

ESPHERICIDA'D, ſ. f. the ſtate of being ſpherical.

ESPHE'RICO, adj. ſpherical, round like a ſphere.

ESPHERI'STA, ſ. m. an aſtronomer.

ESPHERO'IDE, ſ. f. a ſpheroid, a body oblong or oblate approaching to the form of a ſphere.

Boveda eſpheroide, a ſpheoridical vault.

ESPHINGE, ſ. f. a ſphynx, a fabulous beaſt.

ESPI'A, ſ. f. a ſpy.

Eſpia dóble, a knave, that is a ſpy on both ſides; one that takes money of both parties and betrays both.

ESPIA'DOR, ſ. m. a ſpy, ſcout.

ESPIA'R, v. a. to ſpy, to obſerve, to watch.

ESPI'CA NA'RDI, ſ. f. the plant ſpikenard.

ESPICHA'R, v. a. to wound with the point.

ESPI'CHE, ſ. m. all pointed arms.

ESPI'GA, ſ. f. an ear of corn. Among joiners it is a tenant, or that part of the wood which is let into the mortice.

Eſpiga pára enxerir, a ſcion or graff.

ESPIGADE'RA, } ſ. f. a woman-
ESPIGADO'RA, } gleaner at harveſt, a leazer.

ESPIGADI'LLO, ſ. m. a dapper, upright fellow; any thing full of ſmall ears.

ESPIGA'DO, adj. ſtraight, upright.

ESPIGASI'L, ſ. m. vide *ESPICANA'RDI*.

ESPIGA'R, v. a. to grow to an ear, as corn; alſo to glean or leaze corn after harveſt.

ESPI'GO, ſ. m. the herb lavender-ſpike.

ESPIGO'N, ſ. m. an ear of corn that is prickly with the beards or awns; alſo a thiſtle.

Eſpigon de ájo, a head of garlick.

ESPILLADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, a gameſter.

ESPILLA'NTES, ſ. m. pl. in cant, cards.

ESPILLA'R, v. a. in cant, play, to take away.

ESPI'LLO, ſ. m. in cant, the thing taken away in gaming.

ESPILOCHERI'A, ſ. f. cowardice, puſillanimity.

ESPILO'CHO, ſ. m. a poor ſhabby creature, that has no houſe nor home.

ESPI'N, ſ. m. vide *PUE'RCO ESPI'N*.

ESPI'NA, ſ. f. a thorn, a fish-bone; the prickle of any briar, bramble, or tree of that nature. In cant, ſuſpicion.

Eſpina de majuélas, a barberry-bush.

Eſpina blánca, a white-thorn.

ESPINA'CA, ſ. f. the herb ſpinach.

ESPINADURA, ſ. f. the pricking of a thorn.

ESPINA'L, adj. belonging to the backbone.

Eſpinal, ſ. m. a place full of thorns.

ESPINAR, ſ. m. a place full of briars.

Eſpinár, v. a. to prick like a thorn; to give ſharp language, to nettle.

Eſpinárſe, v. r. to be nettled at ſharp words, or the like.

ESPINA'ZO, ſ. m. the ridge-bone of the back of any creature.

ESPINE'L, ſ. m. a rope or line ſet with hooks to catch fish.

ESPINE'LA, ſ. f. a ſort of metrical compoſition, conſiſting of ten verſes of eight ſyllables; alſo a kind of ruby.

ESPI'NEO, adj. thorny, full of thorns.

ESPINE'TA, ſ. f. the muſical inſtrument called a ſpinnet.

ESPINGA'RDA, ſ. f. a ſmall piece of artillery ſo called.

ESPINGARDE'RO, ſ. m. a muſqueteer or fowler.

ESPINI'LLA, ſ. f. the shin-bone; alſo a ſmall fish-bone, or ſmall thorn.

ESPINI'TA, ſ. f. diminutive of *eſpina*.

ESPI'NO, ſ. m. a thorn-tree.

ESPINOMAJUE'TO, the haw-thorn-tree.

ESPINO'SO, adj. thorny; full of fishbones; alſo difficult, hard, not eaſy.

ESPIO'N, ſ. m. a ſpy.

ESPIO'TE, ſ. m. vide *ESPU'CHE*.

ESPI'RA, ſ. f. a winding ſpiral figure in geometry.

ESPIRA'BLE, adj. that can breathe.

ESPIRACIO'N, ſ. f. a breathing; alſo the expiration or laſt breath.

ESPIRA'CULO, ſ. m. a breathing-place, a place to fetch wind at, a vent hole.

ESPIRADE'RO, ſ. m. idem.

ESPIRADO'R, ſ. m. who breathes.

ESPIRA'L, adj. that is winding or ſpiral.

ESPIRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *ESPIRACIO'N*.

ESPIRA'R, v. a. to breathe; alſo to expire.

ESPIRI'NQUE, ſ. the fish called a ſmelt.

ESPIRITA'DO, adj. poſſeſſed with an evil ſpirit.

ESPIRITA'L, adj. ſpiritual.

ESPIRITA'RSE, v. r. to be poſſeſſed with an evil ſpirit.

ESPIRITI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *eſpiritu*.

ESPIRITOSAME'NTE, adv. chearfully, courageouſly, boldly.

ESPIRITO'SO, adj. courageous, valiant, brave, magnanimous.

ESPI'RITU, ſ. m. the breath, the ſpirit, the ghoſt.

Eſpiritu Santo, ſ. m. the Holy Ghoſt.

ESPIRITUA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a ſpirit.

ESPIRITUALIDA'D, ſ. f. ſpirituality.

ESPIRITUALIZA'R, v. a. to ſpiritualize.

ESPIRITUALME'NTE, adv. ſpiritually.

ESPIRITUO'SO, adj. ſprightly, courageous, valiant.

ESPI'TA, ſ. f. a tap for a cask; alſo a meaſure of a ſpan.

ESPITA'L, ſ. m. vide *HOSPITA'L*.

ESPLANA'DA, ſ. f. the glacis of the counterſcarp in fortification; the empty ſpace between the glacis of a citadel and the firſt houſes of a town.

ESPLENDE'NTE, adj. shining.

ESPLENDIDAME'NTE, adv. ſplendidly, ſumptuously, magnificently.

ESPLENDIDE'Z, ſ. f. magnificence, ſumptuouſneſs.

ESPLE'NDIDO, adj. ſplendid, magnificent, ſumptuous.

ESPLENDO'R, ſ. m. ſplendor, magnificence, greatneſs, brightneſs.

ESPLENDOREA'R, v. n. to shine, to caſt forth a ſplendour.

ESPLICA'R, v. a. vide *EXPLICA'R*.

ESPLIE'GO, ſ. m. the ſweet herb called lavender.

ESPLORADO'R, ſ. m. a ſpy.

ESPLORA'R, v. a. to diſcover, to ſpy into.

ESPO'DIO, ſ. m. a ſort of red ſtone or earth, of which they make tiles.

ESPOLA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke with a ſpur.

ESPOLA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a ſpur.

ESPOLEADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſpurgauf.

ESPOLEA'R, v. a. to ſpur; animate, incite, urge, provoke, excite, or egg on.

ESPOLE'TA, ſ. f. the touch-hole of a bomb, granade, &c.

ESPOLI'N, ſ. m. a weaver's ſhuttle; alſo a thin flowered ſilk.

ESPOLINA'DO, adj. weaved with flowers, as ſilk brocade.

ESPO'LIO, ſ. m. ſpoils of war.

ESPOLI'STA, ſ. m. a renter of the ſpoils of dead prelates.

ESPOLO'N. ſ. m. a cock's ſpur; the piles of a bridge which break off the force of the water; a ſpur in fortification, being a ſmall outwork.

ESPOLONA'DA, ſ. f. obſ. the running of horſemen upon theſpur.

ESPONDE'O, ſ. m. a ſpondee, a foot in poetry conſiſting of two long ſyllables.

ESPONDI'L, ſ. m. a whirl of a ſpindle; the white hard part that ſticks to the shell of an oyſter; a great round oyſter; the joints in the chine or back of any creature.

ESPONDI'LIO, ſ. m. a cow parſnip.

ESPO'NJA, ſ. f. a ſponge.

Piédra eſpónja, pumice-ſtone.

ESPONJA'DO, adj. ſpongy, that will ſuck liquor like a ſponge, or that has ſucked in liquor.

ESPONJADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſoaking.

ESPONJA'RSE, v. r. grow ſpongy, to ſuck in liquor.

ESPONJO'RO, adj. ſpongy, that wil ſuck in liquor.

ESPONSA'LES, ſ. m. pl. eſpouſals; the contract of betrothing.

ESPONTANEME'NTE, adv. ſpontaneouſly, voluntarily, of one's own accord.

ESPONTA'NEO, adj. voluntary, of one's own accord.

ESPONTO'N, ſ. m. the pike which captains carry.

ESPORTEA'R, v. a. to carry out in baskets, or meaſure by baskets.

ESPORTI'CO, ſ. m. } a little
ESPORTI'LLA, ſ. f. } basket.

ESPORTILLE'RO, ſ. m a porter that plies with a basket; alſo a basket-maker.
ESPORTI'LLO, ſ. m. a basket to carry home neceſſaries from market.
ESPORTO'N, ſ. m. a great basket.
ESPO'RTULA, ſ. f. a fee paid to the officers of juſtice.
ESPO'SA, ſ. f. a ſpouſe, a bride.
Eſpóſas, ſ. f. pl. fetters, manacles, ſhackles, or hand-cuffs for priſoners.
ESPOSAYAS, ſ. f. pl. obſ. a wedding.
ESPO'SO; ſ m. a ſpouſe, a bridegroom.
ESPOTATICO, adj. free, voluntary.
ESPUE'LA, ſ. f. a ſpur.
Eſpuélas pára el yélo, skaits to ſlide on the ice.
Eſpuéla de caballéro, the herb comfrey, good againſt fluxes.
Mózo de eſpuélas, a lackey, a footman.
Tenér las eſpuélas calzádas, to be ready for a journey.
Dar de eſpuélas, to ſpur a horſe.
Arrimár las eſpuélas, to ſpur; to preſs on an affair that goes but ſlowly.
ESPUE'RTA, ſ. f. a great basket.
ESPULGADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where to go to kill fleas and lice.
ESPULGADO'R, ſ. m. who picks himſelf clean from fleas or lice.
ESPULGA'R, v. a. to pick fleas.
ESPULI'GO, ſ. m. a cleanſing from lice or fleas.
ESPU'MA, ſ. f. ſcum, froth, foam.
Prov. *Crécer cómo eſpúma*, to riſe like froth; that is, to riſe like froth; that is, to riſe and be advanced very ſuddenly.
ESPUMADE'RA, ſ. f. a ladle or skimmer to skim the pot with.
ESPUMAJO, ſ. m. vide *ESPU'MA*.
ESPUMAJO'SO, adj. full of ſcum, foam, or froth.
ESPUMAO'LLAS, ſ. f. a pot-skimmer.
ESPUMA'R, v. a. to skin, to take off the skum, foam, or froth; alſo to foam or froth.
ESPUMARA'JO, ſ. m. froth, foam.
Echár eſpumarájos por la bóca, to foam at the mouth either with paſſion or pain.
ESPUMI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall ſcum or froth; alſo a fine ſort of linen, like the fineſt muſlin which women make head-cloaths of.
ESPUMILLON, ſ. m. a very thick ſilk.
ESPUMO'SO, adj. frothy, foamy, ſcummy.
ESPU'NDIA, ſ. f. a diſtemper in horſes and mules ſo called.
ESPU'RIO, ſ. m. a baſtard.
ESPU'TO, ſ. m. ſpittle.

E S Q

ESQUA'DRA, ſ. f. a carpenter's ſquare, a ſquadron of ships; alſo a part of an army, a troop.
ESQUADRA'R, v. a. to ſquare any thing; alſo to act upon the ſquare.
ESQUA'DRIA, ſ. f. a ſquare.
ESQUA'DRO, ſ. m. the fish called a skate.
ESQUADRO'N, ſ. m. a ſquadron of horſe; a good body of foot.
ESQUADRONA'R, v. a. to draw up ſoldiers in ſquadrons.
ESQUADRONCI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *eſquádron*.
ESQUADRAJADU'RA, ſ. f. a crack, a flaw, a ſmall breach.
ESQUELE'TO, ſ. m. a skeleton.
ESQUE'RO, ſ. m. a pouch, a hawking-bag, a purſe.
ESQUE'RRO, ſ. m. vide *EZQUE'RRO*.
ESQUESI'TO, adj. vide *ESQUISI'TO*.
ESQUICIA'R, v. a. to sketch, to draw a firſt plan or draught.
ESQUI'CIO, ſ. m. a sketch, a firſt draught.
ESQUIFA'DA, ſ. f. the burden or lading of a boat; in cant, a gang of thieves.
ESQUIFA'DO, adj. made like a a boat.
ESQUIFA'R, v. a. to equip a boat, to furniſh it with oars.
ESQUI'FE, ſ. m. a cock-boat, a skiff, a ſmall boat belonging to a ship.
Eſquifes, ſ. m. pl. panes or pannels in a wall, in which they ſet pictures or ſtatues.
ESQUI'LA, ſ. f. a little bell tied round a wether's neck, from thence called a bell-wether.
ESQUILADO'R, ſ. m. a sheep-shearer.
EQUILA'R, v. a. to shear sheep.
ESQUILA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſort of veſſel.
ESQUILE'NCIA, ſ, f. the diſeaſe in the throat called a quinſey.
ESQUILE'O, ſ. m. the act of shearing sheep.
ESQUILE'TA, ſ. f. a little bell.
ESQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall bell.
ESQUILMA'R, v. a. to gather the fruit or the profit of lands.
ESQUI'LMO, ſ. m. the fruit or profit of land.
ESQUI'LO, ſ. m. a ſquirrel; alſo the shearing of sheep.
ESQUILO'N, ſ. m. a ſmall bell.
ESQUI'NA, ſ. f. the corner of any thing, the outward angle.
ESQUINA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtone in the corner of a wall, or a thruſt againſt a corner.
ESQUINA'R, v. a. to make corners; alſo to winnow corn from the chaff.
ESQUINA'NCIA, } ſ. f. a diſeaſe
ESQUINE'NCIA, } called the ſquinancy.
ESQUINE'LA, ſ. f. armour for the legs.
ESQUIPA'ZON, ſ. m. equipping or rigging of ships.
ESQUISI'TO, adj. vide *EXQUISI'TO*.
ESQUITA'R, v. a. to quit, to make even.
ESQUI'TO, adj. even, quit, one that has loſt his money and won it again.

ESQUIVAMEʼNTE, adv. coyly, disdainfully, scornfully.
ESQUIVAʼR, v. a. to shun, to avoid, to be coy.
Esquivárse, v. r. to disdain, scorn, contemn.
ESQUIVEʼZ, } f. f. coyness,
ESQUIVIʼDAD, } disdain.
ESQUIʼVO, adj. coy, disdainful, scornful.

ESS

ESSA, pron. f. she, that, in the feminine gender.
ESSE, pron. m. he, that, in the masculine gender.
ESSEʼNCIA, f. f. the essence or being of a thing.
Ser la quinta essência de algunal cosa, to be the quintessence of any thing; that is, the most perfect, just, and completest part of it.
ESSENCIAʼL, adj. essential.
ESSENCIALMEʼNTE, adv. essentially.
ESSENCIAʼRSE, v. r. to unite, to incorporate.
ESSO, pron. n. that.
ESSOʼTRO, pron. the other.

EST

ESTA, pron. f. this, in the feminine gender.
ESTABILIDAʼD, f. f. stability, duration, perpetuity, constancy.
ESTAʼBLE, adj. stable, firm.
ESTABLEAʼR, v. a. to take up cattle from grass and stable them; also to tame beasts.
ESTABLECEDOʼR, f. m. who establishes, constitutes, or appoints.
ESTABLECEʼR, v. a. to establish.
ESTABLECIMIEʼNTO, f. m. an establishing.
ESTABLEMEʼNTE, adv. stably, firmly.
ESTABLEʼRA, f. f. a lewd woman that haunts stables.
ESTABLEʼRO, f. m. one that keeps or looks to stables, or ox-stables.
ESTABLIA, f. f. a stable.
ESTABLIʼLLO, f. m. a little stable.
ESTABLERIZO, f. m. one that keeps or looks to stables or ox-stalls.
ESTABLIMIEʼNTO, f. m. establishment.
ESTAʼBLO, f. m. a stable, an ox-stall.
ESTAʼCA, f. f. a stake, a palisade; a pin in a wall; a rack; a club or cudgel.
Estáca para enxerír, a stock to graft on.
No ha quédado estáca en pared, there is not a pin left in a wall; that is, all is taken away, there is nothing but bare walls.
Estár a estáca, to be confined to a narrow compass, as a beast that is tied to a stake.
Estácas, or *estaquillas de hiérro*, iron pins.
ESTACAʼDA, f. f. a place palisaded, or hemmed in with stakes, the lists to fight in.
ESTACAʼR, v. a. to fix a stake in the ground to tie any beasts to.
Estacárse, v. r. to mark out with stakes so much ground as is by law allowed to him that discovers a mine.
ESTACAʼZO, f. m. a blow with a stake.
ESTAʼCHA, f. f. the rope that is let out after the whale is struck.
ESTACIOʼN, f. f. a station.
Andár las estaciónes, is to go to so many stations; that is, churches, or places appointed in remembrance of the several passages of our Saviour's passion, there to pray in honour of those mysteries.
ESTACIONAʼRIO, adj. not wandering, said of planets.
ESTACIONEʼRO, f. m. the old Spanish name for a bookseller.
ESTACOʼN, f. m. a great stake.
ESTAʼDA, f. f. a stay in a place.
ESTADAʼL, f. m. a measure of a fathom or six feet.
ESTAʼDIO, f. m. a furlong; also a race to run.
ESTADIʼSTA, f. m. a statesman.
ESTADIʼZO, adj. that stands still and does not run, as water in a pond.
ESTAʼDO, f. m. estate, condition, degree, stature; also a fathom.
Estádo seglár, the laity.
Estádo eclesiástico, the clergy.
Matérias de estádo, affairs of state.
Mésa del estádo, a table kept at court for the gentlemen of the bed-chamber, and other great men.
Conséjo de estádo, the council of state, the supreme council of all others.
Tomár estádo, to settle to some way of living, as to marry, to enter into a religious order, or the like.
Ponér en estádo, to put a man into a way of living.
Descaecer de su estádo, to decline, to fall into worse circumstances.
Caér de su estádo, to drop down, as in a swoon, or the like.
ESTADOʼNIO, f. m. a stake to fix in the ground.
ESTAʼES, f. m. pl. the stays in a ship, which are ropes coming from the tops of the masts forwards to keep the masts from falling afterward towards the poop.
ESTAʼFA, f. f. a cheating chousing trick; also sturdy begging. In cant, what a thief gives to a pimp or bawd.
ESTAFADOʼR, f. m. a cheating fellow; a sturdy beggar.
ESTAFAʼR, v. a. to chouse, to cheat; to beg in a commanding way.
ESTAFERMO, f. m. a manikin, a figure set up to ride at, and strike it with lances, or for other purposes.
ESTAFEʼRO, f. m. a lackey, page, or foot-boy.
ESTAFEʼTA, f. f. the post for carrying of letters, properly a horse-post.
ESTAFETEʼRO, f. m. a post-man, who gathers the letters.

ESTA'JO, ſ. m. vide *DESTA'JO.*

ESTA'LA, ſ. f. a ſtable.

ESTALACIO'N, ſ. f. a degree of honour or precedency in cathedral churches.

ESTALLA'R, v. n. to give a great crack, to report, to burſt.

ESTALLI'DO, ſ. m. a great crack, report, or noiſe, as of a gun or the like.

ESTA'LLO, ſ. m. a great noiſe, crack, or report.

ESTAMBO'R, ſ. m. the ſternpoſt of a ſhip.

ESTAMBRA'R, v. a. to twiſt yarn, or worſted.

ESTAMBRE, ſ. m. worſted or yarn.

ESTAME'ñA, ſ. f. ſerge.

ESTAMENA'RA, ſ. f. a timber ſo called, uſed in ſhips.

ESTAME'NTOS, ſ. m. pl. ſo they call the eſtates that meet in the *cortes* or parliament, in the kingdom of Aragon.

ESTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the ſtate or condition of any perſon or thing.

ESTA'MPA, ſ. f. a print, a cut; alſo the art of printing.

ESTAMPA'DO'R, ſ. m. a printer.

ESTAMPA'R, v. a. to print, to ſtamp.

ESTAMPE'RO, ſ. m. who makes and ſells ſtamps.

ESTAMPI'DO, ſ. m. a crack, a noiſe, a report.

ESTAMPI'LLA, ſ. f. a little print.

ESTANCA'R, v. a. to ſtop, to ſtay, to ſtand ſtill, as water to ſtanch blood.

Eſtancárſe el água, to ſtand as in a pool.

ESTA'NCIA, ſ. f. a dwelling-place, a place to ſtay in; alſo a ſtanza in poetry; alſo a bedroom, and a camp.

ESTA'NCO, ſ. m. a monopoly, the place appointed to ſell any thing in that way; alſo a ſtopping, ſtaying, or detaining of water.

ESTANDA'RTE, ſ. m. a ſtandard.

Eſtandártes deſplegádos, banners diſplayed.

ESTANGU'RRIA, ſ. f. the ſtrangury, when one cannot make water, or does it by drops.

ESTAñA'R, v. a. to tin.

ESTAñE'RO, ſ. m. a pewterer, one that works in tin.

ESTA'ñO, ſ. m. tin.

ESTA'NQUE, ſ. m. a pool, a pond, a fiſh-pond.

ESTANQUE'RO, ſ. m. a monopoliſt or patentee, that hath licence to engroſs certain commodities for his own profit, with power to exclude others from trading in the ſame.

ESTANQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little pool, or pond; alſo a ſmall ſhop where they ſell tobacco, ſnuff, &c.

ESTANTA'L, ſ. m. prop, ſupport, ſhore.

ESTA'NTE, ſ. m. a ſhelf for books, a desk to lay a book on; alſo a large beam.

ESTANTERO'L, ſ. m. the midpart of the galley, where the captain ſtands in time of fight.

ESTANTI'GUA, ſ. f. a phantom, an apparition, an hobgoblin; alſo a very ugly perſon, or one in a ridiculous dreſs.

ESTA'NTIO, adj. that ſtands ſtill in a place.

ESTA'NZA, ſ. f. vide *ESTA'NCIA.*

ESTAQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſtake, a wooden pin.

ESTAQUILLA'R, v. a. to put wooden pegs in ſhoes, to fix ſtakes of wood into any thing.

ESTA'R, v. n. to ſtand.

Eſtár ſóbre ſi, to be wary, or upon one's guard.

Eſtár en bárras, vide *BA'RRA.*

Eſtár buéno, to be in good health; where in it differs from *ſer buéno*, to be good; this in a man. In other things the difference appears not at firſt ſo viſible, and yet is conſiderable, for they ſay *eſtá buéno*, and *es buéno*. But *eſtá buéno*, ſignifies it is well done, as meat is well dreſſed, declaring the accidental or additional good; but *es buéno*, ſignifies it is good in itſelf, implying the eſſential good of the thing.

Eſtár aténto, to give attention.

Eſtár ſóbre huévos, to ſit upon eggs, as a hen does; metaph, to be uneaſy.

Eſtár en pié, to ſtand on one's feet.

Eſtár ſuſpénſo, to be dubious.

Eſtár en cierne, vide *CIERNE.*

Eſtárſe, v. r. to be ſtayed, to keep back, to be detained.

ESTATE'RA, ſ. f. a balance; alſo an ancient coin.

ESTA'TICA, ſ. f. ſtaticks; the ſcience which conſiders the weight of bodies.

ESTA'TUA, ſ. f. a ſtatue, an image.

ESTATUA'DO, adj. like a ſtatue.

ESTATUA'RIA, ſ. f. the art of making, ſtatues, ſtatuary.

ESTATUA'RIO, ſ. m. a ſtatuary.

Eſtatuário, adj. belonging to a ſtatue.

ESTATUI'R, v. a. to eſtabliſh, to order, to determine.

ESTATU'RA, ſ. f. the ſtature of a man.

ESTATU'TO, ſ. m. a ſtature, a decree.

ESTA'Y, ſ. m. a great cable rope.

ESTE, pron. m. this man or this thing, in the maſculine gender.

ESTE, ſ. m. the eaſt-wind.

ESTE, *ESTA*, *ESTO*, pron. demonſ. this.

ESTELA, ſ. f. the trace or track that the ſhip leaves behind her when ſailing.

ESTELA'RIA, ſ. f. vide *ALQUIMILLA.*

ESTELI'FERO, adj. that is full of ſtars.

ESTELLIO'N, ſ. m. a newt, an eft, a creature like a lizard, with ſhining ſpots on its back like the ſtars.

ESTELIONA'TO, ſ. m. a cheat in ſelling one thing to two ſeveral perſons, or mortgaging an eſtate twice.

ESTE'PA, ſ. f. a flower called the holy roſe.

ESTERA, ſ. f. a mat.

ESTERADO'R, ſ. m. one that mats rooms.

ESTERA'R, v. a. to mat.
ESTERCA'R, v. a. to dung the earth.
ESTERCOLADO'R, ſ. m. one that dungs the ground.
ESTERCOLADU'RA, ſ. f. } dung-
ESTERCOLAMIE'NTO, } ing. ſ. m.
ESTERCOLA'R, v. a. to dung the ground.
ESTERCOLE'RO, ſ. m. a dunghill, or one that carries dung.
ESTERCUE'LO, ſ. m. a dunghill.
ESTEREOMETRI'A, ſ. f. the meaſure of ſolid bodies.
ESTEREOME'TRICO, adj. of or belonging to the meaſuring of ſolid bodies.
ESTERE'RO, ſ. m. a mat-maker.
ESTE'RIL, adj. barren.
ESTERILIDA'D, ſ. f. barrenneſs.
ESTERILIZA'R, v. a. to make or render any thing barren.
ESTERI'LLA, ſ. f. a little mat; alſo a ſmall ſort of golden or ſilver-lace.
ESTERNUDA'R, v. a. vide *ESTORNUDA'R*.
ESTE'RO, ſ. m. a ſalt marſh, a place where the tide ebbs and flows; a creek or an inlet of the ſea.
ESTERQUE'RO, ſ. m. a dunghill.
ESTERQUILI'NIO, ſ. m. a dunghill.
ESTEVA, ſ. f. the plough-handle, the plough-beam that the colter is in.
ESTEVA'DO, adj. bandy-legged, or one that turns his toes in.
ESTIA'R, v. n. to ſtop, to detain.
ESTIBA'R, v. a. to preſs, ſqueeze, or ram down; uſed alſo as *eſtivar*.
ESTI'BIO, ſ. m. vide *ALCOHO'L*.
ESTIBO'RDO, ſ. m. vide *ESTRIBO'RDO*.
ESTIE'RCOL, ſ. m. dung.
ESTILA'R, v. n. to practiſe, to uſe, to accuſtom.
Eſtilár, v. a. to diſtil, to drop.
ESTILBO'N, ſ. m. in cant, drunk.

ESTILICI'DIO, ſ. m. vide *STILICIDIO*.
ESTILO, ſ. m. a ſtyle in writing; alſo the gnomon of a dial; uſe, cuſtom, practice.
Tenér por eſtilo, to uſe to do any thing, to have a cuſtom.
Perdér el eſtilo, to grow out of uſe.
ESTI'MA, ſ. f. eſteem, value.
ESTIMABILIDA'D, ſ. m. good quality for which a thing is eſteemed: eſtimableneſs, the quality of deſerving regard.
ESTIMA'BLE, adj. valuable.
ESTIMACIO'N, ſ. f. eſteem, value.
ESTIMADO'R, ſ. m. one that eſteems, or values; alſo an appraiſer.
ESTIMA'R, v. a. to eſteem, to value; alſo to appraiſe.
ESTIMATI'VA, ſ. f. the power or faculty of judging and diſtinguiſhing the worth or value of any thing or perſon.
ESTIMULADO'R, ſ. m. one that eggs another on.
ESTIMULA'R, v. a. to prick or egg on.
ESTIMU'LO, ſ. m. a prick, a goad, an incentive.
ESTI'NCO, ſ. m. a kind of land crocodile or newt.
ESTI'NIA, ſ. f. a contraction or compreſſion of the nerves in beaſts, as horſes, mules, &c.
ESTI'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. inſtinct.
ESTI'O, ſ. m. the ſummer.
ESTIOMENA'DO, adj. of, or belonging to mortification.
ESTIOME'NO, ſ. m. a mortification in the flesh.
ESTIPENDIA'RIO, ſ. m. one who receives a ſtipend, wages, or allowance.
ESTIPE'NDIO, ſ. m. a ſtipend, wages, pay, or allowance.
ESTI'PITE, ſ. m. a column or pillar.
ESTIPTICIDA'D, ſ. f. the ſtoppage, reſtriction, ſtagnation of the blood.
ESTI'PTICO, adj. ſtiptick, aſtringent; alſo covetous, miſer.
ESTIPULACIO'N, ſ. f. ſtipulation, agreement, covenanting.

ESTIPULA'R, v. a. to ſtipulate, to agree on, to covenant.
ESTIRADAME'NTE, adv. extenſively.
ESTI'RAAFLOXA, ſ. f. a ſport among boys.
ESTIRA'DO, adj. grave, ſtately.
ESTIRAJO'N, ſ. m. a pull, a tug.
ESTIRA'R, v. a. to ſtretch, to draw out.
Eſtirárſe, v. r. to be proud or ſtately, to walk ſtifly; alſo to hang one's ſelf.
ESTIRI'JON, ſ. m. a ſudden pull, a tug, or a jerk.
ESTIRO'N, ſ. a ſudden pull, a tug, a jerk.
ESTIRPA'R, v. a. vide *EXTIRPIR*.
ESTI'RPE, ſ. f. a ſtock, a race
ESTIVA, ſ. f ſtraw to ſtuff any thing with; in cant, punishment.
ESTIVA'L, adj. belonging to the ſummer.
ESTIVA'LES, ſ. m. pl. buskins, in cant.
ESTIVA'R, v. a. to ſtuff, to cram a thing full; alſo, in cant, to punish, to chaſtiſe.
Eſtivár la náo, to ſtow goods in a ſhip.
ESTI'VO, adj. eſtival, pertaining to the ſummer; in cant, a ſhoe.
ESTIVO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a courſe or run.
ESTIZ'A, ſ. f. the itch.
Eſtizárſe, v. r. to be angry.
ESTO, pron. this.
ESTOCA'DA, ſ. f. a thruſt with a weapon, a ſtab.
Eſtocáda de vino, the breath of a drunken man.
ESTOCADO'R, ſ. m. obſ. vide *ESTOQUEADO'R*.
ESTOCAFRI'S, ſ. m. a Spaniſh corruption for the ſtockfiſh.
ESTOCA'R, v. n. to give a puſh.
ESTO'FA, ſ. f. any ſtuff for apparel.
ESTOFA'R, v. a. to ſtew meat; to quilt garments, and in painting to draw with a thin colour over gold, ſo that the gold appears through it.
ESTO'ICO, adj. belonging to the ſect of the Stoicks.

Eſtoicos, the philoſophers called Stoicks.

ESTOLA, ſ. f. a ſtole, a robe, a garment down to the heels; but peculiarly the ſtole a prieſt puts on to officiate, being a narrow ſlip hanging from his neck, almoſt down to his feet before.

ESTOLIDE'Z, ſ. m. foolishneſs, ſimplicity, ignorance.

ESTOLIDO, adj. foolish.

ESTOLO'N, ſ. m. aug. of *eſtóla*.

ESTOMACA'L, adj. of or belonging to the ſtomach.

ESTOMAGA'R, v. a. to ſtomach, to reſent.

ESTO'MAGO, ſ. m. the ſtomach, the ventricle in which food is digeſted.

Hómbre d' eſtómago, a man of courage or reſolution.

No guardár náda en el eſtómago, to keep nothing in one's ſtomach; to keep no ſecret.

ESTOMAGUE'RO, ſ. m. a belly-band uſed for young children.

ESTOMAGUILLO, dimin. of *eſtómago*.

ESTOMATICA'L, adj. of or belonging to the ſtomach.

ESTOMATICO'N, ſ. m. a plaſter for the ſtomach.

ESTONCES, adv. obſ. then, at that time.

ESTOPA, ſ. f. hemp, tow; at ſea, oakam, which is old ropes pulled to pieces.

Prov. *Ni de eſtópa buéna camiſa, ni de puta, buéna amiga*, neither can you have a good ſhirt of hemp, nor a good friend of a whore.

ESTOPA'DA, ſ. f. a fleece of wool.

ESTOPA'JO, ſ. m. vide *ESTROPAJO*.

ESTOPE'ñAS de ſéda, the combing of ſilk.

ESTOPEñO, adj. hempen.

ESTOPE'RAL, ſ. m. a tool uſed aboard ships to drive oakam into the ſeams of the ship.

ESTOPERO'LES, ſ. m. pl. the wads of old oakam.

ESTOPI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of hempen cloth.

ESTOPO'N, ſ. m. the coarſeſt hemp.

ESTOPO'SO, adj. belonging to hemp.

ESTO'QUE, ſ. m. a rapier, a tuck.

Eſtóque, ſ. m. the herb ſpleenwort.

ESTOQUEADO'R, ſ. m. who ſtrikes with a rapier or tuck.

ESTOQUEA'R, v. a. to ſtrike with a point of a ſword.

ESTORA'QUE, ſ. m. the ſweet gum called *ſtorax*, alſo the tree itſelf.

ESTORBADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who diſturbs.

ESTORBA'R, v. a. to hinder, to obſtruct.

ESTORBO, ſ. m. hindrance, impediment, obſtruction, oppoſition.

ESTORCE'R, v. n. to free, to rid one's ſelf.

ESTORCICO'N, ſ. f. the gripes in the belly cauſed by the wind.

ESTORCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *TORCIMIE'NTO*.

ESTORDECE'R, v. a. to aſtonish, to amaze.

ESTORDECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. aſtonishment, amazement.

ESTORME'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. an inſtrument.

ESTORNI'JA de cárro, ſ. f. the trigger of a cart, a ring on the end of the axletree, between the wheel and the pin that holds it on.

ESTORNI'NO, ſ. m. the bird called a ſtare or ſtarling.

ESTORNUDA'R, v. n. to ſneeze.

ESTORNU'DO, ſ. m. a ſneeze.

ESTORVA'R, v. n. to hinder, to obſtruct.

ESTO'RVO, ſ. m. hindrance, obſtruction, impediment.

ESTO'TRO, pron. the other.

ESTOVA'DA, ſ. m. ſtewed meat.

ESTOVA'R, v. a. to ſtew.

ESTRACILLA, ſ. f. dimin. of *eſtraza*.

ESTRA'DA, ſ. f. the ſtreet, the way.

Eſtráda cubiérta, the covered way in fortification.

ESTRADILLO, ſ. m. vide *ESTRA'DO*, whoſe diminutive it is.

ESTRADIO'TA, ſ. f. the way of riding with the ſtirrups long, contrary to *ginéta* which is very ſhort.

ESTRADIO'TE, ſ. m. one that rides with the ſtirrups long.

ESTRA'DO, ſ. m. is a place raiſed a ſtep higher than the reſt of the rooms, and covered with carpets or mats, where the women ſit upon cushions; a court of juſtice.

ESTRAFALARIAME'NTE, adv. diſorderly, unſeemly, indecently, inelegantly.

ESTRAFALA'RIO, ſ. m. a ſloven, a perſon who dreſſes in a tawdry, mean, and low manner.

ESTRAGADAME'NTE, adv. viciouſly, corruptly.

ESTRAGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſpoiling.

ESTRAGA'R, v. a. to ſpoil, to corrupt, to vitiate.

ESTRA'GO, ſ. m. havock, ſlaughter, deſtruction.

ESTRAMBOSIDA'D, ſ. f. the defect in the eyes when any perſon ſquints.

ESTRAMBO'TE, ſ. m. an addition to the end of a verſe.

ESTRAMBU'TICO, adj. ſtrange, without order, irregular.

ESTRA'NGE, ſ. m. the ſtrand or ſhoar.

ESTRANGE'RO, ſ. m. a ſtranger, a foreigner.

ESTRANGO'L, ſ. m. an inflammation in the tongue of horſes and mules.

ESTRANGU'L, ſ. m. the reed that is put into hautboys when they are played on.

ESTRAñAME'NTE, adv. ſtrangely.

ESTRAñADO, adj. thought ſtrange, not known.

ESTRAñAR, v. a. to eſtrange, to alienate, to ſeem ſtrange.

Eſtrañar a otro, not to know a man.

Eſtrañárſe, v. r. to make one's ſelf a ſtranger, to avoid company.

ESTRAÑE'ZA, ſ. f. ſtrangeneſs, ſingularity.
ESTRANGU'RIA, ſ. f. ſtrangury.
ESTRANJE'RO, ſ. m. vide *ESTRANGE'RO*.
ESTRAÑO, adj. ſtrange, foreign, alien.
ESTRAPAZA'R, v. a. to ſcorn, to laugh at, to ridicule.
ESTRATAGE'MA, ſ. m. ſtratagem, trick in war; alſo a cheat or fraud.
ESTRA'VA, ſ. f. a wood-cock.
ESTRAVAGA'NTE, adj. extravagant, out of the common rule.
ESTRA'VA, ſ. f. in cant, a fool.
ESTRA'VE, ſ. m. the extremity of the keel towards the head of the ſhip.
ESTRA'ZA, ſ. f. rags.
Papel de eſtraza, brown paper.
ESTRAZA'R, v. a. to rend, to tear.
ESTRA'ZO, ſ. m. a rag.
ESTRECHADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſtraitneſs, narrowneſs, or binding cloſe.
ESTRECHAME'NTE, adv. ſtraitly, narrowly.
Eſtrechaménte, adv. exactly, punctually.
ESTRECHA'R, v. a. to ſtraiten, to contract, to make narrow.
Eſtrecharſe, v. r. to bind one's ſelf in a narrow compaſs.
ESTRECHE'Z, ſ. f. ſtraitneſs, narrowneſs, contraction; alſo union, connexion; alſo a great danger or pain; alſo retirement and miſery.
ESTRECHE'ZA, ſ. f. vide *ESTRECHE'Z*.
ESTRE'CHO, adj. ſtrait, narrow.
Eſtrécho, ſ. m. ſtreight in the ſea.
ESTRECHU'RA, ſ. f. ſtreightneſs, narrowneſs.
ESTREGADE'RA, ſ. f. a hard brush.
ESTREGADE'RO, ſ. m. a place that beaſts rub themſelves againſt.
ESTREGA'R, v. a. to rub.
ESTRE'LLA, ſ. f. a ſtar; alſo genius, nature, diſpoſition, fate, deſtiny.
Contár las eſtréllas, to count the ſtars, to labour in vain, to waſh the black-a-moor white.
Venir a caſa con las ſtréllas, to come home by ſtar-light, to keep ill hours.
Hacér ver las eſtrellas a médio dia, to make one ſee the ſtars at noon-day; a threatening expreſſion.
ESTRELLA'DA, ſ. f. the herb ſtarwort, or sharwort.
ESTRELLA'DO, adj. full of ſtars; alſo daſhed to pieces.
Huévos eſtréllados, eggs fried whole.
ESTRELLAMA'R, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.
ESTRELLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. conſtellation, conjunction of many ſtars.
ESTRELLA'R, v. a. to ſet full of ſtars; alſo to daſh to pieces, to fry eggs whole.
Eſtrellárſe con otro, to oppoſe another with danger to one's ſelf.
ESTRELLE'RA, ſ. f. a beaſt that holds up its head as if it were ſtar-gazing.
ESTRELLERI'A, ſ. f. obſ. aſtrology, ſtar-gazing.
ESTRELLE'RO, ſ. m. an aſtronomer, a ſtar-gazer.
ESTRELLI'TA, ſ. f. a little ſtar.
ESTRELLIZA'R, v. a. to beautify with ſtars.
ESTRELLO'N, ſ. m. a large ſtar.
ESTRELLUE'LA, ſ. f. a ſmall ſtar.
ESTREMADAME'NTE, adv. extremely.
ESTREMA'DO, adj. extreme, exceeding.
ESTREMA'RSE, v. r. to exceed, to ſurpaſs others, to do one's utmoſt, to be excellent.
ESTREMECE'RSE, v. r. to quake, to tremble.
ESTREMECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a quaking, or trembling.
ESTREME'ZO, ſ. m. vide *ESTREMECIMIE'NTO*.
ESTREMEDA'D, ſ. f. extremity, the utmoſt bounds of any thing.
ESTRE'MO, adj. extreme, the utmoſt, the bounds.
Eſtrémo de cuéntas, a ſmall bead, or filigree work between the beads.
Eſtrémo de dehéſa, the latter paſture.
Eſtrémos de pláta, filigree work at the ends of beads.
Hacér eſtremos, to give extraordinary ſigns of grief or paſſion.
Tenér frios los eſtrémos, to feel cold in the extreme parts of the body, as the fingers and toes.
Eſtremá neceſſidád, extremity of want.
Eſtár in extrémis, to be at the laſt gaſp.
ESTREMULO'SO, adj. trembling, quaking.
ESTRE'NA, ſ. f. handſel; in ſome places a new-year's gift.
ESTRENA'R, v. a. to handſel.
Eſtrenárſe, v. r. to begin to exerciſe one's ſelf in any thing.
ESTREÑI'DO, adj. niggardly.
ESTREÑI'R, v. a. to reſtrain, to bind.
ESTRE'NO, ſ. m. the beginning, the firſt uſing one's ſelf to any thing.
ESTRE'NQUE, ſ. m. a great cable made of rushes.
ESTRE'NUO, adj. ſtrong, ſtout, valiant.
ESTREPI'TO, ſ. m. a noiſe.
ESTRI'AS, ſ. f. pl. the flutings of a pillar or column.
ESTRIA'DO, adj. fluted.
ESTRIA'R, v. a. in architecture, to flute a column or pillar.
ESTRIBADE'RA, ſ. m. a place to ſet one's feet againſt to hold faſt.
ESTRIBADO'R, adj. that is faſtened to another thing.
ESTRIBADU'RA, ſ. f. ſtriving with might and main.
ESTRIBA'R, v. n. to ſtrive with might and main, to hold or draw, ſetting one's feet againſt any thing.
ESTRIBE'RA, ſ. f. a ſtirrup to a ſaddle, a buttreſs to a wall.
ESTRIBERI'A, ſ. f. that part of the ſtable where the ſtirrups are kept.
ESTRIBI'LLO, ſ. m. a verſe often repeated, the burthen of the ſong.
ESTRI'BO, ſ. m. a ſtirrup to a ſaddle, a buttreſs to a wall.

Ir al eſtribo, to walk by a horſe's ſide.

Hacér a úno perdér los eſtribos, to make a man loſe his ſtirrups; to put him out of patience.

Eſtár con el pié en el eſtribo, to have one foot in the ſtirrup; to be juſt ready to ſet out upon a journey.

Eſtár ó andár mui ſobre los eſtribos, to beware, to be cautious, vigilant.

Perdér los eſtribos, to fall in a paſſion.

ESTRIBO'RD, ſ. m. the right ſide of a ſhip, the ſtarboard ſide.

ESTRICO'TE, ſ. m. a tennis-court, or the game of tennis.

Trahér a úno al eſtricóte, to toſs a man about like a tennis-ball; to give him no reſt.

ESTRICTAME'NTE, adv. ſtrictly.

ESTRIDO'R, ſ. m. a noiſe.

ESTRI'GE, ſ. f. a ſkreech-owl.

ESTRINSECO, adj. extrinſical, outward, external.

ESTRIVA'R, v. a. vide *ESTRIBA'R*.

ESTRIVERA'JE, ſ. m. a buttreſs of a wall.

ESTRI'VO, ſ. m. vide *ESTRI'BO*.

ESTROPAJEA'R, to rub the walls, with a dish-clout.

ESTROPA'JO, ſ. m. a dish-clout, or any dirty clout for foul uſes; a hempen clout.

Trahér a úno hécho un eſtropájo, to uſe a man like a dish-clout, to put him to ſervile employments.

Lengua de eſtropájo, a Stammering or Suttering perſon.

ESTROPAJO'SO, adj. bare, mean, low, contemptible.

ESTROPEA'R, v. a. to maim one's limbs; to mix ſand with lime.

ESTROPECI'LLO, ſ. m. a little Stumbling block.

ESTROPEZA'R, v. n. to Stumble.

ESTROPHA, ſ. f. a Stanza in a poetical compoſition.

ESTROPIE'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtumbling-block.

ESTROVO, ſ. m. a piece of cable ſo called on board ships.

ESTRUCTU'RA, ſ. f. ſtructure, building, fabrick.

ESTRUE'NDO, ſ. m. great noiſe, loud ſound, repercuſſion; alſo pomp, ſplendour, oſtentation; alſo name, fame.

ESTRUENDOSAME'NTE, adv. with great noiſe.

ESTRUENDO'SO, adj. noiſy, tumultuous.

ESTRUPADO'R, ſ. m. vide *ESTUPRADO'R*.

ESTRUPA'R, v. a. vide *ESTUPRA'R*.

ESTRUPO, ſ. m. vide *ESTUPRO*.

ESTRUXADO, adj. ſqueezed, preſſed, lean, lank.

ESTRUXA'R, v. a. to ſqueeze, to preſs.

Eſtruxár el dinéro, to part with money with great reluctance.

ESTRUXADU'RA, ſ. m. ſqueezing, preſſing.

ESTRUXO'N, ſ. m. the laſt ſqueezing or draining of the grape in making wine.

ESTUA'RIO, ſ. m. the place over flowed with ſea-water, over which the tide goes.

ESTUCA'R, v. a. to cover with plaiſter of Paris.

ESTU'CHE, ſ. m. a caſe, a pair of tweezers, a caſe of inſtruments.

ESTU'CO, ſ. m. plaſter of Paris.

ESTUDIADO'R, ſ. m one who ſtudies, or applies himſelf to ſtudy.

ESTUDIANTA'ZO, ſ. m. greatly learnned, ſkilled in letters.

ESTUDIA'NTE, ſ. m. a ſtudent, a ſcholar.

ESTUDIANTI'L, adj. belonging to the ſtudy. Jocoſe.

ESTUDIANTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſcholar; jocoſely ſpoken.

ESTUDIANTI'NO, adj. belonging or pertaining to ſtudents.

ESTUDIANTO'N, ſ. m. a great ſtudent.

ESTUDIA'R, v. a. to ſtudy, to apply the mind to; alſo to conſider attentively, to learn by application.

ESTU'DIO, ſ. m. ſtudy; alſo a ſchool, or a cloſet where one ſtudies.

ESTUDIOSAME'NTE, adv. ſtudiouſly.

ESTUDIOSIDA'D, ſ. f. a deſire after learning, an inclination to ſtudy.

ESTUDIO'SO, adj. ſtudious, attentive to, careful.

ESTU'FA, ſ. f. a ſtove, a hot-houſe.

ESTUFA'R, v. a. to warm with a ſtove.

ESTUFI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſtove uſed by the ladies; alſo a muff.

ESTULTAME'NTE, adv. foolishly.

ESTULTI'CIA, ſ. f. folly.

ESTU'LTO, adj. foolish.

ESTUO'SO, adj. hot.

ESTUPENDAME'NTE, adv. wonderfully.

ESTUPE'NDO, adj. ſtupendous, amazing, aſtonishing, wonderful.

ESTUPI'DO, adj, ſtupid, foolish.

ESTUPO'R, ſ. m. aſtonishment, amazement.

ESTUPRADO'R, ſ. m. a raviſher, a debaucher of virgins.

ESTUPRA'R, v. a. to raviſh, to debauch a maid.

ESTU'PRO, ſ. m. debauching of a maid.

ESTU'QUE, ſ. m. vide *ESTU'CO*.

ESTURA'R, v. a. to dry any thing by the force of the fire.

ESTURIO'N, ſ. m. the fish called a ſturgeon.

E S U

ESU'LA, ſ. f. the greateſt kind of ſpurge, which has the leaf like the cypreſs.

E S V

ESVALA'R, v. n. vide *RESBALA'R*.

E T

ET, a conjunction copulative: and,

Et cetera, a Latin word uſed much in the Caſtilian tongue.

E T E

E'TELE! interj. lo! behold!
ETEROGE'NEO, adj. heterogeneous, of a different kind
ETERNA'L, adj. eternal, everlaſting.
ETERNAME'NTE, adv. eternally.
ETERNIDA'D, ſ. f. eternity.
ETERNIZA'R, v. a. to eternize. to make everlaſting; alſo to defer, to procraſtinate, to delay.
ETE'RNO, adj. eternal, everlaſting.

E T H

E'THER, ſ. m. ether, air refined or ſublimed; alſo the matter of the higheſt regions above.
ETHE'REO, adj. ethereous, ethereal, formed of ether.
ETHESI'OS, adj. belonging to periodical winds.
E'THICA, ſ. f. ethicks; the doctrine of morality.
ETHIO'PIDE, ſ. f. an herb, like lettuce.
ETHNI'CO, adj. heathen, pagan.

E T I

E'TICO, adj. ſick of a conſumption.
ETIQUE'TA, ſ. f. a book of ceremonies.
E'TITES, ſ. m. the eagle ſtone.

E T N

E'TNA, ſ. f. any thing burning.

E T Y

ETYMOLOGI'A, ſ. f. etymology, derivation of words.
ETYMOLO'GICO, adj. etymologick.

E U B

EUBO'LIA, ſ. f. a ſpeaking or adviſing well.

E U C

EUCHARISTI'A, ſ. f. the holy euchariſt.
EUCHARI'STICO, adj. belonging to the euchariſt.

E U N

EUNU'CO, ſ. m. an eunuch.

E U P

EUPATO'RIO, ſ. m. the herb agrimony.
EUPHO'RBIO, ſ. m. a tree ſo called.
EUPHRA'SIA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

E U R

EURO, ſ. m. the ſouth-eaſt wind, or rather eaſt-ſouth-eaſt.
EUROPE'O, adj. European, of Europe.
EURYTHMI'A, ſ. f. the juſt proportion and delightful proſpect of a building, eurithmy, harmony, regular and ſymetrical, meaſure.

E U T

EUTRAPE'LIA, ſ. f. } pleaſant
EUTROPE'LIA, ſ. m. } jeſting with innocence; but ſometimes taken in an ill ſenſe for lewd ribaldry.

E V A

EVACUACIO'N, ſ. f. evacuation, emptying.
EVACUA'R, v. a. to evacuate, to empty.
EVA'D, interj. obſ. behold, obſerve.
EVADI'R, v. a. to evade, to eſcape, to elude.
EVAGACIO'N, ſ. m. wandering, ſtrolling, evagation, excurſion, ramble, deviation.
EVANECE'R, v. n. to diſappear.
EVANGE'LICO, adj. evangelical, belonging to the goſpel, or agreeable to the goſpel.
EVANGE'LIO, ſ. m. the goſpel.
EVANGELI'STA, ſ. m. an evangeliſt.
EVANGELISTE'RO, ſ. m. a deacon.
EVANGELIZA'R, v. a. to preach the goſpel, to inſtruct in the holy goſpel, the goſpel of Jeſus.
EVAPORACIO'N, ſ. f. evaporation, going out in ſteam.
EVAPORA'R, v. n. to evaporate, to go out in ſteam.
EVASIO'N, ſ. f. eſcape, evaſion, ſubterfuge, excuſe.

E V E

EVENI'R, v. n. to happen.
EVENTILA'R, v. a. vide *VENTILA'R*.
EVE'NTO, ſ. m. an event.
EVERSIO'N, ſ. f. overturning, deſtruction.

E V I

EVICCIO'N, ſ. f. a convincing by law, and cauſing to deliver up that he wrongfully detaineth, an eviction.
EVIDE'NCIA, ſ. f. evidence, plain demonſtration.
EVIDENCIA'R, v. a. to demonſtrate, to prove.
EVIDE'NTE, adj. evident, clear, unqueſtionable.
EVIDE'NTEME'NTE, adv. evidently, clearly.
EVINCI'R, v. a. to evince, to make out clear.
EVITA'BLE, adj. that may be ſhunned or avoided.
EVITACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſhunning or avoiding.
EVITA'R v. a. to ſhun, to avoid.
EVITE'RNO, adj. everlaſting, without end, perpetual.

E V O

EVO, ſ. m. an age.

EVOCACIO'N, ſ. f. a calling out or away; ſummoning from one court to another.
EVOCA'R, v. a. to call out, or away, to ſummon, from one court to another.
EVOHE', an exclamation uſed by the Bacchanals.
EVOLUCIO'N, ſ. f. an evolution; a martial term.

X

EX, prep. uſed only in compoſition.

EXA

EXABRU'PTO, adv. abruptly.
EXACCIO'N, ſ. f. exaction, impoſition, extortion, unjuſt demand; alſo a toll, a tribute ſeverely levied.
EXACERBA'R, v. a. to irritate, to exaſperate.
EXACTAME'NTE, adv. exactly.
EXACTITU'D, ſ. f. exactneſs, accuracy, nicety; alſo regularity of conduct or manners.
EXA'CTO, adj. exact, accurate, methodical.
EXACTO'R, ſ. m. a gatherer or receiver of money, as taxes and tolls.
EXAGERACIO'N, ſ. f. an exaggeration, repreſenting a thing above meaſure.
EXAGERADO'R, ſ. m. an exaggerator.
EXAGERA'R, v. a. to exaggerate, to extol, to repreſent above meaſure.
EXA'GONO, ſ. an hexagon, a figure of ſix ſides.
EXALA'R, v. n. vide *EXHALAR*.
EXALTACIO'N, ſ. f. exaltation, raiſing, or lifting up, elevation to power or dignity; alſo the dignity of a planet, in which its powers are increaſed.
EXALTA'R, v. a. to exalt, to raiſe, or lift up; alſo to praiſe, to extol, to magnify.
Exaltárſe la cólera, to be irritated, enraged, in a great paſſion.

EXA'MBRE, ſ. m. vide *ENXA'MBRE*.
EXA'MEN, ſ. m. } an exa-
EXAMINACIO'N, ſ. f. } mination, diſquiſition.
EXAMINADO'R, ſ. m. an examiner.
EXAMINA'R, v. a. to examine.
EXA'NGUE, adj. pale and wan, halfdead.
EXA'NIME, adj. lifeleſs, heartleſs.
EXARA'R, v. a. to engrave.
EXARCHA'DO, ſ. m. the territory that belongs to the *exarcho*.
EXA'RCHO, ſ. m. an exarch, a dignity in the Grecian empire, equivalent to a great governor or vice-roy.
EXASPERACIO'N, ſ. f. exaſperation, provocation.
EXASPERA'R, v. a. to exaſperate, to provoke.

E X C

EXCAVA'R, v. a. to make hollow, to hollow.
EXCEDE'R, v. n. to exceed, to ſurpaſs.
EXCELE'NCIA, ſ. f. excellency, preeminence; the title given to dukes, embaſſadors, and other great men.
EXCELLE'NTE, adj. excellent, preeminent.
EXCELLENTEME'NTE, adv. excellently.
EXCELSAME'NTE, adv. highly, loftily.
EXCELSITU'D, ſ. f. loftineſs, highneſs.
EXCE'LSO, adj. lofty, high.
EXCENTRICAME'NTE, adv. excentrically, from the center.
EXCENTRICIDA'D, ſ. f. excentricy, deviation from the center.
EXCE'NTRICO, adj. excentrical.
EXCEPCIO'N, ſ. f. exception.
EXCEPCIONA'R, v. a. to except.
EXCEPTACIO'N, ſ. f. exception.
EXCEPTA'R, v. a. to except.
EXCE'PTO, adv. except.
EXCEPTUA'R, v. a. to except.
EXCESSIVAME'NTE, adv. exceſſively.
EXCESSI'VO, adj. exceſſive.
EXCE'SSO, ſ. m. an exceſs, an outrage; alſo intemperance.
EXCITACIO'N, ſ. f. an exciting, ſtirring up.
EXCITA'R, v. a. to excite, to ſtir up.
EXCLAMACIO'N, ſ. f. exclamation, crying out.
EXCLAMA'R, v. n. to exclaim, to cry out.
EXCLU'IR, v. a. to exclude, to ſhut out.
EXCLUSIO'N, ſ. f. excluſion.
EXCLUSI'VA, ſ. f. excluſion, repulſe.
EXCLU'SO, p. p. excluded, ſhut out.
EXCOGITA'BLE, adj. that can be thought on.
EXCOGITA'R, v. n. to think.
EXCOMULGADO'R, ſ. m. one who excommunicates.
EXCOMULGA'R, v. a. to excommunicate.
EXCOMUNIO'N, ſ. f. excommunication, eccleſiaſtical interdict.
EXCORIACIO'N, ſ. f. a taking off the ſkin, excoriation, loſs of ſkin.
EXCRECE'NCIA, ſ. f. an excreſcence or piece of fleſh growing out.
EXCREMENTA'R, v. n. to void excrement.
EXCREMENTI'CIO, adj. excrementitious.
EXCREME'NTO, ſ. m. excrement, dung, all that comes as ſuperfluous from the body.
EXCREMENTO'SO, adj. full of excrement, excrementitious.
EXCURSIO'N, ſ. f. excurſion, ſkirmiſh, invaſion, ſally; alſo a diſgreſſion, a ramble from a ſubject.
EXCU'RSO, ſ. m. a courſe beyond one's bounds, a running or laying out in length, a digreſſion.
EXCU'SA, ſ. f. excuſe, apology.
A excuſa, } adv. ſecretly, in a
A excuſo, } concealing manner.

EXCUSABARA'JA, ſ. f. a baſket made of oſiers, with a handle and a cover to it.
EXCUSA'BLE, adj. excuſable, pardonable.
EXCUSACIO'N, ſ. f. an excuſe.
EXCUSADAME'NTE, adv. without excuſe.
EXCUSADE'RO, adj. that may be excuſed or pardoned.
EXCUSA'DO, ſ. m. a certain tribute which the clergy pay to the king.
EXCUSADO'R, ſ. m. who excuſes one another.
EXCUSANO, adj. obſ. hidden, concealed.
EXCUSA'R, v. a. to excuſe, to exempt, to free from taxes; alſo to avoid.
Excuſárſe, v. r. to refuſe, to recuſe.
EXCU'SO, adj. hidden, retired.

E X E

EXE, ſ. m. an axle-tree of a cart, waggon, or the like.
Exe, a word uſed to drive away a dog.
EXE'A, ſ. m. obſ. a ſpy, a ſcout.
EXEA'R, v. n. obſ. to play the ſpy, or ſcout; alſo to drive away.
EXECRA'BLE, adj. execrable, deteſtable, abominable.
EXECRACIO'N, ſ. f. execration, deteſtation, curſe.
EXECRADO'R, ſ. m. who curſes or execrates.
EXECRA'NDO, adj. execrable, deſerving execration.
EXECRA'R, v. a. to execrate, to deteſt, abominate, to curſe.
EXECUCIO'N, ſ. f. execution, performance.
EXECUTA'BLE, adj. that can be executed.
EXECUTADO'R, ſ. m. he that executes.
EXECUTA'R, v. a. to execute, to perform.
Executár en los biénes, to ſerve an execution upon goods.
EXECUTIVAME'NTE, adv. expeditiouſly, quickly.
EXECUTI'VO, adj. executive, that may be put in execution.
EXECUTO'R, ſ. m. an executor, a performer.
EXECUTO'RIA, ſ. f. an inſtrument ſhewing that a cauſe has been three times tried and carried, which takes off all further trouble and controverſy.
Executória de hidalguia, an inſtrument to prove gentility, which has been made out in open court, and is beyond diſpute; the original grant from the king, which makes a gentleman.
EXECUTORIA'L, adj. belonging to an inſtrument or grant.
EXECUTORIA'R, v. n. to obtain a verdict.
EXE'DRA, ſ. f. a by-place, or jutty building, with ſeats either for ſtudy or diſcourſe.
EXEGIDE'RO, adj. obſ. that may be exacted, or requiered.
EXEGI'R, v. a. obſ. to exact, or require.
EXEMPCIO'N, ſ. f. exemption, freedom from any thing.
EXEMPLA'R, adj. exemplary; that is, fit for an example.
EXEMPLA'RIO, ſ. m. a book of examples.
EXEMPLARME'NTE, adv. exemplarly.
EXEMPLIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. exemplification.
EXEMPLIFICA'R, v. a. to exemplify, to ſet as an example; alſo to inlarge upon.
EXE'MPLO, ſ. m. an example, a pattern, a copy, an open punishment to deter others.
EXENCION, ſ. f. an exemption.
EXENTA'R, y. a. to exempt, to make free.
EXE'NTO, adj. exempted, made free.
EXEQUIA'L, adj. belonging to a funeral.
EXE'QUIAS, ſ. f. pl. funeral obſequies, funeral pomp, the laſt duty to the dead, and the prayers for his ſoul at, or before his burial.
EXEQUI'BLE, adj. that can be obtained, or executed.
EXERCE'R, v. a. to exert, to practiſe any trade or office.
EXERCI'CIO, ſ. m. exerciſe, employment.
Hacér exercicio, to walk, to uſe exerciſe for health.
EXERCITACIO'N, ſ. f. an exerciſing.
EXERCITA'DOR, ſ. m. an exerciſer.
EXERCITA'R, v. a. to exerciſe.
EXE'RCITO, ſ. m. an army.

E X H

EXHALACIO'N, ſ. f. an exhalation, evaporating, going out in ſteam.
EXHALA'R, v. a. to exale, to evaporate, to go out ſteam.
Exhalárſe, v. r. to be conſumed, exhaled, evaporated.
EXHA'USTO, adj. exhauſted, drained, ſpent.
EXHEREDACIO'N, ſ. f. diſinheriting.
EXHEREDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a diſinheriting.
EXHEREDA'R, v. a. to diſinherit.
EXHICIO'N, ſ. f. an exhibition, a giving or ſhewing, a repreſentation.
EXHIBI'R, v. a. to exhibit, to ſhew, to repreſent.
EXHORTACIO'N, ſ. f. an exhortation.
EXHORTADO'R, ſ. m. who exhorts or adviſes.
EXHORTA'R, v. a. to exhort.
EXHORTATO'RIO, adj. belonging to an exhortation, exhortatory.
EXHO'RTO, ſ. m. a writ ſo called in the courts of juſtice.
EXHUMA'R, v. a. to unbury, or dig out of the earth.

E X I

EXI'DO, ſ. m. a ſpot of ground without the town, which is common, and ſerves only for the inhabitants to walk or divert themſelves, or for any public ſervice

of the place; a plain or common of feeding ground.

EXIGE'NCIA, ſ. f. exigency, demand, want, need.

EXIGIDE'RO, adj. that may be exacted.

EXIGI'R, v. a. to exact, to require.

EXI'GUO, adj. little, ſmall.

EXI'LIO, ſ. m. banishment, exile.

EXIMIAME'NTE, adv. notably, excellently.

EXI'MIO, adj. choice, notable, remarkable, above the reſt.

EXIMI'R, v. a. to exempt.

EXINANICIO'N, ſ. f. an emptyng, or evacuation; alſo privation, loſs.

EXI'R, v. n. obſ. to go forth.

EXISTE'NCIA, ſ. f. exiſtence, being.

EXISTE'NTE, p. act. of *exiſtir*.

EXISTIMACIO'N, ſ. f. eſtimation, or judgment.

EXISTIMA'R, v. a. to eſteem, value.

EXISTI'R, v. n. to exiſt, to have a being.

E'XITO, ſ. m. a going forth, or going out.

E X O

E'XODO, ſ. m. the name of the ſecond book in the Pentateuch of Moſes, in the Holy Bible.

EXONERACIO'N, ſ. f. unlading, unburthening.

EXONERA'R, v. a. to unload, to unburden, to free, diſcharge.

EXORA'BLE, adj. that can be intreated or perſuaded.

EXORBITA'NCIA, ſ. f. exorbitance, pride, extravagance.

EXORBITA'NTE, adj. exorbitant, out of reaſon, ſtrange, extraordinary, proud; out of the common way or track.

EXORCI'SMO, ſ. m. exorciſm, a conjuration or expulſion of evil ſpirits.

EXORCI'STA, ſ. m. an exorciſt, one of the orders of the church, one that by prayers and exorciſms expels evil ſpirits.

EXORCIZA'R, v. a. to exorciſe, to caſt out evil ſpirits.

EXO'RDIO, ſ. m. beginning, introduction.

EXORNACIO'N, ſ. f. ornament, adorning.

EXORNA'R, v. a. to adorn, to ſet out.

EXO'TICO, adj. ſtrange, foreign.

E X P

EXPA'NSO, ſ. m. the firmament.

EEPAVECE'RSE, v. r. obſ. to be aſtonished, to be amazed.

EXPECTA'BLE, adj. that can be expected or looked for.

EXPECTACIO'N, ſ. f. expectation.

EXPECTATI'VA, ſ. f. the hopes of obtaining any thing.

EXPECTORACIO'N, ſ. f. a throwing out of phlegm from the ſtomach.

EXPECTORA'R, v. a. to throw out of the breaſt, to expectorate; to diſcharge one's mind.

EXPEDICIO'N ſ. f. military expedition; a march or voyage with martial intentions; alſo haſte, ſpeed, activity.

EXPEDICIONE'RO, ſ. m. he who ſolicits affairs in the courts of law, that of Rome in particular.

EXPEDIE'NTE, ſ. m. expedient; means to an end; activity in buſineſs, facility, eaſineſs.

Expediénte, adj. expedient, proper, fit, ſuitable.

EXPEDI'R, v. a. to expedite, to diſpatch.

EXPEDI'DO, adj. diſpatched; alſo quick, haſty.

EXPEDI[illegible]E'NTE, adv. expeditely, [illegible] quickneſs, readineſs.

EXPEDITO, adj. expedite, nimble, active, agile.

EXPELE'R, v. a. to expel, to drive out, to force away, to eject, to throw out.

EXPENDEDO'R, ſ. m. one who ſpends, or conſumes.

EXPENDE'R, v. a. to lay out, to ſpend.

EXPE'NSA, ſ. f. expence, coſt.

EXPERIE'NCIA, ſ. f. experience.

EXPERIMENTADO'R, ſ. m. one who makes experiments.

EXPERIMENTA'L, adj. of, or belonging to an experiment.

EXPERIMENTA'R, v. a. to try experiments.

EXPERIME'NTO, ſ. m. experiment, trial of any thing.

EXPE'RTO, adj. expert, skilful by practice or experience.

EXPIACIO'N, ſ. f. expiation, atonement.

EXPIA'R, v. a. to expiate, to atone for.

EXPIRA'R, v. a. vide *ESPIRA'R*.

EXPLANACIO'N, ſ. f. explanation, declaration.

EXPLANA'R, v. a. to explain, to declare.

EXPLAYA'R, v. a. to dilate, to extend.

EXPLICACIO'N, ſ. f. explication, an explaining or expounding.

EXPLICADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the manner of explaining himſelf that any body has.

EXPLICADO'R, ſ. m. he that explicates, explains, or expounds

EXPLICA'R, v. a. to explicate, to explain, to expound.

Explicárſe, v. r. to ſpeak plain, intelligible.

EXPLICITAME'NTE, adv. clearly, diſtinctly.

EXPLI'CITO, adj. clear, manifeſt.

EXPLORACIO'N, ſ. f. finding out.

EXPLORADO'R, ſ. m. explorator, examiner, one who ſearches; alſo a ſpy.

EXPLORA'R, v. a. to explorate, to examine, to ſearch out.

EXPLORATO'RIO, ſ. m. a probe, an inſtrument made uſe of by ſurgeons.

EXPOLIACIO'N, ſ. f. a taking of ſpoils.

EXPOLICIO'N, ſ. f. an explanatory note.

EXPONEDO'R, ſ. m. expounder, interpreter.

EXPONE'R, v. a. to expound, to interpret, to unfold, to lay out, to expoſe.
EXPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. expoſition, explication.
EXPOSITIVO, adj. that makes clear or manifeſt, that renders any doubtful thing plain.
EXPO'SITO, ſ. m. a foundling, a child expoſed or laid out by its parents for others to take up and breed it.
EXPOSITO'R, ſ. m. an interpreter.
EXPREMI'JO, ſ. m. a wooden trough uſed by the ſhepherds to cheeſe.
EXPRESSAME'NTE, adv. expreſsly, clearly, diſtinctly.
EXPRESSA'R, v. a. to expreſs, to declare clearly; alſo to repreſent by any of the imitative arts, as poetry, ſculpture, painting, &c.
EXPRESSIO'N, ſ. f. expreſſion.
EXPRESSI'VO, adj. that may be expreſſed, or made clear, expreſſive.
EXPRE'SSO, ſ. m. a meſſenger, an expreſs.
Expréſſo, adj. expreſs, poſitive plain, clear, not dubious.
EXPRIMIDE'RA, ſ. f. a little preſs uſed by apothecaries to ſqueeze out the juice of herbs, &c.
EXPRIMI'R, v. a. to ſqueeze out, to make known.
EXPROBACIO'N, ſ. f. a chiding, or reprimanding face to face, reproachful accuſation.
EXPUESTAME'NTE, adv. openly, in the ſight of all.
EXPUE'STO, p. p. expounded, interpreted, unfolded, laid out, expoſed.
EXPUGNACIO'N, ſ. f. a taking by force, or ſubduing by aſſault.
EXPUGNADO'R, ſ. m. one who ſubdues, or takes by force.
EXPUGNA'R, v. a. to take by force, to ſubdue, to conquer, to reduce.
EXPULSIO'N, ſ. f. expulſion.
EXPULSI'VO, adj. expulſive.
EXPU'LSO, adj. expulſed, drove out.
EXPULTRI'X, ſ. f. expelling power.
EXPURGACIO'N, ſ. f. the act of purifying or cleaning any thing.
EXPURGIR, v. a. to clean, to purify.
EXPURGATO'RIO, ſ. m. the Roman Index of the prohibited books.

E X Q

EXQUISITAME'NTE, adv. exquiſitely, neatly, excellently.
EXQUISI'TO, adj. exquiſite, excellent, neat, curious, fine.

E X T

E'XTASI, ſ. m. extaſy, rapture, trance.
EXTA'TICO, adj. in an extaſy, apt to be in an extaſy.
EXTEMPORA'L, adj. done extempore, on a ſudden, without any deliberation.
EXTEMPORANEAME'NTE, adv. ſuddenly, inconſiderately, without premeditation.
EXTENDE'R, v. a. to extend, to ſpread, to diffuſe.
Extendérſe, v. r. to be ſpread, to be dilated, or extended.
EXTENDIDAME'NTE, adv. extenſively, widely.
EXTENSAME'NTE, adv. largely, extenſively.
EXTENSIO'N, ſ. f. extenſion, dilatation.
EXTENSIVAME'NTE, adv. extenſively.
EXTENSI'VO, adj. extenſive, wide, large.
EXTE'NSO, adj. extenſive, wide, large; extended, dilated.
EXTENUACIO'N, ſ. f. an extenuating, or leſſening.
EXTENUA'R, v. a. to extenuate, to leſſen.
EXTERIO'R, adj. exterior, outward.
EXTERIORIDA'D, ſ. f. outwardneſs; alſo pomp, ſplendour, oſtentation.
EXTERIORME'NTE, adv. exteriorly, outwardly.
EXTERMINADO'R, ſ. m. one who roots out, or terminates.
EXTERMINA'R, v. a. to exterminate, to root out, to deſtroy, to overthrow, to banish.
EXTERMI'NIO, ſ. m. deſtruction, deſolation, ruin.
EXTE'RNO, adj. eternal, outward.
EXTINGUI'BLE, adj. that can be extinguiſhed.
EXTINGUI'R, v. a. to extinguiſh, to put out, to quench.
EXTI'NTO, adj. extinct, quenched, put out.
EXTIRPACIO'N, ſ. f. rooting out, extirpation.
EXTIRPA'R, v. a. to extirpate, to root out, to deſtroy.
EXTORCIO'N, ſ. f. extortion, wreſting from one.
EXTRA, prep. without; moſtly uſed in compoſition.
EXTRACCIO'N, ſ. f. extraction, drawing out.
EXTRA'CTO, adj. extracted, drawn out.
Extráđo, ſ. m. an abridgment.
EXTRAHE'R, v. a. to extract, to draw out.
EXTRAJUDICIA'L, adj. extrajudicial, out of the courſe of law.
EXTRAJUDICIALME'NTE, adv. extrajudicially.
EXTRAMU'ROS, adv. out of the walls.
EXTRA'NEO, adj. foreign.
EXTRANGERI'A, ſ. f. the ſtate of a foreigner or ſtranger.
EXTRANGE'RO, adj. foreign.
EXTRAñAME'NTE, adv. wonderfully.
EXTRAñAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of ſeparating from one's ſelf any thing; wonder, aſtoniſhment, ſurprize.
EXTRAñA'R, v. a. to alienate; alſo to be aſtoniſhed, to wonder at; alſo to banish.
EXTRAñE'Z, *EXTRAñE'ZA*, { ſ. f. alienation; novelty, ſingularity.
EXTRAñO, adj. rare, ſingular, extraordinary.
Vino a dar en al mas extráño penſamiénto que jámas dió lóco en el mún-

do, ſuch an extraordinary thought got hold of his mind, as ever any fool had before.

EXTRAORDINARIAME'NTE, adv. extraordinarily.

EXTRAORDINA'RIO, adj. extraordinary.

EXTRAVAGA'NCIA, ſ. f. extravagance, diſorderly proceeding.

EXTRAVAGA'NTE, ſ. f. a law of the pope taken out of the civil law.

Extravagánte, adj. extravagant, diſorderly.

EXTRAVAGA'R, v. a. to act diſorderly.

EXTRAVENA'RSE, v. r. to run out of the veſſels or veins.

EXTRAVIA'R, v. a. to take out of the way, to direct wrong.

EXTRAVI'O, ſ. m. wandering, ſtrolling out of the way.

EXTREMADAME'NTE, adv. extremely.

EXTREMA'DO, adj. extreme, extraordinary, perfect.

EXTREMAME'NTE, adv. above meaſure, extremely.

EXTREMA'R, v. a. to make perfect, to conſummate.

EXTREMIDA'D, ſ. f. extremity.

EXTRE'MO, ſ. m. the perfection or conſummation of any thing, the extreme, the higheſt degree of any thing.

Extrémo, ſ. m. the extremity, the end.

Y aúnque el mayor, me querla bién, no llegó al extrémo con que Don Fernando me querla, although the eldeſt loved me very well, yet it never arrived to that perfect love, with which Don Ferdinand loved me.

EXTRE'MO, adj. extreme, greateſt.

Con extrémo, en extrémo, por extrémo, extremely, very much, greatly.

Eſtár en extréma neceſſidad, to be in the moſt preſſing neceſſity, diſtreſs.

Eſtár ó poner en extrémo peligro, to be or to put one in the greateſt danger.

EXTRINSECAME'NTE, adv. extrinſically, outwardly.

EXTRI'NSECO, adj. extrinſical, outward.

EXTURBA'R, v. a. to expel by force or violence.

E X U

EXUBERA'NCIA, ſ. f. exuberance, copiouſneſs, plenty, overgrowth, ſuperfluous ſhoots; luxuriance.

EXUBERA'NTE, adj. very plentiful, very abundant, over-abundant.

EXULCERACIO'N, ſ. f. ulceration, ſore.

EXULCERA'R, v. a. to ulcerate.

EXU'LLO, ſ. the roller on which the weaver rolls up his threads.

EXULTACIO'N, ſ. f. exultation, joy.

EXULTA'R, v. n. to rejoice, to exult, to leap for joy.

F.

F, IS put alone in the calendar, and ſignifies *feriæ*.

FAB

FA'BA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HA'BA*.
FABEA'R, v. a. to ballot by caſting in of beans, ſome black and ſome white.
FABARA'Z, ſ. m. the herb ſtaveſacre, or houſebane.
FA'BLA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HA'BLA*.
FABLA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *HABLA'R*.
FABORDO'N, ſ. m. a kind of thorough baſe. A muſical term.
FA'BRICA, ſ. f. a fabrick, a ſtructure, a building, a manufacture.
Fabrica reticuláda, that building in which the ſtones are not laid ſide by ſide, but corner-ways.
Fabrica inciérta, that building in which the ſtones are not ſquared, or cut to a bigneſs, but are laid as they come, ſo they lie and join cloſe with the mortar.
Paréd de fabrica, a wall made with bricks.
Hombre de fabrica, a cunning, induſtrious man.
FABRICACIO'N, ſ. f. building.
FABRICADAME'NTE, adv. artfully, artificially.
FABRICADO'R, ſ. m. a builder, a faſhioner.
FABRICANTE, ſ. m. a builder, a workman; alſo a manufacturer.
FABRICA'R, v. a. to build, to frame, to forge, to manufacture, to form by workmanſhip.
FABRIL, adj. belonging to all mechanic arts.
FABRIQUE'RO, ſ. m. a builder.
FABU'CO, ſ. m. the fruit of the beechtree.
FABUEñO, m. Favonius, a wind ſo called.
FA'BULA, ſ m. fable, tale, fiction; alſo a lie.
Eſtár hecho fábula del mundo, to be laughed at by all the world.
FABULACIO'N. ſ. f. a fiction, or tale.
FABULADO'R, ſ. m. an inventor of fables or fictions.
FABULA'R, v. a. to invent fables, or fictions, to tell tales or lies.
FABULI'STA, ſ. m. one that writes fables.
FABULI'TA, or *FABULI'LLA*, ſ. f. a little fable.
FABULIZA'R, v. a. vide *FABULA'R*.
FABULOSAME'NTE, adv. fabulouſly.
FABULOSIDA'D, ſ. f. the falſity or vanity of fables.
FABULO'SO, adj. fabulous, feigned, full of fables.

FAC

FA'CA, ſ. f. a young mare; alſo a nag, a little horſe.
FACANE'A, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HACANE'A*.
FACCIO'N, ſ. f. an action, an engagement; alſo a faction; alſo tumult, diſcord, diſſenſion.
Faccionés de la cára, the features.
FACCIONA'RIO, adj. of, or belonging to a party, or faction, a partyman.
FACCIO'SO, adj. factious.
FACE'CIA, ſ. f. facetiouſneſs.
FACECIO'SO, adj. facetious, pleaſant.
FACE'R, v. a. obſ. vide *HACER*.
FACE'TA, ſ. f. one of the ſides of a jewels when cut.
FACE'TO, adj. diſcreet, merry, facetious.
FA'CHA, ſ. f. the face.
FACHA'DA, ſ. f. the front of a building.
FACHI'N, ſ. m. a porter to carry bundles.
FACIAL, adj. intuitive.
FA'CIL, adj. eaſy, tractable; alſo light of carriage.
Hómbre fácil, an inconſtant man, eaſy to be led.
Mugér fácil, a light woman, a woman eaſily corrupted.
FACILIDA'D, ſ. f. eaſineſs; lightneſs of behaviour.
FACILITA'R, v. a. to make eaſy, to free from difficulty.
FACILME'NTE, adv. eaſily.
FACINORO'SO, adj. criminal, enormous, wicked, vicious, villainous.
FACISTO'L, } ſ. m. a ſtand for a
FACISTO'R, } book, ſuch as they uſe in churches; a desk.
FACISTO'RIA, ſ. f. vide *FALDISTORIO*.
FACO, ſ. m. a ludicrous word for a ſmall horſe. In cant, a handkerchief.
FACTI'BLE, adj. that can be made or done.
FACTI'CIO, adj. done by art, factitious.
FACTO'R, ſ. m. a factor.
FACTORI'A, ſ. f. factory, factorſhip.
FACTU'RA, ſ. f. the making of a ting.
FA'CULAS, ſ. f. pl. certain ſpots obſervable in the ſun, that are brighter than the reſt of its ſurface.
FACULTA'D, ſ. f. faculty, ability, power, leave; alſo ſcience.
FACULTATI'VO, adj. belonging to any faculty.
FACU'NDIA, ſ. f. eloqnence, a fine way of delivery.
FACU'NDO, adj. well-ſpoken, eloquent.

FAD

FA'DAS, or *HA'DAS*, ſ. f. pl. ſo the writers of romances call inchanted nymphs or women who they feign cannot die. They are alſo taken for the Parcæ or Fates, which the poets feign to have the diſpoſal of human life.
Fádas bóas, a ſort of winter-pears.
FADI'GA, ſ. f. the fundamental right or title which the owner of an eſtate gives up in ſelling it.
FA'DO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *HA'DO*.
FADRI'N, ſ. m. a boy, a little brother.

FADRUBA'DO, adj. obſ. lame, crippled, diſabled in the limbs.

F A E

FAE'NA, ſ. f. buſineſs; a ſailor's work at ſea; alſo vain boaſting.

F A G

FAGI'NA, ſ. f. faſcine, ſuch as armies uſe to fill up ditches or raiſe trenches; a faggot of brush-wood; alſo all ſorts of withered dry leaves or flags, which may ſerve to light the fire or pack up brittle-ware.

Meter fagina, to be a great talker, Loquacions or very.

F A I

FAI'SA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *FA'XA*.
FAISA'N, ſ. m. a pheaſant.
FAISA'R, v. a. vide *FAXA'R*.

F A J

FA'JA, ſ. f. a ſwathe, ſuch as is uſed for ſwathing children or the like. In architecture, an iron or braſs ſtay, to bind any work together.

F A L

FALA'CIA, ſ. f. deceit, fraud, falſhood.
FALA'GIO, ſ. m. a venomous ſort of ſpider.
FALA'GO, ſ. m. } obſ. vide
FALAGUE'ñO, adj. } *HALA'GO*, *HALAGUE'ñO*.
FALA'NGE, } ſ. f. the Mace-
FALA'NJE, } donian phalanx, being a ſquare body of foot.
FALA'RICA, ſ. f. a ſpear bound about with wild fire ſhot out of an engine, to burn a rolling tower brought againſt a beſieged city.
FALA'Z, adj. deceitful, falſe.
FALBA'LA, ſ. m. furbelow.
FA'LCA, ſ. f. a ſmall bit of ſtick like a wedge, drove into the ſmall end of a pin to make it hold the faſter; alſo a nail, or ſtud.
FALCA'DO, adj. ſtudded, ſtuck with nails or ſtuds.
Cárro falcádo, the ancient chariots, with ſcythes ſticking out on both ſides, which they uſed to drive among the enemies to break their ranks and cut down men.
FALCA'R, v. a. to cut with a ſcythe.
FA'LCE, ſ. f. a ſcythe.
FALCINE'TO, ſ. m. the bird called a martin.
FALCO'N, ſ. m. vide *HALCO'N*; alſo a faucon, a gun ſo called, carrying a bullet of about two pounds and a half weight.
FALCONE'RO, ſ. m. a falconer.
FALCONE'TE, ſ. m. a piece of artillery called a falconet.
FA'LDA, ſ. f. a woman's petticoats, or that part of any garment that hangs down like them, as of a gown, caſſock, &c. a ſhirt; alſo the lower part or ſkirt of a mountain, alſo the lap.
En fáldas de camiſa, in her ſmock with no petticoat on.
FALDAME'NTOS, ſ. m. pl. all a woman's coats that hang down, or that part of any gownman's habit that hangs like petticoats.
FALDA'R, ſ. m. the lappet or armour.
FALDEA'R, v. n. to train the coats on the ground.
FALDELLI'N, ſ. m. any undercoat women wear; any thing hanging down like a woman's petticoats.
FALDE'RO, adj. kept on the lap; ſaid of little dogs.
FALDE'TE, ſ. f. a little skirt or ſhort waiſtcoat.
FALDE'TES, ſ. m. pl. ſhort skirts.
FALDI'LLAS, ſ. m. pl. the skirts of a garment, as of a waiſtcoat, doublet, &c. alſo little coats, as a child's petticoats.
FALDIQUE'RA, ſ. f. vide *FALDRIQUE'RA*.
FALDISTORI'O, ſ. m. a rich cloth, uſed in ſome places to lay over the ſtand or desk on which they lay the book, when the prieſt reads the goſpel.
FALDO'N, ſ. m. any great flap or skirt hanging from a garment
FALDRIQUE'RA, ſ. f. a pocket.
FALDU'DO, ſ. m. that has great skirts or hanging coats; in cant, a target.
FALDULA'RIO, ſ. m. any garment that drags unreaſonably on the ground.
FALE'NCIA, ſ. f. a contingency, a thing that may be or not be.
FALIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. fallibility.
FALI'BLE, adj. that can fail.
FALI'DO, ſ. m. a broken merchant, or tradeſman.
FALIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. deceit, fraud, guilt, falſity.
FALI'R, v. n. to fail, to break as tradeſmen do.
FA'LLA, ſ. f. vide *FA'LTA*.
FALLA'R, v. a. vide *HALLA'R* and *FALTA'R*.
FALLE'BA, ſ. f. an iron bar for windows or doors.
FALLECEDE'RO, adj. that can fail.
FALLECE'R, v. n. to die, to be conſumed.
FALLECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. dying, departing.
FALLI'DO, ſ. m. vide *FALI'DO*.
FA'LLO, ſ. m. deciſion, ſentence paſſed upon criminals.
FALO'RDIA, ſ. f. fallacy, deceit, fraud.
FALQUI'AS, ſ. m. a ſort of head-ſtall, or halter for a beaſt.
FA'LSA-BRA'GA, ſ. f. the fauſſe-braye, in fortification.
FALSAME'NTE, adv. falſly.
FALSA'R, v. a. to falſify, to counterfeit.
FALSA'RIO, ſ. m. a forger, a counterfeiter.
FALSEA'R, v. a. to adulterate, corrupt, or counterfeit any thing.
Falſeár, v. n. to fall, or to be broken.
Falſeár las guardás ó centinelas, to corrupt, to bribe the ſentinels or guards.

FALSEDA'D, ſ. f. falſhood, fraud, deceit.

FALSI'TE, ſ. m. a counterfeit voice in ſinging, which is not natural.

FALSI'A, ſ. f. obſ. falſhood, deceit.

FALSIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. falſifying or counterfeiting.

FALSIFICADO'R, ſ. m. forger, falſifier.

FALSIFICA'R, v. a. to falſify, to forge.

FALSI'FICO, ſ. m. a forger, a falſifier.

FALSI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *fálſo*.

FA'LSO, adj. untrue, counterfeit.

Amigo fálſo, a falſe friend.

Monéda fálſo, falſe money.

Edificio fálſo, a ſtructure that has not a ſound foundation.

Eſcritúra fálſa, a counterfeit writing.

Armár ſóbre fálſo, to build upon an ill bottom.

Embidár de falſo, a term among gameſters, when one ſtakes only to brave his adverſary.

FALSOPE'TO, ſ. m. a pocket in the boſom, a pouch before.

FA'LTA, ſ. f. fault; want, error.

Prov. *A fálta de hómbres buénos le hacén a mi pádre alcálde*, for want of honeſt men, my father is made *alcálde*. A man is made uſe of, becauſe no body elſe can ſerve, or is in the way.

FALTA'R, v. n. to fail, to be wanting, to err, to break one's word.

Faltár la eſcopéta, to miſs firing.

No fálta quién diga, there are ſome that ſay.

No faltéis, do not fail.

Prov. *Núnca fálta un róto pára un deſcosído*, there never wants a ragged one for one that is ripped; that is, there is never ſo bad a Jack but there is as bad a Jill.

FALTILLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *fálta*, a little fault.

FA'LTO, adj. deficient, wanting.

Hómbre fálto, a madman, a fool, one that wants his wits.

FALTO'SO, adj. deficient, wanting.

FALTRIQUE'RA, ſ. f. a pocket.

FALU'A, ſ. f. a barge, ſuch as are uſed on the rivers for pleaſure, or to carry people of note.

FALU'CA, ſ. f. a barge.

FAM

FA'MA, ſ. f. fame, report, renown.

Prov. *Cóbra buéna fáma, y échate a dormír*, get a good name, and lie down to ſleep.

Prov. *A quién mála fáma tien no acompáñes, ni quiéras bién*, do not keep company with, nor be fond of one that has an ill name.

Prov. *Quién la fáma ha perdída, muérto ánda en vída*, he who has loſt his reputation, is as good as dead whilſt living.

Prov. *Uno tiéne la fáma, y ótro cárda la lána*, one man has the reputation, and another cards the wool; that is, one man takes all the pains, and another runs away with the profit or the honour.

FA'ME, ſ. f. hunger. Obſ.

FAME'LICO, adj. hungry, ſtarved with hunger.

FAMI'LIA, ſ. f. a family.

FAMILIA'R, adj. familiar, friendly; uſed ſubſtantively, a familiar devil, with whom any man or woman is in league for the performing of their wicked purpoſes.

Familiár del ſánto oficio, a titular officier of the inquiſition.

FAMILIARCI'TO, ſ. m. a diminutive of *familiár*.

FAMILIA'RES, ſ. m. pl. in colleges, are poor ſtudents, who, for their learning and maintenance, ſerve the college in general, but not any perſon in particular.

FAMILIARIDA'D, ſ. f. familiarity.

FAMILIARIZA'R, v. a. to grow familiar.

Familiarizárſe, v. r. to make one's ſelf familiar.

FAMILIARME'NTE, adv. familiarly.

FAMILIATU'RA, ſ. f. the employment given to the *familiáres del ſánto oficio*.

FAMOSAME'NTE, adv. famouſly, notably.

FAMO'SO, adj. famous, renowned, notable.

FAMULI'CIO, ſ. m. the office of a ſervant.

FA'MULO, ſ. m. a ſervant.

FAN

FANA'L, ſ. m. the lanthorn of a ſhip, or any other lanthorn.

Fanál, in cant, the eye.

FANA'TICO, ſ. m. f. a fanatick.

FANDA'NGO, ſ. m. a dance ſo called.

FADANGUE'RO, ſ. m. he who is ſkilful in dancing the *fandango*.

FANDULA'RIOS, ſ. m. pl. vide *FALDULA'RIOS*.

FANE'CA, ſ. f. a ſmall ſea-fiſh ſo called.

FANE'GA, ſ. f. a buſhel.

FANEGA'DA, ſ. f. as much land as a buſhel of corn will ſow.

FA'NFA, ſ. f. a play, or rather an interlude; alſo folly, and boaſting.

FANFARREA'R, v. a. vide *FANFARRONEA'R*

FANFA'RRIA, ſ. f. a boaſting tale, a lying, hectoring ſtory; alſo pride, vanity, vain-glory.

FANFARRO'N, ſ. m. a boaſting fellow, a bully, a talkative conceited felow.

FANFARRONEA'R, v. n. to boaſt, to brag, to talk like a bully, to be vain.

FANFARRONERI'A, ſ. f. bragging, boaſting.

FANFURRI'ñA, ſ. f. the paſſion or anger that ariſes on trivial things.

FA'NO, ſ. m. a temple.

F A n

FAñADO, adj. obſ. grown, up, increaſed.

F A Q

FAQUI'N, ſ. m. a porter that carries burdens.

F A R

FARABUSTEA'R, v. n. in cant, to look out sharp.
FARABUSTEADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, a sharp thief.
FARACHA'R, v. a. to flourish or brandish the ſword.
FARAMA'LLA, ſ. f. quarrel, broil, confuſion that ariſes from tattling of each other.
FARAMALLE'RO, ſ. m. a tattling, ignorant perſon who raiſes contention by telling of lies.
FARAMALLO'N, ſ. a prattler, a babbler.
FARA'NDULA, ſ. f. play, farce; a cheat, falshood.
FARANDULE'RO, ſ. m. a comedian, an actor, player; alſo a great talker, a sharper, a cheat.
FARA'UTE, ſ. m. a herald, a meſſenger that paſſes between two; alſo he that ſpeaks the prologue of a play.
Faráute, in cant, the ſervant of a whore.
FARCINADO'R, ſ. m. he who ſtuffs up any thing.
FA'RDA, ſ. f. the tribute, or tax paid by the Moors or Jews formerly living among the Chriſtians to the king.
Fárda, ſ. m. in cant, a bundle.
FARDA'R, v. a. to make a proviſion, for cloaths.
FARDA'GE, } ſ. m. lumber, ba-
FARDA'JE, } les, fardles, luggage, parcels of goods.
FARDE'L, ſ. m. a fardle, a pack, a great bundle.
FARDELI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *fárdel*.
FARDIALE'DRA, ſ. f. in cant, ſmall money, ſmall coin.
FARDI'LLO, ſ. m. a little bundle.
FA'RDO, ſ. m. a bale of goods, a bundle, a parcel.
FARELLO'N, ſ. m. a point of land that runs out into the ſea.
FARFALA, ſ. f. a border, welt, fringe, or lace, about a woman's gown.
FARFALLO'SO, adj. ſtammering, or ſtuttering.
FARFA'N, ſ. m. a horſe-ſoldier, who is a Chriſtian, yet in the army of the Moors.
FARFA'NTE, ſ. m. a prating, jeſting, cheating fellow.
FARFANTO'N, ſ. m. pratter, talker,
FARFANTONA'DA, ſ. f. idle prattle, ſilly talk.
FA'RFARA, ſ. f. an herb very like ivy.
FA'RFARO, ſ. m. in cant, a prieſt.
FARFU'LLA, ſ. m. one who ſtutters, or ſtammers.
FARFULLADO'R, ſ. m. the man who ſtammers by endeavouring to expreſs himſelf haſtily when in a paſſion.
FARFULLA'R, v. n. to prate, to babble, to talk haſtily, to chatter.
FARI'NA, ſ. f. vide *HARI'NA*.
FARINE'TAS, ſ. f. pl. a kind of pap.
FA'RO, ſ. m. a light-houſe.
FARO'L, ſ. m. the lanthorn on the poop of a ſhip; alſo a light-houſe on the ſhore, where fires are kept in the night, to know how to ſteer into there haven.
FAROLE'RO, ſ. m. one who has the care of the light-houſe.
FAROLI'LLO, ſ. m. a little lanthorn.
FARO'N, ſ. m. corruptly for *faról*.
FARO'TA, ſ. f. a bold impudent woman.
FAROTO'N, ſ. m. a bold impudent man.
FA'RPA, ſ. f. obſ. a rag, or rent, or a looſe piece hanging from a garment. In the old laws they call the ſtandards cut like ſtreamers *fárpas*.
FARPA'DO, adj. cut on the border, ſcolloped.
FARRA, ſ. f. a fish ſo called.
FARRA'GO, ſ. m. an hodge-podge, a medley.
FA'RRO, ſ. m. obſ. bran. Some will have it to be any corn. It is alſo barley that has the husk juſt taken off, which ſerves to make a ptiſan for ſick people.
FA'RSA, ſ. f. a farce, a light dramatick repreſentation.
FARSA'NTE, ſ. m. a player, an actor.
FARSE'TO, ſ. m. obſ. a doublet.
FARSI'STA, ſ. m. a player, an actor.
FARTA'LES, or *FARTI'LES*, ſ. m. pl. a kind of cheeſe-cakes.
FARTES, ſ. m. pl. a kind of fritters.
FARTRIQUE'RA, ſ. f. vide *FALTRIQUE'RA*.

F A S

FAS, ſ. m. right, juſt.
FASCA'L, ſ. m. a heap of sheaves of corn.
FA'SCES, ſ. m. pl. bundles of rods carried before the Roman magiſtrates with an axe bound in the middle of them.
FASCINACIO'N, ſ. f. a bewitching by the eyes, a faſcination; alſo a deceit, a cheat, a fraud.
FASCINA'R, v. a. to bewitch by the eyes; alſo to cheat.
FASCO'NA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *AZCO'NA*.
FASOL, ſ. m. the herb called fenugreek.
FASO'LES, ſ. m. pl. kidney-beans French beans.
FASQUI'A, ſ. f. obſ. loathing.
FASQUIA'R, v. a. obſ. to loath.
FA'STA, adv. obſ. vide *HA'STA*.
FASTIDIA'R, v. a. to loath.
FASTI'DIO, ſ. m. a loathing.
FASTIDIOSAME'NTE, adv. in a loathſome or troubleſome manner.
FASTIDIO'SO, adj. loathſome, troubleſome.
FASTI'GIO, ſ. m. the top of any thing.
FA'STIO, ſ. m. vide *HA'STIO*.

FA'STO, ſ. m. pride, haughtineſs.
FASTO'SO, } adj. ſtately, haughty.
FASTUO'SO, }

F A T

FATA'L, adj. fatal.
FATALIDA'D, ſ. f. fatality, misfortune, unhappineſs.
FATALME'NTE, adv. fatally.
FATI'DICO, adj. belonging to a ſoothſayer, fatidical, prophetick, having the power to foretel.
FATI'GA, ſ. f. wearineſs, fatigue.
FATIGACIO'N, ſ. f. wearineſs.
FATIGADO'R, ſ. m. one who wearies.
FATIGA'R, v. a. to weary, to tire.
Fatigárſe, v. r. to fatigue one's ſelf.
FATIGO'SO, adj. wearisome, tireſome fatiguing.
FATO, ſ. m. obſ. fate, deſtiny.
FATO'R, ſ. m. a factor.
FATORI'A, ſ. f. factory; factorship; the allowance to a factor.
FATUIDA'D, ſ. f. ignorance, ſtupidity, foolishneſs, weakneſs of mind.
FA'TUO, adj. ſimple, ignorant, ſenſeleſs, ſtupid.
FATU'RA, ſ. m. vide *FACTURA*.

F A U

FA'UCE, ſ. m. the gorge or gullet pipe.
FAUFA'U, ſ. m. pride, vain-glory, boaſting.
FA'UNO, ſ. m. a fabled god of the woods.
FA'USTO, adj. proud, arrogant.
FAUSTO'SO, adj. haughty, ſtately, proud, arrogant.
FAUTO'R, ſ. m. one who cheriſhes or helps another.

F A V

FAVARA'Z, ſ. m. the herb ſtaveſacre or louſebane.
FAVILA, ſ. f. obſ. aſhes.
FA'VO, ſ. m. an honeycomb.
FAVO'NIO, ſ. m. the weſt wind.
FAVO'R, ſ. m. favour, aſſiſtance, help; alſo kindneſs granted, and ſomething given by a lady to be worn.
A favór, in favour; alſo to the order, ſpeaking of a bill of exchange.
FAVORA'BLE, adj. favourable, kind, propitious, affectionate; alſo accommodate; convenient.
Tener el viento favoráble, to have a good wind.
FAVORABLEME'NTE, adv. favourably, kindly, with favour.
FAVORCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little favour.
FAVORDO'N, ſ. m. a loud ſort of ſounding baſe, uſed in great choirs.
FAVORECEDO'R, ſ. m. favourer, one that aſſiſts or relieves.
FAVORECE'R, v. a. to favour, to aid, to aſſiſt, to relieve.
FAVORI'DO, adj. obſ. favoured.

F A X

FA'XA, ſ. f. a ſwathing band ſuch as they uſe about children; any border about a garment. In architecture, a faſcia, a plain border, as over a column or the like.
Fáxas de piernas, } gatters.
Fáxas de cáhas, }
FAXA'R, v. a. to ſwathe.
FAXA'RDO, ſ. m. a kind of minced pie.
FAXE'RO, ſ. m. a child's roller.
FAXI'NA, ſ. f. vide *FAGINA*.
FAXO'N, ſ. m. a great faſcia in architecture, or a large plain border en compaſſing the top of a column, or the like.
FA'XOS, ſ. m. children's cloaths.
FAXUE'LA, ſ. m. a ſmall ſwathing band.

F A Y

FAYA'DO, ſ. m. a cock-loft.
FAYA'NCA, ſ. f. an unſteady poſture of the body.

F A Z

FA'Z, ſ. f. the face, the countenance; alſo ſurface.
Fáz á fáz, face to face.
A prima fáz, at the firſt ſight or meeting.
FAZALE'JA, ſ. f. obſ. a towel.
FAZAñA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HAZAñA*.
FAZFIRI'DO, adj. obſ. reproved, rebuked.
FAZFIRI'R, v. a. obſ. to reprove, to rebuke.
FA'ZO, ſ. m. in cant, a handkerchief.
FAZOLE'TO, ſ. m. a handkerchief.

F E

FE', ſ. f. faith, honeſty, truth, ſincerity, fidelity, loyalty.
Dar ſu fé, to promiſe, to engage one's word.
Dar fé, to certify.
A la fé, by my faith.
Tenér fé en ótro, to have faithin a man.
Guardár fé, to be juſt, to keep promiſe.
Dar fé a lo que ſe dice, to credit what is ſaid.
Eſtár en buéna fé, to have a good reputation.
Dar fé ánte un eſcribáno, to atteſt before a notary.
Hacér úna cóſa en fé de que agradará, to do a thing, believing it will pleaſe.
Fé de vida, a teſtimonial, or certificate that a man is alive.

F E A

FEALDA'D, ſ. f. deformity, uglineſs; ſcandalous or dishoneſt dealing.
FEAME'NTE, adv. uglily, deformedly; ſcandalouſly, dishoneſtly.
FEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. deformity.

F E B

FE'BLE, f. f. feeble, weark, or frail; short of weight, not ſo valuable as it ought to be.
FEBLEDA'D, f. f. feebleneſs, weakneſs.
FEBLEME'NTE, adv. feebly, weak.
FEBRA'TICO, adj. that has a fever.
FEBRE'RO, ſ. m. the month of February.
FEBRICITA'NTE, ſ. m. he who is troubled with a fever.
FEBRI'DO, adj. garniſhed, adorned; alſo fortified.
FEBRI'FUGO, adj. of, or belonging to the medicine that cures the fever.
FEBRI'L, adj. belonging to a fever.

F E C

FECA'L, adj. belonging to the dregs or droſs of any thing.
FE'CHA, ſ. f. the date of any writing.
FECHA'R los diéntes, obſ. to gnaſh the teeth.
FE'CHO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *HE'CHO*.
FECHORI'A, ſ. f. obſ. a baſe and ignoble action.
FECIA'L, ſ. m. an herald at arms ſent to denounce war or make peace.
FECULE'NTO, adj. feculent, containing dregs.
FECUNDACIO'N, ſ. f. fertility.
FECUNDAME'NTE, adv. fruitfully.
FECUNDA'R, v. a. to make fruitful.
FECUNDIDA'D, ſ. f. fertility.
FECUNDIZA'R, v. a. vide *FECUNDAR*.
FECU'NDO, adj. fruitful, fertile.

F E D

FEDERACIO'N, ſ. f. confederacy.
FEDIE'NTE, adj. obſ. dirty, naſty, ſtinking.

F E E

FE'E, ſ. f. vide *FE*.
FE'EZA, ſ. f. obſ. uglineſs, deformity.

F E F

FEFAUT, ſ. m. a key in muſic.

F E I

FEITA, ſ. f. in cant, a trick, a particular way of cheating.

F E J

FEJU'GO, adj. obſ. weighty, heavy, burthenſome.
FEJUGUE'Z, ſ. f. obſ. heavineſs.

F E G

FEGA'DO, ſ. m. obſ, vide *HEGA'DO*.

F E L

FELIBO'TE, ſ. m. a fly-boat, a ſort of veſſel.
FELI'CE, adj. vide *FELI'Z*.
FELICEME'NTE, adv. happily, fortunately.
FELICIDA'D, ſ. f. happineſs, felicity.
FELICITA'R, v. a. to congratulate, to wiſh joy to another.
FELIGRE'S, ſ. m. a pariſhioner.
FELIGRESI'A, ſ. f. a pariſhionerſhip.
FELI'Z, adj. happy, fortunate.
FELIZME'NTE, adv. happily, fortunately, luckily.
FELONI'A, ſ. f. treachery, diſloyalty, treaſon, felony.
FE'LPA, ſ. f. ſhag.
Felpa rabóna, a cudgelling.
FELPA'DO, adj. of, or belonging to ſhag.
FELPI'LLA, ſ. f. a kind of ſhag.
FELPU'DO, adj. of, or belonging to ſhag.
FE'LTRE, ſ. m. vide *FIE'LTRO*.
FELU'CA, ſ. a felucca, a ſort of veſſel.

F E M

FE'MBRA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HE'MBRA*.
FEME'NCIA, ſ. f. obſ. vehemence.
FEMENI'L, adj. womaniſh effeminate.
FEMENILME'NTE, adv. woman-like.
FEMENI'NO, adj. belonging to a woman.
FEMENTIDAME'NTE, adv. unfaithfully, falſly.
FEMENTI'DO, adj. baſe, falſe, deceitful, treacherous.
FE'MINA, ſ. f. a woman; poetical.
FEMINA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a woman, womaniſh, effeminate.
FEMI'NEO, adj. womaniſh, belonging to a woman of the feminine gender.
FEMINI'L, adj. womaniſh, effeminate.
FEMINI'NO, adj. womaniſh, effeminate.

F E N

FENDE'R, v. a. obſ. vide *HENDER*.
FENDIE'NTE, ſ. m. a cleaving blow.
FENECE'R, v. a. to finiſh, to perfect, to bring to a concluſion.
Fenecér cuéntas, to make up accounts, to end them.
FENECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a finiſhing, perfecting, concluding.
FENE'STRA, ſ. f. poetical for window.
FENI'GENO, adj. belonging to hay. Poetical.
FE'NO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *HE'NO*.
FENOGRE'CO, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.

F E O

FEO, adj. deformed, ugly; diſhoneſt, baſe.

F E R

FERAÇIDA'D, ſ. f. fruitfulneſs.

FERA'L, adj. fierce, cruel, inhuman, ſanguinary.
FERA'Z, adj. abundant, copious, fruitful, plenteous.
FERE'TRO, ſ. f. a bier whereon a coffin is carried.
FE'RIA, ſ. f. a fair, a market; in the language of the church, a holy-day.
Dar ferias, to give a fairing.
Officio de feria, the office appointed to be ſaid by clergymen on common days, that are neither Sundays nor holidays.
Feria franca, a free fair, where the goods ſold pay no duties.
FERIA'L, adj. belonging to a fair, or market.
Pſalmos feriáles, pſalms appointed to be ſaid on a *feria*, or week-day.
FERIA'R, v. a. to buy or ſell, to give a fairing.
Dia feriádo, a holiday, on which all the courts of juſtice are ſhut up.
FERI'DA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HERI'DA*.
FERIDA'D, ſ. f. cruelty, inhumanity, fierceneſs.
FERIDO'R, ſ. m. who wounds.
FERI'NO, adj. belonging to a beaſt, beaſt-like.
FERLINGO'TO, ſ. m. a ſort of puff-paſte boiled in oil.
FERMENTACIO'N, ſ. f. an heat, or fermentation.
FERMENTA'R, v. a. to leaven.
FERMENTATI'VO, adj. heated, fermented.
FERME'NTO, ſ. m. leaven, ferment.
FEROCIDA'D, ſ. f. fierceneſs, cruelty, inhumanity.
FERO'Z, adj. fierce, wild, furious.
FEROZME'NTE, adv. fiercely, cruelly.
FERRA'DA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HERRA'DA*; an iron club.
FERRADO'R, ſ. m. one that works in iron.
FERRA'R, v. a. to ſtrengthen, ſhoe, or caſe with iron.
FE'RREO, adj. of, or belonging to iron, made of iron.
FERRE'R, ſ. m. a ſmith.
FERRERI'A, ſ. f. vide *HERRERI'A*.
FERRE'TE, ſ. m. a ſmall piece of iron, an iron ſtud, a ſeal for cloth; alſo a ſort of black dye.
FERRETEA'DO, adj. that haſh ſmall iron plates on it, ſtudded with iron.
FERREUE'LO, ſ. m. a cloak.
FERRI'ON, ſ. m. } a mark or ſign
FERRIO'NA, ſ. f. } of anger.
FE'RRO, ſ. m. obſ. iron, but properly an anchor.
Levár el férro, to raiſe the anchor.
FERRONAS, ſ. f. pl. in cant, ſpurs.
FE'RTIL, adj. fruitful, abundant, plenteous.
FERTILIDA'D, ſ. f. fruitfulneſs.
FERTILIZA'R, v. a. to fertilize, to make fruitful.
FE'RULA, ſ. f. a little cane or rod uſed in ſchools for the correction of children.
FERVIE'NTE, adj. fervent, hot, boiling.
FERVO'R, ſ. m. fervour, earneſtneſs, heat.
FERVORCI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *fervór*.
FERVORIZA'R, v. a to raiſe an heat or fervour.
FERVOROSAME'NTE, adv. earneſtly, eagerly, zealouſly.
FERVORO'SO, adj. fervorous, earneſt, eager, zealous.

F E S

FESTEA'R, v. a. vide *FESTEJA'R*.
FESTEJAD'OR, ſ. m. one that makes much of, or kindly entertains others.
FESTEJA'R, v. a. to make much of, to entertain kindly, to treat lovingly.
FESTE'JO, ſ. m. ready ſervice, kindneſs, officiouſneſs.
FESTE'RO, ſ. m. an officer in a church or chapel whoſe buſineſs is to take care of the eccleſiaſtical functions.
FESTI'N, ſ. m. a private feaſt.
FESTINACIO'N, ſ. f. expedition.
FESTIVA'L, adj. feſtival, joyful, belonging to a feaſt.
FESTIVAME'NTE, adv. merrily, joyfully.
FESTIVIDA'D, ſ. f. a feſtival-day, of the ſolemnizing of it; mirth, pleaſantry.
FESTI'VO, adj. joyful, feſtival, pleaſant.
FESTO'N, ſ. m. a feſtoon, a garland or flowers ſet about a coat of arms, upon ſome publick ſolemnity. In architecture, a *feſtón* is the carved knots of flowers hanging, on the columns, or the like.

F E T

FE'TIDO, adj. ſtinking.
FE'TO, ſ. m. the *fœtus* or young in the womb; any animal in embryo.

F E U

FEUDA'L, adj. belonging to fees or tenures, by which lands are held of a ſuperior lord.
FEUDALIDA'D, ſ. f. the quality or condition of fees.
FEUDA'R, v. a. vide *ENFEUDAR*.
FEUDATA'RIO, adj. one that holds of his lord in fee.
FEUCI'STA, ſ. m. the author that treats of fiefs.
FEU'DO, ſ. m. fief, lands held of a ſovereign lord; the acknowledgment paid for it.

F I

FI, ſ. m. obſ. a ſon.

F I A

FIA'BLE, adj. faithful.
FIADO'R, ſ. m. ſurety, bail; he that is bound for another. In falconry, the ſmall long line that is faſtened to the hawk's leaſe when ſhe is firſt lured, to bring her back at pleaſure.

Fiadór, ſ. m. is alſo the loop of a cloak that comes about the neck to button, that it may not fall off.

FIADURA, *FIADURIA*, ſ. f. obſ. vide *FIANZA*.

FIA'MBRE, adj. cold meat.

FIAMBRE'RA, ſ. f. a large hamper, in which great men, when they travel, carry cold meat.

FIA'NZA, ſ. f. bail, ſurety.

FIA'R, v. a. to truſt, to credit, to bail, to be bound for, to confide in, to rely on.

Prov. *Ni fiés, ni porfies, ni apuéſtes, ni preſtes, y vivirás éntre las gentes*, do not truſt, nor contend, nor lay wagers, nor lend, and you will live among men, you will live peaceably.

FI'AT, let it be done. A Latin word uſed in Spaniſh very often.

F I B

FI'BRA, ſ. f. a little vein or fibre.

FIBRO'SO, adj. full of fibres.

FI'BULA, ſ. f. a button or buckle.

F I C

FICA'NTE, ſ. m. in cant, a gameſter, a cheat.

FICA'R, v. a. in cant, to play.

FICCIO'N, ſ. f. a fiction, a tale, a fable.

FICE, ſ. m. a fiſh called a whiting.

FICE'DULA, ſ. f. a bird like a nightingale, feeding on figs or grapes.

FICTI'CIO, adj. fabulous, fictitious.

FI'CTO, adj. feigned, fictitious, fabulous; alſo vain, uſeleſs.

FICTU'RA, ſ. f. a feigning; or counterfeiting; a cog, a lie, a device.

F I D

FIDA'LGO, ſ. m. the old Spaniſh for a gentleman well born, nowonly uſed in Portugal.

FIDEDI'GNO, adj. credible, that deſerves to be credited.

FIDEICOMISSA'RIO, ſ. m. he that is inſtructed to perform the will of a teſtator.

FIDEICOMI'SSO, ſ. m. a feoffment of truſt, when a thing by will is put into one's hand upon his honeſty, to diſpoſe of to ſome certain uſe.

FIDELIDA'D, ſ. f. fidelity, honeſty, veracity; alſo faithful adherence.

FIDE'OS, ſ. m. vermicelli.

FIDI'CULA, ſ. f. a conſtellation ſo called.

FI'DO, adj. faithful.

FIDU'CIA, ſ. f. confidence, faith.

F I E

FIE'BRE, ſ. f. a fever, an ague.

FIE'L, adj. faithful.

Fiél, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HIE'L*.

FIELDA'D, ſ. f. fidelity, the office of him that is to ſee juſt weights and meaſures.

FIELME'NTE, adv. faithfully.

FIE'LTRO, ſ. m. a felt; alſo a hat or cloak made of felt.

Prov. *Caminar con zapátos de fiéltro*, to go whith felt-ſhoes; that is, to proceed with great ſecrecy.

FIE'RA, ſ. f. a wild beaſt.

FIERAME'NTE, adv. fiercely.

FIERE'ZA, ſ. f. fierceneſs, wildneſs, ſavageneſs.

FIE'RO, adj. fierce, wild, ſavage.

Fiéros, ſ. m. pl. threats, bravadoes, fierce behaviour.

FIE'RRO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *HIE'RRO*.

FIE'STA, ſ. f. feaſt, feſtival, entertainment, merry-making.

Fiéſta de ſeis cápas ò de ſiéte cápas, a great holiday, or feſtival, when ſix or ſeven canons of the church officiate in their rich copes.

Prov. *Gran fiéſta pára tan chico ſántto*, a great feaſt for ſuch a little ſaint. Much ceremony for an inconſiderable perſon.

Prov. *Quien te hace fiéſta que no te ſuélo hacér, ò te quiere engañár ò te ha meneſter*, he that makes more of you than he is wont to do, either deſigns to cheat you, or ſtands in need of you.

FIE'Z, ſ. m. obſ. vide *HEZ*.

F I G

FI'GADO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *HI'GADO*.

FI'GME'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. earthen-ware.

FI'GO, ſ. m. obſ. a fig.

FIGO'N, ſ. m. a cook that dreſſes meat in Spain for the meaner ſort; alſo the cook's ſhop.

Figón, a word of reproach, a bardash.

FIGONA'L, adj. belonging to a cook's ſhop.

FIGONE'RO, ſ. m. the maſter of a cook's ſhop.

FIGUE'RA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HIGUE'RA*.

FIGUERA'L, ſ. m. a grove of fig-trees.

FIGULI'NO, adj. made of clay.

FIGU'RA, ſ. f. a figure, a ſhape, a form; alſo a court-card, a part in a play.

Figúra, a haughty boaſting fellow; alſo a ridiculous ugly fellow.

Figúra, a figure in rhetorick; any way of ſpeaking, in which words are detorted from their literal and primitive ſenſe; in grammar, any deviation from the rules of analogy or ſyntax.

Hacér figúra, to make a great figure in the world.

Hacér figúras, to makes faces.

Prov. *Naturàl y figúra, haſta la ſepultúra*, the ſame temper remains during all one's life.

Levantár figúra, to caſt a figure, as cheating aſtrologers and fortunetellers do.

Buena ò mala figúra, a man or woman of a good or bad preſence.

FIGURA'BLE, adj. that can be

figured, fashioned, figurable, capable of being brought to certain form.

FIGURA'DA, ſ. f. an inſignificant and impertinent action, or jeſt done with affectation or gravity pretended.

FIGURADAME'NTE, adv. figuratively.

FIGURA'L, adj. belonging to a figure.

FIGURA'NZA, ſ. f. likeneſs, reſemblance, ſimilitude.

FIGURA'R, v. a. to figure, to repreſent, to form, to ſhape, to imagine, to conceit.

Figurárſe, v. r. to form, to imagine or repreſent one's ſelf.

FIGURATI'VO, adj. figurative.

FIGURERI'A, ſ. f. vide *FIGURA'DA*.

FIGURE'RO, ſ. m. a mimick, a geſticulator, a man that makes faces.

FIGURI'LLA, ſ. f. a little figure, an inſignificant fellow.

FIGURO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *figúra*.

F I J

FIJA'R, v. a. to fix, to make faſt; alſo to ſettle, to eſtabliſh invariably; alſo to deprive of volatility.

Fijár la viſta, to fix the ſight.

FI'JO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *HI'JO*.

FIJODA'LGO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *HI'DALGO*.

F I L

FIL, ſ. m. obſ. thread; an imaginary line, ſuch as geometricians ſay conſiſts in length without breadth. Sometimes taken for *ſíjo*, or *híjo*, a ſon.

FI'LA, ſ. f. a file of ſoldiers.

FILACI'GAS, ſ. f. pl. ropes made of oakam aboard ſhips; that is, of old ropes towed out, ſpun, and twiſted again: our ſeamen call them ropeyarns.

FILADI'Z, *FILAIZ*, } ſ. m. the ſilk that is gotten out of the pod after the worm is out.

FILAME'NTOS, ſ. m. pl. filaments, a ſlender body like a thread.

FILA'NDRIAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of ſmall worms, which birds, eſpecially thoſe of prey, breed in their bowels.

FILA'NGAS, ſ. f. pl. rope-yarn, ſmall ropes aboard ſhips made of oakam.

FILA'R, adj. belonging to a thread.

Filár, v. a. obſ. to ſpin.

Filár, in cant, to cut a purſe.

FILARE'TE, ſ. m. in cant, a cut-purſe.

FILARE'TES, ſ. m. pl. the nettings aboard a ſhip, being ſmall ropes ſeized together with rope-yarns in the form of a net, commonly uſed in the waiſt or on the ſides above the timber, to prevent falling over-board and to lay a ſail over for ſhade.

FILASTI'CA, ſ. f. oakam; that is, old ropes untwiſted and pulled out, as it were, into looſe flax again.

FILATERI'A, ſ. f. a long harangue to impoſe upon a man; banter.

FILATE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes a long harangue on trivial things. In cant, a thief who ſteals by cutting off pockets.

FILA'TES, ſ. m. pl. the places where they lay their oars in a galley.

FILATRI'ZA, ſ. f. a ſort of camblet.

FILDERRERO'R, ſ. m. a kind of woollen-cloth ſo called.

FILELI', ſ. f. a ſort of thin ſtuff made in Barbary.

FILE'NO, adj. obſ. ſoft, ſmooth; alſo effeminate.

FILE'RA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HILE'RA*.

FILE'TE, ſ. m. an edge or edging.

FILETEA'R, v. a. to make an edge or edging.

FILETO'N, ſ. m. a great edge.

FILIACIO'N, ſ. f. the deſcent from fathers or ſons; alſo a religious houſe depending on another from which it firſt came.

FILIAGU'LLA, ſ. f. the plant maguey, in the Weſt Indies.

FILIA'L, adj. filial, belonging to a ſon.

FILIA'R, v. n. to prove one's own deſcent.

FILIBO'TE, ſ. m. vide *FELIBO'TE*.

FILICI'DA, ſ. m. a killer of his ſon.

FILIGRA'NA, ſ. f. filigree-work, which is curious fine work in ſilver or gold, or any other metal.

FILILI', ſ. m. perfection, delicacy.

FILIPE'NDULA, ſ. f. the herb or flower called drop-wort.

FILIPICHI'N, ſ. m. wool woven with fine flowers.

FILIPO'DIO, ſ. m. the herb polipody of the oak.

FILI'PO, *FILIPO'N*, } ſ. m. a ſort of ſilver coin.

FILIS, ſ. f. ability, grace in doing or ſaying any thing.

FILLO, ſ. m. obſ. a ſon.

FI'LO, ſ. m. the edge of a weapon.

Filo, ſ. m. obſ. vide *FIL*.

FILOMOSTE'RRA, ſ. f. the herb fumitory.

FILO'SA, ſ. f. in cant, a ſword.

FILO'SO, ſ. m. in cant, a knife.

FILTRACIO'N, ſ. f. a filtering, or ſtraining of liquor among the chemiſts.

FILTRA'R, v. a. to ſtrain liquors, as chemiſts do.

FILTRO', ſ. m. a filter, or cloth to ſtrain through.

F I M

FI'MBRIA, ſ. f. the hem of any garment.

FIMO, ſ. m. filth, dung.

F I N

FIN, ſ. m. the end, the concluſion; bound, limit; purpoſe, intention.

Al fin fin, at length.

En fin, in fine, to conclude.
Hacér úna coſá con buen fin, to do a thing with a good deſign.
Prov. *Al fin finál ſervir a Dios, y no hacér mal*, in concluſion, ſerve God and do no harm.
FINA'BLE, adj. that may be finiſhed.
FINA'L, adj. final.
FINALIZA'R, v. a. to finish; to conclude, to put an end to.
FINALME'NTE, adv. finally, to conclude.
FINAME'NTE, adv. delicately, nicely, finely.
FINAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. dying, departing this life, ending.
FINA'NZA, ſ. f. a revenue.
FINA'R, v. n. to die, to depart this life.
FI'NCA, ſ. f. a ſubſtantial ſecurity or ground to go upon; a good bank of money; a fund; alſo a geſture, a movement of the body.
Finca de rénta, a fund on a ſettled revenue.
FINCA'BLE, adj. ſtable, remaining, laſting.
FINCA'R, v. a. vide *HINCA'R*.
FINCHA'R, v. a. vide *HINCHA'R*.
FINE'ZA, ſ. f. fineneſs, ſubtilty; gallantry done for the ſake of a lady, or the like; alſo a ſmall gift or preſent.
FINGIDAME'NTE, adv. feignedly, counterfeitly, falsly.
FINGIDO'R, ſ. m. feigner, counterfeiter.
FINGIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a feigning or counterfeiting.
FINGI'R, v. a. preſ. to feign, to counterfeit.
FINI'BLE, adj. that may be ended.
FINIBUS TERRE, ſ. m. in cant, the gallows.
FINICIO'N, ſ. f. the finishing or completing of any thing.
FINIE'STRA, ſ. f. obſ. a window.
FINIQUI'TO, ſ. m. the balance or ſettling of an account.
FINI'R, v. a. obſ. to finish.
FINI'TIMO, adj. bordering, neighbourly.
FINI'TO, adj. bounded, limited.
FI'NO, adj. fine, courtier-like, courteous, kind; cunning, crafty, ſubtile.
Paño fino, fine cloth.
Vellácо fino, a crafty knave.
FINO'JO, ſ. m obſ. the knee.
FI'NTA, ſ. f. a ſmall tribute paid to the prince.
FINU'RA, ſ. f. obſ. finery.

F I O

FIO, ſ. m. obſ. a ſon.

F I R

FIRMA, ſ. f. a man's hand to a writing.
FIRMAME'NTO, ſ. m. the firmament, the sky.
FIRMA'R, v. a. to a ſign, to confirm, to put one's hand to a writing.
Firmárſe, v. r. to attribute to one's ſelf any name.
FI'RME, adj. firm, ſtable, fixed.
FIRMEDUMBRE, ſ. f. obſ. vide *FIRME'ZA*.
FIRMEME'NTE, adv. firmly, ſtrongly, ſtedfaſtly.
FIRME'ZA, ſ. f. ſtability, ſtedfaſtneſs, firmneſs.

F I S

FISBE'RTA, ſ. f. in cant, a ſword.
FISCA'L, ſ. m. the king's ſollicitor; the attorney-general; a cenſurer, one who blames.
Fiſcál procuradór, the king's ſollicitor-general, the ſollicitor of the Exchequer.
Fiſcál de eſpárto, a basket made of *eſpárto*.
FISCALEA'R, v. a. to accuſe, to charge, as the king's ſollicitor does.
FISCALE'RO, ſ. m. an accuſer.
FISCALI'A, ſ. f. the office or duty of the king's ſollicitor.
FISCALIZA'R, v. a. to accuſe of any crime, to charge.
FI'SCO, ſ. m. the Exchequer.
FISERE'TA, ſ. f. vide *TIXERE'TA*.
FI'SGA, ſ. f. a rod, a dart; alſo a jeſt, a reflection: a trout-hook; the grapple of a ship; a boat-hook.
FISGADO'R, ſ. m. a jeſting, ſcoffing fellow.
FISGA'R, v. a. to play upon a man, to jeer, to ſcoff.
FISGO'N, ſ. m. vide *FISGADO'R*.
FISSI'L, adj. eaſy to be broken.
FI'STICO, ſ. m. the piſtachio, or fiſticknut-tree.
FISTO'L, ſ. m. a cunning artful man at play; applied ſommetimes to thoſe who have good abilities or are capable of managing buſineſs in a dextrous manner.
FI'STOLA, ſ. f. a dangerous running ſore, called a fiſtula, alſo a shepherd's, pipe, uſed by poets.
FISTOLA'DO, adj. diſeaſed with a fiſtul
FI'STULA, ſ. f. vide *FI'STOLA*.
FISTULO'SO, adj. fiſtulous, having the nature of a fiſtula.

F I T

FI'TO, adj. obſ. faſtened, thruſt into.
Fito, adj. obſ. bent, ſpeaking of the knees.

F I U

FIU'CIA, ſ. f. obſ. confidence, relying upon another.

F I X

FIXA, ſ. f. an iron hinge of a door.
FIXACIO'N, ſ. f. a faſtening, ſtability, firmneſs; in chemiſtry, deſtruction of volatility.
FIXAME'NTE, adv. faſt, firmly; alſo attentively.
FIXE'ZA, ſ. f. obſ. certainty, firmneſs, ſecurity, ſteadfaſtneſs.

FIXA'R, v. a. to fix, to faſten.
FI'XO, adj. fixed, faſt, ſteady.
FI'XOS, ſ. m. pl. the four fixed ſtars, Taurus, Leo, Scorpio, and Aquarius.

F I Z

FIZGA, ſ. f. vide *FISGA*.
FIZGADO'R, ſ. m. vide *FISGADO'R*.
FIZGA'R, v. a. vide *FISGA'R*.
FIZGO'N, ſ. m. vide *FISGO'N*.

F L A

FLABE'LO, ſ. m. a fan, a flap for flies.
FLACAME'NTE, adv. leanly, weakly.
FLA'CO, adj. lean, weak; ſlender, feeble.
FLAGELACIO'N, ſ. f. whipping, ſcourging.
FLAGELA'NTES, ſ. m. pl. certain hereticks about the year 1272, who went about begging and whipping themſelves.
FLAGE'LO, ſ. m. a whip.
FLAGI'CIO, ſ. m. a great piece of villany, a vile, baſe action.
FLAGICIO'SO, adj. wicked, vicious, villainous, baſe.
FLAGRA'NCIA, ſ. f. ardor, vehemency, heat.
FLAGRA'NTE, adj. ardent, vehement, hot.
Cogér a úno en flagránte delito, to take a man in flagrant; that is, actually committing the crime, in the fact.
FLAGRA'R, v. n. to ſhine.
FLA'MA, ſ. f. a flame.
FLAMA'NTE, adj. flaming.
Nuévo flamánte, ſpick and ſpan new.
FLAMBA'NTE, adj. in heraldry, flamous, like ſo many flames.
FLAMEA'R, v. n. to lower the ſails.
FLAME'NCO, ſ. m. a bird that has a red breaſt and pinions.
FLAMINQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little plate for fruit.
FLAME'O, ſ. m. a veil or hood worn by the bride.
FLAMI'GERO, adj. that throws flames or bears flames.
FLA'MILLA, *FLAMU'LA*, } ſ. f. a ſtreamer, or a pendant in a ſhip.
FLA'NCO, ſ. m. the ſide of a fortification, or of a ſhip, army, or fleet.
FLANQUEA'DO, adj. fortified, defended by lateral fortifications.
FLANQUEA'R, v. a. to make an equal defence, to flanker.
FLA'ONES, ſ. m. a ſort of cheeſe-cake.
FLAQUEA'R, v. n. to become weak, or feeble.
FLAQUECE'R, v. n. to be weak.
FLAQUE'ZA, ſ. f. weakneſs, feebleneſs, leanneſs.
FLAQUISSI'MO, adj. ſuperl. very weak, very infirm.
FLA'SCO, ſ. m. a glaſs bottle; alſo a powder-flask.
FLA'TO, ſ. m. a blaſt of wind.
FLATO'SO, adj. blowing, windy.
FLATULE'NTO, adj. that cauſes wind.
FLATUO'SO, adj. cauſing windineſs, or proceeding from it.
FLA'VO, adj. yellow.
FLA'UTA, ſ. f. a pipe, a flute, a flagelet; any ſort of pipe; alſo a veſſel called a flute.
FLAUTA'DO, adj. ſhrill, high in muſic, as the treble.
Tañér por lo flautádo, to ſpeak ſhrill; to play upon ſhrill-pipes.
FLAUTADO'R, ſ. m. one that makes pipes or plays on them.
FLAUTA'R, v. a. to play on a pipe.
FLAUTE'RO, *FLAUTISTA*, } ſ. m. a flute-maker.
FLAUTOS pitos, (a phraſe) delights, amuſements, paſtimes.

F L E

FLE'BIL, adj. ſad, mournful, weeping.
FLEBOTOMA'R, v. a. to bleed, to open the vein.
FLEBOTOMI'A, ſ. f. phlebotomy, letting blood.
FLEBOTOMIA'NO, adj. ſaid of a barber who has got a licence to bleed.
FLE'CHA, ſ. f. an arrow, a ſhaft.
FLECHA'DO, adj. ſhot out of a bow. In architecture, arched.
FLECHADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſhoots in a bow.
FLECHADU'RA, ſ. f. *FLECHAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. } ſhooting with a bow. In architecture, to arch.
FLECHA'ZO, ſ. m. the ſtroke or wound of an arrow.
FLECHERI'A, ſ. m. the ſoldiers who uſed to ſhoot darts.
FLECHE'RO, ſ. m. an archer.
FLECO, ſ. m. vide *FLUECO*.
FLEGMA, ſ. f. vide *FLEMA*.
FLEGMA'TICO, adv. vide *FLEMATICO*.
FLEGMON, ſ. m. vide *FLEMO'N*.
FLE'MA, ſ. f. phlegm; ſlowneſs, patience.
Fléma, ſ. f. a farrier's fleam to bleed horſes.
FLEMA'TICO, adj. phlegmatick; ſlow, patient.
FLEMO'N, ſ. m. an inflammation of any part; alſo ſpawl, ſpittle.
FLEMO'SO, adj. full of phlegm.
FLEMU'DO, adj. lazy, careleſs, indolent.
FLEQUEZUE'LO, ſ. m. diminutive of *fleco*.
FLETADO'R, ſ. m. one that freights veſſels.
FLETAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a freighting of veſſels.
FLETA'R, v. a. to freight veſſels.
FLE'TE, ſ. m. freight.
FLEXIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. flexibility; docility.
FLEXI'BLE, adj. that can be bent or ſoftened; docile.
FLEXIO'N, ſ. f. a bending or folding of any thing.

F L I

FLIBO'TE, ſ. m. a kind of ſhip ſo called.
FLINFLO'N, ſ. m. a name given to thoſe who are plump and freſh coloured.

FLO

FLOCADU'RA, ſ. f. the fringing of any thing.

FLOMOTOMI'A, ſ. f. vide *FLEBOTOMI'A*.

FLOñA, ſ. f. obſ. triffle, impertinence.

FLOQUEA'DO, adj. fringed, adorned with fringes.

FLOR, ſ. f. flower, the bloſſom of the trees; alſo the prime or the flouriſhing part of any thing.

Flor de lis, the flower-de-luce.

Flor de la muger, a woman's courſes.

Flor de cobre, verdegriſe.

Flor de paràdiſo, flower of paradiſe.

Flor de vino, the mother on decayed wines.

Flor de la bàrba, the down on youth's faces before the beard grows.

Flor en la colòr, a freſh colour.

Flor de açafrán, ſaffron.

Flor de naranja, orange-flower.

Flor de qualquiér còſa, the gloſs or beauty of any thing.

Flor de cordovàn, the ſmooth gloſſy ſide of the leather.

Flor de la canéla, choice cinnamon.

Flor de la donzélla, a maidenhead.

Flor de metál, the ſcales that fly off from any metal in hardening or hammering.

Flor, a cheat, a trick at play.

Flor de la juventùd, the flower of youth.

Flor de eſpecie, the ſpice called mace.

Flor de la oraciòn, fine expreſſions in a ſpeech.

Cáma de flóres, a delicate bed.

Irſe todo en flóres, to be all ſhow and no ſubſtance.

Andárſe a la flor del bérro, to look after the flowers of watercreſſes, to give one's ſelf up to vice and idleneſs.

FLORA'INA, ſ. f. in cant, a cheat.

FLORDELI'S, ſ. f. the flower-de-luce.

FLORDELISA'R, v. n. to adorn a thing with lilies.

FLOREA'DO, adj. as, *pan floreádo*, bread baked to perfection, when the cruſt is neither too ſoft, nor parched.

FLOREA'R, v. a. to dally with, to triſle.

FLORECE'R, v. n. to flouriſh, to bloſſom, to bear flowers, to thrive, to proſper.

FLORECIE'NTE, adj. flouriſhing, bloſſoming.

FLORECI'LLA, *FLORECI'TA*, ſ. f. a little flower.

FLORE'O, ſ. m. a flouriſh fencers make with the foils before and after fencing; a flouriſh of the colours; a flouriſh in the ſpeech; alſo an ornament of flowers; likewiſe gaiety, pleaſantneſs.

FLORE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a cheat; alſo a flower-maker, and a picture full of flowers.

FLORE'STA, ſ. f. a wood, a foreſt.

FLORESTE'RO, ſ. m. foreſter, ranger, keeper.

FLORE'TA, ſ. f. a bit of fine leather added to a ſtrap for ſtrength and ornament.

FLORETA'DA, ſ. f. a fillip on the forehead.

FLORE'TE, ſ. m. a playing with ſwords; alſo the fineſt white paper.

FLORETEA'R, v. a. to adorn or garniſh with flowers.

FLORIDAME'NTE, adv. elegantly, perfectly, lively, flouriſhingly.

FLORI'DO, adj. flouriſhing, bloſſoming, full of flowers or bloſſoms; proſperous; alſo, in cant, rich.

Paſcua florida, Eaſter, the day on which the Chriſtian church commemorates our Saviour's reſurrection.

FLORI'FERO, adj. that brings forth flowers.

FLORIGE'RO, adj. idem.

FLORI'N, ſ. m. a florin.

FLORIPO'NDIO, ſ. m. a tree in the Weſt Indies ſo called.

FLORO'N, ſ. m. a knot of leaves and flowers in carving.

FLORONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a knot of leaves and flowers in carving.

FLO'SSANCTORUM, ſ. m. the flower of the ſaints, a book containing the lives of ſaints.

FLO'TA, ſ. f. a fleet; generally underſtood of merchant ſhips.

FLOTADU'RA, *FLOTAMIE'NTO*, ſ. f. ſ. m. a rub, the act of rubbing.

FLOTA'R, v. a. to float upon the water; alſo to move the body or limbs like waves of the ſea to get a heat; alſo to rub with the hands any part of the body.

FLOXAME'NTE, adv. ſlothfully, lazily, idly, looſely.

FLOXEA'R, v. a. to be feeble or weak; alſo to be ſlothful.

FLOXEDA'D, ſ. f. ſloth, lazineſs, idleneſs, looſeneſs.

FLOXE'L, ſ. m. the wool that is ſhorn off from cloth; alſo the down on fruit, as peaches, &c.

FLOXE'RA, ſ. f. vide *FLOXEDA'D*.

FLO'XO, adj. ſlothful, lazy, idle, looſe.

FLOXO'N, *FLOXONA'ZO*, ſ. m. a lazy idle fellow.

FLOXU'RA, ſ. f. ſlothfulneſs, lazineſs, idleneſs, looſeneſs.

FLU

FLUCTUACIO'N, ſ. f. fluctuation, uncertainty, indetermination.

FLUCTUA'R, v. a. to be wavering, unſettled, doubtful what to do, to waver, to be irreſolute.

FLUE'CO, ſ. m. fringe; alſo the wool that is ſhorn off from cloth.

FLU'IDO, adj. fluid; that is, not ſolid or fixed, but runs.

FLUI'R, v. n. to flow.

FLUVIA'L, adj. of the river.

Peſcado fluvial, freſh water fiſh.

FLUX, ſ. m. a flush at cards, when one has all of a ſuite.
FLUXIO'N, ſ. f. the flowing of any liquid.
FLU'XO, ſ. m. the diſtemper called the flux.
Fluxo de ſángre, the bloody-flux.
Flúxo de palabrás, babbling, talking vainly.
Flúxo de viéntre, looſeneſs, diarrhea, flux of the belly.
Flúxo del mar, the flux, the tide.

F O C

FOCA, ſ. f. a ſea-calf.
FO'CO, ſ. m. a focus, in which all the rays of light are contracted; alſo a hearth or fire-ſide.

F O F

FO'FO, adj. ſoft and puffy, ſpongy.

F O G

FOGA'DO, ſ. f. a fogade, a ſmall mine to blow up ſome little work.
FOGA'GE, ſ. m. a tax laid upon every houſe.
FOGA'TA, ſ. m. a fire made of wood which makes great flames.
FOGO'N, ſ. m. a hearth, the pan and touch-hole of a gun; the cook-room of a ſhip.
FOGONADU'RA, ſ. f. the priming of any fire-arms.
FOGOSIDA'D, ſ. f. vivacity, ſpright-lineſs.
FOGO'SO, adj. fiery, mettleſome, fierce.
FOGO'TE, ſ. m. a lighted match, ſuch as ſoldiers uſe.

F O I

FOI'NA, ſ. f. vide *FUI'NA*.
FOI'R, v. a. obſ. to run away.

F O J

FO'JA, ſ. f. obſ. a leaf.
Fója, ſ. f. a water-fowl ſo called.

F O L

FO'LGA, ſ. f. obſ. joy, mirth, recreation.
FOLGA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *HOLGA'R*.
FOLI'A, ſ. f. a ſort of dance.
FOLIA'R, v. a. to mark the number of any book.
FOLICO'NES, ſ. m. a hum-ſtrum of ſeveral muſical inſtruments.
FOLI'CULO, ſ. m. any leaf of a tree or plant.
FO'LIO, ſ. m. the ſheet of a book, or a book in folio.
FO'LLA, ſ. f. a confuſed diſorderly ſkirmiſh or tumultuous croud; a confuſed medley of ſeveral farces acted on the ſtage without any play.
FOLLA'DO, adj. ſet in puffs, hollow; alſo blowed with bellows.
FOLLA'GE, ſ. m. foliage, curious work with leaves; alſo mantling in heraldry; alſo ſetting out in puffs.
FOLLA'R, v. a. to blow with the bellows.
FOLLE'RO, ſ. m. who makes or ſells bellows.
FOLLE'TA, ſ. m. a meaſure of wine equal to our pint.
FOLLETE'RO, ſ. m. a bellows-maker.
FOLLE'TO, ſ. m. a quire of paper; alſo a news-paper.
FOLLO'N, ſ. m. an idle or a lewd perſon, a ruffian, a raſcal.
FOLLONERI'A, ſ. f. ſloth, idleneſs.
FOLLO'SAS, ſ. f. in cant, breeches.
FOLLU'Z, the third part of the ſmall coin called *blanca*; but there has been no ſuch money for many years paſt.

F O M

FOMENTACIO'N, ſ. f. fomentation.
FOMENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that foments, cherishes, or encourages; a fomenter, an encourager, a ſupporter.
FOMENTA'R, v. a. to foment, to cherish, to encourage.
FOME'NTO, ſ. m. the lotion prepared to foment the parts; alſo ſupporting, encouraging, cherishing.
FO'MES, *FO'MITE*, } ſ. m. the cauſe that excites; an incentive.

F O N

FO'NDA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HO'NDA*.
FONDA'BLE, adj. that may be founded.
FO'NDACO, ſ. m. a houſe to receive toll or duties for tranſporting of goods; a cuſtom-houſe; alſo a warehouſe or ſtore-houſe.
FONDEA'R, v. a. to ſound the depth as aboard of ſhip: alſo to viſit the cargo on board of a ſhip.
FONDE'O, ſ. m. a ſounding of the depth; alſo the viſit of a ſhip's cargo.
FONDILLO'N, ſ. m. the lees of any cask.
Vino de fondillón, wine out of a cask that is filled up as it is drawn out.
FO'NDO, ſ. m. the foundation, the bottom, the depth, the ground of any ſilk that is flowered; a fund.
Dar fondo, to caſt anchor.
Echár a fondo, to ſink a veſſel or the like.
FONDO'N, ſ. m. obſ. vide *HONDO'N*.
FONDO'SO, adj. obſ. deep, profound.
FONI'L, ſ. m. a tunnel to fill casks with.
FONSADE'RA, ſ. f. obſ. a duty for keeping the ditches about a town in repair.
FONSA'RIO, ſ. m. a ditch that ſurrounds any fortreſs.
FONTA'L, adj. belonging to the firſt or principal.
FONTA'NA, ſ. f. fountain. Poetical.

FONTANA'L, ſ. m. a place full of ſprings or fountains, or the ſpring whence the water flows.
FONTANA'R, adj. belonging to a fountain.
FONTA'NCHE, ſ. m. a top-knot, a kind of cap uſed formerly by the ladies.
FONTANERI'A, ſ. f. the art of making artificial fountains.
FONTANE'RO, ſ. m. one that finds out ſprings and conveys water to fountains.
FONTANO, adj. of or belonging to a fountain.
FONTANO'SO, adj. full or adorned with fountains.
FONTECI'CA, ſ. f. vide *FUENTECI'CA*.
FONTEZUE'LA, vide *FUENTEZUE'LA*.

F O Q

FO'QUE, ſ. m. a triangular ſail of the boltſprit or bowſprit.

F O R

FORADA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *HORADAR*.
FORA'DO, ſ. m. obſ. a hole, a vent.
FORA'GE, *FORA'JE*, } ſ. m. vide *FORRA'GE*.
FORAGI'DO, ſ. m. vide *FORRAGI'DO*.
FORA'L, adj. belonging to the forum or court of juſtice.
FORA'MBRE, ſ. m. obſ. a hole.
FORA'NEO, adj. ſtrange, foreign.
Foráneo, adj. belonging to the court of judicature.
FORA'NO, ſ. m. in cant, a foreigner or ſtranger.
FORA'ñO, adj. fierce, wild, ſavage.
FORASTE'RO, ſ. m. a ſtranger.
FO'RCA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HO'RCA*.
FORCEJA'R, v. n. to ſtruggle, to ſtrive, to uſe all one's force.
FORCEJO'N, ſ. f. an effort of ſtruggling or ſtriving, a jerk a man gives to get looſe or to do any thing violently.
FORCEJU'DO, adj. very ſtrong, robuſt.
FORCHI'NA, ſ. f. a fork to eat with; a clownish word.
FO'RCIA, ſ. f. ſtrength.
FORCIA'R, v. a. obſ. to force.
FORE'NSE, adj. belonging to the forum.
FORE'RO, ſ. m. a collector of that duty.
Foréro, adj. done according to the law of the forum or court of juſtice.
Moneda fórera, current money.
FO'RFOLAS, ſ. f. pl. ſcabs on the head.
FO'RJA, ſ. f. a ſmith's forge; a place where any thing is formed, plotted, or contrived.
FORJADO'R, ſ. m. a forger; one that frames or forges.
FORJADU'RA, ſ. f. a forging or framing.
FORJA'R, v. a. to forge, to frame.
FO'RMA, ſ. f. form, faſhion, a mould to caſt in, a ſhoe-maker's laſt.
Enojárſe en fórma, to be angry to purpoſe.
Hacér una coſa por forma, to do any thing merely for form ſake.
FORMA'BLE, adj. that may be formed.
FORMACIO'N, ſ. f. forming, faſhioning.
FORMADO'R, ſ. m. one that forms; faſhions, or moulds.
FORMADU'RA, ſ. f. the form or figure of any thing.
FORMA'GE, ſ. m. cheeſe; a bad word borrowed from the French.
FORMA'L, adj. formal; alſo grave, ſerious.
FORMALIDA'D, ſ. f. formality; alſo ceremony, and ſolemn order; alſo gravity, ſeriouſneſs.
FORMALIZA'R, v. a. to form.
FORMALME'NTE, adv. formally; alſo certainly.
FORMA'R, v. a. to form, to faſhion, to mould.
Formár el púnto en muſica, to ſet the tune.
Formár quéxa, to make complaint or find cauſe to complain.
FORMATI'VO, adj. that forms or gives ſhape to any thing.
FORMEJA'R, v. a. to ſtow things orderly in a ſhip.
FORMICA'NTE, adj. belonging to the pulſe when it is low and weak.
FORMIDA'BLE, adj. formidable, dreadful to be feared.
FORMIDOLO'SO, adj. fearful affrighted.
FORMO'N, ſ. m. a great chiſſel.
FO'RMULA, ſ. f. form, manner, or method.
FORMULA'RIO, ſ. m. formulary, book of precedents, a ceremonial.
FORMULILLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *formula*.
FORNECE'R, v. a. obſ. to furniſh, to provide, to ſtore.
FORNECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a furniſhing, providing, ſtoring.
FORNECI'NO, ſ. m. obſ. a baſtard, a ſon of fornication.
FORNICACIO'N, ſ. f. fornication.
FORNICADO'R, ſ. m. a fornicator.
FORNICA'R, v. n. to commit fornication.
FORNICA'RIO, ſ. m. a fornicator.
FORNI'CIO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *FORNICACIO'N*.
FORNIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. proviſion, ſtore.
FORNI'R, v. a. to furniſh, to provide, to ſtore; alſo to ſpread and grow ſtrong; to ſtrengthen.
FORNITURAS, ſ. f. pl. among founders of printing-types, the types that are melted and caſt again, as not having proved good at the firſt caſt.
FO'RO, ſ. m. forum, a court of judicature.
FORQUE'TA, ſ. f. obſ. a little fork.
FORRA'GE, ſ. m. forage for horſes; alſo lining of garments, and lining of ſhot with pikes.

FORRAGEA'DOR, ſ. m. a forager.
FORRAGEA'R, v. n. to forage, as ſoldiers do.
FORRAGE'RO, ſ. m. a forager.
FORRAGI'DO, ſ. m. an outlaw.
FORRA'R, v. a. to line.
FO'RRO, ſ. m. a lining.
FORTACHO'N, ſ. m. a very ſtrong and well-built man.
FORTALECE'R, v. a. to ſtrengthen, to fortify.
FORTALECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtrengthening, fortifying.
FORTALE'ZA, ſ. f. fortitude, ſtrength; a fortreſs.
FORTEZUE'LO, ſ. m. a little fort.
FORTIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. a fortification, a ſtrong place.
FORTIFICADO'R, ſ. m. a fortifier, or ſtrengthener.
FORTIFICAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a fortifying or ſtrengthening.
FORTIFICA'R, v. a. to fortify, to ſtrengthen.
FORTI'N, ſ. m. a little fort.
FORTUITAME'NTE, adv. caſually, accidentally.
FORTUI'TO, adj. fortuitous, accidental.
FORTU'NA, ſ. f. fortune, fate, deſtinity; alſo good fortune or luck; futurity, future events.
Hombre de fortúna, a man of fortune.
Moza de fortúna, a young whore.
Prov. *A los oſádos ayúda la fortúna*, fortune favours the bold.
FORTUNA'R, v. n. to be fortunate.
FORTUNA'DO, adj. fortunate, lucky.
FORTUNI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *fortúna*.
FORZA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *FUERZA*.
FORZADAME'NTE, adv. ſtrongly, valiantly; alſo neceſſarily.
FORZA'DO, adj. a galley-ſlave.
FORZADO'R, ſ. m. a raviſher.
FORZA'L, ſ. m. the middle of a comb.
FORZA'R, v. a. to force, to compel, to conſtrain; alſo to ſtorm, to take by violence; alſo to raviſh, to violate.
FORZOSAME'NTE, adv. preciſely, with neceſſity; alſo violently, forcibly.
FORZO'SO, neceſſary, obligatory.
FORZU'DO, adj ſtrong.

F O S

FO'SCA, ſ. f. a thick wood.
FO'SSA, ſ. f. a ditch, a grave, a pit.
FOSSA'DO, ſ. m. a cavity.
FOSSA'L, ſ. m. a church-yard, a burying-ground.
FOSSA'R, v. a. obſ. to ditch, to trench.
FOSSI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ditch.
FO'SSO, ſ. m. a ditch, a trench.

F O T

FOTU'LA, ſ. f. a ſort of millepede.

F O X

FO'XA, ſ. f. a ſort of weather-fowl.

F O Y

FO'YA, ſ. f. a furnace of coals.

F R A

FRACASA'R, v. n. to break to pieces any thing; alſo to be loſt, to be deſtroyed.
FRACA'SO, ſ. m. havock, deſtruction; alſo an accident.
FRACCIO'N, ſ. f. a fraction; in arithmetick, the brocken part of an integral.
FRACTU'RA, ſ. f. a breaking in pieces, the fracture or breaking of bones in living bodies.
FRACU'RA, ſ. f. obſ. weakneſs.
FRA'GA, ſ. f. a ſtrawberry-bush.
FRAGAN'CIA, ſ. f. a ſweet odour, or ſcent.
FRAGA'NTE, adj. fragrant, odoriferous, ſweet of ſmell.
Fragánte, corruptly for *flagránte*, actual.
FRAGARI'A, ſ. f. vide *FRA'GA*.
FRAGA'TA, ſ. f. a frigate; alſo a ſmall boat.
Fragáta de aviſo, a packet-boat.
Fragáta ligéra, a ſhip mounting twenty guns.
FRAGATI'N, ſ. m. diminutive of *fragata*.
FRA'GIL, adj. frail, brittle, weak.
FRAGILIDA'D, ſ. f. frailty brittleneſs, weakneſs.
FRAGILME'NTE, adv. frailly, brittlely, weakly.
FRAGME'NTO, ſ. m. a fragment, a piece broke off.
FRAGOSIDA'D, ſ. f. craggineſs, uneven, ſtony, rough way.
FRAGO'SO, adj. craggy, rough, ſtony, uneven.
FRAGRA'NCIA, ſ. f. a ſweet ſmell, fragrance.
FRAGRA'NTE, adj. fragrant, odoriferous.
FRA'GUA, ſ. f. a ſmith's forge.
FRAGUADO'R, ſ. m. one who imagines or invents any thing.
FRAGUA'R, v. a. to forge as ſmiths do.
FRAGU'RA, ſ. f. obſ. craggineſs, a rough ſtony place.
FRAI, ſ. m. a friar.
FRA'ILA, ſ. f. vide *FRA'YLA*.
FRAILA'DA, ſ. f. any action done by a friar.
FRA'ILE, a friar, a religious, a brother of ſome regular order; alſo a fish called ſquarina, or the monk-fish.
FRAILECI'CO, *FRAILECI'LLO*, *FRAILECI'TO*, } ſ. m. diminutives of *fráile*.
FRAILE'GO, adj. vide *FRAILESCO*.
FRAILE'ñO, adj. belonging to the friars.
FRAILERI'A, ſ. f. a company of friars.
FRAILE'SCO, adj. friary, friarlike.
FRAMBUE'SA, ſ. f. a rasberry or raſpberry.
FRAMBUE'SO, ſ. m. a rasberry-bush.
FRAME'A, ſ. f. a dart.

FRANCALE'TE, ſ. m. a ſtrap with a buckle.
FRANCAME'NTE, adv. frankly, freely, liberally.
Mal Francés, the French pox.
FRANCHIPAN, ſ. m. a ſweet-ſcented confection ſo called.
FRANCISCA'NO, adj belonging to the Franciſcan order.
FRA'NCO, adj, free, liberal bountiful.
FRANCOLI'N, ſ. m. a bird called a godwit.
FRA'NGE, ſ. m. a term in heraldry, as, *eſcúdo partido a fránge*, or *en fránge*, an eſcutcheon *parti per cantlier*.
FRANGE'NTE, ſ. m. an accidental misfortune.
FRANGI'BLE, adj. that can be broke.
FRA'NGIR, v. a. to break.
FRANGO'LLO, ſ. m. boiled corn.
FRANGO'TE, ſ. m. a pack.
FRA'NJA, ſ. f. fringe.
FRANJE'RA, ſ. f. a woman fringe maker.
FANJE'RO, ſ. m. a fringe-maker.
FRANJO'N, ſ. m. a great fringe.
FRANJUE'LA, ſ. f. a little fringe.
FRANQUEA'R, v. a. to enfranchize, to make free.
FRANQUE'ZA, ſ. f. liberality, bounty, freedom, liberty.
Prov. *Comprár cáro no es franquéza*, to buy dear is no liberty.
FRANQUI'CIA, ſ. f. a liberty, a privilege-place, as the ſtreets of ambaſſadors in Spain.
FRANQUISSIMAME'NTE, adv. very freely, very frankly.
FRA'SCA, ſ. f. dry leaves.
FRA'SCO, ſ. m. a ſquare glaſs bottle; alſo a little powder-flask.
FRASQUE'RA, ſ. f. a caſe to put flasks in.
FRASQUI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *fraſco*.
FRATE'RNA, ſ. f. a lecture, a reprimand.
FRATERNA'L, adj. brotherly.
FRATERNIDA'D, ſ. f. brotherhood.
FRATE'NO, adj. brotherly.
FRATRICI'DA, ſ. f. a fratricide, one who kills his brother.
FRATRIÇI'DIO, ſ. m. fratricide.
FRAUDADO'R, ſ. m. a cheat.
FRAUDA'R, v. a. to defraud, to cheat.
FRA'UDE, ſ. f. a fraud, a cheat.
FRAUDULE'NCIA, ſ. f. deceit.
FRAUDULENTEME'NTE, adv. deceitfully.
FRAUDULE'NTO, adj. fraudulent, deceitful.
FRAXIME'LA, ſ. f. the herb kneegraſs.
FRA'XINO, ſ. m. an ash-tree.
FRA'Y, ſ. m. is the title given to friars in naming them; as, *Fray Juan*, Brother John.
FRA'YLA, ſ. f. a nun, a word little uſed but by way of jeſt.
FRA'YLE, ſ. m. a friar; from *frater*, brother; becauſe they are all brothers in religion.
Prov. *Fráyle qué fué ſoldádo ſále mas acertádo*, a friar that has been a ſoldier proves beſt; becauſe having ſeen the world, and knows all folly, he retires more ſeriouſly.
Prov. *Ház lo que dice el fráyle, y no lo que el háce*, do what the friar ſays, and not what he does. Advice to obſerve and practiſe what good preachers teach, though they should not be good livers.
FRAYLECI'LLO, ſ. m. a little friar; a child in a friar's habit; alſo a bird with a tuft of feathers on its head, like a friar's hood, called an ope.
FRAYLE'NGO, } adj. friarish,
FRAYLE'SCO, } belonging to a friar.
FRAYLI'A, ſ. f. friarishneſs; alſo a parcel of friars.
FRAZA'DA, ſ. f. obſ. a blanket for a bed.
FRAZADI'LLA, ſ. f. obſ. a little blanket.

F R E

FREGACIO'N; ſ. f. a rubbing.
FREGADE'RO, ſ. m. the ſculle-ry, the place where they wash dishes and ſcour.
FREGADIE'NTES, ſ. m. a tooth-ſcraper.
FREGADO'R, ſ. m. a rubber any thing uſed for rubbing.
FREGADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſcouring.
FREGA'JO, ſ. m. a ſwab aboard a ship, or any whiſp of hay or the like, to ſcour with.
FREGA'R. v. a. to ſcour, to rub.
Muger de buén frégádo, a common lewd woman.
FREGA'TA, ſ. f. vide *FRAGA'TA*.
FREGATRI'Z, ſ. f. a cook-maid, a wench to ſcour dishes.
FREGO'N, ſ. m. a ſcullery-man to ſcour dishes.
FREGO'NA, ſ. f. a cook-maid, a wench to ſcour dishes; a drudging maid-ſervant.
FREGONCI'LLA, ſ. f. a drudging wench.
FREGONI'L, adj. of, or belonging to a ſcouring-wench.
FREI, ſ. m. a diſtinction between the military and regular order of friars.
FREI'LA, ſ. f. a nun.
FREILA'R, v. a. to receive one as a knight in a military order.
FREI'LE, ſ. m. a knight of a military order.
FREI'R, v. a. to fry in a pan.
Fréirſe de calór, to fry or to be ſweltered with heat.
Prov. *Al fréir de los huévos lo vereis*, you will find it when you come to fry the eggs; that is, you will be ſenſible of what you do, when you find the ill conſequences.
FREIDE'RA, ſ. f. a frying-pan.
FREIDU'RA. ſ. f. frying in a pan.
FRE'MITO, ſ. m. a noiſe, a roar, a bellowing.
FRENA'R, v. a. to bridle, to curb, to keep under.
FRENE'RO, ſ. m. a bridler, a bitmaker.
FRENESI', ſ. m. phrenſy, madneſs.
FRENETICAR, v. a. to play the frantick, to be mad.

FRENILLA'R los rémos, v. a to lash faſt the oars when they have done rowing.

FRENI'LLO, ſ. m. the ſtring that holds the tongue, and hinders tongue-tied people from ſpeaking.

FRE'NO, ſ. m. a bridle; alſo reſtraint.

Fréno de coſcója, a bridle that has a bit with an iron in it, to gaul the horſe's mouth when he is unruly.

FRENTA'L, ſ. m. the ornament of a bridle in a horſe's forehead.

FRENTA'ZA, ſ. f. a great forehead.

FRE'NTE, ſ. f. the forehead, the brow, the front of any thing, the blank ſpace at the top of any writing.

Frénte arrugáda, a wrinkled forehead.

Frénte ralda, a ſerene brow that never alters.

FRENTECI'LLA, ſ. f. a little forehead.

FREQüE'NCIA, ſ. f. frequency, often doing a thing.

FREQüENTACIO'N, ſ. f. frequenting, going often to a place, doing a thing often.

FREQüENTADAME'NTE, adv. frequently.

FREQüENTA'R, v. a. to frequent, to go often a place, to do a thing often.

FREQüE'NTE, adj. frequent, often done.

FREQüENTEME'NTE, adv. frequently.

FRE'SA, ſ. f. a ſtrawberry.

FRESA'DA de cebáda, barley-water.

FRESA'DO, adj. rubbed againſt any thing.

Freſádo de óró, ſet thick with gold.

FRESA'R, v. a. to rub againſt any thing.

FRES'CA, ſ. f. in cant, news.

FRESCA'L, ſ. m. a ſort of fish much like our cod.

FRESCAME'NTE, adv. freshly, newly, lately, cooly.

FRE'SCO, adj. fresh, new, cool, ſweet, not ſalted.

Pan fréſco, new bread.

Peſcádo fréſco, fresh fish.

Aire fréſco, the fresh, air or a cool air.

Lugár fréſco, a pleaſant, cool place.

Mugér fréſca, a fresh-coloured wholeſome-looking woman.

Nuevas fréſcas, fresh news, that hath not been heard before.

Tomár el freſco, to take the fresh air.

FRESCO'R, ſ. m. freshneſs, coolneſs, pleaſant air.

FRESCU'RA, ſ. f. idem.

FRESNE'DA, ſ. f. a grove of ash-trees.

FRESNI'LLO, ſ. m. dittany, dittander, garden-ginger.

FRE'SNO, ſ. m. an ash-tree.

FRE'SO, ſ. m. a ſort of lace to ſet on women's coats.

FRESO'N, ſ. m. a young child; alſo a weaned pig; alſo a ſtep to aſcend.

FRESQUECI'TO, ſ. m. fresh, coolish, sharpish weather.

FREQUISSI'MO, adj. ſuperl. very fresh, very new.

FRESQUI'STA, ſ. m. the painter well skilled in painting in *freſco*.

FRESSU'RA, ſ. f. a hog's harſlet.

FRETA'R, v. a. to freight a veſſel.

FRETE, ſ. m. freight of ships.

FRE'ZA, ſ. f. the excrements of any beaſt; alſo the mark of fish leaves behind when it rubs itſelf on a ſtone to ſpawn; alſo the noiſe ſilk-worms make when they awake and are eating.

FREZA'R, v. n. to dung, to expel the excrements, as beaſts do.

F R I

FRIALDA'D, ſ. f. coldneſs; heavineſs, dullneſs.

FRIAME'NTE, adv. coldly; dully, heavily.

FRIA'TICO, adj. ſtupid, heavy, dull; alſo cold.

FRICACIO'N, ſ. f. rub, friction.

FRICA'R, v. a. to rub.

FRICASE'A, ſ. f. a ragoo, a fricaſſee.

FRICCI'ON, ſ. f. friction, rub.

FRIE'GA, ſ. f. friction, medical rubbing with the flesh-brush.

FRIE'RA, ſ. f. a kibe, a chilblain.

FRIGERATI'VO, adj. cooling, refreshing.

FRI'GIDO, adj. cold.

FRI'O, ſ. m. coldneſs, want of corporeal warmth; alſo ice to make cold the water or other liquor.

Frío, adj. cold; negligent, ſilly, void of wit.

Dicho frío, a jeſt that has no wit.

Hómbre frío, a man that has no pleaſant converſation, void of wit.

Andár frío el negocio, to go on but ſlowly, ſpeaking of an affair.

Queſtión en frío, a quarrel in cold blood.

FRIOLE'NTO, adj. chilly, very ſenſible of cold.

FRIOLE'RA, ſ. f. a foolish nonſenſical expreſſion, a jeſt without any wit.

FRIO'R, ſ. m. cold.

FRI'SA, ſ. f. frieze, a coarſe warm cloth.

FRISA'DA, ſ. f. idem.

FRISADO'R, ſ. m. one that naps woollen-cloth.

FRISA'R, v. a. to nap cloth.

Friſár con úna cóſa, to be upon the border or edge of a thing; alſo to be alike, to reſemble, to have a likeneſs to.

FRI'SO, ſ. m. any ornament added about the edges of a garment, as fringes or the like. In architecture, the freeze, a large flat member which ſeparates the architrave from the cornice.

FRISO'L, ſ. m. the herb called garden-ſperage.

FRISO'LES, ſ. m. pl. obſ. kidney-beans, French beans.

FRISO'N, ſ. m. a great Flanders horſe or mare.

FRISUE'LOS, ſ. m. a kind of French beans.

FRITA'DA, ſ. f. fried meat.
FRITI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. any thing done in a frying-pan.
FRI'TO, p. p. of *freir*; fried in a pan.
FRITU'RA, ſ. f. fried meat.
FRIVOLAME'NTE, adv. frivoloufly.
FRIVO'LO, adj. frivolous, of no moment.
FRIU'RA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *FRIALDA'D*.

F R O

FRO'GA, ſ. f. the mixture of lime and ſand.
FROGA'R, v. a. to mix lime ſand.
FRO'L, ſ. f. obſ. vide *FLO'R*.
FRONDOSIDA'D, ſ. f. the beauty and ornament made by the leaves of the tree; alſo abundance of words or ſentences.
FRONDO'SO, adj. full of leaves.
FRONTA'L, ſ. m. a forchead cloth; alſo a cupboard cloth; alſo an antependium, the ornament that ſets off the front of the altar, or is ſet before it.
FRONTALE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. broad ſlips of rich ſilk laid along the top and down the ſides of the antependium, before the altar.
FRO'NTE, ſ. f. obſ. vide *FRE'NTE*.
FRONTE'RA, ſ. f. a frontier of a country.
FRONTERI'ZO, adj. that lies upon the frontiers; alſo, bordering or oppoſite to.
FRONTE'RO, ſ. m. over-againſt; on the frontiers.
FRONTI'NO, ſ. m. a horſe with a ſtar on his forehead.
FRONTESPI'CIO, ſ. m. a fronteſpiece, the front of a houſe, that part of any building or other body, that directly meets the eye; alſo, in burleſque, the face.
FRONTO'N, ſ. m. the wall againſt which the tennis-balls are thrown in ſerving.
FROTADURA, ſ. f. rubbing, chafing.
FROTA'R, v. a. to rub, to chafe.

F R U

FRUCTI'FERO, adj. vide *FRUTI'FERO*.
FRUCTIFICA'R, v. n. vide *FRUTIFICA'R*.
FRU'CTO, ſ. m. vide *FRU'TO*.
FRUCTUOSAME'NTE, adv. fruitfully.
FRUCTUO'SO, adj. vide *FRUTUO'SO*.
FRUGA'L, adj. frugal, moderate, ſparing, parſimonious, thrifty.
FRUGALIDA'D, ſ. f. frugality, good husbandry, thrift, parſimony.
FRUGALME'NTE, adv. frugally, ſparingly.
FRUICIO'N, ſ. f. fruition, enjoyment, poſſeſſion, pleaſure given by poſſeſſion or uſe.
FRUI'R, v. n. to enjoy.
FRUITI'VO, adj. enjoying, fruitive, poſſeſſing, having the power of giving enjoyment.
FRU'NCE, ſ. m. a pucker, a gathering in a garment, or the like.
FRUNCI'DO, ſ. m. deceit, cheat, lie.
FRUNCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a puckering, a gathering up, or drawing awry.
FRUNCI'R, v. a. to pucker, to gather up, to draw awry; alſo to deceive, to lie.
Frunclr la bóca, to draw up the mouth.
Frunclr la frente, to frown.
FRUSLE'RA, ſ. f. the ſhavings that fly off in turning and working braſs or copper.
FRUSLERI'A, ſ. f. a doing or ſaying of no moment.
FRUSLE'RO, adj. vain, frivolous, of no conſequence.
FRUSTRACIO'N, ſ. f. fruſtration, diſappointment.
FRUSTRA'NEO, adj. vain, uſeleſs.
FRUSTRA'R, v. a. to fruſtate, to diſappoint.
Fruſtrár ſe, v. r. to be diſappointed.
FRUSTRATO'RIO, adj. uſeleſs, vain.
FRU'TA, ſ. f. fruit.
Frúta tardía, fruit that is late.
Frúta de ſartén, pancakes, fritters, or any ſuch thing fried in a pan.
FRUTA'GES, ſ. m. pl. borders of fruit and flowers about a picture.
FRUTA'L, adj. fruitful.
FRUTA'R, v. n. to bring forth, or produce fruits.
FRUTE'RA, ſ. f. an apple-woman, a woman that ſells fruit; alſo a fruitdish.
FRUTERI'A, ſ. f. the fruiterers office.
FRUTE'RO, ſ. m. a fruiterer; alſo a fine napkin to lay over fruit.
FRUTIE'R, ſ. m. the head or chief fruiterer.
FRUTI'FERO, adj. fruitful, that bears fruit.
FRUTIFICA'R, v. n. to grow, fruitful, to bear fruit, to fructify.
FRUTI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *fruta*.
FRUTILLA'R, ſ. m. the place where ſtrawberries grow.
FRU'TO, ſ. m. fruit, product, increaſe, profit, advantage.
FRUTUO'SO, adj. fruitful, beneficial, advantageous, profitable.
FRUXLE'RA, ſ. f. vide *FRUSLERA*.
FRUZLA'R, v. n. to jeer, to give biting words.
FRUZLERI'A, ſ. f. ſcoffing biting words.

F U C

FU'ÇAR, ſ. m. a banker, a rich man.
FU'CIA, ſ. f. truſt, confidence.

F U E

FUE'GO, ſ. m. fire.
Fuégo gritgo, or *gregulſco*, or *guirguéſco*, an inextinguishable ſort

of fire, made with pitch, and other fierce and burning ingredients.

Fuégo de S. Anton, St. Anthony's fire.

Fuégo de alquitrán, a fire of a bitumen like pitch, that cannot be extinguished.

Fuégo de ladrónes, the fire that burns backwards towards the chimney; beſides, fires made by robbers in woods, which they endeavour as much as they can to hide.

Fuégo de artificio, artificial fireworks.

Fuégos, ſometimes taken for beacons fired to alarm the country.

Tañér a fuégo, to ring the bells backwards for fire.

Ser un fuégo, to be reſtleſs, always in motion, like a flame.

Dár fuégo, to ſtrike fire. In the ſea-language, it is to grave a ſhip; that is, to bring her to lie dry a-ground, and then burn off the old filth and ſtuff with reed, broom, or the like, and ſo to lay on new.

Hacér fuégo, to light fire; alſo to fire a gun.

A fuégo y a ſángre, with fire and ſword.

Lugár de mil fuégos, a town of one thouſand houſes, reckoning every fire a houſe.

Pondré la mános en el fuégo, I will put my hands in a fire. An aſſeveration, urging they will venture to put their hands into the fire, to prove the truth of what they ſay.

Prov. *No eſtá bién el fuégo cábe las eſtópas*, fire does not do well near tow. The converſation or women is dangerous; it is not good jeſting with edged tools.

Prov. *Eſſa es huéna que eſtá al fuégo y no ſe quéma*, ſhe is good who is cloſe to the fire, and does not burn. It ſignifies, that ſhe is truly a virtuous woman, who can withſtand opportunity and temptation.

Prov. *Del fuégo te guardarás, y del hómbre no podras*, you will preſerve yourſelf from fire, and will not be able to do it from man. Fire is a leſs dangerous enemy than wicked men.

Prov. *Dónde fuégo ſe háce, húmo ſále*, where fire is made, ſmoke comes out.

FUEGUECI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *fuégo*.

FUE'LLE, ſ. m. bellows to blow the fire, or for an organ, &c.

FUELLEZUE'LO, ſ. m. ſmall bellows.

FUE'N, ſ. m. a fountain, a ſpring.

FUE'NTE, ſ. f. a fountain, a ſpring; alſo an ewer to waſh hands, a baſon of water in a garden, or the like; alſo an iſſue.

FUENTECI'LLA, ſ. f. a little fountain.

FUENTECI'CA, ſ. f. a little ſpring, a little ewer, a little baſon in a garden.

FUE'R, ſ. m. for *fuéno*; as.

Prov. *A fuér de Aragón, buén ſervicio, mal galardón*, according to the cuſtom of Aragon, good ſervice has a bad reward.

FUE'RA, adv. without, beſides, more over; alſo, make way.

Eſtár fuéra, to be abroad, out of one's houſe.

Mándo a mi criádo fuéra de ſu ſalário, I bequeath to my ſervant over and above his wages.

FUE'RAS E'NDE, an old Spaniſh expreſſion, in the ancient laws of Spain, ſignifying unleſs.

FUERCI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *fuérza*.

FUE'RO, ſ. m. privilege, liberty, charter, ancient cuſtom, practice of a place.

Fuéro júzgo, a volume ancient laws in Spain by the Gothic kings which are in force to this day.

Fuéros de Aragón, the laws and liberties of Aragon.

FUE'RTE, adj. ſtrong, able, powerfull; ſubſt. uſed, a fort or ſtrong hold. In the mint, this term is uſed to expreſs that the coin is rather above weight.

FUERTECI'LLO, ſ. m. a little fort.

FUERTEME'NTE, adv. ſtrongly, forcibly, valiantly.

FUE'RZA, ſ. f. force, violence, ſtrength; a fort, a ſtrong hold.

Por fuérza de Dios, y del múndo, by divine and human means.

Prov. *A fuérza de villáno hiérro en medio*, againſt the ſtrength of a clown, you muſt oppoſe iron; you muſt not think to oppoſe peaſants by ſtrength of arms or any thing leſs than a ſword, or ſuch like weapon.

FUE'SSA, ſ. f. obſ. a ditch, a grave.

F U G

FU'GA, ſ. f. flight, running away, eſcape, overthrow; alſo great haſte, as is uſual in flight, a fuge, in muſick.

FUGACIDA'D, ſ. f. ſwiftneſs, celerity.

FUGA'Z, adj. that is apt to run away or to be put to flight; alſo unſteady, unſtable, not durable.

FUGI'R, v. n. obſ. to fly, to run away.

FUGITI'VO, adj. fugitive, apt to run away; alſo a fugitive, a run-away ſlave, a deſerter in an army.

F U I

FUI'NA, ſ. f. a kind of weaſel, a ſmall animal that eats pigeons.

F U L

FULANI'LLO, ſ. m. ſuch a little one; ſpeaking of a boy in contempt. Diminutive of *fulano*.

FULA'NO, ſ. m. ſuch a one.

FUL'GA, ſ. f. the fowl called a moorhen.

FULGE'NTE, adj. ſhining.

FU'LGIDO, adj. bright, ſhining.

FULGO'R, ſ. m. brightneſs.

FULGURA'R, v. n. to dart rays of light.

FULIDO'R, ſ. m. in cant, a thief who has boys to open doors for him at night.

FULLERIA

FULLERI'A, ſ. f. ſharping or cheating at play.
FULLERI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *fullero*.
FULLE'RO, ſ. m. a gameſter, a ſharper at play.
FULLO'NA, ſ. f. a quarrel or diſpute among many perſons.
FULMINACIO'N, ſ. f. a thundering.
FULMINA'DO, adj. that is concluded and has judgment given.
FULMINADO'R, ſ. m. a thunderer.
FULMINA'R, v. a. to conclude or put an end to a proceſs, ſuit, or trial, to give judgment.
FULMI'NEO, adj. like thunder. Poetical.
FULMINO'SO, adj. that darts thunder and lightning. Poetical.

F U M

FUMA'R, v. a. to ſmoke.
FUMARA'DA, ſ. f. a great ſmoking.
FUMA'RIA, ſ. f. the herb fumitory, earth-ſmoke.
FUMI'FERO, adj. ſmoky, full of ſmoke.
FU'MO, ſ. m. vide *HU'MO*.
FUMORO'LAS, ſ. f. pl. certain cavities in the earth, which exhale a ſulphureous ſmoke.
FUMOSIDA'D, ſ. f. ſmoking.
FUMO'SO, adj. ſmoky.
FUMUS TERRE, ſ. m. the plant fumitory.

F U N

FUNA'MBULO, ſ. m. a dancer on the rope, a rope-dancer.
FUNCIO'N, ſ. f. a function or employment; a feaſt or any public act, and among ſoldiers, a battle, skirmish or any engagement with the enemy. In phyſic, the office of any particular part of the body.
FU'NDA, ſ. f. a caſe to put any thing into, made of leather, cloth, or the like.
Fúnda de almohada, a pillow-bier.
FUNDACIO'N, ſ. f. a foundation; alſo the original; revenue ſetted and eſtabliſhed for any purpoſe, particularly charity.
FUNDADAME'NTE, adv. upon a good foundation.
FUNDADO'R, ſ. m. founder.
FU'NDAGO, ſ. m. a magazine to put merchandize in.
FUNDAMENTA'L, adj. fundamental.
FUNDAMENTA'R, v. a. to lay a foundation; alſo to eſtabliſh, to erect.
FUNDAME'NTO, ſ. m. a foundation, a ground to work upon; alſo original, riſe; alſo the principal or eſſential reaſon.
FUNDA'R, v. a. to found, to lay a foundation.
Fundár ſu opinión, to ground one's opinion.
Fundár mayoráſgo, to ſettle an eſtate of inheritance.
FUNDERI'A, ſ. f. a foundery: a caſting-houſe, a place where they melt metal.
FUNDI'BLE, adj. that may be caſt.
FUNDI'BULO, ſ. m. a large machine for throwing of ſtones.
FUNDICIO'N, ſ. f. melting, caſting metal.
FUNDIDO'R, ſ. m. a founder.
FUNDI'R, v. a. to caſt metal.
FUNDO, ſ. m. land or ground; a plat of ground with an houſe belonging to it, a country farm, a cloſe or field; alſo a foundation or bottom.
FUNE'BRE, adj. mournful, ſad, belonging to a funeral.
FUNEPE'NDULO, ſ. m. any thing hanging by a rope.
FUNERA'L, adj. belonging to a funeral.
FUNERA'LES, ſ. m. pl. the pomp or proceſſion with which the dead are carried.
FUNE'REO. adj. mournful, ſad, melancholy.
FUNESTA'R, v. a. to make ſad or mournful.
FUNE'STO, adj. ſad, mournful.

F U ñ

FUñADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, a miſchief-maker, one that breeds quarrels.
FUñAR, v. a. in cant, to breed quarrels.
FUñO'NA, ſ. f. in cant, a fray, a quarrel.

F U R

FURE'NTE, adj. raging, furious.
FU'RIA, ſ. f. fury, rage, madneſs, precipitation; alſo one of the furies of hell poets talk of.
FURIBU'NDO, adj. furious, raving, outrageous, mad.
FURIOSAME'NTE, adv. furiously, outrageously.
FURIO'SO, adj. furious, outrageous, raving, mad.
FURLO'N, ſ. m. a chariot, a coach with four ſeats.
FURO'R, ſ. m. fury, rage, outrageouſneſs.
Furór poético, a poetical rapture.
Furór uterino, a raging diſtemper in ſome women.
FURRIE'L, ſ. m. a barbinger, one that appoints lodgings.
FURRIE'R, ſ. m. a quarter-maſter general.
FURRIE'RA, ſ. f. the woman that takes charge of all the keys in the king's palace.
FURRIE'TA, ſ. f. a bravading.
FURTA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *HURTA'R*.
FURTIVAME'NTE, adv. by ſtealth, clandeſtinely.
FURTI'VO, adj. done by ſtealth.

F U S

FUSA'DO, *FUSALA'DO*, } adj. in heraldry, after the manner of form of a ſpindle.
FU'SCA, ſ. f. a duck of a dark brown colour.
FUSCA'R, v. a. obſ. to blacken, or obſcure.
FU'SCO, adj. dark brown.
FUSI'L, ſ. m. a fuſil.

FUSILA'ZO, ſ. m. a muſquet-ſhot.

FUSILERI'A, ſ. f. a company of fuſileers.

FUSILE'RO, ſ. m. a fuſileer, a foot-ſoldier armed with a fire-lock.

FU'SO, ſ. m. in blaſonry, any thing made in the form of a ſpindle.

FUSO'RIO, ſ. m. that belongs to founding; alſo the channel through which the metal runs in caſting.

FUSTA, ſ. f. a ſmall light ſort of veſſel; alſo wood ſawed into thin leaves.

FUSTA'GA, ſ. f. the cable or great rope wherewith they hoiſt and lower the main-ſail.

FUSTA'N, ſ. f. fuſtian, a kind of cloth made of cotton.

FUSTANCA'R, v. a. to beat with a ſtick.

FUSTA'NQUE, ſ. m. in cant, a cudgel.

FU'STE, ſ. m. is that which gives a thing its ſhape within, as the ribs do to a man's body, or any thing like.

Cóſa de póco or *de múcho ſúſte*, a thing of little or much bulk or conſequence.

Fúſte de silla, the tree of a ſaddle.

FUSTE'RO, ſ. m. one that cuts or ſaws out wood very thin.

FUSTE'TE, ſ. m. a ſort of yellow dye.

FUSTIBA'L, *FUSTIVA'L*, ſ. m. ſome ſort of ancient, warlike muſical inſtrument.

FUSTIGA'R, v. a. to cudgel, to baſtinado, to beat with a cudgel.

F U T

FUTI L, adj. weak, feeble, infirm.

FUTILIDA'D, ſ. f. weakneſs, infirmity, ſimplicity.

FUTURA'RIO, adj. belonging to a thing which is to come.

FUTURICIO'N, ſ. f. futurity.

FUTU'RO, adj. that is to come. The future tenſe.

G

BRITISH MUSEUM

G, the ſeventh letter in the alphabet. In Spaniſh it is called *ge*, pronouncing it gutteral, before the *e* or *i*, as *genero*, *gigante*, Before the vowels *a*, *o*, *u*, it is pronounced as in Engliſh, *ga*, *go*, *gu*, as *gáno*, *góżo*, *gúſto*. Sometimes, to void a guttural, we intermix the letter *u* between the *g*, *e*, or *i*; as *guerra*, war; *gula*, a guide; *ſeguir*, to follow; *gulſa*, manner.

G A B

GABA'CHO, ſ. m. a baſe, ignoble, vile, mean, deſpicable, contemptible, and dirty man; a word uſed to ridicule the French.

GABA'N, ſ. m. a great looſe coat, cloſe before, uſed by travallers and country people.

GABARDI'NA, ſ. f. a gabardine, a coarſe frock worn by country people.

GABA'RRA, ſ. f. a great veſſel to unload ships, like a lighter, called a gabbard.

GABA'RRO, ſ. m. a diſeaſe belonging to horſes and other beaſts; alſo the bad quality of cloth.

Gabárro, a miſtake in caſting accounts.

GABA'TA, ſ. f. a wooden porringer.

GABA'ZA, ſ. f. a lewd woman.

GABA'ZO, ſ. m. the refuſe of the ſugar-canes when the virtue is extracted.

GABE'LA, ſ. f. a duty upon any commodity.

GABELE'RO, ſ. m. a gatherer of that duty.

GA'BIA, ſ. f. the round top of a ship.

GABI'LLA, ſ. f. vide *GAVI'LLA*.

GABINE'TE, ſ. m. a cabinet; alſo the king's cabinet council; alſo a private pretty room.

GABIO'N, ſ. m. a gabion, a great basket filled with earth to make a fortification or intrenchment.

GABO'TE, ſ. m. a game uſed among children with a battledore and shuttlecock.

GABURO'NES, ſ. m. pl. timbers that ſtrengthen the maſts in ships.

G A C

GACE'LO, ſ. m. a wild goat.

GACE'TA, ſ. f. a gazette, a newspaper.

GA'CHAS, ſ. f. pl. haſty-pudding made of flower, water, butter, and honey.

GA'CHO, adj. ſquatted down.

GACHO'N, ſ. m. an infant brought up with a great deal of tenderneſs and delicacy.

G A D

GA'DO, ſ. m. a fish ſo called.

GADO'ZE, the little fish called a gudgeon.

G A F

GAFA, ſ. f. the hook on the handle of a croſs-bow.

GAFA'R, v. a. to ſnatch away ſuddenly or violently, particularly with the nails, or with any thing that is hooked.

GAFARI', ſ. m. a very ſweet ſort of pomegranate.

GAFARRO'N, ſ. m. ſort of ſinging bird much like a canary bird.

GAFEDA'D, ſ. f. crookedneſs of the fingers, the hands benumbed with cold; alſo leproſy.

GAFETES, ſ. m. ſmall gold buckles or ſtuds uſed for ornament.

GAFETI', ſ. m. the herb called waterhemp.

GAFE'Z, ſ. f. vide *GAFEDA'D*.

GA'FO, adj. benumbed, crooked jointed, ſick with a ſort of leproſy that makes the joints ſtand bent.

G A G

GA'GATES, ſ. m. jet; a beautiful foſſil of a fine black colour.

GA'GES, ſ. f pl. pay, wages, hire; ſoldiers pay, ſervants wages.

GAGI'O, ſ. m. gain, or profit.

GAGIS'CO, adj. *rábano gagiſco*, a raddish that divides into ſeveral roots.

GAGO, adj. ſtuttering, ſtammering, ſpeaking through the noſe.

G A I

GA'ITA, ſ. f. a bagpipe; alſo a ſort of flute, and a ſmall portable organ, ſuch as they play on in they ſtreets.

Galta, a clyſter; and ſometimes in burleſque, the neck or head.

Eſtár de galta, to be merry.

Templár la galta, to appeaſe one.

GAITEA'R, v. n. to play upon the bagpipe.

GAITERI'A, ſ. f. wantonneſs, foolish behaviour; alſo gaiety.

GAITE'RO, ſ. m. a bagpiper.

Gaitéro, adj. merry, jocund.

G A J

GA'JO, ſ. m. a ſmall bunch of grapes or cluſter of any fruit; alſo a part of a bunch of grapes broke off.

GAJO'SO, adj. full of ſmall bunches of grapes or cluſters of any fruit.

G A L

GAL, ſ. m. a fish called a date or goldfish.

GA'LA, ſ. f. a rich ſplendid dreſs, an habit of ceremony; alſo gracefulneſs, elegance of manners.

Dia de gála, a court-day, a birth-day.

Hacér gála de una coſa, to boaſt of.

A la gála, chearfully, merrily, briskly.

GALAFA'TE, ſ. m. a ſubtle and wellknown thief.

GALAGA'LA, ſ. f. a compoſition, or mixture of hair and tar wherewith they cover all that part of the ſhip which is under water before they sheath it, that when the worm goes through the sheathing, it may not faſten upon the ſide of it.

GALAME'RO, adj. dainty, greedy of fine bits.

GALA'N, adj. fine, neat, gay, welldreſſed, airy; ſubſt. uſed, a gallant.

GALANAME'NTE, adv. finely, gayly, briskly.

GALANCE'TE, ſ. m. a little ſpark or gallant.

GALANI'Z, ſ. f. finery, gaiety, briskneſs, fine dreſs.

GALA'NGA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

GALANI'A, ſ. f. finery gaiety.

GALA'NO, adj. fine, airy, gay; alſo witty, convenient.

GALA'NTE, adj. gallant, free, noble, gay; alſo handſome, beautiful.

GALANTEA'DOR, ſ. m. one who courts a lady, a gallant.

GALANTEA'R, v. a. to court.

GALANTEME'NTE, adv. liberally, courteouſly, gallantly.

GALANTE'O, ſ. m. courtship.

GALANTERI'A, ſ. f. gállantry; fine ſhow.

GALANU'RA, ſ. f. fine ornament.

GALA'PAGO, ſ. m. a ſnail, a perriwinkle; moſt properly a tortoiſe.

GALA'PO, ſ. m. a frame uſed by ropemakers.

GALA'R, v. a. in cant, to win.

GALARDO'N, ſ. m. a reward.

GALADONADO'R, ſ. m. a rewarder.

GALARDONA'R, v. a. to reward, to requite.

GALARI'N, ſ. m. a multiplicarion of numbers; alſo a diſappointment in calculating.

GALAVA'RDO, ſ. m. a long ſlouching fellow.

GALA'XIA, ſ. f. the galaxy or milky way.

GALBA'NA, ſ. f. a ſmall pulſe leſs than peaſe; lazineſs, ſloth.

GALBANA'DO, adj. anointed with galbanum.

GALBANE'RO, adj. lazy, idle, ſlothful.

GA'LBANO, ſ. m. a fat juice betwixt a gum and a reſin.

GALDRE, ſ. m. a great looſe coat.

GALE'A, ſ. f. obſ. a galley.

GALEA'ZA, ſ. f. a galeas, a heavy low-built veſſel, with both ſails and oars.

GALEA'R, v. n. obſ. to take much upon one, to act great.

GALE'O, ſ. m. a ſword-fish.

GALEO'N, ſ. m. a galeon.

GALEONCI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *galéon*.

GALEO'TA, ſ. f. a galliot, a light veſſel.

GALEO'TE, ſ. m. a galley-ſlave.

GALE'RA, ſ. f. a galley; it is alſo taken for a long waggon, as it were a land-galley.

Galéra, a houſe of correction for proſtitutes.

Eſtár en gáleras, to be plagued, vexed; to ſuffer great pains.

GALERE'RO, ſ. m. the maſter of a long waggon.

GALERI'A, a gallery; in fortification, a paſſage made acroſs the ditch.

GALERI'STA, ſ. m. a marine or ſoldier aboard a galley.

GALERI'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall bird ſo called.

GALE'RNO, ſ. m. the north-weſt, or north-eaſt wind, a wind which brings rain.

GALFA'RRO, } ſ. m. a catch-
GALFARRO'N, } pole; alſo a ſcoundrel; a great looby lazy fellow.

GA'LGA, ſ. f. a greyhound bitch.

GA'LGAS, ſ. f. pl. ſtones caſt from any place defended, upon an enemy; alſo the itch, or ſcab.

GA'LGO, ſ. m. a greyhound; metaph. a lank fellow.

Prov. *A gálgo viéjo echále liébre, no conéjo*, ſlip an old greyhound after a hare, not after a rabbit; that is, put men of experience to the moſt difficult tasks.

Prov. *A la lárga el gálgo a la li:bre máta*, at the long run the greyhound kills the hare. Perſeverance overcomes all difficulties.

Prov. *Gálgo que muchas liébres lévanta, ningúna mata*, the greyhound that puts up many hares, kills none. He who undertakes, too much buſineſs, does none.

GALGUE'ñO, adj. lank as a greyhound.

GA'LGULO, ſ. m. a fabulous bird.

GALI'BO, ſ. m. a table or regiſter of the building of ships.

GALI'CO, ſ. m. the French pox.

GALI'MA, ſ. f. in cant, booty, illgotten goods.

GALI'NDO, adj. thick and goury; ſaid of the ancle.

GA'LIO, ſ. m. cheeſe-rennet, a plant.

GALIG'PSIS, ſ. f. a kind of nettle.

GALIZA'BRA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſmal veſſel uſed in the Streights.

GALLADU'RA, ſ. f. the ſeed or tread of the cock.

GALLA'RDA, ſ. f. the galliard, an old dance; a ſort of muſic.

GALLARDAME'NTE, adv. pleaſantly, briskly.

GALLARDEA'R, v. n. to be merry, to frolick, to be fine and gay.

GALLARDE'TES, ſ. m. pl. pendants, or ſtreamers or ships.

GALLARDI'A, ſ. f. pleaſantneſs, gaiety, livelineſs, gracefulneſs, alſo courage, ſpirit, boldneſs; alſo liberality, generoſity, munificence.

GALLARDO, adj. graceful, pleaſant, gay, lively, brisk, genteel; alſo valiant, bold, and liberal; generous.

GALLARE'TA, ſ. f. a widgeon.

GALLARI'N, ſ. m. a manner of reckoning, which conſiſts in doubling each number as you go on.

GALLARU'ZA, ſ. f. a ſort of coat with a cape to it worn by country people.

GALLEA'R, v. n. to play the cock when one is but a chick; to endeavour to look like a man before one's time, or to bully

and show courage, when a man has none; to play upon one who is to take his degrees.

GALL'GA, ſ. f. a plant like lentils.

GALLEGA'DA, ſ. f. a company of Gallicians.

GALLE'TA, ſ. f. a cruit or little bottle for wine, vinegar, or oil.

GALLICA'NIO, ſ. m. the crowing of a cock.

GALLI'LLO, ſ. m. the uvula, the weezle or little tongue at the entrance of the throat.

GALLI'NA, ſ. f. a hen; a coward.

Gallina ciéga, a wood-cock; alſo a venomous blind worm called a ſlow worm or blind worm; alſo the play called blind man's buff among children.

Gallina ponedéra, a hen that lays.

Gallina aſſentadéra, a hen that is ſitting.

Gallina Moriſca, a Guinea hen.

Gallina de India, a turkey hen.

Gallina de rio, a moor hen.

Gallina glueca, a broody hen.

Prov. *Viva la gallina, y viva con ſu pepita*, let the hen live though ſhe ſtill have the pip. Better a creature ſhould live, though infirm, than die.

GALLINA'TA, ſ. f. a great hen; alſo hen's dung.

GALLINERI'A, ſ. f. a poultry, a place where the hens are ſold.

GALLINE'RO, ſ. m. a poulterer; alſo a hen-rooſt or a coop to keep hens in.

GALLINE'TA, ſ. f. a young hen, a pullet.

Gallinéta ciéga, the bird called a ſnipe.

GALLINO'SO, adj. cowardly, fearful, puſillanimous.

GALLIPA'VO, ſ. m. a turkey cock.

GALLIPUE'NTE, ſ. m. a little oper bridge.

GALLI'TO, ſ. m. a young cockerel; a young ſtrutting amorous beau.

GALLIU'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of dog-fiſh called a ſea-hind.

GA'LLO; ſ. m. a cock; alſo a ſort of fish ſo called.

Gállo de India, a turkey cock.

Prov. *El moço, y el gállo un áño*, a ſervant and a cock muſt be kept but a year.

Prov. *El que ſólo ſe cóme ſu gállo, ſolo enſilla ſu cabállo*, he who eats his cock alone, ſaddles his horſe alone; that is, he who invites no body when he fares well, will have no body to help him upon need.

Prov. *Oyò en gállo cantár, y no ſúpo en que muladár*, he heard the cock crow, and knew not on what dunghill. Said of thoſe who blurt out ſome piece of learning they do not underſtand, and know not where they had it.

Prov. *Cáda gállo cánta en ſu muladár, y la gallina por tódo el lugár*, every cock crows on his own dunghill, and the hen all about the town. Men generally talk where they have authority, but women's tongues run every where.

GALLOBO'SQUE, ſ. m. a moor-cock.

GALLOCRE'STA, ſ. f. the herb called clary.

GALLO'FA, ſ. f. a piece of bread for a beggar; alſo any ſort of green herbs, as ſallad, &c.

Gallóſa, the idle life of beggars; alſo a little tail.

GALLOFEA'R, v. n. to beg.

GALLOFE'RO, *GALLO'FO*, ſ. m. a beggar.

GALLO'N, ſ. m. a turf.

GALLONA'DA, ſ. f. a wall made with turf.

GA'LLOS, ſ. m. pl. ſharp, witty jeſts, and repartees the profeſſors uſe to play upon one another without offence, in the Spaniſh univerſities, when they confer degrees.

GALLU'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of fiſh.

GALO'N, ſ. m. a galloon of any ſort, ſilk, ſilver, or gold.

GALONEADU'RA, ſ. f. the work done with galloons of ſilver, gold, or ſilk.

GALONEA'R, v. a. to lace, to adorn with gold, or ſilver textures ſewed on.

GALO'CHA, ſ. f. a wooden ſhoe; alſo a coarſe woollen cap.

GALOPA'R, v. n. to gallop.

GALO'PE, ſ. m. the gallop of a horſe.

GALOPEADO'RA, ſ. f. in cant, a whore.

GALOPEA'R, v. n. to gallop as a horſe does.

GALOPE'O, ſ. m. a gallop.

GALOPI'N, ſ. m. a cabin-boy or ſwabber; alſo a ſcullion, a kitchen-drugde.

GALOPO, ſ. m. vide *GALOPIN*.

G A M

GA'MA, ſ. f. a doe, a fallow-deer.

GAMA'RRA, ſ. f. a martingal.

GAMARTU'LI, ſ. m. a ſort of deformed thing that lives in the ſea, but has not the ſhape of any fiſh.

GAMA'RZA, ſ. f. the herb called oxeye.

GA'MBA, ſ. f. a leg. Not uſed.

GAMBA'DA, ſ. f. a skip, a caper cut in the air.

GAMBALU'A, ſ. m. a tall, thin, weack man.

GA'MBARO, ſ. m. a crab-fiſh.

GAMBAX, ſ. m. a coat worn in ancient times.

GAMBE'TA, ſ. f. a quick and ſudden motion of the feet in dancing.

Gambétas de mar, the little fiſh called many feet.

GAMBI'NO, ſ. m. a pent-houſe to keep off the rain.

GAMBO'X, ſ. m. a child's cap.

GAMBU'XA, ſ. f. a child's biggin that wraps about the head.

GAML'LLA, ſ. f. that part of the yoke which lies on the ox's neck.

GAMETRI'A, ſ. f. a ſuperſtitious tranſpoſition of words, as in compoſing an anagram.

GA'MMA, ſ. m. in muſick is the gamut; the Greek letter ſo called.

GA'MO, ſ. m. the fallow deer.

GAME'SNO, ſ. m. diminutive of *gámo*, a fawn.

GAMO'N, ſ. m. the plant aſphodil.

GAMONA'L, ſ. m. the place where the aſphodil grows.
GAMONI'LLA, ſ. f. the flower of aſphodil.
GAMONITA'L, ſ. m. a bed of aſphodil.
GAMONI'TO, ſ. m. a ſpot of ground where the plant aſphodil grows.
Gamonito, ſ. m. the plant aſphodil.
GAMU'ZA, ſ. f. ſhamois leather, and the wild goat it is taken from.
GAMUZA'DO, adj. of the colour of ſhamois leather.

G A N

GA'NA, ſ. f. will, deſire, appetite, inclination, ſtomach.
De buéna gána, with a good will, with all my heart.
Tenér gána, to have a mind.
Comér con gána, to eat with an appetite.
GANADERI'A, ſ. f. a multitude of flocks or herds.
GANADE'RO, ſ. m. a herdſman, a drover, a graſier, any one that looks to cattle.
GANADI'LLO, *GANADI'TO*, } ſ. m. diminutive of *ganádo*.
GANA'DO, ſ. m. cattle of any ſort.
Ganádo ovejúno, ſheep.
Ganádo vacúno, kine, black cattle.
Ganádo mayór, kine, oxen, cows.
Ganádo porcúno, *Ganádo de cérda*, } ſwine.
Que buen ganádo! what a good herd!
Ganádo, lice; burleſque.
GANADO'R, ſ. m. one who gains.
GANA'FA, ſ. f. an earthen pot to make fire in, not quite round, but a little flatted on the ſides, ſo that it looks like an open mouth.
Parecia riéndoſe ganáfa, when ſhe laughed ſhe looked like a fire-pan, becauſe ſhe had a mouſtrous great mouth.
GANA'NCIA, ſ. f. profit, gain.
Hijo de ganáncia, a baſtard child.
GANANCIO'SO, adj. profitable, gainful.
GANAPA'N, ſ. m. a porter that carries burdens.
GANAPIE'RDE, ſ. m. a game at cards ſo called.
GANA'R, v. a. to get, to gain, to win, to conquer.
Ganár el barlovento, (a ſea-term) to get the wind; alſo to be ſuperior to one in ſomething.
Ganár el plélto, to carry one's cauſe.
Ganár el terréno, to get ground; alſo to gain one's friendſhip or good will.
Ganár la boa, to prevail upon or with one, to make him yield.
Ganár la garápa, to over-reach one.
Ganár la vida, to get one's life.
Ganár tierra, to obtain a good ſucceſs in buſineſs.
GANCHE'RO, ſ. m. he who guides the timber floathing in the water.
GA'NCHO, ſ. m. any ſort of hook; alſo a branch in a ſtag's horn, and a crook or sheep's hook.
Gáncho, ſ. m. an allurer, entirer, enveigler; alſo a pimp.
GANCHO'SO, adj. hooked, branched.
GANDALI'N, ſ. m. a ſervant.
GANDA'YA, ſ. f. lazineſs, ſlothfulneſs; alſo roguery.
GANDI'DO, adj. deceived, corrupted, depraved.
GANDI'R, v. a. to eat, to devour, to conſume.
GANDUJA'R, v. a. to ſhrink up, to crouch.
GANFO'RRO, adj. wicked, roguiſh, villainous.
GA'NGA, ſ. f. a water-fowl, ſomewhat leſs than a hen; alſo a ſnuffling in the noſe, or ſpeaking through the noſe.
Prov. *Andár a caza de gángas*, to go a ſhooting water-fowls. To labour in vain.
GA'NGO, ſ. m. the barnacle of a horſe.
GANGO'SO, adj. one that ſnuffles or ſpeaks through the noſe.
GANGRE'NA, ſ. f. gangrene, mortification.
GANGRENA'RSE, v. r. to be troubled with a gangrene or mortification.
GANGRENO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to a gangrene.
GANGUEA'R, v. n. to ſnuffle, to ſpeak through the noſe.
GANGUI'L, ſ. m. a great bark uſed for fiſhing.
GANIVE'TE, ſ. m. a pen-knife; alſo a ſhepherd's or kitchen-knife.
GANO'SO, adj. willing, that has a good ſtomach.
GA'NSA, ſ. f. a gooſe.
GANSAÑO'TE, ſ. m. a graſhopper.
GANSARO'N, ſ. m. a young gooſe; alſo a tall lean man.
GA'NSO, ſ. m. a gander.
GA'NTES, ſ. m. a ſort of linen ſo called.
GANZU'A, ſ. f. a picklock, an inſtrument to pick locks.
GANZUA'R, v. a. to pick a lock.

G A ñ

GAñA'N, ſ. m. a hired ploughman, or herdſman; a ruſtick.
Comér cómo un gáñán, to eat like a ploughman.
GAñANI'A, ſ. f. a company of herdſmen.
GAñI'L, ſ. m. vide *GAñO'N*.
GAñI'R, v. n. to yelp, to bark, to howl as a dog or a fox does when hurt.
GAñIVE'TE, ſ. m. a ſhepherd's knife; alſo a pen-knife.
GAñO'N, ſ. m. the throat, the gullet, the crap, crop, or gorge; a devouring fellow.
GAñO'TE, ſ. m. the throat, the windpipe.
GAñOSAME'NTE, adv. willingly, with a good ſtomach.

G A O

GA'O, ſ. m. in cant, a louſe.

G A R

GARABATA'DA, ſ. m. the throwing of a hook.

GARABATEA'R, v. n. to throw the hook to catch any thing.
Garabateár, v. a. to ſcribble, to write ill or unskilfully as children do.
GARABATI'LLO, ſ. m. a little hook.
GARABA'TO, ſ. m. a hook to hang meat on, a pothook, or any ſuch ſort of hook.
Mozo de garabáto, a thief, a robber.
GARABATO'SO, adj. enticing, alluring, wheedling, coaxing.
GARABE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, the thief who uſes a hook to open doors, cheſts, &c.
GARA'BO, ſ. m. in cant, the hook the thiefs make uſe of.
GARA'FA, ſ. f. vide *GARRA'FA*.
GARAMBAI'NA, ſ. f. a. ſuperfluous finery in dreſs; alſo grimaces or ridiculous geſtures.
GARAMO'N, *GARAñO'N*, ſ. m. a ſtallion horſe, or aſs; a laſcivious man.
GARA'NTE, ſ. m. a guarantee.
GARANTI'A, ſ. f. the action of guarantying.
GARA'NZAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of herb uſed to dye red.
GARAPI'ñA, ſ. f. a freezing or congealing of any liquor by ice; alſo a ſort of gold and ſilver laces.
Bizcochos de garapiña, a kind of fine and delicate biſcuit.
GARAPIñA'R, v. a. to congeal any liquid by ice.
GARAPIñE'RA, ſ. f. a veſſel of copper uſed for the *garapiña*.
GARAPI'TA, f. f. a thick net to catch the ſmalleſt fish.
GARAPI'TO, ſ. m. a little inſect like the tick in sheep.
GARAPU'LLO, ſ. m. a little dart uſed among ſchool-boys, made with a pin and paper ſtuck at top inſtead of feathers.
GARATRO'NIO, ſ. m. a ſort of precious ſtone.
GARATU'SA, ſ. f. wantonneſs.
Dar garatúſa, to take in all the cards at the game called *chilindron*, and leave the reſt without any.

GARAVANCI'LLOS, ſ. m. the plant called milk-vetch.
GARAVA'TO, ſ. m. vide *GARABA'TO*, any ſort of hook.
Hacér garavátos y eſcaravájos, to make pot-hooks and hangers in writing.
GARAVE'RO, ſ. m. a thief that reaches things with a hook.
GARAVI'TO, ſ. m. a hut, a ſhelter from the weather.
GARA'VO, ſ. m. in cant, a hook.
GARBA, ſ. f. a bundle of ſheaves tied together.
GARBANZA'L, ſ. m. a field where the peaſe grow.
GARBA'NZO, ſ. m. a ſort of peaſe.
GARBANZUE'LO, ſ. m. a kind of diſtemper in the feet of beaſts.
GARBA'R, *GARBEAR*, v. a. to form or make the *garba*.
Garbeár, in cant, to gripe, to lay hold of, to take away.
GARBI'AS, ſ. f. pl. a kind of fritters.
GARBEJE'AR, v. a. to make odd geſtures.
GARBILLA'DO, adj. fanned like corn; garbled.
GARBILLADO'R, ſ. m. a winnower of wheat.
GARBILLA'R, v. a. to fan corn, to cleanſe any thing by ſhaking it, to garble.
GARBI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſieve to winnow corn with.
GARBI'N, ſ. m. vide *GARVI'N*.
GARBI'NO, ſ. m. the ſouth-weſt wind.
GARBO, ſ. m. the bulk of any thing, the form, the faſhion, the countenance, the behaviour, the air or mien.
GARBO'SO, adj. of a good air, or mien, of an elegant behaviour.
GARBU'LLO, ſ. m. a confuſed huddle of people, as when ſcrambling for any thing.
GARCE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who catches herons.
GA'RCES, ſ. m. vide *G'A'BIA*.

GARCE'TAS, ſ. f. the antlers of a deer; alſo heron's feathers, formerly worn; alſo a great head of hair, or rather falſe locks formerly worn as a token of nobility.
GA'RDA, ſ. f. in cant, a change.
GA'RDO, ſ. m. in cant, a lad.
GARDADE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. a keeper of the wardrobe.
GARDA'R, v. a. in cant, to truck.
GARDARO'PA, ſ. m. vide *GUARDARO'PA*.
GARDI'LLO, ſ. m. in cant, a boy.
GARDECO'RPS, ſ. m. an old-faſhioned garment like a great looſe coat: a ſurtout.
GARDI'NGO, ſ. m. obſ. the captain of the guard.
GARDU'ñA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſmall fox.
GARDU'ñO, ſ. f. a ſubtle, cunning, arteful thief.
GA'RFA, ſ. f. a crooked nail, claw, or talon.
GARFA'DA, *GARFEA'DA*, ſ. f. a catching any thing with claws or talons.
GARFEA'R, v. a. to hook, to catch, to lay hold of with a hook or grapple.
GARFI'ñA, ſ. f. in cant, theft.
GARFIñA'R, v. a. in cant, to ſteal.
GA'RFIO, ſ. m. a hook, a grapple, the fluke of an anchor.
GARGAGEA'R, v. n. to ſpit out thick phlegm, to ſpit glanders.
GARGAGE'O, ſ. m. a ſpitting of thick phlegm.
GARGAGIE'NTO, adj. that is full of phlegm, that ſpits naſtily.
GARGAGI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſniveling, impudent boy.
GARGAJA'L, ſ. m. a place full of ſpittle.
GARGAJA'ZO, ſ. m. augment, of *gargájo*.
GARGAJEA'R, v. n. vide *GARGAGEA'R*.
GARGAJIE'NTO, adj. vide *GARGAGIE'NTO*.

GARGAJI'LLO, ſ. m. vide *GARGAGI'LLO*.

GARGA'JO, ſ. m. a clod of phlegm, a glander.

GARGAJO'SO, adj. that is hawking and ſpitting of phlegm.

GARGAMI'LLON, ſ. m. in cant, the body.

GARGA'NTA, ſ. f. the throat.

Hacér gargánta, among muſicians, to ſing ſweet and fine.

Pondré la gargánta, I will pawn my neck.

Gargánta de mónte, a narrow paſs on a mountain.

Gargánta de piérna, the ham of the leg.

Gargánta del pié, the ancle.

GARGANTA'DA, ſ. f. a piece of bread of any other thing that is hawked up.

GARGANTEA'DOR, ſ. m. the perſon who quavers or ſhakes notes in ſinging.

GARGANTEADU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. among ſailors, the ſutures by which the ſails are patched up.

GARGANTEA'R, v. a. to quaver with the voice; in cant, to confeſs upon the rack.

GARGANTE'O, ſ. m. a quavering or ſhaking of the voice.

GARGANTE'Z, } ſ. f. greedi-
GARGANTE'ZA, } neſs.

GARGANTI'LLA, ſ. f. a necklace.

GARGANTO'N, ſ. m. a glutton.

GARGANTONERI'A, ſ. f. gluttony.

GA'RGARA, ſ. f. the noiſe made in waſhing or gorgling the throat.

GA'RGARI'SMO, ſ. m. a gargariſm, a waſhing of the throat.

GARGARIZA'R, v. n. to gargle, to waſh the throat.

GARGAVE'RO, ſ. m. vide *GARGUE'RO*.

GARGO'L, adj. rotten; only applied to eggs.

GARGO'LA, ſ. f. linſeed; alſo a groove in a board for another to join in it.

Gargóla, ſ. f. ſpouts in great houſes made in the ſhape of lions, bears, or other beaſts' heads, which the rainwater runs through.

GARGUE'RO, ſ. m. the gullet.

GARIO'FILO, ſ. m, a clove-tree.

GARI'TA, ſ. f. a ſentinel's box. In cant, a houſe.

GARITE'RO, ſ. m. one that keeps a gaming houſe; alſo a gameſter; and, in cant, a concealer of thieves.

GARI'TO, ſ. m. a gaming-houſe.

GARITO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a chamber.

GA'RIA, ſ. f. in cant, prattle, tattling.

GARLADO'R, ſ. m. who prattles or talks too much.

GARLA'R, v. n. to prate, to tattle.

GARLI'TO, ſ. m. a bow-net, or wicker-wheel to catch fiſh in; alſo a pannier or basket to carry corn in; alſo a ſnare or any thing by which one is entangled.

GA'RLO, ſ. m. chat, talk.

GARLO'CHA, ſ. f. dart, javelin, arrow, ſhaft.

GARLO'N, ſ. m. a prating fellow; in cant, an informer.

GARLO'PA, ſ. f. a joiner's tool called a long plane, ſerving to plane boards.

GARNA'CHA, ſ. f. an ancient ſort of upper garment or gown, worn only by di ſtinguiſhed perſons.

Caballéra de la garnácha, a footman.

GARNIE'L, ſ. m. a pouch, a hawkingbag.

GARO, ſ. m. a kind of lobſter; alſo pickle.

Gáro, in cant, a town, or village.

GA'RRA, ſ. f. a clutch, a claw, a talon; it is alſo a high ſort of veſſel; alſo the and of a perſon.

Gente de la gárra, thieves.

Echár la gárra, to lay hold of, to faſten on.

GARRA'FA, ſ. f. a kind of bottle.

GARRAFA'DO, adj. grappled, hooked.

GARRAFA'L, adj. uncommonly big.

GARRAFA'R, v. a. to grapple, to catch hold of.

GARRAFIñA'R, v. a. to ſnatch any thing with the claws.

GARRA'MA, ſ. f. a cant word for ſtealing; alſo a duty formerly paid.

GARRAMA'R, v. a. to levy the aforeſaid duty; in cant, to ſteal.

GARRA'NCHA, ſ. f. in cant, a ſword.

GARRA'NCHO, ſ. m. a dung-fork; a ſcraper to ſcrape dirt; a thorn.

GARRAñO'N, ſ. m. a ſtallion horſe or as.

GARRAPA'TA, ſ. f. a tick, or filthy inſect that ſticks cloſe to the skin of sheep, dogs, and other creatures; a very short man; a thief-taker, a thief-catcher.

GARRAPATEA'R, v. a. to ſcribble, or write careleſly.

GARRAPA'TO, ſ. m. an inſect ſo called.

GARRA'R, v. a. (a ſera-term) to drag the anchor when it gives way.

GARREA'R, v. a. to drive: that is, when an anchor does not hold faſt, and the ship drags it away.

GARRIDAME'NTE, adv. gaily, finely, airily, neatly.

GARRIDE'Z, ſ. f. gayneſs, aireneſs, neatneſs.

GARRI'DO, adj. gay, airy, neat, clever, pleaſant, weel-ſhaped.

GARRI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. little claws or talons; alſo the fur of the feet of ſables or ſuch like creatures.

GARRI'R, v. n. to be fine, pleaſant, gay.

GARRO'BA, ſ. f. the fruit called a carobe.

GARROBI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſerge of a light murrey colour.

GARRO'BO, ſ. m. the carobe-tree.

GARROCHA.

GARRO'CHA, ſ. f. a ſort of dart or goad to prick the bulls with at the bull-feaſts.

GARROCHA'R, v. a. to punch and fret the bull with the *garrócha*.

GARROCHO'N, ſ. m. the ſpear with which they that ride at bulls in the bull-feaſts are armed.

GARRO'FA, ſ. f. vide *ALGARRO'BA*.

GARROFA'L, adj. big in its kind.

GARRO'N, ſ. m. the upper part of a bird's talons where they join to the toe.

GARROTA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a ſtick or cudgel.

GARRO'TE, ſ. m. a cudgel; alſo the ſhort ſtick with which carriers wind the cord that binds their pack.

Dar garróte, to ſtrangle; alſo to rack.

Guárdate de juan garróte, have a care of a cudgel.

Tréſſo cómo un garróte, as ſtiff as a ſtake.

GARROTI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſhort cudgel; alſo a quinzy in the throat.

GARROVA'L, ſ. m. vide *ALGARROVA'L*.

GARRO'VO, ſ. m. vide *ALGARRO'BO*.

GARRU'CHA, ſ. f. a pulley.

GARRU'CHOS, ſ. m. pl. pullies; alſo ropes to faſten the ſails with.

GARRU'DO, adj. that has talons like a bird of prey or wild beaſt.

GARRU'LO, adj. prating, babbling, talkative; alſo chattering or chirping as birds.

GARU'LLA, ſ. f. a company of poor mean people.

GARULLO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a goalkeeper.

GARRU'VIA, ſ. f. peaſe for pigeons.

GARTIJA, ſ. f. vide *LAGARTIJA*.

GARU'A, ſ. f. a ſort of thick fog, a thick, but ſmall mizling rain.

GARVANZA'L, ſ. m. a field where the peaſe called *garvánzos* grow.

GARVA'NZO, ſ. m. a ſort of peaſe.

GARVI'N, ſ. m. a cap made of a ſort of network.

GARULLA, ſ. f. in cant, grapes.

GA'RVO, ſ. m. vide *GA'RBO*.

GARYOPHYLA'TA, ſ. f. the gilliflower.

GARYOPHYLE'A, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.

GA'RZA, ſ. f. the bird called a heron.

GARZE'RA, ſ. f. a place where herons breed.

GARZE'TA, ſ. f. a plume of herons feathers; alſo a way of parting the hair which was on one ſide of the forehead.

GA'RZO, ſ. m. agarick; a drug of uſe in phyſic and in dying.

Gárzo, adj. blue-eyed.

GARZO'N, ſ. m. a young able man.

GARZONEA'R, v. n. to play the youth, to act as a young fellow.

GARZONI'A, ſ. f. manners of a young perſon.

Andár en garzonías, to act like a young fellow.

GARZO'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall kind of heron ſe called.

G A S

GASA'JA, ſ. f. obſ. a kind of reception, an obliging entertainment.

GASAJA'DO, adj. vide *AGASAJA'DO*.

GASA'JO, ſ. m. vide *AGASA'JO*.

GASANHO'TE, ſ. m. a locuſt, a great grashopper.

GASA'POS, ſ. m. green peaſe in the cod.

GASPA'CHO, ſ. m. a ſort of ſoop or ſoupe maigre made with oil, vinegar, water, ſalt, and ſpice.

GASSA, ſ. f. gauze.

GASTADO'R, ſ. m. a ſpendthrift; alſo a pioneer.

GASTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſpending or waſting.

GASTA'R, v. a. to ſpend, to wear; to waſte; to ſpoil.

Gaſtár tiémpo en bálde, to labour in vain.

Gaſtár la cortesía, either to be impertinently civil, or to oblige others to be uncivil.

Gaſtár la ſalúd, to impair one's health by living diſorderly.

Gaſtár los azéros, to wear out the edge; to dull the brain with too much ſtudy.

Gaſtár de bólſa agéna, to ſpend of another man's purſe.

No gaſtár ld comída, not to digeſt one's meat.

Gaſtá ſe una mercadería, to ſell well, to be in vogue.

Prov. *Lo múcho ſe gáſta, y lo póco báſta*, much is ſpent, and little ſuffices.

GA'STO, ſ. m. expence, charge, coſt, conſumption.

G A T

GA'TA, ſ. f. a ſhe cat; alſo the ſtem of a galley, and the top of a maſt.

Hacér de la gáta de juan hurtádo, or *de la gáta muérta*, to counterfeit, to play the hypocrite.

Prov. *No écheſ la gáta en tu cáma, ò na la acoxés deſpués de echáda*, do not lay the cat on you bed, or do not kick her off when laid; that is, take not a mean woman to wife, or if you do, uſe her not ill afterwards.

Prov. *Azótan a la gáta, ſi no hila nuéſtra áma*, they whip the cat if our miſtreſs does not ſpin. One ſuffers for the faults of another.

Prov. *Hacér fiéſtas a la gáta, y ſaltáros ha á la cára*, make much of the cat, and she will fly in your face. If you are too kind to unworthy perſons, they will ſoon be ungrateful.

Ir á gátas, to creep on all four like a cat.

GATA'DA, ſ. m. a ſcratching as cats do; alſo a cheat, a fraud.

Dar gatáda, to cheat, to ſteal, and get off as cats do.

GATAFU'RA, ſ. f. a kind of pie made with herbs and cream.

GATATU'MBA, ſ. f. pretence, diſſimulation, fiction.

GATA'ZO, ſ. m. augm, of *gáto*.

Dar gatázos, to ſteal, to deceive, to cheat.

GATEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſcratching like a cat.

GATEA'R, v. n. to creep on all fours or rather to climb like a cat; alſo to ſteal and run away.

GATE'AR, ſ. f. a hole for a cat to creep in and out; alſo the herb catmint.

GATERI'A, ſ. f. a parcel of cats.

GATE'SCO, adj. of, or belonging to a cat.

GATICI'DA, ſ. m. the man who kills cats.

GATI'CO, ſ. m. a little cat.

GATIFE'RO, adj. that has the likeneſs of a cat.

GATI'LLO, ſ. m. a little cat, a kitten; alſo the trigger of a gun, and the inſtrument to draw teeth with; alſo a lump of fleſh that grows on the neck of ſome mules ſo called; it is alſo a little boy who picks pockets.

GATI'LLO CA'STO, ſ. m. vide *AGNO CA'STO*.

GATILLOS, ſ. m. pl. the herb cammock, or ground-furze.

GA'TO, ſ. m. a cat; alſo a pilfering fellow or ſmall thief; alſo a purſe, becauſe they uſed to make them of cats-ſkins; an artful ſubtle thief; alſo an engine uſed to lift up burdens.

Gáto montés, a cat-a-mountain.

Gáto de algália, a civet-cat.

Gáto cervál, a cat with a ſkin mottled like a deer.

Gáto paut, a monkey.

Gáto de agúa, a trap of a looſe board with one end hanging over a kettle, or a pan of water, to catch mice; ſo called, becauſe it does the part of a cat.

Ojo de gáto, cat's eye, a ſort of cious ſtone.

Echár el gato a las bárbas, to ſhake off any danger upon another.

Vivir cómo gátos y pérros, to live like cats and dogs, always at variance.

No hacér mal a un gáto, to be peaceable and harmleſs, not to hurt a cat.

Vendér gáto por liébre, to ſell a cat inſtead of a hare; to put a cheating commodity upon a man.

Andár cómo gátos por Hebréro, to be like cats in February; to be catterwawling.

Veámos quien lléva el gáto al agúa, let us ſee who will carry the cat to the water; that is, let us ſee who will have the beſt on't.

Prov. *Por fálta de gáto eſtá la cárne en el garábato*, the meat is on the hook, becauſe there is no cat. Applied to perſons who are not lewd for want of opportunity.

Prov. *Al gáto por ſer ladrón, no le éches de tu manſión*, do not turn the cat out of your houſe for being a thief, becauſe it is the nature of them all, and it will make you and your ſervants careful to lay up your meat.

GATU'NO, adj. cattiſh.

GATUPE'RIO, ſ. m. a confuſed mixture of liquors.

G A U

GAUDEA'MUS, ſ. m. mirth, joy, kind entertainment.

GAUDE'TE, ſ. m. idem.

G A V

GAVA'CHO, a nick-name by which they call the French in contempt.

GAVA'N, ſ. m. vide *GABA'N*.

GAVA'NCO, ſ. m. a dog-brier.

GAVE'LA, ſ. f. vide *GABE'LA*.

GAVE'TA, ſ. f. a draw in a cabinet, or the like.

GA'VIA, ſ. f. the round-top on a ſhip's maſt; alſo a cage or ſuch a place where they ſhut up mad people.

GAVIE'RO, ſ. m. the ſailor who has the care of the *gábia*.

GAVIE'TA, ſ. f. the place on the ſmaller maſts where ſailors get to keep a look out.

GAVIE'TE, ſ. m. a particular beam or wooden-engine uſed on board ſhips to ſhift an anchor upon occaſion.

GAVI'LA, ſ. f. a ſheaf of corn, a brush to burn, or the like.

GAVILA'N, ſ. m. a ſparrow-hawk, alſo the herb called groundſel; or the down of thiſtle-bloſſoms.

Gavilánes de Eſpáda, the two croſs-bars in the great Spaniſh ſword-hilts.

Gavilánes de la plúma, the nib of a pen.

GAVILANCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſparrow-hawk.

GAVI'LLA, ſ. f. a faggot, a bavin, a bundle of ſmall wood; alſo a wheat-ſheaf; a pack of knaves.

GAVILLA'DA, ſ. f. in cant, is what a thief picks up or gathers.

GAVILLADO'R, ſ. m. one that makes faggots or binds up any thing in that nature; a binder of corn at harveſt.

GAVILLA'R, v. a. to make faggots, to bind any thing in that nature, to bind corn.

GAVILLE'RO, ſ. m. the place where the faggots or bavins are put.

GAVIO'N, ſ. m. a hand-barrow, to carry any thing between two; alſo the broad brims of a hat.

GAVIO'TA, ſ. f. a ſea-gull, a ſea-cob.

G A Y

GA'YA, ſ. f. a belt or girdle of different colours.

Gáya, ſ. f. in cant, a whore.

GAYA'DO, ſ. m. a coat made of pieces of rarious colours.

GAYADU'RA, ſ. f. trimming, making fine or gay.

GAYA'N, ſ. m. a ruffian, a bluſtering fellow.

GAYA'R, v. a. to trim, make fine, or gay with many colours.
GAYA'TA, ſ. f. a ſhepherd's hook; alſo an old man's walking-ſtaff.
GA'YO, adj. fine, gay.
Gáyo, ſ. m. the bird called a jay.
GAYO'MBA, ſ. f. broom ſweet ſcented.
GAYO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a pimp, a pander.
GA'YTA, ſ. f. a bagpipe; ironically, a clyſter.
GAYTEA'R, v. n. to play on the bagpipe; alſo to cry.
GAYTERI'A, ſ. f. gaudineſs in dreſs.
GAYTE'RO, ſ. m. a bagpiper.

Prov. *Al gaytéro de Bujalánce, un maravedi porqué tánga, y diez porqué acábe*, give the bagpiper of *Bujalánce* a *maravedi* to play, and ten to give over. This was ſome bagpiper that played very ill, and would never give over.

G A Z

GA'ZA, ſ. f. gauze, the fine thin ſort of web.
GAZAFATO'N, ſ. m. the defect in pronouncing of words, which though innocent in themſelves, makes them ſound amiſs, or the ſubject to be miſinterpreted.
GAZA'PA, ſ. f. a lie.
GAZAPATO'N, ſ. m. a foolish thing ſaid, done, or contrived.
GAZAPE'LA, ſ. f. contention, ſtrife, quarrel, broil.
GAZAPE'RA, ſ. f. a coney-borough, a place where rabbits make their holes in the ground.
GAZAPI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſucking rabbit.
GAZA'PO, ſ. m. a rabbit, a young coney.
GAZE'LA, ſ. f. a creature much like a wild goat.
GAZE'TA, ſ. f. a gazette, a paper of news, a paper of public intelligence.
GAZETE'RO, ſ. m. who makes or compoſes, or ſells the Gazette.
GAZETI'STA, ſ. m. one who reads the Gazette; alſo one whoſe employment it is to hear, to tell news, or to talk about them; a newſmonger.
GAZI'ES, ſ. m. pl. the Turkish or Moorish ſlaves who embraze the Chriſtian religion.
GAZMIA'R, v. a. to be gluttonous; alſo to complain, or reſent.
GAZMO'L, ſ. m. a little callous wart growing on the tongue of birds, what we generally call the pip, of which they frequently die.
GAZMOñA'DA, *GAZMOñERI'A*, } ſ. f. an affectation of virtue, hypocriſy.
GAZMOñERO, *GAZMOñO*, } ſ. m. one who affects virtue or piety, an hypocrite.
GAZNA'R, v. n. vide *GRAZNA'R*.
GAZNATA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given on the throat or windpipe.
GAZNA'TE, ſ. m. the throat.
GAZNATI'CO, ſ. m. a ſmall throat.
GAZOFILA'CIO, ſ. m. a treaſury, or place to keep treaſures or wealth.
GAZPACHE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes or carries the ſoop to the people working in the fields.
GAZPACHO, ſ. m. a ſort of ſoop made with oil, vinegar, water, ſalt, and ſpice.
GAZUZA, ſ. f. a sharp appetite.

G E F

GE'FE, ſ. m. vide *XEFE*.

G E L

GELACI'NO, adj. an epithet given by medical people to the fore teeth when entirely ſeen in thoſe that laugh or grin.
GELA'NO, ſ. m. a dimple in the cheek when one laughs.
GELATI'NA, ſ. f. a congealed ſubſtance.
GE'LDRE, ſ. m. the herb woad, uſed in dying.
GE'LFE, ſ. m. in cant, a black ſlave.
GELI'Z, ſ. m. an overſeer of ſilk.
GELOSI'A, ſ. f. vide *CELOSI'A*.

G E M

GEMA'L, ſ. m. vide *XEMA'L*.
GE'ME, ſ. m. vide *XE'ME*.
GEME'LA, ſ. f. the flower that grows from a jeſſamin ſtalk grafted in the orange-tree.
GEME'LOS, ſ. m. pl. twins, two born at a birth.
GEMI'DO, ſ. m. groan, lamentation.
GEMIDO'R, ſ. m. one that groans or laments.
GEMINACIO'N, ſ. f. repetition.
GEMINA'R, v. a. to double.
GE'MINIS, ſ. m. a ſign of the zodiack called by aſtronomers Gemini: alſo a ſort of plaſter made of wax, &c.
GE'MINO, adj. double, twofold.
GEMI'R, v. n. to groan, to wail, to lament.

G E N

GENCIA'NA, ſ. f. the plant gentian.
GENEALOGI'A, ſ. f. genealogy, hiſtory of the ſucceſſion of families.
GENEALO'GICO, adj. belonging to genealogy.
GENEALOGI'STA, ſ. m. a genealogiſt.
GENERA'BLE, adj. that can be generated.
GENERACIO'N, ſ. f. generation, family, lineage.
GENERA'L, adj. general, univerſal; ſubſt. uſed, a general of an army, &c.
GENERALA'TO, ſ. m. the charge, office, or dignity of a general.
GENERALIDA'D, ſ. f. generality, univerſality.
GENERALI'SSIMO, ſ. m. a generaliſſimo or ſupreme general of an army.

GENERALME'NTE, adv. generally, universally.
GENERA'R, v. a. to ingender.
GENERATI'VO, adj. generative.
GENERICAME'NTE, adv. generically, of the sort, or genus.
GENE'RICO, adj. generical, of, or belonging to the sort of genus.
GE'NERO, s. m. a kind, a sort, a manner, a stock, a lineage; also a gender.
GENEROSAME'NTE, adv. generously, nobly.
GENEROSI'A, obs. generosity, nobleness of birth.
GENEROSIDA'D, s. f. generosity, nobleness.
GENERO'SO, adj. generous, noble, of a good breed; also strong, vigorous.
Vino generóso, a strong generous wine.
Generóso, magnanimous, open of heart; also courageous, stout, and liberal or magnificent.
GE'NESIS, s. m. the first book in the Holy Bible.
GENE'STA, s. f. the plant broom.
GENETHLIA'CA, s. f. genethliacks, the vain and superstitious practice of calculating nativities, or predicting future events from the stars.
GENETHLI'ACO, s. m. genethliatick, one who pretends to calculate nativities.
Genethliaco, adj. genethliacal, belonging to genethliacks.
GENGI'BRE, s. m. ginger.
GENIA'L, adj. agreeable to the inclination.
GENIALME'NTE, adv. according to the genius, condition, taste, or inclination.
GENITA'LES, s. m. pl. genitals, parts belonging to generation.
GE'NIO, s. m. a man's angel, or spirit; natural disposition, genius.
GENITI'VO, s. m. the genitive case.
GENITO'R, s. m. a father.
GENITU'RA, s. f. procreation.
GENI'ZARO, s. m. a janizary; any man whose father is of one nation and his mother of another.
GE'NOLI, s. m. a bright red colour, used by painters, and found in mines of gold and silver.
GENTA'LLA, s. f. mob, rabble.
GE'NTE, s. f. people, nation; in cant, the ears.
Génte bahúna, ò báxa, the mob, or rabble.
Génte de la hámpa, licentious, debauched people.
Génte del gordillo, the most vile and mean populace.
Génte de modo y de traza, gentlemen.
Génte de pelo ù de peluza, the rich and opulent people.
Génte de trato, tradesmen.
Génte principal, the nobility or gentry.
Ser génte, ò gentes, to be a man above the vulgar, or of distinction.
Irse al hilo de la génte, to follow the multitude of the people.
Hacér génte, to raise soldiers.
Iréme dónde no me véan las géntes, I will go where no people shall see me. I will abscond, I will fly into a desart.

Prov. *Ande yo caliénte, y riáse la génte*, so I be warm, let the people laugh. It is no matter what the world says, so a man keeps himself warm.

Prov. *Génte de cósta tódas ladrónes*, the people of the sea-coasts are all thieves.
GENTECI'LLA, s. f. diminutive of *génte*.
GENTI'L, adj. genteel, handsome, comely, graceful; also a heathen, or pagan.
Gentil hombre, a nobleman; also a noble person sent as an express to a king with good news.
Gentil dáma, a fine lady.
Gentil necedád, a pretty piece of nonsense.
GENTILE'ZA, s. f. genteelness, comeliness, gracefulness, generosity, good behaviour.
GENTILHO'MBRE, s. m. a gentleman, a gentleman-usher, a genteel man, a comely, graceful person.
Gentilhómbre de la bóca, a prince's taster.
Gentilhómbre de la cámara, a gentleman of the bed-chamber.
Gentilhómbre de la artillería, a conductor of the artillery.
GENTI'LICO, adj. of, or belonging to the Gentiles or Pagans.
GENTILIDA'D, s. f. paganism.
GENTILI'SMO, s. m. paganism.
GENTILIZA'R, v. n. to observe the ceremonies or rites of gentiles.
GENTILME'NTE, adv. genteelly, handsomely, gracefully.
GENTI'O, s. m. a great number, of people.
GENTUA'LLA, s. f. the lowest, meanest sort of people.
GENUFLEXI'ON, s. f. genuflection, bending the knee, kneeling.
GENUI'NO, adj. pure, genuine.

G E O

GEODESI'A, s. f. the art or science of measuring the ground or surfaces, and finding the contents of all plane figures.
GEODE'TICO, adj. geodetical, relating to the art of measuring surfaces.
GEOGRAPHI'A, s. f. geography, the description of the earth, the knowledge of the earth.
GEOGRA'PHICO, adj. that belongs to geography.
GEOGRA'PHO, s. m. a geographer, one who describes the earth, according to the dispositions of its different parts.
GEOMANCI'A, s. f. the act of foretelling by figures, geomancy.
GEOMA'NTICO, s. m. a geomancer, a fortune-teller, a caster of figures.
GEO'METRA, s. f. geometrician, a measurer of the earth.
GEOMETRI'A, s. f. a geometry, the art of measuring the earth.
GEOMETRICAME'NTE, adv. geometrically.

GEOME'TRICO, adj. geometrical.
GEO'RGICA, ſ. f. Virgil's book of Georgicks or country affairs.
GEO'TICO, adj. belonging to the earth.

G E R

GERA'RCHA, ſ. m. hierarch, highprieſt.
GERARCHI'A, ſ. f. hierarchy, order in the church, prieſthood; an hierarchy, of angels.
GERA'RCHICO, adj. of, or belonging to an hierarchy or prieſthood.
GE'RGA, ſ. f. ſerge.
GERGO'N, ſ. m. a ſtraw-bed.
GERGUI'LLA, ſ. f. cloth made of ſilk and wool mixed together.
GERIFA'LTE, ſ. m. the hawk called a gerfaulcon.
GERIGO'NZA, ſ. f. gibberish, all that is obſcure or difficult to apprehend.
GERI'NGA, ſ. f. a clyſter, a ſyringe, a ſquirt to caſt water.
GERINGA'R, v. a. to ſyringe.
GERIPLIE'GA, ſ. f. vide *GIRAPLIE'GA*.
GERMA'NA, ſ. f. in cant, a wench.
GERMANE'SCO, adj. belonging to the cant language.
GERMANI'A, ſ. f. the cant uſed among gypſies, beggars, and all ſorts of vagabonds and rogues.
GERMA'NO, ſ. m. in cant, a ruffian, a pimp.
GERMINA'R, v. n. to ſprout, to ſpring, to bud out.
GEROGLY'PHICO, ſ. m. an hieroglyphick.
GERRICO'TE, ſ. m. a diet-drink made with almonds and chicken or mutton broth.
GE'RTAS, ſ. f. pl. in cant, ears.
GERU'NDIO, ſ. m. a gerund.

G E S

GESOLRENT, ſ. m. a key in muſic.
GE'STAS, ſ. f. plur. obſ. the famous and remarkable actions of great men.
GESTEA'R, v. n. to make geſtures or grimaces.
GESTE'RA, ſ. f. a cheating woman that makes faces to deceive.
GESTE'RO, ſ. m. geſticulator.
GESTICULACIO'N, ſ. f. a ridiculous geſture.
GESTICULA'R, adj. belonging to a ridiculous geſture.
GESTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little odd motion of the face; alſo a little face.
GE'STO, ſ. m. the face; alſo an odd motion of the face; alſo likeneſs, reſemblance.
Eſtár de buen geſto, to be merry, genteel, and good tempered.
Hacér geſtos, to make ugly faces.
Ponerſe a geſto, to dreſs and trim one's ſelf.
No hacér buen geſto a una coſa, not to show a good countenance, to show a dislike.

Prov. *De ruin geſto nunca buen hecho*, from a bad face there is never a good action; that is, the countenance shows the diſpoſition.

G E T

GE'TA, ſ. f. a great lip, as the blacks have; alſo a mushroom, whence great lips were ſo called.
Eſtár con tánta géta, to expreſs a reſentment by the looks.
GETON, ſ. m. a great blubber-lipped fellow; alſo a great mushroom.

G E Z

GEZERI'NA, adj. fem. as, *cota gezerina*, a coat of mail.

G I A

GIALUMI'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of mineral ſtone.

G I B

GI'BA, ſ. f. a bunch on the back, crookedneſs.
GIBA'DO, adj. crooked, one that has a bunch on his back.
GIBA'O. La dánza de pie gibáo, a ſort of prancing and playing tricks, which they teach horſes.
GIBA'R, v. a. to preſs or bow down.
GIBO'SO, adj. crooked; alſo hilly or uneven ground.

G

GIFERA'DA, ſ. f. a blow or cut made or given with a *giféro*.
GIFERI'A, ſ. f. butchery.
GIFE'RO, ſ. m. a butcher, and a butcher's knife.

G I G

GIGANTAZO, ſ. m. a great giant.
GIGA'NTE, ſ. m. a giant.
Gigánte, adj. giant-like; as.
Tiéne fuérzas de gigante, he is as ſtrong as a giant.
GIGANTE'A, ſ. f. vide *GIRA'SOL*.
GIGANTE'O, adj. of, or belonging to a giant.
GIGANTICI'DA, ſ. m. a giant-killer.
GIGA'NTICO, adj. of, or belonging to a giant.
GIGANTI'LLA, ſ. f. a figure of paſteboard, repreſenting a short or bulky woman carried about in the proceſſions.
GIGANTIZA'R, v. n. to grow giant like.
GIGANTO'N, ſ. m. a great giant.
GIGO'TE, ſ. m. minced pies.

G I J

GI'JAS, ſ. f. vigour, fatneſs, ſtrength.

G I L

GILBARBE'RA, ſ. f. a prickly ſhrub, called butchers-broom or kneeholm.
GILE'CO, ſ. m. a coat, ſuch as the ſlaves wear.
GILGUE'RO, ſ. m. a gold-finch.

G I M

GIME'LGAS, ſ. f. pl. a name given on board ships to ſome poles uſed to reinforce the maſts when damaged.
GI'MIO, ſ. m. vide *XIMIO*.
GIMNA'SIO, ſ. m. an academy, a ſchool, college, or hall in an univerſity.
GIMNOSOPHI'STA, ſ. m. one of thoſe philoſophers who formerly taught morality in India.

G I N

GINE'BRA, ſ. f. a Moorish inſtrument made with ſeveral round ſticks to make a noiſe; any confuſion.
GINEBRA'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of puff-paſte cake.
GINE'CRE, ſ. m. the juniper-tree.
GINE'STA, ſ. f. vide *GENE'STA*.
GINESTA'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of maſh made with milk, rice, dates, and raiſins.
GINE'TA, ſ. f. a cane about as high as a man's chin with a ſmall ſpear at the end of it, which Spaniſh captains uſed inſtead of our leading-ſtaff, and commonly walked with it, when they were not upon duty, as a token of their employ.
Ginéta, a badger.
Lánza ginéta, a light horſeman's lance.
Silla ginéta, the great ſaddle.
Gabalgár a la ginéta, to ride with the ſtirrups very ſhort.
GINE'TE, ſ. m. properly a light-horſeman, but uſed for any horſeman.
Ginéte de Salamánca, a ſort of earthen pitcher.
Ginéte de Xerés, a ſort of ſmall bread made at Xeréz.
GINGLA'R, ſ. m. the pendulum of a clock.
GINJO'L, ſ. m. the fruit of the jububtree.
GINO'LLOS, ſ. m. pl. obſ. the knees.

G I ñ

GIñETO'N, ſ. m. a long weapon like a leading-ſtaff.

G I R

GI'RA, ſ. f. a merry-making, a feaſt where friends meet to be merry and drink about.
GIRABANDE'RA, ſ. f. the flouriſhing of colours.
GIRA'FA, ſ. f. a beaſt called in Latin *camelo-pardalis*.
GIRA'LDA, ſ. f. an image of a woman of gilt braſs, ſet on the top of the great tower of Seville, where it turns with the wind.
GIRALDE'TE, ſ. m. or *GIRALDI'NA*, ſ. f. a ſhort upper garment, which lapped about the body.
GIRA'NDULA, ſ. f. a wheel ſtuck full of fire-works, which turning ſwiftly round, ſends forth a great light and fire.
GIRAPLIE'GA, ſ. f. the medicinal compoſition called *hiera picra*.
GIRA'R, v. a. to turn.
GIRASO'L, ſ. m. the plant and flower heliotrope, or turnſol.
GIRE'L, ſ. m. a ſort of capariſon-cloth for a horſe.
GIRGUE'RO, ſ. m. a goldfinch.
GIRIFA'LTE, ſ. m. the hawk called a gerfaulcon.
GIRIGA'YE, ſ. m. ſtuff, nonſenſe.
GIRIGO'NZA, ſ. f. vide *GERIGO'NZA*.
GI'RO, ſ. m. a circular rapid motion.
Giro, adj. pretty, perfect, complete.
GIRO'FE, ſ. m. obſ. a gilliflower, the great clove-gilliflower.
GIRO'FINA, ſ. f. a kind of ſauce.
GIRO'N, ſ. m. a gore in a garment. In heraldry, a *girón*, being like a gore.
GIRONA'DO, adj. made with, or conſiſting of many gores of ſeveral colours.
Gironádo, ſ. m. a ragged perſon.
GIRO'PHLE, ſ. m. an aromatick tree ſo called.
GIRPEA'R, v. a. to dig round a vinetree.

G I S

GI'STE, ſ. m. the froth of beer.

G I T

GITANAME'NTE, adv. fraudulently, gipſy-like.
GITANEA'R, v. a. to flatter, to deceive, to play the gipſy.
GITANERI'A, ſ. f. a cheating trick; the life of gipſies.
GITA'NO, ſ. m. a gipſy.
GITA'R, v. a. to caſt accounts with counters.
GITO'N, ſ. m. a beggar that wanders about from place to place on pretence of being a poor ſtranger.
GITO'NES, ſ. m. pl. counters uſed to caſt accounts with.

G L A

GLACIA'I, adj. glacial, made of ice, icy.
GLADIATO'R, ſ. m. a gladiator, ſuch as were formerly uſed in Rome.
GLADIO'LO, ſ. m. the herb corn-flag.
GLANDI'FERO, adj. of, or belonging to trees that produce acorns.
GLA'NDULA, ſ. f. a kernel in the flesh.
GLANDULO'SO, adj. full of kernels.
GLA'SSE, ſ. m. a ſilk, called ſo from its ſmoothneſs or fineneſs reſembling glaſs.
GLA'STO, ſ. m. the herb woad, with which they dye cloth.
GLA'UCIO, ſ. m. an herb of a ſeagreen colour.

G L E

GLE'BA, ſ. f. a clod of earth.

G L I

GLIMPLO'AS, ſ. f. the ſtreamers merchant-ſhips carry at their top-maſtheads.

G L O

GLO'BO, ſ. m. a globe, a round ball, the globe of the earth.
GLOBO'SO, adj. round like a globe.
GLO'RIA, ſ. f. glory, fame, honour, renown.
Prov. *Gloria vána flórece, y no gràna*, vain-glory bloſſoms, but never bears fruit.
GLORIARSE, v. r. to boaſt, to glory, to brag.
GLORIE'TA, ſ. f. a fine bed of flowers in a garden.
GLORIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. glorifying, honouring, extolling.
GLORIFICADO'R, ſ. m. he who confers glory.
GLORIFICA'R, v. a. to glorify, to honour, to extol.
GLORIOSAME'NTE, adv. glorioufly, famouſly, honourably, magnificently.
GLORIO'SO, adj. glorious, great, honourable, famous, magnificent.
GLO'SA, ſ. f. } a gloſs, an ex-
GLO'SSA, ſ. m. } poſition, a comment.
GLOSSADO'R, ſ. m. a commentator.
GLOSSA'R, v. a. to comment, to expound, to explain.
GLOTO'N, ſ. m. a glutton.
GLOTONA'ZO, ſ. m. a great glutton.
GLOTONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little glutton.
GLOTONEA'R, v. n. to play the glutton, to mind one's belly too much.
GLOTONERI'A, ſ. f. gluttony, exceſs in eating.
GLOTONI'A, ſ. f. gluttony.

G L' U

GLUTINOSIDA'D, ſ. f. viſcoſity, the quality of being glutinous.
GLUTINO'SO, adj. ſticking, glutinous.

G N O

GNOMO'N, ſ. m. the gnomon of a ſun-dial, whoſe ſhadow ſhows the hour. The hand or pin of a dial.
GNOMO'NICA, ſ. f. gnomonicks, a ſcience which teaches to find the juſt proportion of ſhadows for the conſtruction of all kinds of ſun and moon dials.
GNOMONI'CO, adj. belonging to the art of making dials.
GNO'STICOS, ſ. m. pl. gnoſticks, a ſect of hereticks.

G O B

GOBERNACIO'N, ſ. f. government.
GOBERNADO'R, ſ. m. a governor.
GOBERNA'LLE, ſ. m. the rudder of a ſhip.
GOBERNA'R, v. a. to govern.
GOBIE'RNO, ſ. m. government; in cant, the bridle of a horſe.
Mugér de gobiérno, a houſekeeper and ſervant, who ſuperintends the ſervants in a family.
GO'BIO, ſ. m. the little fiſh called a gudgeon.

G O C

GO'CE, ſ. m. the profit or gain of an office, a ſalary.
GO'CHO, ſ. m. a hog.

G O D

GODE'ñO, adj. in cant, good, valuable, rich.
GODERI'A, ſ. f. in cant, jollity, drunkenneſs.
GODI'BLE, adj. merry, joyful, pleaſant.
GO'DO, adj. in cant, good, rich.

G O F

GOFERI'A, ſ. f. rudeneſs, unmannerlineſs, want of breeding.
GO'FO, adj. rude, unmannerly, uncivil, ill-bred.

G O J

GO'JA, ſ. f. a ſort of basket or pannier.

G O L

GO'LA, ſ. f. the mouth of the throat; alſo the armour to cover the throat. In architecture, cymatium, an ogee.
GO'LDRE, ſ. m. a quiver to carry arrows in.
GO'LES, ſ. f. pl. in heraldry, gules; that is, red.
GOLE'TA, ſ. f. in architecture, ogee.
GOLFA'NO, ſ. m. the herb nenuphar, or water-lily.
GOLFILLO, ſ. m. a little gulph.
GOLFI'N, ſ. m. a dolphin.
GO'LFO, ſ. m. a gulph of the ſea, or great bay; ſometimes taken for the channel of a river, ſometimes for the deepeſt part of any water, ſometimes for the main ocean; alſo an abyſs, a chaos, a confuſion.
GOLGO'NZO, ſ. m. one that is full of geſtures, a buſy body, one that has a ſmattering in every thing.
GOLHI'N, ſ. m. a mountebank, or talkative fellow.
GOLI'LLA, ſ. f. a little band ſtarched, ſtiff, and ſticking out under the chin like a ruff; alſo the perſon who wears ſuch neckcloth.
Ajuſtarle a uno la gulilla, to blame, to reprehend, to taunt one.
GOLILLE'RO, ſ. m. one who makes *golillas*.
GOLLE'RO, ſ. m. the thief who ſteals in a crowd of people, a pick-pocket.
GOLLE'TE, ſ. m. the narrow neck of a bottle, or any ſuch veſſel.
GOLLORI'AS, ſ. f. dainty bits, as ſweetmeats or the like.
GOLMAGEA'R, v. n. to eat ſlily ſo as not to be perceived by others.
GOLMAJERI'A, ſ. f. vide *GOLOSI'NA*.

GOLMA'JO, adj. gluttonous, greedy, deſirous, longing after.
GOLONDRE'RA, ſ. f. in cant, a band of ſoldiers.
GOLONDRE'RA, ſ. f. in cant, a company of ſoldiers.
GOLONDRE'RO, ſ. m. a man who inrolls as a ſoldier, that he may play the thief with greater afety.
GOLONDRE'RO, ſ. m. a ſoldier that is good at ſtealing and bad at fighting. In cant, a ſhoplifter.
GOLONDRI'NA, ſ. f. a ſwallow.
Prov. *Una golondrina no háce verâno*, one ſwallow does not make a ſummer.
GOLONDRINE'RO, ſ. m. a young ſwallow.
GOLONDRI'NO, ſ. m. a perſon who never ſettles in any place.
Golondrino, ſ. m. a young ſwallow; there is alſo a fish of this name.
GOLO'NDRO, ſ. m. idem.
Golóndro, ſ. m. a ſudden deſire.
Andár en golóndros, to ſpend one's time, or be employed about folly, which may prove hurtful, as boys who buſy themſelves in looking after ſwallows neſts, and often fall and break their bones.
GOLO'RIA, ſ. f. in cant, a fraud or cunning impoſition.
GOLOSAME'NTE, adv. greedily gluttonouſly.
GOLOSA'ZO, ſ. m. greedy.
GOLOSEA'R, v. n. to play the glutton, to be liquorish, to delight in eating dainties.
GOLOSI'LLO, ſ. m. a little liquorish lad.
GOLO'SINA, ſ. f. gluttony, delight in eating, liquorish; alſo any dainty that is eaten only out of wantonneſs.
GOLOSINA'R, *GOLOSINEA'R*, } v. n. vide *GOLOSMEA'R*.
GOLOSI'SMO, ſ. m. gluttony, greedineſs.
GOLOSMEA'R, v. n. to eat ſlily, ſo as not to be perceived by others.
GOLO'SO, adj. liquorish, greedy, of fine bits.
GOLOZINA'R, v. n. vide *GOLOSEA'R*.
GOLPA'ZO, ſ. m. a great ſtroke or blow.
GO'LPE, ſ. m. a blow, a ſtroke.
Gólpe de génte, a great number of people.
Gólpe de água, a great fall of water, a great ſhower of rain.
Cerradúra de gólpe, a ſpring-lock.
Cerrár de gólpe, to clap to a door.
Entrár de gólpe, to ruſh in.
Prov. *De un ſólo gólpe no ſe derrúéca un róble*, an oak is not knocked down at one blow. Rome was not built in a day.
Prov. *Dar gólpe en el dinéro*, to make a great hole in a ſum of money.
GOLPEADE'RO, ſ. m. the place that is beaten very much.
GOLPEADO'R, ſ. m. a hammerer.
GOLPEADU'RA, ſ. f. beating, hammering.
GOLPEA'R, v. a. to beat, to ſtrike, to hammer.
Páño golpeádo, cloth that is very hard wove.
GOLPECI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſtroke or blow.
GOLPE'O, ſ. m. the action of beating or giving blows.
GOLUSMIE'RO, adj. gluttonous, greedy.

O M

GO'MA, ſ. f. gum.
Góma Arábiga, ſ. f. gum Arabick.
GOMA'RRA, ſ. f. in cant, a pullet.
GOMARRE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a ſtealer of hens.
GOMARRO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a chick or capon.
GOMECI'LLO, ſ. m. a little favourite, a white boy.
GO'MENA, ſ. f. a cable.
GO'MIA, ſ. m. a gormandizing fellow, a great eater, a glutton; alſo a word women uſe to fright children.
Gómia, ſ. f. a great ſerpent; what devours, conſumes, deſtroys any thing.
GOMITADU'RA, ſ. f. vomiting.
GOMITA'R, v. a. to vomit.
GO'MITO, ſ. m. vide *VOMI'TO*.
GOMO, *de lána*, a wool-pack.
GOMO'SO, adj. gummy, full of gum.

G O N

GONCE, ſ. m. a door-hinge.
GO'NDOLA, ſ. f. a boat.
GONORRE'A, ſ. f. or *GONORRHE'A*, a ſort of venereal diſtemper; a morbid running of venereal hurts, a clap.

G O R

GORA'R, obſ. v. n. to ſit upon eggs.
GORBIO'N, ſ. m. taffety, ſtripped and wrought; alſo a thick twiſt uſed in embroidery; alſo the herb euphorbium, and the gum coming from it.
GORDA'L, adj. large, of the bigger ſize.
GORDA'ZO, adj. fat, big, of a large ſize.
GORDIFLO'N, ſ. m. a purſy fellow, that is all greaſy, and not ſolid fat.
GORDI'LLO, adj. fattish.
GO'RDO, adj. fat, groſs, thick; dull witted.
Háblar górdo, to ſpeak like a bully, to bully.
Ser de entendimiénto górdo, to be a ſtupid heavy fellow.
Téner la lengua górda, to be in liquor.
Górdo, ſ. m. fatneſs.
GORDOLO'BO, ſ. m. the plant called petty-mullen, wool-blade, torch-weed, high-taper, hung-wort.
GORDO'N, adj. that is very fat.
GORDO'R, *GORDU'RA*, ſ. f. } fatneſs, groſſneſs, thickneſs.
GORGA, ſ. f. food for birds, eſpecially hawks.
GORGEADO'R, ſ. m. a warbler.
GORGEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a warbling.
GORGEA'R, v. n. to warble as birds do; to endeavour to talk as little children do.
GORGE'O, ſ. m. warbling, melodious ſound of birds ſinging.

GORGERI'A, ſ. f. a ſinging or warbling of birds.
GORGO'JO, ſ. m. a little worm that devours corn, called the weevils; a little boy.
GORGOJO'SO, adj. full of weevils.
GORGORA'N, ſ. m. the ſilk called grogram.
GORGORITA'S, ſ. f. pl. the gurgling of water, or any liquor, when a man gargles his throat, or when it runs out of a cloſe neck or hole, and wants air to flow freely.
GORGORITEA'R, v. n. to gurgle the water in the throat.
GORCOTE'RO, ſ. m. a pedlar who ſells ſmall things, as ſciſſors, knives, &c.
GORGUE'RA, ſ. f. a ſort of ruff, formerly worn by women.
GORGU'Z, ſ. m. the head of a dart or of a club.
GORIGO'RI, ſ. m. a ſplendid entertainment made for the eccleſiaſticks.
GO'RJA, ſ. f. the throat, and particularly, that part where guttural ſounds are formed.
Eſtár de górja, to be merry.
GORGA'L de málla, the gorget or armour that covers the throat.
GORMADO'R, ſ. m. one who vomits by overcharging the ſtomack.
GORMA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *VOMITA'R*.
GO'RRA, ſ. f. a cap, a bonnet; a cloth or velvet cap.
Média górra, a cap whoſe brims fell down and covered the neck and ears, formerly worn by lawyers and counſellors.
Górra de mogicón, the cap that was raiſed and ſtood up before like a hat.
Hablárſe de górra, to have ſo much acquaintance with a man, as to take off one's cap to him, but not to converſe with him.
Ser dúro de górra, to be ſparing in taking off one's cap or hat.
Metérſe de górra, to intrude, to thruſt one's ſelf into company without any more invitation or acquaintance than bare moving the hat.
Eſtárſe de górra, to ſtay in a place where they would be rid of a a man, without taking notice of what is ſaid to affrom him.
GORRA'DA, ſ. f. a ſalutation made by pulling off the cap, hat, or bonnet.
GORRE'RO, ſ. m. a cap-maker; alſo a paraſite, one who goes to entertainments without being deſired.
GORRETA'DA, f. f. the act of pulling off one's cap or bonnet to a perſon out of civility.
GORRE'TE, ſ. m. a kind of round cap of many colours.
GORRI'LLA, ſ. f. a little cap.
GORRI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *gorro*.
GORRI'N, *GORRI'NO*, ſ. m. a pig not four months old.
GORRIO'N, ſ. m. a ſparrow; a bird ſo called.
GORRIONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a young ſparrow.
GORRI'STA, ſ. m. one who lives at other men's coſt, who ſpunges on others; a mumper.
GORRO, ſ. m. a cap, a bonnet worn by men, moſtly under the wig.
GORRO'N, ſ. m. a great cap; alſo an intruder, a ſpunger, or a mumper; a ſilkworm that will not work, like the drones among bees; a ſort of pancake; alſo that part of a hinge that does not move; alſo a whoremaſter or whoremonger.
GORRO'NA, ſ. f. a common whore, a proſtitute.
GORRONA'ZO, ſ. m. augment, of *gorón*, a paraſite.
GORRULLO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a goaler.
GORUE'NDO, adj. obſ. ſatiated, ſatisfied with eating.
GORVIO'N, ſ. m. vide *GURVIO'N*.
GORU'LLO, ſ. m. any little knob or lump.

G O T

GO'TA, ſ. f. a drop; alſo the gout.
Gota coral, ſ. f. the falling-ſickneſs.
Gota ſeréna, ſ. f. an humour in the eye called *gutta ſerena*.
GOTEA'DO, adj. ſpotted with drops.
GOTEA'R, v. n. to fall drop by drop.
GOTE'RA, ſ. f. the droppings of water; alſo a ſpout or eaves of a houſe from whence the water drops; alſo the fringes of a bed.
GOTERO'N, ſ. m. a great drop
GOTERONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a drop of a larger ſize than the common drops.
GO'THICO, ſ. m. an order of architecture ſo called.
GOTO'SO, adj. gouty, belonging to the gout.

G O V

GOVERNA'R, v. a. vide *GOBERNAR*, and all its derivatives.

G O X

GO'XE, ſ. m. a ſort of basket or pannier.

G O Y

GOYO, ſ. m. obſ. enjoyment, rejoicing.

G O Z

GOZA'R, v. a. to obtain, to poſſeſs, to enjoy.
Gozár del tiempo, ù de la fortuna, to make good uſe of time or fortune.
Gozár una muger, to obtain the greateſt favours from a woman.
GOZNE, ſ. m. an iron hinge of a door.
GO'ZO, ſ. m. joy, gladneſs.
Nueſtro gozo en el pózo, our joy in the well; that is, our joy is vanished, is loſt; ſaid when we have rejoiced, and find no cauſe for it.
GOZO'SO, adj. joyful.
GOZQUE, ſ. m. a cur-dog.

GOZQUE'JO, } ſ. m. a little
GOZQUI'LLO, } cur-dog.

G R A

GRACEJA'R, v. n. to joke or jeſt, to be merry and facetious.
GRACE'JO, ſ. m. mirth, good humour, facetiouſneſs; alſo an agreeable liſping.
GRA'CIA, ſ. f. grace, favour, comelineſs, beauty, thanks, alſo a jeſt, and a gift.
De gracia, gratis.
Tenér gracia, to have a good grace, a good air, or carriage, to be pleaſant, witty, or diverting.
Gracia de Dios, the grace of God.
Gracia dei, an herb like hyſſop.
La gracia de una perſóna, a man's name.
Caér en gracia, to pleaſe, to be acceptable.
Caér de ſu gracia, to loſe the favour one had.
Dar gracia a una coſa, to make a thing graceful, handſome, or acceptable.
Eſtár en gracia del principe, to be in the prince's favour.
Dar grácias, to give thanks, either as we commonly do for any kindneſs, or to ſay grace after meals.
Decir grácias, to jeſt, to talk wittily.
GRACIA'BLE, adj. that is gracious in words and actions.
GRACIADEI, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.
GRACIOSAME'NTE, adv. gratis, freely without any coſt; alſo pleaſantly, wittily.
GRACIOSI'CO, adj. diminutive of *gracioſo*.
GRACIOSIDA'D, ſ. f. gracefulneſs, prettineſs, elegancy.
GRACIO'SO, adj. that coſts nothing, given freely; alſo witty, pleaſant.
Gracióſo, ſ. m. an actor that plays a kind of merry Andrew.
GRA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtep, a ſtair, a round of a ladder; the grate of a monaſtery, where the nuns come to ſpeak to their friends.
GRADACIO'N, ſ. f. gradation.
GRADA'R, v. a. to make ſmooth the earth after it is ploughed.
GRADA'TIM, adv. ſtep by ſtep.
GRADERI'A, ſ. f. the joining of the ſtairs.
GRADIE'L, ſ. m. baſtard zafran.
GRADI'ILA, ſ. f. a little ſtep.
GRA'DO, ſ. m. degree, dignity, office, preferment, ſtep. In architecture, the ſmall moulding on the upper part of the column; alſo free will.
Encarecér en ſúmo grádo, to extol in the higheſt manner.
Grádo para ſubir a mas, a way, ſtep, or means to preferment.
Hacér una coſa de buen grado, to do a thing with a good will.
Harálo mal de ſu grádo, he ſhall do it, though ever ſo much againſt his will.
Grádos en létras, the degree taken at the univerſity.
Grádos eccleſiaſticos, the ſeveral degrees of orders in the church.
Grádos de altúra, *ò de longitúd*, degrees of latitude, or of longitude.
Grádos de conſanguinidád, degrees of conſanguinity.
GRADUACIO'N, ſ. f. an eſtimation or meaſuring of things by degrees.
GRADUA'DO, ſ. m. one that has taken his degrees at the univerſity.
GRADUA'L, ſ. m. the gradual, read in the maſs immediately after the epiſtle.
Graduáles pſalmos, the gradual pſalms, ſo called, becauſe they follow one another gradually.
GRADUALME'NTE, adv. gradually, by degrees.
GRADUA'NDO, ſ. m. he who is near to take his degrees.
GRADUA'R, v. a. to prefer to a degree, to promote, to graduate, to take a degree in the ſchools; alſo to meaſure.
GRAFINA'R, v. a. to ſcratch.
GRAFIOLES, ſ. m. pl. a kind of biſcuit made in the ſhape of an S.
GRAGE'A, ſ. f. a ſort of very ſmall round comfits.
GRAGEA'R, v. n. to cry like a crow or daw.
GRA'JA, ſ. f. the hen-daw.
GRAJA'DO, ſ. m. the top of the rudder.
GRA'JO, ſ. m. jack-daw.
GRAJU'NO, belonging to a jack-daw.
GRA'MA, ſ. f. graſs; the herb vervain.
GRAMA'LLA, ſ. f. a gown or robe of ſcarlet cloth or crimſon velvet with gold embroidery, worn by magiſtrates.
GRAMALLE'RA, ſ. f. a chain hanging in the chimney to faſten the pots to.
GRAMA'R, v. a. to knead the dough over again, as bakers do after it is weighed.
GRAMA'TICA, ſ. f. grammar, the art of ſpeaking or writing in any language.
GRAMMATICA'L, adj. belonging to a grammar, grammatical.
GRAMMATICA'STRO, ſ. m. a low grammarian, a mere verbal pedant.
GRAMA'TICO; ſ. m. a grammarian.
GRAMI'L, ſ. m. an inſtrument uſed by joiners and carpenters to mark, or draw lines upon wood, and called a gage.
GRAMONI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall ſort of vervain.
GRAMO'SO, adj. graſſy, full of vervain.
GRAN, adj. great, big, large; the ſame as *gránde*, and uſed generally for it when placed before the ſubſtantive; as, *grán nómbre*, *gran ruído*, *gran cáſa*, &c. whereas *gránde* is uſed after the ſubſtantive; as, *hómbre gránde*, *ruído gránde*, *cáſa gránde*, &c.
GRA'NA, ſ. f. ſcarlet, the ſcarlet-dye. The cochineal is alſo called by this name.
Grána de paráyſo, grains of paradiſe, cardamum.
GRANA'DA, ſ. f. a pomegranate.
Granáda, ſ. f. a grenade, or grenado; a little hollow globe or ball, which filled with fine powder, as ſoon as kindled, flies into many ſhatters to the damage of all that ſtand near.

Granáda real, a large grenado.
Génte granáda, the top of the people, the better ſort, people of faſhion.
GRANADE'RA, ſ. f. the pouch in which the ſoldiers put the granadoes.
GRANADE'RO, ſ. m. one that ſells pomegranates; alſo a grenadier, or ſoldier armed with a ſword, a hachet, a firelock ſlung, and a pouch full of hand-granadoes.
GRANADI'LLO, ſ. m. a fine ſort of ſpeckled Indian wood.
GRANADI'NO, ſ. m. a little pomegranate.
GRANA'DO, ſ. m. a pomegranate-tetree.
Granádo, adj. of the beſt ſort.
GRANA'LLA, ſ. f. grain, ſeed, or the duſt or flakes of metal.
GRANA'R, v. n. to kern as corn does, to grow to grain; in cant, to grow rich.
GRANA'TE, ſ. m. a kind of coarſe ruby.
GRANAZO'N, ſ. m. a growing of the grain, in corn, &c.
GRANCANO'N, ſ. m. a large type uſed in printing.
GRANDA'ZO, adj. very big.
GRA'NDE, adj. great, big, large.
Gránde de Eſpáña, a grandee of Spain.
GRANDECI'LLO, adj. pretty big.
GRANDEME'NTE, adv. greatly.
GRANDE'ZA, ſ. f. greatneſs, grandeur, largeneſs, bigneſs.
GRANDILLO'N, augm. of *grán-de*.
GRANDI'LOQUE, that ſpeaks great, or grand.
GRANDIOSAME'NTE, adv. very magnificently, or ſplendidly.
GRANDIOSIDA'D, ſ. f. greatneſs, magnificence.
GRANDIO'SO, adj. magnificent.
GRANDO'N, adj. augm. of *grán-de*.
GRANDO'R, ſ. m. a greatneſs, bigneſs.
GRANDU'RA, ſ. f. obſ. idem.
GRANE'L, ſ. m. a heap of grains.
GRANE'RO, ſ. m. a granary, a place to keep corn.
GRANGEADO'R, ſ. m. a purchaſer, a gatherer of wealth.
GRANGEA'R, v. a. to purchaſe, to gather wealth; alſo to farm.
Grángeár, v. a. to cultivate or till the ground carefully.
GRANGE'RA, ſ. f. a good houſewife; alſo a farmer's wife.
GRANGERI'A, ſ. f. purchaſing, gathering of wealth; alſo a farm.
GRANGE'RO, ſ. m. a good huſband, one that gathers wealth; alſo a farmer.
GRANGUA'RDIA, ſ. f. the vanguard, a military term.
GRA'NJA, ſ. f. a farm.
GRANICA'R, v. n. vide *GRANIZA'R*.
GRANI'CO, vide *GRANI'ZO*.
GRANI'DO, in cant, ready money.
GRANJEA'R, v. a. vide *GRANGEA'R*.
GRANJERI'A, ſ. f. vide *GRANGERI'A*.
GRANJE'RO, ſ. m. vide *GRANGE'RO*.
GRANI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *gràna*.
GRANI'LLO, ſ. m. a little grain, kernel, or ſtone in fruit; alſo a little pimple on the fleſh.
GRANI'TO, ſ. m. idem.
GRANIZA'R, v. n. to hail.
GRANI'ZO, ſ. m. hail.

Prov. *Saltár cómo granizo en albárda*, to skip like hail upon a pack-ſaddle; that is, to be fiery, to be ſoon moved, to fly out; becauſe the hail beating upon a pack-ſaddle, which is ſtuffed rebounds.

GRA'NO, ſ. m. grain, corn, a ſtone in a grape or ſuch fruit; alſo all ſorts of grain, and a grain in weight; a pimple ont he skin the grain of leather or the like. In cant, a ducat of eleven rials.

Prov. *Gráno a gráno hínche la gallína el pápo*, grain by grain the hen fills her craw; that is by degrees the moſt important affairs are done.

Prov. *Gráno a gráno ſe acába el montón de antáño*, grain by grain the laſt year's heap is ſpent; that is, a continual expence, though ever ſo ſmall, conſumes the greateſt wealth.

Prov. *Gráno a grano, allégа pára tu áño*, grain by grain, gather for the year. Lay up, though it be but little at a time, it will help out the year.

GRANO'SO, adj. full of grains, of ſmall pimples, of little kernels, or ſmall ſtones, like thoſe in grapes or ſuch fruit.
GRANO'TA, ſ. f. in cant, barley.
GRANT, adj. obſ. for *grande*.
GRANU'JA, ſ. f. the huſk of a grape.
GRANUJA'DO, adj. full or covered with grains.
GRANULACIO'N, ſ. m. the act of pouring melted metal into cold water, ſo that it may congeal into ſmall grains.
GRANULA'DO, adj. granulated, ſaid of gun-powder and of ſome ſalts when bearing a reſemblance to grain.
GRANULA'R, v. a. to form into ſmall maſſes like grains.
Granularſe, v. r. to form itſelf into ſmall grains.
GRA'NZAS, ſ. f. pl. the huſks that remain after ſifting or winnowing, or any coarſe groſs ſettlement of any thing at the bottom.
GRANZO'N, ſ. m. hard ſtraw.
GRAñON, ſ. m. corn or wheat boiled broken or unbroken.
GRA'O, ſ. m. the ſtrand, or beach, an open road before a town, where ſhips may anchor, but is not an harbour.
GRA'PA, ſ. f. a cramping-iron to hold ſtones faſt.
GRA'PO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *gràpa*.
GRA'SSA, ſ. f. greaſe, fat.
GRASSIENTO, adj. greaſy, oily, fat, unctuous, filthy, dirty bulky, fat of body.
GRASSO, adj. fat. greaſy.

GRASSO'NES, ſ. m. pl. a meagre dish ſo called.
GRASSUELO, adj. fattish, a little fat, or greasy.
GRASSU'RA, ſ. f. fat, greaſe.
GRATAME'NTE, adv. graciouſly, thankfully.
GRATIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. gratification, reward, return for kindneſs.
GRATIFICADO'R, ſ. m. one who returns a kindneſs.
GRATIFICA'R, v. a. to gratify, to reward, to return a kindneſs.
GRATI'L, ſ. m. the ropes which faſten the ſail to the yard.
GRA'TIS, adv. gratis, for nothing, without any coſts.
GRATITU'D, ſ. f. gratitude, thankfulneſs.
GRA'TO, adj. grateful, thankful; alſo acceptable.
GRATONA'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſtewed meat.
GRATUITAME'NTE, adv. gratis, without coſt, freely, only for goodwill.
GRATU'ITO, adj. gratuitous, without coſt, done out of good-will.
GRATULACIO'N, ſ. f. congratulation, or wishing one joy, rejoicing in one's behalf.
GRATULATO'RIO, adj. congratuiatory.
GRAVA'DO, adj. engraved; alſo troubled, oppreſſed, ſick.
GRAVADO'R, ſ. m. an engraver, a carver.
GRAVADU'RA, ſ. f. engraving, alſo oppreſſion, trouble, ſickneſs.
GRAVA'MEN, ſ. m. grievance, trouble, oppreſſion.
GRAVA'R, v. a. to engrave; to burden, to wrong, to blame, to accuſe, to trouble, to moleſt, to oppreſs.
GRAVAZO'N, ſ. f. carving, engraving.
GRA'VE, adv. grave, ſober, ſerious; alſo ſtately, proud, weighty, of conſequence.
Religióso gráve, a grave, ſober, religious man.
Negocio gráve, a buſineſs of conſequence, a weighty affair.
Dolór gráve a grievous pain.
Ponérſe gráve, to take ſtate upon one's ſelf.
GRAVEA'R, v. a. to gravitate.
GRAVEDA'D, ſ. f. gravity, ſtaidneſs, trouble; alſo ſtatelineſs, and pride.
GRAVEDO'SO, adj. elate, proud, haughty.
GRAVEME'NTE, adv. gravely, heavily, grievouſly.
GRAVE'ZA, ſ. f. grievouſneſs, weight, trouble.
GRAVITA'R, v. a. to load any creature according to its ſtrength.
GRAVOSAME'NTE, adv. grievouſly, painfully, calamitouſly, miſerably, oppreſſively, in a tyrannical or haughty manner.
GRAVO'SO, adj. troubleſome, offenſive.
GRAZNADO'R, adj. noiſy, vociferous, ſaid of geeſe, ducks, crows, rooks, &c.
GRAZNA'R, v. n. to make a noiſe, to be vociferous, like geeſe, ducks, crows, &c.
GRAZNI'DO, ſ. m. the noiſe or vociferouſneſs of ſome birds, ſuch as geeſe, ducks, crows, &c.

G R E

GRE'BA, ſ. f. vide *GRE'VAS*.
GRECISMO, ſ. m. a Greciſm.
GRE'DA, ſ. f. fuller's earth, chalk, clay.
GREDA'L, ſ. m. the place where fuller's earth is found.
GREDO'SO, daubed with fuller's earth, chalky, clayish.
GREGA'L, ſ. m. the north-eaſt wind.
Gregál, adj. of the ſame flock, or company.
GREGALIZA'R, v. n. to ſail towards the north-eaſt.
GREGA'RIO, ſ. m. a common ſoldier.
Gregário, gregarious, going in company with others of the ſame kind; ſaid of animals and birds.
GREGORIA'NO, adj. belonging to Gregory.
GREGORILLO, ſ. m. a kind of linnen uſed by women to cover their necks, breaſt, and ſhoulders, a handkerchief.
GREGUERI'A, ſ. f. a confuſion of voices, and undiſtinguishable noiſe.
GREGUE'SCOS, ſ. m. pl. a ſort of wide breeches.
GREGUESQUILLOS, ſ. m. pl. dim nutive of *greguéſcos*.
GREGUIZA'R, v. to ſpeak in imitation of the Greek dialect.
GREIS, ſ. m. obſ. vide *GRASSA*.
GREMIA'L, ſ. m. a rich piece, of ſisk held by two prieſts betwixt the bishop and the people when he ſays maſs in pontificalibus.
GREMIO, ſ. m. the lap; alſo protection, favour. It is alſo a company of any trade; as the company of goldſmiths is called *grémio de los platéros*, and ſo of others.
Grémio de la igléſia, the boſom of the church.
GRE'NA, ſ. f. the hair of the head clotted and tangled, for want of combing.
Greñas, pl. clotted locks of hair, as we ſee in pictures of witches, or the like.
Andár la grena, to pull off the hairs in fighting, as women do.
GREñO, ſ. m. in cant, a ſlave, a black.
GREñU'DO, adj. that has clotted hair.
GREPHIE'R, ſ. m an officer not unlike to our lord high-ſtewarp of the houſhold.
GRE'SCA, ſ. f. diſturbance, noiſe, fray.
GRE'VAS, ſ. f. pl. armour for the legs.
GRE'UGE, ſ. m. grievance, complaint.
GREY, ſ. f. a flock, a herd of cattle; people committed to one's charge.

G R I.

GRI'A, ſ. f. a nit, the ſpaw of a louſe.
GRIBA'R, v. a. a ſea-term, to force out of the way, as a ſhip by a ſtrong current.
GRI'DA, ſ. f. proclamation made by a crier.
GRIE'TA, ſ. f. the diſeaſe in a horſe called the ſcratches; alſo chaps in the hands cauſed by the cold or sharp winds, or by hard working, and chaps in the earth cauſed by drought.

GRIFALTO, ſ. m. a kind of hawk; alſo a piece of ordnance ſo called.

GRI'FO, *GRIFO'N*, } a griffin; alſo the ſon of a black woman and a mulatto. It is likewiſe a cock for water.

GRILLA'R, v. a. to broil on a gridiron; alſo to make a noiſe like a cricket.

GRILLIMO'N, ſ. m. as *cofrádes de grillimón*, the brotherhood of gaol-birds.

GRILLO, ſ. m. a cricket, a field inſect ſo called.

Andár a cáza de grillos, to go to crickethunting: to ſpend one's time ill.

Grillos, ſ. m. pl. fetters for the legs; alſo crickets.

Havéiſme échado grillos y cadénas, you have fettered and chained me: that is, you have obliged me, I am become your ſlave.

Grillónes, ſ. m. pl. great fetters; great crickets.

GRI'MA, ſ. f. the ſtrange faces a man makes in a fright, or on ſuch occaſion; the fright itſelf, or the hair ſtanding up on a fright.

GRI'MAL de ójo, ſ. m. the corner of the eye.

GRIMA'ZOS, ſ. m. pl. ſo the painters call odd figures of men in painting, ſtanding in unnatural poſtures.

GRIMO'SO, adj. one that makes ugly faces, or whoſe hair ſtands an end when frighted.

GRIMPO'LA, ſ. f. a man of war's pendant.

GRIÑO'N ſ. m. a veil uſed by nuns.

GRI'S, ſ. m. dark brown or ſad colour.

GRISEA'R, v. a. to make of a dark brown colour.

GRI'SES, ſ. m. pl. a ſort of little creatures that have good furs.

GRI'TA, ſ. f. a crying out, ſhrieking, hollowing, shout.

GRITADO'R, ſ. m. a bawling fellow.

GRITA'R, v. n. to halloo, to cry out, to bawl, to ſhriek.

GRITERI'A, ſ. f. a cry, a ſhout.

GRITI'LLO, ſ. m. a little noiſe.

GRI'TO, ſ. m. a ſhriek, a ſhout, a cry. In cant, corn.

GRI'TON, ſ. m. a bawling fellow.

Griton, ſ. m. a ſort of pheaſant with black wings and tail, and a dark-coloured body.

G R O

GROÑO'N, ſ. m. a grumbling fellow.

GROPE'RA, ſ. f. the crupper.

GRO'POS, ſ. m. pl. cotton that is put into ink.

GRO'SA, ſ. f. in cant, a common ſtrumpet.

GRO'SCA, ſ. f. a ſort of venomous ſerpent.

GROSE'LLA, ſ. f. a goosberry.

GROSSERAME'NTE, adv. coarſely, clownishly, unmannerly.

GROSSERI'A, ſ. f. clownishneſs, unmannerlineſs, coarſeneſs.

GROSSE'RO, adj. unmannerly, clownish, rude, unpolished.

GROSSE'ZA, ſ. f. corpulence.

GROSSISSIMO, adj. ſuperlative of *grueſto*. The ſame as *grueſſiſſimo*.

GROSSO'R, ſ. m. thickneſs fatneſs.

GROSSULE'RA, ſ. f. a tripe-woman.

GROSSU'RA, ſ. f. thickneſs, fatneſs, groſſneſs; alſo the offal of a beaſt, as head, feet, and entrails.

Dia de groſſúra, Saturday, on which in Spain they eat the offal, but no other flesh.

GRO'TA, ſ. f. vide *GRU'TA*.

G R U

GRU'A, ſ. f. the bird called a crane; alſo the crane to draw up weights with.

GRUE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the holes that are made in the pullies that lift up the ſails.

GRUE'RO, adj. belonging to the birds of prey who catch the cranes.

GRUE'SSA; ſ. f. twelve dozen, a groſs.

GRUESSI'LLO, adj. thickish, or a little thick.

GRUESSE'RO, ſ. m. a wholeſale dealer, one that ſells in groſs.

GRUE'SSO, adj. thick, groſs; alſo dull.

GRUI'R, v. n. to imitate the crane's noiſe.

GRU'LLA, ſ. f. a crane.

GRULLA'DA, ſ. f. a number of people with weapons like the watch.

GRU'LLO, ſ. m. the cock crane. In cant, a catchpole.

GRULLA'DA, ſ. f. a company of people going together or following one another, as cranes do.

GRUME'TE, ſ. m. a grument, the meaneſt ſort of ſailor.

GRU'MO, ſ. m. a bunch or lump of any thing; a hillock; a ſmall cluſter of grapes; alſo a cabbage; alſo clotted blood.

GRUMO'SO, adj. coagulated, curdled congealed.

GRUÑE'NTE, ſ. m. in cant, a ſwine.

GRUÑI'DO, ſ. m. grunt, the cry of a hog, pig, or boar.

GRUÑIDO'R, ſ. m. one that grunts like a hog, a grunting old man, one that grumbles, and does not ſpeak his meaning.

GRUÑI'R, v. n. to grunt, as a hog does; to grumble, to mutter.

GRUPA, ſ. f. the crupper of a horſe.

GRUPA'DA, ſ. f. the beating of the waves of the ſea; alſo a gang or company.

GRUPE'RA, ſ. f. the crupper that goes under a horſe's tail.

GRU'PO, ſ. m. a heap of things of the ſame kind.

GRUTA, ſ. f. a den, cave, a hollow place under ground.

GRUTE'SCO, ſ. m. groteſque, a ſort of painting, repreſenting a cave, or den, with ſuch creatures as are generally found in them; any wild ſort of fancy.

G R Y

GRYLLA'R, v. n. to make a noiſe as the crickets do.

GRYLLE'RA, ſ. f. the place where the crickets hide themſelves.
GRYLLETE, ſ. m. a ſmall fetter put round the foot of a priſoner.
GRYLLO, ſ. m. a cricket.
GRYLLOTA'LPE, ſ. m. a voracious inſect ſo called.
GRYPHO, ſ. m. a griffin, a fabulous animal ſo called.
Gryphos, ſ. m. curled hair.
Grypho, adj. an appellative of a type uſed in printing, by us called Italicks.

GUA

GUA'BAS, ſ. f. pl. vide *PACA'YAS*.
GUABI'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſea-fish.
GUACAMA'YO, ſ. m. a ſort of parrots.
GUACA'S, ſ. f. ſo the Indians in Peru call their idols and their temples, or places of worship.
GUACATA'NE, ſ. m. an herb in New Spain.
GUACHAPEA'R, v. n. to clink or clatter, as an iron plate does when looſe.
Guachapeár la herradúra, ſaid when a horſe-shoe is looſe and clatters.
GUA'CHARO, ſ. m. one that is always weeeping and wailing.
GUACHARRA'DA, ſ. f. the ſudden fall of any thing upon mud or water.
GUACHICHI'L, ſ. m. a bird in New Spain ſo called.
GUACU'MAS, ſ. f. a ſort of fruit in the Weſt Indies.
GUA'DA, ſ. f. a running water, as a river, or broock.
GUADAFIO'NES, ſ. m. pl. manacles for the hands; alſo gauntlets and long gloves.
GUADAMACI'L. ſ. m. gilt leather for hanging, or ſuch uſes.
GUADAMACILERI'A, ſ. f. a giltleather-maker's shop.
GUADAMACILE'RO, ſ. m. a giltleather-maker.
GUADA'ÑA, ſ. f. a ſcythe to mow with.
GUADAÑADO'R, ſ. m. a mower.
GUADAÑERO, ſ. m. one who mows.
GUADAPE'RA, ſ. f. a chokepear, a wild pear.
GUADAPE'RO, ſ. m. a wild pear-tree.
GUADARNE'S, ſ. m. the place where the arms are kept.
GUADATINA'JAS, ſ. m. a ſort of beaſt in the Weſt Indies like a hog.
GUADIXE'ÑO, ſ. m. a poniard or dagger.
GUADO'CH, ſ. m. a ceremony the Moors uſe of waſhing themſelves, and ſaying certain prayers in a ſet poſture.
GUADRAMA'ÑA, ſ. f. cheat, fraud.
GUAIPI'N, ſ. m. a kind of cloth uſed by the Weſt Indians to cover their neck.
GUALATI'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſauce made with apples almonds, and rice.
GUA'LDA, ſ. f. the herb woad, uſed for dying.
GUALDE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the ſides of the carriages of cannon.
GUA'LDO, adj. yellow.
GUALDRA'PA, ſ. f. a covering, in the nature of a capariſon cloth; a draggled tail or dirty skirt of a garment that hangs in rags; a draggletail woman.
GUALDRAPEA'R, v. a. a to confuſe or intermix againſt the natural order.
GUALDRAPE'RO, ſ. m. one who is full of rags, a ragged fellow.
GUALDRAPI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *gualdrápa*.
GUALDRAPO'SA, ſ. f. a little draggle-tail woman.
GUA'LPA, ſ. f. the name in Peru for a hen.
GUANA'CO, ſ. m. a beaſt in the Weſt Indies like a great sheep.
GUANAVA'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of fruit growing in Cuba.
GUANI', } adj. ſo the *Spaniards*
GUANI'N, } in the Weſt Indies call low gold.
GUA'NO, ſ. m. ſo the Indians of Peru call the dung of certain ſea-fowl, whereof they fetch quantities from little iſlands near the coaſt, to manure their ground.
GUA'NTA, ſ. f. in cant, a brothel, a bawdy-houſe.
GUANTA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with a glove properly; thence applied to a ſtroke with the open hand.
GUA'NTE, ſ. m. a glove.
Guánte de hiérro, a gauntlet.
Aſſentár el guánte, to draw on the glove tight to fit the hand; to ſtrike with the hand and glove on; to box one.
Sálvo el guánte, an expreſſion uſed when a man gives another his hand familiarly with the glove on; as we ſay, sheep's skin keeps out no kindneſs.
GUANTERI'A, ſ. f. the ſtreet where the glovers live, or a shop where they ſell gloves.
GUANTE'RO, ſ. m. a glover.
GUAÑI'R, v. n. to grunt, to gruntle like a hog.
GUAPAME'NTE, adv. valiantly, courageouſly.
GUAPA'ZO, adj. valiant, ſtrong, ſtout, brave, courageous.
GUAPEA'R, to show ſtrength or courage.
GUAPETQ'N, ſ. m. a very courageous man.
GUAPE'ZA, ſ. f. courage, ſpirit, reſolution.
GUA'PO, adj. bold, valiant, courageous, brave, reſolute.
GUA'RDA, ſ. f. m. a guard.
Guárda mayor, the chief guard.
Guárda poſtigo, in cant; a ruffian's boy or ſervant.
GUARDABRA'ZO, ſ. m. an old armour to guard the arm.
GUARDACA'BO, ſ. m. a hollow piece of iron ſo called on board a ſhip, uſed to ſave extremities of cables from being born.
GUARDACADE'NAS, ſ. m. pl. a contrivance of boards to keep certain chains from being worn by friction on board ships.
GUARDACO'YMAS, ſ. m. a ſervant to the father of a whore.
GUARDA'MAS, ſ. m. and old gentleman-uſher to wait on the ladies at court. In cant, a pimp.
GUARDA'DO, adj. ſecret.
GUARDADO'R, ſ. m. a keeper, one that keeps, preſerves, or watches, a ſaving perſon.

GUARDA-FUE'GOS, ſ. m. a little skreen to ſet between one and the fire or to hold in the hand.
GUARDA'JA, ſ. f. a look of hair.
GUARDAINFA'NTE, ſ. m. a farthingale worn formerly, over which the women had a large petticoat.
GUARDAJO'YAS, ſ. m a casket to keep jewels in; alſo the maſter of the jewels in the king's family.
GUARDA'IZAS, ſ. m. vide *GUARDACOINAS*.
GUARDALA'DO, ſ. m. a low wall or rail to lean againſt on the ſides of a bridge, or the like.
GUARDAMANCE'BOS, ſ. m. a rope or cable on board a ship, to which the boys hold faſt when managing the ſails.
GUARDAMANGE'R, ſ. m. the king's pantry, and the officer that has the chief care of it.
GUARDAMA'NO, ſ. f. the guard of a ſword.
GUARDAME'A, ſ. m. the perſon ſet to guard any place that people may not piſs in it.
GUA'RDA MUGE'R, ſ. f. one of the queen's waiting-women.
GUARDAPIE'S, ſ. m. a ſort of garment formerly worn by great ladies, an over-petticoat.
GUARDAPO'LVO, ſ. m. any cloth that is ſpread to keep off the duſt; a woman's duſt-gown.
GUARDAPOSTI'GO, ſ. m. in cant, ruffian's ſervant.
GUARDAPUE'RTA, ſ. f. the foremoſt of two doors when there are two to the ſame entrance into a room or hall.
GUA'RDA, an interj. take care, beware.
GUARDA'R, v. a. to keep, to preſerve, to ſecure, to guard, to ſave, to lay up; alſo to defend, to protect, to ſhield, to look after.
Guardár la cáma, to be ſick a-bed.
Guardár la cápa, to defend one's ſelf.
Guardár la cára, to cover the face.
Guárdar la rópa, to keep one's ſelf ſafe from dangers.
Quien guárda halla, he who ſaves finds.
Guardár fiéſtas, to keep holidays.
Guardárſe, to be upon one's guard.
Guardarſéla a úno, to remember an ill turn.
GUARDARI'O, ſ. m. a bird called king's fisher.
GUARDARNE'S, ſ. m. an officer in the king of Spain's houſhold who has charge of the bridles, ſadles, and other horſe-furniture.
GUARDARO'PA, ſ. f. a wardrobe, the place where the cloaths are kept; alſo the keeper of the wardrobe.
GUA'RDAS, ſ. f. pl. guards; cuſtomhouſe-waiters; officers to receive toll; turnkeys in priſon; the wards in a lock.
Guárdas del rey, the king's guards.
GUARDASO'L, ſ. m. an umbrella.
GUARDATIMO'NES, ſ. m. the guns that are placed near the ſtern.
GUARDAVE'LA, ſ. m. the rope with which the ſails are tied.
GUA'RDIA, ſ. f. a guard; keeping, looking after; alſo a protection, defence.
Cuérpo de guárdia, the corps-de-guard.
GUA'RDIAS, ſ. f. the watch aboard a ship, half the ship's company, which do all the work by turns.
GUARDIA'N, ſ. m. a warder, one that has the care or charge of any thing. The guardian of the Franciſcans, the ſuperior of the monaſtery.
Guardián de návio, the boatſwain.
GUARDIANI'A, ſ. f. the dignity of the guardian of the Franciſcans.
GUARDI'LLA, ſ. f. the window at the top of the houſe that affords light to a garret.
GUARDI'N, ſ. m. the twine or ſmall ropes they make of oakam aboard ships.
GUARDI'ÑA, ſ. f. the fur of a little beaſt.
GUARDO'SO, adj. frugal, cloſe, ſaving, ſparing, miſerable, niggard, covetous.
GUARECE'R, v. a. to protect, to defend; alſo to eſcape a danger, and to heal; alſo to recover, to reſtore from ſickneſs or diſorder.
GUARENTI'GIA, ſ. f. warranty, ſecurity, an obligation, an exetion.
GUARGUE'RO, ſ. m. the gullet.
GUARI'DA, ſ. f. a place of reſort, a place of refuge, a retiring place.
Guarida, ſ. f. protection, help, aid, ſuccour, aſſiſtance, relief, refuge.
GUARI'R, v. n. obſ. to recover after a ſickneſs, to heal.
GUARI'SMO, ſ. m. arithmetic, caſting accounts.
Guariſmo, adj. belonging to arithmetick.
GUARNECE'R, v. a. to furniſh, to provide, to garriſon, to lace a garment.
GUARNECIMIE'NTO, ſ. f. furniſhing, providing, garriſoning; alſo laceing.
GUARNE'S, ſ. m. a heap made by the many rounds of a cable.
GUARNICI'ON, ſ. f. a garriſon; alſo the lacing, embroidery or other trimming of a garment; the hilt of a ſword; the furniture of a horſe.

Prov. *Guarniciónes y crin dan vénta al rocin*, furniture and mane make the horſe ſell. The furniture ſets him off, and the mane makes him look mettleſome.

GUARNICIONE'RO, ſ. m. armourer, embroiderer, upholſterer; alſo a horſe's furniture-maker.
GUARNIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. dreſs, ornament, embroidery.
GUARNI'R, v. a. obſ. for *GUARNECE'R*.
GUA'RTE, interj. take heed, have a care.
GUAY, interj. alas! woe me!
Tenér muchos guayes, to be much afflicted.
GUAYA, ſ. f. lamentation, ſorrowful complaint, mourning.
Hacer la guaya, to lament, to mourn, to expreſs ſorrow.
GUAYES, ſ. m. pl. grief, ſorrow, trouble.
GUAYACO, ſ. m guaiac, a tree.
GUAYADO'R, ſ. m. one that wails and laments.

GUAYAPI'L, ſ. m. a kind of American wood.
GUAYA'PO, ſ. m. a pitiful fellow; a beggar.
GUAYA'R, v. n. to wail, to lament.
GUAYA'VO, ſ. m. a tree ſo called.

G U B

GU'BIA, ſ. f. a long ſlender chiſſel, called a googe.

G U E

GUEDE'JA, ſ. f. a lock of hair.
Guedéja enhetráda, a lock of hair clotted or tangled together.
GUEDEJA'R, v. a. to adorn or ſet off the head with locks of hair.
GUEDEJI'LLA, ſ. f. a little lock of hair.
GUEDE'JO, *GUEDEJU'DO*, { adj. that wears much hair.
GUE'LTRE, ſ. m. in cant, money.
GUE'RCA, ſ. f. in cant, juſtice.
GUE'RCO, ſ. m. hell; a bier for a dead body; a melancholy perſon.
GUERME'CES, ſ. m. pl. a ſickneſs which birds of prey have in their heads and throat.
GUE'RO, ſ. m. addle-egg.
GUE'RRA, ſ. f. war; oppoſition, contrariety; the profeſſion of arms.
Guérra campál, open war; a great hatred among ſome men.
Hijo habido en buéna guérra, a baſtard.
Guérra galána, is two ſhips cannonading one another at a diſtance.
GUERREA'DOR, ſ. m. a warrior; a troubleſome fellow.
GUERRE'AR, v. a. to make war, to wrangle, to contend.
GUERRE'RO, adj. warlike, martial; ſubſt. uſed, a warrior.
GUERRI'LLA, ſ. f. a little war.
GUERTE'RA, ſ. f. *orden de la guértera*, the order of the gatter.
GUE'RTO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *HUE'RTO*.
GUE'SA, ſ. f. vide *HUE'SA*.
GUE'SCA, ſ. f. vide *UE'SCA*.
GUE'SSO, ſ. m. vide *HUE'SSO*.
GUE'SPED, ſ. m. vide *HUE'SPED*.
GUEX, ſ. m. obſ. a beggar.

G U I

GUI'A, ſ. f. a guide; alſo guiding. In agriculture, the prime or chief ſtock of vineyard, by which the reſt are ſet in order.
Cárta de guía, a paſs, a ſafe conduct to travel without impediment.
GUIABA'RA, ſ. f. the herb called hartshorn.
GUIABE'LLA, ſ. f. the herb called crow's foot.
GUIADO'R, ſ. m. a guide.
GUIAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a guiding, conducting.
GUIA'R, v. a. to guide, to lead, to conduct; alſo to teach, to inſtruct.
Guiár la dánza, to lead up the dance, to draw others after one in any buſineſs, to make others follow one's opinion.
GUI'DO, adj. in cant, good.
GUI'JA, ſ. f. a pebble.
GUIJARRA'L, ſ. m. a quarry of ſtones.
GUIJARRA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke of a pebble-ſtone.
GUIJARRE'ñO, adj. like a pebble-ſtone, as hard as a pebble-ſtone.
GUIJARRI'LLO, ſ. m. a little pebble-ſtone.
GUIJA'RRO, ſ. m. a pebble-ſtone.
GUIJARRO'SO, adj. full of pebbles.
GUIJE'ñO, adj. gravelly, or full of pebbles.
GUIJO'SO, adj. vide *GUIJE'ñO*.
GUIJUE'LO, ſ. m. the columbine flower.
GUI'LLA, ſ. f. obſ. harveſt, product of land.
GUILLO'TE, ſ. m. he that hath the uſe and profit of a thing, but not the property or right.
Guillóte, ſ. m. a clown, a country fellow; alſo an idle fellow that will not work, but goes about ſpunging where he can.
Guillótes, ſ. m. pl. are alſo a ſort of very large nails or rather iron pins, to faſten timber together.
GUIMBALE'TE, ſ. m. the helm of a ſhip; alſo the handle of the pump.
GUINCHA'DO, adj. in cant, purſued, followed.
GUINCHA'R, v. a. to purſue and endeavour to catch one that runs away.
GUI'NCHO, ſ. m. a ſea-bird ſo called.
GUI'NDA, ſ. f. a common cherry.
Guinda garrafal, a very large ſort of cherry.
Guinda de tavérna, a drunkard.
GUINDA'L, ſ. m. a cherry-tree.
GUINDALE'RA, ſ. f. the place where the common cherry-trees are, a cherry garden.
GUINDALE'ZA, *GUINDALE'TA*, { ſ. f. a great cord in a ſhip, called the tackle, which ſerves to hoiſt goods aboard. It is alſo the rope of any crane.
GUINDAMA'YNA, an interj. hoiſt the ſail, let it down amain.
GUINDA'R, v. a. to hoiſt up, to crane up, to draw up with a pulley; in cant, to abúſe.
GUINDA'STE, ſ. m. the rope of a crane; the tackle of a ſhip.
GUINDILLE'RO, ſ. m. a plant and flower in the Weſt Indies.
GUI'NDO, ſ. m. a common cherry-tree.
GUI'NDOLA, ſ. f. a triangular engine uſed on board ſhips to take weighty things in them.
GUINE'A, ſ. f. an Engliſh gold coin called a guinea.
GUINE'O, ſ. m. a black of Guinea; alſo the name of a dance.
GUIñA'DA, ſ. f. a winking with the eyes.
GUIñADU'RA, ſ. f. a winking with the eyes.
GUIñA'PO, ſ. m. a rag; a ragged perſon.
GUIñA'R, v. n. to wink with the eyes, to make ſigns with the eyes; at ſea, to ſail unſteadily, winding from ſide to ſide; in cant, to run away.

GUIÑARO'L, ſ. m. in cant, he who beckons or make ſigns to another with his eyes.
GUIÑO, ſ. m. a wink with the eye.
GUIÑO'SO, ſ. m. a ſtarting horſe, or other beaſt.
GUIÑO'N, ſ. m. a wink with the eye.
EUIO'N, ſ. m. the royal ſtandard.
GUIRIGA'Y, ſ. m. a confuſed and difficult language, gibberish.
GUIRNA'LDA, ſ. f. a garland.
GUI'SA, ſ. f. fashion, manner, quality, guiſe.
GUISADI'LLO, ſ. m. a little dish of dreſſed meat.
GUISA'DO, ſ. m. meat dreſſed; ſatisfaction, content.
Guiſádo, in cant, a whore; a bawdy-houſe.
GUISADO'R, ſ. m. a cook.
GUISAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. preparation, diſpoſition.
GUISANDE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who ſeaſons and dreſſes the victuals.
GUISA'NTES, ſ. m. pl. common peaſe.
GUISA'R, v. a. to dreſs meat; alſo to manage, to regulate, to adjuſt, to diſpoſe ſomething.
GUI'SO, ſ. m. ſeaſoning, ſauce, pickle.
GUISO'TE, ſ. m. a ſeaſoning after the country faſhion.
GUI'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall cord; alſo a child's croſs-bow.
GUITA'RRA, ſ. f. a guitar.
GUITARRE'RO, ſ. m. an inſtrument-maker that makes guitars.
GUITARRI'LLA, ſ. f. a little guitar.
GUITARRI'STA, ſ. m. who plays on the guitar.
GUITARRO'N, ſ. m. a great guitar.
GUI'TO, adj. that ſtumbles or plunges.
GUITO'N ſ. m. a lazy beggar, that goes about in the habit of a pilgrim only to live idle.
GUITONEA'R, v. n. to wander, to ſtroll about like a lazy beggar.
GUITONERI'A, ſ. f. ſtrolling or wandering about like a lazy beggar.
GUIZGA'R, v. a. to incite, to ſtimulate.
GUI'ZNA, *GUI'ZNE*, ſ. f. a wink with the eye upon another by way of a private ſign.

G U L

GU'LA, ſ. f. gluttony; alſo the throat.
GULES, ſ. m. pl. in heraldry, gules, red colour.
GULI'LLA, ſ. f. vide *GOLI'LLA*.
GULLO'NA, ſ. f. a kind of a lark.
GULLO'RIA, ſ. f. a ſmall bird ſo called.
Gullorìa, ſ. f. immoderate deſire, unlawful appetite, indecent exceſs.

G U M

GU'MENA, ſ. f. a cable of a ſhip.

G U R

GU'RA, ſ. f. in cant, juſtice.
GURA'PAS, ſ. f. a cant, word among rogues for the gallies.
GURBIO'N, ſ. m. a thick twiſt uſed in embroideries; alſo the plant called *euphorbium*.
GU'RDO, adj. ſilly, ignorant, foolish.
GU'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a catchpole, a bailiff.
GURO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a gaol-keeper.
GURRA'R, v. n. to clear one ſhip from another.
GURRUMI'NA, ſ. f. a too great ſubmiſſion to the wife.
GURRUMI'NO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes too great a ſubmiſſion to his wife, who is uxorious.
GURULLA'DA, ſ. f. a gang of people; in cant, the officers of juſtice.
GURU'PA, ſ. f. the cruper, the upper part of the buttocks of a horſe.
GURUPE'RA, ſ. f. the crupper of a horſe.

G U S

GUSANE'RA, ſ. f. the place where the worms breed.
GUSANIE'NTO, adj. full of worms.
GUSANI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall worm; that ſort of ſilver our embroiderers call purl, becauſe it works and winds like a worm.
GUSA'NO, ſ. m. a worm.
Guſáno de madéra, a worm that breeds in wood.
Gasáno de ſéda, a ſilk-worm.
Gusáno con cuérnos, a hornet.
GUSARA'PA, ſ. f. a little worm or inſect that breeds in water.
GUSARAPI'LLO, ſ. m. a little worm.
GUSARA'PO, ſ. m. a water-inſect with ſix legs ſo called.
GU'SE, ſ. m. obſ. a poor pilgrim.
GUSTADU'RA, ſ. f. taſting, aſſaying; alſo pleaſing, liking.
GUSTA'R, v. a. to taſte, to aſſay, to like, to pleaſe.
GUSTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little taſte.
GU'STO, ſ. m. taſte, aſſay, liking, pleaſure, ſatisfaction.
A gúſto, to ſatisfaction, to content.
Libro de gúſto, a pleaſant book.
Dáma de buén gúſto, commonly taken in an ill ſenſe for a lewd woman, though the plain meaning is only a lady of a good fancy.
Prov. *Sóbre gúſto no hay diſpúta*, there is no diſputing of taſtes, or fancy.
Prov. *Al gúſto eſtragádo, lo dúlce le es amárgo*, a depraved palate thinks ſweet things bitter.
Prov. *Comér á gúſto, y veſtir al úſo*, eat to pleaſe the palate, and clothe in the faſhion.
GUSTOSAME'NTE, adv. pleaſingly, to one's palate, to one's liking.
GUSTO'SO, adj. reliſhing, well taſted, pleaſant, ſavoury.

GUT

GUTURA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the throat.

GUTURALIDA'D, ſ. f. gutturality, the quality of being guttural with regard to pronunciation.

GUTURALME'NTE, adv. gutturally.

GUZ

GUZMA'NES, ſ. m. pl. young noblemen who ſerved in the fleet as common ſoldiers; a ſort of cadets.

GUZPATADE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a thief that makes holes in walls to creep through.

GUSPATARO, ſ. m. in cant, a hole.

GYM

GYMNA'SIO, ſ. m. a ſchool, or college where ſciences are taught.

GYMNASTICAME'NTE, adv. gymnaſtically, fitly for ſtrong exerciſe.

GYMNA'STICO, adj. gymnaſtick, pertaining to athletical exerciſes.

GYMNOSOPHI'STA, ſ. m. a gymnoſophiſt, or ſort of Indian philoſopher.

GYR

GYRA'R, v. n. to turn round, to circulate; alſo in commerce, to trade in bills of exchange.

GYRA'SOL, ſ. m. the plant called heliotrope, turnſol, or ſun-flower.

GYRO, ſ. m. turning round, whirling; in commerce, a circulation of bills of exchange.

Gyro, circumference; alſo a wound; a threatening; a bravado.

No hay que echar gyros, do not play the bully.

Tomár otro gyro, to change a reſolution.

H

H, is an aſpiration never pronounced before a vowel in the beginning of words in Spaniſh.

H A

HA, is the voice of calling, as *hoe*; ſometimes an affirmation; alſo.

El ha, he has.

Ha, há, ha, expreſſion of laughter.

H A B

HA'BA, ſ. f. a bean.

Hábas, in cant, the nails of the hand.

HABA'R, ſ. m. a field of beans.

HABASPANO'SAS, ſ. f. pl. horſebeans.

HABASCO'N, ſ. m. an American root of a hot nature, in ſhape and bigneſs like a carrot.

HABE'R, v. a. to have, to hold, to enjoy, to occupy, to poſſeſs.

Habér, v. impers. to happen, to ſucceed.

Habérſe, v. r. to behave, to act, to conduct one's ſelf.

Mas vale ſaber que haber, learning is better than riches.

Habér, ſ. m. pl. ſubſtance, wealth, riches.

He perdido todos mis habéres, I have loſt all my ſubſtance.

HABERI'A, ſ. f. the cuſtom paid for goods that are exported.

Haberlas, ſ. f. pl. wages, pay.

HABERI'O, ſ. m. the beaſts or any utenſil uſed by countrymen in their labour; alſo proviſions.

HABICHUE'LAS, ſ. f. pl. French beans.

HABI'DO, p. p. of *habér*.

HA'BIL, adj. capable, handy, dexterous, active.

HABILENTE'ZA, ſ. f. obſ. ability, capacity.

HABILIDA'D, ſ. f. ability, dexterity, handineſs; capacity.

HABILITACIO'N, ſ. f. fitneſs, hand-ſomeneſs, ableneſs; alſo habilitation, qualification.

HABILITADO'R, ſ. m. one that makes capable, fit, or able. This word is uſed in the *cortes*, for thoſe that are commiſſioned to declare who are to be allowed to ſit there, and who not.

HABILITA'R, v. a. to capacitate, to make able, fit, or capable.

HABITA'BLE, adj. that may be dwelled in; alſo inhabited.

HABITACIO'N, ſ. f. habitacion; dwelling-place; alſo dwelling, or inhabiting.

HABITA'CULO, ſ. m. habitation, dwelling-place.

HABITADO'R, } ſ. m. inhabi-
HABITA'NTE, } tant, a dweller.

HABITA'R, v. n. to inhabit, to dwell.

HABITI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *hábito*.

HA'BITO, ſ. m. habit, uſe, cuſtom; habit or apparel; the badge of the knighthood worn by a knight.

HABITUACIO'N, ſ. f. cuſtom, habit.

HABITUA'DO, adj. habituated, accuſtomed, uſed.

HABITUA'L, adj. accuſtomed, habitual, cuſtomary, inveterate.

HABITUALIDA'D, ſ. f. cuſtom, uſe, habit.

HABITUA'RSE, v. r. to grow accuſtomed.

HABITU'D, ſ. f. habitude, uſe, cuſtom.

HA'BLA, ſ. f. ſpeech, talk, a conference.

HABLADO'R, ſ. m. a talkative perſon, a prating fellow.

Prov. *Al mal habladór, diſcréto oidór* for a bad talker, a diſcreet hearer; that is, one that cannot ſpeak to be well underſtood, needs a perſon of diſcretion to hear him, to gueſs what he ſays.

HABLADORCI'LLO, ſ. m. one who ſpeaks much without any ſubſtance, a talkative perſon.

HABLADURI'A, ſ. f. an impertinent, diſcourſe, or ſaying.

HABLA'R, v. a. to ſpeak, to talk.

Hablár a borbotónes, to ſpeak very faſt.

Hablár a halto, ù à tiento, to talk upon uncertain matters.

Hablár al aire, to talk vainly, or out of the ſubject.

Hablár a la mano, to interrupt one when he is ſpeaking.

Hablár alto, to talk big.

Hablár a tontas y a locas, to prattle, to tattle, to chatter.

Hablár con el diablo, to be very ſly or cunning.

Hablár con lengua de plata, to ſpeak with a ſilver tongue; that is, to bribe one with money.

Hablár de hilván, to ſpeak too faſt.

Hablár griego ò algarabia, to ſpeak with ſuch confuſion that one cannot be underſtood.

Hablár por cifras, to talk myſteriouſly.

Hablár de grácia, to talk without book.

Hablár de talanquéra, to talk from a high place, or ſcaffold; that is, to talk big, and find fault with thoſe that are in danger, from a ſafe place.

Hablár de pápo, to talk after a lofty ſtately manner.

Prov. *Hábla la bocá con que págo la cóca*, the mouth utters what a man afterwards pays for. We ſay, little ſaid, is ſoon amended.

Prov. *Cála qual háble en lo que ſábe*, let every one talk of what he underſtands.

Prov. *Hábla de liſonjéro ſiémpre es vána y ſin provécho*, a flatterer's talk is always vain and unprofitable.

Prov. *Hábla póco y bien, tenérte han por alguien*, talk little and well, and you will be counted ſomebody; that is, you will be eſteemed.

Prov. *Hablár ſin penſár, es tirár ſin encarár*, to talk without thinking, is to ſhoot without taking aim. To let one's tongue run without reflecting on what one ſays, is like ſhooting at random.

Prov. *Quién múcho hábla en álgo aciérta*, he who talks much hits on ſomething. Says by chance

ſomething to the purpoſe one time or other.

Prov. *A múcho hablár múcho errár*, talking is the cauſe of much erring.

HABLATI'STA, ſ. m. a prating fellow.

HABLI'LLA, ſ. f. idle talk, an idle ſtory, a fable.

H A C

HA'CA, ſ. f. nag, gelding, little horſe.

Prov *Háca perezóſa cabe cáſa tróta*, a jade trots near home.

HACANE'A, ſ. f. the ſame as *háca*, with this difference, that *hacanéa* ſignifies a curious choice pad, of a conſiderable price; whereas *háca* is any ſmall horſe indifferently.

HA'CE, ſ. f. vide *HA'Z*.

HACECI'LLO, ſ. m. a little bundle, faggot, sheaf, or the like.

HACECI'TO, ſ. m. a little faggot of ſmall wood.

HACEDE'RO, adj. that may be done.

HACEDO'R, ſ. m. the Creator; alſo a maker, one who makes any thing; alſo nimble, agile, quick.

HACENDA'DO, adj. rich, wealthy.

HACE'NDAR, v. a. to give eſtates.

Hacendárſe, v. r. to buy eſtates, to purchaſe them.

HACENDI'LLA, ſ. f. a little eſtate, ſome goods, little buſineſs.

HACENDOCI'LLO, adj. careful, agile.

HACENDO'SO, adj. careful, diligent.

HACENDUE'LA, ſ. f. vide *HACENDI'LLA*.

HACE'R, v. a. to make, to create; alſo to form of materials.

Hacér, to commit, to put in act.

Hacér al caſo, to come to the purpoſe.

Hacér los árboles, the trees to grow.

Hacér limoſnas, to give alms.

Hacér, to contain, to hold as a veſſel.

Hacér gaſto, to ſpend.

Hacér humo, to ſmoke.

Hacér noche, to be night.

Hacér la comida, to dreſs the meat.

Hacér uno auſente, to believe one abſent.

Hace frio, it is cold.

Hace dia, it is day.

Eſto hace bien aqui, this fits well here.

Hacér gente, to raiſe men, ſoldiers.

Hacér un caballo al fuego, to accuſtom a horſe to ſee the fire of arms.

Hacér pedazos, to pull to pieces.

Hacér chunga, *chacóta*, *chanza*, to ridicule.

Hacérſe atrás, to go back.

Hacér agua, to take water in for a ship.

Hacér aguas, to make water.

Hacér aire, to punish, to chaſtiſe one.

Hacér alarde, to muſter; alſo to boaſt of.

Hacér alto, to ſtop on a marchin, any buſineſs.

Hacér a pluma y a pelo, to be ready to admit or receive any thing.

Hacér bodoques, to be buried.

Hacér mala obra a uno, to hurt one, to harm, to miſchief.

Hacér buénas ò malas migras, to agree with one or not.

Hacér cara, *frente*, *ò roſtro*, to face, to reſiſt.

Hacér correrias, to make incurſions.

Hacér corteſias, to be polite in ſaluting; alſo to be lame.

Hacér coſillla, to ſuffer, to bear with patience.

Hacér de tripas corazón, to pluck up a ſpirit.

Hacér el pico, *plato*, *ò papo a uno*, to maintain, to keep up one's family.

Hacér fieſta, to keep a holiday.

Hacér fieſtas, to endear, to fondle.

Hacér gracia, to ſell at the loweſt price.

Hacér harmonia, to wonder at.

Hacér las partes de uno, to make any buſineſs for another.

Hacér lugar, to make room.

Hacér mercéd or *mercedes*, to grant a favour.

Hacér milagros, to make wonders.

Hacér noche, to ſtay all the night.

Hacér orèjas de mercadér, to play the deaf.

Hacér pié, to find the bottom of a river, to ford a river; alſo to ſettle.

Hacér plaza, to make way; alſo to publish ſomething ſecret.

Hacér quareſma, to faſt all the lent.

Hacerſe; to accuſtom one's ſelf.

Hacérſe a la vela, a ſea-term, to ſail.

Hacérſe capáz, to enable one's ſelf.

Hacérſe de manga, to agree with another in order deceive one.

Hacérſe de miel, to behave genteelly.

Hacérſe de pencas, to refuſe what one deſires to grant.

Hacérſela, to try how to deceive another.

Hacérſe lenguas, to praiſe, to extol aay thing with ſingular expreſſions.

Hacér ſombra, to protect, to defend.

Hacér piernas, to ſtrut; alſo to ſtand to what one ſays.

Hacér pinitos, to endeavour to walk after ſickneſs, walk as children do.

Hacér ſus neceſſidades, to eaſe one's ſelf, to go to ſtool.

Hacér ventaja, to exceed, to ſurpaſs.

Hacér una beſtia, to fatten a beaſt

HA'CHA, ſ. f. axe, hatchet; a torch, a flambeau.

Hácha de ármas, a battle-axe.

Hácha de céra, a flambeau, a torch.

HACHA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with an axe or with a flambeau.

HACHEA'R, v. n. to cut any wood with the hatchet.

HACHE'RO, ſ. m. one that works with an axe; alſo a great candleſtick to hold a torch or flambeau.

HACHE'TA, ſ. f. a little hatchet.

HA'CHO, ſ. m. a brush to light a fire with, a bundle o f ſmall wood.
HACHO'N, ſ. m. a link to light with.
HACHUE'LA, ſ. f. a little axe, or hatchet; alſo a ſmall torch, or flambeau.
HA'CIA, adv. towards; in a direction to.
HACIE'NDA, ſ. f. an eſtate in the country; wealth, riches, fortune; alſo the work of a ſervant-maid, buſineſs.
HACIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. thanks giving.
HACI'NA, ſ. f. a ſtack of wood or corn, a rick of hay, or the like.
HACINADO'R, ſ. m. one who makes the faggots.
HACINA'R, v. a. to pile, to heap, to put up things confuſedly; to grow wealthy.
HACI'NO, ſ. m. a niggard, a ſcraping fellow.

H A D

HADA, ſ. f. vide *HADAS*.
HADA'DO, adj. fated, doomed, decreed by fate.
HADADO'R, ſ. m. a fortune-teller.
HADA'LLA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſickle.
HADA'R, v. a. to tell fortunes.
HA'DAS, ſ. f. pl. inchanted nymphs or ladies, ſo called in romances.
HA'DO, ſ. m. fate, deſtiny.
HADRO'LLA, ſ. f. cheat in ſelling upon tick.
HADROLLE'RO, ſ. m. a tally-man.

H A I

HAI'Z, ſ. m. the ſtate or ſituation of any planet.

H A L

HA'LA, interj. vide *HO'LA*.
HALACUE'KDAS, ſ. m. a drugge in a ſhip, a galley-ſlave that does all vile and abject ſervice.
HALAGADO'R, ſ. m. a fawning perſon.
HALAGA'R, v. a. to make much of, to cherish, to fawn upon, to ſtroak, to appeaſe.
HALA'GO, ſ. m. making much of, ſtroaking, fawning on, cherishing.
HALAGüEñAME'NTE, adv. kindly. tenderly, lovingly, fawningly.
HALAGUE'ñO, adj. kind, loving, fawning, cherishing.
HALAGüE'RO, adj. kind, tender, loving; flattering, or fawning, that makes much of others.
HALA'R, v. a. to push, to pluck, to hale; properly a ſea-term.
HALCO'N, ſ. m. a faulcon.
HALCONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall hawk.
HALCONEA'R, v. n. to look up as it where in contempt.
HALCONE'RA, ſ. f. a place to keep hawks in, a mew.
HALCONE'RO, ſ. m. a faulconer.
HALCONE'TE, ſ. m. vide *FALCONE'TE*.
HALCYO'N, ſ. m. the bird called the king-fisher.
HA'LDA, ſ. f. a skirt of a garment, that hangs down; alſo the skirt of a mourain.
HALDA'DA, ſ. f. a skirt full of any thing.
HALDEA'R, v. a to shake the gown in going along, to drag on the ground.
HALDU'DO, adj. that has long skirts hanging.
HALE'CHE, ſ. m. a kind of herring or anchovy.
HALIE'TO, ſ. m. a kind of eagle or faulcon.
HALI'FA, ſ. m. the ſucceſſor in the office, dignity, or government.
HALIFA'DO, ſ. m. the dignity, office, or employment.
HA'LITO, ſ. m. breathing.
HALLADO'R, ſ. m. who finds or invents.
HALLA'R, v. a. to find; to invent; to meet, to light upon.
Hallarſe en úna párte, v. r. to be preſent in a place.
No hallárſe en úna tiérra, not to like, not to be well at eaſe in a country.
Hallárſe con dinéros, to have money.
HALLA'ZGO, ſ. m. the reward given for finding a thing loſt; alſo the thing itſelf.
HALLU'LLO, ſ. m. bread baked under the ashes.
HALO'N, ſ. m. a circle round the ſun or moon of a pale red; a meteor ſo called.
HALUCINA'R, v. n. to dazzle, to overpower with light, to overpower the mind.

H A M

HAMA'CA, ſ. f. a hammock, hung up to lie in.
HAMADRI'ADES, ſ. f. pl. the nymphs of the woods.
HA'MBRE, ſ. f. hunger, famine, ſcarcity; a greedy deſire of any thing.
Morir de hámbre, to ſtarve with hunger.
Matár la hámbre, to ſatisfy one's hunger.
Tomar por hámbre, to take a town by ſtarving it; methaph. to make an advantage of a man's wants.
Hámbre canina, an inſatiable greedineſs or deſire of eating.
Prov. *A la hámbre no hay pan málo*, there is no bread bad to hunger. Hungry dogs will eat dirty puddings.
HAMBREA'R, v. n. to hunger.
HAMBRIE'NTO, adj. hungry.
HAMBRO'N, ſ. m. one that is always hungry.
HAME'CES, ſ. f. pl. a diſeaſe in hawks for want of regular feeding.
HA'MPA, ſ. f. a quarrel, a ſcolding bout among whores.
Génte de la hámpa, baſe people, rogues and whores.
HAMPO'N, adj. puffed up windy, proud, elate.

H A N

HANE'GA, ſ. f. a bushel.
Hanéga de tiérra de ſembradúra, as much as a bushel of wheat will ſow.
HANEGA'DA, ſ. f. idem.
HA'NZO, ſ. m. obſ. mirth, pleaſure.

H A O

HA'O, a voice of calling, as *ho hey*.

H A Q

HAQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little-nag.

H A R

HARAGA'N, ſ. m. a lazy fellow, a ſluggard, a drone.
HARAGANEA'R, v. n. to be lazy.
HARAGANERI'A, ſ. f. ſloth, lazineſs.
HARAGANI'A, ſ. f. ſloth, lazineſs.
HARA'LDO, ſ. m. a herald at arms, to denounce war or peace.
HARAPIE'ZO, ſ. m. properly the skirt or hanging part of any garment; vulgarly, rag, clout.
Llevár de los harapiézos, to drag one another by the coat.
HARA'PO, ſ. m. vide *HARAPIE'ZO*.
HARBA'R, v. a. to do any thing in haſte, to write unintelligibly.
HA'RDA, ſ. f. a ſquirrel.
HARDI'LLA, ſ. f. idem.
HARI'JA, ſ. f. duſt of meal.
HARI'NA, ſ. f. meal.
Prov. *Cernir nóche y dia, y no echár harina*, to ſift night and day, and ſhake out no flour; that is, to be very buſy and do nothing.
Prov. *Derramár herrina y allegár ceniza*, to ſcatter meal, and gather ashes; that is, to ſave at the tap, and let it run out at the bung.
HARINA'L, ſ. m. a bin to keep meal in, a meal-trough.
HARINE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who ſells meal.
HARINI'LLAS, ſ. f. a ſort of game at dice.
HARINO'SO, adj. mealy.
HARMA'DA, ſ. f. wild rue, a plant ſo called.
HARMONI'A, ſ. f. harmony, concord; correſpondent ſentiment.
HARMONICAME'NTE, adv. harmonically, muſically.
HARMO NICO, adj. of, or belonging to an harmony.
HARMONIOSAME'NTE, adv. harmoniouſly, muſically.
HARMONIO'SO, adj. ſweet, harmonious.
HARNE'RO, ſ. m. a ſieve with ſmall holes, uſed to shake chopped ſtraw, or to ſift horſes oats; alſo a ſieve for meal.
HA'RO, ſ. m. a hoop, any thing circular, by which ſomething elſe is bound, ſuch as casks and barrels.
HARO'N, ſ. m. a lazy, idle fellow, a drone, alſo the herb cukoopit.
Harón, adj. reſty, dull, that ſoon tires.
HARONEA'R, v. n. to be reſty, to be lazy or ſlothfull.
HARONI'A, ſ. f. reſtineſs, lazineſs, ſloth.
HA'RPA, ſ. f. a harp, an inſtrument ſtrung with whire and ſtruck with the finger.
Hárpa, any triangular point; alſo the sharp nails.
Hárpa, ſ. f. a ravenous bird of the vulture kind.
HARPA'DO, adj. torn or rent with hooks.
Cára harpáda, a face that is ſlashed and full of ſcars.
HARPADO'R, ſ. m. a harper, one that plays upon the harp.
HARPADU'RA, ſ. f. the notching of any thing.
HARPA'R, v. a. to cut, to tear in shivers; to cut the face and ſlash it.
HARPE'O, ſ. m. a drag or hook to take up things out of a well, &c.
HARPI'A, ſ. f. harp, a bird feigned by the poets. A catchpole, a greedy whore.
HARPIE'DO, ſ. m. in cant, a fool.
HARPILLA'R, v. a. to touch the harp, to play upon it.
HARPILLE'RA, ſ. f. the coarſe cloth, or canvas in which goods are packed.
HARPI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who plays on the harp.
HARPO'N, ſ. m. a trout-ſpear with three or four teeth; a grapple of a ship or any iron hook; ſometimes it is taken for an anchor.
HARPONA'R, v. a. to ſtrike with a trout-ſpear, to hook, to grapple.
HARPYA, ſ. f. vide *HARPIA*.
HARRAPIE'ZO, ſ. m. a rag which hangs on the cloaths.
HARRA'PO, ſ. m. vide *HARRAPIE'ZO*.
HA'RRE, interj. a word carriers and ſuch people uſe to their beaſt to make them go.
HARREA'R, v. a. to drive beaſts as carriers do.
HARRI'A, ſ. f. a drove of mules or aſſes.
HARRIE'RO, ſ. m. a carrier.
HARRITRA'NCO, ſ. m. a certain bit of rope or cable uſed on board ships.
HARRUQUE'RO, ſ. m. vide *HARRIE'RO*.
HARTA'R, v. a. to fill, to ſatisfy with meat.
HARTA'ZGO, ſ. m. ſatiety, fulneſs of meat or drink.
HA'RTO, adv. enough.
HARTO'N, ſ. m. in cant, bread.
HARTU'RA, ſ. f. ſatiety, fulneſs.

H A S

HA'STA, adv. till, even, up to.
Hásta quándo? till when?
Hásta palácio, as far as the court.
Hásta que, until.

Háſta quanto? how much?
Háſta tánto, ſo much.
Háſta el bórde, up to the brink.
Háſta, ſ. f. the ſtaff of a ſpear, fork, &c.
Háſtas, ſ. f. pl. the horns of beaſts.
Háſtas hómes, in old Spaniſh ſignified, to arms, to arms; that is, men take up your ſpears.
HASTA'DO, ſ. m. a pike-man.
HASTA'R, v. a. to prolong, to augment, to grow.
HASTIA'L, ſ. m. the inſide wall of a vault.
HASTIA'R, v. a. to loath, to diſdain, to ſcorn, to ſet light by, to take no account of.
HASTI'L, ſ. m. the wood of a ſpear, pike, lance, or any ſuch thing.
HASTI'LLA, ſ. f. a chip, a ſplinter; alſo a quarter of timber; alſo a particle of any thing.
HASTILLA'ZO, ſ. m. the blow with a ſplinter or chip.
HASTI'O, ſ. m. loathing, want of appetite.
HASTIO'SO, adj. that has a loathing to meat, that has loſt appetite.

H A T

HATA'CA, ſ. f. a great ladle, a melting ladle; alſo a ſpatula.
HATACADE'RA, ſ. f. the rammer of a gun.
HATARA'YA, ſ. f. a ſmall fiſhing-net, a caſting-net.
HATERI'A, ſ. f. the proviſion given to the ſhepherds, for the whole week.
HATE'RO, ſ. m. the ſervant of the ſhepherds who brings proviſion.
HATI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall flock or herd; alſo a bundle or parcel of cloaths.
HA'TO, ſ. m. flock, herd; alſo apparel or goods; by country folks it is ſometimes taken for a company of people; as, *alguno hay en el háto*, there is ſome one in the company.

H A U

HAUTE, ſ. m. in heraldry, a coat of arms, or that part of it where the arms of a family are painted.

H A V

HAVE'R, v. a. vide *HA'BER*.

H A Y

HAY, ſ. m. the name of a beaſt in Braſil.
HA'YA, ſ. f. a beech-tree; alſo a hedge.
HAYA'L, ſ. m. a grove of beech-trees.

H A Z

HA'Z, ſ. f. the face, the ſuperficies of any thing, the outſide of any thing, or the right ſide, the front; a band of men; a faggot, or brush; ſmall wood.
Ház de la tiérra, the face of the earth.
Ház de úna cóſa, the outſide of a thing, the right ſide of a garment, or the like.
Ház del hómbre, a man's face.
Ház de leña, a faggot, a bavin.
En ház y en paz de tódos, with the knowledge and good liking of all men.
Cára con dos háces, a deceitful falſe countenance.
Ház, the imperative of *hacér*, do thou.
HAZA, ſ. f. properly the field where the corn is new reaped, and lies to harden; but it is alſo taken for a field that is ſowed.
HAZA'DA, ſ. f. a ſpade, an inſtrument or digging.
HAZADI'TA, ſ. f. a ſpaddle, a ſmall ſpade.
HAZADO'N, ſ. m. a large and heavy kind of ſpade.
HAZADOÑA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given to the earth the *nazadón*.
HAZADONA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given with the *házadón*.
HAZADONE'RO, ſ. m. the labourer that digs or opens the ground; alſo a pioneer.
HAZALE'JA, ſ. f. a towel.
HAZA'ñA, ſ. f. an exploit, a great action, a feat.
HAZAñERI'A, ſ. f. a vain oſtentation.
HAZAñE'RO, adj. one that makes a great noiſe of a little matter.
HAZAñOSAME'NTE, adv. bravely, boldly, courageouſly, ſtoutly.
HAZAñO'SO, adj. one that performs great exploits.
HAZCO'NA, ſ. f. a little ſpear.
HA'ZE, ſ. f. obſ. a faggot or bundle.
HAZI'NO, ſ. m. a miſer, a poor wretch, alſo a ſilly fellow.

H E

HE', ſ. f. faith; ruſtic.
Hé; as, *he aqui*, ſee here.
He lo aqui, here it is.

H E B

HEBDO'MADA, ſ. f. a week.
HEBDOMADA'RIAMENTE; adv. weekly, done once a weeck.
HEBDOMADA'RIO, ſ. m. he who by courſe attends his week.
Hebdomadário, adj. done or recurring every week.
HEBE'N, adj. belonging to a kind of white grapes; alſo, uſeleſs, good for nothing.
HEBI'LLA, ſ. f. a buckle of a ſhoe, a claſp.
HEBILLA'GE, ſ. m. a ſet of buckles.
HEBILLAR, v. a. to buckle or button any thing.
HE'BRA, ſ. f. a needlefull of thread, ſilk; or the like; the ſtring of a root, or any ſmall ſtring of a herb, flower, or ſuch like; a fibre.
Hébra de azafran, one ſingle thread of ſaffron.
Hébra de hilo, ò ſeda, a needlefull of thread or ſilk.
Cortár la hébra, to cut the thread;

to put a ſtop to one's diſcourſe or proceedings.

Cortár la hébra de la vida, to cut the thread of life.

Hébras, pl. metaph. the ſun-beams.

HEBRA'ICO, adj. of, or belonging to Hébrew.

HEBRAI'SMO, ſ. m. an expreſſion according to the Hebrew.

HEBRE'O, ſ. m. a Jew.

HEBRE'RO, the month of February, commonly *Febrero*.

HEBRI'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall needleful of thread, a ſmall fibre.

HEBRO'SO, adj full of fibres.

H E C

HE'CATE, ſ. f. Hecate, a poetical name of the moon.

HECATO'MBE, ſ. m. a hecatomb, or ſacrifice of an hundred beaſts of the ſame ſpecies.

HE'CES, pl. of *héz*.

HE'CHA, ſ. f. time, vide *ECHA*.

HECHIZA'R, v. a. to bewitch.

HECHIZE'RA, ſ. f. a witch.

HECHIZERI'A, ſ. f. witchcraft.

HECHIZE'RO, ſ. m. a wizard.

HECHI'ZO, ſ. m. witchcraft; alſo any thing that is or may be done.

Ruydo hechizo, a falſe alarm.

HE'CHO, adj. done, performed, made.

Hécho, ſ. m. action, deed, fact, exploit.

Hécho y derécho, completely.

Hómbre de hécho, a man of metal, or of his word, that will do what he ſays.

El hécho de una cauſa, the matter of fact.

Hécho un león, enraged like a lion.

Dicho y hécho, no ſooner ſaid than done.

En hécho de verdád, in truth.

De hécho, out of hand, without delay.

Llevár to tódo a hécho, to make no diſtinction in what one does or ſays.

Dádlo por hécho, look upon it as done.

Hombre mal hécho, an ill-ſhaped man.

HECHU'RA, ſ. f. the making, the faſhion, the form given to any thing.

Pagár la hechúra de úna cóſa, to pay for the making or faſhion of a thing.

Ser hechúra de otro, to be another man's creature.

HECIE'NTO, adj. obſ. of, or belonging to dregs or lees.

H E D

HEDENTI'NA, ſ. f. a confuſion of ſereral ſtinks.

HEDE'R, v. n. to ſtinck, to emit an offenſive ſmell commonly a ſmell of putrefaction.

Hedér grájos, to ſtink of jackdaws; this they ſay of the negroes.

Hedér a pérros muértos, to ſtink like a dead dog, like carrion.

Ya hiéde, it is troubleſome, it is offenſive.

Dexelo que no le hiéde la bóca, leave it for it does not ſtink in the mouth; a ſaying of women that keep chandlers ſhops or ſuch like, when any body will not give them their price for a thing.

No hagais eóſa que hiéda, do nothing that may ſtink; that is, do no ſcandalous action.

HEDIE'NTE, adj. ſtinking.

HEDIONDE'Z, ſ. f. ſtink, ſtench.

HEDIO'NDO, adj. ſtinking.

HEDO'R, ſ. m. a ſtink, a ſtench.

HE'DOS, ſ. m. pl. a poetical name for the conſtellation, called the ſeven ſtars.

HEDRA'R, v. a. to dig. the vineyards a ſecond time.

H E G

HEGI'RA, ſ. f. hegira, a term in chronology; the epocha or account of time, uſed by the Mahometans.

H E L

HE'LA, an interj. behold her.

HELA'DA, ſ. f. hoar-froſt.

HELA'DO, ſ. m. ſugar ſo made that it looks like ice.

HELA'R, v. n. to freeze.

Helárſe, v. r. to be affected with great cold; alſo to be congeaſed and dried with froſt, as plants

HE'LE, an interj. behold him.

HELE'CHO, ſ. m. the plant called fern.

Helécho de róble, polypody of the oak.

HELE'NA, ſ. f. thoſe lights that appear like flames round the maſts in a ſhip on the going off of a ſtorm, called by the ancient Romans Caſtor and Pollux.

HEL'GA, ſ. f. a ſtaple, ſuch as the bolt of a lock ſhoots into, or the like.

HELGA'DO. ſ. m. the ſpace betwixt teeth that do not join cloſe; an open interval, as is between the two points of a ſtaple.

HELGADU'RA, ſ. f. idem.

HELI'ACO, adj. heliack, emerging from the luſtre of the ſun, or falling into it.

HE'LICE, ſ. f. a conſtellation called the great bear; alſo a ſpiral line.

HELIOSCO'PIO, ſ. m. the herb called ſea-lettuce, wolfs-milk or milk-thiſtle. It is alſo a ſort of teleſcope fitted ſo as to look on the body of the ſun without offence to the eyes.

HELIOTRO'PIO, ſ. m. heliotrope, turn-ſol, ſun-flower. It is alſo a precious ſtone of a green colour, ſtreaked with red veins.

HE'LO, interj. behold it.

HELXI'NE, ſ. f. a kind of ivy bearing no berries, barren or creeping ivy; alſo the tendril of vine.

H E M

HEMA'TITES, ſ. m. a ſtone of a dark red colour.

HEMATOSO

HEMATO'SO, adj. turning chyle into blood.

HE'MBRA, ſ. f. a female, a woman, the female of any kind. A horſe's tail is alſo ſo called, when very ſlender and thin.

Hémbra de corchéte, the eye of the hooks and eyes, &c.

Linda hémbra, a fine woman.

Mála hémbra, a wicked woman.

HEMBRI'CO, ſ. m. in architecture, is a rounded fillet, or narrow edge of ſtone on the top of a column.

HEMBRI'LLA, ſ. m. a kind of corn, whoſe grain is very ſmall.

HEMBRU'NO, adj. belonging to a female.

HEME'NCIA, ſ. f. vehemence, earneſtneſs.

HEMENCIO'SO, adj. vehement.

HEMI'NA, ſ. f. a meaſure of liquids ſo called.

HEMIONI'TE, ſ. f. a plant called ſpleenwort or miltwort.

HEMISPHE'RICO, adj. hemiſpherical, half round, containing half the globe.

HEMISPHE'RIO, ſ. m. the hemiſphere, half the ſphere or globe, as much as we can diſcover.

HEMISTI'CHIO, ſ. m. a half verſe.

HEMORRHAGI'A, ſ. f. hemorrhage, a violent flux of blood.

HEMORRHOIDA'L, adj. belonging to the veins in the fundament.

HEMORRHOI'DAS, ſ. f. the hemorrhoids or piles.

EMORRHO'O, ſ. f. a kind of ſmall ſnake.

H E N

HENCHIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a filling.

HENCHI'R, v. a. to fill.

Henchírle a uno la cabéza de viénto, to fill a man's head full of wind; that is, chimeras and folly.

Henchír las medídas, to ſatisfy a man fully, to content him, to pay him to his ſatisfaction.

Henchír el ójo, to pleaſe, to give content, to be to liked.

Henchír la pánza, to fill the belly, to eat heartily.

Henchír lo vácio, to perform what is wanting.

Henchír la silla, ò el puéſto, to deſerve, to be worthy of a poſt.

Henchír el entendimiénto, to pleaſe the underſtanding.

HENDEDO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who cleaves any thing.

HENDEDU'RA, ſ. f. crak, ſlit.

HENDE'R, v. a. to cleave aſunder, to ſplit.

Hendéros he la cabéza, I will break your head.

Hendérſe la cabéza de dolor, the head to be ready to ſplit with pain.

Hendér un cabéllo, to ſplit a hair, to be very sharp.

Hendér por la génte, to make one's way through a throng of people

Hendérſe, v. r. to cleave aſunder, to ſplit.

HENDI'BLE, adj. that may be cracked, ſplit, and clove aſunder.

HENDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. cleaving aſunder, ſplitting, cracking.

HENDRI'JA, ſ f. a cranny, a little chink.

HENI'L, ſ. m. a hay-loft to keep hay in.

HE'NO, ſ. m. hay.

HENO'GIL, ſ. m. a garter.

HEñIR, v. a. to knead dough.

H E P

HEPATI'CA, ſ. f. the herb liverwort.

HEPATI'CO, adj. hepatick, belonging to the liver.

HEPTA'GONO, ſ. m. a figure with ſeven angles.

HEPTAMERO'N, ſ. m. a work of ſeven days, or ſeven parts.

H E R

HE'R, v. a. ruſtick, for *Hácer*.

HERA'LDICO, adj. belonging to an herald.

HERA'LDO, ſ. m. an herald at arms.

HERBA'GE, ſ. m. graſs, paſture, herbage.

HERBAGE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who rents the paſture.

HERBA'JAR, v. n. to put the sheep to graſs.

HERBA'X, ſ. m. a kind of cloth of wool.

HERBAZA'L, ſ. m. the place where the graſs is to feed the cattle.

HERBE'RA, ſ. f. an herb-woman.

HERBE'RO, ſ m. a man that ſells herbs; alſo the gullet or throat.

HERBOLA'RIO, ſ. m. an herbal; alſo an herbaliſt or botaniſt.

HERBO'SO, adj. full of graſs.

HERCU'LEO, adj. Herculean, ſo arduous as not to be done, ſubdued, or overcome, but with ſuch ſtrength of body or mind as Hercules had.

HERCU'LES, ſ. m. epilepſy, a diſeaſe ſo called.

HEREDA'BLE, adj. hereditable, inheritable.

HEREDA'D, ſ. f. inheritance, eſtate, farm.

Prov. *Quien pequéña heredád tiéne a paſſos la mide*, he who has a ſmall eſtate, meaſures it by paces; thas is, a short horſe is ſoon curried.

HEREDA'BO, ſ. m. he who has inherited; he who has an eſtate.

HEREDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. inheritance.

HEREDA'R, v. a. to inherit.

Prov. *Quien no hereda no médra*, he who does not inherit, does not thrive; it is good to be akin to an eſtate.

Prov. *Quien heréda no húrta*, he who inherits, does not ſteal. This they ſay of one that has inherited ſome ill quality from his parents.

HEREDE'RO, ſ. m. an heir.

Heredéros, ſ. m. pl. they call thoſe ſo that ſell wine of their own growth.

HEREDITA'RIO, adj. of, or belonging to an inheritance.

HEREDITARIAME'NTE, adv. hereditarily, by inheritance.

HERE'GE, ſ. m. an heretick, one that obſtinately holds erro-

neous opinions in matters of faith.

HEREGIA, ſ. f. hereſy, obſtinate error in matters of faith.

HEREJO'TE, ſ. m. augm. of *herége*.

HERE'NCI'A, ſ. f. inheritance.

HERESIA'RCA, ſ. m. an hereſiarch, an arch-heretick, one that ſtarts and propagates a new hereſy.

HERETICA'L, adj. belonging to an hereſy.

HERETICA'R, v. n. to be erroneous or obſtinate in matters of faith.

HERE'TICO, adj. of, or belonging to an heretick.

HE'RIA, ſ. f. wandering or ſtrolling.

HERI'DA, ſ. f. a wound.

Herida de las álas, the clapping of the wings.

Herida, in falconry, it is when the hawk brings down the partridge at the firſt flight, which they call *cogér de herida*.

HERI'DO, adj. bloody, cruel.

HERIDO'R, ſ. m. one that wounds or ſtrikes.

HERIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a wounding or ſtriking.

HERIR, v. a. to wound, to ſtrike.

Herir de púnta, to thruſt with a weapon; to touch one to the quick; to murder one's reputation.

Herir la cuérda, in muſic, to touch or ſtrike the ſtring, and make it ſound.

HERMA'NA, ſ. f. a ſiſter. In cant, a ſhirt.

Prima hermáno, a couſin-german.

Hermánas, in cant, the ears.

HERMANA'BLE, adj. brotherly.

HERMANABLEME'NTE, adv. brotherly.

HERMANA'L, adj. belonging to brother.

HERMANA'R, v. a. to match, to pair.

Hermanárſe, v. r. to join in friendſhip, or leagne, like ſworn brothers and ſiſters.

HERMANA'LGO, ſ. m. brotherhood.

HERMANDA'D, ſ. f. brotherhood.

La ſánta hermandád, a brotherhood, formerly inſtituted in times of great confuſions to ſuppreſs robbers, and continued to this day.

HERMANEA'R, v. a. to uſe one like a brother.

HERMANI'CO, *HERMANI'LLO*, *HERMANI'TO*, } ſ. m. a little brother.

HERMA'NO. ſ. m. a brother.

Hermáno del trabájo, a loving name to call a porter by.

HERMAPHRODI'TA, ſ. m. an hermaphrodite.

HERMOSAME'NTE, adv. beautifully.

HERMOSE'AR, v. a. to beautify.

HERMOSI'TO, adv. pretty, little and beautiful, indifferent beautiful.

HERMO'SO, adj. beautiful.

HERMOSU'RA, ſ. f. beauty.

HE'RNIA, ſ. f. burſting, rupture.

HERNI'STA, ſ. m. the ſurgeon that chiefly profeſſes to cure ruptures.

HERO'E, ſ. m. a hero, a demigod.

HEROICAME'NTE, adv. heroically.

HEROICIDA'D, ſ. f. the heroical virtue, or bravery.

HERO'ICO, adj. heroical, brave, worthy, renowned, notable.

Heróico verſo, heroick verſe.

HEROI'NA, ſ. f. heroine.

HEROI'SMO, ſ. m. heroiſm, the quality, or qualities, which conſtitute a hero.

HE'RPES, ſ. m. a kind of inflammation.

HERRA'DA, ſ. f. pail, bucket.

HERRADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where the cattle are marked with the iron.

HERRA'DO, adj. ſhod, bound with iron.

HERRADO'R, ſ. m. a ſmith that ſhoes horſes.

Herradór de pipas, he that puts iron hoops about casks.

HERRADU'RA, ſ. f. a horſe-ſhoe.

HERRA'GE, ſ. m. iron-work.

HERRAMENTA'L, ſ. m. the ſtreet where the farriers live, or the farrier.

HERRAMIE'NTA, ſ. f. an iron-tool.

HERRA'R, v. a. to put iron on any work; alſo to ſhoe the beaſts.

Herrár los zapátos, to drive the ſhoes full of hob-nails.

Herrár eſclávos, to mark ſlaves with a hot iron.

HERRE'N, ſ. m. maſlin, a mixture of grain, which they commonly give to cattle.

HERREñA'L, ſ. m. a field ſowed with maſlin, or a mixture of ſeveral ſorts of grain.

HERRERI'A, ſ. f. a ſmith's ſhop; alſo ſmith's work; alſo a great noiſe and confuſion.

Herrerías, ſ. f. pl. iron-works, where they melt and caſt the iron into bars.

HERRE'RO, ſ. m. a blackſmith.

HERRERUE'LO, ſ. m. vide *FERRERUE'LO*.

Herreruélos cabállos, horſe that ſerved with firelocks, piſtols, and battle-axes; a ſort of heavy horſe.

HERRE'TE, ſ. m. a tag of a point, lace, or the like.

HERRO'JO, ſ. m. an iron bolt.

HERRO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of ſport; quoits.

HERRONA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke of a cock's ſpur, or the talons of any bird; a hawk's pouncing.

HERRU'MBRE, ſ. f. the droſs, ſcales, or ruſt of iron.

HERRUMBRO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to ſcales or droſs.

HERVATU', ſ. m. the herb called hog's-fennel, ſulphur-wort, or hair-ſtrong.

HERVE'RO, ſ. m. the throat, the gullet.

HERVIDE'RO, ſ. m. the ſwarming of lice, maggots, or the like.

Hervidéro, ſ. m. the noiſe which the water makes when it boils.

HERVIE'NTE, adj. fervent, hot, boiling.

HERVI'R, v. n. to boil; to ſwarm.
Hervir en piójos, to ſwarm with lice.
Hervir la ſangre, to be hot, eager, reſtleſs.
HERVO'R, ſ. m. boiling, heat, fervour.
HERVORO'SO, adj. fervorous, hot, zealous, eager.

H E S

HESITACIO'N, ſ. f. doubt, heſitation.
HESITA'R, v. a. to heſitate.

H E T

HETERO'CLITO, adj. declined irregularly, or out of the common rule.
HETERODO'XO, adj. that is contrary to the received opinion, heterodox.
HETEROGENE'O, adj. of another kind.
HETERO'SCIOS, ſ. m. pl. the heteroſcians; thoſe whoſe ſhadows fall only one way, as the ſhadows of us who live north of the tropick fall at noon always to the north.
HE'TICA, ſ. f. a conſumption.
HE'TICO, adj. hetick, hectical.
Caballo hético, a raw-bone horſe.
HETISI'A, ſ. f. vide *HE'TICA*.
HETRI'A, ſ. f. obſ. ſignifies a medley, confuſion, diſorder.

H E X

HEXACO'RDO, ſ. m. an hexachord, or ſixth in muſic.
HEXA'GONO, ſ. m. a figure in geometry with ſix angles.
HEXAMETRO, ſ. m. a hexameter, a verſe of ſix feet.
HEXA'PEDA, ſ. f. a meaſure conſiſting of ſix feet.
HEXA'PODO, ſ. m. an animal of ſix feet.
HEXA'STICO, ſ. m. a poem of ſix lines.

H E Z

HE'Z, ſ. f. the dregs of oil, the lees of wine, the grounds, or ſettlement of any other liquid.
La hez del pueblo, the ſcum of the people, the worſt of the mob.

H I

HI, for *HIJO*, ſ. m. as, *hi de puta*, ſon of a whore.
Hi de puta, an interjection of approbation.

H I B

HIBU'RA, ſ. f. a ſort of medicinal bark.

H I C

HICOCE'RVO, ſ. m. a ſtag bearded like a goat; a chimera, a vain fancy.

H I D

HIDALGAME'NTE, adv. genteelly, gentleman-like.
HIDALGA'RSE, v. r. to play the gentleman, to affect gentility.
HIDA'LGO, ſ. m. a gentleman, a perſon wellborn.
Hidálgo de ſolár, a gentleman of an ancient houſe.
Hidálgo de executória, a gentleman that has proved his gentility in open court, and has authentick deeds and decrees of court to show for it.
Hidalgo de privilégio, he that has been ennobled by the king for his good ſervices, or that has bought his gentility.
Hidálgo de devengár quiniéntos ſuéldos, this is underſtood three ſeveral ways; firſt, that if a gentleman had wrong done him by another, he might have a fine of 500 *ſuéldos* laid upon his adverſary, to make him ſatisfaction; whereas he who was not an *hidálgo*, could have but 300 allowed him; ſecondly, ſome will have it to be a title given to thoſe gentlemen who were at the battle of Clavijo, when the Spaniards routed a vaſt army of Moors and delivered themſelves from the tribute they before paid them of 500 *ſuéldos* a year; and thirdly, they ſay theſe were gentlemen who had 500 *ſuéldos* a year pay from the king.
Hidálgos por el cuérno, ſo they call the inhabitants of Zamarramála, a little town near Segóvia, who are exempt from all taxes, on account of ſending ſome perſons every night to be upon a guard in the caſtle of Segóvia; one of theſe cries out, *véla*, *méla*, *háo*, that is, ſoho the watch, and another anſwers with a horn; and therefore they are called *hidálgos por el cuérno*, gentlemen by virtue of the horn.
Hidálgo cómo un gavilán, as much a gentleman as a hawk; that is, as generous, as noble, as bold, and daring.
Hidálgo de las canáles adentro, a gentleman within the town-gutters; ſo they call one who can only prove that his father had the privilege of gentility for twenty years paſt; who therefore enjoys the ſaid privilege only within his town, but not out of it.
HIDALGO'N, ſ. m. aug. of *hidálgo*.
HIDALGO'TE, ſ. m. a gentleman of low degree.
HIDALGUE'JO, *HIDALGUE'TE*, ſ. m. a poor, petty, or ſillygentleman.
HIDALGUIA, ſ. f. gentry; gentility.
HIDEPU'TA, ſ. m. ſon of a whore.
HI'DRA, ſ. f. a monſter with ſeven heads, deſtroyed by Hercules.
HI'DRIA, ſ. f. a pitcher to hold water or other liquor.
HIDROGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. hydrography, the deſcription of waters.
HIDROMANCI'A, ſ. f. hydromancy, divination by water.
HIDROPESI'A, ſ. f. the diſeaſe called the dropſy.
HIDRO'PICO, adj. dropſical.

H I E

HIE'DRA, ſ. f. ivy.

HIE'L, ſ. f. the gall; adverſity.
Hiel de la tierra, the leſſer centaury, an herb ſo called.
No tenér hiél, to have no gall, to be all meekneſs.
Dar a bebér hiél, to give a man gall to drink, to afflict, to trouble, to thwart him.
HIE'LO, ſ. m. froſt.
HIE'LTRO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *FIE'LTRO*.
HIE'MA, ſ. m. the yolk of an egg; the bud of a tree; the firſt wine that comes from the grape; the end or top of the finger; the dead of winter.
HIERARCHA, ſ. m. a hierarch, the chief of a ſacred order.
HIERARCHI'A, ſ. f. hierarchy, the eccleſiaſtical ſtate, order, or government.
HIERA'RCHICO, adj. hierarchical, belonging to ſacred or eccleſiaſtical government.
HIERBA, ſ. f herb, one of thoſe plants whoſe ſtalks are ſoft and have nothing woody in them, herbage, graſs, herbs collectively, paſture, the common herbage of fields in which cattle feed.
HIERNALME'NTE, adv. after the manner of a ſon-in-law.
HIERNA'R, v. n. to force one to be a ſon-in-law.
HIERNO, ſ. m. a ſon-in-law.
HIEROGLIPHICAMENTE, adv. hierogliphically, emblematically.
HIEROGLI'PHICO, ſ. m. an hieroglyphick, repreſentation of things.
HIE'RRO, ſ. m. iron: an iron tool, a ſword.
Lo haré de mi hiérro, I will ſet my mark on it.
Hiérro de fuégo, a marking-iron for cattle, or the like.
Hiérros de pózo, an iron with three hooks to put down into a well to fetch up anything that is dropt in.
Tenér a uno en hiérros, to keep a man in irons or fetters.
Quien a hiérro má, a hierro muére, he who kills by the ſword, dies by the ſword.
Prov. *Llevár hiérro a Biſcáya*, to carry iron to Biſcay; that is, to carry coals to Newcaſtle.
Cargádo de hiérro, cargádo de miédo, loaded with iron, loaded with fear: that is, he who loads himſelf with armour and weapons againſt danger; diſcovers he is much afraid.
Prov. *Quándo el hiérro eſta encendido, entónces ha de ſer batido*, you muſt ſtrike whilſt the iron is hot.
HIE'RTO, adj. vide *YE'RTO*.
HIESSAL, ſ. m. vide *HYESSAL*.
HIESSO, ſ. vide *HYESSO*.

H I G

HI'GA, ſ. f. a little hand made of jet, which they hang about children to keep them from evil eyes; a ſuperſtitious cuſtom.
Higa, ſ. f. a manner of ſcoffing at people, which conſiſts in showing the thumb between the firſt and ſecond finger, cloſing the fiſt, and pointing at the perſon whom we want to give this hateful mark of contempt.
Dar úna higa, to put one's hand forth in contempt of another.
HIGADE'LA, ſ. f. the herb liverwort.
HIGADI'LLA, ſ. m. a little liver.
HIGADI'LLO, ſ. m the liver of birds in general.
HI'GADO, ſ. m. the liver.
Tener higado, to have courage or reſolution.
Echár los higados, to labour unreaſonably to oompaſs any thing; alſo to ſpew one's heart up.
Tenér málos higados, to be ill inclined.
Prov. *Lo que es buéno pára el higado, es málo pára el bázo*, what is good for the liver is bad for the melt. That which does good to one, hurts another.
HI'GO, ſ. m a fig. It is alſo taken for the piles or hemorrhoids.
HIGUE'RA, ſ. f. a fig-tree: they alſo give this name to the plant called *palma Chriſti*.
Higuéra loca, the ſycamore-tree; the wild fig-tree.
Higuéra del infiérno, the herb called ſpurge.
HIGUERA'L, ſ. m. an orchard of figtrees.
HIGUE'RO, ſ. m. a large tree in New Spain.

H I J

HI'JA, ſ. f. a daughter.
Hija dálgo, a gentlewoman.
HIJA'DA, ſ. f. the flank.
Mal de hijáda, a pleuriſy.
HIJADEA'R, v. n. to pant, to blow hard in the flank, as a horſe does.
HIJA'R, ſ. m. the hollow that is in the animal's ſide.
HIJA'STRA, ſ. f. a ſtep-daughter.
HIJA'STRO, ſ. m. a ſtep-ſon.
HIJE'ZNO, ſ. m. the young of any bird.
HIJI'TO, ſ. m. diminutive of *hijo*.
HI'JO, ſ. m. a ſon.
Hijo de la gallina blanca, a whiteboy, a favourite, a darling; alſo a fortunate man.
Hijo legítimo, a ſon lawfully begotten.
Hijo naturál, eſpúrio, or *baſtardo*, a baſtard ſon.
Hijo primogénito, the firſt begotten ſon.
Hijo adoptivo, an adoptive ſon.
Hijo eſpirituál, a ſpiritual ſon.
Hijo poſtumo, a poſthumous ſon; one born after his father's death.
Hijos, are alſo the young ſhoots that ſprout out of trees.
HIJODA'LGO, ſ. m. vide *HIDALGO*.
HIJUE'LA, ſ. f. a little daughter; alſo a kind of mattraſs or mattreſs; it is alſo a ſmall linen cloth uſed by the prieſt at the altar to wipe the chalice.
Hijuélas, ſmall trenches cut in the fields for water to run out.
HIJUE'LO, ſ. m. a little ſon.

H I L.

HI'LA, ſ. f. lint made of linen, ſuch as ſurgeons uſe; alſo a row, a rank.
HILA'CHA, ſ. f. a ravelling thread.

HILA'DA, ſ. f. a row, a rank; alſo a ſpinning.
HILADILLO, ſ. m. coarſe ſilk ſpun.
HILA'DO, ſ. m. what has been ſpun conſidered in the lump or altogether.
HILADO'R, ſ. m. a man that ſpins.
HILANDE'RA, ſ. f. a ſpinſter.
HILA'NDRIAS, ſ. f. pl. vide *FILA'NDRIAS*.
HILA'R, v. a. to ſpin.
HILARA'CHA, ſ. f. a ravelling thread.
HILA'ZA, ſ. f. the thread in any thing that is wove; any threads; ſmall ſtrings; alſo the lees of wine or the like.
HILE'RA, ſ. f. a rank.
HILI'CO, *HILILLO*, ſ. m. a little thread.
HILLA'DA, ſ. f. vide *HILADA*.
HI'LO, ſ. m. thread; alſo a line, row, or rank.
Hilo de acarréto, pack-thread.
Hilo bramánte, pack-thread.
Hilo de cánamo, a hempen thread.
Hilo de génte, a row or parcel of people going one after another.
Hilo de pérlas, a ſtring of pearls.
Hilo de pláta, ſilver thread.
Andár al hilo de la génte, to go after the multitude, to follow the people, to do as others do.
Colgár de un hilo, to hang by a thread; that is, to have ſmall hopes.
Prov. *Por el hilo ſe ſáca el ovillo*, the thread leads to the bottom. We may gueſs at a great deal by a little.
Prov. *El hilo por lo mas delgádo quiebra*, the thread breaks in the thinneſt place. All misfortunes fall upon the weakeſt; the weakeſt goes to the wall.
HILVA'N, ſ. m. the baſting of cloth together before it is ſewed.
HILVANA'R, v. a. to baſte down before ſewing.

H I M

HIMNO, ſ. m. a ſong of piety.

H I N

HINCAPIE, ſ. m. a thing to reſt or ſtand faſt againſt; to fix the foot againſt; alſo the action of ſetting the foot faſt againſt any thing.
HINCA'R, v. a. to thruſt in, to ſtick faſt in, to drive in, to faſten.
Hincárſe de rodillas, v. r. to kneel down.
HINCAROME'RO, ſ. m. a ſtick with a sharp point to thruſt into the ground for planting of roſemary, or any other thing.
HI'NCHA, ſ. f. hatred, envy, enmity.
HINCHADAME'NTE, adv. proudly, haughtily, puffed up with pride.
HINCHA'DO, adj. metaph. proud, haughty.
HINCHADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſwelling.
HINCHAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. idem.
HINCHA'R, v. n. to ſwell, to puff up.
Hinchárſe, v. r. to be ſwelled or inflated.
HINCHAZO'N, ſ. m. ſwelling; pride.
HINCHAZONCI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſwelling.
HINCHI'R, v. a to fill.
HINIE'STRA, ſ. f. a window.
HINO'JO, ſ. m. the plant fennel; alſo a knee.
Hinójo marinoi, ſ. m. ſamphire.
HINTE'RO, ſ. m. a trough to knead dough in.

H I ñ

HIñIE'STA, ſ. f. a broom.

H I P

HIPA'R, v. n. to hickup.
HI'PO, ſ. m. the hickup.
Hipo, ſ. m. anger, enmity, rage.
Tiéne un hipo con fulano, he is angry with ſuch a one.
HIPOCENTAU'RO, ſ. m. a monſter imagined by poets to be half a man and half a horſe.
HIPOCRY'PHO, ſ. m. a fabulous monſter feigned by poets to be half an horſe and half a griffin.
HIPOMA'NES, ſ. m. an amatory poiſon mentioned by Roman writers.
HIPOPO'TAMO, ſ. m. hippopotamus, the river-horſe, an animal found in the Nile.

H I R

HIRA'RA, ſ. f. a beaſt in Braſil like a civet-cat.
HI'RCO, ſ. m. an he-goat.
HIRSUTO, adj. hairy.
HIRVIE'NTE, adj. boiling hot, fervent.

H I S

HI'SCA, ſ. f. bird-lime.
HISCA'L, ſ. f. a three-ſtrand rope.
HISPANISMO, ſ. m. a Spaniciſm, a Spaniſh idiom.
HISPA'NO, ſ. m. a Spaniard.
HISTO'RIA, ſ. f. a hiſtory; alſo a hiſtory-piece; a picture repreſenting any memorable event.
Meterſe en hiſtórias, to meddle with any thing we underſtand not; or that does not belong to us.
HISTORIADO'R, ſ. m. hiſtorian, hiſtriographer.
HISTORIA'L, ſ. m. obſ. an hiſtorian.
Hiſtoriál, adj. of, or belonging to hiſtory.
HISTORIA'R, v. a. to compoſe or write hiſtories; to paint hiſtory-pieces.
HISTORICAME'NTE, adv. hiſtorically, in the manner of hiſtory.
HISTO'RICO, ſ. m. an hiſtorian.
Hiſtórico, adj. of, or belonging to an hiſtory.
HISTORIO'GRAPHO, ſ. m. an hiſtoriographer, one that writes hiſtories.
Hiſtoriógrapho, adj. belonging to writing of hiſtories.
HISTRIO'N, ſ. m. an actor, a player.
HISTRIO'NICO, adj. belonging to an actor.

HISTRIONI'SA, ſ. f. an actreſs.

H I T

HITA, ſ. f. a nail without a head.
HITO, adj. black; ſpeaking of hair.
Hito, ſ. m. a mark, the white to ſhoot at; the pin to quoit at.
Jugár al hito, to play at quoits.
Mudar hito, to change once mind.
Dar en el hito, to hit the mark in ſhooting, or to pitch upon the pin at quoits.
Mirar de hito en hito, to look earneſtly upon.
Tirár en dos hitos, to aim at two things, that if one fails the other may hit; to have two ſtrings to one's bow.

H I Z

HIZA'R, v. a. to hoiſe.

H O B

HOBA'CHO, } ſ. m. a great ja-
HOBACHO'N, } de of a beaſt unfit for ſervice; a great lazy fellow.

H O C

HO'CE, ſ. f. vide *HO'Z*.
HOCECI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſickle.
HOCICA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with the ſnout.
HOCICA'R, v. a. to muzzle, to turn up with the ſnout, to ſtrike or rub with the ſnout; ironically, to kiſs.
HOCI'CO, ſ. m. the ſnout of any beaſt, or great ſticking-out lips in man or woman.
HOCICU'DO, adj. that has a ſnout.
HOCI'NA, ſ. f. } a hook or bill to
HOCI'NO, ſ. m. } lop trees; it is alſo on orchard on the ſide of a ſmal narrow bottom between two hills.
HOCIQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſnout.

H O G

HOGA'ñO, adv. this year.

Prov. *Enlos nidos de antáno no hay paxaros hogáño*, in the neſt of laſt year there is no bird this year; applied to thoſe who are in purſuit of any thing at an unſeaſonable time; not much unlike our ſaying, you are come a day after the fair.
HOGA'R, ſ. m. the hearth, the chimney, or any place to make fire.
HOGA'ZA, ſ. f. a loaf, a cake.
HOGUE'RA, ſ. f. a bonfire.

H O J

HO'JA, ſ. f. a leaf of a tree or herb; a thin plate of metal; a ſword-blade; a ſheet of paper; a leaf of a book.
Hója de láta, tin, ſuch as we make lanthorns, pots, and other things of.
Hója de mulán, idem.
Hója de óro, leaf-gold to gild with.
Hója rayáda, a leaf full of fibres.
Ser tódo hója ſin fruto, all leaf and no fruit; all ſhew and no ſubſtance; all talk and no doing.
Al caér de la hója, at the fall of the leaf; in autumn.
Temblár como hojá en arbol, to quake like a ſeaf on the tree.
Vino de tres ó quátro hójas, wine three or four years old.
Volvér la hója, to turn over a new leaf, to take another courſe.
Prov. *Tras eſta hója buelve ótra*, after this leaf another comes up; that is, after ill luck comes up good.
HOJALDRA'R, v. a. to make puff-paſte.
HOJA'LDRE, ſ. m. puff-paſte.
HOJARA'SCA, ſ. f. the withered leaves fallen from the trees; alſo any thing uſeleſs; and among bullies, the ſword.
HOJEA'R, v. a. to turn over the leaves of a book.
HOJECE'R, v. n. to bear leaves.
HOJI'CA, ſ. f. a little leaf, or ſwordblade.
HOJO'SO, adj. full of leaves, leafy.
HOJUE'LA, ſ. f. a pancake or a fine puff-paſte cake; alſo a little leaf.
Hojuéla de plára, leaf-ſilver; alſo tinſel.

H O L

HO'LA, interj. a voice of call, as ho, hey.
HOLA'N, ſ. m. cambrick, Holland.
HOLA'NDA, ſ. f. Holland cloth or linen.
HOLANDI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſligt ſort of Holland.
HOLGADAME'NTE, adv. quietly, merrily; alſo ſpaciouſly, largely.
HOLGA'NZA, ſ. f. reſt, eaſe, pleaſure.
HOLGA'R, v. a. to reſt, to be idle, to take one's pleaſure to make merry, to rejoice, to be glad.
Holgár de fiéſta, to keep holiday, not to work.
Irſe a holgár, to go abroad to divert one's ſelf.
Holgárſe de úna cóſa, to be glad, to rejoice at any thing.
Andár holgádo en la haciénda, to be well to paſs, to have plenty.
Trahér holgádo el veſtído ó el zapáto, to wear one's cloaths or ſhoes big enough not to be pinched in them.
HOLGAZA'N, ſ. m. an idle fellow.
HOLGAZANE'AR, v. n. to be idle, ſlothful, to be a vagabond.
HOLGAZAMAME'NTE, adv. idly.
HOLGAZANERI'A, ſ. f. idleneſs.
HOLGAZA'R, v. a. vide *HOLGAZANEA'R*.
HOLGI'N, adj. belonging, to a witch.
HOLGO'N, ſ. m. a merry fellow.
HOLGO'RIO, ſ. m. mirth, merry-making, reſt, eaſe, joy, pleaſure, diverſion.
HOLGUE'TA, } ſ. f. reſt, eaſe,
HOLGU'RA, } merry-making, joy, pleaſure, diverſion.
HOLLADU'RA, ſ. f. a treading, or trampling.

HOLLAR, v. a. to tread, to trample.

Hollár á ótro, to uſe a man ill, to trample on him.

Hollárſe bien úna perſóna, to make much of one's ſelf.

Camino holládo, the beaten road.

HOLLE'JA, ſ. f. the skin a ſnake caſts.

HOLLE'JO, ſ. m. the skin, husk, or cod of fruit that is not pared; as grapes, currants, gooſberries, or the like.

HOLLI'N, ſ. m. ſoot.

HOLLINIE'NTO, adj. ſooty.

HOLOCAU'STO, ſ. m. a burnt-offering or ſacrifice.

H O M

HOMARRA'CHE, ſ. m. one that is diſguiſed in ridiculous or hideous habit, and goes about joking upon every body, and telling them their faults.

HOMBRA'CHO, ſ. m. a great luſty man.

HO'MBRE, ſ. m. a man.

Hómbre buéno, a yeoman, one below a gentleman.

Hómbre de mónte y ribera, a man for the mountain and the ſhore; that is, a man fit for any buſineſs.

Mi hómbre, ſo ſome women among the meaner ſort call their husbands.

Ser muy hómbre, to be much a man, to be brave.

Es ya hómbre, he is now a man, he is grown a man.

No ſeréis hómbre pára hacér tal cóſa, you are not a man enough to do ſuch a thing, you have not the courage. It is calling a man coward.

No tengo hómbre, I have no man, I have no body to take my part, to aſſiſt or defend me.

No hay hómbre con hómbre, there are not two men left together, they are all diſperſed and ſcattered; alſo there are not two of the ſame mind, they are all at variance, they all differ, or diſagree.

Ricos hómbres, were formerly men of the firſt rank and quality, before is was grown ſo frequent to diſtinguiſh them by the titles now uſed of dukes, earls, &c.

Hómbre de cápa y eſpáda, a man that wears a cloak and ſword; that is; one of the better ſort.

Hómbre de pélo en pécho, a man of worth, a ſtaid, ſober man.

Hómbre apercebído vále por dos, a man prepared is worth two.

Hombre apercebído médi combatído, a man that is prepared, has half the battle over.

HOMBREA'R, v. n. to push with the shoulders; alſo to make one's ſelf equal to another.

Hombreár, v. n. (ſpeaking of youth) to behave like a man.

HOMBRECI'LLO, ſ. m. pl. the plant called hop, uſed to brew beer.

Hombrecíllo, ſ. m. a little dwarf; a pitiful fellow.

HOMBRI'LLO, ſ. m. a shoulder-ſtrap in a shirt.

HO'MBRO, ſ. m. a shoulder.

Hómbro con hómbro, shoulder by shoulder; cheek by jowl.

Llevár en hómbros, to carry on the shoulders.

Arrimár el hómbro, to ſupport.

Levantádo de hómbros, high-shouldered; looked upon to betoken haughtineſs and courage.

Derrocádo de hómbros, low in the shoulders, which they count a ſign of a ſlovenly and faint-hearted fellow.

HOMBRO'N, ſ. m. a great big man.

HOMBRU'NO, adj. manish.

Muger hombrúna, a great manly woman.

HO'ME, ſ. m. obſ. vide *HO'MBRE*.

HOMECI'LLO, ſ. m. obſ. murder; from the Latin *homicidium*; but in the ancient laws called *de la partída*; it is alſo taken for a quarrel, fray, or contention.

HOMENA'GE, } ſ. m. homa-
HOMENA'JE, } ge.

Tórre del homenáge, the chief, or higheſt tower.

HOMICI'ANO, ſ. m. obſ. a murderer.

HOMICI'DA, ſ. m. a murderer.

HOMICI'DIO, ſ. m. murder, killing of a man.

HOMILI'A, ſ. f. an homily, a more familiar ſpeech to the people than a ſermon.

HOMILIA'RIO, ſ. m. the book of homilies.

HOMILI'STA, ſ. m. a compoſer of homilies.

HOMINICA'CO, ſ. m. a little mean coward.

HOMOGENEIDA'D, ſ. f. uniformity, ſimilitude, homogeneity, participation of the ſame principle or nature; ſimilitude of kind.

HOMOGE'NEO, adj. of one kind, homogeneal or homogeneous, of the ſame nature or principles.

HOMO'LOGO, adj. like one another in reaſon or name; homologous, having the ſame manner or proportion.

H O N

HONCIGUE'RA, } ſ. f. a gin to
HONCIJE'RA, } catch birds.

HO'NDA, ſ. f. a ſling to caſt ſtones.

HONDAME'NTE, adv. deeply.

Hondaménte, ſagaciouſly, accurately, dexterouſly.

HONDA'RRAS, ſ. f. pl. the dregs or lees of any thing.

HONDA'ZO, ſ. m. a caſt of a ſling.

HONDEADO'R, ſ. m. a ſlinger.

HONDEA'R, v. a. to ſling.

HONDE'RO, ſ. m. a ſlinger.

HONDI'LLOS, ſ. m. the ſeating of breeches.

HO'NDO, adj. deep.

HONDO'N, ſ. m. the bottom; alſo the lees of any thing; alſo a very deep place; any hole or cavity.

Prov. *Adó ſacán y no pon, préſto llegan al hondón*, where they take out, and do not put in, they ſoon come to the bottom.

HONDONA'DA, ſ. f. depth, profundity.

HONDONE'RO, adj. that is deep.

HONDU'RA, ſ. f. depth.

HONESTA'D, ſ. f. honeſty.

HONESTAME'NTE, adv. modeſtly, decently.

HONESTA'R, v. a. to honour, to give reputation to; alſo to excuſe any action.

HONESTIDA'D, ſ. f. modeſty, decency, probity of life.

HONE'STO, adj. modeſt, courteous, well-behaved, virtuous; ſpeaking of the price in buying and ſelling, reaſonable, moderate, middling.

HONGA'R, ſ. m. a ſpot of ground where mushrooms grow.

HO'NGO, ſ. m. mushroom.

Hóngo de árbol que ſirve de yéſca, ſpunk that grows in trees, uſed inſtead of tinder.

Hóngo pece, a ſea-fish ſo called.

HONGO'SO, adj. full of mushrooms.

HONO'R, ſ. m. honour.

Prov. *El dar es hónor, y el pedir dolór*, to give is an honour, to ask is a ſorrow.

Prov. *Entonces perdí mi honór, quándo dixe mal y oí péor*, I then loſt my honour, when I ſpoke ill, and heard worſe. This is common among women, who giving ill language, provoke others to ſay what is to their diſhonour.

HONORA'BLE, adj. honourable.

HONORABLEME'NTE, adv. honourably.

HONORARI'O, adj. honorary, that may be honoured, pertaining to honour.

Empleo honorário, an honorary employment, conferring honour without gain.

HONORIFICAME'NTE, adv. honourably, with honour.

HONORIFICE'NCIA, ſ. f. worſhip, honour.

HONORI'FICO, adj. honourable.

HO'NRA, ſ. f. honour, reſpect, reverence, due veneration; alſo dignity, reputation, fame; chaſtity among women; any favour granted.

Hónras, pl. the payement of the laſt honours to the dead; funerals.

HONRADAME'NTE, adv. honeſtly.

HONRADE'Z, ſ. f. integrity, probity, honeſty.

HONRA'DO, adj. honourable, honeſt, good, and juſt.

HONRADO'R, ſ. m. one that honours others.

HONRA'R, v. a. to honour, to reſpect; to favour, to protect, to raiſe to greatneſs; to praiſe.

HONRI'LLA, ſ. f. impertinent niceties in point of honour.

HONROSAME'NTE, adv. honourably.

HONRO'SO, adj. honourable.

HONRU'DO, adj. tenacious of honour.

HONSA'RIO, ſ. m. obſ. one who digs.

HONTANA'LES, ſ. m. pl. feaſts dedicated to the fountains or wells.

H O P

HO'PA, ſ. f. a tunick or cloſe coat, wore down to the ankles by the Romans.

HOPALA'NDA, ſ. f. a tunick or cloſe coat with a long train to it.

HOPEA'R, v. n. to wag the tail.

HO'PO, ſ. m. a tuft, or ſuch like thing; as a fox-tail, or ſuch other. In cant, the welt of the cloak.

Sudár el hópo, to ſweat at the tail; that is; to labour under ſome great difficulty.

Seguir el hópo to purſue one.

Vólver el hópo, to eſcape, to fly.

H O Q

HO'QUE, ſ. m. a bribe.

H O R

HO'RA, ſ. f. an hour; alſo a particular time.

Hóra, adv. now.

Horas canónicas, the ſet time for the clergy to ſay their office.

Horas, pl. any little prayer-book, but particularly that in which is the office of the bleſſed Virgin.

A la hóra, now, directly.

Llegár la hóra, to die.

HORADA'R, v. a. to pierce, to bore.

Mugér horadáda, a woman that has been debauched.

HORA'DO, ſ. m. a hole in a wall.

HORA'RIO, adj. horary, continuing for an hour.

HO'RCA, ſ. f. a gallows, a prong, a fork, a forked ſtick; a crafty, doublehearted knave.

Señor de hórca y cuchílla, an abſolute lord in a country.

Hórca de ájos, a rope of garlick.

Prov. *Moſtrár priméro la hórca que el lugár*, to ſhow the gallows before the town; that is, to thwart and vex a man before doing him a kindneſs.

HORCAJADI'LLAS, as, *Ir á horcajadillas*, to ride aſtride.

HORCAJADU'RA, ſ. f. the forked part of a man, the part where he begins to be forked.

HORCA'JO, ſ. m. a fork, a prong.

HORCA'R, v. a. vide *AHORCA'R*.

HORCA'TE, ſ. m. a fork with two prongs.

HORCHA'TA, ſ. f. a dish made of the ſeeds of musk-melons and pompkins with almonds mashed, the juice of which being extracted and ſweetened with ſugar, is very agreeable.

HO'RCO, ſ. m. a rope of onions.

HORCO'N, ſ. m. a great fork.

HORDIA'TE, ſ. m. barley unhusked, and ſodden in water; barley-broth.

HORIZONTA'L, adj. horizontal.

HORIZO'NTE, ſ. m. horizon, the line that terminates the view.

HO'RMA, ſ. f. a ſhoe-maker's laſt.

Halládo ha hórma de ſu zapáto, he has found a laſt to his ſhoe; that is, he has met with his match.

HORMENTO, ſ. m. leaven.

HORME'RO, ſ. m. one who makes laſts for ſhoes.

HORMI'GA, ſ. f. an ant, a piſmire. In cant, a die.

HORMI'GO, ſ. m. a ſort of meſs they make to eat on faſting days.

HORMIGO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of plaſter.

HORMIGUEA'R, v. n. to ſmart as the blood does in one's body like the ſtinging of ant's.
HORMIGUE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, the thief who ſteals a thing of little value.
Hormiguéro, ſ. m. an ant-hill; a concourſe of people.
HORMIGUI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *hormiga*, a ſmall ant.
HORMIGUI'LLO, ſ. m. a diſtemper in beaſts, which deſtroys and waſtes their hoof.
HORMI'LLA, ſ. f. a little laſt.
HORNABE'QUE, ſ. m. a horn-work, a kind of angular fortification.
HORNA'CHO, ſ. m. a cave.
HORNACHUE'LA, ſ. f. a hole in a wall.
HORNA'DA, ſ. f. an oven full.
HORNA'GE, ſ. m. the value or price given for baking meat, bread, &c.
HORNAGUEA'R, v. a. to dig the ground in order to make turf, or foſſile coals.
HORNAGUE'RA, ſ. f. turf or foſſile coals.
HORNA'ZA, ſ. f. a furnace to melt metal in.
HORNA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſort of rich cake.
HORNEA'R, v. a. to ſet bread in the oven.
HORNECI'NO, ſ. m. a baſtard child.
HORNE'RA, ſ. f. a woman baker.
Prov. *No ſeais hornéra, ſi tenéis la cabéza de mantéca*, do not undertake to be a baker, if your head is made of butter; do not take upon you any buſineſs you are unfit for.
HORNERI'A, ſ. f. the trade or art of a baker.
HORNE'RO, ſ. m. a baker.
HORNI'JA, ſ. f. a bavin to heat the oven.
HORNI'LLA, ſ. f. a kind of chafing-dish.
HORNI'LLO, ſ. m. a little oven; in fortification, a furneau, the chamber of a mine.
HO'RNO, ſ. m. an oven; in cant, a dungeon.
Hórno de cal, a lime-kiln.
Hórno de vidrio, a glaſs-houſe, where glaſs is made.
HOROSCO'PO, ſ. m. horoſcope.
HORQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little fork or prong; a reſt for a muſket; alſo the cleaving of the ends of hair when it is too long.
HORRE'NDO, adj. horrid, dreadful, ugly, hideous, frightful.
HO'RREO, ſ. m. a granary.
HORRE'RO, ſ. m. a granary-keeper.
HORRI'BLE, adj. horrible, frightful, dreadful, ugly.
HORRIBLEME'NTE, adv. horribly, dreadfully.
HO'RRIDO, adj. horrid, dreadful, hideous.
HORRI'FICO, adj. dreadful, terrible.
HORRI'SONO, adj. that has a dreadful ſound.
HO'RRO, adj. free, that has been a ſlave and is made free.
Ir hórros en el juégo, to ſave one's ſtakes in play.
HORRO'R, ſ. m. horror, terror, fright, dread.
HORRORO'SO, adj. dreadful, horrible, frightful.
HORRU'RA, ſ. f. filth, naſtineſs; alſo the droſs of metal.
HORTA'L, ſ. m. a kitchen-garden.
HORTALI'ZA, ſ. f. all garden-ware, wholeſome herbs to be eaten, or for the pot.
HORTELA'NO, ſ. m. a gardener
HORTE'RA, ſ. f. a wooden dish; alſo a round piece of wood ſpinners clap on the ſpindle to make it weigh, that it may turn the better.
HORTI'GA, ſ. f. a nettle.
Hortiga muérta, a nettle that cannot ſting; the herb archangel.
HORTIGA'R, v. a. to nettle, to ſting with a nettle.
HORTIGUI'LLA, ſ. f. an herb called dogs mercury, French mercury.

HOS

HOS'CO, adj. brown, dark coloured, dun coloured; alſo louring of countenance, ſtern aſpect.
Tóro hóſco, a fierce looking bull.
HOSPEDA'BLE, adj. hoſpitable.
HOSPEDABLEME'NTE, ſ. m. hoſpitably.
HOSPEDADO'R, ſ. m. one who receives or entertains gueſts in an hoſpitable manner.
HOSPEDA'GE, ſ. m. the act of hoſpitality, of lodging or entertaining of gueſts.
Buén or *mal hoſpedáge*, good, or bad entertainment.
HOSPEDA'L, ſ. m. vide *HOSPITA'L*.
HOSPEDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of hoſpitality, of lodging, or entertaining of gueſts.
HOSPEDA'R, v. a. to entertain, to lodge as a gueſt.
HOSPEDERI'A, ſ. f. a place to entertain ſtrangers.
HOSPEDE'RO, ſ. m. one who receives or entertains gueſts in an hoſpitable manner.
HOSPI'CIO, ſ. m. a lodging for friends only in travelling; a little houſe of any religious order to entertain their brethren that travel.
HOSPITA'L, ſ. m. an hoſpital.
Hoſpitál, adj. hoſpitable.
HOSPITALE'RO, ſ. m. f. one who has the care of the hoſpital and the poor in it.
HOSPITALIDA'D, ſ. f. hoſpitality.
HOSPITALME'NTE, adv. kindly, hoſpitably.
HO'SPI'TE infalutato, an adverbial phraſe; without taking leave, with a French leave.
HOSQUI'LLO, adj. diminutive of *hóſco*.
HOSTA'L, ſ. m. obſ. an inn.
HOSTALE'RO, ſ. m. an inn-keeper.
HO'STE, ſ. m. obſ. an army.
HOSTERI'A, ſ. f. an inn.
HO'STIA, ſ. f. the ſacrifice offered, the wafer conſecrated at maſs.
HOSTIA'RIO, ſ. m. the box to keep the wafers that are to be conſecrated.
HOSTIGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. driving or forcing away, egging, beating on, chaſtiſing.
HOSTIGA'R, v. a. to drive or force away, to egg, beat, or ſpur on; to chaſtiſe.
HOSTI'GO, ſ. m. a driving or

forcing away, beating, ſpurring on, chaſtiſing; alſo as much of a wall as the rain and wind beats on.

HOSTI'L, adj. hoſtile, like an enemy.

HOSTILIDA'D, ſ. f. hoſtility.

HOSTILIZA'R, v. n. to commit hoſtilities.

HOSTILME'NTE, adv. hoſtilely, like an enemy.

H O T

HO'TO, ſ. m. confidence on, reliance on.

Prov. *En hóto del cónde, no mátes el hómbre; que ſe morirá el cónde, y te pediran el hómbre*; do not kill the man, confiding on the earl, for the earl will die, and you will be called to account for the man; that is, do no ill action confiding in the favour of a great man, for the great man may die and you will pay for all.

H O Y

HO'Y, adv. to day. Write *oy*.

Hóy de mañána, this morning.

HO'YA, ſ. f. a grave to bury the dead; alſo any pit or deep place.

HOYA'DA, ſ. f. profundity, cavity, hollowneſs.

HO'YO, ſ. m. pit, hole, den.

Prov. *Hácer un hóyo pára tapár ótro*, to make a pit to fill up another; to rob Peter to pay Paul.

HOYO'SO, adj. pitted, full of holes.

HOYEE'LO, ſ. m. a little pit, hole, or dent.

Jugár al hoyuélo, to play at chuck-farting.

H O Z

HO'Z, ſ. m. a ſickle to reap corn; alſo a narrow bottom hemmed in betwixt two hills.

Entrárſe de hóz y de cóz, to come into a place abruptly, without ſaying by your leave.

HOZADU'RA, ſ. f. a grubbing or rutting the ground, as hogs do.

HOZA'R, v. n. to grub, to rut in the ground with the ſnout, as hogs do.

H U C

HU'CHA, ſ. f. a box with a ſlit to put money in; ſuch as ſervants put up in public houſes at Chriſtmas, or are carried about to beg for the priſoners.

HUCHOHO', ſ. m. the word uſed by falconers to call down the hawk to the lure, when ſhe rakes.

HU'CIA, ſ. f. obſ. confidence, or truſt repoſed in another.

H U E

HUE'BRA, ſ. f. an acre of land, or as much as can be ploughed in a day by two oxen.

Huébra, ſ. f. a couple of mules; in cant, a pack of cards.

HUEBRA'R, v. a. obſ. to plough the land.

HUEBRE'RO, ſ. m. the ſervant who ploughs the land.

HUE'CA, ſ. f. the hollow of the bone where the joint is.

HUE'CO, adj. hollow; alſo haughty, full of pride.

Hablár huéco, to talk loud, to make much noiſe, as hollow things do; to talk as old people do that have loſt their teeth.

Ponérſe huéco, to grow vain or proud.

HUELFA'GO, ſ. m. the ſickneſs among beaſts and birds, which makes them breathe with much difficulty.

HUE'LGA, ſ. f. a merry-making, a merry-bout, a play day.

HUE'LGO, ſ. m. the breath, a man's wind.

Tomár huélgo, to take breath, to reſt.

HUE'LLA, ſ. f. the print of a man's foot or of a beaſt, track, footſtep.

Sacar por la huélla, to find out by the track.

HUE'LLO, ſ. m. the place where the foot treads.

Eſtelugár tiéne mal huéllo porqué es mui deſigual, this place is very bad for walking, becauſe the ground is uneven.

HUEQUESI'TO, adj. diminutive of *huéco*.

HUE'RCO, ſ. m. a bier on which they carry the dead to the grave. Obſ. It is alſo taken for one that is always lamenting.

HUE'RFANA, ſ. f. a female orphan.

HUE'RFA'NO, ſ. m. an orphan.

HUE'RO, adj. addle, ſaid of an egg.

HUE'RTA, ſ. f. a kitchen-garden.

Prov. *Huérta con palomár, paráyſo terrenál*, an orchard with a pigeon-houſe, is an earthly paradiſe.

HUE'RTO, ſ. m. an orchard, a kitchen-garden.

Huértos penſiles, gardens on the tops of houſes, high terraſs-walks.

Prov. *Huerto ſin água, cóſa ſin texádo mugér ſin amór, y marído deſcuydádo*, a garden without water, a houſe untiled, a wife without love, and a careleſs husband, are four things ſtark-nought.

Prov. *Huérto, y tuérto, y mózo, y pót·o, y mugér que mira mal, quierénſe ſabér trátar*, an orchard, a man that has but one eye, a ſervant, a colt, and a ſquinting woman, require art to manage them.

HUE'SPED, ſ. m. hoſt, landlord; gueſt.

HUE'SPEDA, ſ. f. hoſteſs, landlady; a female gueſt.

Prov. *Huéſpeda hérmóſa, mal para la bólſa*, a beautiful landlady is bad for the purſe.

HUE'SSA, ſ. f. grave, ditch, pit.

Prov. *El muérto en la huéſſa, el vivo a la méſa*, the dead man in the grave, and the living at the table. Though we be never ſo much concerned for the death of friends, they muſt go to the grave, and we muſt eat and drink. We muſt live by the living, and not by the dead.

HUESSI'LO, ſ. m. a little bone.

HUE'SSO, ſ. m. a bone.

Huéſſo de frúta, the ſtone of any fruit, as peaches, &c.
Huéſſo de eſpináço, the back-bone.
Huéſſo de la gargánta, the knot of the throat.
Hueſſo yugál, the end of the cheek-bone towards the eye.
Róete eſſe huéſſo, pick that bone.
Eſtár pudrído háſta los huéſſos, to be rotten to the bone.
Coſtál de huéſſos, a bag full of bones; one that is nothing but skin and bones.
Molér los huéſſos, to tire a man out with importunity.
Huéſſos, ſ. m. pl. in architecture, pillars or other ſupports ſet up at diſtances to bear up the timber-work or otherwiſe ſtrengthen a ſtructure; alſo the rafters or timbers in a roof.
HUE'STE, ſ. m. an hoſt, an army.
HUEVA'R, v. a. to lay eggs.
HUEVECI'CO, ſ. m. a ſmall egg.
HUEVE'RO, ſ. m. one who ſells eggs.
HUE'VO, ſ. m. an egg.
Huévo huéro, an addle egg.
Huévo enpolládo, an egg with chicken.
Huévos de peſcádo, the ſpawn of fish, the roe.
Huévos mexídos, the yolks of eggs without any of the white, beaten or mixed with white wine, orange-flower water, and ſugar, and then kept over the fire only till the raw taſte of the egg be gone.
Huévos y tórreçnos, collops and eggs.
Huevos rebúeltos, buttered eggs.
Huévos de ſalçrlquéra, yolks of eggs preſerved in a ſhell of ſugar, like their own ſhell, to carry in their pocket.
Ponér huévos; to lay eggs.
Yaçér ſóbre huévos, to ſit upon eggs.
Empollár los huévos, to ſit to hatch eggs.
Pareçérſe cómo un huévo a ótro, to be as like as two eggs.
Un huévo, y eſſe huéro, but one egg, and that addle. Of thoſe who have but one child, and that ſickly or good for nought.

H U I

HUI'DA, ſ. f. flight, running away.
HUIDE'RO, } adj. that flies, or
HUIDI'ZO, } runs away.
HUI'DOR, ſ. m. one who runs away.
HUI'R, v. n. to fly, to run away.
Huirſe, to eſcape, to fly.
Huir el róſtro o la cára de alguno, to hide one's ſelf from one.

H U L

HULA'NO, vide *FULA'NO*.
HU'LE, ſ. m. a ſort of linen burniſhed with many colours.

H U M

HUMANA'DO, adj. civilized, and humbled.
HUMANA'L, adj. humane, that has humanity.
HUMANAME'NTE, adv. humanely, civilly, courteouſly.
HUMANA'R, v. a. to tame, to make humane, to make courteous, to civilize.
Humanárſe, v. r. to humble one's ſelf, to be courteous and affable.
HUMANIDA'D, ſ. f. human nature; civility, courteſy; human frailty; humanity; the ſchools under philoſophy.
HUMANI'STA, ſ. m. one who profeſſes, learning and humanity.
HUMA'NO, adj. humane, human; civil, courteous, friendly, affable.
HUMARE'DA, ſ. f. ſmoke.
HUMA'ZO, ſ. m. ſmoke; the whiff boys give one another when they fall aſleep, ſnatching a firebrand out of the fire, and holding it under the noſe of him that ſleeps.
HUMEA'R, v. n. to ſmoke.
HUMEDA'D, ſ. f. dampneſs, moiſture.
HUMEDECE'R, v. a. to moiſten, to dampen.
HUME'DO, adj. moiſt, damp, wet.
HUME'RO, ſ. m. the funnel of a chimney; the place where they ſmoke bacon or the like.
HUMILDA'D, ſ. f. humility; alſo lowneſs, meanneſs of condition.
Humildád de garabáto, a falſe ſubmiſſion.
HUMI'LDE, adj. humble, modeſt, ſubmiſſive; alſo low, mean.
HUMILDEME'NTE, adv. humbly.
HUMILDOSAME'NTE, adv. obſ. humbly, ſubmiſſively.
HUMILDO'SO, adj. obſ. humble, ſubmiſſive.
HUMILIACIO'N, ſ. f. humiliation, the act of humbling one's ſelf.
HUMILLADE'RO, ſ. m. a little chapel or altar ſet up on the highways or other places, where the people ſtop to pray, or at leaſt kneel or bow.
HUMILLADO'R, ſ. m. one who humbles, bows, or kneels down to.
HUMILLA'R, v. a. to humble.
HUMI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *humo*.
HU'MO, ſ. m. ſmoke. It is ſometimes taken for the hearth, and the hearth for the houſe; ſo that to ſay, *tántos humos*, ſo many ſmokes, ſignifies ſo many houſes.
Vendér húmo, to impoſe upon a man, and get his money under pretence of doing him a kindneſs with one's intereſt, when either we cannot, or will not do it.
Tenér múchos húmos, to be very haughty, proud, or conceited.
Irſe en húmo, to vanish away in ſmoke, when we expect great matters and nothing comes.
Sublr el húmo a las narlçes, to take ſnuff, to be offended, to be in a huff.
No lo hágo a húmo de pájas, I do it not lightly, or inconſiderately.

Prov. *Húmo y gotéra, y mugér gritadéra; echan el hombre de ſu*

cáſa fuéra, ſmoke and the rain coming in at the tiles, and a ſcolding wife, turn a man out of his houſe.

Prov. *Cérca le ánda el húmo tras las llámas*, the ſmoke is near the flame. There is no ſmoke without ſome fire.

Prov. *Do no hay húmo, no hay bien ningúno*, where there is no ſmoke, there is no good. The ſmoke ſignifies the fire, without which there is no good living.

HUMO'R, ſ. m. humour; that is, the humours of the body; alſo humour, temper, and moiſture.

Hómbre de humour, a merry man, a pleaſant and jocular perſon.

HUMORA'DO, adj. that has humours.

HUMORA'L, adj. belonging to an humour.

HUMORA'ZO, ſ. m. augm. of *humór*.

HUMO'SO, adj. ſmoky.

H U N

HU'NA, ſ. f. the round-top of a ſhip.

HUNDI'DO, adj. ſunk, drowned.

HUNDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. caſting, melting; alſo ſinking, drowning.

HUNDI'R, v. a. to run, melt, or caſt metal; to ſink, to drown.

Hundirſe úna cóſa, is not only to ſink, but to vaniſh, to be loſt without knowing how.

Hundir la cáſa a vóces, to make ſuch a noiſe, as if they would bring the houſe down.

H U R

HU'RA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſcurf on children's heads.

HURACA'N, ſ. m. a hurricane, a violent whirlwind.

HURA'ñO, adj. one that lives obſcure ly flying all company, and is afraid of every man; coy, diſdainful.

HURGAMANDE'RA, ſ. f. in cant, a wench, a whore.

HURGA'R, v. a. to take, to grabble, to poke, to ſtir about, to ſtir or remove with a fork or ſuch like inſtrument.

Peór es hurgárlo, it is worſe to ſtir it; the more you ſtir it; the more it will ſtink.

HURGO'N, ſ. m. a fire-fork or poker; alſo a wound with a ſword.

HURGONA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a poker.

HURGONEA'R, v. a. vide *HURGA'R*.

HURGONE'RO, ſ. m. vide *HURGO'N*.

HURO'N, ſ. m. a ferret to catch rabbits; alſo an enquirer, ſearcher, or examiner.

Prov. *Andár a cáza con hurón muérto*, to go a coney-catching with a dead ferret; to undertake buſineſs with improper methods; to follow women in old age.

HURONEA'R, v. n. to ferret, to catch rabbits with a ferret.

HURONE'RA, ſ. f. the place where the ferret lives.

HURRA'CA, ſ. f. a magpie.

HU'RTA, ſ. f. a water-pot to water the gardens.

HURTADAME'NTE, adv. by ſtealth, privily.

A hurtadillas, adv. by ſtealth, privily.

HURTADO'R, ſ. m. ſtealer, thief, robber.

HURTA'R, v. a. to ſteal.

Hurtár el cuérpo, to ſlip aſide, to ſhun danger.

Prov. *Quien úna vez hûrta fiél núnca*, he who once ſteals, is never truſty. Once a thief, always a thief.

HURTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little theft, a petty larceny.

HU'RTO, ſ. m. a theft, a robbery.

A húrto, adv. ſlily, clandeſtinely.

Se fué a húrto de la campañia, he ſtole away from the company like a thief.

H U S

HUSA'DA, ſ. f. a diſtaff full of flax.

HUSI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſpindle, a little ſcrew; alſo a wine-preſs.

HUSMEADO'R, ſ. m. one who ſmells about.

HUSMEADORCI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *huſmeadór*.

HUSMEA'R, v. a. to ſmell about as dogs do, or epicures when they get the ſcent of a dainty; to gueſs, to imagine, to ſuſpect.

HU'SMO, ſ. m. ſmell, ſcent.

HU'SO. ſ. m. a ſpindle.

Derécho cómo un húſo, as ſtraight as a ſpindle; we ſay, as an arrow.

Prov. *Guáy del huso, quándo no ánda la bárba de ſúſo*, alas for the ſpindle, when the beard is not over it. By the ſpindle, is meant the woman, and by the beard the man.

H Y A

HYA'DAS, ſ. f. the conſtellations called the ſeven ſtars or hyades.

H Y B

HYBIE'RNO, ſ. m. obſ. winter, Vide *INVIE'RNO*.

HYBLE'O, adj. fertile, abundant, odoriferous, full of flowers.

H Y D

HYDRA, ſ. f. a ſerpent with many heads.

Hydra, ſ. f. a ſnake that lives in the waters.

HYDRAU'LICO, adj. belonging to hidraulical machines that play by water-works.

HY'DRIA, ſ. f. a ſmall earthen pan.

HYDROCE'PHALO, ſ. m. a dropſy in the head.

HYDROGOGI'A, ſ. f. the art of levelling the waters.

HYDROGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. the deſcription of the waters, navigation.

HYDROGRA'PHICO, adj. of a deſcription of the waters.

HYDROMANCI'A, ſ. f. devining by water.

HYDROMA'NTICO, adj. belonging to a diviningbi water,

HYDROMETRI'A, ſ. f. the art of meaſuring the waters.
HYDROPE'SIA, ſ. f. the dropſy.
HYDROPHILA'CIO, ſ. m. a cavity in the earth full of water.
HYDRO'PHOBO, ſ. m. he who is afraid of water.
HYDRO'PICO, adj. dropſical, troubled with the dropſy.
HYDROSTA'TICA, ſ. f. the ſcience or knowledge of the gravity of bodies in water.
HYDROTECHNI'A, ſ. f. the art of raiſing the water.

H Y E

HYEMA'L, adj. wintery, belonging to winter.
HYE'NA, ſ. f. vide *HIE'NA*.
HYESSA'L, ſ. m. the place from whence the chalk is taken.
HYESSE'RA, ſ. f. the place where chalk is made.
HYESSERI'A, ſ. f. a binding or thing made of plaſter.
HYESSE'RO, ſ. m. who makes chalk.
HYE'SSO, ſ. m. chalk.

H Y G

HYGRO'METRO, ſ. m. hygrometer; an inſtrument to meaſure the degree of moiſture.

H Y M

HYMENE'O, ſ. m. marriage.
HYMNO, ſ. m. an hymn, a ſpiritual ſong.

H Y P

HYPECO'O, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.
HYPE'RBATO'N, ſ. m. a figure, when the words are tranſpoſed from grammatical order.
HYPE'RBOLA, ſ. m. an hyperbola, a ſection of a cone made by a plane.
HYPE'RBOLE, ſ. m. an hyperbole; a figure in rhetorick, by which any thing is increaſed or diminished beyond the exact truth.
HYPERBO'LICO, adj. hyperbolick, hyperbolical.
HYPERBOLIZA'R, v. n. to make uſe of hyperboles.
HYPE'RICO, ſ. m. St. John's wort.
HYPERMETRI'A, ſ. f. a figure when a verſe has one ſyllable above meaſure.
HYPOCONDRI'A, ſ. f. melancholy.
HYPOCO'NDRICO, adj. belonging to hypocondria.
HYPOCO'NDRIOS, ſ. m. pl. the part of the belly and ribs under the short ribs.
HYPOCRA'S, ſ. m. a kind of drink ſo called.
HYPOCRESI'A, ſ. f. hypocriſy.
HYPO'CRITA, ſ. m. an hypocrite.
HYPOCRITO'N, ſ. m. a great hypocrite.
HYPO'STASIS, ſ. f. a theological term which means a perſon or ſuppoſition.
HYPOSTATICAME'NTE, adv. hypoſtatically.
HYPOSTA'TICO, adj. hypoſtatick.
HYPOTENU'SA, ſ. f. the hypothenuſe; the line that ſubtends the right angle of a right-angled triangle; the ſubtenſe.
HYPOTHE'CA, ſ. f. a pledge ſecurity given in contracts or bargains, generally conſiſting in a real eſtate; a mortgage.
HYPOTHECA'R, v. a. to make a mortgage
HYPOTHECA'RIO, adj. belonging to a mortgage or pledge.
HYPO'THESIS, ſ. f. a ſuppoſition, a ſyſtem formed upon ſome principles not proved; an argument to diſpute on.
HYPOTHE'TICO, adj. conditional, ſuppoſitory.
HYPOTIPO'SIS, ſ. f. a rethorical figure ſo called.

H Y S

HYSSOPA'DA, ſ. f. the act of ſprinkling with the *hyſſopo*.
HYSSOPEA'R, v. a. to ſprinkle with the *hyſſopo*.
HYSSOPI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *hyſſopo*.
HYSSO'PO, ſ. m. hyſſop, a plant ſo called.
Hyſſopo, ſ. m. a machine uſed in Roman Catholick churches to ſprinkle about the holy water.

I

I, the ninth letter in the alphabet, and the third vowel.

I, alone by way of abbreviation, ſignifies *illuſtriſſimo*, moſt illuſtrious.

I, vowel, in Spaniſh, is pronounced as we pronounce it in the words *hill*, *hiſtory*, &c. not as in *hide*, *tide*, or the like.

I B E

IBE'RIA, ſ. f. one of the ancient names of Spain.

I B I

IBIS, ſ. f. a bird ſo called.

I C A

ICA'CO, ſ. m. a kind of ſloe, or wild plum-tree.

I C H

ICHNEUMO'N, ſ. m. a rat of Egypt.

ICHNOGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. ignography; the plan of any ſtructure; the draught of it on the ground.

ICHNOGRA'PHICO, adj. belonging to a ground-plot.

I'CHOR, ſ. m. the ſmalleſt and thinneſt ſort of humour flowing from ſores, &c.

I C O

ICONOLOGI'A, ſ. f. the art of repreſenting any appearance of life by engraving.

I C T

ICTERICIA, ſ. f. the yellow jaundice.

ICTERICIA'DO, adj. that has the yellow jaundice.

ICTE'RICO, adj. belonging to the yellow jaundice.

I D A

IDA, ſ. f. a going or departure.

Prov. *La ida del cuérvo*, the going of the crow; that is, going never tho return again.

Idas en caſa de uno, frequent viſits.

I D E

IDE'A, ſ. f. idea, notion, conception of any thing; a plan of any thing.

Idéa, project, ſcheme, deſign.

Ideas Platónicas, Platonic ideas; notions or conceptions too refined.

IDEA'L, adj. of, or belonging to ideas.

Ideál, mental, intellectual.

IDEALME'NTE, adv. in idea or conception, ideally, mentally, intellectually.

IDEA'R, v. a. to form ideas or notions, to conceive any thing in the mind.

Andar ideándo, to talk vainly.

I'DEM, adv. the ſame

IDE'NTICO, adj. identical, that has the ſame ſubſtance implying the ſame thing.

IDENTIDA'D, ſ. f. identity, the very ſame being.

IDENTIFICA'R, v. a. to make things of the ſame ſubſtance.

I D I

IDIO'MA, ſ. m. an idiom, the proper or peculiar manner of ſpeech or language of any nation.

IDIOPATHI'A, ſ. f. idiopathy, a primary diſeaſe, that neither depends on, nor proceeds from another.

IDIO'TA, ſ. m. an idiot, an unlearned perſon, a fool.

IDIOTEO, adj. of, or belonging to the propriety of any thing.

IDIOTE'Z, ſ. f. ignorance, idiotiſm.

IDIOTI'SMO, ſ. m. ignorance, idiotiſm.

Idiotiſmo, ſ. m. in grammar, a propriety of ſpeech out of the common rules.

I D O

IDO'LATRA, ſ. m. an idolater; alſo one who loves to adoration.

IDOLATRA'R, v. a to commit idolatry; to idolatrize; alſo to love to adoration.

IDOLATRI'A, ſ. f. idolatry.

IDOLI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *idolo*.

IDOLI'SMO, ſ. m. idolatry.

IDOLO, ſ. m. an idol.

IDONEIDA'D, ſ. f. aptitude or fitneſs of any thing.

IDO'NEO, adj. fit, apt, capable.

I D U

IDUS, ſ. m. the ides of every month; a term anciently uſed among the Romans.

I D Y

IDYLIO, ſ. m. a little poem or copy of verſes on a paſtoral ſubject.

I G L

IGLE'SIA, ſ. f. a church, a congregation of Chriſtians.

Iglésia catedrál, a cathedral church or biſhop's ſee.

Iglésia colegiál, a collegiate church, which has a dean and prebends.

Iglésia parroquiál, a pariſh church.

Iglésia rurál, a church that ſtands alone in the country.

Ser de la iglésia, to be a clergyman.

No le vále la iglésia, the privilege of the church will not avail him.

Iglésia me llamo, my name is Church. This is the anſwer thoſe who have taken ſanctuary in the church give, when they ask them any queſtions.

Prov. *Quien quiére medrár, iglésia, ó már, ó cáſa reál*, he that will thrive, muſt follow the

church, the ſea, or the king's ſervice.

I G N

IGNA'RO, adj. ignorant.
IGNA'VIA, ſ. f. idleneſs, ſloth.
IGNEO, adj. belonging to fire.
IGNICIO'N, ſ. f. a term of chemiſtry; the application of fire to the materials and its operation.
IGNI'FERO, adj. that has fire, emitting fire.
IGNIPOTE'NTE, adj. hot, or powerful in fire.
IGNI'TO, adj. that has fire.
IGNI'VOMO, adj. that vomits out fire.
IGNOMI'NIA, ſ. f. reproach, ſhame, diſgrace, ignominy.
IGNOMINIOSAME'NTE, adv. infamouſly, ignominiouſly.
IGNOMINIO'SO adj. ignominious, reproachful, ſhameful.
IGNORACIO'N, ſ. f. ignorance, ſtupidity.
IGNORA'NCIA, ſ. f. ignorance.
Ignorância, ſ. f. unconſciouſneſs of any fact.
IGNORA'NTE, adj. ignorant.
IGNORANTEME'NTE, adv. ignorantly.
IGNORA'R, v. a. to be ignorant, not to know.
IGNO'TO, adj. unknown.

I G R

IGRE'JA, ſ. f. obſ. a church.

I G U

IGUA'L, adj. equal, even, level; alſo conſtant.
IGUA'LA, ſ. f. a contract or agreement made in buying or ſelling.
IGUALACI'ON, ſ. f. the making any thing equal.
IGUALADO'R, ſ. m. one that makes things even.
IGUALA'R, v. a. to make equal.
Igualárſe con ótro, v. r. to ſtand in competition and make one's ſelf equal to another.
Igualár mercadurîa, to bargain and agree for a commodity.
IGUALDA'D, ſ. f. equality.
IGUALME'NTE, adv. equally.
IGUA'NA, ſ. f. ſo they call the alligators in ſome parts of the Weſt Indies.

I J A

IJA'DA, ſ. f. the flank.
Mal de ijáda, the cholick, a pain in the flank.
Tenér ſu ijáda, to have a blind ſide.
Ijáda de peſcádo, the belly-piece of a fish.
IJADEA'R, v. n. to pant as a horſe does after running.
IJA'RES, ſ. m. the flanks of any beaſt.

I L A

ILACIO'N, ſ. f. inference.
ILA'PSO, ſ. m. obſ. a fall.

I L E

ILE'CEBRA, ſ. f. enticement, allurement.
ILEGA'L, adj. illegal, unlawful.
ILEGALIDA'D, ſ. f. unlawfulneſs.
ILEGALME'NTE, adv. unlawfully, illegally.
ILEGITIMA'MENTE, adv. unlawfully.
ILEGITIMIDA'D, ſ. f. illegitimacy.
ILEGI'TIMO, adj. illegal, unlawful; unlawfully begotten, not begotten in wedlock.
ILE'SO, adj. unhurt.

I L I

ILI'ACO, adj. cholick.
ILICITAME'NTE, adv. illegally, unlawfully.
ILI'CITO, adj. unlawfully.
ILIMITA'DO, adj. unlimited, without bounds.
I'LION, ſ. m. one of the inteſtines ſo called.

I L U

ILUMINACIO'N, ſ. f. illuminating, lighting. Alſo colouring of prints, adorning with leaf or ſhell-gold, or ſilver.
ILUMINADO'R, ſ. m. one that colours prints, or adorns them with leaf or ſhell gold or ſilver; alſo one who gives light; an illuminator.
ILUMINA'R, v. a. to colour prints, to adorn them with leaf or ſhell-gold or ſilver; to illuminate, to lighten.
ILUMINATI'VO, adj. illuminative, having the power of giving light.
ILUSION, ſ. f. falſe apparition or repreſentation; a deceit.
ILUSIVO, adj. illuſive, falſe, deceitful.
ILU'SO, adj. deceived, falſe.
ILUSO'R, ſ. m. one who deceives.
ILUSO'RIO, adj. that can cheat.
ILUSTRACI'ON, ſ. f. illuſtration, explanation expoſition, elucidation; alſo light.
ILUSTRA'DO, adj. made famous, remarkable.
ILUSTRADO'R, ſ. m. he that extols or magnifies.
ILUSTRA'R, v. a. to illuſtrate, to make famous, remarkable, or conſpicuous.
ILU'STRE, adj. illuſtrious, famous, honourable, noble.
ILUSTREME'NTE, adv. illuſtriouſly.
ILUSTREZA, ſ. f. obſ. the quality that makes illuſtrious.
ILUSTRI'SSIMA, ſ. f. a title given in Spain to the biſhops, &c.

I M A

IMA'GEN, ſ. f. an image.
Imágen celeſte, a conſtellation.
IMAGINA'BLE, adj. imaginable.
IMAGINACIO'N, ſ. f. the imagination.
No me páſſa por la imaginación, I have no ſuch thought.
IMAGINA'R, v. n. to imagine, to conceive, to fancy, to paint in the mind; alſo to ſcheme, to contrive.
IMAGINARIAME'NTE, adv. in imagination.

IMAGINA'RIO adj. that may be imagined.
Imaginário, ſ. m. a ſtatuary, one that makes images or ſtatues.
IMAGINATI'VA, ſ. f. the power or faculty of thinking, or of forming ideal pictures; the fancy.
IMAGINATI'VO, adj. thoughtful, penſive.
IMAGINERI'A, ſ. f. imagery, work of images.
IMAGINE'RO, ſ. m. a carver, an image-maker.
IMAGINE'TA, ſ. f. a little picture or image.
IMA'N, ſ. m. the load-ſtone, the one th at attracts iron.

I M B

IMBECIL, adj. weak, frail.
IMBECILIDA'D, ſ. f. weakneſs of either mind or body.
IMBECILME'NTE, adv. weakly.
IMBE'LE, adj. not warlike, not fit for war, weak.
IMBIE'RNO, ſ. m. vide *INVIE'RNO*.
IMBORNA'LES, ſ. m. pl. vide *EMBORNALES*.
IMBUI'R, v. a. to inſtruct, to furniſh, to ſeaſon, to handſel.

I M I

IMITA'BLE, adj. that can be imitated.
IMITACIO'N, ſ. f. imitation.
IMITADO'R, ſ. m. one that imitates others.
IMITA'R, v. a. to imitate, to endeavour to reſemble.

I M M

IMMACULA'DO, adj. immaculated, unſpotted.
IMMADU'RO, adj. unripe, immature.
IMMANEJA'BLE, adj. intractable, that cannot be managed.
IMMANE'NTE, adj. unchangeable, unalterable.
IMMARCESSI'BLE, adj. unperishable, that will not fade, perish, or decay.
IMMATERIA'L, adj. immaterial.
IMMATU'RO, adj. unripe, immature.
IMMEDIACIO'N, ſ. f. mediation.
IMMEDIATAME'NTE, adv. immediately, directly, preſently.
IMMEDIA'TE, adv. preſently, immediately.
IMMEDIA'TO, adj. near, immediate.
IMMEMORA'BLE, adj. that cannot be remembered.
IMMEMORABLEME'NTE, adv. out of mind.
IMMEMORIA'L, beyond memory, immemorial.
IMMENSAME'NTE, adv. immenſely, largely.
IMMENSIDA'D, ſ. f. immenſity, unmeaſurableneſs.
IMME'NSO, adj. immenſe, vaſt, unmeaſurable.
IMMENSURA'BLE, adj. that cannot be meaſured.
IMME'RITO, adj. undeſerved.
IMMERSIO'N, ſ. f. a ſinking in water.
IMMINE'NTE, adj. at hand, imminent, approaching.
IMMOBI'BLE, adj. immoveable.
IMMO'BIL, adj. immoveable, not to be moved.
IMMOBILIDA'D, ſ. f. immoveableneſs.
IMMOBILME'NTE, adv. immoveably.
IMMO'BLE, adj. that cannot be moved.
IMMODERACIO'N, ſ. f. immoderation, out of meaſure, exceſs.
IMMODERAME'NTE, ſ. f. immoderately.
IMMODERA'DO, adj. immoderate, exceſſive, exceeding the due mean.
IMMODESTAME'NTE, adv. immodeſtly.
IMMODE'STIA, ſ. f. immodeſty.
IMMODE'STO, adj. immodeſt, unchaſte, impure, obſcene.
IMMO'DICO, adj. ſuperfluous.
IMMOLACIO'N, ſ. f. immolation, ſacrifice.
IMMOLADO'R, ſ. m. a ſacrificer.
IMMOLA'R, v. a. to ſacrifice.
IMMORTA'L, adj. immortal.
IMMORTALIDA'D, ſ. f. immortality.
IMMORTALIZA'R, v. a. to immortalize, to make immortal, to perpetuate, to exempt from death.
IMMORTALME'NTE, adv. immortally.
IMMORTIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. want of moderacion, unreaſonableneſs, exceſs.
IMMORTIFICA'DO, adj. not mortified, not ſubdued.
IMMO'TO, adj. that cannot be moved, immoveable.
IMMOVI'BLE, adj. immoveable.
IMMOVIBLEME'NTE, adv. immoveably.
IMMUDA'BLE, adj. immutable, unchangeable.
IMMUNDI'CIA, ſ. f. filth, dirt, uncleanlineſs.
IMMU'NDO, adj. unclean, filthy.
IMMU'NE, adj. exempt, free.
IMMUNI'DAD, ſ. f. immunity, exemption, freedom, liberty.
IMMUTABILIDA'D, ſ. f. immutability.
IMMUTA'BLE, adj. unchangeable.
IMMUTACIO'N, ſ. f. a change.
IMMUTA'R, v. a. to change, to alter.

I M P

IMPACIE'NCIA, ſ. f. impatience, vehemence of temper, heat of paſſion; eagerneſs.
IMPACIENTA'R, v. n. to loſe one's patience.
IMPACIE'NTE, adj. impatient, furious with pain, eager, ardently deſirous, incapable to bear.
IMPACIENTEME'NTE, adv. impatiently.
IMPA'CTO, adj. dashed, beaten againſt, driven, thruſt, put into.
IMPALPA'BLE, adj. impalpable, not to be felt.
IMPA'R, adj. odd, uneven, unequal.
IMPARCIA'L, adj. impartial, equitable, free from regard or party

party, indifferent, deſintereſſed, equal in diſtribution of juſtice, juſt; alſo retired from ſociety, not ſociable.

IMPARCIALME'NTE, adv. impartially.

IMPARCIALIDA'D, ſ. f. impartiality.

IMPARTI'BLE, adj. that cannot be divided, inſeparable.

IMPARTI'R, v. a. to impart, to give part to others, to make partaker of, communicate, employ, beſtow.

IMPASSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. impaſſibility, the quality of not being able or ſubject to ſuffer.

IMPASSI'BLE, adj. impaſſible, that cannot ſuffer.

IMPASSIBLEME'NTE, adv. impaſſibly.

IMPAVIDAME'NTE, adv. undauntedly.

IMPA'VIDO, adj. undaunted.

IMPECABILIDA'D, ſ. f. impeccability.

IMPECA'BLE, adj. that cannot ſin.

IMPEDIME'NTO, ſ. m. impediment, hindrance, impeachment, obſtruction, oppoſition.

IMPEDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. hinderance, obſtruction, impediment.

IMPEDI'R, v. a. to hinder, to obſtruct.

IMPEDITI'VO, adj. that can hinder, obſtruct, embarraſs.

IMPELE'R, v. a. to force, to thruſt on, to urge, to compel.

IMPENETRABILIDA'D, ſ. f. impenetrability, the quality of not being to be pierced.

IMPENETRA'BLE, adj. impenetrable, not to be pierced.

IMPENETRABLEME'NTE adv. impenetrably.

IMPENITE'NCIA, ſ. f. impenitency, obduracy, want of remorſe for crimes, final diſregard of God's threatenings or mercy.

IMPENITE'NTE, adj. impenitent.

IMPENSADAME'NTE, adv. unexpectedly.

IMPENSA'DO, adj. unexpected, unthought for.

IMPERA'NTE, adj. ruling, reigning, commanding.

IMPERA'R, v. n. to reign, to ſway, to command.

IMPERATI'VO, adj. commanding; alſo the imperative mood.

IMPERATO'RIA, ſ. f. a plant called maſter-wort.

IMPERATO'RIO, adj. of, or belonging to an emperor.

IMPERCEPTIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. imperceptibility, the quality of not being perceiveable.

IMPERCEPTI'BLE, adj. imperceptible, not to be perceived.

IMPERCEPTIBLEME'NTE, adv. imperceptibly.

IMPERFECCIO'N, ſ. f. imperfection.

IMPERFE'CTO, adj. imperfect.

IMPERIA'L, adj. imperial.

Imperiáles, ſ. f. pl. gamaſſes or buskins of coarſe cloth.

IMPERI'CIA, ſ. f. unskilfulneſs.

IMPE'RIO, ſ. m. empire, ſovereignty.

IMPERIOSAME'NTE, adv. imperiously, haughtily.

IMPERIO'SO, adj. imperious, haughty.

IMPERITAME'NTE, adv. unskilfully.

IMPERI'TO, adj. unskilful.

IMPERSCRUTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be penetrated.

IMPERSONA'L, adj. perſonal, that has no perſon.

IMPERSONALME'NTE, adv. imperſonally.

IMPERSUASI'BLE, adj. that cannot be perſuaded.

IMPERTE'RRITO, adj. undaunted, fearleſs.

IMPERTINE'NCIA, ſ. f. impertinency, that which has not relation to the matter in hand; alſo folly, rambling thought; alſo plaguing and moleſting with inceſſant ſolicitation.

IMPERTINE'NTE, adj. impertinent; alſo importunate, meddling, trifling.

IMPERTINENTEME'NTE, adv. impertinently.

IMPERTURBA'BLE, adj. that can be diſturbed.

IMPE'RVIO, adj. inacceſſible.

IMPE'TRA, ſ. f. ſome conceſſion obtained in law, ſo called.

IMPETRA'BLE, adj. that may be obtained.

IMPETRACIO'N, ſ. f. obtaining, getting by intreaty.

IMPETRA'R, v. n. to obtain, to get by intreaty.

I'MPETU, ſ. m. force, violence, vehemence.

IMPETUOSAME'NTE, adv. impetuouſly, violently.

IMPETUOSIDA'D, ſ. f. impetuoſity, forcibleneſs.

IMPETUO'SO, adj. impetuous, forcible, violent, vehement.

IMPIAME'NTE, adv. wickedly impiouſly, ungodly.

IMPIEDA'D, ſ. f. impiety, ungodlineſs, wickedneſs.

IMPI'O, adj. impious, ungodly, wicked.

IMPI'REO, adj. vide *EMPI'REO*.

IMPLACABILIDA'D, ſ. f. implacableneſs.

IMPLACABLE, adj. implacable, not to be appeaſed.

IMPLACABLEME'NTE, adv. implacably.

IMPLATICA'BLE, adj. impracticable.

IMPLICACIO'N, ſ. f. implying; alſo intangling, perplexing.

IMPLICA'NCIA, ſ. f. entangling, perplexing.

IMPLICA'R, v. a. to imply; alſo to intangle, to perplex.

IMPLICIDA'D, ſ. f. implicitneſs, implication; alſo intangling or perplexing.

IMPLICITAME'NTE, adv. implicitly.

IMPLI'CITO, adj. implicit, intangled, intricate.

IMPLORACIO'N, ſ. f. an imploring, or entreating.

IMPLORADO'R, ſ. m. one who implores or entreats.

IMPLORA'R, v. a. to implore, to intreat.

IMPLU'ME, adj. unfeathered.

IMPOLU'TO, adj. free of any ſtain, not polluted.

IMPONDERA'BLE, adj. that cannot be enlarged, amplified, augmented.

IMPONE'R, v. a. to impoſe, to lay upon, to put on; to accuſe; to teach, or inſtruct.
IMPORTA'BLE, adj. obſ. one term; that cannot be borne or tolerated.
IMPORTA'NCIA, ſ. f. importance, moment, weight.
IMPORTA'NTE, adj. important, of moment, of weight.
IMPORTANTEME'NTE, adv. importantly.
IMPORTA'R, v. imp. to be of importance, moment, or weight; alſo to amount in caſting accounts.
IMPORTUNACI'ON, ſ. f. importuning.
IMPORTUNADAME'NTE, adv. out of ſeaſon, importunely.
IMPORTUNAME'NTE, adv. importunely.
IMPORTUNA'R, v. a. to importune, to ſue earneſtly, to preſs hard.
IMPORTUNIDA'D, ſ. f. importunity.
IMPORTU'NO, adj. importune, troubleſome, vexatious; alſo unſeaſonable.
IMPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. an impoſition, a tax.
IMPOSSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. impoſſibility.
IMPOSSIBILITA'R, v. a. to diſable, to make impoſſible.
IMPOSSI'BLE, adj. impoſſible.
IMPOSSIBLEME'NTE, adv. impoſſibly.
IMPO'STA'S, ſ. f. pl. figures ſtanding upon banniſters at certain diſtances, for ornament.
IMPOSTO'R, ſ. m. an impoſtor.
IMPOSTU'RA, ſ. f. deceit, fraud, juggle, or impoſition, impoſture.
IMPOTE'NCIA, ſ. f. impotence, weakneſs, want of ability.
IMPOTE'NTE, adj. impotent, weak.
IMPOTENTEME'NTE, adv. impotently, weakly.
IMPRACTICA'BLE, adj. impracticable.
IMPRECACIO'N, ſ. f. imprecation, curſe.
IMPREGNACIO'N, ſ. f. impregnation, the act of admitting corpuſcles in itſelf.
IMPREGNA'R, v. a. to impregnate, or get with child.
Impregnárſe, v. r. to remain impregnated.
IMPRE'NTA, ſ. f. a printing-houſe; the art of printing.
IMPRESCINDI'BLE, adj. that cannot be ſeparated or divided.
IMPRESCRIPTI'BLE, adj. that is without preſcription.
IMPRESSIO'N, ſ. f. an impreſſion, the mark made by preſſing one thing upon another; the impreſſion of a book; an edition.
IMPRESSIONA'R, v. a. to make an impreſſion, to perſuade one.
IMPRE'SSO, p. p. of *imprimir*.
IMPRESSO'R, ſ. m. a printer.
IMPRESTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be lent.
IMPRIMACIO'N, the firſt drawing or sketch of painters.
IMPRIMADE'RA, ſ. f. a tool uſed in printing canvas for the uſe of painters.
IMPRIMA'R, v. a. to put in order the cloth for painting on it.
IMPRIMI'R, v. a. to print, to imprint, to preſs on.
IMPROBABILIDA'D, ſ. f. improbability.
IMPROBA'BLE, adj. improbable.
IMPROBABLEME'NTE, adj. improbably.
IMPROBA'R, v. a. to reprove.
IMPROBIDA'D, ſ. f. improbity, diſhoneſty.
I'MPROBO, adj. naught, wicked.
IMPROPERA'R, v. a. to reproach, to upbraid.
IMPROPE'RIO, ſ. m. a reproach.
IMPROPRIAME'NTE, adv. improperly.
IMPROPRIEDA'D, ſ. f. impropriety.
IMPRO'PRIO, adj. improper.
IMPRO'SPERO, adj. unproſperous, unhappy, unfortunate.
IMPROVIDAME'NTE, adv. improvidently.
IMPRO'VIDO, adj. unprovided.
IMPROVISAME'NTE, adv. unexpectedly, ſuddenly, unawares.
IMPROVI'SO, adj. unforeſeen, unexpected.
IMPRUDE'NCIA, ſ. f. imprudence, indiſcretion.
IMPRUDE'NTE, adj. imprudent, indiſcreet.
IMPRUDENTEME'NTE, adv. imprudently, indiſcreetly.
IMPUDE'NCIA, ſ. f. impudence.
IMPUDE'NTE, adj. impudent.
IMPUDENTEME'NTE, adv. impudently.
IMPUDICAME'NTE, adv. immodeſtly, lewdly.
IMPUDICI'CIA, ſ. f. immodeſty, lewdneſs.
IMPU'DICO, adj. immodeſt, lewd.
IMPUE'SIO, adj. impoſed, laid on, laid to a man's charge.
IMPUGNACIO'N, ſ. f. oppoſition.
IMPUGNADO'R, ſ. m. impugner, oppoſer.
IMPUGNA'R, v. a. to impugn, to oppoſe.
IMPUGNATI'VO, adj. that can oppoſe, that may be impugned.
IMPULSA'R, v. a. to excite, to force, or push on.
IMPULSIO'N, ſ. f. an impelling, or pushing on, exciting.
IMPULSI'VO, adj. that can be forced.
IMPU'LSO, ſ. m. impulſe, natural inclination, propenſion.
IMPULSO'R, adj. that excites or pushes on.
IMPU'NE, adj. unpunished.
IMPUNEME'NTE, adv. freely, without punishment.
IMPUNIDA'D, ſ. f. impunity.
IMPUNI'DO, adj. unpunished.
IMPURAME'NTE, adv. impurely, uncleanly, foully, unchaſtely.
IMPURE'ZA, ſ. f. impurity, foulneſs.
IMPURIDA'D, ſ. f. impurity, uncleanneſs, unchaſteneſs.
IMPU'RO, adj. impure, unclean, unchaſte.
IMPUTA'BLE, adj. that can be imputed.
IMPUTACIO'N, ſ. f. imputation.
IMPUTADO'R, ſ. m. he that imputes or lays to another's charge.
IMPUTA'R, v. a. to impute, to lay to one's charge.

I N

IN, a particle uſed in compounding of words which generally gives a contrary ſenſe to the compounded words; as, *capáz*, capable; *incapáz*, incapable.

I N A

INACABA'BLE, adj. that cannot be finished.
INACCESSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. want of acceſs.
INACCESSI'BLE, adj. inacceſſible.
INACCESSIBLEME'NTE, adv. inacceſſibly.
INACCE'SSO, adj. that cannot be approached.
INACCIO'N, ſ. f. ceſſation of doing any thing, inaction.
INADVERTE'NCIA, ſ. f. inadvertency, heedleſſneſs, inconſiderateneſs.
INADVERTIDAME'NTE, adv. inconſiderately.
INADVERTI'DO, adj. inconſiderate, raſh, heedleſs.
INAFFECTA'DO, adj. that is not affected.
INAGOTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be exhauſted; incomprehenſible.
INAGUANTA'BLE, adj. inſufferable, not to be borne.
INAJENA'BLE, adj. that cannot be alienated.
INALIENA'BLE, adj. not to be alienated.
INALTERA'BLE, adj. unchangeable, unalterable.
INAMISSI'BLE, adj. not to be loſt.
INANE, adj. empty, void, vain.
INANICIO'N, ſ. f. inanition, languor cauſed by want of food.
INANIMA'DO, adj. inanimate, that has no life nor ſoul.
INA'NIME, adj. inanimate, that has no life nor ſoul.
INAPAGA'BLE, adj. that cannot be quenched.
INAPEA'BLE, adj. inconceivable, incomprehenſible; that cannot diſmount from the horſe.
INAPELA'BLE, adj. that cannot be appealed.
INAPETE'NCIA, ſ. f. want of appetite.
INAPETE'NTE, adj. that has no appetite.
INAPLICACIO'N, ſ. f. miſapplication.
INAPLICA'DO, adj. miſapplied.
INAPRECIA'BLE, ineſtimable, invaluable.
INARTICULA'DO, adj. inarticulated.
INA'UDITO, adj. unheard of, ſtrange.
INAUGURACIO'N, ſ. f. divining by the flight of birds; alſo inauguration, or inveſtiture by ſolemn rites.
INAUGURA'R, v. a. to conjecture, to divine, to foretel.
INAVERIGUA'BLE, adj. that cannot be averred or proved.

I N C

INCANSA'BLE, adj. that cannot be tired, indefatigable.
INCANSABLEME'NTE, adv. indefatigably.
INCAPACIDA'D, ſ. f. incapacity.
INCAPA'Z, adj. incapable.
INCARDINACIO'N, ſ. f. profit obtained by the government of any church.
INCARNA'DO, adj. incarnate, made fleſh.
INCASA'BLE, adj. incapable of marrying.
INCA'STO, adj. diſhoneſt, unchaſte.
INCAUTAME'NTE, adv. careleſsly, uncircumſpectly, incautiouſly, unwarily, heedleſsly.
INCA'UTO, adj. not wary, careleſs, not circumſpect.
INCENDIA'RIO, ſ. m. an incendiary, one that fires houſes; metaph. one that raiſes tumults or broils, or ſets folks together by the ears.
INCE'NDIO, ſ. m. a conflagration, a great fire.
INCENDIO'SO, adj. fiery, ſet on fire, full of fire.
INCENSACIO'N, ſ. f. the action of perfuming, as offering incenſe.
INCENSA'R, v. a. to perfume, as prieſts do the altars when they offer incenſe.
INCENSU'RABLE, adj. that cannot be cenſured.
INCENSA'RIO, ſ. m. a cenſor, a thurible.
INCENTI'VO, ſ. m. an incentive, that which excites or ſtirs up; alſo exciting, or ſtirring up.
INCEPTO'R, ſ. m. a beginner.
INCERTIDU'MBRE, *INCERTITU'D*, ſ. f. uncertainty.
INCESSA'BLE, adj. inceſſant, unceaſing, unintermitted, continual.
INCESSABLEME'NTE, *INCESSA'NTE*, *INCESSANTEME'NTE*, adv. inceſſantly.
INCE'STO, ſ. m. inceſt, carnal copulation between kindred.
INCESTUOSAME'NTE, adv. inceſtuouſly.
INCESTUO'SO, adj. inceſtuous.
INCHOA'R, v. a. obſ. to commence, to begin.
INCHOATI'VO, adj. begun, or perfected.
INCIDE'NCIA, ſ. f. chance, caſualty.
INCIDE'NTE, adj. incident.
INCIDENTEME'NTE, adv. accidentally.
INCIDI'R, v. n. to happen, to fall out.
INCIE'NSO, ſ. m. incenſe, perfumes exhaled by fire in honour of God; alſo, a reverence to adoration; flattery.
INCIERTAME'NTE, adv. uncertainly.
INCIER'TO, adj. uncertain.
INCINERACI'ON, ſ. f. the action of reducing any thing to aſhes.
INCINERA'R, v. a. to reduce to aſhes.
INCIPIE'NTE, adj. beginning.
INCIRCUMCI'SO, adj. uncircumciſed.
INCIRCUMSCRI'PTO, adj. uncircumſcribed, boundleſs, unlimited.
INCISIO'N, ſ. f. an inciſion.
INCISI'VO, adj. that can cut or divide.

INCI'SO, adj. cut, carved, engraved; alſo cut or chopped off.
INCISO'RIO, adj. that can cut.
INCITADO'R, ſ. m. inciter, ſtirrer up.
INCITAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. inciting, ſtirring up.
INCITA'NTE, adj. inciting, ſtirring up.
INCITA'R, v. a. to incite, to ſtir up.
INCITATI'VO, adj. inciting, ſtirring up.
INCLEME'NCIA, ſ. f. inclemency, unmerciſulneſs.
Expuéſto a las inclemencias del cielo, expoſed to the inclemency of the air.
INCLEME'NTE, adj. inclement, unmerciſul.
INCLINACIO'N, ſ. f. inclination; alſo bowing or inclining out of reſpect.
INCLINA'R, v. a. to incline, to addict; alſo to bow, to bend.
Inclinár la cabéza, to bow the head in token of reſpect, or let it ſink through weakneſs.
Inclinárſe la paréd, to incline and threaten ruin.
Inclinárſe a úna parcialidád, to incline or be affected to a party.
INCLUI'R, v. a. to include.
INCLU'SA, ſ. f. an hoſpital for foundlings.
INCLUSIO'N, ſ. f. ſhutting, encloſing.
INCLUSIVAME'NTE, adv. incluſively.
INCLUSI'VE, adv. idem.
INCLU'SO, p. p. included.
INCLYTO, adj. illuſtrious, famous, renowned.
INCOBRA'BLE, adj. irrecoverable, irretrievable.
INCO'GNITO, adj. unknown.
INCOGNOSCI'BLE, adj. that cannot be known.
INCOMBUSTI'BLE, adj. that cannot be burnt.
INCOMBU'STO, adj. unburnt.
INCOMMERCIA'BLE, adj. that cannot traffick, or be in commerce.
INCOMMENSURA'BLE, adj. that cannot be reckoned or meaſured.
INCOMMUTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be altered.
INCOMODAME'NTE, adv. inconveniently.
INCOMODA'R, v. a. to incommode, to diſturb.
INCOMODIDA'D, ſ. f. inconveniency, or diſturbance.
INCO'MODO, adj. inconvenient, troubleſome; ſubſt. uſed, inconvenience, diſturbance.
INCOMPARA'BLE, adj. incomparable.
INCOMPARABLEME'NTE, adv. incomparably.
INCOMPARA'DO, adj. uncompared, unparalleled.
INCOMPARTI'BLE, adj. indiviſible.
INCOMPASSI'VO, adj. wanting of compaſſion.
INCOMPATIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. oppoſition, contrariety.
INCOMPATI'BLE, adj. incompatible.
INCOMPATIBLEME'NTE, adv. incompatibly.
INCOMPETE'NCIA, ſ. f. incompetency, unfitneſs.
INCOMPETE'NTE, adj. incompetent, unfit, improper.
INCOMPETENTEME'NTE, adv. incompetently, unfitly.
INCOMPONI'BLE, adj. that cannot be compounded.
INCOMPORTA'BLE, adj. unſufferable.
INCOMPOSSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. the difficulty of compounding one thing with another.
INCOMPREHENSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. incomprehenſibility.
INCOMPREHENSI'BLE, adj. incomprehenſible.
INCOMPUE'STO, adj. not compounded; diſordered, undreſſed.
INCOMUNICA'BLE, adj. incommunicable.
INCONCERNIE'NTE, adj. diſagreeing.
INCONCUSSAME'NTE, adv. perpetually, unalterably.
INCONCU'SSO, adj. without diſpute, doubt, or oppoſition.
INCONFIDE'NCIA, ſ. f. miſtruſt.
INCONFIDE'NTE, adj. miſtruſtful.
INCONGRUE'NCIA, ſ. f. incongruity.
INCONGRUE'NTE, adj. diſagreeing.
INCONGRUENTEME'NTE, adv. diſagreeably.
INCONGRUIDA'D, ſ. f. incongruity.
INCO'NGRUO, adj. diſagreeing, incongruous.
INCONNEXIO'N, ſ. f. want of conformity.
INCONNE'XO, adj. wanting conformity.
INCONOCI'DO, adj. unknown.
INCONQUISTA'BLE, adj. unconquerable.
INCONSEQüE'NCIA, ſ. f. inconſequence.
INCONSEQüENTE, adj. inconſequent, not following from the premiſes.
INCONSIDERACIO'N, ſ. f. inconſiderateneſs, rashneſs.
INCONSIDERADAME'NTE, adv. inconſiderately, rashly.
INCONSIDERA'DO, adj. inconſiderate, rash.
INCONSIDERA'NCIA, ſ. f. vide *INCONSIDERACI'ON*.
INCONSIGUE'NTE, adj. vide *INCONSEQUENTE*.
INCONSOLA'BLE, adj. inconſolable.
INCONSOLABLEME'NTE, adv. inconſolably.
INCONSTA'NCIA, ſ. f. inconſtancy.
INCONSTA'NTE, adj. inconſtant.
INCONSTANTEME'NTE, adv. inconſtantly.
INCONSU'LTO, adj. foolish, rash, indiſcreet, unadviſed.
INCONSU'TIL, adj. that is done without ſeams.
INCONTAMINA'DO, adj. unpolluted, undefiled.
INCONTEXTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be denied, inconteſtable.
INCONTINE'NCIA, ſ. f. incontinency, unchaſtity.
INCONTINE'NTE, adj. incontinent, unchaſte.
Incontinente, adv. immediately.
INCONTINENTEME'NTE, adv. incontinently, unchaſtly.
INCONTRASTA'BLE, adj. firm,

ſtable, not to be oppoſed or overturned.
INCONTROVERTI'BLE, adj. not to be controverted, indiſputable, undeniable.
INCONVENCI'BLE, adj. that cannot be perſuaded.
INCONVENIE'NCIA, ſ. f. inconvenience.
INCONVENIE'NTE, adj. inconvenient.
INCONVENIENTEME'NTE, adv. inconveniently.
INCONVERSA'BLE, adj. intractable, unſociable.
INCONVERTI'BLE, adj. that cannot be controverted, out of all doubt, manifeſt.
INCO'RDIO, ſ. m. a venereal tumour.
INCORPORACI'ON, ſ. f. the act of incorporating.
INCORPORA'L, adj. incorporeal.
INCORPORA'R, v. a. to incorporate, to make or to receive into one body.
Incorporárſe, v. n. to incorporate.
INCORPOREIDA'D, ſ. f. having no body.
INCORPO'REO, adj. incorporeal, that has no body.
INCORRECTAME'NTE, adv. uncorrectly.
INCORRE'CTO, adj. uncorrect.
INCORREGIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. obſtinacy, incorrigibleneſs.
INCORREGI'BLE, adj. incorrigible.
INCORREGIBLEME'NTE, adv. incorrigibly.
INCORRUPCI'ON, ſ. f. incorruption, exemptneſs from corruption.
INCORRUPTIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. incorruptibity.
INCORRUPTI'BLE, adj. incorruptible.
INCORRU'TO, adj. incorrupt, not corrupted.
INCRASSA'R, v. n. a phyſical term: to ripen, to draw to a head.
INCREA'DO, adj. uncreated.
INCREDIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. incredibility.
INCREDULIDA'D, ſ. f. incredulity.
INCRE'DULO, adj. incredulous.
INCREI'BLE, adj. incredible, not to be believed.
INCREIBLEME'NTE, adv. incredibly.
INCREME'NTO ſ. m. increaſe, augmentation.
INCREPACIO'N, ſ. f. rebuke, chiding, reproving.
INCREPA'R, v. a. to rebuke, to reprove.
INCRUE'NTO, adj. without blood.
INCRUSTACIO'N, ſ. f. pargetting, rough caſting.
INCRUSTA'R, v. n. to make a rough caſting or pargetting.
I'NCUBO, ſ. m. a devil or evil ſpirit, which is ſaid to take human form, and have to do with women; alſo the nightmare.
INCULCA'R, v. a. to inculcate.
INCULPA'BLE, adj. blameleſs.
INCULPABLEME'NTE, adv. blameleſsly.
INCULPA'DO, adj. blameleſs.
INCULTAME'NTE, adv. without ornament or dreſs.
INCULTIVA'BLE, adj. not to be cultivated, not ſuſceptible of cultivation.
INCULTO, adj. unpoliſhed, undreſſed, not adorned.
INCULTURA, ſ. f. negligence, want of care; alſo ground uncultivated.
INCUMBE'NCIA, ſ. f. reliance upon.
IMCUMBI'R, v. n. to belong, to be one's duty to do ſomething.
INCURA'BLE, adj. incurable.
INCU'RIA. ſ. f. negligence.
INCURIO'SO, adj. not curious.
INCURRI'R, v. a. to incur; alſo to become liable to puniſhment or reprehenſion.
INCURSIO'N, ſ. f. an incurſion.
INCU'RSO, p. p. of *incurrir*.
Incurſo, ſ. m. the charge or falling on of an enemy.
INCUSA'R, v. a. obſ. to accuſe, to blame.

I N D

INDA'BLE, adj. that cannot be given.
INDAGACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſearching, or ſeeking out.
INDAGA'R, v. a. to ſearch out, to inquire into.
INDEBIDAME'NTE, adv. unlawfully.
INDEBI'DO, adj. not due.
INDECE'NCIA, ſ. f. indecency.
INDECE'NTE, adj. indecent.
INDECENTEME'NTE, adv. indecently.
INDECI'BLE, adj. that cannot be ſaid, not explained.
INDECIBLEME'NTE, adv. ſo as it cannot be expreſſed.
INDECISAME'NTE, adv. irreſolutely.
INDECISIO'N, ſ. f. want of reſolution, determination, or deciſion.
INDECI'SO, adj. not decided, not reſolved.
INDECLINA'BLE, adj. not to be declined.
INDECO'RO, ſ. m. irreverence, want of decorum.
INDECOROSAME'NTE, adv. indecently, irreverently.
INDECORO'SO, adj. that is irreverent, indecent.
INDEFE'NSO, adj. undefended.
INDEFE'SSO, adj. indefatigable, not to be tired.
INDEFICIE'NTE, adj. that cannot fail.
INDEFINI'BLE, adj. that cannot be defined.
INDEFINI'DO, adj. undefined.
INDELE'BLE, adj. not to be effaced, not to be blotted.
INDELEBLEME'NTE, adv. ſo as it cannot be blotted out.
INDELIBERACIO'N, ſ. f. inadvertency.
INDELIBERADAME'NTE, adv. inadvertently.
INDELIBERA'DO, adj. careleſs, raſh, precipitate, without deliberation.
INDE'MNE, adj. not demnified.
INDEMNIDA'D, ſ. f. indemnity.
INDEMNIZA'R, v. a. to ſave from damage or loſs.
INDEPENDE'NCIA, ſ. f. independency.
INDEPENDE'NTE, adj. independent.

INDEPENDENTEME'NTE, adv independently.
INDETERMINA'BLE, adj. not to be determined, or decided.
INDETERMINACIO'N, ſ. f. want of deciſion, or determination.
INDETERMINADAME'NTE, adv. without reſolution, or determination.
INDETERMINA'DO, adj. undecided, not reſolved.
INDEVOCIO'N, ſ. f. want of devotion.
INDEVO'TO, adj. undevout.
INDEX, ſ. m. a diſcoverer, a ſhewer; an index; alſo the forefinger.
INDICACIO'N, ſ. f. declaration, pointing out, ſhewing.
INDICA'R, v. a. to ſhow, point at, or declare.
INDICATI'VO, adj. that ſhews.
INDICCIO'N, ſ. f. vide *INDICIO'N*.
I'NDICE, ſ. m. diſcovery, token, mark; alſo the needle of a dial.
INDICIADO'R, ſ. m. one who gives a proof.
INDICIA'R, v. a. to give a token, proof, or ſign.
INDI'CIO, ſ. m. a token, a circumſtantial proof.
INDICIO'N, ſ. f. an indiction, a term of fifteen years. It is alſo a tax, and the impoſing or authoriſing that tax.
I'NDICO, ſ. m. indigo.
INDIE'STRO, adj. that is not dextrous.
INDIFERE'NCIA, ſ. f. indifferency.
INDIFERE'NTE, adj. indifferent.
INDIFERENTEME'NTE, adv. indifferently.
INDIGE'NCIA, ſ. f. indigence, want.
INDIGE'NTE, indigent, poor.
INDIGESTI'BLE, adj. not to be digeſted.
INDIGESTIO'N, ſ. f. indigeſtion, want of digeſting well in the ſtomach.
INDIGE'STO, adj. undigeſted; alſo hard of digeſtion.
INDIGNACIO'N, ſ. f. indignation, wrath.
INDIGNAME'NTE, adv. unworthily.
INDIGNA'R, v. a. to offend, to provoke, to make one angry.
Indignárſe, v. r. to be provoked, to be offended.
INDIGNIDA'D, ſ. f. unworthineſs, indignity.
INDI'GNO, adj. unworthy.
INDILIGE'NCIA, ſ. f. want of diligence, negligence, careleſſneſs.
INDIRE'CTA, ſ. f. an indirect manner of ſpeaking.
INDIRECTAME'NTE, adv. indirectly.
INDIRECTO, adj. indirect, out of courſe, diſhoneſt.
INDISCIPLINA'BLE, adj. that cannot be diſciplined.
INDISCIPLINA'DO, adj. undiſciplined.
INDISCRECIO'N, ſ. f. indiſcretion, want of judgment, foolish act.
INDISCRETAME'NTE, adv. inſcreetly.
INDISCRE'TO, adj. indiſcreet.
INDISCULPA'BLE, adj. culpable, void, of an excuſe.
INDISPENSA'BLE, adj. indiſpenſable, not to be diſpenſed with.
INDISPENSABLEME'NTE, adv indiſpenſably.
INDISPONE'R, v. a. to indiſpoſe, to put out of order.
INDISPOSICION, ſ. f. indiſpoſition, ſickneſs.
INDISPUE'STO, adj. indiſpoſed, not well.
INDISPUTA'BLE, adj. indiſputable.
INDISPUTABLEME'NTE, adv. indiſputably.
INDISSOLU'BLE, adj. indiſſoluble, not to be diſſolved.
INDISSOLUBLEME'NTE, adv. indiſſolubly.
INDISTINTAME'NTE, adv. undiſtinctly.
INDISTI'NTO, adj. undiſtinct.
INDISTRIBUI'DO, adj. undiſtributed.
INDIVIDUACIO'N, ſ. f. the explanation of any thing with all its circumſtances.
INDIVIDUA'L, adj. individual.
INDIVIDUALIDA'D, ſ. f. vide *INDIVIDUACIO'N*.
INDIVIDUALME'NTE, adv. individually.
INDIVIDUA'R, v. a. to treat of any thing in particular.
INDIVI'DUO, ſ. m. an individual.
Indivíduo, adj. individual, that cannot be divided.
INDIVISI'BLE, adj. that cannot be divided.
INDIVI'SO, adj. undivided.
INDO'CIL, adj. dull, hard to learn.
INDOCILIDA'D, ſ. f. unwillingneſs to learn.
INDOCTAME'NTE, adv. unlearnedly.
INDO'CTO, adj. unlearned.
I'NDOLE, ſ. f. diſpoſition, genius, natural propenſity.
INDOLE'NCIA, ſ. f. indolence, careleſſneſs, ſloth, feeling no pain.
INDOLE'NTE, adj. inſenſible of pain or affliction.
INDOMA'BLE, adj. untameable.
INDOMABLEME'NTE, adv. untameably.
INDOMITAME'NTE, adv. untamedly, fiercely.
INDO'MITO, adj. untamed, fierce, wild.
INDOMESTICA'BLE, adj. that cannot be tamed.
INDOME'STICO, adj. fierce, intractable, untamed.
INDOTACIO'N, ſ. f. want of dowry or portion.
INDO'TO, adj. vide *INDO'CTO*.
INDUBITA'BLE, adj. not to be doubted of, undoubted.
INDUBITABLEME'NTE, adv. undoubtedly.
INDUBITADAME'NTE, adv. idem.
INDUBITA'DO, adj. manifeſt, clear, undoubted, evident.
INDUCCIO'N, ſ. f. induction, perſuaſion.
INDU'CIA, ſ. f. obſ. a truce.
INDUCIDO'R, ſ. m. f. he that induces, or perſuades.
INDUCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. inducement, perſuaſion.

INDUCI'R, v. n. to induce, to perſuade, to prevail upon.
INDUCTI'VO, adj. that has the power to perſuade, or induce.
INDULGE'NCIA, ſ. f. indulgence, pardon.
INDULGE'NTE, adj. indulgent, favourable.
INDULGENTEME'NTE, adv. indulgently.
INDULTA'R, v. a. to pardon.
INDU'LTO, p. p. ſuffered, pardoned.
Indúlto, ſ. m. pardon granted by a ſuperior; a grant; a duty or impoſt.
INDUME'NTO, ſ. m. garment, veſture, apparel, attire.
INDU'STRIA, ſ. f. induſtry.
Hacér úna cóſa de induſtria, to do a thing on purpoſe or deſignedly.
INDUSTRIA'L, adj. belonging to in duſtry.
INDUSTRIA'R, v. a. to inſtruct.
INDUSTRIOSAME'NTE, adv. induſtriously.
INDUSTRIO'SO, adj. induſtrious, diligent, laborious; alſo ingenious.

I N E

INEBRIA'R, v. a. to intoxicate, to make drunk.
Inebriárſe, v. r. to grow drunk, to be intoxicated; alſo to be affected by any violent commotion of the mind.
INE'DIA, ſ. f. hunger, lack of meat.
INEFABILIDA'D, ſ. f. what cannot be expreſſed, ineffability, unſpeakableneſs.
INEFA'BLE, adj. ineffable, unſpeakable.
INEFABLEME'NTE, adv. ineffably, unſpeakably.
INEFICA'CIA, ſ. f. inefficacy, want of power.
INEFICA'Z, adj. wanting efficacy, of no force, or ſtrength.
INEGUALDA'D, ſ. f. inequality.
INENARRA'BLE, adj. not to be related.
INE'PCIA, ſ. f. unaptneſs, folly, impertinence.
INEPTAME'NTE, adv. unaptly, foolishly, impertinently.
INEPTITU'D, ſ. f. unaptneſs.
INE'PTO, adj. unapt, foolish, impertinent.
INE'RCIA, ſ. f. ſloth, idleneſs.
INE'RME, adj. unarmed.
INERRA'NTE, adj. fixed, immoveable.
INE'RTE, adj. ignorant, wanting art, or skill; alſo ſlothful, dull, ſpiritleſs.
INESCRUTA'BLE, *INESCUDRIÑA'BLE*, } adj. unſearchable, paſt finding out.
INESPERADAME'NTE, adv. unexpectedly.
INESPERA'DO, adj. unexpected.
INESTIMABILIDA'D, ſ. f. any thing that cannot be eſteemed.
INESTIMA'BLE, adj. inеſtimable, too valuable to be rated, tranſcending all price.
INEVITA'BLE, adj. inevitable; not to be ſhunned.
INEVITABLEME'NTE, adv. inevitably.
INEXCUSA'BLE, adj. inexcuſable, not to be excuſed; alſo neceſſary, needful.
INEXCUSABLEME'NTE, adv. inexcuſably; alſo neceſſarily, indiſpenſably.
INEXHA'USTO, adj. not exhauſted, or not to be exhauſted.
INEXISTE'NCIA, ſ. f. the exiſtence of one thing which is united with another thing.
INEXISTE'NTE, adj. that exiſts united with another.
INEXORA'BLE, adj. inexorable, not to be won by prayer or intreaty.
INEXPE'RTO, adj. unexperienced.
INEXPIA'BLE, adj. that cannot be expiated, ſatisfied or pardoned.
INEXPLICA'BLE, adj. not to be explicated, or explained.
INEXPUGNA'BLE, adj. impregnable.
INEXTINGUI'BLE, adj. unquenchable.
INEXTRICA'BLE, adj. that cannot be extricated, cleared, or diſengaged.

I N F

INFACU'NDO, adj. not eloquent, rude of ſpeech.
INFALIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. infallibility.
INFALI'BLE, adj. infallible, certain, incapable of miſtake.
INFALIBLEME'NTE, adv. infallibly; certainly.
IMFAMACIO'N, ſ. f. defamation, abuſe of any one's character.
INFAMADO'R, ſ. m. a defamer.
INFAMA'R, v. a. to defame, to cenſure publicly.
INFAMATI'VO, adj. that can defame or detract.
INFAMATO'RIO, adj. defaming.
INFA'ME, adj. infamous.
INFAMEME'NTE, adv. infamouſly.
INFA'MIA, ſ. f. infamy.
INFA'NCIA, ſ. f. infancy.
INFANCI'NO, ſ. m. oil of green olives.
INFA'NDO, adj. ſo wicked, villainous, or profane, as not fit to be ſpoken.
INFA'NTA, ſ. f. a king's daughter; they are called *infantas*, except the eldeſt, if ſhe be heireſs, who is called *princéſa*, princeſs.
INFANTA'DO, *INFANTA'ZGO*, } ſ. m. the title and dignity of an *infante* or *infanta*.
INFA'NTE, ſ. m. the title by which all the king's ſons are called, except the eldeſt, who is called *príncipe*, prince. It alſo ſignifies a foot-ſoldier, and formerly a child.
INFANTERI'A, ſ. f. the infantry, the foot of an army.
INFANTICI'DA, ſ. m. one who kills infants.
INFANTICI'DIO, ſ. m. the murder of infants.
INFANZO'N, ſ. m. obſ. a man of a great eſtate, a good family, and lord of manors.
INFANZONA'DO, adj. belonging to *infanzón*.

INFATIGA'BLE, adv. indefatigable, not to be tired.
INFATIGABLEME'NTE, adv. indefatigably.
INFATUA'R, v. n. to grow foolish, ſimple.
INFAUSTAME'NTE, adv. unhappily.
INFA'USTO, unfortunate, unhappy.
INFECCIO'N, ſ. f. infection, contagion, miſchief by communication.
INFECTA'R, v. a. to infect.
INFE'CTO, adj. infected.
INFECUNDIDA'D, ſ. f. unfruitfulneſs.
INFECU'NDO, adj. unfruitful.
INFELI'CE, adj. unhappy.
INFELICIDA'D, ſ. f. unhappineſs.
INFELI'Z, adj. unhappy, infortunate.
INFELIZME'NTE, adv. unhappily.
INFERE'NCIA, ſ. f. inference, conſequence.
INFERIO'R, adj. inferior, lower, meaner.
INFERIORIDA'D, ſ. f. inferiority.
INFERIORME'NTE, adv. inferiorly.
INFERI'R, v. a. to infer, to reduce a conſequence.
INFERNA'CULO, ſ. m. a play among children, ſo called.
INFERNA'DO, adj. made hellish.
INFERNA'L, adj. infernal, hellish.
INFERNA'R, v. a. to caſt in hell.
INFESTACIO'N, ſ. f. infeſting, annoying.
INFESTA'R, v. a. to infeſt, to annoy.
INFE'STO, adj. offenſive, troubleſome, annoying, hoſtile.
INFIBULACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſewing or binding up a wound. Uſed by ſurgeons.
INFICIO'N, ſ. f. infection.
INFICIONA'R, v. a. to infect.
INFIDELIDA'D, ſ. f. infidelity.
INFIE'L, adj. unfaithful, infidel,
INFIELME'NTE, adv. unfaithfully.
INFIE'RNO, ſ. m. hell. In religious houſes, where they do not eat fleſh they call the chamber where ſervants or ſtrangers eat it *infierno*.
Infierno, ſ. m. grave, ſepulchre.
I'NFIMO, adj. loweſt, meaneſt, baſeſt.
INFINIDA'D, ſ. f. infinity, vaſt number or quantity.
INFINITAME'NTE, adv. infinitely.
INFINITI'VO, ſ. m. the infinitive mood among grammarians.
INFINI'TO, adv. infinitely.
Infinito, adj. infinite, without bounds, unmeaſurable, numberleſs.
INFI'NTA, ſ. f. obſ. a feint.
INFINTOSAME'NTE, adv. obſ. with diſſimulation.
INFINTO'SO, adj. obſ. feigning, not acting truly.
INFIRMA'R, v. a. to weaken, to enfeeble, to leſſen an opinion of.
INFLACIO'N, ſ. f. ſwelling, puffing up.
INFLAMA'BLE, adj. that may be inflamed.
INFLAMACIO'N, ſ. f. inflammation.
INFLAMA'R, v. a. to inflame, to ſet on fire; to kindle deſire, to fire with paſſion.
INFLA'R, v. a. to blow up, to fill with wind; to puff up with pride.
INFLEXIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. inflexibility, ſtiffneſs, obſtinacy.
INFLEXI'BLE, adj. inflexible, that will not bow.
INFLEXIO'N, ſ. f. the act of bending or turning; alſo the modulation of the voice; in grammar, the variation of a noun or verb.
INFLUE'NCIA, ſ. f. influence, perſuaſion, power of directing.
INFLUI'R, v. a. to have an influence.
INFLU'XO, ſ. m. influence.
INFORMACIO'N, ſ. f. information, intelligence given, inſtruction; alſo ſtrict examination.
INFORMA'NTE, ſ. m. the informant, the deponent, he that gives an information.
INFORMA'R, v. a. to to inform; alſo to inſtruct, to acquaint.
INFO'RME, ſ. m. deformed, monſtrous, mishapen.
INFORMIDA'D, ſ. f. deformity.
INFORTU'NA, ſ. f. misfortune.
INFORTUNADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately.
INFORTUNA'DO, adj. unfortunate.
INFORTU'NIO, ſ. m. misfortune.
INFOSU'RA, ſ. f. repletion, ſurfeit, ſpeaking of beaſts.
INFRACCIO'N, ſ. f. a breaking any thing, breach, violation.
INFRACTO'R, ſ. m. infringer.
INFRASCRIPTO, adj. that is written beneath.
INFRUCCIO'N, ſ. f. the rent which is paid to the lord of the manor.
INFRUCTI'FERO, adj. unfruitful.
INFRUCTUOSAME'NTE, adv. unfruitfully.
INFRUCTUO'SO, adj. unfruitful.
I'NFULAS, ſ. f. pl. an epiſcopal mitre, or a kind of covering for for the head, which bishops and abbots of the Roman church wear on ſolemn occaſions.
INFUNDI'R, v. a. to infuſe, to pour in; alſo to inſpire into or with.
INFUSIO'N, ſ. f. infuſion.
INFU'SO, adj. infuſed.

I N G

INGENERA'BLE, adj. that cannot be generated.
INGENIA'R, v. a. to contrive, to deſign, to invent, to play the engineer.
Ingeniárſe, v. a. to endeavour.
INGENIE'RA, ſ. f. a trap to catch birds.
INGENIE'RO, ſ. m. an engineer.
INGE'NIO, ſ. m. wit, ingenuity,

nuity; any manner of engine or invention, to perform that with eaſe, which before was dificult. *Ingenio de azúcar*, a ſugar-work; the mill and other neceſſaries to get it from the cane.

INGENIOSAME'NTE, adv. ingeniouſly, wittily.

INGENIOSIDA'D, ſ. f. ingenuity.

INGENIO'SO, adj. ingenious, witty.

INGE'NITO, adj. unbegotten.

INGE'NTE, adj. vaſt, large, big.

INGENUAME'NTE, adv. ingenuouſly.

INGENUIDA'D, ſ. f. ingenuity; in law, natural liberty.

INGE'NUO, adj. real, ſincere, ingenuous; in law, naturally free.

INGERI'R, v. a. vide *INXERI'R*.

INGERI'RSE, v. r. to intrude, to thruſt one's ſelf in.

INGLE, ſ. f. the groin.

INGLE'TE, ſ. m. a diagonal line.

INGLOSSA'BLE, adj. that cannot be gloſſed or commented on.

INGOBERNA'BLE, adj. ungovernable.

INGRATAME'NTE, adv. ungratefully.

INGRATITU'D, ſ. f. ingratitude.

INGRA'TO, adj. ungrateful.

INGREDIE'NTE, ſ. m. an ingredient.

INGRE'SSO, ſ. m. entering or going in, entrance.

INGUINA'RIO, adj. of, or belonging to the groin.

INGUSTA'BLE, adj. that has no taſte.

I N H

INHA'BIL, adj. unapt, unfit, uncapable, unhandy.

INHABILIDA'D, ſ. f. inability, unhandineſs, incapacity, unhandineſs.

INHABILITACIO'N, ſ. f. rendering unfit or incapable.

INHABILITA'R, v. a. to diſable, to render unfit or uncapable.

INHABITA'BLE, adv. not to be inhabited.

INHABITA'DO, adj. not inhabited.

INHERE'NCIA, ſ. f. the intimate reception of the accident into the ſubſtance.

INHE'RENTE, adj. inherent.

INHIBICIO'N, ſ. f. inhibition, prohibition.

INHIBI'R, v. a. to forbid, to prohibit; to inhibit.

INHIBITO'RIO, adj. forbidden, vith-held, ſtopped, ſtayed.

INHIE'STO, adj. raiſed, reared up, ſtanding upright, ſet up an end.

INHONESTAME'NTE, adv. baſely, vilely, diſhoneſtly, immodeſtly, indecently.

INHONE'STO, adj. baſe, vile, diſhoneſt, immodeſt, indecent.

INHOSPITA'BLE, adj. inhoſpitable, harbourleſs, deſert.

INHOSPITA'L, adj. inhoſpitable.

INHOSPITALIDA'D, ſ. f. inhoſpitality, rudeneſs to ſtrangers, giving no entertainment.

INHUMANAME'NTE, adv. inhumanly, barbarouſly.

INHUMANIDA'D, ſ. f. inhumanity, barbarity.

INHUMA'NO, adj. inhuman, barbarous, cruel.

I N I

INICIA'L, adj. initial, beginning.

INICIA'R, v. a. to initiate.

INIMICI'CIA, ſ. f. enmity.

INIMITA'BLE, adj. that cannot be imitated.

ININTELLIGI'BLE, adj. unintelligible.

INIQUAME'NTE, adv. wickedly.

INIQUIDA'D, ſ. f. iniquity wickedneſs.

INI'QUO, adj. wicked, unrighteous.

I N J

INJU'RIA, ſ. f. injury, wrong; reproach, ill language.

INJURIADO'R, ſ. m. one that injures, wrongs, or reproaches.

INJURIA'R, v. a. to injure, to wrong, to reproach.

INJURIOSAME'NTE, adv. injuriouſly, wrongfully, reproachfully.

INJURIO'SO, adj. injurious, wrongful, reproachful.

INJUSTAME'NTE, adv. unjuſtly

INJUSTI'CIA, ſ. f. injuſtice.

INJU'STO, adj. unjuſt.

I N L

INLEGI'BLE, adj. that cannot be read.

I N N

INNACI'BLE, adj. that cannot be borne.

INNA'TO, adj. innate, unborn.

INNAVEGA'BLE, adj. that cannot be ſailed on, innavigable.

INNE'GABLE, adj. that cannot be denied.

INNO'BLE, adj. not noble.

INNOCE'NCIA, ſ. f. innocence.

INNOCE'NTE, adj. innocent.

INNOCENTEME'NTE, adv. innocently.

INNOMINA'DO, adj. that is not to be named.

INNO'TO, adj. not known.

INNOVACIO'N, ſ. f. innovation.

INNOVADO'R, ſ. m. innovator.

INNOVA'R, v. a. to innovate.

INNUMERA'BLE, adj. that cannot be numbered, innumerable.

INNU'PTO, adj. unmarried.

I N O

INOBEDIE'NCIA, ſ. f. diſobedience.

INOBEDIE'NTE, adj. diſobedient.

INOBSERVA'NCIA, ſ. f. the want of obſervation, inadvertency.

INOBSERVA'NTE, adj. not obſervant.

INOCE'NCIA, ſ. f. innocence.

INOCE'NTE, adj. innocent, guilt-

less, harmless; also an infant, a fool.
INOCENTEME'NTE, adv. innocently.
INOFFICIO'SO, adj. bequeathing more than the effects amount to; said of a will.
I'NOPE, adj. poor.
INO'PIA, s. f. scarcity, want, poverty.
INOPINA'BLE, adj. unexpected, unawares, sudden; also that is not admitted as an opinion.
INOPINADAME'NTE, adv. unexpectedly.
INOPINA'DO, adj. unexpected, not thought of.
INORDENA'DO, adj. without order.
INO'RME, adj. vide *ENO'RME*.
INORMEME'NTE, adv. heinously.

I N Q

INQUIETACI'ON, s. f. uneasiness, inquietude.
INQUIETADO'R, s. m. disturber.
INQUIETAME'NTE, adv. unquietly, turbulently.
INQUIETA'R, v. a. to disquiet, to disturb.
INQUIE'TO, adj. unquiet, restless, turbulent.
INQUIETU'D, s. f. unquietness, restlessness.
INQUILI'NO, s. m. a tenant of a house; one who is in possession of any thing in the name of another.
INQUI'NA, s. f. corruption.
INQUIRIDO'R, s. m. an inquirer.
INQUIRI'R, v. a. to enquire.
INQUISICIO'N, s. f. inquisition, search, inquiry.
Hacér inquisicion, to burn useless papers or any other thing.
INQUISIDO'R, s. m. an inquisitor, one that has an employment in the inquisition.
Inquisidór general, s. m. the inquisitor-general.
INQUISITIVO, adj. inquisitive, searching, enquiring, active to pry into any thing.

I N S

INSACIABILIDA'D, s. f. unsatiableness.
INSACIA'BLE, adj. insatiable.
INSACIABLEME'NTE, adv. insatiably.
INSANABLE, adj. that cannot be cured, incurable, irremediable.
INSA'NIA, s. f. madness.
INSA'NO, adj. mad.
INSCRIBI'R, v. a. to inscribe, to write upon; also to enroll, to register.
INSCRIPTIO'N, s. f. inscription, tittle written upon any thing; register.
INSCRI'PTO, adj. inscribed writ upon; registered, enrolled.
INSCULPI'R, v. a. to engrave.
INSECA'BLE, adj. that cannot be dried or drained.
INSECCIO'N, s. f. incision.
INSE'CTO, s. m. an insect.
INSENSA'TO, adj. senseless.
INSENSIBILIDA'D, s. f. insensibility.
INSENSI'BLE, adj. insensible.
INSENSIBLEME'NTE, adv. insensibly.
INSEPARA'BLE, adj. inseparable.
INSEPARABLEME'NTE, adv. inseparably.
INSEPU'LTO, adj. unburied.
INSERCIO'N, s. f. insertion.
INSERI'R, v. a. to insert, to ingraft.
INSERTA'R, v. a. to insert, to ingraft.
INSE'RTO, adj. inserted.
INSI'DIA, s. f. snare.
INSIDIA'R, v. n. to lay snares
INSIDIOSAME'NTE, adv. treacherously, craftily, deceitfully.
INSIDIO'SO, adj. full of wiles, deceit, crafty, subtle.
INSIGNE, adj. notable, famous, renowned.
INSIGNEME'NTE, adv. famously.
INSIGNIA, s. f. sign, token, mark of honour; colours among soldiers; coats of arms among gentry; the robes or other distinctions of honour among magistrates.
INSIMULA'R, v. a. to accuse of a crime.
INSINUACIO'N, s. f. insinuation.
INSINUA'R, v. a. to insinuate.
Insinuárse, v. r. to insinuate one's self into.
INSIPIDE'Z, s. f. want of relish.
INSI'PIDO, adj. insipid, unsavoury, without relish, foolish, void of sense.
INSIPIE'NCIA, s. f. ignorance, folly.
INSIPIE'NTE, adj. foolish.
INSISTE'NCIA, s. f. earnestness, urgency, importunity.
INSISTI'R, v. n. to insist, to urge a matter, to stick to a thing, to press it home, to stand upon it.
INSOCIA'BLE, adj. unsociable.
INSOLA'R, v. a. to insolate, to dry in the sun, to expose to the action of the sun.
INSOLDA'BLE, adj. that cannot be cemented, not to be soldered.
INSOLE'NCIA, s. f. insolence, impudence, petulancy, contempt.
INSOLE'NTE, adj. insolent.
INSOLENTEME'NTE, adv. insolently.
INSO'LIDUM, adv. wholly, entirely.
INSO'LITO, adj. unusual.
INSOLU'BLE, adj. that cannot pay, insolvent; also insoluble, not to be resolved or separated.
INSOLVE'NTE, adj. insolvent.
INSO'MNE, adj. that cannot sleep.
INSONDA'BLE, adj. that cannot be fathomed or sounded.
INSONO'RO, adj. untuneable.
INSOPORTA'BLE, adj. insupportable, not to be borne.
INSPECCIO'N, s. f. inspection, looking out.
INSPECTO'R, s. m. inspector.
INSPIRACION, s. f. inspiration.
INSPIRADO'R, s. m. who inspires.
INSPIRA'R, v. a. to inspire.

INSTABILIDA'D, ſ. f. inſtability, unſteadineſs.
INSTA'BLE, adj. unſtable, unſteady.
INSTALACIO'N, ſ. f. inſtalment, inſtallation.
INSTALA'R, v. a. to inſtal.
INSTA'NCIA, ſ. f. inſtance, earneſtneſs, preſſing, urging; alſo proſecution, proceſs of a ſuit; alſo a preſſing argument.
Primera inſtancia, the firſt hearing of a cauſe.
INSTANTANEAME'NTE, adv. inſtantaneouſly, momentally.
INSTANTA'NEO, adj. inſtantaneous, momentary.
INSTA'NTE, ſ. adj. inſtant, preſſing, urging; alſo an inſtant, a moment.
INSTANTEME'NTE, adv. preſſingly.
INSTA'R, v. a. to inſiſt, to preſs, to urge.
INSTAURACI'ON, ſ. f. inſtauration, renewing, repairing.
INSTAURA'R, v. a. to renew, to repair.
INSTAURATI'VO, adj. that may be eſtabliſhed or renewed.
INSTIGACI'ON, ſ. f. inſtigation.
INSTIGADO'R, ſ. m. one who inſtigates or prompts on.
INSTIGA'R, v. a. to inſtigate, to ſet on.
INSTILACIO'N, ſ. f. inſtilling.
INSTILA'R, v. a. to put or pour in by little and little, to inſtil drop by drop; alſo to inſinuate any thing imperceptibly into the mind.
INSTI'NTO, ſ. m. natural inſtinct, deſire or averſion; alſo impulſion, inſtigation, incitement.
INSTITO'R, ſ. m. a merchant's factor, the foreman of a ſhip.
INSTITUCIO'N, ſ. f. inſtitution, inſtruction; alſo a decree, an ordinance.
INSTITUIDO'R, ſ. m. one who inſtitudes or eſtabliſhes.
INSTITUI'R, v. a. to inſtitute, to inſtruct, to decree, to ordain.
INSTITU'TO, ſ. m. inſtitute, decree, ordinance.
Inſtituto, adj. inſtituted, decreed, ordained.
INSTRIDE'NTE, adj. preſſing together.
INSTRUCCIO'N, ſ. f. inſtruction. In architecture, the middle part of the work.
INSTRU'CTO, adj. inſtructed.
INSTRUCTO'R, ſ. m. inſtructor.
INSTRUIDO'R, ſ. m. inſtructor, teacher.
INSTRUI'R, v. a. to inſtruct.
INSTRUMENTA'L, adj. inſtrumental.
INSTRUMENTALME'NTE, adv. inſtrumentally.
INSTRUME'NTO, ſ. m. inſtrument, tool; authentic writing.
INSUA'VE, adj. unpleaſant.
INSUBSISTE'NTE, adj. that cannot ſubſiſt or endure.
INSUDA'R, v. n. to ſweat at a thing.
INSUFICIE'NCIA, ſ. f. inſufficiency defect.
INSUFICIE'NTE, adj. inſufficient.
INSUFRI'BLE, adj. inſufferable.
INSUFRIDE'RO, adj. idem.
INSUFRI'DO, adj. impatient, that will not ſuffer any thing.
I'NSULA, ſ. f. an iſland.
INSULA'NO, ſ. m. an iſlander.
INSULA'R, adj. belonging to an iſland.
INSULI'LLA, ſ. f. a little iſland.
INSULSAME'NTE, adv. fooliſhly, dully, ſtupidly.
INSU'LSO, adj. inſipid, dull, void of wit.
INSULTA'R, v. a. to inſult.
INSU'LTO, ſ. m. inſult, villainous act, offence, wrong.
INSU'ME, adj. dear, coſtly.
INSUPERA'BLE, adj. invincible.

I N T

INTA'CTO, adj. untouched.
INTEGE'RRIMO, adj. ſuperl. very ſincere, very true.
INTEGRA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the whole.
INTEGRAME'NTE, adv. intilery, wholly.
INTEGRIDA'D, ſ. f. integrity, uprightneſs; honeſty; alſo purity, entireneſs.
I'NTEGRO, adj. entire, whole; alſo righteous, upright.
INTELECCIO'N, ſ. f. the underſtanding.
INTELECTI'VO, intellective, having no power to underſtand.
INTELE'CTO, ſ. m. intellect, underſtanding.
INTELECTUA'L, adj. intellectual.
INTELECTUALIDA'D, ſ. f. the power or faculty of underſtanding.
INTELECTUALME'NTE, adv. with underſtanding.
INTELIGE'NCIA, ſ. f. intelligence, knowledge, underſtanding, skill; alſo a ſecret correſpondence or friend-ſhip; alſo a ſpirit, an unbodied mind.
INTELIGE'NTE, adj. intelligent, underſtanding, knowing.
INTELIGI'BLE, adj. intelligible, that may be underſtood.
INTEMPERA'NCIA, ſ. f. intemperance.
INTEMPE'RIE, ſ. f. intemperature, exceſs of ſome quality either in men or weather.
INTEMPE'STA, adj. unſeaſonable; applied by the poets to the night.
INTEMPESTIVAME'NTE, adv. unſeaſonably.
INTEMPESTI'VO, adj. that is unſeaſonable.
INTENCIO'N, ſ. f. intention, deſign, purpoſe.
Hombre de intención, a ſly man.
INTENCIONADAME'NTE, adv. deſignedly, on purpoſe with a good or bad intent.
INTENCIONA'DO, adj. that has a deſign or intention.
Bien ó mal intencionádo, that has a good or ill intention.
INTENCIONA'L, adj. that belongs to the intention or deſign.
INTENCIONALME'NTE, adv. with deſign, on purpoſe.
INTENDE'NCIA, ſ. f. care, adminiſtration; alſo the charge of an intendant.
INTENDE'NTE, ſ. m. ſteward, ſuperintendant; an intendant, an

officer of the higheſt claſs, who overſees any particular branch of the public buſineſs.

INTENSAME'NTE, adv. intenſely, efficaciouſly.

INTENSIO'N, ſ. f. a ſtraining, or ſtretching; alſo activity, ardour, efficacy.

INTENSIVO, adj. intenſive, that may be intended or ſtretched out.

INTE'NSO, adj. intenſe, ſtrained, ſtretched; ſet out to the full, vehement.

INTENTA'R, v. a. to attempt, to intend, to deſign.

INTE'NTO, ſ. m. deſign, intention.

INTENTO'NA, ſ. f. a great purpoſe, ſcheme, or deſign.

INTERCADE'NCIA, ſ. f. the intermiſſion or unequal beating of the pulſe.

INTERCADE'NTE, adj. changeable, various, intermitting.

INTERCAIACIO'N, ſ. f. clapping between.

INTERCAIA'R, v. a. to inſert, to clap between.

Intercalár, adj. that is added, put be tween.

INTERCEDE'R, v. n. to intercede, to pray for another.

INTERCEPTA'R, v. a. to intercept.

INTERCESSIO'N, ſ. f. interceſſion.

INTERCESSO'R, ſ. m. interceſſor.

INTERCESSO'RIAMENTE, adv. with interceſſion.

INTERCESSO'RIO, adj. that intercedes or prays for another.

INTERCOLU'MNIO, ſ. m. the ſpace between columns or pillars.

INTERCOSTA'L, adj. that belongs to the part between the ribs.

INTERCUTA'NEO, adj. that is between the skin and flesh.

INTERDECI'R, v. a. to forbid, to interdict.

INTERDICCIO'N, ſ. f. prohibition, ſerbiddance.

INTERE'S, ſ. m. intereſt, profit, advantage; alſo the value of any thing.

INTERESSA'BLE, adj. profitable; that ſeeks his intereſt.

INTERESSA'DO, adj. that has an intereſt or share in a thing; that ſeeks his intereſt.

INTERESSA'L adj. that yields an intereſt or profit; that does all for his intereſt.

INTERESSA'R, v. n. to intereſt, to gain a part or intereſt in a thing.

Intereſſarſe en una coſa, to concern or intereſt one's ſelf in a thing.

INTERE'SSE, ſ. m. vide *INTERE'S*.

I'NTERIN, adv. mean while.

INTERINA'RIO, adj. that has a charge in commendam.

INTERI'NO, adj. idem.

INTERIO'R, adj. inward.

INTERIORIDA'D, ſ. f. inwardneſs.

INTERIORME'NTE, adv. inwardly.

INTERLINEA'L, adj. interlineal.

INTERLOCUCI'ON, ſ. f. interlocution, interpoſition of ſpeech.

INTERLOCUTO'R, ſ. m. interlocutor.

INTERLOCUTO'RIO, adj. that is inſerted or clapped between.

Interlocutória ſententia, a judge's opinion by the bye, not pronounced as judgment upon the bench.

Interlocutório auto, an appeal.

INTERLU'NIO, ſ. m. the time when the moon is inviſible.

INTERME'DIO, ſ. m. the ſpace between.

INTERMINA'BLE, adj. that cannot be done or finished.

INTERMISSI'ON, ſ. f. intermiſſion, intervenient time.

INTERMITE'NCIA, ſ. f. diſcontinuation of the fever for a while.

INTERMITE'NTE, adj. intermittent, diſcontinuing for a while.

INTERMITI'R, v. a. to intermit, to diſcontinue, to ceaſe at times, to interrupt.

INTERNA'L, adj. internal, inward.

INTERNAME'NTE, adv. inwardly.

INTERNA'R, v. n. to penetrate inwardly.

INTERNECIO'N, ſ. f. obſ. a great ſlaughter, a carnage.

INTE'RNO, adj. inward.

INTERNO'DIO, ſ. m. the ſpace between two joints.

INTERNU'NCIO, ſ. m. a meſſenger between parties.

INTERPELACIO'N, ſ. f. ſummoning, calling upon.

INTERPELA'R, v. a. to ſummon, to call upon.

INTERPRE'SA, ſ. f. furprize; act of taking any thing unawares.

INTERPOLACIO'N, ſ. f. new dreſſing.

INTERPOLA'R, v. a. to intermix.

INTERPONE'R, v. a. to interpoſe, to fer between.

INTERPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. interpoſition, placing between.

INTERPRENDE'R, v. a. to ſurpriſe, to take unawares.

INTERPRETACIO'N, ſ. f. interpretation, expoſition.

INTERPRETA'R, v. a. to interpret, to explain, to tranſlate, to decypher, to give a ſolution.

INTERPRETATI'VO, adj. that can be interpreted.

INTE'RPRETE, ſ. m. interpreter, expounder, one that explains difficult matters, or puts them out of one language into another; a tranſlator.

INTERPUE'STO, p. p. interpoſed, placed between.

INTERRE'GNO, ſ. m. an interregnum, the ſpace between two reigns, when kings do not immediately ſucceed one another, but the throne is ſome time vacant.

INTERROGACIO'N, ſ. f. interrogatory, queſtion; the note of interrogation.

INTERROGA'NTE, ſ. m. he who puts the queſtions or interrogates; alſo the mark in writing that shows the asking of a queſtion.

INTERROGA'R, v. a. to interrogate, to queſtion.

INTERROGATIVO, adj. interrogative, denoting a queſtion.

INTERROGATO'RIO, ſ. m. an interrogatory or queſtion.
Interrogatório, adj. of, or belonging to interrogation.
INTERROMPE'R, v. a. to interrupt.
INTERRUMPIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. interruption.
INTERRUMPI'R, v. a. to interrupt.
Interrumpir la poſſeſſion, to put by the poſſeſſion.
INTERRUPCIO'N, ſ. f. interruption.
INTERRU'PTO, p. p. interrupted.
INTERSECCIO'N, ſ. interſection of two lines in a point.
INTERSTI'CIO, ſ. m. diſtance or ſpace between; time between one act and another.
INTERVA'LO, ſ. m. interval, diſtance, ſpace, pauſe in muſic.
INTERVENCI'ON, ſ. f. intervention, coming between.
INTERVENI'R, v. n. to intervene, to come between, to mediate between two perſons.
INTERVENIE'NTE, adj. intervening, that comes between.
INTESTA'DO, adj. inteſtate, without leaving a will.
INTESTINA'L, adj. inteſtine, belonging to the inward parts.
INTESTI'NO, adj. inteſtine, inward; ſubſt. uſed, entrail, bowel.
Guérra inteſtina, an inteſtine or civil war.
Inteſtinos, ſ. m. pl. the bowels.
INTI'MA, ſ. f. intimation.
INTIMACIO'N, ſ. f. intimation, notification.
INTIMAME'NTE, adv. inwardly, affectionately, from the heart.
INTIMA'R, v. a. to intimate, to notify.
Intimárſe, v. r. to inſinuate one's ſelf into the affection of another.
INTIMIDA'D, ſ. f. intimacy.
INTIMIDA'R, v. a. to make afraid.
INTIMO, adj. intimate, inward, affectionate, fixed in the heart; alſo an intimate, a particular friend.
INTITULA'R, v. a. to intitle.
INTITULA'TA, ſ. f. title, inſcription.
INTOLERA'BLE, adj. intolerable, inſufferable.
INTOLERA'NCIA, ſ. f. impatience.
INTO'NSO, adj. unſhaved; alſo ignorant, foolish, unpolished.
INTRANSITA'BLE, adj. impaſſable.
INTRATA'BLE, adj. intractable.
INTREPIDAME'NTE, adv. undauntedly.
INTREPIDE'Z, ſ. f. intrepidity, fortitude, magnanimity, bravery.
INTRE'PIDO, adj. undaunted.
INTRINCADAME'NTE, adv. intricately.
INTRINCA'R, v. a. to intangle, to perplex, to fill full of difficulties.
INTRINSECAME'NTE, adv. inwardly.
INTRI'NSECO, adj. inward; alſo familiar; alſo a reſerved perſon.
INTRODUCCIO'N, ſ. f. an introduction; alſo an innovation.
INTRODUCIDO'R, ſ. m. who introduces.
INTRODUCI'R, v. a. to introduce.
INTRODUCTOR, ſ. m. he who introduces.
INTRO'ITO, ſ. m. the introit or beginning of the maſs; alſo the introduction or prologue.
INTRUSIO'N, ſ. f. intruſion.
INTRU'SO, adj. intruded.
INTRUICIO'N, ſ. f. a beholding or looking upon; a view; the clear knowledge of any thing.
INTUITIVAME'NTE, adv. clearly, manifeſtly.
INTUITIVO, adj. that belongs to the clear knowledge of a thing.

I N U

INU'LTO, adj. unrevenged.
INUNDACIO'N, ſ. f. inundation, overflow.
INUNDA'NCIA, ſ. f. obſ. overflow.
INUNDA'R, v. a. to overflow.
INURBANIDA'D, ſ. f. uncivility, clownishneſs, ruſticity.
INURBA'NO, adj. uncourteous, uncivil, ruſtick, clownish.
INUSITADAME'NTE, adv. againſt cuſtom.
INUSITA'DO, adj. not uſed.
INU'TIL, adj. unprofitable, uſeleſs.
INUTILIDA'D, ſ. f. unprofitableneſs.
INUTILIZA'R, v. a. to render uſeleſs and unprofitable.
INUTILME'NTE, adv. unprofitably.

I N V

INVADEA'BLE, adj. that cannot be waded or forded over.
INVADI'R, v. a. to invade.
INVALIDACIO'N, ſ. f. invalidity, want of ſtrength or force.
INVALIDAME'NTE, adv. of no force.
INVALIDA'R, v. a. to invalidate, or weaken the force or power.
INVA'LIDO, adj. invalid, of no force.
INVARIA'BLE, adj. invariable; unalterable, unchangeable.
INVARIABLEME'NTE, adv. unalterably.
INVARIACIO'N, ſ. f. firmneſs, unchangeableneſs.
INVARIADAME'NTE, adv. without any change.
INVARIA'DO, adj. unchangeable.
INVASIO'N, ſ. f. an invaſion.
INVASO'R; ſ. m. an invader.
INVECTI'VA, ſ. f. an invective.
INVENCIBLE, adj. invincible.
INVENCIBLEME'NTE, adv. invincibly.
INVENCIO'N, ſ. f. invention, device, contrivance; alſo a lie.

Invención de la cruz, the feaſt of the Invention or finding of the Holy Croſs.
INVENCIONE'RO, ſ. m. an inventor; alſo a liar.
INVENDI'BLE, adj. that cannot be ſold.
INVENTA'R, v. a. to invent, to deviſe, to find out.
INVENTARIA'R, v. a. to make an inventory of goods.
INVENTA'RIO, ſ. m. an inventory of goods.
INVENTI'VO, adj. that may be invented.
INVE'NTO, ſ. m. invention, the finding out of any thing new.
INVENTO'R, ſ. m. inventor, contriver, framer.
INVERECU'NDO, adj. immodeſt ſhameleſs.
INVERISI'MIL, that has not the appearance of truth.
INVERISIMILITU'D, ſ. f. the want appearance of truth.
INVERNA'DA, ſ. f. the winter-ſeaſon.
INVERNADE'RO, ſ. m. a wintering-place.
INVERNA'R, v. n. to winter.
INVERNIE'GO, *INVERNIZO*, { adj. that has the qualities of winter.
INVEROSI'MIL, adj. vide *INVERISI'MIL*.
INVERSIO'N, ſ. f. an inverſion.
INVE'RSO, p. p. of *invertir*.
INVERTI'R, v. a. to invert.
INVESTI'DO, adj. inveſted, as a town that is to be beſieged, for inveſted of a dignity; alſo attacked, ſet or fallen upon.
INVESTIDU'RA, ſ. f. the inveſtiture of a dignity.
INVESTIGA'BLE, adj. unſearchable.
INVESTIGACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſearch.
INVESTIGADO'R, ſ. m. a ſearcher.
INVESTIGA'R, v. a. to ſearch, to look out, to ſeek into.
INVESTIGATIVA, ſ. f. the power of inveſtigation.
INVESTI'R, v. a. to inveſt a town, to fall upon.
INVETERADAME'NTE, adv. inveterately.
INVETERA'DO, adj. inveterate, grown old in wickedneſs.
INVETERA'RSE, v. n. to grow old in wickedneſs.
INVIA'R, v. a. to ſend.
INVI'CTO, adj. unconquered.
INVI'DIA, ſ. f. envy.
INVIDIA'R, v. a. to envy.
INVIDIO'SO, adj. envious.
INVIE'RNO, ſ. m. winter.
INVIGILA'R, v. a. to wach diligently.
INVINCI'BLE, adj. invincible.
INVINCIBLEME'NTE, adv. invincibly.
INVIOLA'BLE, adj. inviolable.
INVIOLABLEME'NTE, adv. inviolably.
INVIOLA'DO, adj. unviolated.
INVIRTUO'SO, adj. obſ. that wants virtue.
INVISIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. inviſibility.
En un inviſible, adv. in a moment.
INVISI'BLE, adj. inviſible.
INVISIBLEME'NTE. adv. inviſibly.
INVITATO'RIO; ſ. m. the entrance or beginning of a pſalm.
INVOCACIO'N, ſ. f. invocation, calling upon.
INVOCA'R, v. a. to invoke, to call upon.
INVOCATO'RIO, adj. that calls upon or invokes.
INVOLUNTARIAME'NTE, adv. involuntarily, without the concurrence of the will.
INVOLUNTARIEDA'D, ſ. f. a doing things contrary to the will.
INVOLUNTA'RIO, adj. not voluntary.
INVULNERA'BLE, adj. invulnerable.

I N X

INXERI'R, v. a. to graft.
INXERTA'R, v. a. idem.
INXE'RTO, p. p. of *inxertar*.
Inxerto, ſ. m. a graft.

I N Y

INYECCIO'N, ſ. f. an injection.

I P S

IPSO FACTO, adv. directly.
IPSO JU'RE, adv. with or by right, or juſtice itſelf.

I R

IR, v. n. to go.
Ir a la párte, to go a part, to be ſhares in a thing.
Irle a úna perſóna algúna cóſa, to concern.
Ir a la máno, to hinder, to obſtruct, to with-hold.
Irſe de bóca, to be lavish of one's tongue.
Irſe en la lúmbre, to boil over.
Irſe, to die.
Irſe, to leak.

I R A

IRA, ſ. f. anger, wrath.
IRACU'NDIA, ſ. f. wrath, indignation.
IRACU'NDO, adj. paſſionate, haſty, wrathful, angry, raging, furious.
IRASCE'NCIA, ſ. f. anger, wrath.
IRASCI'BLE, adj. that can be provoked to anger, iraſcible.

I R E

IRENA'RCHA, ſ. m. a judge among the ancient Romans.

I R I

IRI'NO, ſ. m. the ointment of the flower-de-lis.
I'RIS, ſ. m. the rainbow; metaph. any thing of various colours, the iris of the eye, the circle round the pupil of the eye; alſo a plant ſo called.

I R O

IRONI'A, ſ. f. irony, a figure in ſpeaking, when one means a contrary thing to what he ſays.
IRONICAME'NTE, adv. ironically.
IRO'NICO, adj. of, or belonging to irony, ironical, expreſſing one thing and meaning another.

I R R

IRRACIONA'BLE, adj. irrational, void of reaſon.
IRRACIONA'L, adj. irrational, void of reaſon.
IRRACIONALME'NTE, adv. irrationally.
IRRADIACIO'N, ſ. f. illumination.
IRRADIAR, v. n. to ſhine bright.
IRRECONCILIA'BLE, adj. irreconcilable.
IRRECUPERA'BLE, adj. irrecoverable.
IRRECUSA'BLE, adj. inexcuſable.
IRREDUCI'BLE, adj. that cannot be tamed, not to be reduced.
IRREFRAGA'BLE, adj. irreſiſtible, not to be withſtood; irrefragable, not to be confuted.
IRREFRAGABLEME'NTE, adv. irreſiſtibly, unqueſtionably.
IRREGULA'R, adj. irregular.
IRREGULARIDA'D, ſ. f. irregularity.
IRREGULARME'NTE, adv. irregularly.
IRRELIGIO'N, ſ. f. irreligion, want of religion, contempt of religion, impiety.
IRRELIGIOSAME'NTE, adv. irreligiouſly.
IRRELIGIOSIDA'D, ſ. f. want of religion.
IRRELIGIO'SO, adj. irreligious.
IRREMEDIA'BLE, adj. not to be remedied.
IRREMEDIABLEME'NTE, adv. irremediably, without cure.
IRREMISSI'BLE, adj. unpardonable.
IRREMISSIBLEME'NTE, adv. unpardonably.
IRREPARA'BLE, adj. irreparable.
IRREPARABLEME'NTE, adv. irreparably.
IRREPREHENSI'BLE, adj. unblameable.
IRRESISTI'BLE, adj. irreſiſtible.
IRRESOLU'BLE, adj. that cannot be reſolved.
IRRESOLUCIO'N, ſ. f. want of reſolution.
IRRESOLU'TO, adj. irreſolute, not determined, that wants reſolution.
IRREVERE'NCIA, ſ. f. irreverence.
IRREVERE'NTE, adj. irreverent.
IRREVOCABILIDA'D, ſ. f. any thing that cannot be recalled.
IRREVOCA'BLE, adj. irrevocable, not to be recalled.
IRREVOCABLEME'NTE, adv. irrevocable.
IRRISI'BLE, adj. ridiculous.
IRRISIO'N, ſ. f. deriſion, ſcoffing.
IRRISO'RIO, adj. ſcoffing, deriding.
IRRITA'BLE, adj. that may be irritated, or provoked.
IRRITACIO'N, ſ. f. provocation, exaſperation.
IRRITADO'R, ſ. m. provoker.
IRRITAME'NTE, adv. in vain, to no purpoſe, fruitleſs.
IRRITA'R, v. a. to irritate, to provoke; alſo to render fruitleſs, vain, or unſucceſsful.
IRRI'TO, adj. vain, fruitleſs.
IRRUPCIO'N, ſ. f. eruption, breaking out.

I S A

ISA, ſ. f. a cant word for a harlot kept by ruffians.
ISAGO'GE, ſ. f. introduction.

I S C

ISCHIO'N, ſ. m. the huckle-bone, the hip.

I S L

ISLA, ſ. f. an iſland.
ISLA'DO, adj. made an iſland or in the form of an iſland.
ISLA'N, ſ. m. a ſort of veil laced round, uſed by women.
ISLE'ÑO, ſ. m. an iſlander.
ISLE'O, ſ. m. a ſmall iſland.
ISLE'TA, *ISLI'LLA*, } ſ. f. a little iſland.
ISLO'TE, ſ. m. a great rock, or ſmall iſland in the ſea.

I S O

ISO, adv. in cant, yea, yes.
ISOGO'NO, adj. of equal angles.
ISOPRI'METRO, adj. applied to figures that have the ſame circumference with thoſe they are compared.
ISOPLE'URO, ſ. m. a rectangle triangle.
ISO'SCELES, adj. in geometry, the appellative of a particular triangle.
ISPIDA, ſ. f. a bird ſo called.

I S T

I'STHMO, ſ. m. neck of land, narrow part of a country between two ſeas.
ISTRIA'R, v. a. to flute, as columns or other works in ſtructure are: that is, hollowed with half rounds from to bottom.

I T E

I'TEM, adv. alſo, item; a word uſed when any article is added to the former.
ITERA'BLE, adj. that may be repeated or reiterated.

ITERACIO'N, ſ. f. repetition.

ITERA'R, v. n. to repeat, to reiterate.

I T I

ITINERA'RIO, ſ. m. a journal kept in travelling; an account or inſtruction to travel by, with the diſtances of places and directions how to go to them; alſo prayers for travellers.

I V A

I'VA, ſ. f. ground-pine, herb-ivy, or field-cypreſs.

I X I

I'XIA, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.

I Z A

I'ZA, interj. a term uſed by ſeamen when they are haling at a rope; in cant, a common whore.

IZA'GA, ſ. m. a place full of rushes.

IZA'R, v. a. to hoiſe; that is, to hale up any thing aboard a ſhip.

I Z Q

IZQUIE'RDA, ſ. f. the left-hand.

IZQUIERDE'AR, v. n. to degenerate.

IZQUIE'RDO, adj. left-handed,

J

J, the tenth letter of the Spanish alphabet; it is a conſonant, and gutturally aſpirated before all the vowels.

J A B

JABALI, ſ. m. a wild boar.
JABALI'NA, ſ. f. obſ. a javelin; alſo the female of a wild boar.
JABARDEA'R, v. n. to keep many bee-hives.
JABA'RDO, ſ. m. a ſmall cluſter of bees.
JABO'N, ſ. m. vide *XA'BON*.

J A C

JA'CA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *HA*.
JACERI'NA, f. f. a coat of mail.
JACI'NTO, ſ. m. a precious ſtone called a hyacinth; alſo a flower of the ſame name.
JA'CO, ſ. m. a coat of male.
JACTA'NCIA, ſ. f. boaſting, pride; vanity; haughtineſs.
JACTANCIO'SO, adj. boaſting of.
JACTA'RSE, v. r. to boaſt of.
JACULATO'RIA, ſ. f. a ſhort and ardent prayer.

J A D

JADE, ſ. m. a ſort of precious ſtone brought from America.
JADEA'R, v. n. to pant, to be out of breath.
JADE'O, ſ. m. panting.

J A E

JAECE'RO, ſ. m. a maker of furnitures for horſes, or of equipages.
JAE'N, adj. a ſort of grape.
JAE'Z, ſ. m. a furniture of a horſe, an equipage; alſo likeneſs; and in cant, cloaths.
Jaéz de cáma, furniture for a bed.
Cóſas déſte jaéz, things of this ſort.

J A H

JAHARRA'R, v. a. to plaſter a wall.
JAHA'RRO, ſ. m. plaſter.

J A L

JALBEGA'R, v. a. to whitewash with plaſter.
JALBE'GUE, ſ. f. whitewashing; the paint uſed by women.
JALDA'DO; adj. of a bright yellow colour.
JA'LDE, adj. yellow.
JALDO, adj. vide *JALDADO*.
JALDRE, ſ. m. the general colour of birds.
JALE'A, ſ. f. jelly.

J A M

JAMA'S, adv. never.
JA'MBAS, ſ. f. pl. the jambs of a door, the two poſts on the ſides of it; ſo called by artiſts.
JAMERDA'NA, f. f. the place where they throw the ordure of ſheep.
JAMERDA'R, v. n. to throw the ordure of ſheep in a place deſtined to it.
JAMO'N, ſ. m. a gammon of bacon, a ham.

J A N

JANGA'DA, ſ. f. pieces of timber in a ſhip ſo called, joined together to ſave the people in caſe of ſhip-wreck.
JANGO'MA, ſ. f. a fruit in the Eaſt Indies.
JANIPA'BA, ſ. m. a beautiful tree in Braſil.

J A Q

JA'QUE, ſ. m. check, at the game of cheſs; in cant, a ruffian, a bully.
Jaques, adj. an appellation given to ſome coins.
JAQUE'CA, ſ. f. vide *AXAQUE'CA*.
JAQUE'L, ſ. m. a checker or cheſs-board.
JAQUE'TA, ſ. f. a ſort of jacket made cloſe before, and open on the ſides.
JAQUETI'LLA, ſ. f. a little jacket.
JAQUIMA'LLA, ſ. f. a coat of mail.

J A R

JA'R, v. n. in cant, to make water.
JA'RA, ſ. f. vide *XA'RA*, an arrow, a ſhaft to ſhoot out of a croſs-bow.
JARAMA'GO, ſ. m. vide *XARAMA'GO*.
JARANDI'LLA, ſ. f. vide *XARANDI'LLA*.
JARARA'NDA, ſ. m. an odoriferous tree in Braſil.
JARA'VE, ſ. f. vide *XARA'VE*.
JA'RDIN, ſ. m. a garden; in cant, a ſhop or fair.
JARDINERI'A, ſ. f. gardening.
JARDINE'RO, ſ. m. a gardener.
JA'RES, ſ. m. pl. the ſmall guts.
JARE'TA, ſ. f. pl. vide *XARE'TA*.
JARE'TE, ſ. m. vide *XARE'TE*.
JA'RO, adj. an appellation of a boar when it reſembles a wild boar.
JARO'CHO, ſ. m. vide *XARO'CHO*.
JARO'PE, ſ. m. vide *XARO'PO*.
JA'RRA, ſ. f. a pitcher, a pot with a great belly and two handles.
JARRA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a pot.
JARREA'R, v. n. to drink often.
JARRETA'R, v. a. to hough, or hamſtring.
JARRE'TE, ſ. m. the hough, or bending of the leg under the knees; or any defect, or blemiſh.
JARRETE'RA, ſ. f. a garter, the order of the Garter.
JARRI'LLO, ſ. m. a little pot.
JA'RRO, ſ. m. a pot or pitcher.
Dar beſitos al járro, to kiſs the pot often, to drink.

Echárſe el járro a péchos, to lay the pitcher to one's mouth, and drink without meaſure.
Dar pára tripas ál járro, to give money to fetch wine.
No dar un járro de água, not to give a pitcher of water; to be ſo covetous as not to give another water.
JARRO'N, ſ. m. a great pot, or jar.
JARRONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall pot, or an urn.
JARRU'MA, ſ. f. an herb in the Weſt Indies.
JA'RZIAS, ſ. f. pl. vide *XA'RZIAS*.

J A S

JASADO'R, ſ. m. a ſacrificer, one that ſhashes meat.
JASADU'RA, ſ. f. ſacrificing, ſlashing of meat.
JASA'R, v. a. to ſacrifice, to ſlash flesh.
JASMI'N, ſ. m. vide *JAZMI'N*.
JA'SPE, ſ. m. the jaſper-ſtone.
JASPE'ADO, adj. ſpeckled, or coloured like jaſper, or adorned with jaſper-ſtone.

J A T

JATANCI'A, ſ. f. boaſting.
JATANCIO'SO, adj. given to boaſting.
JATA'R, v. a. to boaſt, to brag.

J A U

JA'ULA, ſ. f. a cage, or goal.
JAULE'RO, ſ. m. a cage-maker.
JAULI'LLA, adj. diminutive of *jaula*, a ſmall cage: alſo a kind of net-cap ſo called.
JAULO'N, ſ. m. a great cage; a goal.

J A V

JAVALE'NA, ſ. f. a boar-ſpear. Obſ.
JAVA'LI, ſ. m. a wild boar.
JAVE'GA, ſ. f. vide *XAVE'GA*.
JAVELIN, ſ. m. a wild boar.
JAVI'ES; as, *uvas javles*, a ſmall ſort of grapes like currants.

J A Y

JAYA'N, ſ. m. a giant, a great rawboned fellow; in cant, a pimp of quality.
JAYANA'ZO, ſ. m. a great giant.

J A Z

JAZMI'N, ſ. m. jaſmin.

J E M

JE'ME, ſ. m. vide *XE'ME*.

J E R

JEREPEMO'NGA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſeaſnake in Braſil.
JE'RGA, ſ. f. vide *XE'RGA*.
JERGO'N, ſ. m. vide *XERGO'N*.
JERGUERI'TO, ſ. m. vide *XERGUERITO*.
JERIGO'NZA, ſ. f. vide *GERIGO'NZA*.
JERI'NGA, ſ. f. vide *XERI'NGA*.
JERINGA'R, v. a. vide *XERINGA'R*.

J E S

JESUSCA'R, v. n. to repeat many times the name of Jeſus, as bigots do by way of interjection.

J I G

JIGO'TE, ſ. m. vide *GIGO'TE*.

J I M

JIME'LGA, ſ. f. vide *XIME'LGA*.

J O

JO, the word carters, and ſuch people, uſe in Spain to their horſes to make them ſtop.

J O A

JO'A, *JO'BA*, } ſ. f. a ſailors word; an addition made to certain timbers.

J O C

JOCOSAME'NTE, adv. jocoſely, waggiſhly, in jeſt, in game.
JOCOSE'RIO, adj. belonging to a merry and ſerious ſtyle mixed together.
JOCO'SO, adj. jocoſe, merry waggiſh, given to jeſt.
JOCUNDIDA'D, ſ. f. waggery, merriment.
JOCU'NDO, adj. jocund, pleaſant, airy, gay.

J O F

JOFA'INA, ſ. f. vide *ALJOFA'INA*.

J O G

JOGLA'R, ſ. m. obſ. vide *JUGLA'R*.
JOGLERI'A, ſ. f. obſ. vide *JUGLERI'A*.

J O L

JOLIE'Z, ſ. f. feſtivity, merriment, gaiety.
JOLI'TO, ſ. m. reſt, lying ſtill without motion; a dead calm, a ſeaterm.

J O N

JONJOLI', ſ. m. a ſeed ſo called.

J O R

JORDA'N, ſ. m. any thing that grows young.
JO'RFE, ſ. m. a wall of ſtone without mortar.
JORGI'NA, ſ. f. a witch.
JORGOLI'NO, ſ. m. in cant, an aſſiſtant, or ſervant to a bawd or pimp.
JORNA'DA, ſ. f. a journey, a day's work, a battle; an act in a play.
JORNA'L, ſ. m. day-wages; a day book.
Prov. *Jornál de obréro éntra pór la puérta, y ſále por el huméro*,

work-man's day wages comes in at the door, and goes out at the chimney; it is ſo ſmall, that it is all ſpent in eating.

Prov. *Jornál de eſcardadéra, ſi del cóme, no cena*, a weeder's day's wages, if it affords her a dinner, it will not afford a ſupper, it is ſo ſmall.

JORNALE'RO, ſ. m. a day-lar bourer.

JORO'BA, ſ. f. a bump, a hump; alſo a vexatious ſollicitation.

JOROBA'R, v. a. to vex, to plague, to moleſt.

JO'RRO, as, *Llevár la náve a jórro*, to tow a ship along.

J O S

JOSTRA'DO, adj. as, *Viróte joſtrádo*, a ſhaft that has a round head or plate at the end, like a foil.

J O V

JO'VEN, *JOVENE'TO*, } ſ. m. a youth.

JOVENCI'LLO, ſ. m. a boy.

JOVENI'L, adj. vide *JUVENI'L*.

JOVENTU'D, ſ. f. vide *JUVENTU'D*.

JOVIAL, adj. jovial, merry, pleaſant.

JOVIALIDA'D, ſ. f. jovialneſs, gaiety, merriment.

J O Y

JO'YA, ſ. f. a jewel; any precious thing; the aſtragal of a column; a reward, a preſent.

Joyas, ſ. f. pl. all the clothes and apparel belonging to a woman.

JOYA'NTE, adj. as, *Séda joyánte*, very fine gloſſy ſilk.

Pólvora joyánte, the fineſt shining gunpowder.

JOYEL; ſ. m. a jewel.

JOYE'RA, ſ. f. a milliner, or a woman that keeps a ſhop and ſells gloves, ribbons, laces, and all women's attire.

JOYERI'A, ſ. f. the jewellers ſtreet, or ſhop, or a toy ſhop.

JOYE'RO, ſ. m. a jeweller.

JO'YO, ſ. m. cockle, darnel.

Jóyo ſylvéſtre, wild darnel.

JOYUE'LA, ſ. f. a ſmall jewel.

J U A

JUA'N, ſ. m. in cant, a box in a church to put in alms.

Juán platerón, in cant, money, or ſilver.

Juán marchiz, in cant, a large knife.

Juán dorádo; in cant, gold coin.

Juán dlaz; in cant, a padlock.

Juán turáſe; in cant, a dye.

Juán pérez, cold beef cut in bits, and heated with a little water, onion, ſalt, pepper, clove and coriander ſeed.

Juán Bóbo, John Fool, as we ſay Tom Fool.

JUANE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a thief that robs the boxes that are in churches to put in alms.

JUANE'TE, ſ. m. the top-gallant-maſt of a ſhip.

Juanéte, is alſo the knuckle-bone of the thumbs and great toes when it ſticks out more than ordinary, as it does in ſome ill-ſhaped hands and feet. Thence applied to ſignify any ſticking-out bone, or other excreſcence.

JUANETU'DO, adj. that has corns in the toes; that is full of protuberances.

JUARDA, ſ. f. a ſtain.

J U B

JUBERTA'R, v. a. a ſea term, to hoiſe the boat into the ſhip or galley.

JUBETERI'A, ſ. f. the ſtreet where the doublet-makers live; a ſhop where they ſell doublets and other cloaths.

JUBETE'RO, ſ. m. a doublet-maker or ſeller.

JUBILACIO'N, ſ. f. feſtivity, joy.

JUBILA'DO, ſ. m. one that for his long ſervice is exempted from the duties of his profeſſion.

JUBILA'R, v. a. to exempt a man from the duty of his profeſſion on account of his long ſervice.

JUBILE'O, ſ. m. jubilee.

JU'BILO, ſ. m. joy, content, ſatisfaction.

JUBO'N, ſ. m. a doublet.

Jubón de azótes, a whipping at the cart's tail.

Prov. *Buén jubón me téngo en Fráncia.* I have a good doublet in France; this they ſay when a man boaſts of having what he has not.

JUBONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little doubled.

J U D

JUDA'ICO, adj. Jewiſh.

JUDAI'SMO, ſ. m. the jewiſh nation, or religion.

JUDAI'ZAR, v. n. to play the Jew, to judaize, to conform to the Jews.

JUDAS, ſ. m. a traitor.

JUDERI'A, ſ. f. the quarter where the Jews anciently lived in Spain.

JUDI'A, ſ. f. kidney-bean, or Frenchbean.

JUDICACIO'N, ſ. f. the act of judging.

JUDICA'NTE, ſ. m. a judge.

JUDICA'R, v. a. obſ. to judge.

JUDACATI'VO, adj. belonging to a judge.

JUDICATU'RA, ſ. f. judicature, judgement, the power of the judge; alſo the court of juſtice.

JUDICIA'L, adj. belonging to judgment, or to a court of juſtice.

JUDICIALME'NTE, adv. judicially.

JUDICIA'RIO, ſ. m. an aſtrologer.

JUDICIOSAME'NTE, adv. judiciouſly, skilfully, wiſely.

JUDICIO'SO, adj. judicious, wiſe, prudent.

JUDIE'GO, adj. belonging to a Jew, or to the Jews.

JUDIHUE'LO. ſ. m. a little, or a pitiful Jew; metaph. ſneaking fellow; alſo a ſmall ſort of kidneybean.

JUDI'O, ſ. m. a Jew; alſo an injurious and contemptous name.

Judio, adj. relating to Jews.

JUE

JUE'GO, ſ. m. play, ſport, paſtime, game.

Juégo de azedréz, the game of cheſs.

Juégo del abejón, vide *ABEJO'N.*

Juégo de cañas, a ſport uſed by gentlemen in the nature of a skirmish, caſting canes or reeds at one another inſtead of darts.

Juégo de palábras, jeſting.

Juégo de ſortija, the ſport of riding at the ring.

Juégo de táblas, the games at tables.

Juego de pelóta, tennis.

Juégo de los ciéntos, the game of picquet at cards.

Juégo de mános, juggling, ſlight of hand.

Juégo de mános, es juégo de villános, playing with the hands, is ſport for clowns; all rude handling, though in jeſt, unfit for gentlemen.

Hacér del juégo máña: to make the beſt of one's game; that is, to protract time, when a man knows he ſhall have the worſt, or be caſt in a ſuit.

JUEGUECI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *juégo.*

JUE'VES, ſ. m. Thurſday.

Juéves de compádres, the Thurſday three weeks before Lent, when goſſips meet to be merry.

Juéves de comádres, the Thurſday fort-night before Lent, when goſſips meet to be merry.

Juéves pára tódos, the Thurſday immediately before Lent, when men and women meet together to be merry.

JUE'Z, ſ. m. a judge.

Juéz de alzádas, a judge of appeal.

Juéz del crimen, or juez criminál, a judge in criminal cauſes.

Juéz de regiſtro, a judge, or officer appointed to examine the entries ſhips make to and from the Weſt-Indies.

Juéz ordinário, a judge that has the trying of common cauſes.

Juéz delegádo, a judge delegate.

Juéz metropolitáno, a ſupreme judge.

Juéz árbitro, an arbitrator.

Juéz de bienes confiſcádos, a peculiar judge appointed for goods forfeited to the king.

Juéz de puértos, a judge to try cauſes in a ſea-port town relating to ſea affairs.

Juéz de méſtos, y cañádas, a country judge among ſhepherds and peaſants to decide their quarrels about their ſheep and encloſures.

Juéz de náypes, he that is choſen to give judgment when a diſpute ariſes at cards.

Prov. *Juéz cadañero, eſtrécho cómo ſendéro*, a judge for a year is very nice, becauſe he muſt be accountable at the year's end.

JUG

JUGA'DA, ſ. f. the action of playing a card.

JUGADE'RA, ſ. f. a weaver's ſhuttle.

JUGA'DO, adj. played away.

Trahér la vida jugáda, to go in danger of one's life.

JUGADO'R, ſ. m. a gameſter.

Jugadór de mános, a juggler.

JUGA'R, v. n. to play.

Jugár al bodóque, to play at a certain game with bowls on the ground, which, with little boards fitted for that purpoſe with handles, they ſhove forward through a ring.

Jugár la camiſa, to play away all, even to one's ſhirt.

Jugár de antubión, to prevent one that deſigns to do a miſchief.

Jugár las ármas, to exerciſe one's weapon.

Jugár de mános, to juggle, alſo to have much action with the hands in talking.

Jugár náypes, pelóta, &c. to play at cards, at tennis, &c.

Jugár los kíries, ſaid of a clergyman, to play away the alms that is given him for praying.

Jugár de oréja, to whiſper into one's ear.

Jugár de pica, to toſs a pike.

Jugár el ſol ántes que ſálga, to play away the ſun before it riſes; loſing a day's wages before it is earned.

JUGARRE'TA, ſ. f. the act of playing without knowing any thing of the game.

JUGLA'R, ſ. m. a jeſter, a buffoon.

JUGLARE'SA, ſ. f. a jeſting merry woman.

JUGLERI'A, ſ. f. buffoonry.

JUGO, ſ. m. the juice of any thing.

JUGO'SO, adj. juicy, full of juice.

JUGUE'TE, ſ. m. a child's plaything a toy.

JUGUETEA'R, v. n. to play, to jeſt.

JUGUETO'N, ſ. m. one that is always jeſting or playing.

JUI

JUI'CIO, ſ. m. judgement; alſo prudence, wiſdom.

Julcio, the ſentence againſt a criminal.

Eſtár en ſu julcio, to be full of reaſon.

Eſtár fuera de julcio, to be mad.

Pedir en julcio, to go in law.

Perder el julcio, to grow mad.

Quitár en julcio, to enrage one.

JUICIOSAME'NTE, adv. judiciouſly.

JUICIO'SO, adj. prudent, wiſe, quiet.

JUJ

JU'JUBA, ſ. f. vide *AZQFE'YFA.*

JUL

JULE'PE, ſ. m. a julep; an extemporaneous form of medicine made of ſimple and compound water ſweetened.

JU'LIO, ſ. m. the month of July; and a Roman coin worth about ſix pence.

JU'LO, ſ. m. a word uſed by carriers to quiet their beaſts when they are unruly.

JUM

JUME'LAS, ſ. f. pl. two

pieces of wood or metal exactly alike.

JUMENTA'L, adj. belonging to a beaſt of burthen.

JUMENTI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *jumento*.

JUME'NTO, ſ. m. any beaſt of burden; more particularly an aſs.

J U N

JUNCA'DA, ſ. f. a medecine for horſes that have a cold, made with the pith of rushes.

JUNCA'L, ſ. m. a place where rushes grow.

JU'NCIA, ſ. f. the plant called galingal; all ſorts of rushes; the herb gentian.

JUNCIA'NA, ſ. f. boaſt, the act of boaſting.

JUNCIE'RA, ſ. f. a kind of earthen pot ſo called.

JU'NCO, ſ. m. a rush, junk, a ſort of boat in the Eaſt Indies.

Júnco marino, ſalt marsh-rush.

Júnco olorόſo, galingal.

Júnco amarɣocádo, the plant called water-torch, or cat's tail.

JUNCO'SO, adj. rushy, full of rushes.

JU'NIO, ſ. m. the month of June.

JUNQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little rush; alſo the ſweet rush called camels-meat.

JU'NTA, ſ. f. a meeting, an aſſembly. It is alſo the joining or putting together of any two things.

Júnta de médicos, a conſultation of phyſicians.

Júnta de tiérra, as muck land as a yoke of oxen can plough in a day.

JUNTA'DO, adj. joined, aſſembled.

JUNTADU'RA, ſ. f. vide *JUNTURA*.

JUNTAME'NTE, adv. jointly, together.

JUNTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *JUNTA*.

JUNTA'R, v. a. to join, to aſſemble, to meet, to put together.

Juntárſe, v. r. to meet together, to aſſemble; alſo to come near.

Juntárſe, to copulate, to come together, as different ſexes do.

Juntár meriendas, to put money together for any purpoſe, ſpeaking of ſeveral perſons.

JUNTE'RA, ſ. f. the plane joiners uſe to ſhoot joints; that is, to ſhoot the edges of two boards true that are to be glued together, called a jointer.

JUNTI'LLAS; as *a pies juntillas*, with the feet cloſe together. It generally ſignifies poſitively, obſtinately, unmoveably.

JU'NTO, p. p. of *juntár*, cloſe to, joined, put together, near, hard by.

JUNTU'RA, ſ. f. a joint, joining, putting together; alſo a carpenter's tool.

J U R

JU'RA, ſ. f. an oath.

JURADERI'A, ſ. f. the office of a *jurado*.

JURA'DO, ſ. m. a magiſtrate not unlike an alderman.

Jurádo, adj. ſworn.

JURADO'R, ſ. m. a ſwearer.

JURAMENTA'DO, adj. ſworn, that has taken an oath.

JURAMENTA'RSE, v. r. to take an oath.

JURAME'NTO, ſ. m. an oath.

JURA'R, v. n. to ſwear.

JURGI'NA, ſ. f. a witch.

JURIDICAME'NTE, adv. in courſe of law, legally, juridically.

JURI'DICO, adj. juridick, according to courſe of law, legal; alſo a courtday.

JURISCONSU'LTO, ſ. m. a counſellor at law.

JURISDICIO'N, ſ. f. juriſdiction, alſo a territory, a liberty.

JURISPERI'CIA, ſ. f. knowledge in the law, ſtudy of the law.

JURISPERI'TO, ſ. m. one that is skilful in the law.

JURISPRUDE'NCIA, ſ. f. juriſprudence, knowledge of the laws.

JURI'STA, ſ. m. a lawyer by profeſſion.

JU'RO, ſ. m. revenue; right.

Júro de heredád, a revenue of inheritance, or any annuity ſettled upon an eſtate.

Ser de júro, to be according to right and cuſtom.

J U S

JUSA'NO, adj. obſ. inferior, lower or below.

JUSBA'RBA, ſ. f. knesholm, butchers broom.

JUSE'LLO, ſ. m. a kind of broth or meſs ſo called.

JUSSIO'N, ſ. f. a command.

JU'STA, ſ. f. a juſt, a tilt; in cant, juſtice.

JUSTADO'R, ſ. m. a tilter.

JUSTAME'NTE, adv. juſtly, righteouſly.

JUSTA'R, v. n. to tilt.

JUSTEDA'D, ſ. f. juſtice.

JUSTI'CIA, ſ. f. juſtice, right; alſo the officers of juſtice, and for the execution of it.

El juſticia, a ſupreme magiſtrate.

Encontrár con la juſticia, to meet with the officers of juſtice.

Hacér juſticia de un ladrón, to execute a thief.

Tenéos a la juſtitia, ſtand.

JUSTICI'AR, v. a to execute according to ſentence of law.

JUSTICIA'ZGO, ſ. m. the office or dignity of a judge or juſtice.

JUSTICIE'RO, adj. a ſevere judge, one that executes juſtice ſtrictly.

JUSTIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. juſtification.

JUSTIFICADAME'NTE, adv. juſtifiably.

JUSTIFICADO'R, ſ. m. a juſtifier.

JUSTIFICA'R, v. a. to juſtify.

JUSTIFICATI'VO, adj. juſtifiable, defenſible by law or reaſon.

JUSTILLO, ſ. m. a ſmalls ſhort waiſtcoat without ſleeves.

JUSTO, adj. juſt, righteous, upright; alſo exact, fit.

Véſtido júſto, a fit garment, or a ſtreight one.

Cuénta júſta, a juſt account.

Pagár júſtos por pecadóres, the righteous to ſuffer for the ungodly.

En júſto y en creénte, immediately, with haſte.

En júſtos ò en verenjuſtos, with reaſon or without it.

J U V

JUVENIL, adj. youthful.

JUVENTU'D, ſ. f. youth.

J U Z

JUZGA'DO, ſ. m. the court or judgment-ſeat.

Juzgado, adj. adjudged.

Paſſár en cóſa juzgáda, to be denied the privilege of appeal.

JUZGADO'R, ſ. m. obſ. a judge.

JUZGAMU'NDOS, ſ. m. a backbiter, a cenſurer.

JUZGA'R, v. a. to judge; alſo to be of opinion.

Juzgár mal de úna cóſa, to have an ill opinion of a thing.

Juzgár én derécho de ſu dédo, to give judgment partially.

K

KALE'NDA, ſ. f. the calends of every month, which were wont to be on the firſt day; alſo the time of paying uſe-money, whence Horace calls them *triſtes* and *celeres calendæ*.

KALENDA'R, v. a. to mark out the calendar, or rather to make an almanack.

KALENDA'RIO, ſ. m. a calendar, or almanack.

KALI, ſ. m. vide *ALKALI*.

K A R

KA'RMES, ſ. m. kermes, a ſmall worm ſo called.

K Y N

KYNORRHO'DON, ſ. m. the wild roſe, or ſweet briar roſe; alſo the flower of the red lily.

K Y R

KYRIA'R, v. n. to ſing the reſponſes in the church-ſervice.

KYRIELEISA'R, v. n. to ſing the *kyrieleiſón*, or Lord have mercy on us.

KYRIELE'ISON, ſ. m. Lord have mercy upon us; a form of prayer uſed in the liturgy, and taken out of the pſalms.

KY'RIES, ſ. m. that part of the liturgy which contains the *kyrieleiſón*; alſo repetition or abundance of any thing.

L

L, the twelfth letter of the Spanish alphabet. When double it is pronounced as the French *l mouillée*, as the in words *llama*, *llega*.

L A

LA, the article of the feminine gender.

L A B

LABA'RO, ſ. m. the labarum or Roman ſtandard, on which the emperor Conſtantine embroidered the croſs and name of Chriſt.

LA'BE, ſ. m. a ſpot or blemish.

LABERI'NTHO, ſ. m. a labyrinth, a place ſo intricate, that there is no finding the way out without a clue.

LA'BIA, ſ. f. prating, talkativeneſs; alſo a ſmooth, deceitful way of talking, tongue-padding.

LABIA'L, adj. belonging to the lips.

LA'BIO, ſ. m. a lip.

LABO'R, ſ. f. work, women's work; as, ſewing, embroidering, or the like.

Hacér labór, to ſew as women do.

Ir a la labór, to go to ſchool; as girls do, to ſew, embroider, &c.

Labór de cámpo, tillage, husbandry.

Prov. *Hacér la labór de la Judia, que traſnochába la nóche, y holgába, de dia*, work like the Jewish woman, who ſate up all night, and was idle all the day. To invert the right order.

LABORA'NTE, ſ. m. a journeyman.

LABORA'R, v. n. to labour.

LABORATO'RIO, ſ. m. laboratory, a chemiſt's work-room.

LABORCI'CA, ſ. f. a ſmall work.

LABOREA'R, v. n. to work in the fields.

LABORE'RA, ſ. f. the woman who works.

LABORI'O, ſ. m. the work which is done in the fields, gardens, &c.

LABORIO'SO, adj. laborious.

LABRA'DOR, ſ. m. a husbandman, a farmer.

Prov. *Al labradór deſcuidádo ratónes le cómen lo ſembrádo*, the mice eat up what the careleſs husbandman ſows. The vermin deſtroy his ſeed when he does not plough and harrow as he ought.

LABRADO'RA, ſ. f. a country woman.

Labradóra, in cant, the hand.

LABRADORE'SCO, adj. belonging to a labourer.

LABRANDE'RA, ſ. f. a woman that works at her needle.

LABRA'NTE, ſ. m. a hewer of ſtone.

LABRANTI'N, ſ. m. a ſmall ſpot of ground cultivated by the owner of it.

LABRANTI'O, adj. fit only for corn.

LABRA'NZA, ſ. f. tillage, husbandry; alſo a farm or ſome tilled land.

LABRA'R, v. a. to work at any trade or employment; to till, to ſew, to build.

Labrár ſéda, to keep ſilk-worms to make ſilk.

Labrár la béſtia, to mark a beaſt with an hot iron.

Labrár cáſa, to build a houſe.

LABRIE'GO, ſ. m. a husbandman, a labourer.

LABRU'SCA, ſ. f. a wild vine.

L A C

LACA, ſ. f. lac.

LACARGA'MA, ſ. f. the herb wildbugloſs.

LACA'YO, ſ. m. footman, lackey.

LACAYUE'LO, ſ. m. diminutive of *lacáyo*.

LACEA'R, v. a. to adorn with knots.

LACERA'DO, adj. ragged, poor, wretched: alſo a miſer that will not allow himſelf neceſſaries.

LACERA'R, v. a. to rend, to tear in pieces, to mangle, to diſmember.

Lacerár, v. n. obſ. to live wretchedly.

LACE'RIA, ſ. f. poverty, miſery, want; alſo avarice, niggardlineſs.

LA'CIO, adj. lank, not ſtiff, fading.

LACONICA'MENTE, adv. conciſely, ſhortly.

LACO'NICO, adj. conciſe, ſhort, compendious.

LACONI'SMO, ſ. m. a short way of ſpeaking.

LA'CRA, ſ. f. obſ. a deplorable thing, or caſe; alſo a ſcar.

LACRA'R, v. a. to be full of wounds or ſtripes.

LA'CRE, ſ. m. ſealing-wax.

LACRYMO'SO, adj. deplorable; full of tears.

LACTA'NCIA, ſ. f. the time that a child ſucks.

LA'CTEO, adj. milky, like milk.

LACTICI'NIO, ſ. m. any thing made of milk.

LACTI'FERO, adj. milky, like milk, full of milk.

LACTU'MEN, ſ. m. ſcabs that break out on children who ſurfeit themſelves by ſucking too much.

L A D

LA'DANO, ſ. m. a gum made of the fat dew that is gathered from the leaves of álada.

LADE'AR, v. n. to wave or move from ſide to ſide.

LADE'RA, ſ. f. the ſide of a hill.

LADI'LLA, ſ. f. a crab-louſe.

LADI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſide.

LADINAME'NTE, adv. knowingly in the language, fluently.

LADI'NO, adj. that ſpeaks Spaniſh or any other tongue perfectly well; alſo ſly, cunning, ſagacious.

LA'DO, ſ. m. ſide.

Ir ládo a ládo con ótro, to walk cheek by jowl with another.

No apartárſe del ládo de ótro, to be always

always in the company of another.

Hacérſe a un ládo, to ſtand aſide.

Andár de ládo, to go ſideling.

LA'DRA, ſ. f. the barking of a dog.

LADRADO'R, ſ. m. a dog that barks much.

Prov. *Pérro ladradór póco mordedór*, a dog that barks much ſeldom bites.

LADRA'R, v. a. to bark; to threaten.

Ladrár el eſtómago, is to be hungry, to crave meat.

LADRI'DO, ſ. m. the barking of a dog.

LADRILLA'L, ſ. m. a brick-kiln, a place where bricks are made.

LADRILLA'R, v. a. to lay a floor with bricks or tiles, to tile the ſide of a wall.

LADRILLA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a brick or tile.

LADRILLE'JO, ſ. m. a little brick, or tile of ſuch as are uſed for floors or walls; trick of youth, which is to hang a piece of brick or tile to a door with a line to it, which reaches to a place where one is hid, who pulling, knocks at the door in the night; and when the people look out, they can ſee no body; by which means they diſturb them without being diſcovered.

LADRILLE'RO, ſ. m. a brick-maker.

LADRI'LLO, ſ. m. a brick or tile, ſuch as is laid in chimneys. In cant, a thief.

LADRILLO'SO, adj. covered with bricks.

LADRO'N, ſ. m. a thief, a houſebreaker.

Ladrón, a canal of water for mills; a thief in a candle.

Prov. *Piénſa el ladrón quo tódos ſon de ſu condición*, the thief thinks that all men are like him; knaves are moſt apt to ſuſpect others.

LADRONCILLO, ſ. m. a little thief.

LADRONE'RA, ſ. f. a place where thieves are concealed or entertained; alſo a trench to turn away the water from a mill.

LADRONERI'A, *LADRONI'A*, } ſ. f. thievery.

LADRONI'CIO, ſ. m. a theft.

L A G

LAGA'ñA, ſ. f. a bleer in the eye.

LAGAñO'SO, adj. bleer-eyed.

LAGA'R, ſ. m. the wine-preſs, the place grapes are preſſed in.

LAGARE'JO, ſ. m. as, *hacérſe lagaréjo la úva*, it is for the grape to be bruiſed in carrying, or the like; and becauſe that makes wet and dirt, therefore the ſame word is uſed to ſignify any ſtopping of water, or any dirty wet place.

LAGARE'TA, ſ. f. a veſſel the wine runs into out of te preſs.

LAGARTA'DO, adj. like a lizard.

LAGARTE'RA, ſ. f. the hole where the lizards hide themſelves; alſo among ſoldiers, a very old and weak caſtle or tower.

LAGARTE'RO, adj. applied to the birds that catch the lizards.

LAGARTEZNA, *LAGARTI'JA*, } ſ. f. a lizard.

LAGARTIJE'RO, adj. vide *LAGARTE'RO*.

LAGA'RTO, ſ. m. an alligator; ſometimes taken for a lizard. In cant, a robber who often changes his diſguiſe.

It is alſo uſed for the croſs which is the badge of the order of the knight-hood of Santiago.

LA'GO, ſ. m. a lake.

LAGOTEA'R, v. n. to fawn, to flatter, to coax, to wheedle in order to deceive.

LAGOTERI'A, ſ. f. flattery, fawning.

LAGOTE'RO, ſ. m. a flatterer, one who fawns or wheedles; a ſycophant.

LA'GRYMA, ſ. f. a tear. Thence the bleeding or dropping of a vine when cut.

Lágrymas de moyſen, a cant word for good round ſtones.

Lágrymas de david, a plant whoſe ſeed is as hard as a ſtone.

LAGRYMA'L, ſ. m. the corner of the eye.

LAGRYMA'R, v. n. to weep, to ſhed tears; it is alſo for the vine to bleed after cutting.

LAGRYMI'LLA, ſ. f. a little tear.

LAGRYMO'SO, adj. full of tears; alſo lamentable.

LAGU'NA, ſ. f. a lake; a moraſs. In a book it ſignifies a chaſm, or the interruption of the ſenſe by leaving out ſome words: a blank.

LAGUNAJOS, ſ. m. pl. deep ſloughs or pits in a piece of ground full of water.

LAGUNA'R, ſ. m. a timber-roof.

LAGUNO'SO, adj. full of dithes or holes, uneven, rugged, pitted.

L A I

LAICA'L, adj. belonging to the laity.

LA'ICO, ſ. m. a layman.

L A M

LAMA, ſ. f. dirt, mire, ouze, or mud in rivers, or ſuch places; alſo brocade or cloth of gold.

LAMBICA'R, v. a. to diſtil from a limbeck or ſtill; to ſtrain.

Lambicár el celébro, to ſtrain one's brain.

LAMBRI'JA, ſ. f. a worm; generally meaning that ſort that infeſt children.

LAMEDA'L, ſ. m. a puddle, a ſlough, a dirty place.

LAMEDO'R, ſ. m. ſyrup; alſo one that licks.

LAMEDU'RA, ſ. f. a licking.

LAMENTA'BLE, adj. lamentable, deplorable.

LAMENTACIO'N, ſ. f. lamentation.

LAMENTADO'R, ſ. m. one that bewails or laments.

LAMENTA'R, v. n. to lament, to bewail.

Lamentárſe, v. r. to complain.

LAME'NTO, ſ. m. lamenting, mourning, bewailing.

LAMENTO'SO, adj. lamentable, mournful.

LAME'R, v. a to lick.
LA'MIA, ſ. f. a common whore.
Lámia, ſ. f. a fish called a break-net, being the biggeſt ſort of dog-fish; uſed alſo by poets for a witch or hag.
LAMI'N, ſ. m. obſ. a dainty liquorish fellow.
LA'MINA, ſ. f. a plate of any metal. It is alſo taken for any picture painted on copper.
LAMINE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes plates of any ſort of metal.
LAMINI'CA, ſ. f. a little plate.
LAMINO'SO, adj. obſ. dainty, liquorish.
LAMPACEA'R, v. a. to caulk ships, tha is, to drive oakum into the ſeams to ſtop the water.
LAM'PARA, ſ. f. a lamp; a ſpot of oil.
LAMPARA'DA, ſ. f. the quantity of oil that fills a lamp.
LAMPARE'RO, ſ. m. one that looks after the lamps.
LAMPARI'LLA, ſ. f. a little lamp; alſo a very coarſe woollen ſtuff they make ſummer-cloaks of.
LAMPARI'N, ſ. m. the caſe in which the glaſs-lamp is fixed.
LAMPARO'NES, ſ. m. pl. the diſtemper called the king's evil; alſo the farcy in a horſe.
LAMPA'ZO, ſ. m. any ſort of dock; alſo the ſpots that come out in any part of the body.
Paños de lampázo, hangings that are wrought with herbage.
LAMPI'ñO, adj. beardleſs, ſmooth.
LAMPIO'N, ſ. m. a great lamp to hang in a great hall, porch, or the like place.
LAMPRE'A, ſ. f. a lamprey.
LAMPREA'R, v. a. to dreſs a certain dish.
LAMPREGUE'LA, ſ. f. a little lamprey.
LAMPSA'NA, ſ. f. corn-ſallad.
LAMPU'GA, ſ. f. a ſort of fish.

L A N

LA'NA, ſ. f. wool.
Lána burda, coarſe wool.
Lána carmonáda, carded wool.
Lána peynáda, combed wool.
Llevar a úno con cuérda de lána, to draw a man with a twine-threard.
Vos lavaréis la lána, you shall wash the wool; that is, you shall do the hardeſt labour.
A cóſta de lánas, to ſpend of another man's purſe.
Lána de ſu mónte, wool in its natural colour.

Prov. *Póca lána y éſſa en zárzas*, little wool, and that on the briers; that is, little good, and that ſo divided, that nothing can be made of it; a ſmall ſtock, and that ſquandered.

Prov. *Quién tráta en lána oro mána*, they that deal in wool, flow in gold. The wool-trade is rich and profitable.

Prov. *Ir por lána, y bolvér traſquiládo*, to go for wool, and return ſhorn: to go about to get great matters, and loſe what one has.

LANA'DA, ſ. f. the ſponge for ſcowering the cannon after firing.
LANA'R, adj. belonging to wool.
LA'NCE, ſ. m. a caſt of a net in fishing, or a draught of fish; a caſt at dice, an accident.
Comprár de lánce, to buy a cheap penny-worth by accident.
Lánce forzóſo, an accident that is unavoidable.

Prov. *El mejor lánces de los dádo es no jugarlos*, the beſt caſt at dice is not to play.

LANCE'OLA, ſ. f. an herb called plantane.
LANCE'RA, ſ. f. a rack to lay ſpears on.
LANCE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells ſpears or lances, or a ſoldier that fights with a lance.
LANCE'TA, ſ. f. a ſurgeon's lancet.
LANCETA'DA, ſ. f. a prick, or gash with a lancet.
LANCETA'ZO, ſ. m. a prick with a lancet.
LA'NCHA, ſ. f. the pinnace of a ſhip; alſo a broad flat ſtone.
LANCHA'DA, ſ. f. a boat's full lading.
LANCHA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a great flat ſtone.
LANCI'LLA, ſ. f. a little lance.
LA'NDRE, ſ. f. a peſtilential ſort of ſwelling, or glandules, riſing ſometimes in the groin, ſometimes under the arm-pits, and ſometimes in the throat, where they ſoon choak the patient. In cant, it is money tied in the corner of a handkerchief, or ſuch like place.

Prov. *De hómbre fláco y fin hámbre, guárdate dél como de lándre*, from a lean man without hunger, guard yourſelf as againſt a plague. That is, a rich man with a meagre countenance, in a great ſign of a covetous diſpoſition.

LANDRECI'LLA, ſ. f. that part of the thigh called the pope's eye; any ſmall boily ſwelling, ſcurfineſs, ſcab, or leproſy.
LANERI'A, ſ. f. the ſhop where wool is ſold.
LANE'RO, ſ. m. one that deals in wool.
Lanéro, ſ. m. the houſe where the wool is kept.
LANGARU'TO, ſ. m. a long ſlim fellow.
LANGO'STA, ſ. f. a great graſhopper, a locuſt; alſo a lobſter.
LANGOSTI'N, ſ. m. a craw-fish, a little ſea-lobſter.
LANGOSTO'N, ſ. m. a great lobſter.
LANGUIDE'Z, ſ. f. faintneſs.
LA'NGUIDO, adj faint, languiſhing, weak, drooping.
LANIFI'CIO, ſ. m. working of wool, ſpinning or carding.
LANI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſtuff.
LANTE'JA, ſ. f. a lentil.
LANTEJUE'LAS, ſ. f. gold or ſilver ſpangles.
LANTE'RNA, ſ. f. a lanthorn.
Lantérnas, pl. in cant, the eyes.
LANTERNE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells lanthorns.
LANUDO, adj. woolly.
LANZA, ſ. f. a lance, a long ſpear.
Lánza de coche ó cáro, the poſe of a coach or cart.
Lánza, a ſoldier anciently armed with a ſpear; alſo a meteor, ſo

called, becauſe it has the figure of a lance.

Lanza gineta, a light horſeman's ſpear.

Lanza en riſtre, the lance in the reſt.

Echar la lanza, to wound with a ſpear; alſo to oppoſe one; alſo to challenge one.

Medir lanzas, to be equal to another.

Meter la lanza haſta el regaton, to preſs a man very hard.

Quebrar lanzas, to begin to ſpeak about any buſineſs, to negotiate.

LANZA'DA, ſ. f. a wound of a ſpear or lance.

Lanzá da de moro zurdo, a great wound of a ſpear.

LANZADE'RA, ſ. f. a weaver's ſhuttle.

LANZAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a launching or darting.

Lanzamiéntos de un navio, that part of the ſhip that hangs over, either at head or ſtern, beyond the length of the keel.

LANZA'R, v. a. to launch, to dart, to caſt as a lance; alſo to turn out, and to vomit.

LANZO'N, ſ. m. a ſhort thick lance, uſed by thoſe that guard the vineyards or fields.

LANZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little lance.

L A ñ

LA'ñA, ſ. f. cramping iron to bind ſtones together in building.

LAñA'R, v. a. to bind ſtones with cramping irons, to open fish to ſalt them.

L A P

LA'PA, ſ. f. a shell-fish; alſo a hollow under a bank's ſide; alſo the purping-wine.

Lápa, ſ. f. the ſcum of any thing.

LAPACHA'R, ſ. m. a place where much shell-fish is found; alſo a muddy place.

LAPICE'RO, ſ. m. a pencil uſed to draw with or paint with.

LA'PIDA, ſ. f. a flat ſquare ſtone on which inſcriptions are written.

LAPIDA'RIA, ſ. f. the art of a lapidary.

LAPIDA'RIO, ſ. m. a lapidary, a cutter and polisher of precious ſtones.

LAPI'DEO, adj. belonging to a ſtone.

LAPIDO'SO, adj. ſtony, full of ſtones.

LAPIS LA'ZULI, ſ. f. a ſtone ſo called.

LAPI'Z, ſ. f. a black ſtone uſed for drawing.

LAPIZA'R, ſ. m. a ſtony place.

Lapizár, v. a. to draw or delineate with a black ſtone.

LA'PSO, ſ. m. a fall.

L A Q

LAQUE', ſ. m. a running-footman.

L A R

LARDA'R, v. a. to baſte meat in roaſting.

LARDE'RO, adj. as, *Martes lardéro*, Shrove-Tueſday, becauſe the kitchens are then fat, taking leave of fleſh before Lent.

LA'RDO, ſ. m. lard, the fat of bacon.

LARDO'N, ſ. m. an explanation or annotation in the margin.

LARDOSI'LLO, adj. fat, greaſy.

LA'RES, ſ. m. pl. the houſhold gods of the heathens.

LARGA, ſ. f. delay.

Ir á la larga, to go ſlowly on.

LARGAME'NTE, adv. ſlowly, in length.

LARGA'R, v. a. to let go, to looſe, to let ſlip. In the ſea-phraſe, to eaſe a rope, or to veer out.

LARGARI'A, ſ. f. length, longitude.

LA'RGO, adj. long, large; alſo liberal.

Haceérſe a lo lárgo, to keep aloof off, to put out to ſea.

Hombre lárgo como pelo de huevo, a covetous man, a miſer.

Largo de lengua, foolish, imprudent.

Lárgo de manos, a bully, a bravo.

Lárgo áe uñas, a thief, a robber.

Gaſtar lárgo y tendido, to ſpend a great deal of money.

Lárgo en razonár, tedious in talk.

Eſſe es cuénto lárgo, that is a long tale.

Dárſe tánto en áncho cómo en lárgo, to give one another as good as they bring.

LARGOMI'RA, ſ. m. a teleſcope, any ſort of ſpying-glaſs.

LARGO'N, adj. very long.

LARGO'R, ſ. m. length.

LARGUEA'DO, adj. that has paſſed by at nine-pins without carrying; alſo ſtriped as ſilk, or ſtuff.

LARGUEA'R, v. n. to paſs by at ninepins without carrying.

LARGUE'ROS, ſ. m. pl. the two poles or boards that form the ſides of a loam or any other like thing.

LARGUE'ZA, ſ. f. liberality.

LARGUI'LLO, adj. longish.

LARGU'RA, ſ. f. length.

LARI'NGE, ſ. f. the throat, the top of the wind-pipe, by which we fetch breath and form the voice.

LA'RO, ſ. m. a ſea-mew, cob, or gull.

L A S

LASA'ñA, ſ. f. a kind of pancake or fritter.

LASCIVAME'NTE, adv. laſciviouſly, incontinently.

LASCI'VIA, ſ. f. laſcivioufneſs, wantoneſs, lewdneſs, luſt.

LASCI'VO, adj. laſcivious, wanton, lewd, luſtfull.

LASSAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. wearineſs, fatigue.

LASSITU'D, ſ. f. fatigue, wearineſs.

LA'SSO, adj. weary.

LASTA'R, v. a. to ſuffer, or endure for another, or for what is paſt.

LA'STIMA, ſ. f. compaſſion, pity; alſo grief, misfortune.

Llorar láſtimas, to complain of misfortunes.

LASTIMADO'R, ſ. m. one that

moves to compaſſion, or that offends, or hurts.

LASTIMA'R, v. a. to hurt, to grieve, to wound, to affront.

Laſtimárſe, v. r. to hurt one's ſelf, to take pity on.

Me he laſtimádo el brázo, I have hurt myſelf in the arm.

LASTIME'RO, adj. vide *LASTIMO'SO.*

LASTIMOSAME'NTE, adv. compaſſionately, pitifully.

LASTIMO'SO, adj. diſmal, to be pitied, moving to compaſſion.

LASTO, ſ. m. the charge one is at in recovering the money paid for another.

LASTRA'R, v. a. to ballaſt a ship.

LA'STRE, ſ. m. ballaſt for a ship.

LASTRO'NES, ſ. m. pl. that flat ſtones that come off the top of the quarry which are not of much uſe for building.

L A T

LA'TA, ſ. f. the ſtick or latch, which is laid acroſs the other two forked ones ſtuck upright in the ground in vineyards to ſupport the vines.

Láta, ſ. f. tin, ſuch as candleſticks and other things are made of.

Oro de láta, gold beaten into thin plates.

LATAME'NTE, adv. broadly, widely, extenſively.

LATERA'L, adj. belonging to the ſide.

LATIDO, ſ. m. the beating of the heart, the pangs of any violent pain.

LATIGA'ZO, ſ. m. a laſh with a whip.

LA'TIGO, ſ. m. a laſh of a whip.

LATIGUEA'R, v. n. to ſmack a whip.

LATI'N, ſ. m. latinity.

Prov. *Con Latin, rocin, y florin, andarás el múndo*, Latin, a horſe, and money, will carry you through the world.

LATINA'JO, ſ. m. dog Latin, or lawyer's Latin.

LATINAME'NTE, adv. in Latin.

LATINEA'R, v. a. to make Latin.

LATINIDA'D, ſ. f. the Latin tongue, the idiom of Latin.

LATINI'SMO, ſ. m. Latiniſm.

LATINIZA'R, v. a. to tranſlate from Latin to any other language.

LATI'NO, adj. Latin.

Vela latina, a triangular ſail.

LATINO'SO, adj. belonging to the Latin tongue.

LATI'R, v. n. to beat as the heart does, to ach violently, to throb as in great pain.

LATITA'R, v. n. to lie hid.

LATITU'D, ſ. f. breadth, latitude.

LA'TO, adj. large, wide, broad, extenſive, ample.

LATO'N, ſ. m. fine braſs, latten.

LATONE'RO, ſ. m. that works braſs, a brazier.

LATRI'A, ſ. f. the adoration, worſhip, honour, and ſervitude due to God alone.

LATRI'NA, ſ. f. a neceſſary houſe.

LATROCI'NIO, ſ. m. a theft.

L A U

LAU'D, ſ. m. a lute; ironically, a hunch-backed man.

LAUDA'BLE, adj. laudable, worthy of praiſe.

LAU'DANO, ſ. m. the gum laudanum.

LAUDA'R, v. a. to praiſe, to commend.

LAUDATO'RIA, ſ. f. encomium, or commendation of any brave and noble exploit.

LAUDATO'RIO, adj. praiſeworthy, commendable, laudable.

LA'UDE, ſ. f. a tombſtone with an inſcription on it.

Láudes, pl. praiſes, or the lauds; that part of the divine ſervice which prieſts ſay in the morning next to the mattins.

LAUDE'MIO, ſ. m. in law; a tax or money paid ſo called.

LAUNA, ſ. f. a lamina of metal.

LA'UREA, ſ. f. a garland of laurel.

LAUREA'DO, ſ. m. who takes ad egree in the univerſity.

Laureádo, ſ. m. a poet laureat.

LAUREA'R, v. a. to crown with laurel.

Laureár, v. a. to give a degree in the univerſity, or receive one.

LAUREDA'L, ſ. m. a grove of laurel or bay-trees.

LAURE'L, ſ. m. laurel, bay-tree.

LAURE'OLA, ſ. f. the herb laury.

LAURI'NO, adj. belonging to laurel.

LA'URO, ſ. m. a laurel-tree a reward or prize.

L A V

LAVA'CIAS, ſ. f. pl. ſuds, or water for waſhing of linen, or the like.

LAVA'CRO, ſ. m. a bath, a waſhing place, a font or baptiſtery.

LAVADE'RO, ſ. m. a waſhing-place.

LAVADO'R, ſ. m. a waſher.

LAVADU'RA, ſ. f. waſhing.

LAVA'IA'L, ſ. m. a puddle, a ſlough a place full or mire.

LAVA'JO, ſ. m. idem.

LAVAMA'NOS, ſ. m. a little ciſtern of water to waſh the hands.

LAVA'NCO, ſ. m. a kind of wild duck.

LAVANDE'RA, ſ. f. laundreſs.

Prov. *La buéna layandéra ſu camiſa là priméra*, the good laundreſs waſhes her own ſmock firſt.

LAVANDERI'A, ſ. f. the laundry.

LAVANDE'RO, ſ. m. a man-waſher, or the laundreſs's huſband.

LAVA'NDULA, ſ. f. lavender.

LAVA'R, v. a. to waſh.

Lavár ſus mános de úna cóſa, to waſh one's hands; that is, not to be conſenting to a thing.

No ſe lavará con quánta água lléva el rio, all the water in the river will not waſh him clean; ſaid

when a man has committed a foul fact.

LAVATI'VA, ſ. f. a kind of clyſter.

LAVATO'RIO, ſ. m. a laver to waſh at a bath a ciſtern; alſo the action of waſhing.

LAVA'ZAS, ſ. f. pl. ſuds, or water of waſhing of linen.

L A X

LA'XA, ſ. f. a broad ſtone for pavements; alſo a leash for dogs. At ſea, a shoal.

LAXA'R, v. a. to looſen, ſlacken, untie.

LAXA'TIVO, adj. that can looſen, ſlacken, or untie; alſo laxative.

L A Y

LA'YA, ſ. f. the genius, quality, or ſpecies of any thing.

L A Z

LAZA'DA, ſ. f. a ſlip-knot; alſo a ſnare; ſometimes taken for a riddle.

LAZARE'TO, ſ. m. the houſe or hoſpital where perſons perform quarantaine.

LAZARI'LLO, ſ. m. the perſon who leads the blind man.

LA'ZARO, ſ. m. a poor beggar.

LAZDRA'DO, adj. obſ. torn, tattered.

LAZO, ſ. m. a knot, a ſnare; flourish in writing.

Armár lázo, to lay a ſnare.

Caér en el lázo, to be catched, to fall into the ſnare.

Tenér el lázo a la gargánta, to have the rope about the neck; to be in imminent danger.

L E

LE, an oblique caſe of the pronoun which correſponds to the third perſon in the maſculine gender in the ſingular, and in the plural *los* and *les*.

L E A

LEA'L, adj. loyal, faithful.

Prov. *No vive mas el leál de quánto quiére el traidór*, a fair honeſt man lives no longer than a treacherous villain pleaſes; becauſe a treacherous perſon may at any time take an honeſt man who ſuſpects nothing at a diſadvantage.

LEALME'NTE, adv. loyally, faithfully, honeſtly.

LEALTA'D, ſ. f. loyalty, fidelity, truſtineſs.

L E B

LEBE'CHE, ſ. m. the ſout-weſt wind.

LEBRA'DA, ſ. f. a particular way of dreſſing a hare.

LEBRASTO'N, ſ. m. an old hare; a cunning ſubtle man.

LEBRATI'LLO, ſ. m. a leveret, a young hare.

LEBRE'L, ſ. m. a greyhound.

LEBRI'LLO, ſ. m. an earthen pan.

LEBRILLE'JO, ſ. m. a little earthen pan.

LEBRO'N, ſ. m. a great coward, a great hare.

LEBRONA'ZO, ſ. m. idem.

LEBRU'NO, adj. belonging to a hare.

L E C

LECCI'ON, ſ. f. reading lecture, leſſon, inſtruction.

LECHA'DA, ſ. f. the wetting or moiſtening of lime.

Lecháda de trápos, the matter of which paper is made; that is, the rags beaten in a mill till they are like a milky paſte.

LECHA'L, adj. ſucking; made of, or belonging to milk.

LE'CHE, ſ. f. milk.

Léche de gallína, a white field onion.

Léche de mantéca, buttermilk.

Léche de péz, the milt or ſoft row of a fish.

LECHECI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. the ſweet-bread of any beaſt.

LECHE'RA, ſ. f. a milk-woman, or milk-maid.

LECHE'RO, ſ. m. a milk-man.

Lechéro, adj. milky, belonging to milk.

LECHETRE'ZNA, ſ. f. the herb ſpurge.

LECHI'GA, ſ. f. a bier to carry dead bodies on.

LECHIGA'DA, ſ. f. a litter of pigs; alſo a herd of ruffians.

LECHI'NO, ſ. m. a match of lint uſed by ſurgeons.

LE'CHO, ſ. m. a bed.

Un lecho de úna cóſa, y un léchо de ótra, a layer of one thing, and a layer of another.

Eſtár la már en lécho, the ſea to be very calm and ſmooth.

LECHO'N, ſ. m. properly a ſucking pig; any hog.

Lechón de viúda, a widow's hog; that is a pampered fellow.

LECHONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſucking pig.

LECHU'GA, ſ. f. a lettice.

Lechúga créſpa, curled, or ragged-leafed, or endive-leafed lettuce.

Lechúga merciana, the cabbage-lettuce.

Lechúga parráda, broad-leafed lettuce.

Lechúga Romána, the Roman lettuce.

LECHUGUE'RO, ſ. m. who ſells lettuces.

LECHUGUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little lettuce; alſo the ſcolloping of a ruff.

Mángas de lechuguilla, fine ruffled linen ſleeves, worn by women.

Cuéllo de lechugullla, a ruff-band.

LECHUGUI'NO, ſ. m. a young lettuce.

LECHU'ZA, ſ. f. an owl.

LECHU'ZO, adj. that ſucks; ſaid of the mule before it is taken from the dam.

LECTO'R, ſ. m. a reader; alſo one of the leſſer orders in the church.

Lectór en teología, a profeſſor of divinity.

LECTORA'L, adj. applied to the canon whoſe office is to explain the holy ſcriptures.

LECTORI'A, ſ. f. the office or dignity of a reader in the church.
LECTU'RA, ſ. f. a lecture.

L E D

LEDAME'NTE, adv. obſ. merrily, joyfully.
LE'DO, adj. obſ. pleaſant, merry.
LE'DRO, adj. in cant, mean, of ſmall value, low.
Brácio ledro, in cant, the left hand.

L E E

LEEDO'R, ſ. m. a reader.
LEE'R, v. a. to read; alſo to teach a ſcience.
Leér philoſophia, to teach philoſophy.
Leér a úno la cartilla, to read a man his primer; that is, to tell him what he muſt truſt to.

L E G

LEGACI'A, ſ. f. an embaſſy.
LEGA'DO, ſ. m. an ambaſſador; now uſed only for the pope's legate.
LEGA'JO, ſ. m. a bundle of papers.
LEGA'L, adj. legal, belonging to the law.
LEGALIDA'D, ſ. f. lawfulneſs.
LEGALIZACIO'N, ſ. f. a certificate.
LEGALIZA'R, v. a. to declare in form that the inſtrument is true, to certify.
LEGALME'NTE, adv. lawfully, legally.
LEGAME'NTE, adv. laymanlike.
LEGA'MO, ſ. m. thick ſlime or mud.
LEGAÑA, ſ. f. vide *LAGAÑA*.
LEGAÑOSO, adj. vide *LAGAÑOSO*.
LEGA'R, v. a. to will, to bequeath by will, to ſend.
LEGATA'RIO, ſ. m. one that has legacies left him.
LEGA'TO, ſ. m. a legacy.
LEGE'NDA, ſ. f. a legend.
LEGENDA'RIO, ſ. m. the book of legends.
LEGI'BLE, adj. legible, that may be read.
LEGIO'N, ſ. f. a legion; any great number.
LEGIONA'RIO, ſ. m. a ſoldier belonging to a legion.
LEGISLADO'R, ſ. m. legiſlator, law-giver.
LEGISLA'R, v. n. to make or eſtabliſh laws.
LEGISPERI'TO, ſ. m. a perſon skilful in the law.
LEGISTA, ſ. m. a lawyer.
LEGI'TIMA, ſ. f. the ſon's ſhare of the inheritance of his father's goods.
LEGITIMACIO'N, ſ. f. legitimation.
LEGITIMAME'NTE, adv. legally, lawfully.
LEGITI'MA'R, v. a. to legitimate, to make legal or lawful.
LEGITIMIDA'D, ſ. f. a legitimacy.
LEGI'TIMO, adj. lawful, legitimate.
LE'GO, ſ. m. a lay-brother.
LEGO'N, ſ. m. a ſpade.
LEGONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a hoe to hoe gardens.
LE'GRA, ſ. f. a ſurgeon's, inſtrument with which he lays open the ſcull to ſearch whether it be ſound.
LEGRA'R, v. a. in ſurgery; to lay open the ſcull, to ſearch whether it be ſound.
LE'GUA, ſ. f. a league, commonly three miles.
Trága léguas, ſwallow-leagues; ſo they call a horſe that rides much.

Prov. *Por do quiéra hay ſu légua de mal camino*, whatſoever way you go, there is a league of bad way; a buſineſs is croſs and difficult every way.

LEGU'MBRE, ſ. f. pulſe of all ſorts; as peaſe, beans, vetches, &c.

L E I

LEI'BLE, adj. that can be read.

L E J

LEJA'NO, adj. far off.
LE'JOS, adv. far.

L E L

LELILE'S, ſ. m. pl. the cries of the Moors when they join battle.
LELO, adj. foolish, ſtupid.

L E M

LE'MMA, ſ. f. an argument or ſubject.

L E N

LENCERI'A, ſ. f. the linen-drapers ſtreet; alſo linen-cloth made of flax.
LENCE'RO, ſ. m. a linen-draper.
LENDRE'RA, ſ. f. a ſmal toothed comb to take the nits out of the hair.
LENDRE'RO, ſ. m. a place full of nits.
LENDRO'SO, adj. full of nits.
LE'NGUA, ſ. f. tongue; language; alſo an interpreter; the little wire or tongue of the balance, which shows what way it inclines; alſo the clapper of a bell.
Lengúa del água, the edge of the water.
Léngua de buéy, the herb bugloſs.
Léngua de ciervo, hart-tongue, an herb.
Léngua de cordero, the herb lambs-tongue.
Léngua de cabállo, the herb-horſes-tongue, or laurel of Alexandria.
Léngua de perro, the herb hounds-tongue.
Léngua ſerpentina, the herb adders-tongue.
Poner léngua en alguno, to talk ill of one.
Irſe de léngua, to be lavish of one's tongue.
Hacérſe lénguas en un negócio, to talk eagerly or zealouſly in an affair.
Venir con la léngua de un pálmo, to

come with the tongue hanging out a ſpan; that is, in haſte, panting, and the tongue hanging, as a dog when he runs.

Prov. *Quien lénguа ha, a Róma va*, he that has language, may go to Rome.

Prov. *La lénguа del mal amígo mas córta que el cuchíllo*, a falſe friend's tongue is ſharper than a knife.

LENGUA'DO, ſ. m. the fiſh called a ſoal.

LENGUA'GE, ſ. m. language.

LENGUARA'Z, adj. one who ſpeaks many languages; alſo an ill tongue, a malicious, venomous tongue.

LENGUA'Z, adj. full of tongue, talkative.

LENGüEA'R, v. a. to ſpy out, to be inquiſitive.

LENGüECILLA, ſ. f. a little tongue.

LENGüE'TA, ſ. f. a little tongue, the uvula in the throat; the iron point of an arrow; the beard of a fiſhing-hook; the little iron at the end of goads; the little braſs plates that fall upon ſome of the holes of an hautboy, and ſome other ſorts of wind-muſic.

LENGUETA'DA, ſ. f. the action of licking with the tongue.

LENGUE'ZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little-tongue.

LENIDA'D, ſ. f. lenity, mildneſs of temper.

LENIE'NTE, adj. that ſoftens, aſſwages or appeaſes.

LENITI'VO, adj. that can ſoften, appeaſe, or mitigate.

LENIZA'R, v. a. to ſoften, to aſſwage, mitigate, or appeaſe.

LENOCI'NIO, ſ. m. pimping, pandering, practice of bawdry.

LENTAME'NTE, adv. ſlowly.

LENTE, ſ. f. a lens, a glaſs ſpherically convex on both ſides.

LENTE'JA, ſ. f the pulſe called lentils.

Lent'ja de água, the herb duckmeat.

LENTICULA'R, adj. that has the likeneſs of the lentils; doubly convex.

LENTI'SCO, ſ. m. the lentisk or maſtick-tree.

LENTITU'D, ſ. f. ſlowneſs.

LE'NTO, adj. ſlow, negligent.

LENTO'R, ſ. m. ſlowneſs.

LENZUE'LO, ſ. m. a little cloth, a handkerchief.

L E ñ

LE'ñA, ſ. f. wood.

Cargár de léña, to cudgel one.

Léña enligáda, twigs daubed with birdlime.

Prov. *Llevár léña al mónte*, to carry wood to the mountain; that is, to carry coals to Newcaſtle.

LEñADO'R, ſ. m. a carrier or cleaver of wood.

LEñE'RO, ſ. m. a dealer in wood, and the place where wood is felled.

LEñO, ſ. m. a block, any large timber, a trunk of a tree, a blockhead; a ſhip, a boat.

LEñO'SO, adj. woody, having properties of wood.

L E O

LEO'N, ſ. m. a lion.

Prov. *No es tan brávo el léon cómo le pintan*, the lion is not ſo fierce as he is painted.

LEO'NA, ſ. f. a lioneſs.

Leónas, pl. in cant, hoſe, ſtockings.

LEONA'DO, adj. the colour we call murrey.

LEONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little lion, a lion's whelp.

LEONE'RA, ſ. f. a cage or place to keep lions in.

LEONE'RO, ſ. m. a keeper of lions; one that keeps a gaming-houſe.

LEONI'NO, adj. that belongs to a lion.

LEOPA'RDO, ſ. m. a leopard.

L E P

LEPO'R, ſ. m. a grace, mirth, wit, drollery; pretty conceit, complaiſance.

LEPRA, ſ. f. the leproſy.

LEPRO'SO, adj. a lazar, one that has the leproſy.

L E R

LE'RDO, adj. ſlow, lazy, dull; in cant, cowardly.

L E S

LESIO'N, ſ. f. damage, hurt.

LE'SNA, ſ. f. an awl.

LE'SO, adj. hurt, wounded.

LE'STE, ſ. m. eaſt, eaſt-wind.

L E T

LETANI'A, ſ. f. litany.

LETHA'L, adj. deadly, mortal.

LETHA'RGO, ſ. m. a lethargy.

LETI'CIA, ſ. f. joy, mirth, gladneſs.

LETIFICA'R, v. a. to make joyful or glad.

LETO'R, ſ. m. vide *LECTOR*.

LE'TRA, ſ. f. a letter; alſo the hand in writing; alſo a ſtanza.

Létra, a type with which books are printed; alſo the motto of a device.

Létra por létra, punctually, exactly, without leaving a letter.

Létra de cámbio, a bill of exchange.

La létra con ſangre éntra, the letter is imprinted with blood; that is, with labour and pains; he that will learn muſt labour.

Hómbre de létras, a learned man.

Prov. *Létras no embótan lánza*, learning does not make a man the worſe ſoldier.

LETRADO, ſ. m. a learned man, or a lawyer.

LETRE'RO, ſ. m. an inſcription.

LETRI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *letra*. A poetical compoſition ſo called.

LETRI'NA, ſ. f. a privy.

LETRO'NES, ſ. m. pl. great letters; alſo the papers in great letters ſet up at the gates of churches, to declare any perſon excommunicated.

LETUA'RIO, ſ. m. an electary.

LETU'RA, ſ. f. reading.

L E V

LE'VA, ſ. f. raiſing of ſoldiers;

alſo, weighing anchor; ſometimes quarrel, diſpute.

Tocár a léva, to ſound or beat the general to march.

LEVA'DA, ſ. f. a bout, or turn at fencing; alſo the flourish made with the foil before fencing.

LEVADI'ZO, to be lifted.

Puénte levadiza, a draw-bridge.

LEVA'DOR, ſ. m. a crafty thief.

LEVADU'RA, ſ. f. leven for bread.

LEVANTADO'R, ſ. m. who raiſes or elevates.

LEVANTADU'RA, ſ. f. raiſing, lifting.

LEVANTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. inſurrection, rebellion.

LEVANTA'R, v. a. to raiſe, to lift; alſo to build, to conſtruct.

Levantár, to make inſurrections; alſo to impute, to accuſe.

Levantár, to defend, to protect; alſo to give elevation of rank or fortune.

Levantár una cósa en álto, to raiſe a thing high.

Levantár un péso, to lift a weight.

Levantár un edificio, to raiſe a ſtructure.

Levantár la cáza, to rouſe, ſtart, or ſpring game.

Levantár fálso teſtimónio, to accuſe falſly.

Levantár gente de guérra, to raiſe ſoldiers.

Levantár al cerco, to raiſe the ſiege.

Levantár la tábla, to take away after dinner.

Levantárſe, v. r. to riſe up; alſo to recover; alſo to grow more or greater in any reſpect.

Levantár á uno hacia arriba, to put a man in a great paſſion.

Levantár de caſcos, to inſpire pride or vanity.

Levantár el campo, to raiſe the camp.

Levantár el eſpiritu, to encourage, to raiſe up the ſpirit.

Levantár la vóz, el grito, ó el bramo, to make a great noiſe, to be in a paſſion, or furious.

Levantár los talónes, to fly, to eſcape, running away.

Leventárſe a las eſtrellas, to grow very haughty.

Levantárſe con algo, to take poſſeſſion of any thing.

Levantárſe de la cáma, to raiſe out of bed.

Levantárſe a mayóres, to take upon one, to grow haughty.

Levantárſe el puéblo, to mutiny, to rebel.

Levantárſe del juégo, to give over play.

LEVA'NTE, ſ. m. the Levant, the Eaſt.

Eſtár de levánte, to be unſettled.

Levantíſco, adj. of or belonging to the Levant.

LEVA'R, v. a. to raiſe, to lift.

Levár ferro, to weigh anchor.

Levárſe, v. r. in cant, to remove, to be gone.

LE'VE, adj. light; of no moment.

LEVEDA'D, ſ. f. lightneſs.

LEVEME'NTE, adv. lightly.

LEVI'TA, ſ. m. a levite or prieſt according to the Moſaical or Levitical law.

LEVI'TICO, ſ. m. the book of Leviticus.

L E X

LEXA'NO, adj. diſtant, that is far off.

LEXEDUMBRE, ſ. m. obſ. excrement, dung, filth, naſtineſs.

LEXI'A, ſ. f. lye to wash in.

Prov. *Perdída es la lexia en la cabeza del ásno*, it is loſing the lye to wash an aſs's head with it. There is no washing the blackmoor white. Inſtructions are loſt upon a dunce.

LEXICON, ſ. m. a lexicon, a dictionary.

LE'XOS, adv. far off.

Léxos, adj. pl. in painting, are the figures that appear ſmall, repreſenting a diſtance.

Tenér buénos léxos, to look better at a diſtance than near at hand.

LEXU'RA, ſ. f. diſtance.

L E Y

LEY, ſ. f. a law; alſo fidelity, honeſty.

Léy del encáge, a diſcretional law.

Oro ò pláta de léy, gold or ſilver that is ſtandard.

Mercadería de léy, a good legal commodity, in which there is no cheat.

Tenér léy con ſu ſeñór, to be faithful to his maſter.

A léy de buéno júro, by the faith of an honeſt man; a kind of oath.

Prov. *A lá van léyes donde quiéren réyes*, the laws go which way kings pleaſe; that is, monarchs make the laws ſpeak what they pleaſe.

Prov. *Por tu léy, y por tu réy, y y por tu gréy*, you ſhall venture your life for your religion, for your king, and for your country.

LEYE'NDA, ſ. f. the action of reading; alſo what is read.

L I A

LI'A, ſ. f. a withe of oſier-twigs to bind with.

LI'AS, ſ. f. pl. the dregs of wine, the lees.

LIA'ZA, ſ. f. a bundle of oſiers.

LIADU'RA, ſ. f. a binding.

LI'AR, v. a. to bind any thing with cords.

L I B

LIBACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſacrifice offered, or the taſting of what is offered.

LIBA'R, v. a. to offer in ſacrifice; alſo to taſte, to aſſay.

LIBELA'R, v. a. to draw petitions, declarations; alſo to libel or ſcandalize.

LIBELA'TICO, adj. that denies his religion for fear of tortures.

LIBE'LO, ſ. m. petition, memorial, declaration.

Libélo, ſ. m. a ſcandalous invective.

LIBERA'L, adj. liberal, bountiful, free, generous; alſo quick, active, diligent.

Artes liberáles, the liberal arts, or ſciences.

LIBERALIDA'D, ſ. f. liberality, bounty, generoſity.

LIBERALMENTE

LIBERALME'NTE, adv. liberally, bountifully, generouſly.
LIBE'RRIMO, adj. ſuperl. very free.
LIBERTA'D, ſ. f. liberty, freedom.
LIBERTA'DO, adj. impudent.
LIBERTADO'R, ſ. m. who makes or ſets free.
LIBERTA'R, v. a. to ſet free, to enfranchiſe.
LIBERTI'NO, ſ. m. the ſon of one that has been a ſlave and made free.
LIBE'RIO, ſ. m. one that has been a ſlave, and made free.
LI'BI'DINE, ſ. f. luſt, deſire.
LIBIDINO'SO, adj. luſtful, luxurious, unchaſte.
LI'BRA, ſ. f. a pound weight; alſo the conſtellation called *Libra*.
Libra carnicéra, the butchers pound, which is double the common pound.
LIBRACIO'N, ſ. m. the motion of a body in its center, to put itſelf in equilibrium.
LIBRA'DO, adj. delivered, freed; alſo aſſigned or ordered, ſpeaking of monney.
El mejór librádo, he that has eſcaped or fared beſt.
LIBRADO'R, ſ. m. a deliverer, a diſcharger; alſo he that gives bills or warrants to receive money.
LIBRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. freeing, diſcharging.
LIBRANCI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who has bills, notes, or order to receive money.
LIBRA'NZA, ſ. f. a bill, note, warrant, or order to receive money.
LIBRA'R, v. a. to deliver, to ſet free, to give a bill, note, warrant, or order for monney. In nunneries, to give a nun leave to talk at the grate.
LIBRA'ZO, ſ. m. a great book.
LIBRE, adj. free, clear, bold.
LIBRE'A, ſ. f. a livery.
LIBRE'AR, v. a. to ſell any thing by pounds.
LIBREME'NTE, adv. freely.
LIBRERI'A, ſ. f. a library.
LIBRE'RO, ſ. m. a bookſeller.

LIBRE'TA, ſ. f. a little pound weight; alſo a loaf one pound weight.
LIBRE'TE, ſ. m. a little book.
LIBRI'LLA, ſ. f. a little pound.
LIBRI'LLO, ſ. m. a little book; alſo a little earthen pan.
LI'BRO, ſ. m. a book.
Llbro de cáxa, a ſhop-book, a merchant's book.
Llbro de memória, a pocket-book, a notebook.
Llbro agujerádo, a file on which looſe papers are kept.
Llbro de máno, a manuſcript book.
Hacér libro nuevo, to turn over a new leaf, take new meaſures, to begin a new courſe of life.
No havér eſtudiádo mas que en el llbro de ſu aldéa, not to know how to read in any book but his own.
Prov. *Llbro cerrádo no ſáca letrádo*, a book that is ſhut makes no ſcholar.

L I C

LICE'NCIA, ſ. f. licence, leave.
LICENCIA'DO, ſ. m. a licentiate.
LICENCIA'R, v. a. to licence, to diſcharge, to give leave.
LICENCIOSAME'NTE, adv. licentiouſly, lewdly.
LICENCIO'SO, adj. licentious, lewd.
LICIO'N, ſ. f. a leſſon, reading.
LI'CITAME'NTE, adv. lawfully.
LI'CITO, adj. lawful.
LICO'R, ſ. m. liquor.

L I D

LID, ſ. f. contention, ſtrife, debate, combat.
LIDIADO'R, ſ. m. contender, debater, combatant.
LIDIA'R, v. a. to contend, to debate, to ſtrive, to combat.

L I E

LIEBRASTO'N, ſ. m. a leveret, a young hare.
LIE'BRE, ſ. f. a hare; a coward.
Liébre de már, a fiſh called a ſea-hare.
Tomár una liébre, to take a hare; to fall down in the dirt.
Prov. *Levantár la liébre para que ótro médre*, to ſtart the hare that another may thrive; as we ſay one man beats the bush, another runs away with the hare.
Prov. *Por múcho que córra la liébre, mas córre el gálgo pués la prénde*, though the hare runs never ſo well, the greyhound runs better, ſince he takes her. None ought to boaſt of what they can do, where others outdo them.
LIE'NDRE, ſ. f. a nit.
LIE'NTO, adj. moiſt, damp, lank, pliant, ſlow.
LIE'NZO, ſ. m. linen cloth; alſo a picture.
Liénzo tiſtádo, ſtriped linen.
Liénzo de nárizes, a handkerchief.
Liénzo de murálla, a ſide of a wall, or a curtain of a wall.

L I G

LI'GA, ſ. f. garter; alſo bird-lime; alſo an alliance; alſo allaying of metals.
LIGUDU'RA, ſ. f. a binding.
LIGAGA'MBA, ſ. f. obſ. a garter.
LIGA'LLO, ſ. m. a company of ſhepherds.
LIGAME'NTO, ſ. m. a band, or binding.
LIGA'R, v. a to bind; to bewitch; to allay metals.
Ligárſe, v. r. to be united, to be in league with others.
LIGAZO'N, ſ. m. binding, tying union.
Ligazónes de un navio, the ribs of a ſhip.
LIGERAME'NTE, adv. lightly, nimbly, actively.
LIGERE'ZA, ſ. f. lightneſs, nimbleneſs, activity.
LIGE'RO, adj. light, nimble, active.
Cabállos ligéros, the light-horſe.
Creér de ligéro, to be credulous, to believe on light grounds.
LIGERUE'LO, adj. lightiſh.

Uvas ligeruélas, a ſort of early grapes that are firſt ripe.

LIGULA, ſ. f. a little tongue; alſo a latchet of a ſhoe, a ſhoe-tie, a tenon, the tongue of a pipe, a ſpoon, ſcummer, or ladle.

LIGUSTRI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to a tree called privet or primeprint.

LIGU'STRO, ſ. m. a flower ſo called.

L I L

LI'LA, ſ. f. a thin woollen ſtuff of divers colours.

LILA'C, ſ. m. an African ſhrub ſo called.

LILA'ILA, ſ. f. a thin woollen-ſtuff.

LILA'O, ſ. m. a vain oſtentation in words and actions.

L I M

LI'MA, ſ. f. in cant, the ſhirt.

Lima, ſ. f. a citron, or citron-tree; alſo a file as ſmiths uſe; thence the correcting of any writing, as it were filing of it.

LIMA'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of dog-fish.

LIMADAME'NTE, adv. curiouſly, exquiſitely.

LIMA'DO, adj. filed, curious.

LIMADU'RA, ſ. f. filing-pin-duſt.

LIMA'R, v. a. to file; to correct, to refine.

LIMA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſnail.

LI'MBO, ſ. m. the place where the ſouls of the patriarchs were till the coming of Chriſt.

LIME'RA, ſ. f. citron, ſweet lemontree.

Limera, ſ. f. a woman who ſells lemons.

LIME'RO, ſ. m. the man who ſells lemons; alſo the lemon-tree.

LIME'TA, ſ. f. a bellied glaſs vial.

LIMETI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall glaſs vial.

LIMI'STE, ſ. m. ſuperfine cloth.

LIMITACIO'N, ſ. f. limitation, confinement.

LIMITADAME'NTE, adv. circumſcribedly, ſcantily.

LIMITA'DO, adj. ſcanty.

Hómbre limitádo, a narrow-ſouled man.

LIMITA'NEO, adj, bounding, circumſcribing.

LIMITAR, v. a. to limit, to circumſcribe, to bound.

LI'MITE, ſ. m. limit, bound.

LI'MO, ſ. m. mud, dirt.

LIMON, ſ. m. a lemon.

Limón de cárro, the pole that goes between the oxen in the wain.

LIMONA'DA, ſ. f. limonade.

LIMONA'DO, adj. lemon colour.

LIMONA'R, ſ. m. a lemon orchard.

LIMONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little lemon.

LIMO'SNA, ſ. f. alms.

Prov. *El dar limóſna núnca mengua la bólſa*, giving alms never empties the purſe.

LIMOSNADO'R, ſ. m. one that gives alms.

LIMOSNE'RO, ſ. m. an almoner, one that gives much alms.

LIMO'SO, adj. dirty, miry.

LI'MPIA, ſ. f. the act of cleaning any thing.

LIMPIADE'RA, ſ. f. a brush.

LIMPIADIE'NTES, ſ. m. a tooth-picker.

LIMPIADE'RO, adj. any thing to make clean with.

LIMPIADO'R, ſ. m. who cleans or purifies any thing.

LIMPIADU'RA, ſ. f. whatever is taken of in cleaning a thing.

LIMPIAME'NTE, adv. cleanlily, neatly.

LIMPIA'R, v. a. to clean, to cleanſe.

Limpiárſe, v. r. to clear one's ſelf of any accuſation.

LIMPIE'DUMBRE, } ſ. f. clean-
LIMPIE'ZA, } lineſs, neatneſs, purity.

Prov. *Limpiéza no en la bólſa*, cleanlineſs not in the purſe. A purſe very clean is a ſign of no money in it.

LI'MPIO, adj. clean, neat, pure, bright.

Perſóna limpia, one that has no taint in his blood, as not deſcended from Moors or Jews.

No ſer água limpia, to have ſome blemish.

Limpio de pólvo y de paja, no way defiled, without any incumbrance.

LIMPIO'N, ſ. m. one that cleanſes privies, a goldfinder.

L I N

LINA'GE, ſ. m. a lineage, ſtock, or family.

Prov. *No digas ax! que deshonrarás tu lináx*, do not ſay oh! for you will diſgrace your family; that is, do not cry out when in pain, becauſe it is ſcandalous in a man.

LINAGI'STA, ſ. m. who writes lineages or deſcents of families.

LINAJU'DO, ſ. m. one that boaſts much of his family.

LINA'LOE, ſ. m. lignum aloes.

LINA'R, ſ. m. a field of flax.

LINA'RIA, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.

LINA'ZA, ſ. f. the ſeeds of flax.

LINDAME'NTE, adv. finely, curiouſly.

LINDA'R, v. n. to limit, to bound.

LINDA'ZO, ſ. m. a great beau.

LI'NDE, } ſ. m. limit, boun-
LINDE'RO, } dary.

LINDE'ZA, ſ. f. fineneſs, curiouſneſs, beauty.

LI'NDO, adj. fine, urious, dainty, beautiful. Spoken of a man without any addition, it ſignifies a beau, a fop.

Lindo hómbre, a fine man.

LINEA, ſ. f. line, extenſion, limit.

Linea, rank, birth; alſo kind.

Tirár lineas, to intend, to pretend ſomething.

Linea réćta, a ſtraight line.

LINEA'L, adj. of or belonging to a line.

LINEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. lineament.

LINEA'R, v. n. to draw lines.

LINE'RO, ſ. m. one that deals in flax.

LINGUE'TE, ſ. m. an iron bar ſo called, uſed on board a ſhip.

LINIME'NTO, ſ. m. an ointment or liniment.
LI'NO, ſ. m. flax, or linen.
LINTE'L, ſ. m. the piece that lies acroſs the two jambs of the door.
LINTE'RNA, ſ. f. a lanthorn.
LINTERNE'RO, ſ. m. a maker of lanthorns.

L I Ñ

LI'ÑOS, ſ. m. (*Cabéros de la viña*) the rows or ranks in which vines are planted.

L I O

LI'O, ſ. m. a bundle, a fardle, a pack.

L I Q

LIQUA'BLE, adj. that may be liquefied.
LIQUACIO'N, ſ. f. the melting or liquefying of any thing.
LIQUA'R, v. a. to melt or make liquid, to liquefy.
LIQUECE'R, v. a. to melt.
LIQUIDACIO'N, ſ. f. melting, or making liquid; alſo clearing.
LIQUIDA'MBAR, ſ. m. an odoriferous medicinal liquor ſo called.
LIQUIDAME'NTE, adv. clearly, plainly; like a fluid.
LIQUIDA'R, v. a. to make liquid, to melt, to diſſolve; alſo to clear any thing that is dubious or difficult.
LIQUI'DO, adj. liquid.
LIQUO'R, ſ. m. liquor.
LI'RA, ſ. f. a lyre, a harp; alſo the conſtellation of that name; it is alſo a poetical compoſition of five verſes in a ſtanza, two long and three ſhort, or broken.

L I R

LI'RICO, adj. lyrick.
Poéta lírico, a lyrick poet.
Vérſos líricos, lyrick verſes.
LI'RIO, ſ. m. a lily.
Lírio cardeno, the flower-de-luce.
LIRO'N, ſ. m. a dormouſe.
LIRONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little dormouſe.
LIRO'NDO, adj. that has no mixture or addition.

L I S

LI'S, ſ. f. (*flor de lis*) a flover-de-luce.
LISAME'NTE, adv. ſmoothly, plainly.
LISIA'R, v. a. to hurt, to wound.
LI'SO, adj. ſmooth, plain. In cant, ſattin.
Hómbre líſo, a plain dealer, a man without fraud.
LISO'NJA, ſ. f. flattery. There is alſo a ſort of flower of this name.
Liſónjas de óro, a ſort of gold embroidery.
LISONJEADO'R, ſ. m. a flatterer.
LISONJEA'R, v. a. to flatter.
LISONJE'RO, ſ. m. a flatterer.
LI'STA, ſ. f. a liſt of names, or of cloth; a ribband.
LISTA'R, v. a. to ſtrip.
LI'STO, adj. ready, quick, diligent.
LISTO'N, ſ. m. a broad ribband
LISTONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ribband.
LISTONERI'A, ſ. f. a bundle or knot of ribbands.
LISU'RA, ſ. f. ſmoothneſs, alſo ingenuity, ſincerity.

L I T

LI'TE, ſ. f. ſtrife, contention, a ſuit of law.
LITE'RA, ſ. f. a horſe-litter, a kind of vehiculary bed carried by horſes.
LITERA'L, adj. literal.
LITERALI'STA, ſ. m. who underſtands the literal ſenſe.
LITERALME'NTE, adv. literally.
LITERA'RIO, adj. belonging to letters.
LITERA'TO, adj. learned.
LITERATU'RA, ſ. f. learning, knowledge.
LITHARGI'RIO, ſ. m. litharge.
LITHOCO'LA, ſ. f. cement wherewith ſtones are joined together, ſtonesglue.
LITIGA'R, v. a. to go law, to contend.
LITIGADO'R, ſ. m. a wrangler.
LITIGA'NTE, ſ. m. one that is at law.
LITI'GIO, ſ. m. ſtrife, contention.
LITIGIO'SO, adj. contentious, litigious.
LITISPENDE'NCIA, ſ. f. a demur in law.
LITURGI'A, ſ. f. the liturgy, the publick form of divine ſervice.

L I V

LIVIANAME'NTE, adv. lightly.
LIVIANDA'D, ſ. f. lightneſs, a foolish action, impudence; alſo lewdneſs.
LIUIANE'ZA, ſ. f. the ſame as *livianddd*.
LIVIA'NO, adj. light, inconſtant; alſo lewd, diſſolute.
Liviános, ſ. m. pl. the lights of any creature.
LIVORA'DO, adj. obſ. marked black and blue by bruiſes.

L I X

LI'XA, ſ. f. a ſeal fish, the skin of which is uſed in polishing wood.
LIXA'R, v. a. to polish, to ſmooth.
LI'XO, ſ. m. obſ. mud.
LIXO'SO, obſ. adj. muddy, dirty.

L L A

LLA'GA, ſ. f. a wound, a ſore.
Prov. *Sánan llágas, y no málas palabras*, wounds heal, but not ill words.
LLAGA'R, v. a. to wound.
LLAGO'SO, adj. full of wounds, or ſores.
LLA'MA, ſ. f. a flame.
LLAMA'DA, ſ. f. a call; alſo the chamade or beat of a drum, which declares a ſurrender.

Llámas, ſ. f. a ſort of cattle peculiar to the kingdom of Peru.

LLAMADO'R, ſ. m. one that calls; alſo the knocker or the hammer which hangs at the door for ſtrangers to ſtrike.

LLAMAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a call or calling; in phyſick, the drawing the humour to a place.

LLAMA'R, v. n. to call; to knock at the door.

Llamárſe por tal nómbre, to bear ſuch a name.

LLAMARA'DA, ſ. f. a blaze of fire.

LLAMATI'VO, adj. that calls; applied only when ſpeaking of ſalt things, becauſe they are apt to provoke, excite, or as it were, call perſons to drink.

LLA'NA, ſ. f. a maſon's or plaiſterer's trowel; alſo a page of a book's leaf.

LLANA'DA, ſ. f. an even piece of ground.

LLANAME'NTE, adv. plainly.

LLANE'ZA, ſ. f. plainneſs, ſincerity, plain dealing, familiarity.

LLA'NO, adj. plain, ſimple, ſincere, honeſt without difficulty.

Hómbre lláno, a downright honeſt man.

Carnéro lláno, a wether-mutton.

LLA'NTA, ſ. f. a colewort; alſo the binding irons about the wheels of carts or coaches called the ſtreeks.

LLANTEA'R, v. n. to bewail, to bemoan.

LLANTE'N, ſ. m. the herb plantain.

LLA'NTO, ſ. m. mourning, weeping.

LLANU'RA, ſ. f. plainneſs, a plain.

LLA'RES, ſ. m. pl. (*ollares*) pothangers.

LLA'VE, ſ. f. a key.

Prov. *Lláve en cinta háce buéna a mi y a mi vecina*, the key in the girdle makes me and my neighbour good; that is, when things are locked up, the opportunity of ſtealing is taken away.

LLAVE'RO, ſ. m. the key-hole; alſo a chain or ſtring to hang keys at.

Llavéro, ſ. m. he who keeps the keys of a town, priſon; or any other place.

L L E

LLE'CO, ſ. m. land that is not broke up.

LLEGA'DA, ſ. f. the arrival, or coming to a place; alſo a gathering.

LLEGA'R, v. a. to arrive, to come to a place; to gather; alſo to touch.

Acábo de llegár, I am juſt come.

No llégues a éſto, do not touch this.

LLE'NA, ſ. f. a filling.

Prov. *A gran lléna gran vacía*, great filling muſt have great emptying.

LLENAME'NTE, adv. copiouſly, abundantly.

LLENA'R, v. a. to fill.

Llenárſe to eat and drinck well; alſo to be angry.

LLE'NO, adj. full.

Lléno, ſ. m. plenty, abundance.

Hombre lléno, a very learned perſon.

De lléno, entirely.

Dar de lléno, to hit a thing full.

LLENU'RA, ſ. f. plenty, copiouſneſs, abundance.

LLEVA'DA, ſ. f. the action of carrying.

LLEVADE'RO, adj. ſupportable, to be borne.

LLEVADO'R, ſ. m. one that carries.

LLEVA'R, v. a. to carry; alſo to produce, and to bear or ſuffer.

Llevár, to exceed; alſo to draw to one's opinion.

Llevár, to guide, and to manage.

Llevár a cueſtas, to carry on the back; alſo to ſuffer, to bear.

Llevárſe de la coléra, to fall in a paſſion.

Llevár adelante, to go on conſtantly.

Llevár con ſigo, to be in company, to go ſomewhere.

Llevárſe los ojos, to draw the attention of all the people preſent.

Llevár en buélo, to carry away in paſſing by, or to carry hanging, or as a bird that ſeizes his prey and flies away with it.

Llevár de la riénda, to lead by the bridle.

Llevár a jórro, to tow, as veſſels do one another on the watter.

Llevár (la tiérra) trigo, to bear wheat.

No llevár (el eſtómago) algúna comída, not to bear ſome ſort of meat.

No llevárſe bien con una perſóna, not to agree well with ſome perſon.

No llevár camino, to be unlikely.

Llevár ventája, to have an advantage.

Llevár á otro tantos años, to be ſo many years older than another.

Llevár tánto de pena, to be fined ſo much.

LLEUDA'R, v. a. to put yeſt in dough that it may ferment.

L L O

LLORADE'RA, ſ. f. a woman hired to cry at a funeral, a mourner.

LLORADE'RO, adj. lamentable.

LLORADO'R, ſ. m. a weeping fellow.

LLORADUE'LOS, ſ. m. a ſnivelling perſon that cries at every turn.

LLORA'R, v. n. to cry, to weep.

LLO'RO, ſ. m. crying, weeping.

LLO'RON, ſ. m. a child that cries much, or a great crying lubber.

LLORO'SO, adj. mournful, full of tears.

LLOVEDI'ZO, adj. that falls in rain.

LLO'VER, v. imp. to rain.

Prov. *Llovér ſóbre mojado*, to rain upon the wet; to add ſin to ſin, affliction to affliction, pleaſure to pleaſure.

LLOVI'DO, ſ. m. ſo they call thoſe that go over to the Weſt-Indies without leave, as if they dropt out of the clouds.

LLOVIO'SO, adj. vide *LLUVIO'SO*.

LLOVIZNA, ſ. f. a ſmall mizzling rain.

LLOVIZNA'R, v. n. to mizzle, to rain very ſmall.

L L U

LLUE'CO, adj. broody, one that ſtands hollow, as if he was afraid of falling.

LLUVECI'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall mizzling rain.

LLUVI'A, ſ. f. rain.

LLUVIO'SO, adj. rainy.

L O A

LO', the article of the neuter gender.

LO'A, ſ. f. praiſe, commendation.

LOA'BLE, adj. commendation, praiſe-worthy.

LOABLEME'NTE, adv. commendably, praiſe-worthily.

LOADO'R, ſ. m. who praiſes or commends.

LOA'R, r. a. to praiſe.

L O B

LO'BA, ſ. f. a she wolf; a wide caſſock without ſleeves; a ridge between two furrows; a ſtock-lock for a door.

Prov. *Quiéres ver lóba parída cáſa tu hija*, would you ſee a she-wolf that has whelped, then marry your daughter. The she wolf that has whelped is ſaid to carry all she can get to her den for her whelps; when a woman has a child, she is like a she-wolf to her father, getting from him all that ever she can.

LOBA'DO, ſ. m. a ſwelling about the jaws, or in other parts; in a horſe the fashions.

LOBAGA'NTE, ſ. m. in ſome parts they give this name to a lobſter.

LOBANI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſwelling called a carbuncle, a bile, a push.

LOBATO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a sheep-ſtealer.

LOBE'RA, ſ. f. a wolf's den; alſo a furred caſſock.

LOBE'ZNO, } ſ. m. a wolf's
LOBI'LLO, } whelp.

LOBI'SMO, ſ. m. great hunger or greedineſs like a wolf's.

LOBI'TO, ſ. m. a little wolf.

LO'BO, ſ. m. a wolf, in cant, a thief.

Lóbo marino, a ſea calf.

Lóbo cervál, the beaſt called an ounce.

Prov. *El lóbo, y la vulpéja ámbos ſon de úna conſéja*, the wolf and the fox are both of a gang: that is, both contrivers of miſchief, and not to be truſted. To expreſs any two perſons are equally wicked.

Prov. *Dar vóces al lobo*, to call out to the wolf; that is, to labour in vain, becauſe the louder you call the wolf, the faſter he runs away.

Prov. *Con un lóbo no ſe máta ótro*, one wolf is not to be killed with another; that is, you muſt not employ a knave againſt another knave.

Prov. *Comprár del lóbo cárne*, to buy flesh of a wolf; to buy dear.

Prov. *De lo contádo cóme el lóbo*, the wolf eats of what is counted. Shepherds know how many sheep they have, and yet the wolf ſteals them; that is, thieves will ſteal, though they know it will be miſſed; much more if they think it will not.

Prov. *El lóbo piérde los diéntes, mas no las miéntes*, the wolf loſes his teeth, but not his inclination. Whicked men in age loſe the ability or power of doing ill, but not the will.

Prov. *El lóbo hárto de cárne ſe méte fráyle*, the wolf when full of meat, turns friar. When a wicked man can ſin ſo longer, he pretends to be good.

Prov. *Lóbo hambriénto no tiéne aſſiento*, a hungry wolf cannot be ſtill in a place. Hunger or want make all creatures reſtleſs.

Prov. *Quándo un lóbo come a ótro, no hay que comér en el ſóto*, when one wolf eats another, there is nothing elſe to eat in the wood. When sharpers prey upon one another, there is no game abroad.

Prov. *Un lóbo no muérde a ótro*, one wolf does not bite another. Knaves do not hurt one another.

LOBRE'GO, adj. dark, diſmal.

LOBREGUE'Z, ſ. f. darkneſs, diſmalneſs.

LOBU'NO, adj. wolfish.

L O C

LOCA'L, adj. local, of place; as, *movimiénto locál*, local motion.

LOCALIDA'D, ſ. f. locality.

LOCAME'NTE, adv. madly; immoderately.

LOCA'RIAS, ſ. m. a fool.

LO'CO, adj. mad, ſubſt. uſed, a madman.

Lóco atreguádo, one that is mad by fits.

Lóco perenál, one that is always mad.

Cáſa de lócos, a mad-houſe.

Prov. *Mas ſábe el lóco en ſu cáſa, que el cuérdo en la agéna*, the madman knows more in his own houſe, than a wiſeman in another body's; that is, every man knows his own buſineſs beſt.

Prov. *Los únos y los otrós, tódos ſómos lócos*, one or other of us, we are all mad; thas is, we have all our failings and our follies.

LOCUCIO'N, ſ. f. elocution, ſpeech.

LOCU'RA; ſ. f. madneſs.

Prov. *Conocerás la locúra en cantár, y jugár, y corrér múla*, you'll perceive a man's madneſs by his ſinging, playing, and riding. Theſe things illtimed are ſufficient proofs of an empty skull.

Prov. *Quién enférma de locúra, ò ſána tárde ò núnca*, he that runs mad is cured late or never.

Prov. *Si la locúra fuéſſe doloóres, en cáda cáſa darián vóces*, if madneſs were pain, they would cry out in every houſe.

LOCUTO'RIO, ſ. m. the ſpeaking room where nuns come to the grate to talk to their friends.

L O D

LODAZA'L, ſ. m. a place full of dirt and mire.

LO'DO, ſ. m. mud, mire, dirt.

Ponér un negócio en lódo, to lay

a buſineſs in the mire; to ſpoil it.

Prov. *Mas vále ganár lódo que predér en óro*, it is better to get dirt than to loſe gold; better be dirty than neglect one's buſineſs which brings in money.

LODO'SO, adj. muddy, miry, dirty.

L O G

LOGARI'THMICO, adj. belonging to logarithms.

LOGARI'THMOS, ſ. m. pl. logarithms, or artificial numbers, which perform multiplication by addition, and diviſion by ſubtraction.

LO'GICA, ſ. f. logick, the art of reaſoning.

LO'GICO, ſ. m. a logician.

LOGRA'R, v. a. to get, to gain, to purchaſe, to get good of a thing, to attain its end.

Lográrſe, v. r. to obtain one's deſire.

LOGREA'R, v. a. to lend money to uſe.

LOGRERI'A, ſ. f. uſury.

LOGRE'RO, ſ. m. an uſurer.

LO'GRO, ſ. m. uſury, intereſt, gain; alſo the good ſucceſs, or attaining the end of a thing.

L O M

LO'MA, ſ. f. a ridge or top of a hill.

LOMA'R, v. a. in cant, to give.

LOMBA'RDA, ſ. f. a cannon.

LOMBARDA'DA, ſ. f. a ſhot of a cannon.

LOMBARDA'R, *LOMBARDEA'R*, } v. a. to cannonade.

LOMBARDE'RO, ſ. m. a gunner.

LOMBRIGUE'RA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

LOMBRI'Z, ſ. f. a worm.

LOMI'LLO, ſ. m. dim. of *lómo*.

LOMINHIE'STO, adj. obſ. long-backed and upright.

LO'MO, ſ. m. the loins, the ridge of the back; a ridge between two furrows; a loin of any meat.

Béſtia de buénos lómos, a ſtrong-backed beaſt.

Jugár de lómo, to be in good caſe.

Traginár al lómo, to carry burdens on beaſts backs.

L O N

LO'NA, ſ. f. ſail cloth.

LONGA, ſ. f. a note in muſick ſo called.

LONGANIMIDA'D, ſ. f. long ſufferance or forbearance.

LONGA'NIMO, adj. that ſuffers long, forbearing; alſo generous, liberal.

LONGANI'ZA, ſ. f. a great ſauſage.

Prov. *Mas dias hay que longaní'zas*, there are more days than ſauſages; that is, we muſt live within compaſs, that we may not ſpend all too ſoon.

LONGANIZE'RO, ſ. m. a ſauſage-maker or ſeller.

LONGA'RES, ſ. m. in cant, a coward.

LONGIMETRI'A, ſ. f. a part of geometry which treats of the menſuration of diſtances.

LONGI'NQUO. adj. far off, at a great diſtance; ſtrange, long.

LONGITU'D, ſ. f. length; the longitude.

LONGITUDINA'L, adj. that belongs or pertains to the longitude.

LONGITUDINALME'NTE, adv. according to longitude.

LONGUI'SO, ſ. m. in cant, a coward.

LONGU'RA, ſ. f. length.

LO'NJA, ſ. f. a long piece, a ſlice, a ſliver, a good cut; alſo an exchange where merchants meet; any walk like a cloiſter. In falconry, the leaſe or leach, being the ſlender long leather thong faſtened to the jeſſes, by which the hawk is held faſt on the fiſt, being wound about the fingers.

LONJE'RO, ſ. m. one who keeps a grocery ſhop, a grocer.

LONJI'STA, ſ. m. a merchant.

L O O

LOOCH, ſ. m. a lohock, an electary.

LOO'R, ſ. m. praiſe, commendation.

L O Q

LOQUACIDA'D, ſ. f. talkativeneſs.

LOQUA'Z, adj. talkative.

LOQUEA'R, v. n. to play the madman.

LOQUE'RO, ſ. m. he who takes care of, or keeps the mad people.

LOQUE'SCA, ſ. f. the behaviour of madmen or mad people.

LOQUE'SCO, adj. maddiſh.

LOQUI'LLO, *LOQUI'TO*, } ſ. m. a little madman.

L O R

LORI'GA, ſ. f. a coat of mail, cuiraſs.

LORIGA'DO, adj. armed with a coat of mail or cuiraſs.

LORIGO'N, ſ. m. a ſtrong coat of mail.

LORIGUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little coat of mail.

LO'RO, adj. couloured.

Lóro, ſ. m. a kind of parrot.

L O S

LO'S, the maſculine article of the plural number.

LO'SA, ſ. f. a flat ſtone, ſuch as is uſed in pavements.

LOSA'NGE, ſ. m. flattery.

LOSA'R, v. a. to pave with broad ſtones.

LOSI'LLA, ſ. f. idem.

Cogér a uno en losilla, to enſnare, to put a trick upon a man, to cheat him.

L O T

LOTERI'A, ſ. f. a lotery.

LO'TO, ſ. m. the lote or mettle-tree.

L O Z

LO'ZA, ſ. f. earthen ware.

Ande la lóſa, let us be merry, let us make good cheer.

LOZANEA'R, v. n. to be elegant well bred.

LOZANI'A, ſ. f. the green and beauty of the plants; alſo elegance.
LOZA'NO, adj. wanton luſty, brisk, gay; alſo green, beautiful, handſome, (ſpeaking of plants.)

L U A

LU'A, ſ. f. obſ. a glove.

L U B

LUBRICA'N, ſ. m. the dawning of the day, the twilight.
LUBRICAME'NTE, adv. ſlipperily.
LUBRICIDA'D, ſ. f. ſlipperineſs.
LU'BRICO, adj. ſlippery.

L U C

LU'CAS, ſ. f. pl. in cant, cards.
LUCE'RNA, ſ. f. a candle, a lamp, any ſort of light.
Lucérnas, ſ. f. pl. in cant, the eyes.
LUCE'RNO, ſ. m. in cant, a candleſtick.
LUCE'RNULA, ſ. f. a kitchen-garden plant ſo called.
LUCE'RO, ſ. m. the ſtar called Venus, or any ſhining large ſtars.
Lucéros, pl. in cant, the eyes.
LU'CHA, ſ. f. a wreſtling.
LUCHADO'R, ſ. m. a wreſtler.
LUCHA'R, v. a. to wreſtle.
LUCIDAME'NTE, adv. brightly, glorioufly, gayly.
LUCI'DO, adj. bright, gay, glorious handſome, fine.
LUCIE'NTE, adj. bright, ſhining.
LUCIE'RNAGA, ſ. f. a glow-worm.
LUCI'FERO, adj. that brings light.
LUCI'FUGO, adj. that flies from the light.
LUCI'LLO, ſ. m. a tomb.
LUCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſplendour, gallantry.
LU'CIO, adj. the fish called a pike.
Lúcio, adj. bright, ſhining, or tranſparent.
Cáſcos lucios, an empty ſkull, as if it where tranſparent.
LU'CIR, v. n. to ſhine, to be gay, to appear handſomely or creditably.
LU'CO, ſ. m. a grove of trees.
LUCRATI'VO, adj. that gains or profits.
LU'CRO, ſ. m. gain, profit.
LUCTUO'SA, ſ. f. the fees paid to the church at a funeral.
LUCTUO'SA, adj. mournful.
LUCUBRACI'ON, ſ. f. ſtudying or working by candle-light.
LUCUBRA'R, v. n. to ſtudy, or do, or make any thing by candle-light.

L U D

LU'DA, ſ. f. in cant, a woman.
LUDI'BRIO, ſ. m. a mock, a mocking-ſtock or make-game; ſcorn, ſport.
LU'DIO, ſ. m. in cant, a wicked man.
Lúdios, pl. in cant, doits or farthings.
LU'DIR, v. n. to rub one thing againſt another.

L U E

LUE'GO, adv. preſently, immediately, by and by; alſo then.
LUENGAME'NTE, adv. longly, tediouſly.
LUE'NGO, adj. long diſtant.
LUEñE, adv. obſ. diſtant, far off.

L U G

LU'GANO, ſ. m. a ſort of little ſparrow.
LUGA'R, ſ. m. a place; a town, a village; an employment, a citation or quotation.
Lugár, opportunity, time; alſo the place where one ſits.
Lugár común, the little-houſe where people eaſe themſelves.
En lugár, inſtead; in the room of.
Hacêr lugár, to make way.
En lugár de otro, inſtead of another.
Dar lugár á una coſa, to give way to, to permit or ſuffer a thing.
No ha lugár eſſo, has cannot be done.
Hacêr lugár, to make room.
LUGARCI'LLO, *LUGARE'JO*, *LUGARILLO*, ſ. m. a little town or village.
LUGARO'N, ſ. m. a great place, a great village.
LUGARTENIE'NTE, ſ. m. a lieutenant, a deputy.
LUGU'BRE, adj. mournful, lamentable.

L U I

LUI'R, v. n. to rub two things together ſo as to ſpoil them.

L U M

LUMADE'ROS, ſ. m. in cant the teeth.
LUMBARA'DA, *LUMBRADA*, ſ. f. exceſs of light.
LUMBRA'L, ſ. m. vid. *UMBRA'L*.
LUMBRA'RIA, ſ. f. a lamp in country chapels.
LU'MBRE, ſ. f. fire, light.
Movérſe a lúmbre de pájas, to do things without conſideration, to turn with every wind.
LUMBRECI'LLA, ſ. f. a little fire.
LUMBRE'RA, ſ. f. a ſmall window, a sky-light.
LUMBRO'SO, adj. lightſome.
LUMINACI'ON, ſ. f. colouring and gilding of prints, or making gold letters in books; alſo illumination.
LUMINADO'R, ſ. m. one who illuminates or gives light.
LUMINA'R, ſ. m. any ſtar.
LUMINA'R, v. a. to to colour prints, or to make gold letters in books; alſo to illuminate.
LUMINA'RIA, ſ. f. an illumination, as is uſed upon occaſion of publick joy; a bonfire. In cant, a window.
LUMINO'SO, adj. lightſome.

L U N

LU'NA, ſ. f. the moon; ſilver in chemiſtry.
Lúna llêna, the full moon.
Lúna creciênte, the increaſe of the moon.

Lúna menguante, the decreaſe of the moon.

Lúna con cuérnos, the new moon when its horns are sharp.

Lúna, de eſpéjo, a looking-glaſs.

Eſtá lúna ſóbre el hómo, a man is at the height of his madneſs.

Prov. *A la lúna el tóbo al aſno eſpúlga*, the wolf picks tke aſs's ſleas by moon-light; that is, preys upon him. At night sharpers prey upon their cullies.

LUNACIO'N, ſ. f. a crooking or bending like the moon; alſo the revolution of the moon.

LUNA'DA, ſ. f. a gammon of bacon.

LUNA'R, ſ. m. a mole on the skin; alſo tbe moonlight; alſo the ſtone called *ſelenites*.

Lúnar, adj. belonging to the moon.

LUNA'RIA, ſ. f. the herb moonwort.

LUNA'RIO, ſ. m. an almanack that shews the moons.

LUNA'TICO, adj. lunatick, mad at the full moon.

LU'NES, ſ. m. Monday.

LUNE'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall round or halfround window.

Lunetás de páva, the ſpots in a peacock's tail which look like eyes.

LU'NULA, ſ. f. a little moon, a half moon, that the Roman ſenators wore on their shoes a C, to diſtinguish them from others.

L U P

LUPANA'R, ſ. m. a brothel, a bawdyhouſe.

LU'PIA, ſ. f. a diſtemper in beaſts with ſore kernels.

LUPI'NO, adj. of or belonging to a wolf.

Lupino, ſ. m. the bean called lupine.

L U Q

LUQUE'TE, ſ. m. vid. *ALUQUE'TE*.

L U S

LUSTRACIO'N, ſ. f. luſtration, purification by water.

LUSTRA'L, adj. that hath power to purify or make holy.

LUSTRA'R, v. a. to expiate or purify by ſacrifice.

LU'STRE, ſ. m. luſtre, brightneſs, the glittering or gloſs of any thing; pomp, honour, ſplendor.

LU'STRO, ſ. m. the ſpace of five years, as uſed among the Romans.

LUSTROSAME'NTE, adv. brightly.

LUSTRO'SO, adj. gloſſy, bright, shining.

L U T

LUTA'DO, adj. vid. *ENLUTA'DO*.

LU'TEO, adj. made of clay or dirt.

LUTI'CO, ſ. m. diminut, a little mourning.

LU'TO, ſ. m. mourning.

L U X

LU'XO, ſ. m. riot, exceſs, profuſeneſs, waſtefulneſs.

LUXU'RIA, ſ. f. riot, lewdneſs.

LUXURIA'R, v. n. to be riotous or lewd.

LUXURIOSAME'NTE, adv. riotouſly, lewdly.

LUXURIO'SO, adj. riotous, lewd

L U Z

LU'Z, ſ. f. light.

Luces, (pl. of *luz*) often uſed for candles.

Entre dos lúces, in the twilight.

Dar luz en un negócio, to give an inſight into an affair.

LU'ZO, ſ. m. the fish called a pike.

L Y C

LYCE'O, ſ. m. the public ſchool or univerſity where ſciences are taught.

L Y M

LYMPHA, ſ. f. water.

LYMPHA'TICO, adj. belonging to water.

L Y N

LYNCE, ſ. m. the lynx, a kind of wolf, very quick-ſighted; one who ſees readily; in cant, the thief who is ſet upon the watch while the others act their villanies.

LYNCU'RIO, ſ. m. a precious ſtone ſo called.

L Y R

LYRA, ſ. a harp.

LY'RICO, adj. lyrick; as *verſo lyrico*, *poeſia lyrica*, lyrick verſe, lyrick poetry.

M

M, the thirteenth letter of the Spanish alphabet, ſometimes it ſtands for *mercéd*, and ſometimes for *mageſtád* and *maeſtro*.

M A C

MA'CA, ſ. f. the damage done the fruit by a blow; any ſpot; any cheat or fraud.
MACA'NA, ſ. f. a kind of wooden weapon ſo called.
MACARE'NO, ſ. m. a bravado, a braging boaſting fellow.
MACARRONE'A, ſ. f. a ſort of arbitrary language.
MACARRO'NES, ſ. m. a fine paſte ſo called.
MACARRO'NICOS verſos, a ſort of verſes ſo called.
MACA'RSE, v. r. to be corrupted or rotten by a bruiſe, as fruits, &c.
MACE'AR, v. a. to beat with a club or beetle.
Macéar en úna cóſa, to hammer at a thing.
MACE'R, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.
MACERACIO'N, ſ. f. ſteeping or ſoaking in liquor to ſoften.
MACERA'R, v. a. to ſoften or mollify by ſteeping or ſoaking in liquor; alſo to mortify, to haraſs with corporal hardships.
MACERI'NA, ſ. f. a ſaucer for a chocolate dish.
MACE'RO, ſ. m. mace-bearer.
MACE'TA, ſ. f. a flower-pot to ſet flowers or young trees in; alſo the handle of any tool.
MACHA'CA, ſ. m. a troubleſome, reſtleſs, abſurd, talkative, importunate fellow.
MACHACA'R, v. a. to pound in a mortar, to bruiſe; to moleſt, to plague by ſollicitation.
MACHACO'N, augment. of *machaca*.

MACHA'DO, ſ. m. a hatchet.
MACHA'R, v. a. to pound or bruiſe in a mortar.
MACHAMARTI'LLO, adv. as, *hécho á machamartillo*, hammered out.
MACHETA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow or wound given with the *machéte*.
MACHE'TE, ſ. m. a great knife peaſants wore at their girdle, alſo a short ſword.
MACHI'N, ſ. m. clown, one working in the iron-mines.
MA'CHINA, ſ. f. an engine; alſo a great quantity of any thing, as we ſay, a world of ſuch a thing; alſo a contrivance.
MACHINACIO'N, ſ. f. a machination, artifice, contrivance, malicious ſcheme.
MACHINADO'R, ſ. m. he who contrives or deviſes, taken in an ill ſenſe.
MACHINA'R, v. a. to deviſe, contrive, or imagine.
MACHINA'RIA, ſ. f. mechanics.
MACHINE'TE, ſ. m. an axe or hatchet.
MACHI'NICA; ſ. f. mechanics.
MACHINI'STA, ſ. m. an engineer.
MA'CHO, ſ. m. the male of any creature; particularly uſed for a he goat and the male of mules.
Mácho de herréro, a ſmith's ſlegde or great hammer; alſo the log on which a ſmith's anvil is fixed.
Mácho de ſilla, a he mule to ride on.
Vino mácho, ſtrong wine.
Encienſo mácho, the beſt ſort of frankincenſe.
Máchos y hémbras, hooks and eyes; mortiſſes and tenants; ſpiggots and fauſſets, or any ſuch thing as go within one another.
MACHO'N, ſ. m. a kind of pillar ſo called.
MACHO'RRA, ſ. f. a barren ewe; and by extenſion a barren woman or any other creature.
MACHO'TA, ſ. f. } a kind of
MACHO'TE, ſ. m. } beetle or mallet uſed to caſtrate bulls.
MACHUCADO'R, ſ. m. one that bruiſes or batters.

MACHUCADU'RA, ſ. m. a bruiſing or battering.
MACHUCA'R, v. a. to bruiſe, to batter.
MACHU'CHO, adj. ripe, judicious, ſeaſonable, fit.
MACHUE'LO, ſ. m. a little he mule.
MACI'AS, ſ. m. a nick-name given to any paſſionate lover.
MACILE'NTO, adj. lean, lank.
MA'CIS, ſ. f. the ſpice mace.
MACIZAME'NTE, adv. firmly, ſolidly.
MACIZA'R, v. a. to make ſolid or maſſy.
MACI'ZO, adj. maſſy, ſolid, heavy, weighty.
MA'CO, adj. in cant, miſchievous.
MACO'CAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of great figs.
MACO'LLA, ſ. f. a bundle made of ſpikes of corn.
MA'CULA, ſ. f. ſtain, ſpot, blemiſh.
MACULA'R, v. a. to ſtain, ſpot, or blemiſh.
MACULO'SO, adj. full of ſtains, ſpots, or blemiſhes.

M A D

MADA'MA, ſ. f. madam.
MADAMISE'LA, ſ. f. a woman affected and ſtudied with overmuch care in her dreſs or manners.
MADE'JA, ſ. f. vide *MADE'XA*.
MADE'RA, ſ. f. wood, timber; alſo the parings of a horſe's hoof; alſo fruit before it comes to any perfection.
Madéra del aire, a horn of any beaſt.
MADERA'DA, ſ. f. a great parcel of timber.
MADERA'GE, } ſ. m. the wo-
MADERAME'N, } od and the wood-work of a building.
MADERAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. covering with timber, planking; the timber-work of a houſe.
MADERA'R, v. a. to timber, to plank.
MADERERI'A, ſ. f. the place where the wood is gathered or ſold.

MADERE'RO, ſ. m. a woodmonger.
MADERI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *madéro*.
MADERI'STA, ſ. m. who guides the float of timber.
MADE'RO, ſ. m. a piece of timber, a beam, a rafter, a quarter, a gibbet.
MADE'XA, ſ. f. a skein of thread, ſilk, worſted, or the like.
Madéxa de cabellos, a lock of hairs.
Madéxa ſin cuénta, a lazy ſlatternly perſon.
Saber vendér ſus madéxas, to be sharp, to underſtand one's buſineſs.
MADEXI'TA, ſ. f. a little skein of thread, &c.
MADEXUE'LA, ſ. f. diminutive of *madéxa*.
MADO'NA, ſ. f. madam.
MADRA'STRA, ſ. f. a ſtepmother. In cant, a chain, a gaol.
La madraſtra y entenáda, ſiémpre ſon en barája, the ſtepmother and ſtepdaughters are always at variance.
MA'DRE, ſ. m. a mother.
Mádre de rio, the channel of a river.
Mádre, the matrix, the womb.
Mádre, the common ſewer in a ſtreet; the great drain or trench in the fields, into which all the ſmall ones run, which are therefore called *hijuelas*, or little daughters.
Mádres, ſo the founders call the moulds in which they caſt any thing.
Mádre de pérlas, mother of pearl.
Mal de mádre, among women the fits of the mother, the hyſterical paſſion.
Mádre, the lees and ſcum concreted upon liquors.
Salir de mádre, to overflow.
MADRECI'LLA, ſ. f. the womb of birds.
MADREPE'RLA, ſ. f. mother of pearl.
MADRESE'LVA, ſ. f. the plant woodbine or honey-ſuckle.
MADRIGADO TO'RO, a town bull, that bulls all the cows.
Madrigádos, ſo they call men that are expert and ſecret in their affairs.
MADRIGA'L, ſ. m. a madrigal, a ſort of very irregular verſes.
MADRIGUE'RA, ſ. f. a coney-borough; a cellar or other ſuch place, where many ordinary people are.
MADRI'NA, ſ. f. a godmother; alſo the woman who proteſts any child.
Madrina de la bóda, one of the witneſſes at a wedding that attends the bride.
MADRI'Z, ſ. f. the matrix, the womb; alſo a metropolis.
MADRO'NA, ſ. f. the mother who ſhews too much indulgence and fondneſs to her children.
MADROñA'L, ſ. m. } a place
MADROñE'RA, ſ. f. } where *madróños* grow.
MADROñE'RO, ſ. m. vide *MADROñO*.
MADRO'ñO, ſ. m. a ſort of fruit like a ſtraw-berry.
MADRUGA'DA, ſ. f. early in the morning.
MADRUGADO'R, ſ. m. an early riſer.
MADRUGA'R, v. n. to riſe early in the morning.

Prov. *Madrúga y veras; trabája, y habrás*, riſe early and you will ſee; take pains and you will have wealth.

Prov. *No por mucho madrugár amanéce mas aina'*, early riſing makes it not day the ſooner; when a man is never the better for taking much pains.

MADRUGO'N, ſ. m. an early riſing.
MADRUGUE'RO, adj. that riſes early in the morning.
MADURACIO'N, ſ. f. a making ripe, or bringing to perfection; alſo the ſuppuration of excrementious or extravaſated juices into matters.
MADURAME'NTE, adv. ripely, in due time, diſcreetly.
MADURA'R, v. a. to ripen.
MADURATI'VO, ſ. m. a poultice or plaiſter to bring a ſore to a head.
MADURE'Z, ſ. f. ripeneſs, diſcretion.
MADU'RO, adj. ripe, diſcreet.

Prov. *Quien come las madúras, coma las dúras*, let him that eats the ripe, eat the hard; that is, let him that has the profit, take the pains.

M A E

MAE'SSE, ſ. m. vide *MAE'STRO*.
MAE'STRA, ſ. f. a miſtreſs that teaches.
No hay mejór maéſtra que neceſſidád, y pobréza, there is no better miſtreſs than want of poverty.
MAESTRA'L, ſ. m. the north-weſt wind.
Maeſtrál, adj. of or pertaining to a maſter.
MAESTRALIZA'R, v. n. a ſea-term, to incline the needle of the compaſs to the weſt.
MAESTRAME'NTE, adv. dextrouſly maſterly.
MAESTRA'NTE, ſ. m. a breaker of horſes.
MAESTRA'NZA, ſ. f. all the ſeveral trades or handicrafts that belong to the building of ships, as carpenters, caulkers, &c.
Capitán de maeſtránzas, an officer that has the command of thoſe workmen.
Superintendénte de maeſtránzas, an overſeer of them.
MAESTRA'ZGO, ſ. m. maſterſhip commonly uſed for the maſter ſhip of one of the military orders of knighthood.
MAE'STRE, ſ. m. the great maſter of a military order.
Maéſtre de cámpo, a colonel of foot.
Maéſtre eſcuéla, ſ. m. a ſchool-maſter, a dignity in the church.
Maéſtre corál, ſ. m. a juggler.
Maéſtre ſála, ſ. m. a gentleman ſewer.
MAESTREA'R, v. n. to play the maſter, the teacher; to prune trees; to adulterate any thing.
MAESTREDA'TA, ſ. m. a notary, a recorder.
MAESTRI'A, ſ. f. maſterſhip.
MAE'STRO, ſ. m. a maſter.

Maéſtro de capilla, the maſter of the muſic, who beats time, and gives the muſicians their parts in the church.
Maéſtro de ceremónias, a maſter of the ceremonies, either to the king, or in the church.
Maéſtro de obras, a maſter-builder.
Maéſtro de eſgrima, a fencing-maſter.
Maéſtro de altas obras, a maſter of high works, a nick-name for an executioner or hangman.
Maéſtro de fuégos artificiáles, an engineer for fireworks.
Maéſtro de guárdia, obſ. a major.

M A G

MA'GA, ſ. f. an enchantreſs.
MAGACE'N, ſ. m. a magazine, a ſtore-houſe, a warehouſe.
MAGAñA; ſ. f. the defect in the inſide of the large guns when they are not well caſt.
MAGA'NTO, adj. lean, poor in flesh; a lean, pale-faced, ill-looked fellow.
MAGA'RZA, ſ. f. the herb motherwort, feverfew.
MAGE'NCA, ſ. f. a digging or cut that is made in the vineyards.
MAGENCA'R, v. a. to dig the vineyards.
MAGESTA'D, ſ. f. majeſty; alſo ſuperiority, authority, dignity, grandeur, power.
MAGESTUOSAME'NTE, adv. majeſtically, ſtately.
MAGESTUOSIDA'D, ſ. f. magnificence, grandeur, majeſty.
MAGESTUO'SO, adj. majeſtick, ſtately.
MAGI'A, ſ. f. the magick art.
MA'GICA, ſ. f. art magick.
MA'GICO, ſ. m. a magician.
Mágico, adj. magical.
MAGISTE'RIO, ſ. m. maſterſhip, the dignity or poſt of a maſter; alſo gravity, ſerioufneſs.
Magiſtério, magiſtery; it is a term made uſe of by chymiſts to ſignify ſometimes a very fine powder, and ſometimes reſins and reſinous ſubſtances; or that preparation of body, wherein the whole or moſt part is by addition changed into a body of another kind.
MAGISTRA'DO, ſ. m. a magiſtrate.
MAGISTRA'L, adj. belonging to the maſter.
MAGISTRALME'NTE, adv. deſtrouſly, artfully.
MAGNANIMAME'NTE, adv. magnanimouſly.
MAGNA'NIMO, adj. magnanimous.
MAGNAMINIDA'D, ſ. f. magnanimity.
MAGNA'TES, ſ. m. pl. great men, chief nobility, or perſons in great employment.
MAGNE'TICO, adj. belonging to the load-ſtone.
MAGNETI'SMO, ſ. m. the virtue or power of attraction, magnetiſm.
MAGNIFICAME'NTE, adv. magnificently, nobly, bountifully.
MAGNIFICA'R, v. a. to magnify.
MAGNIFICE'NCIA, ſ. f. generoſity, bounty, magnificence.
MAGNI'FICO, adj. magnificent, generous bountiful.
MAGNITU'D, ſ. f. magnitude.
MA'GNO; adj. great. Only uſed in ſpeaking of great princes.
MA'GO, ſ. m. a magician, a conjurer; a wiſe man, a philoſopher.
MAGRECE'R, v. n. to grow lean.
MA'GRO, adj. lean.
MAGRU'JO, adj. lean.
MAGUE'R, adv. obſ. although.
MAGU'JO, ſ. m. a tool uſed on ſhipboard to drive the old caulking in the beams of the ſhip.
MAGULLADU'RA, ſ. f. bruiſe.
MAGULLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. bruiſe, contuſion.
MAGULLAR, v. a. to bruiſe, to batter.

M A H

MAHERIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. preſſing, taking, up or chuſing of ſoldiers.
MAHE'RIR, v. a. to preſs, to take up, to make choice of men for ſoldiers.
MAHOMETI'SMO, ſ. m. Mahometaniſm.

M A I

MAI'DO, ſ. m. a mewing as of cats.
MAIMO'N, ſ. m. a kind of cake.
MAIMONE'TA, ſ. f. a revel, a ſmall piece of timber nailed to the inſide of a ſhip, to which they belay the ſheets and tacks.
MAIMONI'TES, ſ. m. pl. timbers ſo called on board ſhips.
MAINE'L, ſ. m. a baniſter of a ſtaircaſe.
MAITINA'NTE, ſ. m. one who riſes to ſay the morning-prayers after twelve at night.
MAITI'NES, ſ. m. pl. the mattins or morning-prayers.
MAI'Z, ſ. m. Indian wheat to make bread of.
MAIZA'L, ſ. m. the place where the Indian wheat grows.

M A J

MAJA'DA, ſ. f. a sheep-fold, a place for the sheep and shepherds to retire to at night.
MAJADEA'R, v. n. to lie out all night.
MAJADERI'A, ſ. f. folly, a foolish ſaying or action.
MAJADE'RO, ſ. m. a wooden peſtle to pound with; alſo a coxcomb, a blockhead.
MAJADERUE'LO, ſ. m. a little wooden veſſel to pound with; alſo a little coxcomb or blockhead.
MAJADO'R, ſ. m. one that pounds, bruiſes or beats in a mortar; alſo the peſtle to do it with.
MAJADU'RA, ſ. f. a pounding, bruiſing, or beating in a mortar.
MAJAGRA'NZAS, ſ. m. one that beats the droſs of any thing, or the husk of corn; alſo a ſilly foollish fellow.
MAJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. bruiſing, pounding; alſo wearineſs.
MAJA'NO, ſ. m. a heap of ſtones.
MAJA'R, v. a. to pound, to bruiſe,

to beat in a mortar; alſo to vex, to plague, to importune.

MAJARRA'NA, ſ. f. freſh pork.

MA'JO, ſ. m. a boaſter, a bragger.

MAJOLA'R, v. a. to put thongs to the ſhoes to tie them with, or ſtraps to buckle them.

MAJUE'LA, ſ. f. hawthorn-berry.

MAJUE'LO, ſ. f. a leather point, or throng, or ſtrap.

Majuélo, ſ. m. a vineyard new painted.

M A L

MA'L, adv. ill: as, *mal hécho*, ill done.

Mál, ſ. m. ſickneſs, harm, hurt.

Mál de coſtádo, pleuriſy.

Mál caduco, the falling ſickneſs.

Mál de hijáda, a pain in the ſide.

Mál criádo, ill-bred.

Hacér mal a un cabállo, to manage a horſe.

Prov. *Del mal el ménos*, of two evils chuſe the leaſt.

Prov. *Quién cánta ſus máles eſpánta*, he that ſings frights his misfortunes; that is, eaſes and diverts them.

MALA, ſ. f. the poſtman's bundle, a mail.

La mala de Francia, the French mail.

Malas, adv. as *andár a malás*, to be fallen out.

MALAGORA'R, v. n. to foretell or forebode ſome evil.

MALAME'NTE, adv. evilly.

MALANDRI'N, ſ. m. a knave, a robber, a baſe fellow.

MALATI'A, ſ. f. ſickneſs.

MALA'TO, adj. ſick, unhealthy.

MALAVENI'DO, adj. contentious, full of ſtrife.

MALAVENTURA'DO, adj. unfortunate, unlucky; alſo a miſer.

MALBARATADO'R, ſ. m. who ſells or buys ill, who makes a bad market.

MALBARATA'R, v. a. to ſell or buy ill, to make an ill market, to ſpoil, to diſcompoſe, to diſorder.

MALCASA'DO, adj. diſcontented with matrimony.

MALCA'SO, ſ. m. ill ſtep, bad proceding; treaſon.

MALCOCINA'DO, p. p. ill dreſſed in cookery. Thence applied to ſignify a place where they ſell boiled puddings and offal of meat.

MALCOCINA'R, v. a. to dreſs meat ſcurvily.

MALCOMI'DO, adj. hungry.

MALCONTE'NTO, ſ. m. a malecontent, a diſaffected perſon who is always complaining without cauſe.

MALCRIA'DO, adj. ill-bred, unmannerly.

MALDA'D, ſ. f. wickedneſs, lewdneſs, miſchief.

MALDADOSAME'NTE, adv. wickedly, lewdly, miſchievouſly.

MALDADO'SO, adj. wicked, lewd, miſchievous.

MALDECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſlanderous ſpeech, detraction, ill report, ſlander.

MALDECI'R, v. a. to curſe.

MALDICIE'NTE, ſ. m. a curſer, one that has an ill tongue.

MALDICIO'N, ſ. f. a curſe.

MALDI'TO, adj. accurſed.

MALEA'NTE, ſ. m. a mocker, a ſcorner.

MALEA'R, v. a. to bring forth before time; alſo, to do ill, to ſpoil, to bear ill-will.

MALECO'N, ſ. m. a kind of dyke againſt water.

MALEDICE'NCIA, ſ. f. ſlander detraction, ill report.

MALEFICIA'R, v. a. to corrupt, to vitiate, to adulterate; alſo to bewitch, to injure by witchcraft.

MALEFI'CIO, ſ. m. an ill action, a crime; alſo witchcraft.

MALE'FICO, ſ. m. an evil doer, an offender, a criminal; alſo a wizard.

MALE'TA, ſ. f. a mail, a cloak-bag, a portmanteau. In cant, a whore.

MALETERO, ſ. m. one that makes cloak-bags or ſells them.

MALETO'N, ſ. m. a great mail, a cloak-bag or portmanteau.

MALEVOLE'NCIA, ſ. f. ill-will.

MALE'VOLO, adj. ill-affected, that bears ill-will.

MALE'ZA, ſ. f. a thicket, a place full of briars.

MALFETRI'A, ſ. f. an ill-action, ill-uſage of a landlord to his tenants. Obſ.

MALGASTA'R, v. a to laviſh, to miſpend.

MALHADA'DO, adj. unlucky, unfortunate.

MALHE'CHO, ſ. m. an ill action; adject. uſed, ill done.

MALHECHO'R, ſ. m. a malefactor.

MALHERI'DO, adj. dangerouſly, wounded.

MALHO'JO, ſ. m. chats, ſmall ſticks, leaves or ſprigs that fall from trees, all things that be of no value or eſtimation, riffraff.

MALI'CIA, ſ. f. malice.

Aunque malicia eſcuréſca verdád, no la puéde apagár, though malice darkens truth, it cannot put it out.

MALICIA'R, v. a. to corrupt, to vitiate, to adulterate.

Maliciar, v. n. to ſuſpect.

MALICIOSAME'NTE, adv. maliciouſly.

MALICIO'SO, adj. malicious.

MALIGNAME'NTE, adv. ſpitefully, maliciouſly, enviouſly.

MALIGNA'NTE, adj. envious, ſpiteful, malicious.

MALIGNIDA'D, ſ. f. malignity, ill diſpoſition or inclination, perverſeneſs.

MALI'GNO, adj. ill, inclined, perverſe.

MALI'LLA, ſ. f. at the game of *hómbre* is the ſecond beſt card; and is the duce of the black ſutes when trumps, and the ſeven of the red.

MA'LLA, ſ. f. armour of mail.

Málla de red, the meaſh of the net.

MALLA'R, v. a. to dreſs in armour.

MALLE'RO, ſ. m. an armourer or ſmith that forges armour.

MA'LLO', ſ. m. a great hammer.
MALMARIDA'DA', ſ. f. a woman that is ill-married, that has a bad husband.
MALMETE'R, v. a. to cauſe enmity between people; to ſpoil, to waſte.
MALMIRA'DO, adj. unadviſed, inconſiderate, rash.
MA'LO, adj. naught, wicked, bad; alſo ſick.
Ser málo, to be wicked.
Eſtár málo, to be ſick.
MALOGRA'R, v. a. to ſpoil, to conſume, to waſte.
Malográrſe, v. r. to come to an ill end, or to no good, not to attain to the intended end, to miſcarry to fall out croſly.
MALO'GRO, ſ. m. diſappointment, coming to an ill end, or to no good, miſcarrying, failing of the deſigned end.
MALPARA'DO, adj. in a bad caſe, ill-conditioned, miſuſed.
MALPARA'R, v. a. to miſuſe.
MALPARI'R, v. n. to miſcarry as women do.
MALPA'RTO, ſ. m. miſcarriage.
MALQUERE'R, v. a. to bear an ill will.
MALQUERE'NCIA, ſ. f. ill will.
MALQUERIE'NTE, ſ. m. one that bears an ill will.
MALQUISTA'R, v. a. to perſuade one to bear an ill will with another.
Malquiſtárſe, v. r. to be troubleſome or inſupportable.
MALQUI'STO, adj. ill beloved.
MALROTA'R, v. a. to deſtroy, demolish, lay waſte, ruin, or overthrow.
MALSI'N, ſ. m. an informer, a talecarrier, a pick thank.
MALSINA'R, v. a. to infor m, to carry tales, to play the informer.
MALSINDA'D, *MALSINERI'A*, } ſ. f. an information, a tale, or lie.
MALTALLA'DO, adj. miſshapen, ill proportioned.
MALTRAHE'R, v. a. to ill uſe, to abuſe, to miſuſe.
MALTRATA'DO, adj. ill apparelled.
MALTRATAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an abuſe, ill uſage.
MALTRATA'R, v. a. to miſuſe.
MALTRA'TO, ſ. m. ill uſage, abuſe.
MA'LVA, ſ. f. the herb mallows.
MALVADAME'NTE, adv. wickedly.
MALVA'DO, adj. wicked.
MALVA'R, ſ. m. a place where mallows grow.
MALVASI'A, ſ. f. the wine called malmſey.
MALVAVI'SCO, ſ. m. marsh-mallows.
Malvavíſco ſalvage, jagged marsh-mallows.

M A M

MA'MA, ſ. f. a dug, a pap, a teat; or, as children ſay, mammy to their mother.
MAMA'DA, ſ. f. the time which a child ſucks.
MAMADE'RA, ſ. f. a nipple-glaſs uſed to women's breaſts.
MAMADO'R, ſ. m. one who ſucks.
MAMALU'CO, ſ. m. a fool, a blockhead, a ninny, a booby.
MAMA'NTE, ſ. m. obſ. a ſucking babe.
No quedará mamánte ni piánte, there ſhall not be left ſo much as a chicken, or a ſucking babe; to ſignify that all living creatures ſhall be deſtroyed.
MAMANTO'N, adj. applied to all beaſts that ſuck.
Mamantónes, ſ. m. pl. young ſucking lambs or kids that have never grazed.
MAMA'R, v. a. to ſuck.
MAMA'RIO, adj. that belongs to the breaſt.
MAMARRA'CHO, ſ. m. a ſcurvy figure, a baſe piece of painting, an ill image, a maulkin; alſo a Jack-pudding.
MAMELU'COS, ſ. m. pl. a kind of ſoldiers formerly in Egypt.
MAMI'LA, ſ. f. a little breaſt or tear.
MAMILA'R, adj. belonging to the breaſt.
MAMO'LA, ſ. f. a chuck under the chin.
Hacér la mamóla, to cheat, to deceive.
MAMO'N, ſ. m. a milk-ſop, an over-grown ſucking looby; alſo a young ſucking beaſt, as a kid, lamb, &c.
MAMO'NA, ſ. f. a pinch given on the face with all our fingers and the thumb.
MAMO'SO, adj. that ſucks much.
MAMOTRE'TO, ſ. m. a great volume of frivolous matters.
MAMPA'RA, ſ. f. a ſcreen or fence of boards, &c. to keep out the wind; a rail before a door.
MAMPARA'R, v. a. to fence off, to parry with the hand; to protect, to defend.
MAMPA'RO, ſ. m. a parrying with the hand.
Mampáros, ſ. m. pl. the diviſions of the cabbins in a ship.
MAMPESA'DA, *MAMPESADI'LLA*, } ſ. f. the nightmare; alſo weighing by the hand.
MAMPIRLA'N, ſ. m. a wooden ſtep or ſtair.
MAMPO'RRO, ſ. m. a blow given with the hand or a ſtick, but without hurting.
MAMPOSTERI'A, ſ. f. work made with ſtones and mortar.
MAMPOSTE'RO, ſ. m. a workman in ſtone and mortar.
MAMPUE'STO, ſ. m. ſtone and mortar.
MAMUJA'R, *MAMULLA'R*, } v. a. to ſuck without inclination; alſo to ſpeak haſtily, ſo as not to be underſtood.

M A N

MAN, ſ. m (for *máno*) a hand.
Buéna mán dércha, good luck, ſucceſs.
MANA', ſ. f. manna, which the Iſraelites fed on in the deſart.
MANA'DA, ſ. f. flock, herd, drove of cattle.
MANADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſtream, a place where water flows; alſo a ſhepherd.

MANANTIA'L, ſ. m. a ſpring, a fountain.

Aguá manantiál, running water.

MANA'R, v. a. to flow, to run as water does.

MANATI', } ſ. m. a fish in the
MANA'TO, } Weſt Indies.

MANCA'R, v. a. to maim.

MANCE'BA, ſ. f. a young girl; a wench; alſo taken in an ill ſenſe for a kept wench.

MANCEBI'A, ſ. f. youth; but now always taken in a bad ſenſe for a bawdy-houſe.

MANCEBI'TO, ſ. m. youth or lad.

MANCE'BO, ſ. m. a youth, a young man; alſo a bachelor.

MANCE'RA, ſ. f. the plough-tail that is held in the hand.

MANCERI'NA, ſ. f. vide *MACERINA*.

MA'NCHA, ſ. f. a ſpot, a ſtain, a blot, a blemish.

MANCHA'R, v. n. to ſpot, to ſtain, to blemish.

MANCHE'GA, ſ. f. a garter made of worſted of various colours.

MANCI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſpot or blemish; alſo pity, compaſſion.

MANCILLADE'RO, adj. that ſtains or ſpots, or caſts a blemish.

MANCILLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the ſpot or blemish on the reputation.

MANCILLA'R, v a. to ſpot, to ſtain, to blemish.

MANCIPA'RSE. v. r. to give up his right and title to a thing.

MA'NCO, adj. lame of an hand or arm; alſo deficient.

MANCOMU'N. adv. jointly.

MANCOMUNA'RSE, v. r. to be united, to be joined, to execute any thing with others.

MANCOMUNIDA'D, ſ. f. union, communion, conjunction.

MA'NDA, ſ. f. a legacy.

MANDADE'RA, ſ. f. vide *DEMANDADE'RA*.

MANDADERI'A, ſ. f. obſ. an embaſſy, a meſſage.

MANDADE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. an embaſſador, a meſſenger; uſed now for a porter.

MANDA'DO, ſ. m. a command; alſo an errand, a meſſage.

Hacér los mandádos, to go on errands or meſſages; to ſubject to one.

MANDADO'R, ſ. m. a commander.

MANDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. commandment.

Los diez mandamiéntos, the ten commandments.

MANDA'R, v. a. to [command; alſo to bequeath.

Mandár al timonéro, to cond; that is, to ſtand upon deck a ſhipboard and direct the men at the helm how to ſteer.

Prov. *Mandád y hacéd, y ſerés bién ſervido*, command, and do, and you'll be well ſerved.

Mandárſe, v. r. to execute with expedition, to perform quickly.

MANDA'RRIA, ſ. f. a heavy iron hammer uſed by ſhip carpenters to drive iron pins.

MANDATA'RIO, ſ. m. the perſon to whom any thing is bequeathed.

MANDA'TO, ſ. m. a command; this name is given to the maundy, or waſhing of the feet on Maunday Thurſday.

MANDERE'CHA, ſ. f. the right hand.

MANDI'L, ſ. m. an apron; alſo a hair-cloth to rub down horſes; alſo a pimp or pander, in cant.

MANDILA'DA, ſ. f. a company of mean people that wear aprons. In cant, a company of ruffians or bullies.

MANDILANDI'N, ſ. m. in cant, vide *MANDI'L*.

MANDILE'JO, ſ. m. a ragged apron.

MANDILE'TE, ſ. m. a pimp, a pander.

MANDILO'N, ſ. m. idem; alſo a coward.

MA'NDO, ſ. m. command, authority, power; in cant, banishment, exportation.

MANDO'BLE, ſ. m. a two-handed blow; alſo a ſevere reprehenſion.

MANDO'N, ſ. m. a perſon that is always commanding.

MA'NDRA; ſ. f. a sheep fold; any place for sheep and shepherds to take shelter in.

MANDRACHE'RO, ſ. m. one that keeps a gaming houſe.

MANDRA'CHO, ſ. m. a gaming-houſe.

MANDRA'GORA, ſ. f. the herb and root mandrake.

MANDRA'GULA, ſ. f. idem; alſo any thing that hangs dangling.

MA'NDRIA, ſ. m. a pitiful fellow, a coward, an unpoliſhed perſon, in cant, a fool, a block-head.

MANDRO'N, ſ. m. the ſtroke a ſtone or ball gives thrown out of the hand; alſo an underhand caſt.

MANDUCA'R, v. a. to eat.

MANE'A, ſ. f. the fetlock of a horſe.

MANEA'R, v. a. to fetter a beaſt.

MANECI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. claſps of a book.

Manecillas de cábrito, kid's feet.

MANEJA'BLE, adj. that can be managed.

MANEJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. handling, managing.

MANEJA'R, v. a. to handle, to manage.

Manejárſe, v. r. to move one ſelf, to beſtir.

MANE'JO, ſ. m. handling, managing.

MANEO'TAS, ſ. f. pl. fetters for a horſe.

MANE'RA, ſ. f. manner, way, form; alſo a ſleeve or cut in a garment to put the hand through.

MANE'RO, adj. that is fit or proper to be carried in hand.

MANERUE'LO, adj. diminut. of *mánero*.

MANEZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little hand.

MA'NFLA, ſ. f. in cant, a bawdy-houſe, or the whore.

MA'NFLOTA, ſ. f. idem.

MANFLOTE'SCO, ſ. m. in cant, a rogue that frequents bawdy-houſes.

MA'NGA, ſ. f. a ſleeve; alſo a portmanteau; alſo a deep net wide at top and narrow at bot-

tom; a bag of the ſame ſhapn to ſtrain any thing through.

Mánga de cruz, a caſe of ſilk that hangs under a crucifix, which can be pulled over to keep it clean.

Mánga de pica, the ſpear of a pike.

Mánga de broquél, the handle of a buckler.

Mánga perdída, a hanging ſleeve.

Mánga de arcabucéros, a ſmall body of muſqueteers, a diviſion, a paltoon.

Mánga de navío, the breadth of the ſhip taken in the wideſt part upon the firſt deck in the clear, from ſtarboard to larboard.

Ir de manga, or *hácer un negocio de mánga*, to take bribes.

Aunque me cortáron las fáldas me dexáron las mangas, though they have cut off my ſkirts, they left me the ſleeves; uſed upon occaſion of loſſes.

Mánga ó bomba marina, the ſea-pump; meteor appearing like a column, very high and dangerous for ſhips.

MANGAJA'RRO, ſ. m. a ſleeve without ſhape, ſo long that it covers the hands.

MANGANI'LLA, ſ. f. a juggling trick.

MA'NGO, ſ. m. an haft, helve, or handle.

Mángo, ſ. m. the mango, a kind of cucumber uſed in pickle.

MANGONA'DA, ſ. f. a bob, a thruſt with the arm, a flap with a ſleeve.

MANGONEA'R, v. n. to wander, to ſtroll idly about.

MANGORRE'RO, adj. common in every hand.

Cuchillo mangorréro, a knife that has a bad haft.

MANGO'TE, ſ. m. a great haft or handle.

MANGUE'RA de la bómba, the pumpdale, aboard a ſhip, being as it were a trough, in which the water runs along the deck, and out at the ſkupper-holes.

MANGUE'RO, ſ. m. the chief commander of any detachment.

MANGUE'TA, ſ. f. a little ſleeve; a clyſter.

MANGUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſleeve.

MANGUI'LLO, ſ. m. a muff.

MANGUITE'RO, ſ. m. one who makes muffs.

MANGUITO, ſ. m. a muff.

MANI'A, ſ. f. madneſs, fury, rage.

MANI'ACO, adj. mad, furious, outrageous; alſo unhandy, aukwardly.

MANIA'TICO, adj. that is mad or raging or furious.

MANJA'R, ſ. m. food, any meat.

Manjár blánco, bramanger ol blancmanger.

Manjár de los náypes, a ſute of cards, as clubs, ſpades, &c. So, *los quatro manjáres*, the four ſutes.

MANIATA'R, v. a. to handbind.

MANIBLA'X, ſ. m. in cant, a ſervant to a whore or bully.

MANICO'RDIO, ſ. m. vide *MONACHO'RDIO*.

MANI'DA, ſ. f. lodgings, dwelling-houſe, place of reſidence, abode.

MANIFACE'RO, adj. turbulent, quarrelſome, that meddles with other people's matters.

MANIFACTU'RA, ſ. f. manufacture.

MANIFESTACIO'N, ſ. f. manifeſtation, making known.

MANIFESTADO'R, ſ. m. who makes plain or manifeſt.

MANIFESTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. manifeſtation, declaration.

MANIFESTA'R, v. a. to manifeſt, to make known.

MANIFIESTAME'NTE, adv. manifeſtly.

MANIFIE'STO, adj. manifeſt, known, evident.

MANIFIE'STO, ſ. m. a manifeſto, a public proteſtation before publiſhing the war againſt any crown.

MANI'JA, ſ. f. the place where the hand is fixed to any inſtrument in working it; alſo the fetlocks of a horſe.

Manija, ſ. f. a great iron ring to faſten any thing to.

MANI'LLA, ſ. f. a bracelet.

MANIO'BRA, ſ. f. any work done with the hands particulary.

MANIO'TA, ſ. f. the rope with which the fore legs of the beaſts are tied.

MANI'PULO ſ. m. a band or ſmall company of men; a handful, a ſmall parcel; alſo the maniple which the prieſt puts on his left arm when he goes to ſay maſs; alſo a wheat-sheaf.

MANIQUI, ſ. m. a layman, a moveable artificial figure turned into ſeveral poſtures at the will of the artificer; made uſe of by painters, &c.

MANI'R, v. a. to keep meat till it grows tender.

MANIRO'TO, adj. liberal, bounriful; alſo prodigal.

MANIROTU'RA, ſ. f. prodigality, liberality.

MANIVACI'O, adj. empty-handed.

MANIZQUIE'RDA, ſ. f. the left hand.

MANJOLA'R, v. a. to carry birds of prey in a cage or in the hand without fluttering.

MANLIE'VE, ſ. m. a law word, the fraud or cheat put upon perſons, leaving them ſome cheſt or box locked up, as if there were ſomething of great value in it, whereas there is nothing but rubbiſh.

MA'NO, ſ. f. a hand. Alſo a hand in writing.

Máno de béſtia, the fore foot of a beaſt.

Máno de rélox, the hand of a clock or watch that ſhews the hours.

Máno de mortéro, a wooden peſtle.

Máno de almiréz, an iron peſtle for a mortar.

Máno de papél, a quire of paper.

Máno de certéra, a ſure hand at throwing.

Mános de carnéros, ſheeps trotters.

Libro de mano, a manuſcript book.

Ir a la mano, to hinder.

Tomár la máno, to be beforehand with another.

Venir a las manos, to come to handy blows.

Eſtár máno ſóbre mano, to be idle.

Trahér la máno blánda, to carry a gentle hand.

Tenér mano, to have an intereſt in, or influence over one.
Eſtá en mi máno, it is in my power.
Ser á uno manos y pies, to be as neceſſary to one as hands and feet.
Lavár ſus manos, to wash one's hands; to have no share in a buſineſs.
Alzár la mano de una coſa, to deſiſt.
Dar de mano, to put by, to leave off.
Tenér la coſa a mano, to have a thing at hand.
No ſabér qual es ſu mano derecha, not to know which is one's right hand.
Aſſentár a uno la mano, to ſtrike one.
Dar la mano, to aſſiſt; alſo to give precedence.
Darſe las manos, to shake hands.
Eſtárſe con las manos en el ſeno, to be idle.
Comérſe las manos tras úna cóſa, to like a thing ſo well as to be ready to eat one's fingers after it; to be very eager after a thing.
Ganár por la mano, to be beforehand.
Trahér éntre manos, to be about a thing.
Ponér la mano en algúno, to ſtrike one.
Echár mano, to draw one's ſword.
Echar mano de un hómbre, to lay hold of a man.
Dar una mano de coces, to kick one.
Meteré la mano en el fuégo, I would venture to put my hand into the fire upon the truth of what I aſſert.
Venir con mano armáda, to come with an armed force.
Volvér con las manos en la cabéza, to go away with a broken head.
Darſe manos a trabajár, to work with great application.
Quedárſe ſoplándo los manos, to be left empty handed
Ir mano a mano, to go hand in hand.
Dárle una buena mano, to give a good lecture.
De mano a boca, from hand to mouth.
Manos a la labór, fall to work.
Rebolvér a una mano, to turn one way.
Venir a la mano, to come to the lure.
Irſe de entre las manos, to ſlip away from betwixt one's hands, to eſcape.
Dar a manos llenas, to give bountifully.
Alzár las manos a Dios, to lift up one's hands to God, to beg ſomething.
Hablár por la mano, to talk by the hand, forming letters with the fingers, by which they underſtand one another.

Prov. *Quién a mano agéna eſpéra, mal yánta y peór cena*, he who expects it from another hand, dines ill, and ſups worſe.

MANO'BRE, ſ. m. the perſon who works the chalk with his hands.
MANO'JO, ſ. m. a bunch, a little bundle, a handful.
MANO'PLA, ſ. f. a gauntlet.
MANOSEA'R, v. a. to handle.
MANOSE'O, ſ. m. the act of handling any thing.
MANOTA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with the hand, a ſtroke with the fore-foot of a beaſt.
MANOTEA'R, v. a. to ſtrike with the hand.
MANOTE'O, ſ. m. a blow with the hand.
MANQUEA'R, v. n. to feign being maimed, to act the cripple.
MANQUEDA'D, ſ. f. lameneſs.
MANQUE'RA, ſ. f. lameneſs.
MANQUI'LLO, ſ. f. a little lame perſon.
MANSAME'NTE, adv. tamely, gently, meekly.
MANSEDA'D, ſ. f. meekneſs, lenity.
MANSEDU'MBRE, ſ. f. meekneſs, gentleneſs, tameneſs.
MANSIO'N, ſ. f. a menſion a reſting place, a place of abode; the place that any thing ſtands or reſts upon.
MAN'SO, adj. tame, gentle, meek, mild.
Mánſo, ſ. m. the bell-wether that leads the flock.
MANSUE'TO, adj. mild, tame, of a peaceable diſpoſition.
MA'NTA, ſ. f. a blanket, a horſe-cloth. In a military ſenſe, a gallery, or paſſage made acroſs the ditch of a town, to ſecure the mines from the enemies fire, or any ſuch covering againſt an enemy.
Mántas, pl. in falconry, are the principal feathers in the hawk's wing called ſarcel feathers.
MANTEADO'R, ſ. m. he that toſſes in a blanket.
MANTEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a toſſing in a blanket.
MANTEA'R, v. a. to toſs in a blanket.
MANTE'CA, ſ. f. butter.
Mantéca de puérco, hog's lard.
MANTECA'DA, ſ. f. a ſlice of bread and butter.
MANTECA'DO, ſ. m. a cake made of honey, meal, and oil; a wafer.
MANTECO'N, ſ. m. a nice dainty fellow, a milk-ſop.
MANTECO'SO, adj. fat, greaſy, buttery.
MANTEI'STA, ſ. m. one cloathed as a ſcholar.
MANTE'LES, ſ. m. pl. a table-cloth. In old Spaniſh is was alſo a robe of ſtate.
MANTELERI'A, ſ. f. a parcel of tablecloths and napkins.
MANTELE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells table-cloths.
MANTELE'TE, ſ. m. a ſhort rochet worn by cardinals.
MANTELI'LLO, ſ. m. a little table-cloth.
MANTELLI'NA, ſ. f. a manteel.
MANTENEDO'R, ſ. m. maintainer, ſupporter; in tilting and ſuch exerciſes, the principal actor or challenger who is to run againſt all others.
MANTENE'NCIA, ſ. f. defence, ſupport.
MANTENE'R, v. a. to maintain, to ſupport, to feed, to ſuſtain.

Mantenér

Mantenér ſu palábra, to keep one's word.

Manténer júſta ò tornéo, to be the chief man or the challenger at a tilting.

Mantenér téla, to take upon one to anſwer all doubts that ſhall be propoſed in company.

MANTENIE'NTE, ſ. m. a downright ſtroke with both hands.

MANTENIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. nourishment, all neceſſary food.

MANTE'O, ſ. m. a woman's under petticoat.

Mantéo, ſ. m. a garment worn upon a gown, the habit or hood that graduates wear in the univerſities.

Mantéo de ármas, the painted coat which heralds wear.

MANTEQUE'RA, ſ. f. a churn to make butter in.

MANTEQUE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who ſells butter.

MANTEQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little cake of butter.

MANTE'RA, ſ. f. one that makes or ſells women's veils, &c.

MANTI'LLA, ſ. f. a mantle.

Mantilla, ſ. f. a little cloak women wear on their heads.

Mantillas, ſ. f. pl. a child's blankets for dreſſing an infant.

Conocér a úno déſde las mantillas, to know a man from his blankets; that is, from his cradle.

MANTI'LLO, ſ. f. a little veil.

Mantillo de niño, a child's mantle.

MA'NTO, ſ. m. a veil women wear covering their head and upper part of their body, and hanging down; it way anciently a man's cloak, whence the name has remained to thoſe worn by knights of all military orders in Spain upon ſolemn occaſions, which we call mantles.

Mantónes, ſ. m. pl. the ſmall feathers in a hawk's wing, after the ſix great ones great the ſarcel feathers, and the four next to them, called the flags.

MANUA'L, adj. handy, that can eaſily be carried in the hand or is fit to be uſed with the hand.

Hómbre manuál, a man that is eaſily led any way.

Libro manuál, a manual, a book fit to carry in the hand.

MANU'BRIO, ſ. m. the handling of any inſtrument; alſo the place for the hand.

MANUCODIA'TA, ſ. f. a bird ſo called.

MANUE'LA, ſ. f. craftineſs, ſubtilty; alſo a wooden lever.

MANUE'LLA, ſ. f. a timber ſo called on board a ſhip.

MANUMISSIO'N, ſ. f. manumiſſion, giving liberty to a ſlave.

MANUMISSO, p. p. of manumitir.

MANUMISSO'R, ſ. m. one who gives liberty to the ſlave.

MANUMITI'R, v. a. to manumit, to give a ſlave his liberty; to diſcharge, to diſmiſs.

MANUSCHRISTI, ſ. m. an electary and a plaſter ſo named.

MANUSCRI'TO, adj. that is written, ſubſt. uſed, a manuſcript.

MANUTENCIO'N, ſ. f. protection, ſupport.

MANUTENE'R, v. a. to maintain, to protect, to ſupport.

MANUTI'SA, ſ. f. a ſmall flower like a pink.

MANZA'NA, ſ. f. an apple.

Manzána de vaca, a cow's udder.

MANZANA'L, *MANZA'NAR*, ſ. m. an apple orchard.

MANZANE'RO, ſ. m. a fruiterer.

MANZANI'LLA, ſ. m. a little apple; alſo a knob, ſuch as are on chairs, beds, or ſuch things; it is alſo the herb chamomile.

Manzanilla baſtarda, the herb mandlin.

Manzanilla loca, the herb on-eye, or Mayweed.

MANZA'NO, ſ. m. an apple-tree.

MANZE'R, ſ. m. the child of a whore that no man has fathered.

M A ñ

MA'ñA, ſ. f. handineſs, dexterity; alſo a habit, or cuſtom; alſo cunning, cheat, ſtratagem.

A todo hay maña ſino a la muerte, there is a remedy for all things but death.

Prov. *Quién malas mañas tiéne en cuna, ò las piérde tasde ò nunca*, he who gets ill habits in the cradle, loſes them late or never.

MAñA'NA, ſ. f. the morning; alſo tomorrow.

MAñANEA'R, v. n. obſ. vide *MADRUGA'R*.

MAñANI'CA, *MAñANI'TA*, ſ. f. the morning early.

MAñEA'R, v. n. to be handy or crafty.

MAñE'GO, ſ. m. a ſort of little basket

MAñE'RA, ſ. f. a barren woman.

MAñE'RO, adj. dextrous, tractable.

MAñOSAME'NTE, adv. handily; alſo cunningly, craftily.

MAñO'SO, adj. handy; aſo cunning, crafty.

MAñERUE'LO, ſ. m. a little horſe, a ſmall nag or pad.

MAñUE'LA, ſ. f. a crafty trick.

Mañuélas, ſ. m. a ſly cunning fellow.

M A O

MAO'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of large heavy ſhip.

M A P

MA'PA, ſ. f. a map, on which the world or any part thereof is deſcribed.

MAPA'LIA, ſ. f. a cottage; alſo a ſheep-pen.

M A Q

MAQUI'LA, ſ. f. the portion of corn or meal that a miller takes for grinding.

Haciénda de maquilas, an eſtate gathered out of ſmall matters.

MAQUILANDE'RO, ſ. m. the veſſel with which the miller meaſures his portion of the corn or meal that is due for grinding.

MAQUILA'R, v. a. to meaſure the portion of corn or meal due to the miller for grinding.

MAQUILE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who meaſures at the mills.

MAQUILO'N, ſ. m. he that meaſures at the mill.

M A'R

MA'R, ſ. m. and f. the ſea.

Ir de már a már, to go in great ſtate be very fine.

MARAGU'TO, ſ. m. a ſmall triangular ſail in a galley.

MARA'ñA, ſ. f. a skein of ſilk ſo entangled, that it cannot be wound off. The plot in a play, or any confuſed knavish contrivance; any intricacy.

Maráña, ſ. f. in cant, a whore.

MARAñADO'R, ſ. m. an entangler.

MARAñA'R, v. a. to entangle, to perperplex.

MARAVE'DI, ſ. m. a ſmall coin ſo called.

MARAVI'LLA, ſ. f. a wonder; alſo an herb ſo called.

Hacér una cóſa a las mil máravillas, to perform any thing prodigiouſly well.

Por maravilla ſe vée éſſo, that is rarely ſeen.

MARAVILLA'R, v. n. to aſtonish, to cauſe admiration.

MARAVILLOSAME'NTE, adv. wonderfully, marvelouſly.

MARAVILLO'SO, adj. wonderful.

MARBE'TE, ſ. m. a piece of paper or ticket to mark cloth with.

MA'RCA, ſ. f. in cant, a whore.

Márca, ſ. f. a mark, a note; alſo a territory; alſo the meaſure, or ſize of ſome things.

Eſpáda de márca, a ſword of due ſize, meaſured and marked by authority.

Páño de márca, a cloth that has its due length and breadth.

Papél de márca mayór, the larger ſort of paper.

MARCADO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a thief, that changes good things for bad.

MARCADO'R, ſ. m. a marker.

MARCA'R, v. a. to mark; alſo taking notice of a ſuſpected perſon.

MARCEA'R, v. a. to ſhear ſheep.

MA'RCHA, ſ. f. a march, a journey of ſoldiers; alſo the ſignal with the drum to march.

Sobre la márcha, haſtily, ſuddenly.

MARCHA'L, ſ. m. any plain or meadow overflown.

MARCHAMA'R, v. a. to mark any thing, eſpecially goods in in the cuſtom-houſe.

MARCHAME'RO, ſ. m. one who mark the things in the Cuſtom-houſe.

MA'RCHAMO, ſ. f. the mark put upon goods or any merchandiſe in the cuſtom-houſe.

MARCHA'R, v. n. to march.

MARCHA'ZO, ſ. m. a bully, a bragadocio.

MARCHITA'BLE, adj. fading, that will fade or wither.

MARCHITA'R, v. n. to fade, to wither.

MARCHI'TO, adj. withered, faded.

MARCHITU'RA, ſ. f. withering, fading.

MARCIA'L, adj. martial, warlike.

MA'RCO, ſ. m. a frame.

Márca de pláta, ò de óro, a mark of gold or ſilver.

Márco de ʒapatéro, the inſtrument shoe-makers make uſe of, to take the meaſure of one's foot.

MARE'A, ſ. f. the tide; alſo a gentle breeze blowing from the ſea.

MAREA'DO, adj. ſea-ſick, damaged by ſea-water; puzzled; wearied with impertinence.

Navío mal mareádo, a foul ship; a ship that is ill ſtowed, which makes her not ſail ſteady.

MAREADO'R, ſ. m. a troubleſome fellow, that troubles one's head with impertinences; in cant, a cheat that cogs the dice.

MAREAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſea-ſickneſs.

MAREA'NTES, ſ. m. pl. in cant, ſailors.

MAREA'R, v. a. to turmoil and trouble one with impertinence; alſo to guide a ship.

Mareárſe, v. r. to be ſea-ſick.

MARE'O, ſ. m. ſea-ſickneſs.

MARE'RO, adj. of, or belonging to the ſea.

MARE'TA, ſ. f. a violent ſtrong tide; alſo a wind that riſes by degrees and blows violently; alſo ſwimming or dizzineſs in the head.

MARFI'L, ſ. m. ivory.

MARFU'Z, ſ. m. a falſe deceitful perſon.

MA'RGA', ſ. f. mourning; coarſe hempen-cloth, coarſe canvaſs.

MARGARI'TA, ſ. f. a pearl, a jewel.

MA'RGEN, ſ. m. the margin in a book; the extreme part of any thing.

Márgen, brink or border.

MARGENA'R, } v. a. to note in
MARGINA'R, } the margin.

MARGINA'L, adj. belonging to the margin.

MARGOMA'R, v. a. to embroider, to weave with divers colours.

MARHOJA'DO, adj. that has moſs on it.

MARHOJADO'R, ſ. m. a gatherer of moſs.

MARHO'JO, ſ. m. vide *MALHO'JO*.

MARIA'L, adj. belonging to the bleſſed virgin mary.

MARJA'L, ſ. m. vide *MARCHA'L*.

MARIA'NO, adj. belonging to the bleſſed virgin Mary.

MARI'CA, ſ. f. a magpye.

MARICO'N, ſ. m. an effeminate fellow, a coward.

MARIDA'BLE, adj. marriageable.

MARIDA'GE, ſ. m. marriage, matrimony; alſo the union of any thing.

MARIDA'R, v. a. to marry.

MARIDI'LLO, ſ. m. a little huſband, or a pitiful fellow of a husband; alſo a little pan to keep fire in, uſed by women to keep their hands warm.

MARI'DO, ſ. m. an husband.

MARIMA'CHO, ſ. m. a maſculine woman, a Tom-boy.

MARIMA'NTA, ſ. m. a hobgoblin.

MARIMARI'CA, ſ. m. an effeminate fellow, a coward.
MARIMORE'NA, ſ. f. quarrel, contention, broil.
MARI'NA, ſ. f. the ſea-ſhore.
MARINA'GE, ſ. m. the art of a mariner or of ſea affairs.
MARINERI'A, ſ. f. marinerſhip, ſea affairs.
MARINE'RO, ſ. m. a ſailor, a mariner, a ſeaman.
MARINE'SCO, adj. belonging to mariners.
MARI'NO, adj. belonging to the ſea.
MARIO'N, ſ. m. a fiſh ſo called.
MARIPO'SA, ſ. f. a butterfly.
MARIPOSI'LLA, ſ. f. a little butterfly.
MARISCA'L, ſ. m. a marſhal; alſo a farrier, a ſhoer of horſes.
Mariſcál de campo, a field-marſhal.
MARISCALI'A, ſ. f. the dignity or authority of a marſhal.
MARISCA'R, v. a. to gather ſhell-fiſh, as poor people do on the ſea-ſhore; to ſcrape, to pick up a poor living. In cant, to beg, to ſteal, or to play the knave.
MARI'SCO, ſ. m. all ſort of ſhell-fiſh. In cant, any thing that is ſtolen.
MARI'SMA, ſ. f. a lake made by the water of the ſea.
Mariſma, ſ. f. ſometimes, but ſeldom uſed for the ſea-ſhore; but rather a ſort of weed that grows on the ſhore.
MARITA'L, adj. belonging to an husband.
MARI'TIMO, adj. maritime, of the ſea, or near the ſea.
MARLO'TA, ſ. f. a ſort of looſe coat.
MARLOTA'R, v. a. vide *MALROTA'R*.
MARMI'TA, ſ. f. a kettle or pot.
MARMITO'N, ſ. m. a ſcullion.
MA'RMOL, ſ. m. marble.
MARMOLE'JO, ſ. m. a ſmall marble pillar.
MARMOLE'ñO, adj. of marble.
MARMOLERI'A, ſ. f. work, ſtructure, or building of marble.
MARMO'REO, adj. of marble.
MARMO'TA, ſ. f. the marmot or marmotto.

MARO'MA, ſ. m. a cable.
Andár ſóbre la maróma, to walk os dance upon the rope.
MARQUE'S, ſ. m. a marquis.
MARQUE'SA, ſ. f. a marchioneſs.
MARQUESA'DO, ſ. m. a marquiſate.
MARQUESI'TA, ſ. f. a ſtone found in the copper-mines, called *marcaſite*.
Marqueſita de plómo, the herb leadwort, good to cure horſes backs that have been wrung by the ſaddle.
MARQUESO'N, ſ. m. a huffing fellow that looks big.
MARQUESO'TA, ſ. f. lead ore; alſo a large high feather, ſuch as formely they wore ſticking in their caps.
MARQUIARTI'FE, ſ. f. in cant, bread.
MARQUIDA, *MARQUI'SA*, ſ. f. in cant, a wench a whore.
MA'RRA, ſ. f. obſ. want; alſo a hoe to hoe the ground with.
MARRA'GA, ſ. f. a kind of cloth woven with flax, and goat's hair to make rugs.
MARRA'JO, ſ. m. a ſly fellow; alſo a ſort of ſea-fiſh.
MARRA'NA, ſ. f. a ſow or freſh pork.
MARRA'NO, ſ. m. a porker, a hog of a year old. By this name they alſo called the Jews, or thoſe of them that pretend to be converted, and are only counterfeits.
MARRA'R, v. a. obſ. to want, to miſs, to err; to geld ſwine.
MA'RRAS, adv. in time paſt, lately, ſome time ſince.
MARREGO'N, ſ. m. a ſtrawbed.
MA'RRO, ſ. m. obſ. want, a coit, or a game like coits.
MARRO'N, ſ. m. a coit.
MARROQUI', ſ. m. Turky leather.
MARROTA'R, v. a. vide *MALROTAR*.
MARRU'BIO, the herb horehound.
Marrúbio négro, black horehound.

MARRULLERI'A, ſ. f. craft, ſubtilty, cunning; guile, fraud, deceit.
MARRULLE'RO, adj. crafty, knavish, cunning, deceitful, fraudulent, ſubtle.
MARSO'PA, ſ. f. a fiſh ſo called.
MA'RTA, ſ. f. the beaſt that bears the rich ſable fur; and thence the fur itſelf.
MARTAGO'N, ſ. m. a kind of lily; alſo a ſly cunning man.
MA'RTE, ſ. m. Mars, the God of war, and the planet, alſo the bird called a marten.
MARTELA'DO, adj. vide *AMARTELA'DO*.
MARTE'L, ſ. m. a horſeman's mace.
MARTE'LO, ſ. m. love, affection.
MA'RTE, ſ. m. Tueſday.
MARTILLA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with a hammer.
Prov. *Domir a las martilládas, y deſpertár a las dentilladas*, to ſleep with the noiſe of hammering, and awake at the noiſe of the teeth; taken from the ſmith's dog, who ſleeps while they hammer in the ſhop, and wakes when thete is eating; thence applied to one that ſhuns labour, and is diligent at eating.
MARTILLA'DO, ſ. m. in cant the highway.
MARTILLADO'R, ſ. m. one that works with a hammer.
MARTILLA'R, v. a. to hammer; in cant, to go, to walk.
MARTILLE'JO, ſ. m. a ſmall hammer.
MARTI'LLO, ſ. m. a hammer; in cant, the way.
Martillo de oréjas, the hammer with two fangs to draw nails.
MARTI'NA, ſ. f. a fiſh in the ſea of Valencia, pleaſant to eat, but not wholeſome.
MARTINE'TE, ſ. m. a high ſtanding feather in the hat; alſo the jack that ſtrikes the ſtring in the virginal; alſo a ſmall bird like a heron.
MARTINGA'LA, ſ. f. a martingal for a horſe.

MARTINIE'GA, ſ. f. a poll-tax paid at Martinmaſs.
MA'RTYR, ſ. m. a martyr.
MARTY'RIO, ſ. m. martyrdom.
MARTYRI'ZAR, v. a. to put to martyrdom, to torment.
MARTYROLO'GIO, ſ. m. martyrology, a catalogue of ſaints and martyrs.
MARZA'DGA, ſ. f. a tribute paid in March.
MARZA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the month of March.

M A S

MAS, adv. more, but, moreover.
Mas quo no haceis lo qué yo hágo, I'll undertake you ſhall not do what I do.
Mas deſe cáiga la cáſa, quet the houſe fall.
De mas déſtó, beſides this.
Lo demás, the reſt, the remainder.
A lo mas, at moſt.
A mas andár, with all ſpeed.
MASCABA'DO, adj. applied to the coarſeſt ſort of ſugar.
MASCADA, ſ. f. a chewing.
MASCADU'RA, ſ. f. a chewing.
MASCA'R, v. a. to chew.
Maſcár a dos carillos, to chew with both jaws; to play Jack on both ſides; to run with the hare and hold with the hound.
MA'SCARA, ſ. f. a mask for the face; alſo a maſquerade.
Quitárſe la máſcara, to lay aſide the mask; to diſcover what was before concealed.
MASCARA'DO, adj. maſqued.
MASCARI'LLA, ſ. f. a mask.
MASCARO'N, ſ. m. a mask with a frightful face; an ugly face, or thoſe deformed faces we ſee on walls, ſerving for ſpouts, or the like.
MASCARONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ugly mask or face.
MASCULINIDA'D, ſ. f. the quality that conſtitutes the male.
MASCULI'NO, adj. maſculine.
MASCU'LO, ſ. m. the male of any ſpecies.
MASE'RA, ſ. f. the cloth that covers the bread carried to the bake-houſe.
MASMO'RRA, ſ. f. priſon, dungeon.
MASMORRI'LLA, ſ. f. dimin. of *mazmorra*.
MA'SSA, ſ. f. dough, paſte; alſo a maſs, a lump.
Máſſa de óro ù ótro metál, a rude maſs of gold or other metal.
Máſſa de cal, mortar.
Máſſa de haciénda, the whole maſs or groſs of what a man is worth.
Trahér las mános en la máſſa, to have one's hand in the dough, to be engaged in an affair.
MASSA'R, v. a. to make bread, to make the dough.
MASSELU'CAS, ſ. f. in cant, cards.
MASSE'RA, ſ. f. the cloth to cover bread when carried to the bake-houſe.
MASTELE'RO, ſ. m. the top maſt of a ship.
MASTICA'R, *MASTIGA'R*, v. a. obſ. to chew.
MASTI'L, ſ. m. the maſt of a ship.
Máſtil de gábia, the top-maſt.
MASTILLE'JO, ſ. m. a little maſt.
MASTI'N, ſ. m. a maſtiff, a ſhepherd's dog, or a mongrel.
Maſtín, in cant, a bailiff.
MASTI'NA, ſ. f. a maſtiff-bitch.
MA'STO, ſ. m. the tree on which another is grafted.
MASTRA'NZO, ſ. m. the herb wildmint.
MASTUE'RZO, ſ. m. the herb garden creſſes.

M A T

MA'TA, ſ. f. a bush, a ſhrub.
Seguir a úno háſta la máta, to follow one to the bush; that is, till you can follow no longer; as the hare is loſt in the bushes.
Tódo lo véo mátas y por rozár, I find it all bushes, and not trod down; that is, the buſineſs is all difficulties, and no way made into it.
Saltár de la máta, to leap out of the bush, to appear on a ſudden, when concealed before.
MATACA'N, ſ. m. a kind of hare; alſo a venomous compoſition to kill dogs.
MATACANDE'LAS, ſ. f. an extinguiſher to put out candles; alſo a great ſort of moth that flies into the candle.
MATACANDI'L, ſ. m. a water inſect ſo called.
MATACHI'N, ſ. m. a merry-andrew or harlequin.
Matachín, ſ. m. a ſword-dancer.
Danza de matáchines, a dance with ſwords.
MATADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſlaughter-houſe, the place where they kill cattle.
Venirſe al matadéro, to run into the mouths of one's enemies; to run into the hands of juſtice after committing ſome offence.
MATADO'R, ſ. m. a murderer At the game of *hombre*, one of the three chief cards, ſpadille, manille, and baſto.
MATADU'RA, ſ. f. a gaul on a horſe's back, or the like.
Dárle en las matadúras, to touch in the part that is gauled.
MATAFUE'GOS, ſ. m. a fireman.
MATALAHU'GA, ſ. f. vide *ANI'S*.
MATALO'N, *MATALO'TE*, adj. lean, weak, that paces ill. Said of horſes and mules.
MATALOTA'GE, ſ. m. the victuals put on board of a ship.
MATALO'BOS, ſ. m. the herb wolfsbane.
MATA'NZA, ſ. f. a ſlaughter.
MATA'R, v. a. to kill; to put out a candle; to gaul or wring a horſe's back; to tire a man, to kill him with importunity or impertinence.
MATARRATA, ſ. f. a game at cards ſo called.
MATASA'NOS, ſ. m. a quack.
MATASIE'TE, ſ. m. a roaring bully a boaſting lyar.
MA'TE, ſ. m. a mate at cheſs.
Dar máte, to give mate.
MATEA'RSE, v. r. to bring forth

ſprigs, ſhoots, or ſhrubs; to ſpring up in ſtalks.

MATE'RIA, ſ. f. matter, ſubſtance; an affair; the matter or filth of a ſore; a copy to write by; a theme, a ſubject to diſcourſe on.

MATERIA'L, adj. material, ſubſtantial.

Hómbre materiál, a dull fellow.

Materiáles, ſ. m. pl. materials, neceſſaries for building, or any other work.

MATERIALIDA'D, ſ. f. materiality.

MATERIALME'NTE, adv. materially.

MATERNA'L, adj. motherly, belonging to the mother.

MATERNIDA'D, ſ. f. the dignity or title of a mother.

MATE'RNO, adj. vide *MATERNA'L*.

MATHEMA'TICA, ſ. f. the mathematicks.

MATHEMATICAME'NTE, adv. mathematically.

MATHEMA'TICO, ſ. m. a mathematician.

MATIGUE'LO, ſ. m. a little doll ſtuffed with ſtraw.

MATI'Z, ſ. m. a mixture of many colours.

MATIZA'R, v. a. to colour, to give a thing ſeveral colours.

MATO'N, ſ. m. aſſaſſin, murderer, ruffian, bravo, cutthroat.

MATORRA'L, ſ. m. a place full of bushes or shrubs.

MATO'SO, adj. full of shrubs or bushes.

MATRA'CA, ſ. f. a wooden rattle as children make a noiſe with, and in ſome places they are uſed to call people together.

Dar matráca, to banter, to ſcoff, to jeer one.

MATRAQUEA'R, v. a. to jeer, to ſcoff, to banter, to hiſs at.

MATRAQUE'RO, *MATRAQUI'STA*, ſ. m. one that is good at bantering, or reflecting upon another.

MATRE'RO, adj. ſagacious, penetrating, judicious; alſo ſly, or crafty, or ſubtle.

MATRICA'RIA, ſ. f. the herb feverfew.

MATRICI'DA, ſ. m. one that murders his mother.

MATRICI'DIO, ſ. m. murdering of one's mother.

MATRI'CULA, ſ. f. a roll of names, a liſt.

MATRICULA'DO, adj. enrolled, entered upon the liſt.

MATRI'CULAR, v. a. to matriculate, to enroll, to enter upon the liſt, to regiſter one's name in an univerſity.

MATRIMONIA'L, adj. matrimonial, belonging to wedlock.

MATRIMONIA'R, v. a. to contract matrimony.

MATRIMO'NIO, ſ. m. matrimony, wedlock.

Prov. *Matrimónio, ni ſeñorio, no quiére fúria, ni brio*, matrimony nor government require haſtineſs.

MATRI'Z, ſ. f. the matrix; alſo the mother church.

MATRO'NA, ſ. f. a matron, a grave modeſt woman; alſo a midwife, a woman who aſſiſts women inchildbirth.

MATRONA'L, adj. belonging to a matron.

MATU'TE, ſ. m. a cheat or fraud in the cuſtoms.

MATUTEA'R, v. a. to introdue a fraud in the cuſtoms.

MATUTE'RO, ſ. m. a ſmuggler, one who defrauds the cuſtoms.

MATUTINA'L, adj. belonging to the morning.

MATUTI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to the morning.

M A U

MAU, ſ. m. the noiſe a cat makes.

MA'ULA, ſ. f. sharping cheating trick, an impotition, a cheat.

MAULERI'A, ſ. f. a ſhop, where remnants of ſilk, &c. are ſold, alſo the art of tricking or cheating.

MALUE'RO, ſ. m. a piece-broker, that ſells remnants of ſilk, cloth, &c. as alſo linen cloths and all ſmall wares for taylors; a sharping, tricking, or cheating fellow.

MAULLADO'R, ſ. m. a mewing cat.

MAULLA'R, v. n. to mew like a cat.

MAULLI'DO, *MAU'LLO*, ſ. m. the mewing of a cat.

MAUSO'LEO, ſ. m. a mauſoleum, a ſumptuous, or ſtately monument, or ſepulchre.

M A X

MAXI'LLA, ſ. f. the cheek-bone or jaw-bone; alſo the cheek.

MA'XIMA, ſ. f. a general principle; a particular opinion.

MAXIMAME'NTE, adv. chiefly.

MA'XIMO, adj. greateſt.

MAXMORDO'N, ſ. m. a man, dull, heavy fellow, who knows not how to do is own buſineſs without troubling others.

M A Y

MA'YA, ſ. f. queen of May.

MAYA'R, v. n. to mew like a cat.

MA'YO, ſ. m. the month of May; alſo a May-pole.

Lárgo cómo un Máyo, as tall as a May-pole.

Háſta paſſádo Máyo, no te quites el ſáyo, do not leave off your coat till May be paſt.

MAYO'R, adj. bigger, greater; alſo elder.

Mayór generál, a major-general.

MAYORA'L, ſ. m. the chief herdſman or shepherd; in cant, the chief juſtice.

MAYORA'NA, ſ. f. the herb marjoram.

MAYO[illegible]'ZGO, ſ. m. their to an eſtate; alſo the eſtate of an inheritance.

MAYORDOMA'ZGO, ſ. m. vide *MAYORDOMI'A*.

MAYORDOMEA'R, v. a. to do the office of a ſteward.

MAYORDOMI'A, ſ. f. ſtewardſhip.

MAYORDO'MO, ſ. m. a ſteward.

Mayordómo de rey, ſteward of the houſe-hold.

MAYORI'A, ſ. f. chiefneſs, principalneſs, greatneſs above another.

MAYORISTA, ſ. m. the boy who is in the higheſt claſs at the grammar ſchool.
MAYORME'NTE, adv. chieffli.
MAYU'SCULA, ſ. f. a capital letter.

M A Z

MA'ZA, ſ. f. a mace, a club, a beettle; in cant, a bad woman.
MAZACO'TE, ſ. m. a kind of morter to plaſter houſes.
MAZA'DA; ſ. f. a blow given with a mace; alſo an ill malicious word.
Dar una maẓáda, to hurt one'.
MAZAMO,RRA, ſ. f. rotten biſcuit; alſo the ſoup given to the galleyſlaves.
MAZAPA'N, ſ. m. a kind of ſweet paſte made with ſugar and almonds.
MAZARI', ſ. m. a tile of that ſort as are uſed in chimneys and floors.
MAZMO'RRA, ſ. f. a dungeon, a priſon.
MAZMORRI'LLA, ſ. f. a leather thong.
MAZNA'R, v. a. to bruiſe, preſs or ſqueeze with the fingers or hands.
MA'ZO, ſ. m. a hammer, a mallet.
Máẓo de cintas, a bundle of ribbands.
Máẓo de orillos, a bundle of liſts.
MAZONA'DO, adj. in blaſonry, repreſenting walls, towers, &c.
MAZONERI'A, ſ. f. maſons art or work.
MAZO'RCA, ſ. f. as much flax as is put upon the diſtaff at once; alſo an ear of corn.
MAZORRA'L, adj. aukward, rude, unpoliſhed.

M E

ME, an irregular caſe of the pronoun *yo*, and ſerves for the dative and accuſative, placed ſometimes before the verb, and ſometimes after.

M E A

ME'A, ſ. f. a word which children uſe when they want to make water.
MEA'DA, ſ. f. as much as is piſſed at once.
MEADE'RO, ſ. m. a piſſing-place.
MEA'DOS; ſ. m. pl. urine.
MEA'JA, ſ. f. the tread in an egg; alſo the ſmalleſt ſort of coin formely in Spain.
MEAJA'L, adj. belonging to *meája*.
MEA'R, v. n. to piſs.
MEAU'CA, ſ. f. a kind of duck.

M E C

MECEDE'RO, ſ. m. a cradle.
MECEDO'R, ſ. m. a ſtirrer; alſo one that rocks another in a cradle.
MECEDU'RA, ſ. f. a mixing, or ſtirring together; alſo rocking in a cradle.
MECE'NAS, ſ. m. a favourer of learning.
MECE'R, v. a. to mix or ſtir together, to rock in a cradle.
Mecér el oj, to twinkle with the eyes.
ME'CHA, ſ. f. a tent for a wound; the wick for a candle; a ſoldier's march; a bit of bacon to lard with.
Mécha de candil, a wick for a lamp.
MECHA'NICA, ſ. f. the mechanick art; alſo a mean baſe action.
MECHANICAME'NTE, adv. mechanically.
MECHA'NICO, ſ. m. a mechanick.
MECHA'NICO, adj. mechanick.
MECHANI'QUEZ, ſ. f. mechanicalneſs; alſo meanneſs.
MECHA'R, v. a. to lard fowls or other meat.
MECHE'RA, ſ. f. the needle or skewer with which fowls are larded.
MECHE'RO, ſ. m. the noſsel of a lamp in which the wick burns.
MECHINA'LES, ſ. m. pl. the holes left in a wall as it is building for to fixing the ſcaffold againſt it, called the puddock holes.
MECHO'N, ſ. m. a great tuft of hair, or wick of a lamp, or the like.
MECHONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little tuft of hair, or wick of a lamp.
MECHU'SA, ſ. f. in cant, the head.

M E D

ME'DA, ſ. f. a ſtack of wood or corn, a rick of hay or the like.
MEDA'LLA, ſ. f. a medal.
MEDALLO'N, ſ. m. a great medal.
MEDA'R, v. a. to pile, to heap, to put up things confuſedly; to grow wealthy.
MEDE'RO, ſ. m. a ſtack of wood, a rick of hay, or the like.
ME'DIA, ſ. f. a ſtocking.
MEDIACIO'N, ſ. m. mediation or diſtance between any two objects; alſo a reconciliation between two perſons.
MEDIADO'R, ſ. m. *MEDIANE'RO*.
MEDIA'NA, ſ. f. the flesh that is near the neck of the animal.
MEDIANAME'NTE, adv. indifferently, meanly.
MEDIANERI'A, ſ. f. interceſſion, mediation.
MEDIANE'RO, ſ. m. a mediater, one that interpoſes to adjuſt differences.
MEDIANI'A, ſ. f. mediocrity.
MEDIANI'STA, ſ. m. the ſtudent who is in one of the middle claſſes.
MEDIA'NO, adj. indifferent, in a mean betwixt two; alſo ordinary houſhold bread, neither quite white, nor very brown.
Mediános, ſ. m. a game at cards among sharpers.
MEDIA'NTE, adj. by means of.
MEDIA'R, v. a. to mediate, to interpoſe.
MEDIATAME'NTE, adv. immediately, forthwith.
MEDIA'TO, adj. that is not immediate, as the ſon is to the father, but that has ſomething between, as the grandſon and the grandfather, the father of the ſon being between.

MEDIATO'R, ſ. m. a mediator.
MEDICA'BLE, adj. that can be cured or healed.
MEDICAME'NTO, ſ. m. a medecine.
MEDICA'R, v. a. to apply medicines.
MEDICA'STRO, ſ. m. a quack.
MEDICI'NA, ſ. f. medicine, phyſick.
MEDICINA'L, adj. medicinal.
MEDICINA'R, v. a. to cure, to apply medicines.
ME'DICO, adj. that belongs to phyſick.
Médico, ſ. m. a phyſician.
MEDI'DA, ſ. f. meaſure.
Hallar la medida de ſu ʒapáto, to meet with one's match.
Henchirle a úno las medidas, to give a man his bellyful, to tell him more than he deſires to hear.
MEDI'DO, adj. moderate.
MEDIDO'R, ſ. m. a meaſurer.
MEDIE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who ſells ſtockings.
ME'DIO, adj. belonging to the middle.
Médio, ſ. m. a mean; the middle; the half.
Média lúna, a half-moon, in fortification.
Médio cañon, a demi-cannon.
Médio dia, noon-day.
Hallar un médio, to find a mean or method, or the means to do a thing.
Entrár de por médio, to part a fray, to accommodate a difference, to interpoſe.
MEDIO'CRE, adj. moderate, indifferent, mean.
MEDIOCRIDA'D, ſ. f. mediocrity.
MEDI'R, v. a. to meſure.
Medir la pica con el enemigo, to come to fight with the enemy.
Medirſe, v. r. to moderate one ſelf; to weigh one's words and actions.
MEDITACI'ON, ſ. f. meditation.
MEDITA'R, v. n. to meditate.
MEDITERRA'NEO, adj. in the middle of the land.
ME'DRA, ſ. f. thriving.
MEDRA'R, v. n. to thrive.
MEDROSAME'NTE, adv. fearfully.
MEDROSI'A, ſ. f. fearfulneſs, timidity.
MEDROSI'LLO, adj. ſomewhat fearful, timorous.
MEDRO'SO, adj. fearful.
MEDU'LA, ſ. f. marrow.
MEDULA'R, adj. belonging to marow.
MEDULO'SO, adj. ful of marrow.

M E G

MEGI'DO, adj. mixed with water and ſugar.
ME'GO, adj. tame, courteous, civil gentle.
Corderilla mega, a tame sheep.

M E J

MEJO'R, adj. comp. better.
MEJO'RA, ſ. f. improvement, growing better.
MEJORAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. bettering, mending.
MEJORA'NA, ſ. f. vide *MAYORA'NA*.
MEJORA'R, v. n. to mend, to grow better.
Mejorárſe, v. r. to put oneſelf in a better ſtation or degree.
MEJORI'A, ſ. f. mending, growing better.

M E L

MELA'DA, ſ. f. a toaſt and honey.
MELA'DO, adj. of a honey colour; daubed with honey.
MELADU'CHA, ſ. f. a kind of baſtard apple ſo called.
MELANCHOLI'A, ſ. f. melancholy.
MELANCHOLICAME'NTE, adv. melancholily.
MELANCHOLI'CO, adj. melancholy.
MELANCHOLIZA'R, v. a. to make melancholy.
MELAPI'A, ſ. f. kind of apple, or apple-pear.
MELA'R, v. a. to boil ſugar a ſecond time.
MELA'ZA, ſ. f. the moloſſes or dregs of ſugar or honey.
MELCO'CHA, ſ. f. a cake made with honey for children.
MELCOCHA'DA, adj. of a colour like honey, or rather like a cake made with honey, between white and yellow.
MELCOCHE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells cakes made with honey for children.
MELECI'NA, ſ. f. a medicine; alſo a clyſter.
MELECINAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. medicine, phyſick.
MELECINA'R, v. a. to heal, cure, or help by medicines.
MELE'NA, ſ. f. a great head of hair or periwig.
MELENU'DO, adj. that has much hair.
MELE'RO, ſ. m. one who ſells honey; alſo the place where honey is kept.
MELGA'CHO, ſ. m. a ſeal-fiſh, the skin whereof is uſed for poliſhing wood.
MELI'FERO, adj. that has the taſte and colour of honey.
MELIFLUAME'NTE, adv. melliſluouſly, ſweetly.
MELIFLUIDA'D, ſ. f. ſweetneſs.
MELI'FLUO, adj. melliſluous, ſweet; that affects ſweet words, that has a ſweet tongue.
MELI'OTO, ſ. m. the herb melilot.
MELI'NDRE, ſ. m. a ſort of dainty little fritters made with honey; ſqueamishneſs, daintineſs, niceneſs, coyneſs.
MELINDREA'R, v. n. to be coy, preciſe, ſqueamish, nice, dainty.
MELINDRE'RO, ſ. m. nice, preciſe, coy, dainty.
MELINDRI'LLO, ſ. m. a kind of thin lace; ſo called.
MELINDRIZA'R, v. n. to be coy, preciſe, ſqueamish, nice, dainty.
MELINDRO'SO, adj. nice, preciſe, coy, dainty.
ME'LLA, ſ. f. a gap, a notch in a knife, ſword, or other thing; a flaw; a gap of a tooth that is wanting in the mouth.
MELLA'R, v. a. to gap, notch, or flaw; to beat out a tooth before.
MELLI'ZA, ſ. f. a ſort of cake made with honey and flower.

MELLI'ZO, ſ. f. a twin.
MELLO'N, ſ. m. a great heap of ſtraw.
MELOCO'TON, ſ. m. the melocoton peach.
Melocóton, a yellow quince or the quincetree in which the peach is grafted.
MELODI'A, ſ. f. melody, ſweet muſik.
MELODRA'MA, ſ. m. a dialogue in muſick.
MELO'JA, ſ. f. metheglin; wine boiled till the third part is conſumed, which makes it very rich.
MELO'N, ſ. m. a melon.
MELONA'R, ſ. m. the ground where melons grow.
MELONCE'TE, ſ. m. a muſkmelon.
MELONE'RO, ſ. m. one who ſells melons.
MELOSIDA'D, ſ. f. ſweetneſs.
MELO'SO, adj. honeyed, ſweet; that gives ſweet words.
MELO'TE, ſ. m. the conſerve made with honey.
ME'LSA, ſ. f. the melt; a phlegmatick man.

M E M

MEMBRA'DAS, ſ. f. in blaſonry, the claws of eagles and other birds.
MEMBRA'NA, ſ. f. parchment; a membrane or thin skin or film.
MEMBRANO'SO, adj. full of membranes or thin skins or films.
MEMBRA'NZA, ſ. f. obſ. remembrance.
MEMBRA'RSE, v. r. to remember.
MEMBRE'TE, a little ſcroll or leaf of paper, a bill, a ſchedule.
MEMBRI'LLA, ſ. f. a green quince.
MEMBRI'LLAR, ſ. m. an orchard of quince-trees.
MEMBRI'LLO, ſ. m. a quince, or the tree.
MEMBRU'DAMENTE, adv. ſtrongly, manfully, ſtoutly.
MEMBRU'DO, adj. large limbed, ſtrong made, raw-boned.
MEME'NTOS, ſ. m. pl. certain parts of the maſs ſo called.
ME'MO, adj. ignorant, foolish, ſimple, dull.
Hacérſe mémo, to feign one ſelf ignorant or dull of apprehenſion, when any thing is ſpoke that one is unwilling to anſwer or underſtand.
MEMORA'BLE, adj. memorable, worth remembrance.
MEMORA'NDA, adj. that is to be remembered.
MEMORA'R, v. a. to remember.
MEMO'RIA, ſ. f. the memory. Alſo a token to remember by.
Memória, fame, glory; alſo a monumental record.
Memória, a bill of coſts or expences; alſo a memorandum.
Memórias, compliments, expreſſions of civility.
Memória de gallo ò de grillo, a bad memory.
De memória, by [redacted]
Libro de memória, [redacted]ket book to take memorandums.
MEMORIA'L, ſ. m. a memorial, a petition, a remembrance.
MEMORIO'N, ſ. m. a great memory.
MEMORIO'SO, one that as good memory.

M E N

ME'NA, ſ. f. a little fish ſo called.
MENADO'R, ſ. m. one that turns the wheel to wind up the ſilk.
MENA'GE, ſ. m. the moveables or furniture of a houſe.
MENA'R, v. a. to wind the ſilk in the wheel.
MENCIO'N, ſ. f. mention.
MENCIONA'R, v. a. to mention.
MENDICACIO'N, ſ. f. beggary.
MENDICA'NTE, ſ. a beggar; a mendicant friar.
MENDICIDA'D, ſ. f. beggary.
MENDIGA'R, v. a. to beg.
MENDI'GO, ſ. m. a beggar.
MENDIGUE'Z, ſ. f. beggary.
MENDOSAME'NTE, adv. falſely, by lying.
MENDO'SO, adj. falſe, lying.
MENDRU'GO, ſ. m. a piece of broken bread.
MENDRUGUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little piece of bread.
MENEA'R, v. a. to ſtir, to wag, to move, to wield; alſo to manage, to govern, to conduct.
Menéarſe, v. r. to do any thing in a hurry.
MENE'O, ſ. m. motion, ſtirring, wagging.
MENESTE'R, ſ. m. want, need; alſo office, buſineſs, employment.
Meneſtéres, pl. the natural neceſſities; alſo the tools of a workman.
Es meneſtér, it is neceſſary.
No hé meneſtér de ti, I want thee not, I need not thy help.
MENESTERO'SO, adj. needy.
MENE'STRA, ſ. f. ſpoon meat.
MENESTRA'L, ſ. f. a handicraftſman.
MENGA'JO, ſ. m. a rag.
ME'NGUA, ſ. f. defect, decreaſe, what in wanting of a thing; ſhame, diſgrace.
MENGUADAME'NTE, adv. ignominiouſly, without honour or credit.
MENGUA'DO, ſ. m. a fool, a ſilly fellow.
Hómbre menguádo, a madman, that is impaired in his underſtanding.
Menguánte de la lúna, the wane, or decreaſe of the moon after the full.
Menguánte de la mar, the ebbing of the ſea.
MENGUA'R, v. n. to diminish, to decreaſe.
MENI'NO, ſ. m. a page at court ſo called.
MENI'QUE, adj. little; ſaid of the little finger.
MENJUI', ſ. m. a gum or reſin diſtilling from a tree in India.
MENJU'RGES, ſ. m. ſlops, waſhes, any daubs women uſe to their faces.
MENOLO'GIO, ſ. m. the calendar of the months.
MENO'NIA, ſ. f. a bird ſo called.
MENO'R, adj. comp. leſs than another; alſo under age.
Al MENORE'TE, adv. at the leaſt, at leaſt.

MENORI'A, ſ. f. minority, nonage.
MENORI'STA, ſ. m. the ſtudent who learns among the minors.
ME'NOS, adj. leſs.
MENOSCABADO'R, ſ. m. he who makes any thing worth.
MENOSCABA'R, v. a. to diminish, to impair, to leſſen.
MENOSCA'BO, ſ. m. diminution, impairing, leſſening.
MENOSPRECIADO'R, ſ. m. one who deſpiſes, contemns, or undervalues.
MENOSPRECIA'R, v. a. to deſpiſe, to contemn, to undervalue.
MENOSPRE'CIO, ſ. m. contempt, undervaluing, ſpurn.
Vendér a meno précio, to ſell under the value.
MENSA'GE, ſ. m. meſſage, errand.
MENSAGERI'A, ſ. f. embaſſage, meſſage.
MENSAGE'RO, ſ. m. meſſenger.
MENSTRUACIO'N, ſ. f. the monthly courſes of a woman.
MENSTRUA'L, adj. menſtrual, monthly.
MENSTRUALME'NTE, adv. monthly, as women's courſes are.
MENSTRUA'R, v. n. to have the monthly courſes.
ME'NSTRUO, ſ. m. women's monthly courſes; alſo all liquors are called *menſtrua*, which are uſed as diſſolvents, or to extract the virtues of ingredients by infuſion or decoction.
Ménſtruo, adj. menſtrual, monthly, happening once a month.
MENSTRUO'SO, adj. with the monthly courſes.
MENSUA'L, adj. of or belonging to a month.
MENSUALME'NTE, adv. monthly.
MENSU'RA, ſ. f. meaſure.
MENSURA'BLE, adj. that may be meaſured.
MENSURA'DOR, ſ. m. the perſon who meaſures.
MENSURA'R, v. a. to meaſure.
ME'NTA, ſ. f. the herb mint.
MENTA'L, adj. mental, of the mind.
Oración mentál, mental prayer.
MENTALME'NTE, adv. mentally.
MENTA'R, v. a. to mention.
ME'NTE, ſ. f. the mind; it is alſo the addition to moſt adjectives, which makes them adverbs.
MENTECATERI'A, ſ. f. folly, ignorance, inattention.
MENTECA'TO, ſ. m. a fool, a madman.
ME'NTHA, ſ. f. mint.
MENTIDE'RO, ſ. m. a place where many people meet, and diſcourſing together are apt to tell many lies.
MENTI'R, v. a. to lie; alſo to differ one thing from another.
Mentir ſin ſuelo, to tell great lies.
MENTI'RA, ſ. f. a lie.
MENTIRI'LLA, ſ. f. a little lie.
MENTIROSAME'NTE, adv. lyingly, falſly.
MENTIRO'SO, adj. a liar.
MENUCE'LES, ſ. m. pl. trifles.
MENUDAME'NTE, adv. particularly; often; by little and little.
MENUDEA'R, v. a. to repeat ſtrokes very thick; alſo to walk quick, taking short ſteps.
MENUDE'NCIAS, ſ. f. pl. ſmall matters.
MENUDI'CO, adj. very little or ſmall.
MENUDI'LLOS, ſ. m. pl. the giblets of a fowl.
MENUDI'TO, adj. very ſmall.
MENU'DO, adj. ſmall, little.
A menúdo, often.
Menúdos de beſtia, the pluck of any beaſt.
Menúdos, ſmall braſs money.
Hombre menúdo, a man that looks into every little thing, one that ſplits a hair.

M E O

MEOLLA'DA, ſ. f. fried brains.
MEO'LLO, ſ. m. the crumb or ſoft or bread; the kernel of a nut; the pith of any thing; the brain; no longer uſed in this laſt ſenſe.
MEON, ſ. m. who piſſes often.

M E Q

MEQUETRE'FE, ſ. m. a buſy body.

M E R

MERAME'NTE, adj. purely.
MERA'R, v. a. to mix one liquor with another.
MERCACHI'FLE, ſ. m. the perſon who carries all his goods; a pedlar.
MERCADA'NTE, ſ. m. a merchant.
MERCADEA'R, v. n. to buy, to market, to play the merchant.
MERCADE'R, ſ. m. a merchant; alſo a ſhopkeeper.
Mercadér, in cant, the thief who frequents the places where merchandiſe goods are.
MERCADERI'A, ſ. f. merchandiſe, goods, ware.
MERCA'DO, ſ. m. a market.
MERCADURI'A, ſ. f. merchandiſe, goods, ware.
MERCANCI'A, ſ. f. trade, traffick; alſo goods, merchandiſe, commodities.
MERCA'NTE, ſ. m. a merchant, a trader.
MERCANTI'L, ſ. trading.
Navio mercantil, a trading ſhip.
MERCA'R, v. a. to buy.
MERCE'D, ſ. f, courteſy, favour, kindneſs, reward.
La mercéd de Diós, is properly God's mercy. Waggiſhly they give this name to bacon and eggs, becauſe they are commonly to be had when every thing elſe to eat is wanting.
Mercéd, is a term of civility uſed in Spain to every polite perſon, as *ſignoria* is in Italy.
Mercéd, a religious order ſo called, inſtituted for the redemption of captives like the Trinitarians.
Dárſe en mercéd, to ſurrender at diſcretion, at the enemies mercy.
Servir a un ſeñór a mercéd, to ſerve a great man without any ſalary and to be rewarded at his pleaſure.
MERCENA'RIO, ſ. m. an hirel-

ing; alſo a friar of the order *de la mercéd*.

MERCERI'A, ſ. f. mercery, grocery.

MERCE'RO, ſ. m. a mercer, ſuch as they call ſo in the country, who ſells all ſorts of goods.

MERCHA'N, } ſ. m. obſ. a
MERCHA'NTE, } merchant.

MERCULI'NO, adj. belonging to Wedneſday.

MERCURIA'L, ſ. m. the herb mercury; alſo belonging to mercury, full of mercury; that is, active, lively, cunning.

MERCU'RIO, ſ. m. one of the planets names.

MERDELLO'N, adj. filthy, naſty.

MERDO'SO, adj. beshit.

ME'RE, adv. merely.

MERECEDO'R, ſ. m. who deſerves.

MERECE'R, v. a. to deſerve, to merit.

MERECIE'NTE, adj. deſerving.

MERECIDAME'NTE, adv. deſervedly, meritoriouſly.

MERECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. deſert, merit.

MERENDA'R, v. n. to eat an afternoon's luncheon, betwixt dinner and ſupper.

MERENDE'RO, adj. applied to the crows who devour the ſeed on ploughed land.

MERENDO'NA, ſ. f. an afternoon's luncheon.

MERETRI'CIO, adj. of or belonging to a whore.

MERETRI'Z, ſ. f. a whore.

MERGANSA'R, ſ. m. a kind of very fierce gooſe.

ME'RGO, ſ. m. a bird called a puffin.

MERIDIA'NO, ſ. m. the circle called the meridian, in which the ſun makes its courſe.

MERIDIONA'L, adj. belonging to the meridian.

MERIE'NDA, ſ. f. an afternoon's luncheon.

MERINDA'D, ſ. f. the place where the *merino*, has his authority.

MERI'NO, ſ. m. a governor of a ſmall province; alſo he who has the care of the paſture of the cattle.

MERITAME'NTE, adv. deſervedly.

MERITA'R, v. a. to merit.

MERITI'SSIMO, adv. ſuperl. very deſerving.

ME'RITO, ſ. m. deſert, merit.

MERITORIME'NTE, adv. meritoriouſly.

MERITO'RIO, adj. meritorious.

ME'RLA, ſ. f. a black bird.

MERLU'ZA, ſ. f. a cod-fish.

ME'RMA, ſ. f. the portion of any thing conſumed.

MERMA'R, v. n. to conſume.

MERMELA'DA, ſ. f. marmalet, marmalade, the pulp of quinces boiled into a conſiſtence with ſugar.

ME'RO, ſ. m. a fish ſo called.

Mero, adj. pure, genuine.

M E S

ME'S, ſ. m. a month.

ME'SA, ſ. f. a table.

Méſa fránca, an open table, where all perſons are welcome.

Venírſe a méſa puéſta, to ſit down to table without taking pains to earn one's meat.

Ponér la méſa, to lay the cloth for dinner.

Méſa de cambiadór, a banker's ſhop or counter.

Alçár la méſa, to take away after dinner.

Prov. *Buéna méſa, mal teſtaménto*, a good table, a bad will; too much expence in eating and drinking impoverishes a man, ſo that he makes a poor will when he dies.

MESA'DA, ſ. f. the portion of money paid monthly for goods, work, or maintenance.

MESARA'ICAS VE'NAS, veins that aſcend from the abdomen to the liver.

MESENTE'RIO, ſ. m. meſentery.

MESE'RO, ſ. m. one who, after having ſerved his apprenticeship, is paid ſo much monthly.

MESI'LLA, ſ. f. a little table.

ME'SMO, pron. vide *MI'SMO*.

MESNA'DA, ſ. f. obſ. the guards upon duty; a company; a family; a meſs; the old laws of Spain ſay, they are men that may promiſe for themſelves, but not be bound for others.

MESNADE'RO, ſ. m. the chief or the king's guards.

MESNADE'ROS, ſ. m. obſ. ſignifies the inferior gentry, ſometimes the king's guards, and all that receives pay or wages of him.

MESO'N, ſ. m. an inn.

El meſón de la eſtrélla, the ſtar-inn; metaph. the open air, where a man lies under the canopy of heaven.

MESONA'GE, ſ. m. a place or ſtreet where there are many inns.

MESONE'RA, ſ. f. an hoſteſs.

MESONE'RO, ſ. m. an inn keeper.

Prov. *Nádie ſerla meſonéro, ſi no fuéſſe por dinéro*, no man would be an inn-keeper, but for money. Profit makes men undertake any thing.

MESONI'STA, ſ. m. the perſon who aſſiſts in the inn.

MESSADU'RA, ſ. f. the act of plucking or tearing off the hair.

MESSA'NA, ſ. f. the mizen-maſt.

MESSA'R, v. a. to pluck or tear off the hair.

MESSEGUE'RO, ſ. m. an harveſtman; one that keeps corn.

MESSI'AS, ſ. m. the Meſſiah.

MESSIA'ZGO, ſ. m. the dignity of the Meſſiah.

ME'STA, ſ. f. a monthly fair among herdſmen; alſo the laws to be obſerved by all that keep or deal in cattle.

MESTA'L, ſ. m. uncultivated ground.

MESTE'ñO, adj. belonging to a monthly fair.

MESTI'ZO, ſ. m. a mungrel, a man born of Indian and Spaniſh parents.

ME'STO, ſ. m. a ſort of oak.

MESTU'RA, ſ. f. vide *MISTU'RA*.

MESTURA'R, v. a vide *MISTURA'R*.

MESTURE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon

who diſcovers a ſecret that he was entruſted to conceal.

MESU'RA, ſ. f. modeſty, compoſed behaviour; alſo a bow, courteſy, or obeyſance one perſon makes to another.

Prov. *Quién no tiéne meſúra tóda la villa es ſúya*, he who has no modeſty, has all the town for his own; that is, an impudent fellow intrudes every where.

MESURADAME'NTE, adv. modeſtly, courteouſly.

MESURA'DO, adj. modeſt, grave, courteous.

MESURA'R, v. a. to make one behave modeſtly.

Meſurárſe, v. r. to behave modeſtly.

M E T

ME'TA, ſ. f. limit, bound.

METACA'RPO, ſ. m. the palm of the hand.

METAGO'GE, ſ. f. a figure in rhethorick ſo called.

META'L, ſ. m. metal.

Metál, the ſound of the human voice.

Metál, the quality of any thing.

Metál campanil, bell-metal.

Metál rico, rich metal; rich ore.

Metál póbre, poor metal, poor ore.

METALA'RIO, ſ. m. the artificer that works in the metals.

METALE'PSIS, ſ. f. a figure in rhethorick whereby a word is changed from its natural ſignification.

META'LICO, adj. of, or belonging to the metal.

META'LLA, ſ. f. the bits of gold that fill up the vacancies that the gilder has left.

METAMORPHO'SIS, ſ. f. metamorphoſis, tranſmutation, changing of one thing into another.

META'NEA, ſ. f. a figure in rhetorick, when a man recalls what he has ſaid, and turns it another way.

META'PHORA, ſ. f. a metaphor; the application of a word to an uſe, to which in its original import it cannot be put.

METAPHORICAME'NTE, adv. not litterally.

METAPHO'RICO, adj. metaphorick.

METAPHY'SICA, ſ. f. metaphyſicks.

METAPHY'SICO, adj. belonging to metaphyſicks.

METATHE'SIS, ſ. f. a tranſpoſition.

METEDO'R, ſ. m. he who incorporates one thing with another; alſo a ſmuggler.

Metedór, a clout to turn a child dry.

METEDURI'A, ſ. f. the action of incorporating one thing with another; alſo introducing contrband goods.

METEMPSYCO'SIS, ſ. f. tranſmigration of ſouls from one body to another.

METEMUE'RTOS, ſ. m. the perſon who carries on the ſtage the things that are uſed in the play.

METE'ORO, ſ. m. the meteor; bodies in the air or ſky that are of flux and tranſitory nature.

METEOROLO'GICO, adj. pertaining or relating to the meteors.

METE'R, v. a. to put in; alſo to ſmuggle. In cant, to eat.

Metér paz, to part a fray.

Metér ziziáña, to ſow diſcord.

Metér en baráto, to brawl, to endeavour to carry a thing by noiſe.

Metér agúja, y ſácar réja, to put in a needle and take out a quil; that is, to ſteal a gooſe and leave a feather.

Metérſe en lo que no le tóca, to meddle in what does not concern one.

Metérſe dónde no le llámen, to go where one is not called, to meddle in other men's buſineſs.

Meterſe en la párte, to join with others in trade or the like.

Metérſe en ſu contrário, to gain ground upon one's adverſary.

METHODICAME'NTE, adv. methodically, orderly.

METHO'DICO, adj. methodical, orderly, regular.

ME'THODO, ſ. m. method, regularity, order.

METICULO'SO, adj. fearful, timorous.

METIMI'ENTO, ſ. m. the act of fixing, grafting, or including or ſhutting one thing in another.

METONI'MIA, ſ. f. a figure in rhetorick, when we name the cauſe inſtead of the effect, the ſubject for the adjunct, the thing containing for the thing contained.

ME'TOPA, ſ. f. a term in architecture; the empty ſpace in the frieze betwixt the triglyphs.

METRA'LLA, ſ. f. pieces of iron and nails, &c. with which they charge the large gun.

METRE'SA, ſ. f. a ſweet-heart, a young girl in love with a youth.

METRE'TA, ſ. f. a veſſel or meaſure containing about twelve gallons, a kilderkin, firkin, or rundlet.

METRICAME'NTE, adv. metrically, according to metre.

ME'TRICO, adj. metrical, according to metre, keeping time and meaſure.

METRIFICADO'R, ſ. m. who makes or compoſes.

METRIFICA'R, v. r. to make metre, to verſifiy.

METRISTA, ſ. m. vide *ME'TRIFICADO'R*.

ME'TRO, ſ. m. metre, rhime, verſe, meaſure.

METRO'POLI, ſ. f. a metropolis, a chief city.

METROPOLITA'NO, ſ. m. a metropolitan.

Metropolitáno, adj. of or belonging to the metropolis.

M E X

MEXI'LLA, ſ. f. the cheek.

M E Z

ME'ZCLA, ſ. f. mixture, the act of mixing.

MEZCLADAME'NTE, adv jointly, in conjunction.

MEZCLADO'R, ſ. f. a miugler-one who mixes; alſo an entangler.

MEZCLADU'RA, } vid. *MEZ-*
MEZCLAMIE'NTO, } *CLA.*
MEZCLA'R, v. a. to mix, to mingle; alſo to broil, to entangle.
MEZQUINAME'NTE, adv. with miſery, covetouſly.
MEZQUINDA'D, ſ. f. miſery, covetouſneſs.
MEZQUI'NO, ſ. m. a miſer, a covetous perſon.
MEZQUI'TA, ſ. f. a moſque, or Mahometan church.

M I A

MI, MI'A, MI'O, mine, uſed as in English, my, or mine; thus *mi cáſa*, my houſe; *mi mugér*, my wife. But when the queſtion is asked, who is this? the anſwer is, *mio*, or *mia*, mine.
MIA'JA, ſ. m. a crumb, a little piece.

M I C

MI'CA, ſ. f. a she monkey; an ugly woman.
MICHO, ſ. m. a cat; an endearing name for a cat.
MI'CO, ſ. m. an ape.
MICROCO'SMO, ſ. m. microcoſm, little world, man.
MICROSCO'PIO, ſ. m. a miſcroſcope.

M I E

MIE'DO, ſ. m. fear.
Vivir bién deſtierra miédo, good living banishes fear.
MIE'L, ſ. m honey.
Miél virgen, virgin-honey.
Miél roſáda, honey of roſes.
Miél ſóbre hojuélas, honey upon pancakes; metaph. one good luck upon the back of another.
Prov. *Hacéos miél, y coméros han moſcas*, turn honey, and the flies will eat you; that is, if you are too ſweet tempered, people will inſult you.
MIE'LGA, ſ. f. the cuttle-fish.
Miélga, ſ. f. a rake to rake ground with.
Miélgas, ſ. f. pl. the herb trefoil.
MIEMBRECI'TO, ſ. m. a ſmall limb or member.
MIE'MBRO, ſ. m. a limb, a member.
MIE'NTES, ſ. m. pl. an old word; ſignifying the mind or reflections.
Parár miéntes, to take notice of, to reflect on any thing.
MIE'NTRAS, adv. whilſt.
MIE'RA, ſ. f. oil of juniper.
MIE'RCOLES, ſ. m. Wedneſday.
Miercoles corvillo, Ash-Wedneſday.
Miércoles de ceniza, idem.
MIE'RDA, ſ. f. turd, dung, ordure.
MIERLA, ſ. f. vide *MERLA*.
MIE'Z, ſ. m. harveſt.

M I G

MI'GA, ſ. m. a crumb.
MI'GAS, a dish ſo called.
MIGA'JA, ſ. f. a bit, a crumb; a ſmall portion or share of any great thing that is to be divided.
MIGAJA'DA, ſ. f. a ſmall bit.
MIGAJO'N, ſ. m. a great piece of the crumb of bread without cruſt.
MIGAJUE'LA, a little bit.
MIGA'R, v. a. to crumble bread.
MIGRATO'RIO, adj. paſſing, moving from one place to another.

M I J

MI'JO, ſ. m. the grain called millet.
Mijo del ſol, the herb groundſel.

M I L

MIL, ſ. m. a thouſand.
Mil véces, a thouſand times.
MILAGRE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who eaſily believes miracles.
MILA'GRO, ſ. m. a miracle.
Prov. *Hágaſe el milágro, y hágalo el diabló*, ſo the miracle be wrought, no matter if the devil do it.
MILAGROSAME'NTE, adv. miraculouſly.
MILAGRO'SO, adj. miraculous.
MILANE'S, ſ. m. in cant, a piſtol.
MILA'NO, ſ. m. a kite.
Milanos, pl. ſo children call the flowers of thiſtles which fly about when blown upon.
MILE'NTA, ſ. f. a thouſand. Vulgar.
MILE'RO, ſ. m. a bird called a ritmouſe.
MILE'SIMO, adj. thouſandth.
MILI'CIA, ſ. f. warfare; alſo the militia.
MILICIA'NO, adj. of, or belonging to the militia.
MILITA'R, v. n. to ſerve as a ſoldier.
MILITA'L, adj. of, or belonging to ſoldiery or warfare.
MI'LITE, ſ. m. a ſoldier.
MILITA'NTE, adj. militant, ſerving as a ſoldier.
Iglésia militánte, the church militant, the church of God upon earth that fights under his banner.
MILITARME'NTE, adv. according to military diſcipline.
MI'LITE, ſ. m. a ſoldier.
MI'LLA, ſ. f. a mile, a thouſand paces.
MI'LLAR, ſ. m. a thouſand; alſo between three and four pounds or cocoa.
MILLARA'DA, ſ. f. the quantity of one thouſand of any thing.
MILLO'N, ſ. m. a million, then hundred thouſand.

M I M

MIMA'R, v. a. to coact, to flatter, to wheedle.
MIMBRA'L, ſ. m. a place where oziers grow.
MIMBRE, ſ. m. ozier.
MIMBREA'R, v. n. to work with oziers.
MIMBRE'RA, ſ. f. the place in which oziers grow.
MIMBRERA'L, ſ. m. the ſtock on which oziers grow, or the place where they grow.
MIMBRO'SO, adj. that is built with oziers.
MI'MO, ſ. m. a jeſter, a mimick.

MIMO'SO, adj. coy, affected, mimick.

M I N

MI'NA, ſ. f. a mine dug under ground, either to undermine a place, or to dig out metal.
Mina mayór, in cant gold.
Mina menór, in cant, ſilver.
Mina lúdia, in cant, copper.
MINADO'R, ſ. m. a miner.
MINA'R, v. a. to undermine.
Minárſe, v. r. in cant, to be gone.
MINE'RA, ſ. f. } what is the
MINE'RO, ſ. m. } vein of metal in the mine.
MINERA'L, ſ. m. mineral dug out of a mine.
Minéro, a miner.
MINIATU'RA, ſ. f. miniature, painting in little.
MI'NIMO, adj. the leaſt.
Minimo, ſ. m. a friar of the religious order of the Minimes who never eat fleſh.
MI'NIO, ſ. m. vermillion.
MINISTE'RIO, ſ. m. miniſtry, ſervice, diſcharge of duty.
MINISTRA'R, v. a. to ſerve, to attend.
MINISTRI'L, ſ. m. a minſtril, a muſician.
MINI'STRO, ſ. m. a miniſter, an officer, a ſervant.
MINORA'R, v. a. to leſſen.
MINORATI'VO, adj. that ſhortens or leſſens any thing.
MINORIDA'D, ſ. f. minority.
MINOTAU'RO, ſ. m. a minotaure, feigned by poets to be half man and half buſl.
MINTRO'SO, adj. obſ. that tells lies.
MINU'CIAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of ſmall tithes of fruit; trifles.
MINU'SCULA, ſ. f. ſmall letter.
MINU'TA, ſ. f. a minute in writing; alſo a pocket-book or memorandum, a minute-book.
MINUTA'R, v. a. to make minutes of any thing.
MINU'TO, ſ. m. a minute.
MINU'TO, adj. minute, ſmall, very little.

M I ñ

MIñA'RSE, v. r. in cant, to go away, to remove.

M I O

MI'O, pron. poſſ. mine.
Prov. *Lo mio, mio, y lo túyo de entrámbos*, what is mine is my own, and what is yours is for both of us.

M I R

MI'RA, ſ. f. the aim of a gun; alſo intention, deſign.
Miras de proa, a ſea term; the chaſeguns, two guns in the forepart of the ſhip fired upon thoſe that are purſued.
Eſtár a la mira, to be in ſight or looking on, to obſerve with particular care.
Poner la mira, to aim at one thing, to endeavour to get it.
MIRABE'L, ſ. m. a ſort of yellow honey-ſuckle.
MIRA'BLE, adj. wonderful, admirable.
MIRABOLA'NO, ſ. m. the mirabolan; a medicinal fruit ſo called.
MIRACULOSAME'NTE, adv. miraculouſly, wonderfully.
MIRACULO'SO, adj. wonderful, miraculous.
MIRA'DA, ſ. f. a look, a view, a caſt of the eyes over a thing.
MIRADE'RO, ſ. m. a place to look out at.
MIRA'DO, adj. alſo conſiderate.
Hómbre mirádo, a man that conſiders what he does.
MIRADO'R, ſ. m. the leads, or a turret on the top of a houſe; a balcony to look about.
MIRADU'RA, ſ. f. the action of looking.
MIRA'GLO, ſ. m. obſ. v. *MILAGRO*.
MIRAMAMOLI'N, ſ. m. the title given by the Moors to their great emperors.
MIRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. regard, conſideration, reflection.
MIRA'R, v. a. to look, to behold, to regard, to obſerve, to conſider.
Mirár al través, to ſquint, to caſt a ſide look.
Mirár por encima, to look at any thing without attention.
Mirárſe a los piés, is for one to know his defects.
Mirárſe en alguno, to love one, to cherish him.
Mirár ſobre hombro, to look with contempt or anger.
Mirár de hito en hito, to look directly and ſtedfaſtly on a thing.
Prov. *Quien adelánte no mira atrás ſe halla*, he who does not look before him, finds himſelf behind; that is, if a man has not a forecaſt, he will fail in his buſineſs, and be behindhand.
MIRASO'L, ſ. m. the ſun-flower.
MIRIñA'QUE, ſ. m. moveable goods of ſmall-value.
MI'RLA, ſ. f. a black-bird; but, in cant, an ear.
MIRLA'DO, adj. preciſe, formal.
MIRLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. greavity, formality, preciſeneſs.
MIRLA'RSE, v. r. to draw up the mouth, to be formal, to play the hypocrite, to be grave.
Mirlárſe, v. r. to affect gravity in words or actions.
MI'RLO, ſ. m. a gravity and affectation in the face; alſo a blackbird.
MIRO'N, ſ. m. a looker on, eſpecially uſed for lookers on at play.
MIRRAU'STE, ſ. m. a ſort of ſauce made of pounded almonds for boiled fowl.
MIRUE'DANOS, ſ. m. pl. ſtrawberries.

M I S

MISCELA'NEA, ſ. f. a miſcellany.
MISERA'BLE, adj. miſerable, covetous, wretched.
MISERABLEME'NTE, adv. miſerably, covetouſly, wretchedly.
MISERAME'NTE, adv. wretchedly, miſerably.

MI'XTO, adj. mixed, mingled.
MISERE'RE, ſ. m. the proceſſion in which is ſung the pſalm. *Miſerere mei.*
MISE'RIA, ſ. f. miſery, wretchedneſs, covetouſneſs.
MISERICO'RDIA, ſ. f. mercy, pity, compaſſion.
MISERICORDIOSAME'NTE, adv. mercifully.
MISERICORDIO'SO, adj. merciful.
MI'SERO, adj. miſerable, wretched, covetous, poor, diſtreſſed.
MISE'RRIMO, adj. very wretched miſerable.
MI'SMO, prep. perſonal, the ſame.
MI'SSA, ſ. f. the maſs, the ſervice in the Roman church.
Miſſa reżáda, a private maſs.
Miſſa mayor, high maſs.
Miſſa del gállo, the maſs ſaid at midnight on Chriſtmas Day.
Miſſa del álva, the maſs ſaid at break of day.

Prov. *Van a miſſa los żapatéros, rużgan a Dios que muéran carnéros*, the ſhoe-makers go to maſs and pray to God that ſheep may die, that ſo leather may be cheap; every man prays to God for his own advantage, though is be to the detriment of another.

Prov. *Buéno es miſſa miſſár, y cáſa guardár*, it is good to go to maſs, and to keep houſe; that is, it is good to ſerve God, but not to neglect the care of the family upon pretence of being at church all day.

Prov. *No éntra en miſſa la campána y a tódos llama*, the bell does not go to maſs, and yet it calls others; ſome preach much ſanctity and practiſe none.

Prov. *Oyr miſſa, y dar cebáda, no impide jornáda*, to hear maſs, and give a horſe oats, does not hinder a journey.

Prov. *No ſabér de la miſſa la mídia*, not to know half the maſs; that is, to be very ignorant.

MISSACANTA'NO, ſ. m. a prieſt that ſays his firſt maſs; in cant, a cock.

MISSA'L, ſ. m. a miſſal, a maſs book.
MISSA'RIO, ſ. m. a boy that ſerves at maſs.
MISSIO'N, ſ. f. a miſſion, commonly of prieſts to preach and teach.
MISSIONE'RO, *MISSIONA'RIO*, } ſ. m. a miſſionary, one ſent to propagate religion.
MISSI'VO, adj. miſſive, ſent, to be ſent.
MISSI'VA, ſ. f. a letter.
MISTE'LA, ſ. f. a cordial water.

M I T

MITA'D, ſ. f. the moiety, the half.
MITA'N, ſ. m. a ſlight ſort of Holland.
MITHRIDA'TICO, adj. belonging to mithridate.
MITHRIDA'TO, ſ. m. mithridate, an antidote ſo called.
MITIGACIO'N, ſ. f. mitigation, moderation.
MITIGADO'R, ſ. m. aſſwager, pacifier.
MITIGA'R, v. a. to mitigate, to aſſwage, to pacify.
MITIGATI'VO, adj. that will mitigate or aſſwage.
MITO'TE, ſ. m. an Indian dance ſo called.
MI'TRA, ſ. f. a biſhop's mitre; it is alſo waggiſhly applied to ſignify a ſort of cap made of paſteboard, which they put on the heads of bawds convicted, when led to punishment by the Inquiſition.
MITRA'DO, adj. wearing a mitre; ſaid of certain privileged abbots.

M I X

MIXTIFO'RI, ſ. m. a crime which the ſecular or eccleſiaſtical tribunal can chaſtiſe.
MIXTILI'NEO, adj. in geometry, applied to a figure that deſcribes a ſtraight line and a curve on one ſide.
MIXTIO'N, ſ. m. mixture.
MIXTU'RA, ſ. f. mixture; alſo bread made of ſeveral kinds of corn.
MIXTU'RAR, v. a. to mix, to mingle.

M I Z

MI'Z, a word uſed to call cats.
MIZ, *MI'ZO*, ſ. m. a cat.
Mizo, ſ. m. in cant, one wanting one of his limbs, or one that is left-handed.

M O A

MO'A, ſ. f. in cant, money.

M O B

MO'BIL, adj. moveable.
Primér mobil, the *primum mobile* of the heavens.
MOBILIDA'D, ſ. f. mobility.
MO'BLE, adj. vide *MOVI'BLE*.

M O C

MOCADE'RO, ſ. m. an old name for a handkerchief.
MOCADO'R, ſ. m. a handkerchief.
MOCA'NTE, ſ. m. in cant, a handkerchief.
MOCARRO, ſ. m. ſnot.
MOCEA'R, v. a. to act like young people.
MOCEDA'D, ſ. f. youth; an unlucky trick of youth.
MOCETO'N, ſ. m. a luſty young fellow.
MOCETO'NA, ſ. f. a luſty young wench.
MOCHA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given with the head.
MOCHA'R, v. a. to cut ſmooth, to cut off the horns, or the like.
MOCHA'ZO, ſ. m. the blow given with the butt end of a muſket.
MO'CHE, adv. uſed in the phraſe, *a tróche móche*, without conſideration, raſhly, hand over head.
MOCHE'TA, ſ. f. a term in architecture; the edge of any work, particularly the columns.

MOCHE'TE, ſ. m. the taſſel of a ſparrow hawk.
MOCHI'L, ſ. m. a boy that follows the camp.
MOCHI'LA, ſ. f. a ſcrip, a budget, a wallet, a falſe cover of a ſaddle, a portmanteau.
Mochila de gráno, the huſk of a ſeed in fruit.
MOCHILE'RO, ſ. m. a boy or ſervant, that carries the wallet or budget, a boy that follows the camp.
MOCHI'N, ſ. m. the executioner or hangman.
MO'CHO, adj. bare, ſmooth.
Carnéro mócho, a ſheep that has no horns, that has the horns cut.
Arból mócho, a tree without branches.
Mócho de arcabúz, the but end of a musket.
Páſſe mócha por cornúda, let a beaſt without hòrns go for one with horne. If we cannot have what we wiſh, we muſt take what we can.
MOCHUE'LO, ſ. m. a horn owl.
MOCIO'N, ſ. f. motiòn; alſo tendency of the mind; alſo an inſpiration.
MOCITO, ſ. m. a little young lad.
MO'CO, ſ. m. ſnot.
Mócos de herréro, the large flakes that fly off when the ſmith hammers iron.
Mócó de candil, the knob that grows on the top of the ſnuff of a lamp or candle, for want of ſnuffing.
Eſcogido a móco de candil, choſen by candle light; that is, carefully examined.
MOCO'SO, adj. ſnotty.

M O D

MO'DA, ſ. f. uſe, cuſtom, fashion.
MODA'L, adj. belonging to uſe, cuſtom, or fashion.
MODE'LO, ſ. m. a model to build or do any thing by, a pattern.
MODERACIO'N, ſ. f. moderation.
MODERADAME'NTE, adv. moderately.
MODERADO, adj. moderate.
MODERADO'R, ſ. m. a moderator.
MODERA'R, v. a. to moderate
MODERATO'RIO, adj. which can moderate or bring into order.
MODERNAME'NTE, adv. newly, of latter times.
MODE'RNO, adj. modern, of the latter times.
MODESTAME'NTE, adv. modeſtly, decently, compoſedly.
MODE'STIA, ſ. f. modeſty.
MODE'STO, adj. modeſt, decent, compoſed.
MODIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. bringing into meaſure, modification.
MODIFICADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who brings into meaſure or compaſs.
MODIFICA'R, v. a. to bring into meaſure or compaſs.
MODILLO, ſ. m. a particular manner.
MODILLO'N, ſ. m. a modillion; in architecture, a certain ſupport or moulding.
MO'DIO, ſ. m. a bushel.
MODISTA, ſ. m. the perſon who obſerves and follows the new fashions.
MO'DO, ſ. m. the mean or manner; alſo uſed for decency, behaviour.
MODO'RRA, ſ. f. lethargy; alſo the dead of night when all are aſleep.
Quárto de la modórra, the ſecond watch in the night, being the dead of night when all people are aſleep.
MODORRA'R, v. n. to be drowſy, ſleepy, or lethargick.
Moderrárſe, v. r. to grow flabby and ready to rot; ſaid of fruits.
MODORRI'LLA, ſ. f. a diſeaſe among the sheep; alſo the third watch of the night.
MODO'RRO, ſ. m. one that has a lethargy; a ſlow, heavy, foolish fellow.
MODRE'GO, ſ. m. a dunce, a block head, a dull fellow.
MODULACIO'N, ſ. f. ſweetneſs, an agreeable harmony in the voice or inſtrument.
MODULA'R, v. n. to ſing with harmony.
MO'DULO, ſ. m. a module, a term in architecture, ſignifying a part or quantity by which to calculate, adjuſt, and compoſe the reſt of the members of an order.
MODU'RRIA, ſ. f. folly, ignorance.

M O E

MOE'DA, ſ. f. an old grove of oaks, a foreſt.

M O F

MO'FA, ſ. f. ſcoff, jeer, mock, mockery.
MOFADO'R, a ſcoffing jeering perſon.
MOFADU'RA, ſ. f. a mocking or jeering.
MOFA'R, v. a. to ſcoff, to mock, to jeer.
MOFLE'TES, ſ. m. pl. puffed up cheeks.

M O G

MO'GA, ſ. f. in cant, money.
MOGA'TE, ſ. m. a coarſe ſort of glazing upon earthen ware.
Hacér úna cóſa de médio mogáte, to do a thing by halves; taken from the pans which are glazed only within, and not without, which they call *médio mogáto*, or half glazing.
MOGA'TO, ſ. m. vide *MOGIGA'TO*.
MO'GE, ſ. m. broth of any kind.
MOGE'LES, ſ. f. pl. on board ships, certain boxes ſo called.
MOGICO'N, ſ. m. a fiſt clenched; a box on the ear.
MOGIGA'NGA, ſ. f. a Jack-pudding, any ridiculous perſon or feaſt.
MOGIGA'TO, ſ. m. a ſly knave, like a cat, who, when you ſpeak lovingly to her, cringes, and, when you leaſt think of it, claws you.
MOGOLLO'N, ſ. m. a lump, a clod, a ſhapeleſs piece; alſo a ſponger, an interloper.

Comer de mogollón, to ſpunge upon others.

MOGO'TES, ſ. m. pl. the horns of a young deer ſprouting out.

MOGRO'LLO, ſ. m. who eats and drinks at the expence of others; adject, uſed, unpolite uncivil.

M O H

MOHA'DA, ſ. f. moſſineſs, mouldineſs.

MOHARRA'CHE, *MOHARRA'CHO*, { ſ. m. one who is diſguiſed in a ridiculous dreſs, and under that figure goes about joking upon every body, and telling them their faults.

MOHA'TRA, ſ. f. is a cheating way of ſelling goods upon truſt for much more than the value; and having one ready to buy them again much under the real value; any extorſion in uſury; it is alſo pawnbroking.

MOHATRA'R, v. a. to ſell above price and buy under; to uſe extortion; to take pawns.

MOHATRE'RO, ſ. m. an extortioner that buys and ſells; a pawnbroker.

MOHECE'R', v. n. to grow mouldy, to be covered with moſs.

MOHI'NA, ſ. f. a mule that has all the face and muzzle black, and has jadish tricks; alſo fretfulneſs, peevishneſs, anger, diſguſt.

MOHINDA'D, ſ. f. peevishneſs, fret-fulneſs, anger.

MOHINI'LLO, adj. ſomewhat peevish or fretful.

MOHI'NO, adj. peevish, fretful, out of humour; with a black face and muzzle.

MO'HO, ſ. m. mouldineſs, ruſt of iron or any other metal; alſo moſs that grows upon trees, rocks, walls, or the like.

MOHO'SO adj. mouldy, covered with moſs; alſo ruſty.

M O J

MOJA'DA, ſ. f. the act of wetting or ſoaking.

MOJADU'RA, ſ. f. a wetting.

MOJA'MA, ſ. f. the flesh of the tuney-fish ſalted and dried.

MOJA'R, v. a. to wet, to dip into.

Mojár en la ſálſa, to dip in the ſauce.

MOJARRI'LLA, ſ. m. the perſon who is always jeſting and in a good humour.

MOJO'N, ſ. m. a land-mark. Ironically, a fancy, a gueſs.

MAJO'NA, ſ. f. a tribúte or tax paid by the meaſure which is called *mojóna*, from whence is takes its name.

Mojóna, a meaſure in Caſtile, uſed both for liquids and dry things.

MOJONA'R, v. a. to ſet land-marks.

MOJONE'RA, ſ. f. the place where the land-mark ſtands.

MOJONE'RO, ſ. m. a ſort of an exciſeman or cuſtom-houſe officer.

M O L

MO'LA, ſ. f. a fleshy, and ſometimes a ſpungy ſubſtance, without bones or bowels; often black like concrete blood, and ſometimes hard, naturally brought into the world inſtead of a *fœtus*.

MOLA'DA, ſ. f. the quantity of colour; ground at one time.

MOLAMATRI'Z, ſ. f. vide *MO'LA*.

MOLA'R, adj. of, or belonging to a mill-ſtone.

MOLDA'R, *MOLDEA'R*, { v. a. to caſt in a mould.

MO'LDE, ſ. m. a mould to caſt any figure in.

Libro de mólde, a printed book.

Venir de mólde, to fit as if it had been caſt in a mould.

MOLDEA'R, v. a. vide *MOLDA'R*.

MOLDU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. joiners or maſons work.

MO'LE, ſ. f. a maſs, a lump, a confuſed heap.

MOLE, adj. ſoft, ſmooth.

MOLEBU'TO, ſ. f. the fish called a lump.

MOLEDO'R, ſ. m. a grinder; a troubleſome perſon.

MOLEDU'RA, ſ. f. a grinding.

MOLENDE'RO, ſ. m. a grinder, the man who makes the chocolate or grinds the cocoa.

MOLE'R, v. a. to grind; alſo to chew.

Molér, to moleſt, to trouble with long ſpeeches.

Molér en almiréz, to pound in a mortar.

Molér a úno, to beat a man till his bones are bruiſed, to tire and plague a man with impertinence.

MOLESTADO'R, ſ. m. a troubleſome perſon.

MOLESTAME'NTE, adv. troubleſomely.

MOLESTA'R, v. a. to moleſt, to trouble.

MOLE'STIA, ſ. f. trouble, diſquiet, pain, grief.

MOLE'STO, adj. troubleſome.

MOLE'TA, ſ. f. a ſtone to grind colours on.

MOLI'CIE, ſ. f. ſofteneſs; effeminacy.

MOLIE'NDA, ſ. f. griſt; any thing to be ground.

Moliénte y corriénte, ſaid of a mill that is in good caſe to grind, the water running, the ſails going in good order, and no way defective.

MOLIFICA'R, v. a. to mollify, to ſoften.

MOLIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. grinding, pounding; wearineſs.

MOLINE'JO, ſ. m. a little mill.

MOLINE'RA, ſ. f. a miller's wife.

MOLINE'RO, ſ. m. a miller.

MOLINE'TE, ſ. m. the capſtan of a ſhip, which ſerves principally to hoiſt anchor.

Molinéte, ſ. m. a little mill, a coffeemill, &c.

MOLINI'LLO, ſ. m. a little mill, a chocolate-mill.

MOLI'NO, ſ. m. a mill.

Mollno, in cant, torment.

Mollno de viénto, a wind-mill.

Mollno de ſangre, the mill moved by men or beaſts.

MO'LLA, ſ. f. the crumb of bread.

MOLLA'R, adj. ſoft, tender; eaſy to be deceived.

MOLLEA'R, v. a. y n. to grow ſoft, to deſiſt, to give over.

MOLLE'DO, ſ. m. the crumb or ſoft

ſoft part of the bread; alſo any brawny fleshy part.

Mollédo del brázo, the brawn of the arm.

MOLLE'JA, ſ. f. the ſweet-bread of a beaſt; alſo the gizzard of a fowl.

MOLLEJO'N, ſ. m. augm. of *mollēja*, a fat lazy fellow.

MOLLEJUE'LA, ſ. f. a little kernel in the flesh.

MOLLENTA'R, v. a. to ſoften.

MOLLE'RA, ſ. f. the mould of the head, the part between the forehead, temples and crown.

Poner ſal en la molléra, to correct any one's folly or ſimplicity, as to bring him to a ſenſe of his duty.

Sér duro de molléra, to be ſtrong-headed, obſtinate, ſtubborn.

Tener yà dura la molléra, to be too old to be taught.

MOLLERO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a head-piece.

MOLLE'TAS, ſ. f. pl. a pair of ſnuffers, nippers uſed to ſnuff lamps.

MOLLE'TE, ſ. m. manchet, fine ſmall white bread; fat cheeks.

MOLLE'ZA, ſ. f. ſoftneſs; effeminacy.

MOLLI'CIO, adj. ſoft, tender.

MOLLI'NA, ſ. f. a mizzle, a ſoft shower of rain.

MOLLIZNA'R, *MOLLIZNE'AR*, v. n. to rain ſoftly and ſmall.

MOLO'NDRO, *MOLONDRO'N*, ſ. m. a dull heavy fellow, good for nothing.

MOLO'SSO, ſ. m. a foot in Latin poetry conſiſting of three long ſyllables.

MOLTU'RA, ſ. f. vide *MAQUI'LA*.

M O M

MOMARRA'CHE, ſ. m. he who is diſguiſed in a ridiculous or hideous habit, goes about joking upon every body, and telling them their faults.

MOMENTANEAME'NTE, adv. every moment.

MOMENTA'NEO, adj. momentary, that laſts but a moment.

MOME'NTO, ſ. m. moment, inſtant of time; alſo conſequence, importance, weight, value.

Moménto, force, impulſive weight.

MOMERI'A, ſ. f. mumming, in maſquerade; alſo mummery, entertainment in which maskers play frolicks.

MO'MIO, adj. as, *cárne mómia*, mummy, human flesh dried up; thence taken for any lump of lean flesh.

MOMO, ſ. m. an antick, a ridiculous geſticulation, a comical trick.

Hacerce momo, to hold all ſtakes.

Ser momo, to act as if one was above all.

MOMPERA'DA, adj. fine, shining, well calendered; ſaid of a particular ſort of linen.

M O N

MO'NA, ſ. f. a she monkey.

Móna triſte, or *móna alégre*, a merry, or a ſad monkey; ſo they call a man that is merry or ſad when in drink, becauſe ſome monkeys are ſo upon like occaſions.

Prov. *Aunque la móna ſe viſta de ſéda, móna ſe quéda*, though a monkey put on ſilk clothes, she is ſtill a monkey, A hog in armour is ſtill but a hog.

MONACHA'L, adj. belonging to a monk.

MONACHA'TO, ſ. m. the inſtitution of monks.

MONACHI'SMO, ſ. m. the profeſſion or order of a monk; monachiſm, the ſtate of monks, the monaſtick life.

MONACHO'RDIO, ſ. m. a muſical inſtrument that has but one ſtring.

MONACI'LLO, ſ. m. an acolyte, a boy kept to ſerve at the altar; a boy bred by monks, a little monk.

MONA'DA, ſ. f. a foolish geſture, a ridiculous action.

MO'NAGO, ſ. m. a monk.

MONAGUI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *mónago*, the ſame as *monacillo*.

MONA'RCHA, ſ. m. a monarch.

MONARCHI'A, ſ. f. a monarchy.

MONA'RCHICO, adj. belonging to a monarch or monarchy.

MONA'STE'RIO, ſ. m. a monaſtery, a houſe of religious people, whether men or women.

MONA'STICO, adj. monaſtick belonging to monks or to a monaſtery.

MO'NDA, ſ. f. the bits of twigs, that are cut of in pruning.

MONDADIE'NTES, ſ. m. a toothpicker.

MONDADU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. pickings, parings; cleanſings.

MONDAORE'JAS, ſ. f. an ear-picker.

MONDA'R, v. a. to pick, to cull, to pare, to cleanſe.

MONDE'JO, ſ. m. a ſort of forced-meat made of the paunch of a hog or sheep.

MO'NDO, adj. clean, peeled, pared naked, bare.

MONDO'NGA, ſ. f. a name given to the ſervants of the queen's ladies.

MONDO'NGO, ſ. m. hogs puddings.

MONDONGONIZA'R, v. n. to make hogs puddings.

MONDONGUE'RO, ſ. m. a man that makes or ſells hogs puddings.

MONDONGUI'L, adj. of, or belonging to hogs puddings.

MONE'DA, ſ. f. money, coin of any ſort.

Monéda foréta, a duty, or tax paid every ſeven years, as an acknowledgment of the king's regal authority.

Monéda de bellón, braſs money, ſmall change.

Monéda négra, a baſe ſort of coin they had formerly with much mixture of braſs among the ſilver.

Monéda blánca, ſilver coin.

Monéda corriente, current coin.

Monéda fálſa, falſe money.

MONEDA'R, *MONEDEA'R*, v. a. to coin or mint money.

MONEDE'RO, ſ. m. a coiner of money.
MONERI'A, ſ. f. a monkey trick.
MONE'SCO, adj. of, or belonging, or like to a monkey.
MONETA'RIO, ſ. m. a place where all the ancient coins are kept.
MONFI'ES, ſ. m. pl. robbers on the hills or mountains.
MO'NGE, ſ. m. a monk.
MONGI'A, ſ. f. a monaſtery.
MONGI'L, ſ. m. a ſort of mourning weed for a woman; alſo the habit of any nun.
Mongil, ſ. m. the eſtate or condition of a nun.
Mongil altibáxo, a long woman's gown or garment all of a piece.
MONGI'O, ſ. m. the ſtate and condition of nuns.
MO'NJA, ſ. f. a nun.
MONICIO'N, ſ. f. advice; ban or publication of matrimony.
MÒNJE, ſ. m. vide *MO'NGE*.
MONIGO'TE, ſ. m. a name given to the lay friars by the common people.
MONI'LLO, ſ. m. a little monkey.
Monillo, a kind of woman's doublet without ſleeves or lappets.
MONIPO'DIO, ſ. m. conſpiracy, plot.
MONIPO'LIO, ſ. m. monopoly, the ingroſſing of a commodity to ſell out as one pleaſes.
MONI'S, ſ. f. a kind of paſte made of eggs and ſugar as the biskets are done; alſo any nice little thing.
MONI'TO, ſ. m. a little paſte.
MONITO'R, ſ. m. a monitor who admoniſhes.
MONITO'RIA, ſ. f. a letter of admonition.
MONITO'RIO, adj. adviſing, calling.
MO'NO, ſ. m. an he ape.
Móno, adj. polite, refined, delicate.
MONOCERO'TE, ſ. m. a beaſt like a horſe of a red colour; ſome take it for an unicorn.
MONO'CULO, adj. that has but one eye.
MONOMA'CHIA, ſ. f. a ſingle combat.
MONOPA'STOS, ſ. f. a pulley with one wheel in it.
MONOPO'LIO, ſ. m. monopolizing; alſo an agreement among merchants for ſelling any commodity at a high rate.
MONO'STROPHE, ſ. f. a ſong containing but one ſtanza.
MONOSYLA'BO, adj. monoſyllable, having only one ſyllable.
MONSEñO'R, ſ. m. a tittle of honour given to prelates in Italy, newly introduced into Spain.
MONSI'UR, ſ. m. ſir.
MO'NSTRUO, ſ. m. a monſter.
MONSTRUOSAME'NTE, adv. monſtrouſly.
MONSTRUOSIDA'D, ſ. f. monſtrouſneſs.
MONSTRUO'SO, adj. monſtrous.
MO'NTA, ſ. f. amount in rekoning.
Mónta, the intrinſick value of any thing.
MONTADE'RO, *MONTADO'R*, ſ. m. the perſon who mounts a horſe.
Montadór, ſ. m. a horſe-block.
MONTADU'RA, ſ. f. the neceſſary preparation for the cavalry.
MONTAGES, ſ. m. pl. gun-carriages.
MONTA'ñA, ſ. f. a mountain.
Montáña de pinos, in cant a bawdy-houſe.
MONTANE'RA, ſ. f. ſmall acorn, ſuch as hogs feed on.
MONTAñE'RO, *MONTAñE'S*, ſ. m. a mountaineer, a man or any other thing of the mountain; an highlander.
Montanés, adj. mountainous, wild.
Prov. *El montañés por defendér úna necedád dice tres*, the mountaineer to defend one foolish ſaying, ſays three more.
MONTAñE'TA, ſ. f. a little mountain.
MONTA'NO, adj. hilly, mountainous, full of mountains.
MONTAñO'SO, adj. mountainous, hilly.
MONTANTA'DA, ſ. f. boaſt, brag; alſo a multitude.
MONTA'NTE, ſ. m. a two-handed ſword.
MONTANTEA'R, v. n. to govern or manage the two-handed ſword; alſo to play the bully, to boaſt.
MONTANTE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon armed with the two-handed ſword.
MONTAñUE'LA, ſ. f. a hill, a little mountain.
MO'NTA'R, v. n. to amount in reckoning; alſo to mount an horſe.
Montár la púnta, to weather the cape; a ſea term.
Montár la guárda, or *la trinchéra*, to mount the guard or the trenches; a military term.
Prov. *Tánto mònta córtar, cómo deſatár*, cutting is as good as untying.
MONTARA'Z, adj. mountaineer, that lives on the mountains; that belongs to the mountains, wild.
MONTA'S, adv. indeed, although.
MONTAZGA'R, v. n. to pay the duty to the king for the paſſing of the flocks of cattle from one place to another.
MONTA'ZGO, ſ. m. a duty paid to the king for the paſſing of the flocks of cattle.
MO'NTE, ſ. m. a hill, a mountain, a wood.
Hombre de mónte y ribéra, a man fit for any thing.
Andár de mónte, to live like an out-law abſconding on the mountains.
Prov. *De mónte málo, ſi quiéra un pálo*, of an ill wood, take, though it be but one ſtick; that is, get what you can, though ever ſo little, of an ill man or a miſer.
Mónte de piedad, ſo they call a charitable inſtitution, where they lend money to thoſe that are in want, without any intereſt, only leaving a pawn to the value.
MONTE'A, ſ. f. the draught or sketch an architect makes on paper of the ſtructure he is to build; the cutting of ſtones in order to make an arch.
MONTEA'R, v. a. to hunt wild beaſts on the mountains; to make a draught or sketch of any ſtructure.

MONTECI'LLO, ſ. m. a little mountain.
MONTE'RA, ſ. f. a cap, ſuch as hunters or countrymen wear.
MONTERE'RO, ſ. m. one who makes the hunters caps.
MONTERE'Y, ſ. m. a kind of pie ſo called.
MONTERI'A, ſ. f. hunting of noble game, as wild boars, ſtags, &c.
MONTE'RO, ſ. m. a huntſman.
Montéros de Eſpinoſa, a particular guard the king of Spain has, all of one family or rather a fantily of gentlemen, who have the honour to be about his perſon, and to lie in the next room to him, on account that one of their predeceſſors, who was the king's huntſman, and born in the town of Eſpinoſa, ſaved the king's life.
MONTE'S, adj. living in the mountains.
Gato montes, a wild cat.
MONTE'SA, adj. fem. the appellative of a certain order of knights.
MONTESI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to the mountain.
MONTO, ſ. m. vide *MONTA*.
MONTO'N, ſ. m. a heap, a pile.
Montón de léña, a wood-pile.
Montón de héno, a ſtack of hay.
Prov. *Que montón de trigo, ſi no eſtuviéſſe comído*! what a heap of corn, if it were not eaten! When a man looks back upon what he might have had, if he had not waſted it.
MONTONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little heap.
MONTUO'SO, adj. hilly, mountainous.
MONTURA, ſ. f. the allotting or chuſing out ſuch horſes or mules as are to go poſt.
MONUME'NTO, ſ. m. a monument, a tomb; particularly uſed for the ſepulchre ſet up in churches on Maunday-Thurſday, in memory of our Saviour's ſepulchre.
MONZO'N, ſ. m. a ſea term, the tradewinds, which at one ſeaſon of the year blow conſtantly one way.

M O ñ

MO'ñA, ſ. f. the artificial figure of a woman repreſenting the faſhions; vulgarly, drunkenneſs.
MO'ñO, ſ. m. the knot that binds up the hair of a woman; alſo the creſt of any bird.
Móño, an ornament of falſe hair women wore formerly on their heads, ſticking out on both ſides the face; whence *páta de móño*, one of thoſe ſticking out wings of it.
MO'ñUDO, adj. that has the *móño*.

M O Q

MOQUEA'R, v. n. to blow out ſnot.
MOQUE'RO, ſ. m. the handkerchief with which the noſe is wiped.
MOQUE'TE, ſ. m. a blow with the fiſt upon the noſe.
MOQUETEA'R, v. a. to blow out ſnot.
Moqueteár, to ſtrike in the face with the fiſt.
MOQUE'TERO, adj. ſnotty.
MOQUI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *moco*; alſo the pip in poultry.
MOQUI'TA, ſ. f. the drop that hangs atthe noſe in winter.
MOQUI'TO, ſ. m. a little ſnot.

M O R

MO'RA; ſ. f. a mulberry; alſo delay.
Móra, the herb nightshade, or death's herb.
MORABI'TO, ſ. m. a Moorish eremite or anchorite, or religious man.
MORA'CHO, adj. blush, violet coloured.
MORA'DA, ſ. f. a dwelling-place.
MORADI'LLA, ſ. f. a little dwelling-place.
MORA'DO, adj. purple.
MORADO'R ſ. m. a dweller, an inhabitant.
MORA'L, ſ. m. a mulberry-tree.
MORA'L, adj. moral.
MORALID'AD, ſ. f. morality.
MORALE'JA, ſ. f. a moral doctrine or inſtruction.
MORALI'STA, ſ. m. a profeſſo of morality.
MORALIZA'R, v. n. to moralize.
MORALME'NTE, adv. morally.
MORA'NZA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *MORADA*.
MORA'R, v. n. to dwell, to inhabit.
MORATO'RIA, ſ. f. a protracting, prolonging, or delaying of ſentence by the king, &c.
MORBIDE'Z, ſ. f. ſoftneſs.
MO'RBIDO, adj. weak, infirm, ſickly.
MO'RBO, ſ. m. diſeaſe, ſickneſs.
Mórbo caduco, the falling-ſickneſs.
Mórbo Gallico, the pox, the French diſeaſe.
MORBO'SO, adj. ſick, infirm.
MORCE'LLA, ſ. f. a ſpark of fire from the candle.
MORCI'LLA, ſ. f. a hog's pudding.
MORCILLE'RO, ſ. m. a man that makes or ſells black puddings.
MORCI'LLO, ſ. m. the brawny part of a man's arm or leg.
Morcillo cabállo, a black horſe.
MORCO'N, ſ. m. a great pudding made of the large gut that is cloſe at one end; any miſhapen great lump, or a great fat unwieldy fellow.
MORDACIDA'D, ſ. f. mordacity, biting language.
MORDA'NTE, ſ. m. a tool uſed in printing.
MORDA'Z, adj. corroſive, acrimonious; rough to the palate; mordacious, biting in words, ſatirical.
MORDA'ZA, ſ. f. a gag for the mouth.
MORDAZME'NTE, adv. railingly, ſharply.
MORDEDO'R, ſ. m. a biter.
MORDEDU'RA, ſ. f. the bite of a dog or other creature.
MORDE'R, v. a. to bite.
Hacér a úno mordér en el ájo, to make a man bite the garlick, to fret, vex, or perplex one.
MORDICACIO'N, ſ. f. the pricking or pain ariſing from a bite.

MORDICA'R, v. a. to bite, to nibble.
MORDIENTES, ſ. f. pl. in cant, ſciſſars.
MORDIHUI', ſ. m. a ſmall inſect ſo called.
MORDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a bite of a dog or any other creature.
MORDISCA'R, v. a. to nibble as fish do at a bait.
MORDI'SCO, ſ. m. a biting or nibbling of a bait, as fish do.
MORDI'CON, ſ. m. the ſame.
MORE'L, adj. a dark brown colour.
MORE'NA, ſ. f. a brown loaf.
Moréna, in Don Quixote I think it means a ſword, that Moors are killed with.
MORENI'LLO, } adj. of a brown
MORENITO, } colour.
MORE'NO, adj. brown of a dark colour.
MORE'RA, ſ. f. a mulberry-tree.
MORERI'A, ſ. f. the Moors quarter, where formerly the Moors lived.
MORFE'X, ſ. m. a water-fowl ſo called.
MORIBU'NDO, adj. ready to die.
MORIGERACI'ON, ſ. f. moderation in living.
MORIGERA'R, v. a. to give good breeding, to make ſubmiſſive, to humour.
MORI'LLO, ſ. m. a little Moor; alſo an andiron for a chimney.
MORI'R, v. n. to die.
MORI'SCO, ſ. m. a man deſcended from Moors, or converted from them.
MORI'SMA, ſ. f. a multitude of Moors; the Moorish religion.
MORISQUE'TA, ſ. f. a fraud, a trick, a deceit.
MORLA'CO, adj. that affects folly and ignorance.
MORLE'S, ſ. m. a ſort of linen ſo called.
MORLO'N, adj. vide *MORLA'CO*.
MORMU'LLO, ſ. m. a murmuring noiſe, the noiſe of many people talking, or of water running.
MORMURA'R, v. n. vide *MURMURA'R*.

MO'RO, ſ. m. a Moor, a native of Africa.
Moro, adj. that has no water in it; ſaid of wine.
MOROCA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given by the sheep with the head.
MORO'N, ſ. m. a little hillock.
MORONDA'NGA, ſ. f. an heap of rubbish or uſeleſs things.
MORO'NDO, adj. bald or bare, as a man without hair, and a tree without leaves.
MORONI'A, ſ. f. vide *ALBORONI'A*.
MOROSAME'NTE, adv. ſlowly, heavily.
MOROSIDA'D, ſ. f. moroſeneſs; alſo ſlowneſs.
MORO'SO, adj. ſlow, heavy, dull: alſo moroſe, or ill-natured.
MORQUE'RA, ſ. f. the herb thyme.
MO'RRA, ſ. f. the upper part of the head.
Morra, ſ. f. a game made with the fingers, what the Romans called *micare digitis*.
MORRA'DA, ſ. f. a blow on the head.
MORRA'L, ſ. m. a little ſack or bag tied to the horſe's head, out of which he eats his corn; alſo a muzzle.
MORRA'LLA, ſ. f. a heap of rubbish.
MORRI'LLO, ſ. m. a round ſmall ſtone, or any little round thing.
MORRI'ñA, ſ. f. mortality among cattle; alſo melancholy.
MORRIO'N, ſ. m. a head-piece, a morrion.
MO'RRO, adj. that mews or purs like a cat.
Mórro, ſ. m. a great rock in the ſea; alſo the poll of the head.
Baxár el mórro, to bow down one's head; metaph. to ſubit, or to conſider.
MORRO'N, ſ. m. a great rock.
MORRO'NCHO, adj. tame, tractable.
MORRU'DO, adj. that has a ſnout.
MORTA'JA, ſ. f. a shrowd for a dead body.
Prov. *A los muértos la mortája, a los vivos la hogáza*, the shrowd for the dead, and the loaf for the living.
MORTA'L, adj. one term. mortal, deadly, at death's door.
MORTALIDA'D, ſ. f. mortality, being ſubject to death.
MORTALME'NTE, adv. deadly, mortally.
MORTANDA'D, ſ. f. a great ſlaughter in battle or deſtruction of people by ſickneſs; alſo a plague.
MORTECI'NO, adj. that dies of itſelf.
MORTERA'DA, ſ. f. a ſauce ſo called.
MORTE'RETE, ſ. m. a very ſmall ſort of cannon.
MORTE'RO, ſ. m. a ſtone morter to pound any thing in; a mortar uſed in war to caſt bombs.
MORTERUE'LO, ſ. m. a ſmall ſort of inſtrument like a morar, with a hand or peſtle, which boys uſe to play upon to make a noiſe.
Morteruélos, a hog's liver diſſolved with hog's lard, ſalt, pepper, cloves, and coriander-ſeed; then baked till it conſolidates.
MORTICI'NIO, ſ. m. carrion, a dead carcaſe.
MORTI'FERO, adj. deadly, mortal, that cauſes death.
MORTIFICACI'ON, ſ. f. mortification; alſo the act of ſubduing the body by hardships and maceration; any vexation or trouble.
MORTIFICA'R, v. a. to mortify.
MORTUO'RIO, ſ. m. a burial, a funeral.
MORTUE'CO, ſ. m. a ram that ſerves the whole flock.
MORU'LA, ſ. f. dimin. of *móra*, a little delay.
MORU'SA, ſ. f. money. Burleſque.

M O S

MOSAI'CO, adj. Moſaick, a curious inlaying.
Moſáico, belonging to Moſes.
MO'SCA, ſ. f. a fly.
Móſca de burro, a ſtupid lumpish perſon.
Eſtár con móſca, to be in trouble and pain.

Móſca en leche, a fly in the milk; ſo they call a brown complexioned woman in a white dreſs.
Móſca muerta, an humble cunning fellow.
Móſcas blancas, ſnow.
Andár cómo móſcas a la miél, to flock like flies about honey; that is, to attend or be diligent for one's profit.
MOSCA'DA, ſ. f. a nutmeg.
MOSCA'RDA, ſ. f. a horſe-fly, a waſp.
MOSCARDO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *moſcarda*.
MOSCARE'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall bird who lives upon flies.
MOSCATE'L, adj. muſcadine; as, *vlno moſcatel*, muſcadine wine; *uvas moſcatéles*, muſcadine grapes.
MOSCE'LLA, ſ. f. a ſpark of fire; a word little uſed.
MOSCHINO, } adj. of, or be-
MOSCHI'L, } longing to a fly.
MOSC'ON, ſ. m. a great fly.
MOSQUEADO'R, ſ. m. a flap to kill flies.
MOSQUEA'R, v. n. to drive away flies with a fly-flap.
Moſquéarſe, v. r. to drive away one's embarraſſements, to keep others from giving us trouble.
MOSQUE'O, ſ. m. a driving away of flies; alſo a whipping by the miniſter of juſtice.
MOSQUE'RO, ſ. m. a bough or any thing hanged for the flies to ſettle on.
MOSQUERUE'LA, ſ. f. a kind of ſweet-ſcented pear.
MOSQUE'TA, ſ. m. a musk-flower, a roſe.
Moſquetáda clavellina, a musk gilliflower.
MOSQUETA'ZO, ſ. m. a muſquetſhot.
MOSQUE'TE, ſ. m. a muſquet, a match-lock.
MOSQUETERI'A, ſ. f. the body of muſqueteers.
MOSQUETERI'L, adj. belonging to the muſqueteers.
MOSQUETE'RO, ſ. m. a muſqueteer.
Moſquetéro, he who ſtands in the pit for want of a ſeat.
MOSQUITE'RO, ſ. m. a covering for a bed made of ſome thin ſtuff to keep off the gnats.
MOSQUI'TO, ſ. m. a gnat.
MOSTA, ſ. f. vide *ALMOSTA*.
MOSTA'CHO, ſ. m. whiſker, the beard grown long on the upper lip.
MOSTACHO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of diet-bread.
MOSTACHO'SO, adj. adorned with muſtachoes or wiſkers.
MOSTA'JO, ſ. m. little tree like a laurel.
MOSTA'ZA, ſ. f. muſtard; alſo a very ſmall kind of ſhot.
Hacér la moſtáza, among boys, to fight till the blood runs out of their noſe.
Subirſe la moſtáza á las narices, to fall in a great fury.
MOSTA'ZO, ſ. m. the muſtard-ſeed plant.
MOSTEA'R, v. n. to diſtil, to make new wine.
MOSTE'LA, ſ. f. a bundle of vine-twigs.
MOSTELE'RA, ſ. f. the place where the bundles of wine-twigs are put.
MOSTI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſort of cake made with muſt and ſpice.
MO'STO, ſ. m. muſt, new wine.
Móſto torcído, new wine from the preſs when hard ſqueezed.
Móſto de tintín, wine that runs from the grapes with light preſſing.
MOSTRA'BLE, adj. that may be ſhewn.
MOSTRADO'R, ſ. m. a counter of a ſhop; the hand of a clock; one that ſhows.
MOSTRA'NZA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *MUESTRA*.
MOSTRA'R, v. a. to ſhow.
Moſtrárſe, v. r. to ſhow one's ſelf.
MOSTRE'NCO ſ. m. a ſtray, any beaſt that is ſtrayed, which, if no owner appears in a year after crying, falls to the king or the lord of the manor; they give this name to a man that has no certain place of abode. It is alſo a misſhapen man, beaſt, or other thing.

M O T

MO'TA, ſ. f. a mote, a little tuft, ſuch as they pick out of cloth.
MOTACI'LA, ſ. f. the bird called a water-wagtail.
MOTA'R, v. a. in cant, to ſteal.
MOTAZE'N, ſ. m. the clerk of the market, who is to ſee that none but good proviſions be ſold; alſo an officer to ſee the ſtreets be kept clean.
MO'TE, ſ. m. a motto; alſo reflection.
MOTEA'R, v. a. to ſpot with various colours.
MOTEJADO'R, ſ. m. one that jeers ſcoffs, or reflects upon another.
MOTEJA'R, v. a. to jeer, ſcoff, to reflect upon.
MOTE'TE, ſ. m. a motet, a ſong made for the church upon ſome hymn or anthem.
MOTILA'R, v. a. to ſhear, to poll, to crop the hair.
MOTILO'N, ſ. m. a lay-brother of a religious order.
MOTI'N, ſ. m. mutiny, uproar, inſurrection.
MOTIVA'R, v. a. to give occaſion, or to be a motive of doing any thing.
MOTI'VO, ſ. m. motive, end, deſign.
MOTOLI'TA, ſ. f. vide *AGUZANIE'VE*.
MOTOLI'TO, adj. eaſy to be deceived or beguiled.
MOTO'NES, ſ. m. pl. the pullies in a ſhip, in which all the ropes do run.
MOTO'R, ſ. m. a mover.
MOTRI'L, ſ. m. vide *MOCHI'L*.
MOTRI'Z, ſ. f. who moves.
MOTUPROPRI'O, ſ. m. of his own will by his own motion.

M O V

MOVEDI'ZO, adj. moveable, unſtable; alſo untimely born.
MOVEDO'R, ſ. m. a mover.
MOVEDU'RA, ſ. f. a miſcarriage, or bringing forth before time; alſo a moving.
MOVE'R v. a. to move, to ſtir; alſo to miſcarry.
MOVIBLE, adj. moveable, that may be moved.

Fiéſtas movibles, the moveable feaſts, that do not fall every year upon the ſame day of the month.
MOVIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. motion.

MOY

MOYA'NA, ſ. f. a ſmall ſort of culverin.
MO'YO, ſ. m. obſ. a buſhel.
MOYUE'LO, ſ. m. a middling ſort of bread betwixt the beſt and the worſt.

MOZ

MOZA, ſ. f. a tool uſed by waſher-women to beat linen in waſhing.
MOZALBE'TE, *MOZALBI'LLO*, ſ. m. a young man; an old man who affects to be young.
MOZALLO'N, ſ. m. a robuſt, ſtrong, young man.
MOZARA'BES, ſ. m. pl. Chriſtians that lived among the Moors after Spain was conquered.
Officio amiſſa mozy arabe, office and maſs celebrated in a particular manner.
MOZCO'RRA, ſ. f. a whore.
MOZNA'DO, adj. in blaſonry, applied to the lion that has neither teeth, tongue, nor claws.
MO'ZO, adj. young; ſubſtantively uſed, ſervant, boy, bachelor.
Mózo, ſ. m. in cant, a hook.
MOZO'N, ſ. m. augm. a robuſt young man.
MOZUE'LO, adj. quite young.

MU

MU, ſ. f. an expreſſion uſed to quiet children; alſo the lowing of an ox or cow.

MUC

MUCE'TA, ſ. f. a rocket.
MUCHA'CHA, ſ. f. a girl.
MUCHACHA'DA, ſ. f. childhood.
MUCHACHEA'R, v. n. to act in a childiſh or boyiſh manner.
MUCHACHERI'A, ſ. f. boyiſhneſs.
MUCHACHE'Z, ſ. f. childhood.
MUCHA'CHO, ſ. m. a boy.
MUCHEDU'MBRE, ſ. f. a multitude a great number.
MU'CHO, adj. much.
MUCILA'GO, ſ. m. a kind of viſcous liquor made by apothecaries.

MUD

MU'DA, ſ. f. the moulting of birds.
Múda, ſ. f. an ointment uſed to beautify women's faces.
Múda, ſ. f. the action of moving.
MUDA'BLE, adj. mutable, changeable.
MUDABLEME'NTE, adv. changeably.
MUDA'DO, adj. removed from one houſe to another.
MUDAME'NTE, adv. ſilently, ſecretly.
MUDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. change, removal from one houſe to another.
MUDA'NZA, ſ. f. change; a particular ſtep or motion in dancing.
MUDA'R, v. a. to change.
Mudárſe, v. r. to remove houſe.
MUDE'Z, ſ. f. dumbneſs.
MU'DO, adj. dumb.

MUE

MUE', ſ. m. vide *MUE'R*.
MUE'BLE, adj. moveable.
Muebles, ſ. m. pl. goods moveables.

Prov. *Al muéble ſin raiz, préſto ſe le quiébra la cervíz*, a moveable without a root ſoon breaks its neck; that is, money or goods, without an eſtate real, or ſome way to improve them, are not laſting.

MUE'CA ſ. f. a ſcoff.
MUE'LA, ſ. f. a mill-ſtone, a grind-ſtone.
Muéla, one of the teeth called the grinders.
Muéla cordál, an eye-tooth.
Muéla de máno, a hand-mill.
Muélas de gállo, cocks grinders. So they call a man that has no teeth.

Prov. *A quién duéla la muéla, que la éche fuéra*, let him that has the tooth ach pull it out; that is, let every man bear the inconveniencies which are for his own advantage.

Prov. *Entre dos muélas moláres núnca métas tus pulgáres*, never put your thumbs betwixt two grinders.

Prov. *Pedír muélas al gállo*, to ask the cock for teeth.

MUE'LLE, adj. ſoft.
Muélle, ſ. m. a mole built in the ſea to make a harbour, or defend it from being choaked up by the ſand, or to ſecure it from any particular wind.
Muélle, ſ. m. is alſo that little iron in a lock which falls upon the bolt and holds it faſt, either ſhut or open, but riſes when the key turns to let the bolt ſlip forwards or backwards; it is called the ketch of the ſpring.
MUELLEME'NTE, adv. ſoftly.
MUE'R, ſ. m. a kind of ſilken ſtuff ſo called.
MUERDA'GO, ſ. m. a green ſhrub called miſletoe.
MUE'RMO, ſ. m. a cold in any beaſt, which makes them breathe hard and ſnort; the ſnuffing and ſnorting of a dog.
MUERMO'SO, adj. troubled with a cold, ſnuffling or ſnorting.
MUE'RTE, ſ. f. death; murder.

Prov. *A la muérte no hày cóſa ſuérte*, nothing is ſtrong againſt death; no remedy againſt death.

Prov. *Quién da lo que tiéne antes de la muérte, meréce que le den con un mázo en la frénte*, he who gives away what he has before his death, deſerves to be knocked on the head with a mallet.

Prov. *Mas válе dexár en la muérte al enemigo, que pedír en la vida al amigo*, it is better at one's death to leave an enemy, than in one's life to aſk of a friend.

MUE'RTO, p. p. of *morir*.
Muérto, ſ. m. dead man.
MUE'SCA, ſ. f. notch, a dent.
MUE'SSO, ſ. m. the bit that is put into the horſe's mouth.
Muéſſo, ſ. m. vulgar. What is our own.
MUE'STRA, ſ. f. ſhow, muſter of ſoldiers; pattern; rough draught, the dial-plate of a watch.
Perro de muéſtra, blood-hound; a ſetting-dog.

M U F

MU'FLA, ſ. f. a concave thing like half a bowl, which ſerves to cover the refiner's furnace, having a hollow tunnel or neck to it, through which the crucibles are put down into the furnace to eſſay ſilver or gold.

MUFLI'R, v. a. in cant, to eat.

M U G

MUGA, ſ. f. (the ſame as *MOHO'N*) a boundary, a limit.

MUGE'R, ſ. f. a woman, a wife.

Mugér de ſú cáſa, a houſewife.

Mugér dé gúſto, a lady of pleaſure.

Mugér de púnto, a woman that ſtands upon her honour.

MUGERCI'LLA, ſ. f. a little woman; commonly uſed in an ill ſenſe for an ill woman.

MUGERIE'GAS, adv. as, *Cabalgár a mugeriégas*, to ride ſideways like a woman.

MUGERIE'GO, adj. womanish, belonging to a woman; always among women; ſubſtantively uſed, the women of a place.

MUGERI'L, adj. womaniſh, belonging to a woman.

Hómbre mugeril, an effeminate man.

MUGERILME'NTE, adv. womanishly.

MUGI'DO, ſ. m. the lowing of an ox, cow, &c.

MUGI'L, ſ. m. a fish called a mullet.

MUGI'R, v. n. to low like a cow.

MU'GRE, ſ. f. greaſineſs, naſtineſs.

MUGRIE'NTO, adj. greaſy, naſty.

MUGRO'N, ſ. m. a shoot or ſprout of a vine.

MUHA'RRA, ſ. f. the point of any iron thing, and in particular the extremity or point of the ſtandard which the enſign bears.

M U I

MUI, a particle joined to a poſſeſſive noun wich makes it a ſuperlative; as, *Mui grande*, very big.

M U L

MU'LA, ſ. f. a she-mule; alſo a ſort of country shoes with thick ſoles.

Múla de madéra, a wooden carriage for a gun, or the like.

MULADA'R, ſ. m. a dunghill.

Prov. *Oyó cantar, y no ſábe en que muladar*, he heard crowing, and knows not on whoſe dunghill. Said to men that have a confuſed notion of things heard ſomething, but know no where, or from whom.

MULA'R, adj. belonging to a mule.

MULA'TA, ſ. f. the daughter of a black and a white.

MULATE'RO, ſ. m. a muletier.

MULA'TO, ſ. m. a mulatto, the ſon of a black and a white.

MULE'RO; ſ. m. the ſervant who takes cate of the mules.

MULE'TA, ſ. f. a crutch for a lame perſon; alſo a little mule; alſo a ſupport to any thing.

Tenér mulétas, to be old.

MULE'TADA, ſ. f. a herd of mules.

MULE'TO, ſ. m. a little he-mule, a mule-colt.

Cerrado como muléto, ſo they call a miſer; alſo a very ſilent perſon.

MULI'LLA, ſ. f. a little mule.

Mullla, ſ. f. a ſort of shoes with thick ſoles and of a red colour.

MU'LLA' ſ. f. a digging or turning up the vineyards.

MULLIDO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who digs the vineyards.

MULLI'R, v. a. to make ſoft.

Mullir la tiérra, to turn up the earth that it may lie light and ſoft.

Mullir la cáma, to beat a bed to make it ſoft.

MULO, ſ. m. a mule.

Prov. *Múlo cójo y hijo bobo lo ſúfre tódo*, a lame mule, and a foolish ſon endure any thing; they are not ſo vicious and unlucky as thoſe that are not ſo.

MULTA, ſ. f. a mulct, a fine.

MULTA'R, v. a. to fine; tos amerce

MULTIFO'RME, adj. that as many ſhapes or forms.

MULTILATERO, adj. that has many ſides.

MULTIPLICABLE, adj. that can be multiplied.

MULTIPLICACIO'N, ſ. f. multiplication.

MULTIPLICADO'R, ſ. m. who multiplies.

MULTIPLICA'R, v. a. to multiply.

MULTIPLICE, adj. manifold.

MULTIPLICIDA'D, ſ. f. multiplicity.

MULTIPLICO, ſ. m. the effects of multiplying.

MULTITU'D, ſ. f. multitude.

M U N

MUNDANA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the word.

MUNDA'NO, *MUNDIA'L*, adj. worldly.

MUNDIFICA'R, v. a. to cleanſe.

MUNDIFICATIVO, adj. cleanſing, abſtergling.

MUNDILLO, ſ. m. a kind of waggon uſed to warm a bed.

MUNDI'NOVI, *MUNDINUE'VO*, ſ. m. a box carried about by Savoyards with a shew of many repreſentations in it.

MUN'DO, ſ. m. the world.

Un múndo de génte, a world of people, a great number.

Echárſe al mundo, to appear in the a world, to make a figure in it, to be very fine.

Déxár el mundo, to leave the word; to betake one ſelf to a religious life.

Echár del múndo, to perſecute a man ſo that he cannot live in the world.

Nuévo Múndo, the New World, commonly meant of America.

Prov. *Tras eſte múndo vendrá otro*, after this world, another will come; that is, the times will change.

Prov. *Eſte múndo es gólfo recóndo y quién no ſabé nacár vaſe a lo fóndo*, this world is a round ſea or gulph, and he that cannot ſwim, goes to the bottom; that is, the world is difficult to live in, and if a man has nos skill and art, he ſinks or is loſt.

MUNICIO'N, ſ. f. ammunition.

Municiónes de boca, all ſorts of victuals.

Municiones de guerra, all ſorts of arms offenſive and defenſive.

Munición, the charge of a gun.
De munición, adv. haſtily.
MUNICIONA'R, v. a. to provide, to ſtock with ammunition.
MUNICIPA'L, adj. municipal, concerning the freedoms, franchiſes, or liberties.
MUNI'CIPE, ſ. m. one of the town whoſe inhabitants are free, and has a right to the privileges and offices here.
MUNICIPIO, ſ. m. any city or town corporate, that has ſome privileges and liberties.
MUNIFICE'NCIA, ſ. f. munificence, generoſity.
MUNI'FICO, adj. liberal, generous, munificent.
MUNITO'RIA. ſ. f. the art of fortifying a place.

M U ñ

MUñECA; ſ f. a doll for children to play with.
Muñeca de la máno, the hand-wriſt.
Menéar las muñécas, to be hard at work.
MUñE'CO, ſ. m. a little figure with a man's ſhape; alſo a beau, a ſparkish man, or a ſhort-bodied man.
MUñEQUEA'R, v. n. to play the wriſt, as in fencing.
MUñEQUE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells dolls.
MUñEQUE'RA, ſ. f. any ornament put on the wriſt.
MUñEQUERI'A, ſ, f. a ſtudied affectation in dreſs.
MUñIDO'R, ſ. m. the beadle of a company.
MUñI'R, v. a. to warn an aſſembly.
MUñO'NES, ſ. m. pl. the brawny part of a man's arm next to the wriſt; alſo the trunnions of a gun.

M U Q

MUQUICIO'N, ſ. f. in cant, a dinner.
MUQUI'R, v. a. in cant; to dine, to eat.

M U R

MU'R ſ. m. a mouſe.
Prov. *El múe que 'no ſabe mas de un horádo preſto la cóge e áto*, the cat ſooncatches a mouſe that knows but one hole. Men that have but one ſhiftare ſoon left in the lurch.
MURADA'L, ſ. m. vide *MULA'DAR*.
MURAL, adj. one term, belonging to a wall.
MURA'LLA, ſ. f. a ſolid great wall, as that of a town caſtle, or the like; a common wall is *paréd*.
MURA'R, v. a. to wall in, to build walls about a place.
MU'RCEO, ſ. m. in cant, bacon.
MURCIA'R, v. a. in cant, to ſteal.
MURCIE'GALO, *MURCIE'LAGO*, *MURCEQUILLO*, ſ. m. a bat, a rere-mouſe.
MURCIGALLE'RO, *MURCIGLE'RO*, in cant, an houſebreaker.
MURCIO ſ. m. in cant, a thief.
MURECILLO, ſ. m. a ſinew, a muſcle; alſo a little wall.
MURE'NA, ſ. f. a ſea-fish like an eel.
MU'RICE, ſ. m. a ſhell-fish ſo called.
MURMUGEA'R, v. n. to mutter, to ſpeak low.
MURMU'LLO, ſ. m. murmur, noiſe.
MURMURACIO'N, ſ. f. murmuring, railing at others.
MURMURADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who rails at, or cenſures another.
MURMURA'R, v. n. to murmur, to cenſure, to find fault with.
MURMU'RIO, ſ. m. vid. *MURMU'LLO*.
MU'RO, ſ. m. a wall, always taken for a great wall; ſlght walls being called *parades* figuratively, a ſhield.
MU'RRIA, ſ. f. a ſort of hypochondriac humour, a heavineſs in the head.
MU'RRIO, adj. melancholy, heavy, dull.
MURTA, ſ. f. myrtle; in cant, an olive.
MURTO'NES, ſ. m. pl. the fruit of the myrtle.

M U S

MU'SA, ſ. f. a muſe.
Entender la múſa a uno, to diſcover the malice of one.
MUSARA'ñA, ſ. f. a venemous ſmall creature shaped between a mouſe and a ſpider, very dangerous to cattle, and called a shrew.
Muſaráñas, pl. are alſo ſtrange things people fancy they ſee in the air.
MUSCICA'PA, ſ. f. a bird who lives upon flies.
MU'SCO, ſ. m. a little creature like a mouſe, whoſe skin ſmells like musk.
Múſco, ſ. m. moſs which grows upon trees, walls, rocks by the ſea ſide, and the brink of rivers.
MU'SCULO, ſ. m. a muſcle in the body.
MUSCULO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to muſcles.
MUSE'O, ſ. m. the place dedicated to learning, a ſtudy, a library.
MUSERO'LA, ſ. f. a muzzle for a horſe, dog, or other beaſt.
MUSGA'ñO, ſ. m. a ſmall kind of mice who live in the fields; alſo a shortlegged and blak ſpider.
MU'SGO, ſ. m. the moſs of trees.
Múſgo, ſ. m. a ſort of motion of the ſnout and ears made by unlucky beaſts when they deſign miſchief.
MU'SICA, ſ. f. muſick.
Múſica de técla, all ſorts of muſick played by the fingers ſtriking the claves or keys, as organs, harpſichords, &c.
Múſica elementár, elementary mugick, teaches to know the quality and quantity of notes.
Múſica-ſyntáctica, ſyntactical muſick, treats of ſounds, concords, and diſcords, and of every thing ſerving for the producing of harmony.
MUSICA'L, adj. one term. muſical belonging to muſick.

MU'SICO, ſ. m. a muſician.
Muſico, adj. of, or belonging to muſick.
MUSLI'LLO, ſ. m. a little thigh.
MU'SLO ſ. m. the thigh.
MUSMO'N, ſ. m. an animal generated by a sheep and a she goat.
MUSSITA'R, v. n. to mutter between one's teeth.
MUSTE'LA, ſ. f. a ſea-lamprey.
MUSTIAME'NTE, adv. peeviſhly doggedly, angrily.
MU'STIO, adv. peeviſh, out of humour.

M U T

MUTABILIDA'D, ſ. f. mutability.
MUTACION, ſ. f. change.
MUTILACIO'N, ſ. f. cutting off, diſmembering.
MUTILA'R, v. a. to diſmember, to cut off.
MUTUA'L, adj. mutual.
MUTUAME'NTE, adv. mutually.
MU'TUO, adj. mutual.

M Y R

MYRABOLA'NOS, ſ m. pl. a kind of plums.
MYRRHA, ſ. f. myrrh.
MYRRHADO, adj. that belongs to, or is mixed with myrrh.
MYRTO, ſ. m. a myrtle-tree.

M Y S

MYSTE'RIO, ſ. m, a myſtery.
MYSTERIOSAME'NTE, a myſteriouſly.
MYSTERIO'SO, adj. myſterious, obſcure.
MYSTICA, ſ. f. the rule that teaches us to contemplate the divine perfections.
MYSTICAME'NTE, ſ. f. myſtically, obſcurely.
MYSTICO, adj. hidden, myſtical.
MYSTICON, ſ. m. one who affects ſanctity, an hypocrite.

M Y T

MYTHOLOGI'A, ſ. f. mythology an explication of fables.
MYTHOLO'GICO, adj. that belongs to mythology.

N

N, The fourteenth letter of the Spanish alphabeth. It is pronounced as in Engliſh, but when there is a little mark upon it as (ñ), then it is pronounced as the two letters *gn* in French, in the words *Eſpagne*, *cocagne*, &c.

NA'BA, ſ. f. a turnip.

NA'BAL, ſ. m. a field of turnips.

NA'BAL, adj. belonging to a turnip.

NABA'R ſ. m. a turnip-field.

NABA'TO, ſ. m. in cant the back-bone.

NABERI'A, ſ. f. many turnips together, alſo ſtewed turnips.

NABI'LLO, ſ. m. a little turnip.

NABI'NA, ſ. f. turnip-ſeed.

NABIZA, ſ. f. a little turnip that is growing with a large one.

NA'BLA, ſ. f. a pſaltery, a muſical inſtrument with ſtrings, played on with both hands.

NA'BO, ſ. m. a turnip.

N A C

NA'CAR, ſ. m. mother of pearl.

NA'CARA ſ. f. a ſea-cockle.

NACARA'DO, adj. of the colour of mother of pearl.

NACARDI'NA, ſ. f. an electary ſuppoſed good to ſtrengthen the memory.

NACE'LA, ſ. f. a ſmall skiff, or boat. In architecture, a ſmall round with a ſquare to it at the bottom of the capital of a pillar.

NACE'NCIA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *NACIMIENTO*.

NACE'R, v. n. to be born, to ſpring up, to ſprout out.

Nacér, to riſe, ſaid of the ſun.

Prov. *No con quién náces, ſino con quién páces*, mind not whom you were born with, but with whom you feed; that is, thoſe are the beſt kindred who maintain you; or, that is your beſt country where you get your bread.

Prov. *Deſnúdo 'nácl deſnúdo me hállo, ni pierdo ni gáno*, naked I was born, and naked I am; I am neither winner nor loſer. A comfort to be contented in afflictions.

NACI'DO, adj. born, ſprung up, ſprouted out.

Prov. *Aun no es nacido y ya eſtornúda?* he is not born yet, and does he ſneeze already? applied to thoſe who fret and vex for things they only conceit, or rejoice at their own fancies.

NACIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. birth, ſpringing up, ſprouting out.

NACIO'N, ſ. f. nation, birth, nativity, ſpringing out.

Ciégo de natión, blind from his birth.

NACIONA'L, adj. national, belonging to a nation.

NACIONALIDA'D, ſ. f. the properties of a nation.

NACIONALME'NTE, adv. nationally.

N A D

NA'DA, ſ. f. nothing, no, not.

Cómo quién no dice náda, a phraſe uſed to exaggerate any thing.

Un no náda, as much nothing, next to nothing.

Prov. *De la mála te guárda, y de la buéna no fles náda*, take heed of a bad woman, and never truſt a good one.

Prov. *A quién no tiéno náda, náda le eſpanta*, he that has nothing, is frighted at nothing.

NADADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. corks or bladders to learn to ſwim with.

NADADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſwimming-place.

NADADO'R, ſ. m. a ſwimmer.

NADADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſwimming.

NADA'L, ſ. m. the Nativity of Chriſt.

NADA'R, v. to ſwim.

Nadár a ſomorgújo, to dive under water.

Nadár, nadár, y a la orilla abogár, to ſwim well, and be drowned at the ſhore; to work through the greateſt difficulties, and fail in the concluſion of any buſineſs.

NADERI'A, ſ. f. a trifle.

NA'DIE, ſ. m. no body.

Prov. *Quién vive bién a nádie ha meneſtér*, he that lives well, ſtands in need of no body.

Prov. *No dlga nádie a nádie buñolero*, let no man call another fritter-maker; that is, let no man give another an ill name, for he knows not what may be ſaid of him.

Prov. *Nádie dlga déſta água no beberé*, let no man ſay, I will not drink of this water; that is, let no man ſay, he will not do this or that, for no man knows what he may come to.

NADI'R, ſ. m. the point in the heavens oppoſite to the zenith, being that which is perpendicularly under our feet.

NA'DO, adj. obſ. (for *nacido*) born.

A nádo, adv. ſwimming.

NAFA, ſ. f. orange-flower water.

N A G

NA'GUAS, ſ. f. a petticoat whith a long train.

NAGUE'LA, ſ. f. a poor thatched cottage.

N A I

NAI'E, ſ. m. a coarſe unpoliſhed diamond.

NAI'PES, ſ. m. pl. playing cards.

NAI'RE, ſ. m. the perſon who takes care of, and teaches the elephants.

N A L

NA'LGA, ſ. f. a buttock.

Nálga de tozino, ſ. f. a gammon of bacon.

NALGA'DA, ſ. f. a blow on the buttocks, a thruſt with the buttocks; alſo the fleſh about the buttocks.

NALGATO'RIO, ſ. m. the hinder part of the thigh.

NALGU'DO, adj. that has great buttocks.

NALGUEA'R, v. n. to beat the buttocks.

N A N

NANTA'R, v. n. obſ. to augment, to increaſe.

N A O

NA'O, ſ. f. a ship.

Cárga la nào traéſro, ſi quiéres que à de la vela, load your ſhip aft, if you would have her ſail well.

NAO'CHERO, ſ. m. obſ. a ſailor or maſter of a ſhip.

N A P

NA'PAS, ſ. f. pl. in cant, the buttocks.

NAPE'AS, ſ. f. nymphs of the woods.

NAPE'LO, ſ. m. vide *ANAPE'LO*.

NAPHTA, ſ. f. the naphtha, a mineral fluid.

N A Q

NAQUERACO'ZA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſong or dance, very ancient.

N A R

NARA'NJA, ſ. f. an orange.

NARANJA'DA, ſ. f. a conſerve made with oranges.

NARANJA'DO, adj. orange-colour.

NARANJA'L, ſ. m. an orange-garden.

NARANJE'RO, adj. of, or belonging to an orange; ſ. m. he who ſells oranges.

NARANJA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with an orange.

NARANJI'LLA, ſ. f. a little orange.

NARA'NJO, ſ. m. an orange-tree.

NARCI'SSO, ſ. m. the daffodil-flower; alſo a beau.

NARCO'TICO, adj. that quiets, cauſes reſt, ſtupifies, and makes ſenſeleſs.

NARDI'NO, adj. made of ſpikenard and other ingredients.

NA'RDO, ſ. m. ſpikenard.

Nárdo ruſtico, the herb foſe-foot.

NA'RES, ſ. f. the noſtrils.

NARI'CES, ſ. f. pl. the noſtrils, called alſo *Las ventanas de las narices*.

NARICI'SSIMO, adj. ſuperl. that has a very great noſe.

NARIGA'L, ſ. m. the noſe.

NARIGA'NTE, adj. that has a great noſe.

NARIGO'N, ſ. m. a great noſe.

NARIGU'DO, adj. that has a great long noſe.

NARIGUE'TA, } ſ. f. a little
NARIGUI'LLA, } ſhort noſe.

NARI'Z, ſ. f. the noſe.

Narìz ſima, a noſe that has the bridge fallen.

Narìz róma, a flat noſe with the end turning up.

Narìz de puénte, the ſharp point of the piles of a bridge, which cuts the water.

Hacérſe las narìzes, to break one's noſe.

Suhirſe el humo ò la moſtáza a las narìzes, to take pet, to be angry, or as we ſay, to take ſnuff.

Prov. *Tapár la narìz y comer la perdìz*, ſtop your noſe, and eat the partridge; that his, a partridge muſt be kept till it ſmells ſtrong.

NARIZADO, adj. that has a great long noſe.

NARRACIO'N, ſ. f. a narration a relation.

NARRA'R, v. a. to tell, to recount, to relate.

NARRATI'VA, ſ. f. narrative, relation.

NARRATI'VO. adj. that belongs to a narration.

NA'RRIA, ſ. f. a rake to rake the ground.

Nárria, ſ. f. a ſledge drawn by horſes without wheels.

NARVA'L, ſ. m. a ſea unicorn.

N A S

NA'SO, ſ. m. the noſe. Burleſque.

NA'SSA, ſ. f. a bow-net, or wicker-wheel, to catch fish in; alſo a pannier or basket to carry corn in.

NASSO'N, ſ. m. an augment, of *NASSA*.

NASTU'RCIO, ſ. m. a kind of gardencreſſes.

Naſtúrcio montéz, wild creſſes.

N A T

NA'TA, ſ. f. cream.

Nátas, pl. cuſtard, milk thickened with yolks of eggs and a little flour, and ſweetened with ſugar; ſome add orange flower water.

NATA'L, ſ. m. the birth or nativity.

Natál, adj. belonging to the birth-day.

NATALI'CIO, adj. that belongs to the birth-day.

NATA'TIL, adj. that ſwims or floats on the water.

NATERO'N, ſ. m. cream-cheeſe.

Naterón, ſ. m. curds.

NATI'LLAS, dim. of vid. *NA'TAS*.

NATI'O, adj. native, natural.

NATIVIDA'D, ſ. f. nativity, birth; uſed only in expreſſing of feſtiwals; as *la Natividad de Nueſtra Señora*, the nativity of our Lady.

A nativitáte, adv. from the day that one was born.

NATI'VO, adj. native.

NA'TURA, ſ. f. nature; the privy parts of a woman.

NATURA'L, ſ. m. the natural diſpoſition or inclination.

Naturál, adj. natural.

Natural de tal párte, born in ſuch a place.

Hìjo naturál, a natural ſon, a baſtard.

Prov. *Por mas que deſmiénta cáda quál, ſiémpre vuélve al naturál*, let a man diſſemble never ſo much, nature will always prevail.

NATURALE'ZA, ſ. f. nature; alſo a man's natutural diſpoſition, and his native country.

NATURALIDA'D, ſ. f. a naturalization.

NATURALI'STA, ſ. m. a naturaliſt, or who ſearches into the nature of things.

NATURALIZACIO'N, ſ. f. a naturalization.

NATURALIZA'R, v. a. to naturalize.

Naturalizárſe, v. r. to accuſtom oneſelf to any thing.

NATURALME'NTE, adv. naturally.

N A U

NAUCHE'L, } *NAUCLE'RO*, } ſ. m. a pilot or maſter of a ſhip.

NAUFRAGA'R, v. a. to be ſhipwrecked.

NAUFRA'GIO, ſ. m. a ſhip wreck.

NA'UFRAGO, adj. ſhip wrecked.

NAUMA'CHIA, ſ. f. a ſea-fight.

NA'USEA; ſ. f. loathing of meat.

NAUSEA'R, v. a. to loath, to nauſeate.

NA'UTA, ſ. m. a ſailor.

NA'UTICA, ſ. f. navigation.

NA'UTICO, adj. belonging to a ſailor or navigation.

N A V

NA'VA, ſ. f. a plain.

NAVA'JA, ſ. f. a razor.

Navajás del puérco, a boar's tuſks.

NAVAIA'DA, ſ. f. a cut with a razor.

NAVAJE'RO, ſ. m. the caſe for razors; alſo a rag to clean the razor in ſhaving.

NAVAJI'LLA, } *NAVAJUE'LA*, } ſ. f. a little razor.

NAVA'JO, ſ. m. a pice of flat ground where the rain gathers.

NAVAJO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of dagger ſhaped like a razor.

NAVA'L, adj. naval, belonging to ſhips.

Batálla navál, a ſea-fight.

NAVA'RRO, ſ. m. in cant, a young gooſe.

NAVA'ZO, ſ. m. a piece of flat ground where the rain gathers.

NA'VE, ſ. f. a ſhip.

Náve tafuréa, a ferry-boat, a ſhip for tranſporting horſes.

Náve de iglésia, the iſle of a church.

NAVECI'CA, } *NAVECI'LLA*, } *NAVECI'TA*, } ſ. f. a ſmall ſhip; a ſmall iſle of a church.

NAVEGA'BLE, adj. navigable, that may be ſailed in.

NAVEGACIO'N, ſ. f. navigation ſailing.

NAVEGADO'R, } *NAVEGA'NTE*, } ſ. m. a ſailor.

NAVEGA'R, v. n. to ſail.

Navegár con póco páño, to make little ſail.

Navegár con viénto en pópa, to ſail before the wind.

NAVE'TA, ſ. f. a little ſhip; alſo a drawer in a cabinet, or the like; as alſo a veſſel the frankincenſe is carried in for the cenſor in the church, commonly made in the ſhape of a boat.

NAVICHUE'LO, ſ. m. a little ſhip.

NAVIDA'D, ſ. f. Chriſtmas, the Nativity of Chriſt.

NAVIDE'ñO, adj. what is belonging to the birth or nativity.

NAVI'O, ſ. m. in cant, the body.

Navlo, ſ. m. a ſhip.

Navlo planúdo, a flat-bottom veſſel.

Navlo de altó bórdo, a three-decked ſhip.

Navlo de poço, a two-decked ſhip.

Navlo latino, a ſhip that has triangular or ſhoulder-of-mutton ſails.

Navlo de dos ródas, a ſhip that has the head and the ſtern alike.

Navlo ráſo, a ſhip that has low ſides.

Navlo de guérra, a man of war.

Navlo mercánte or *mercántil*, a merchant ſhip.

Navlo mal mareádo, a ſhip that is foul.

Navlo veléro, a ſhip that is a good ſailer.

Navlo de gábia, a ſhip that has a round top at the maſt.

Prov. *Quién no tuviére que hacér árme navlo ò tóme mugér*, he that has no thing to do, may fit out a ſhip or a take a wife; that is, either a ſhip or a wife will find a man work enough.

NA'VO, ſ. m. vide *NABO*.

N A Y

NA'YADES, ſ. f. the nymphs of the ſprings and rivers.

N A Z

NAZARE'NO, adj. of Nazareth, Nazarene, a ſort of people among the Jews.

NAZARE'O, adj. idem.

NAZO'RA, ſ. f. obſ. cream.

NA'ZULA, ſ. f. obſ. cheeſe.

N E B

NE'BEDA, ſ. f. the herb nep, or calamint.

NEBLI', ſ. m. the hawk called a goshawk, the kite.

NEBLI'NA, ſ. f. a miſt.

NEBRI'NA, ſ. f. the fruit of the juniper-tree.

NEBULO'SO, adj. clowdy miſty foggy.

N E C

NECEA'R, v. n. to play the tool.

NECEDA'D, folly, a foolish ſaying, or action.

NECESSA'RIA, ſ. f. a neceſſary houſe, privy.

NECESSARIAME'NTE, adv. neceſſarily, of neceſſity.

NECESSA'RIO, adj. neceſſary.

NECESSIDA'D, ſ. f. neceſſity.

Prov. *Hacér de la neceſſidád virtud*, to make a virtue of neceſſity.

Prov. *La neceſſidád carése de ley* neceſſity has no law.

NECESSITA'R, v. a. to neceſſitate, to force, to oblige.

NECIAME'NTE, adv. foolishly.

NE CIO, ſ. f. a fool.

Prov. *Mas ſábe el nécio en ſu cáſa, que el cuérdo en la agena*, a fool knows more in his own houſe, than a wiſe man in another's; that is, every man underſtands his own buſineſs beſt.

Prov. *A cáda nécio agráda ſu porráda*, every fool is pleaſed with his own blunder.

Prov. *Nécios, y porfiados hacen ricos los letrádos*, fools and obſtinate men make lawhers rich.

Prov. *Si el nécio no fuéſſo al mercádo, no ſe venderla lo málo*, if the fool did not go to market, what is naught would not be ſold.

Prov. *Mas válę ſer néclo que porfiádo*, it is better to be thought a fool than to be obſtinate.

NE'CTAR, ſ. m. the liquor the poets feign the gods drink; any pleaſant drink.

N E F

NE'FA, ſ. f. a ſweet water they ſprinkle in the air to ſpread a perfume.

NEFANDAME'NTE, adv. heinouſly, abominably, deteſtably, unutterably.

NEFA'NDO, adj. heinous, abominable, deteſtable, not to be named.

NEFARIAME'NTE, adv. wickedly, villainouſly.

NEFA'RIO, adj. wicked, villainous.

NE'FAS, ſ. m. wickedneſs, villany.

NEFA'STO, adj. belonging to certain inauſpicious days.

N E G

NEGACIO'N, ſ. f. a denial.

NEGADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who denies.

NEGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a denial.

NEGA'R, v. a. to deny, to refuſe.

Negár a piés juntillos, to ſtand ſtiffly in the negative.

Negárſe, v. r. to excuſe oneſelf.

NEGATI'VA, ſ. f. negative.

NEGATIVAME'NTE, adv. negatively.

NEGATI'VO, adj. negative, ſtill denying.

NEGLIGE'NCIA, ſ. f. negligence, careleſſneſs.

NEGLIGE'NTE, adj. negligent, careleſs.

NEGLIGENTEME'NTE, adv. negligently, careleſsly.

NEGOCIACIO'N, ſ. f. negociation, management of buſineſs; trade.

NEGOCIADO'R, ſ. m. one that negociates or manages.

NEGOCIA'NTE, ſ. m. a merchant or dealer.

NEGOCIA'R, v. a. to negociate to do buſineſs, to trade.

NEGO'CIO, ſ. m. affair, buſineſs, trade.

Hómbre de negócios, a merchant.

NEGOCIO'SO, adj. diligent in doing buſineſs.

NEGOZUE'LO, ſ. m. a little buſineſs.

NE'GRA, ſ. f. a black woman; in cant, a kettle.

Cállár cómo négra en báño, to be as ſi lent as a black in a bath.

NEGREA'R, v. n. to grow black, to look black.

NEGRECE'R, v. n. to black, to grow black.

NEGREGUEA'R, v. n. to grow black, or to look blackish, to caſt a black.

NEGREGU'RA, ſ. f. blackneſs.

NEGRE'TA, ſ. f. a blackish ſort of wild duck.

NEGRI'LLA, ſ. f. a kind of black ſeafish.

NEGRI'LLO, ſ. m. a little black boy; adject. uſed blackish.

Negrillo, ſ. m. a kind of black elm.

NEGRI'TO, adj. blackish.

NE'GRO, adj. black.

Négro, ſ. m. a black man; in cant, a sharper.

Négra ventúra, bad luck.

No ſe ſi es blánco ni négro, I know not whether he is white or black; that is, I know nothing of him.

Prov. *Aunque négros, ſomos génte*, though we are blacks, we are men. We muſt not deſpiſe any body, though ever ſo mean.

NEGROMANCI'A, ſ. f. necromancy, the black art.

NEGROMA'NTICO, ſ. m. negromancer, a conjurer.

NEGRO'R, ſ. m. blackneſs.

NEGRU'RA, ſ. f. blackneſs.

NEGRU'ZCO, adj. dun coloured.

NEGUIJO'N, ſ. m. the worm in the teeth, which rots them, and turns them black.

NEGUI'LLA, ſ. f. the plant *nigélla*, or gith; moſt uſed for the weed cockle growing amongſt corn; alſo a denial of any fact.

N E M

NE'MA, ſ. f. the ſeal upon a letter.

NE'MESIS, ſ. f. the name of the goddeſs of punishment.

NE'MINE DISCREPA'NTE, adverbially ſpoke, ſignifies unanimity, general conſent, when all concur in one opinion.

NEMO'N, ſ. m. the gnomon of a ſundial, ſo corruptly pronounced and written.

NEMORO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to a wood.

N E N

NE'NE, ſ. m. a little infant, a childish word.

NENUFA'R, ſ. m. the water lily.

N E O

NEOME'NIA, ſ. f. the feſtival of the Jews at the beginning of every month.

NEO'PHYTO, ſ. m a neophyte a new convert.

N E P

NE'PHRITICO, adj. a phyſical term, ſignifying the pain of the ſtone in the kidney, or gravel; alſo a kind of jaſper ſtone.

NEPO'TE, ſ. m. a nephew, the ſon of a brother or a ſiſter, principally uſed to mean a relation to the pope when his miniſter of ſtate.

N E Q

NEQUA'QUAM, adv. by no means, in no manner.

N E R

NERE'IDS, ſ. f. ſea-nymphs.

NER'VECI'CO, ſ. m. a little ſinew.

NERVIA'R, v. a. to bind by ſtrings, nerves, or ſinews.

NERVI'NO, adj. made of ſinews.

NE'RVIO, ſ. m. ſinew, nerve.

NERVIOSIDA'D, ſ. f. fulneſs or ſtrength of ſinews.

NERVIO'SO, adj. vide *NERVOSO*.

NERVOSAME'NTE, adv. with efficacy, vigorouſly, effectually, with activity.

NERVOSIDA'D, ſ. f. v. *NERVIOSIDA'D*.

NOMBRAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a naming.
NOMBRA'R, v. a. to name, to mention.
NOMBRE, ſ. m. a name; fame, renown. Among ſoldiers, the word, the parole.
Dar el nómbre, to give the watch-word.
NOMENCLATO'R, ſ. m. one that knows the name of things or men, and calls them by them.
NOMENCLATU'RA, ſ. f. nomenclature.
NOMINA, ſ. f. a catalogue of names of men or things; alſo a ſpell or charm in letters or characters.
NOMINACIO'N, ſ. f. nomination, naming.
NOMINADO'R, ſ. m. one who nominates or appoints.
NOMINA'L, adj. that belongs to a name.
NOMINA'R, v. a. to name.
NOMINATIVO, ſ. m. the nominative caſe.
NO'MINO, ſ. m. the perſon who is capable of any honourable employment in the republick.

N O N

NO'N, for *no*; alſo odd, that is an odd thing. Vide *NO'NES*.
NO'NA, ſ. f. the ninth, particularly the hour of *none* in the divine office, becauſe it was to be ſaid at three in the afternoon which, according to the reckoning of the ancients, was the ninth hour.
NONA'DA, ſ. f. that is next to nothing.
NONADI'LLA, ſ. f. dimin. of *NONA'DA*.
NO'NES, ſ. m. pl. odd, a number that is not even, as 3, 5, 7, 9, &c. in cant, *nónes* is *no*.
Páres ò nónes, even or odd.
Andár de nónes, to have an employment, office, or calling.
NONAGENARIO, adj. that is ninety years old.
NONAGE'SIMO, adj. ninetieth.
NONAGONA'L, adj. belonging to the number nine.
NONA'GONA, ſ. m. a figure in geometry conſiſting of nine angles.
NONNA'TO, adj. applied to the child cut out of the mother's womb.
NO'NO, adj. ninth.
NON PLUS ULTRA, ſ. m. the extremity, the utmoſt pitch, the full extent.
NON OBSTANTE, notwithſtanding.

N O Q

NO'QUE, ſ. m. a tan-pit.
NOQUE'RO, ſ. m. a tanner.

N O R

NORABUE'NA, or *NORAMA'LA*, for *en hóra buéna*, or *en hòra mála*, in a good or bad hour; *dar la nóra buéna*, to congratulate; alſo a courteous way of approving or conſenting, as when one aſks, ſhall I have, or ſhall I do this, or the like, the other anſwers, *en hóra buéna*, in a good hour. *Dar la noramala*, is juſt the contrary.
NORD, ſ. m. the north.
NORDE'STE, ſ. m. north-eaſt.
NORDESTEA'R, v. n. to vary towards the north-eaſt.
NO'RIA, ſ. f. a well.
NORIA'L, adj. belonging to a well.
NO'RMA, ſ. f. a rule, a direction, a level.
NORNORDE'STE, ſ. m. the northnorth-eaſt.
NORTE, ſ. m. the north-ſtar.
NORTEAR, v. n. to obſerve the north for directions of the voyage.

N O S

NOS, pron. we. The ſtile uſed by the king ſpeaking of himſelf.
NOSOMA'NTICA, ſ. f. the art of curing by inchantment.
NOSOTRO'S, pron. we.

N O T

NO'TA, ſ. f. a note, a mark, infamy.
NOTA'BLE, adj. notable, remarkable.
NOTABLEME'NTE, adv. notably.
NOTACIO'N, ſ. f. noting, marking.
NOTA'DO, adj. ſcandalous, infamous.
NOTA'R, v. a. to note, to mark. *Notár cartás*, to indite letters.
NOTARI'A, ſ. f. the profeſſion or practice of clerkſhip.
NOTA'RIO, ſ. m. a notary.
NOTECI'LLA, ſ. f. a little note.
NO'THO, ſ. m. a baſtard, an illegitimate child.
NOTI'CIA, ſ. f. notice, knowledge.
NOTICI'AR, v. a. to give notice, to declare.
NOTICIO'SO, adj. that has notice or knowledge; alſo learned.
NOTIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. a notification, or making known.
NOTIFICAR, v. a. to notify, to make known; alſo to acquaint, to give intelligence.
NO'TO, adj. noted, known, notorious.
Nóto, ſ. m. the ſouth wind.
NOTORIAME'NTE, adv. notoriouſly.
NOTORIEDA'D, ſ. f. notoriouſneſs.
NOTO'RIO, adj. publickly known, notorious.
NOTU'RNO; of, or belonging to the night.

N O V

NOVACIO'N, ſ. f. innovation; a law-word.
NOVA'L, adj. applied to new cultivated ground; and alſo to the fruit it produces.
NOVA'R, v. a. to renew any contract or obligation.
NOVA'TO, ſ. m. ſo they call, in the univerſities the ſcholar that is but entered.
NOVA'TOR, ſ. m. the inventor of any new thing or ſect.
NOVECIE'NTOS, adj. nine hundred.
NOVEDA'D ſ. f. novelty.
NOVE'L, adj. new, without experience.
Caballéro novél, a knight without device.

NOVELA

NOVE'LA, ſ. f. a novel; uncertain or falſe intelligence.
NOVELA'DOR, ſ. m. who writes novels.
NOVELERI'A, ſ. f. a narration of fables or novels.
NOVELE'RO, adj. that likes to hear news; alſo inconſtant, changing; in cant, the ſervant of a pimp.
NOVE'NO, ſ. f. a devotion of nine days; alſo nine days prayers for the dead.
NOVENA'RIO, ſ. m. idem.
NOVE'NO, adj. the ninth.
NOVE'NTA, ſ. m. ninety.
NOVENTE'NO, adj. ninetieth.
NOVEZUE'LO, adj. dimin. of nuevo.
NO'VIA, ſ. f. a bride.
NOVICIA'DO, ſ. m. novitiate, the time ſpent in a religious houſe by way of trial; the houſe or apartment in a monaſtery for novices.
NOVI'CIO, ſ. m. a novice, one that is in his year of trial to be received to a religious life.
NOVICIO'TE, ſ. m. a ſtout novice.
NOVIE'MBRE, ſ. m. the month of November.
NOVI'LLA, ſ. f. a young heifer.
NOVILLA'DA, ſ. f. a drove of he and bullocks.
NOVILLE'JA, ſ. m. a young heifer.
NOVILLE'RO, ſ. m. the place where the heifers are put; alſo heifer-keeper.
Novilléro, a child who runs away.
NOVI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſteer, a young ox or bullock; alſo a cuckold.
Irſe a novillos, ſaid of any young fellow that is gone as it were to ſeek his fortune in the world, and returns very ſoon, as if he had only gone to the next fair to ſee a bull-feaſt.
NOVILU'NIO, ſ. f. the new-moon.
NO'VIO, ſ. m. a bridegroom.
NOVI'SSIMOS, ſ. m. pl. the four laſt things that happen to man; which are, death, judgment, hell, and heaven.

N O X

NO'XA, ſ. f. injury, hurt, damage.

N U B

NUBA'DA, ſ. f. a ſudden plaſh of rain that falls as a cloud is paſſing.
NUBA'DO, adj. applied in painting to a repreſentation of clouds; alſo watered as camblets are.
NUBA'DOS, pl. watered camblets.
NUBARRA'DA, ſ. f. vide *NUBADA*.
NUBARRA'DO, adj. vide *NUBADO*.
NUBARRO'N, ſ. m. a large cloud that is ſeparate from the other clouds.
NU'BE, ſ. f. a cloud. It is alſo a cloud or film in the eye.
Núbe, in cant, a cloak.
NUBECILLA, ſ. f. a little cloud.
NUBILO'SO; adj. cloudy.
NUBLA'DA, ſ. f. a ſudden great ſhower of rain that falls as a cloud is paſſing.
NUBLA'DO, adj. cloudy, overcaſt.
Nubládo, ſ. m. a cloud; an impending misfortune. In cant, a cloak.
Nublárſe, v. r. to overcaſt, to grow cloudy.
NU'BLO, adj. cloudy, cloudineſs.
Núblo en el pan, or *trigo*, a blight in corn.
NUBLO'SO, adj. cloudy.

N U C

NU'CA, ſ. f. the nape of the neck.
NUCI'R, v. a. obſ. to damage, to hurt, to injure.
NU'CLEO, ſ. m. the kernel of a nur, any other fruit.

N U D

NUDAME'NTE, adv. nakedly.
NUDI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *nudo*.
NU'DO, ſ. m. a knot; a knotty queſtion.
Núdo de la máno, a knuckle.
Nudo ciégo, a blind or intricate knot that is hard to untie.
Núdos en árboles, knots in trees.
NU'DO, adj. naked.
NU'DOSO, adj. knotty, full of knots.
NUDRESCEDO'R, ſ. m. obſ. the perſon who nourishes.
NUDRESCE'R, v. a. obſ. to nourish.
NUDRIME'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. nourishment.
NUDRI'R, v. a. obſ. to nourish to bring up.

N U E

NUEGA'DOS, ſ. m. a ſweet paſty, made with honey and nuts, or elſe with almonds, ſmall nuts, pine-apple kernels, and toaſted hemp-ſeed.
NUE'RA, ſ. f. a daughter-in-law, a ſon's wife.
NUE'S, ours. A churliſh way of ſpeaking.
NUESSO, adj. vide *NUESTRO*.
NUESTRA'MO, for *Nueſtro amo*; our maſter; in cant, a clerk, or a notary that goes with the *alguaciles*, and writes down the crimes of thoſe that are apprehended.
NUE'STRO, adj. our.
NUE'VA, ſ. f. news.
NUEVAME'NTE, adv. newly lately.
NUE'VE, ſ. m. nine.
Las nuéve, nine of the clock.
NUE'VO, adj. new.
NUE'Z, ſ. f. a nut.
Nuéz de la gargánta, the nut or knot in the throat.
Nuéz de ballésta, the nut of the croſs-bow.
Nuéz de eſpécia, the well known ſpice called nutmeg.
NUE'ZA, ſ. [illegible] herb bryony.

N U G

NUGATO'RIO, adj. vain, trifling, of no force, ſlight, impertinent, nugatory.

N U L

NULAME'NTE, adv. in no wiſe, by no means.
NULIDA'D, ſ. f. nullity; alſo any vice or defect of a perſon.

NULO, adj. none; without force of no account or moment.

N U M

NUME'N, ſ. f. a deity.
NUMERA'BLE, adj. that can be numbered.
NUMERACIO'N, ſ. f. numeration, a numbering.
NUMERADO'R, ſ. m. one who numbers, a numerator.
NUMERA'L, adj. numeral, belonging to numbers.
NUMERA'R, v. a. to number, to reckon, to tell.
NUMERA'RIO, adj. that is of the number, belonging to the number.
NUMERICAME'NTE, adv. numerically.
NUME'RICO, adj. numerical.
NU'MERO, ſ. m. a number.
NUMEROSAME'NTE, adv. numerouſly.
NUMEROSIDA'D, ſ. f. number, a great number.
NUMERO'SO, adj. numerous; alſo harmonious.
NUMI'SMA, ſ. m. money.
NU'MO, ſ. m. an ancient coin ſo called.
NUMULA'RIO, ſ. m. who trafficks with money.

N U N

NU'NCA, adv. never.
NUNCIATU'RA, ſ. f. the dignity of a nuncio or legate.
NU'NCIO, ſ. m. the pope's nuncio, equivalent to an ambaſſador, only diſtinguiſhed by this name, from thoſe of other princes.
Caſa del núncio, an hoſpital at Toledo for mad people.
NUNCUPATI'VO, *NUNCUPATO'RIO*, adj. nuncupative, nuncupatory, verbally pronounced.

N U P

NUPCIA'L, adj. belonging to a mariage, nuptial.
NU'PCIAS, ſ. f. pl. marriage, wedding.

N U S

NU'SCO, adv. with us. *Con núſco*, for *con noſótros*, with us.

N U T

NU'TRIA, ſ. f. an otter.
NUTRI'CIO, adj. that affords nourishment.
NUTRICIO'N, ſ. f. nutrition, food.
NUTRIMENTA'L, adj. that belongs to nourishment, or that can nourish.
NUTRIME'NTO, ſ. m. nutriment, nourihſment.
NUTRI'R, v. a. to nourish.
NUTRITI'VO, adj. nourishing.
NUTRI'Z, ſ. f. a wet-nurſe.

N Y M

NYMPHA, ſ. f. a nymph; a pretty young lady.
NYMPHO, ſ. m. an effeminate man.

ñ A

ñAGA'ZA, ſ. f. vid. *AñAGA'ZA*.
ñAQUE, ſ. m. a heap of rubbiſh; any uſeleſs things.
ñIQUIñAQUE, ſ. m. a word of contempt for any trifling thing.

ñ O

ñOCLOS, ſ. m. a ſort of biſcuits made of flower, ſugar, butter, eggs, wine and anniſe-ſeed, made in the ſhape of a walnut.
ñOñA, adj. old, in the ſecond infancy.
ñO'RA, ſ. f. a well.

ñ U

ñUBLA'DO, adj. obſ. cloudy.
ñUBLA'R, v. n. obſ. to grow cloudy.
ñUBLO, ſ. m. obſ. v. *NU'BLO*.
ñUDI'LLO, ſ. m. a little knot.
ñU'DO, ſ. m. a knot.
ñUDO'SO, adj. full of knots.

O

O, the fourth of the vowels.

O, a particle, or adverb of admiration.

O que hermósa creatura! O what a beautiful creature!

O, a particle of indignation; as, *O vellάco!* O thou knave!

O, a particle of deſire; as, *O ſi llegaſſe el ala!* O that the day would come!

O, a particle of grief; as, *O que gran láſtima!* O what a pity!

O, a particle of exclamation; as, *O gran Diós!* O great God.

O is uſed ironically; as, *O que lindo!* O fine!

O, a conjunction disjunctive; as, *O rico o póbre*, either rich or poor.

O B C

OBCECA'DO, adj. blinded.

O B D

OBDURACIO'N, ſ. f. ſtubbornneſs, inflexibility.

O B E

OBEDECE'R, v. a. to obey.

OBEDICIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } obedience.
OBEDIE'NCIA, ſ. f. }

A la obediéncia, a phraſe uſed in taking leave, your moſt obedient.

OBEDIENCIA'L, adj. obedient, that obeys.

OBEDIE'NTE, adj. obedient.

OBEDIENTEME'NTE, adv. obediently.

OBEJARU'CO, ſ. m. vide *ABEJERUCO*.

OBELI'SCO, ſ. m. an obeliſk; alſo a mark or note in a book in the form of a croſs.

OBE'LO, ſ. m. the ſame as *obeliſco*.

OBE'NQUES, ſ. m. } the
OBENCADU'RA, ſ. f. } ſhrouds of a ſhip.

OBESIDA'D, ſ. f. morbid, fatneſs uſed by phyſicians.

OBE'SO, adj. obeſe, loaden with flesh, very fat.

O B I

O'BICE, ſ. hindrance, impediment obſtruction.

OBISPA'DO, ſ. m. bishoprick, epiſcopal dignity.

OBISPA'L, adj. belonging to a bishop.

OBISPALI'A, ſ. f. certain towns belonging to the bishop; alſo the bishop's palace.

OBISPA'R, v. n. to make a bishop; ironically, to be expoſed to public, shame, which is done by riding on an aſs, with a paper cap like a mitre on the head, anſwerable to our carting.

OBISPI'LLO, ſ. m. a mock biſhop made among ſcholars at their breaking-up, as we chuſe a king at Chriſtmas.

Obiſpillo de puérco, a great ſauſage made of ſwine's flesh.

Obiſpillo de áve, the rump of a bird.

OBI'SPO, ſ. m. a bishop.

Obiſpo de anillo, a titular bishop.

O'BITO, ſ. m. the deceaſe or death of a perſon.

O B J

OBJECIO'N, ſ. f. an objection.

OBJETA'R, v. n. to object.

OBJETI'VO, adj. objective.

OBJE'TO, ſ. m. an object.

O B L

OBLACIO'N, ſ. f. oblation, ſacrifice, offering.

OBLA'DA, ſ. f. an offering of breadlaid on the graves of the dead.

Prov. *Quién lleva las obladas que taña las campánas*, let him that has the offering ring the bells; they that have the profit take the pains.

OBLA'TA, ſ. f. an offering of money made to a church; alſo the wafer when conſecrated.

OBLE'A, ſ. f. a wafer.

OBLIGACIO'N, ſ. f. obligation; duty; a bond.

OBLIGA'R, v. a. to oblige, to force, to conſtrain.

OBLIGATI'VO, adj. that obliges

OBLIGATO'RIO, adj. obligatory.

OBLIQUAME'NTE, adv. obliquely, not directly.

OBLIQUA'R, v. a. to make oblique.

OBLIQUI'DAD, ſ. f. obliquity, diviation from rectitude.

OBLI'QUO, adj. oblique.

OBLO'NGO, adj. oblong, longer than broad.

O B N

OBNO'XIO, adj. expoſed to any danger, ſubject, liable.

O B O

O'BOLO, ſ. m. an obole, a weight conſiſting of the ſixth part of a drachm.

O B R

OBRA, ſ. f. work.

Obra prima, curious work.

Obra de dos leguas, about two leagues.

Obra, action, deed.

Obra romana, a perfect work.

Obras, the writings of an author; alſo any building or repairing.

Obras muertas, ò vivas de un navio, all that part of a ship that is in the water.

La obra del eſcorial, long work.

Prov. *Obra de común, óbra de nirgún*, every body's buſineſs is no body's buſineſs.

OBRA'DA, ſ. f. a day's work; alſo an acre of land.

OBRADO'R, ſ. m. a workman, alſo a place to work in.

OBRA'GE, ſ. m. work, workmanship; alſo the workhouſe.

OBRAGE'RO, ſ. m. an overſeer of workmen.

OBRA'R, v. a. to work; alſo to act, to produce.

Obrár, to go to ſtool.

OBRECI'CA, }
OBRECI'LLA, } ſ. f. little work
OBRECI'TA, }

OBREPTI'CIO, } adj. obreptitious, under-hand dealing.
OBRETI'CIO, }
OBRERI'A, f. f. a workshop.
OBRE'RO, f. m. a workman.

Prov. *Gran obréro, gran roméro*, a great workman is a great pilgrim; becauſe he is ſent for from all parts.

Prov. *Obréros a no vèr, dinéros a perdér*, not to ſee workmen is to loſe one's money; becauſe they neglect their work.

OBRI'LLA, f. f. diminut. of *obra*.
OBRY'ZO, adj. pure, ſaid of gold.

O B S

OBSCENAME'NTE, adv. obſcenely, in an impure and unchaſte manner.
OBSCENIDA'D, f. f. obſcenity, impurity of thoughts, actions, or language.
OBSCE'NO, adj. obſcene, impure, unchaſte, immodeſt.
OBSCURAME'NTE, adv. obſcurely, darkly.
OBSCURA'R, } v. a. to darken, to grow
OBSCURECE'R, } dark.
Obſcurecér, v. a. to darken, to make dark.
OBSCURECIMIE'NTO, } obſcurity,
OBSCURIDA'D, f. f. } darkneſs.
OBSCU'RO, adj. obſcure, dark.
OBSEQUE'NTE; adj. obſequious.
OBSEQUIA'R, v. a. to court, to flatter, to be obſequious.
OBSE'QUIAS, f. f. obſequies, funeral rites.
OBSE'QUIO, f. m. obedience, compliance, obſequiouſneſs.
OBSEQUIOSAME'NTE, adv. obſequiouſly, with obedience.
OBSEQUIO'SO, adj. compliant, obſequious, obedient.
OBSERVACIO'N, f. f. obſervation.
OBSERVADO'R, f. m. one that obſerves, an obſervator.
OBSERVA'NCIA, f. f. obſervance, reſpect, ceremonial, reverence.
Obſervància, religious rite, attentive practice, careful obedience.
OBSERVA'NTES, f. m. pl. the ſtricteſt order of the Franciſcan friars.
OBSERVA'R, v. a. to obſerve, to keep, to regard, to take heed.
OBSERVATO'RIO, f. m. obſervatory, a place built for aſtronomical obſervations.
OBSESSIO'N, f. f. the obſeſſion of devils, antecedent to poſſeſſion.
OBSE'SSO, adj. moleſted by the devils.
OBSIDIA'NA, f. f. an ancient precious ſtone ſo called.
OBSIDIONA'L, adj. obſidional, belonging to a ſiege.
OBSOLE'TO, adj. obſolete, out of uſe.
OBSTA'CULO, f. m. obſtacle, hindrance.
OBSTA'NTE, adj. which hinders.
Non obſtànte, adv. notwithſtanding.
OBSTRA'R, v. a. to obſtruct, to hinder.
OBSTINACIO'N, f. f. obſtinacy.
ORSTINADAME'NTE, adv. obſtinately.
OBSTINA'DO, adj. obſtinate, ſtubborn.
OBSTINA'RSE, v. r. to grow obſtinate.
OBSTRUCCIO'N, f. f. obſtruction.
OBSTRUCTI'VO, adj. obſtructive.
OBSTRUI'R, v. a. to obſtruct, to ſhut up.

O B T

OBTEMPERA'NCIA, f. f. obedience.
OBTEMPERA'R, v. a. to obey.
OBTENE'R, v. a. to obtain, to get.
OBTE'NTO, f. m. eccleſiaſtical, revenue.
OBTESTACIO'N, f. f. menace; a proteſt againſt one.
OBTUSA'NGULO, adj. in geometry, that of the three angles one is obtuſe.
OBTU'SO, adj. obtuſe, blunt dull.

O B V

OBVIA'R, v. a. to obviate, to prevent, to hinder.
OBVIO, adj. obvious, met one's way.
OBYE'CTO, f. m. obſ. an objection or reply.
Obyédo, adj. obſ. but before.

O C A

OCA, f. f. a gooſe.
OCAL, adj. an appellative given to a particular kind of pear.
OCASIO'N, f. f. occaſion, opportunity, convenience; an accidental cauſe.
OCASIONALME'NTE, adv. occaſionally.
OCASIONA'R, v. a. to cauſe, to give occaſion.
OCASO, f. m. ſun-ſet.

O C C

OCCIDENTA'L, adj. occidental weſtern.
OCCIDE'NTE, f. m. the occident, the weſt.
OCCIPITA'L, adj. occipital, belonging to the hind part of the head.
OCCISIO'N, f. f. murdering, killing.
OCCI'SO, adj. killed.
OCCURRE'NCIA, f. f. occurence, incident, accidental event.

O C E

OCE'ANO, f. m. the ocean; any immenſe expanſe.

O C H

OCHA'VA, f. f. an eighth part, a drachm in weight.
OCHAVA'DO, adj. that has eight ſides or angles.
OCHAVA'R, v. a. to make an octagon or a figure conſiſting of eight ſides and angles.

OCHAVA'RIO, ſ. m. the eighth part.
OCHA'VO, ſ. m. a ſmall coin ſo called, the eighth part of any thing.
OCHE'NTA, adj. eighty.
OCHE'NTA'L, *OCHENTO'N*, } adj. eighty years old.
OCHO, adj. eight.
OCHOCIE'NJOS, adj. eight hundred.

O C I

OCIA'R, v. a. to entertain one that he may not do what he is about.
O'CIO, ſ. m. leiſure, idleneſs, ſloth.
OCIOSAME'NTE, adv. idly, lazily.
OCIOSIDA'D, ſ. f. idleneſs.
OCIO'SO, adj. idle, at leiſure.

O C O

OCOZOA'L, ſ. m. a ſerpent ſo called.
OCOZO'L, ſ. m. a tree ſo called.

O C R

OCRE, ſ. m. ochre, a kind of earth.
OCRO'TO, ſ. m. vide *ONOCROTA'LO*.

O C T

OCTAE'DRO, ſ. m. a body having the figure of eight equilateral triangles.
OCTA'GONO, ſ. m. an octagon.
OCTAVA, ſ. f. an octave or the eighth day, when a feſtival is kept the ſecond time, or the eight days the feſtivity laſts. An octave in muſic.
Octávas, ſ. f. in poetry, ſtanzas of eight lines.
OCTAVA'R, v. n. to form octaves. A muſical word.
OCTAVA'RIO, ſ. m. an eccleſiaſtical feaſt that laſts eight days.
OCTA'VO, adj. the eighth.
OCTOSYLA'BICO, *OCTOSY'LABO*, } adj. conſiſting of eight ſyllables.
OCTU'BRE, ſ. m. the month of October.

O C U

OCULA'R, adj. ocular, of the eye, evident.
OCULARME'NTE, adv. ocularly, evidently.
OCULI'STA, ſ. m. an oculiſt, one who profeſſes to cure diſtempers of the eyes.
OCULTACIO'N, ſ. f. concealing, hiding.
OCULTAME'NTE, adv. occultly, privily, ſecretly.
OCULTA'R, v. a. to conceal, to hide.
OCU'LTO, adj. occult, hidden, concealed, ſecret, privy.
OCUPACIO'N, ſ. f. buſineſs, employment, poſſeſſion.
OCUPADO'R, ſ. m. occupier.
OCUPA'R, v. a. to buſy, to employ; alſo to fill a place, to take up room.
OCURRI'R, v. a. to occur, to happen.

O D A

O'DA, ſ. f. an ode in poetry.

O D I

ODIA'R, v. a. to hate.
Odiárſe, v. r. to hate each other.
ODIO, ſ. m. hatred.
ODIOSAME'NTE, adv. odiouſly, hatefully.
ODIO'SO, adj. odious, hateful.

O D O

ODORA'TO, ſ. m. vide *OLFA'TO*.
ODORI'FERO, adj. odoriferous, fragrant, ſweet-ſcented.

O D R

O'DRE, ſ. m. a hog's or goat's ſkin dreſſed with the hair inward with pitch and roſin to carry wine, oil, or the like.
Hinchár un ódre, to blow a goat's ſkin full of wind, to try whether it is tight to hold liquor.
ODRECI'LLO, ſ. m. diminut. of *odre*.
ODRERI'A, ſ. f. the place where they make and ſell the ſkins to carry wine.
ODRE'RO, ſ. m. he that makes the ſkins to carry wine in.
ODRI'NA, ſ. f. an ox's hide turned into an *odre*.

O E D

OEDICNE'MO, ſ. m. a ſort of water fowl who hunts rats at night.

O E N

OENA'THE, ſ. f. a ſmall bird a little bigger than a ſparrow.
OE'NAS, ſ. f. a ſort of wild pigeon.

O E S

OESNORVE'STE, ſ. m. weſt-northweſt.
OESSUDUE'STE, ſ. m. weſt-ſouthweſt.
OE'STE, ſ. m. weſt.
OE'STE-SUE'STE, ſ. m. idem.

O F E

OFENDEDO'R, ſ. m. v. *OFENSO'R*.
OFENDE'R, v. a. to offend, to injure, to make angry.
Ofendér a Dios, to offend the laws of God.
Ofendérſe, v. r. to reſent an offence, to take offence.
OFE'NSA, ſ. f. offence.
OFENSA'R, v. a. vide *OFENDE'R*.
OFENSIO'N, ſ. f. hurt, trouble miſchief, offence.
OFENSI'VO, adj. offenſive.
OFENSO'R, ſ. m. an offender.
OFE'RTA, ſ. f. an offer.
OFE'RTO, p. p. of ofrecer.
OFERTO'RIO, ſ. m. the offertory, that part in the maſs where the prieſt offers up the ſacrifice.

OFI

OFICIA'L, ſ. m. a handicraftſman, a tradeſman, a workman, a journeyman; alſo an officer.
Oficiál eſleſiaſtico, the perſon to whom the cognizance of cauſes is committed by ſuch as have eccleſiaſtical juriſdiction.
OFICIALA'ZO, ſ. m. an able work-man.
OFICIALE'JO, ſ. m. a little or a pitiful officer or workman.
OFICIALI'A, ſ. f. officialty, the charge or poſt of an official.
OFICIA'R, v. a. to officiate.
Oficiar úna miſſa, to officiate, to help to ſing maſs.
OFICI'NA, ſ. f. a ſhop or work-houſe.
OFI'CIO, ſ. m. an office, a trade, an employment. Alſo the office of the church, or the divine office.
OFICIOSIDA'D, ſ. f. officiouſneſs, diligence and application to work.
OFICIO'SO, adj. officious, kind, doing good offices.

OFR

OFREÇEDO'R, ſ. m. he who makes offers.
OFRECE'R, v. a. to offer, to proffer.
Ofrecérſe, v. r. to occur.
OFRECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. offer, an offering.
OFRE'NDA, ſ. f. offering.
OFRENDA'R, v. a. to make an offering.

OFU

OFUSCACIO'N, ſ. f. } dim-
OFUSCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } neſs of ſight, offuſcation.
OFUSCA'R, v. a. to offuſcate, to darken, to dim.

OGA

OGAÑO, adv. this year.

OI

OI'BLE, adj. audible, that may be heard.

OID

OI'DO, ſ. m. the ſenſe of the hearing; alſo the drum of the ear.
Hacér oidos de mercadér, not to give attention.
OIDO'R, ſ. m. one who hears alſo a magiſtrate ſo called.
OIDORI'A, ſ. f. the charge or poſt of *oidór*.
DE'OIDAS, adv. as it is reported.
O'IR, v. a. to hear; to give attention.
Oir vér y callar, to hear, to ſee, and to be ſilent.

OJA

OJA'L, ſ. m. a button-hole, a loop.
OJALADE'RA, ſ. f. ſhe that makes button-holes.
OJALADU'RA, ſ. f. the whole range of button-holes in a ſuit of cloaths.
OJALA'R, v. n. to make button-holes.
OJANCO, ſ. m. that has but one eye.
OJA'R, v. a. obſ. to look attentively.
OJA'ZO, ſ. m. a great eye.

OJE

OJEA'DA, ſ. f. a caſt of an eye upon any thing.
OJEA'R, v. a. to eye, to caſt an eye upon a thing; alſo to wink.
OJE'O, ſ. m. a caſt of an eye; among ſportſmen, the act of looking out ſharp for their game.
OJE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the deep ſtreaks or furrows under the eye cauſed by ſickneſs; want of ſleep, or the like.
OJERI'ZA, ſ. f. ill-will, a grudge, malice.
OJERU'DO adj. that has wrinkles or furrows under his eyes.
OJETE ſ. m. an eyelet-hole.
OJETEA'R, v. n. to make eyelet-holes.
OJETE'RA, ſ. f. a piece of cloth put to give greater ſtrength to ſome part of a garment.

OJI

OJIALE'GRE, adj. gay-eyed.
OJINEGRO, adj. black-eyed.
OJIZA'INO, adj. ſquint-eyed.
OJIZA'RCO, adj. blue-eyed.

OJO

O'JO ſ. m. the eye; alſo the ſight.
O'JO! an interj. beware, take care
Ojo de aguja, the eye of an needle
Ojo de buéy, the herb ox-eye, may weed.
Ojo de chibo, a ſort of fish.
Ojo de puénte, the arch of a bridge.
Ojo de red, the meish of a net.
Ojo de molino, the channel or paſſage, that conveys the water to the mill-wheel.
Tenér ſobre el ójo, to keep a ſtrict eye upon; alſo to envy.
Tener ſángre en el ójo, to ſtand upon one's reputation, to be nice in points of honour.
Ponér los ójos en algúno, to take a kind-neſs to a man.
Dar de ójos, to fall upon one's face.
Comprar a ójo, to buy by the eye.
Abrir el ójo, to open the ege; that is, to be upon one's guard, to obſerve, to watch.
Tenér ójo en úna cóſa, to have an eye upon a thing, to take care of it.
Valér un ójo de la cára, to be worth an eye; to be exceſſive dear.
Mirar de mal ójo, to look upon with an ill eye, to have no kindneſs.
Cerrár el ójo, to die.
En un abrir y cerrár de ójos, in the twinkling of an eye.
Háſta los ójos, up to the eyes; plunged in as deep as he can.
No me dixo, négro has el ójo, he did not ſay, black is your eye; that is, he ſpoke not a word to me.
Prov. *Ojos que no ven, coraçon no quebrantán*, eyes that do not ſee, do not break the heart; that the

eyes do not ſee, the heart; does not rue.

Prov. *Ojos hai que delagáñas ſe enamorán*, there are eyes that fall in love with blears; one man is fond of what others loath.

Prov. *El ójo limpiale con el códo*, rub your eye with your elbow; that is, not at all.

Prov. *Lo que con el ójo ſe vé, con el dédo ſe adivina*, what the eye ſees, the finger can divine; that is, things viſible, plain, or eaſy, need no divination or conjuring, or making a myſtery of them, as ſome people do.

Prov. *De quién pone los ójos en el ſuélo, no fies tu dinero*, do not truſt your money to one that always looks upon the ground; do not truſt thoſe who make much outward ſhow of ſanctity.

Prov. *Lo que ójos no vén, coraçón no deſea*, what the eye does not ſee, the heart does not covet.

Prov. *Ojos que vén no envejécen*, eyes that ſee, do not grow old; that is, ſeeing and diverting oneſelf, keeps off old age.

Prov. *Quan léxos de ojos, tan léxos de coraçón*, as far from the eyes, ſo far from the heart. Out of ſight, out of mind.

Prov. *Quién quiére ójo ſáno, áteſe la máno*, he that will have a ſound eye, muſt tie up his hand; that is, muſt not handle it.

Prov. *Mas vén quátro ójos que no dos*, four eyes ſee more than two. Two heads are better than one.

OJO'TA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſhoes uſed by women in America, made of wool or rushes.

OISLO, ſ. m. a nickname for a wife.

O J U

OJU'DO, adj. great-eyed.
OJUE'LO, ſ. m. a little eye.
Ojuélos, pl. ſpectacles.

O L A

OLA!, an interjection, vide *HO'LA*.
O'LA, ſ. f. a wave.

O L E

OLEADA, ſ. f. a great wave.
Oleádas, the motions of the mind.
OLEAGINOSIDA'D, ſ. f. oilineſs.
OLEAGINO'SO, adj. full of oil.
OLEA'R, v. a. to oil, to anoint with oil, to give the ſacrament of extreme unction to a dying perſon; alſo to wave or move as the waves do.
OLEA'RIO, adj. full of oil, oily.
OLEA'ZA, ſ. f. the water remaining after the oil is preſſed out.
OLECRANO'N, ſ. m. a prominent bone in the elbow.
OLEDE'RO, adj. givingſcent.
OLEDO'R, ſ. m. a ſmeller.
O'LEO, ſ. m. obſ. oil.
OLEOMIE'L, ſ. m. an oiloozingout of a tree in Syria, mentioned by Plin y.
OLEO'SO, adj. oily, unctuous.
OLE'R, v. a. to ſmell.
Oler, to be like, to reſemble, to appear; alſo to ſuſpect any thing ſecret.
Olér, to peep, to obſerve curiouſly.

O L F

OLFA'TO, ſ. m. the ſmell, the ſenſe of ſmelling.

O L I

OLIGARCHI'A, ſ. f. oligarchy, a commonwealth governed by a few.
OLIGA'RCHICO, adj. oligarchic, belonging to an oligarchy.
O'LIO, ſ. m. oil; only uſed to ſignify the ſacrament of extreme unction, or any holy oil.
OLISCA'R, v. a. to ſmell about as a dog does; alſo to make an enquiry or examination.
OLI'VA, ſ. f. an olive, ſo called in ſome parts.
OLIVA'R, ſ. m. an olive garden.
Olivárſe, v. r. to raiſe in bubbles; ſaid of bread that ſo riſes in the oven when the dough has cooled to much.
OLIVE'RA, ſ. f. the place where the olive-trees grow.
OLI'VO, ſ. m. an olive-tree.

O L L

O'LLA, ſ. f. a pot to boil meat in, the meat boiled in the pot; alſo the ſtomach.
Ollas de fuego, fire pots uſed in war to throw to the enemies.
Olla podrida, a diſh ſo called, which conſiſts of beef and many other things boiled together.
Olla de la garganta, the mouth of the ſtomach.

Prov. *Cáda dia ólla, ámarga el caldo*, every-day boiled meat makes the broth taſte bitter. Too much of one thing is good for nothing.

OLLA'ZA, ſ. f. a great pot.
OLLA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given with a pot.
OLLE'JO, ſ. m. *V. HOLLE'JO.*
OLLERI'A, ſ. f. the potters ſtreet, or ſhop.
OLLE'RO, ſ. m. a potter.
OLLICA, *OLLILLA*, *OLLUELA*, } ſ. f. dimin. of *olla*.

O L M

OLME'DA, ſ. f. a grove of elm-trees.
OLMI'LLO, ſ. m. a little elm.
OLMO, ſ. m. an elm-tree.

O L O

OLO'R, ſ. m. ſmell.
OLORCI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive, of *olor*.
OLORO'SO, that has a ſcent; always taken for a good one, unleſs ironically ſpoken.

O L V

OLVIDADE'RO, *OLVIDADI'ZO*, } adj. forgetful.
OLVI'DAR, v. a. to forget.
Olvidárſe, v. r. to forget oneſelf.
OLVIDO, ſ. m. forgetfulneſs.

O L Y

OLYMPI'ADA, ſ. f. an olympiad, the ſpace of four years, at the end of which were the olympick games in Greece.

OLY'MPICO, adj. olympick.
OLY'MPO, ſ. m. the top or ſummit of any thing.

O M B

OMBLI'GO, ſ. m. the navel; alſo the middle of any thing.
Ombligo de Vénus, the herb pennywort.
OMBLIGUE'RO, ſ. m. a little band they put upon the new-born children's navel.
OMBLIGUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little navel.
OME'GA, ſ. f. the end of any thing.
OMENTA'L, adj. belonging to the midriff.
OME'NTO, ſ. m. midriff.
OMICRO'N, ſ. m. the name of the letter *O* in Greek.
OMINA'R, v. a. to ominate, to foretoken.
OMINO'SO, adj. ominous, inauſpicious.
OMISSIO'N, ſ. f. an omiſſion.
OMITIR; v. a. to omit.
OMI'SSO, adj. omitted; alſo uncareful, negligent.

O M N

OMNIMO'DO, adj. general.
OMNIPOTE'NCIA, ſ. f. almighty power, omnipotence.
OMNIPOTE'NTE, adj. omnipotent, almighty.
OMNIPOTENTEMENTE, adv. omnipotently.

O M O

OMOPLA'TOS, ſ. m. the omoplate, the ſhoulder blade.

O M P

OMPHACINO, adj. *Azeite omphacino*, oil of green olives.
OMPHACOME'LI, ſ. m. a ſort of wine made of green grapes and good honey; it is good to ſtrengthen the ſtomach.

O N A

ONA'GRA, ſ. m. a plant or ſhrub ſo called.
ONA'GRO, ſ. m. a wild aſs.

O N C

ONCE, eleven.
Once mil, eleven thouſand; alſo, in cant, a coat of mail.
ONCEA'R, v. a. to weigh, or give by ounces.
ONCEJE'RA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſnare uſed to catch ſmall birds.
ONCE'NO, adj. eleventh.

O N D

ONDA, ſ. f. a wave.
ONDE; adv. obſ. wherefore.
ONDEA'R, v. a. to wave as the ſea does.
ONDO'SO, adj. full of waves.

O N E

ONERO'SO, adj. onerous, burthenſome, oppreſſive.

O N O

ONOBRI'CHE, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.
ONOCRO'TALO, ſ. m. a bird ſo called.
ONOMANCI'A, ſ. f. the art of divining by the name of perſons.
ONOMA'STICO, adj. belonging to the art of divining by means of perſons names.
ONOMATOPE'IA, ſ. f. a figure in retorick, when a name is given to a thing from the ſound it makes.
ONO'SMA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.
ONU'STO, adj. charged, loaded.

O N Y

ONY'CHE, ſ. f. a gem called onyx.

O N Z

ONZA, ſ. f. an ounce; alſo a fierce beaſt, called a panted or ounce.

O P A

OPACAME'NTE, adv. obſcurely, darkly.
OPACIDA'AD, ſ. f. ſhade, ſhadineſs.
OPA'CO, adj. opake, dark, obſcure.

O P C

OPCIO'N, ſ. f. option, choice election.

O P E

O'PERA, ſ. f. an intricate and tedious work.
Opera, an opera.
OPERACIO'N, ſ. f. operation.
OPERA'R, v. a. to work.
OPERA'RIO, ſ. m. a workman.
OPERATI'VO, adj. operative.
OPERO'SO, adj. what coſts much labour.

O P H

OPHTALMI'A, ſ. f. an inflamation on the eye.
OPHTA'LMICO, adj. inflamatory.

O P I

OPIA'TA, ſ. f. opiate, a medicine that cauſes ſleep.
OPILACIO'N, ſ. f. an obſtruction; the green-ſickneſs.
OPILA'R, v. a. to cauſe obſtructions.
O'PIMO, adj. rich, fertile, abundant.
OPINA'BLE, adj. that may be thought or ſuppoſed.
OPINA'R, v. n. to be of opinion.
OPINA'TICO, adj. opinionated, conceited, fond of his own opinion, poſitive opinion.
OPINIO'N, ſ. f. opinion.
OPINIONCI'TA, ſ. f. dimin. of *opinion*.
O'PIO, ſ. m. the well-known ſoporifick, called opium.
OPI'PARO, adj. opiparous, ſplendid, copious, ſaid of a banquet

OPITULACIO'N, ſ. f. obſ. help, ſuccour, aſſiſtance.

O P O

OPOBA'LSAMO, ſ. m. the balſam that is made by broiling the leaves and bark of the trees, which diſtil the balſam, not ſo valuable as that which diſtils by inciſion.

OPONE'R, v. a. to oppoſe, to ſet againſt, to contradict, to argue againſt.

Oponérſe à úna cátedra ò beneficio, to vye with another for a profeſſorship or a benefice.

OPOPO'NACO, ſ. m. the juice of the herb called *panax Heraclei*.

OPORTUNAME'NTE, adv. opportunely, conveniently, ſeaſonably.

OPORTUNIDA'D, ſ. f. opportunity.

OPORTU'NO, adj. opportune, convenient, ſeaſonable.

OPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. oppoſition.

OPO'SITO, adj. oppoſite.

OPOSITO'R, ſ. m. an oppoſer.

O P R

OPRESSIO'N, ſ. f. oppreſſion.

OPRE'SSO, adj. oppreſſed.

OPRESSO'R, ſ. m. an oppreſſor.

OPRIMI'R, v. a. to oppreſs.

OPRO'BRIO, ſ. m. a reproach.

O P T

OPTAR, v. a. to chooſe, to ſelect.

OPTATI'VO, ſ. m. the optative in grammar.

O'PTICA, ſ. f. the ſcience of opticks.

O'PTICO, adj. optick, belonging to opticks.

Opticos nérvios, ſ. m. the optick nerves, which are the inſtruments of ſight.

OPTIMAME'NTE, adv. very well.

O'PTIMO, adj. very good.

O P U

OPUESTAME'NTE, adv. with oppoſition.

OPUE'STO, p. p. oppoſite, or oppoſed.

Opuéſto, ſ. m. the oppoſite, the contrary, a competitor.

OPUGNACIO'N, ſ. f. an oppugning or oppoſing.

OPUGNADO'R, ſ. m. an oppugner, or oppoſer.

OPUGNA'R, v. a. to oppugn, or oppoſe.

OPULE'NCIA, ſ. f. wealth, plenty, abundance. *Latin.*

OPULENTAME'NTE, adv. wealthy, plentifully.

OPULE'NTO, adj. wealthy, rich, plentifully.

OPUSCULI'LLO, ſ. m. a little work.

OPU'SCULO, ſ. m. a ſhort compendious writing, or compoſition

O P Y

OPY'MACHO, ſ. m. a ſmall bird who fights againſt ſerpents.

O Q U

OQUEDA'D, ſ. f. hollowneſs, concavity.

Oquédal, ſ. m. an hill covered with high trees.

OQUERUE'LA, ſ. f. a fault or knot in the thread.

O R A

ORACIO'N, ſ. f. prayer, oration, ſpeech.

Prov. *Oración de pérro no va al ciélo*, a dog's prayer does not go up to heaven. The prayers of the wicked do not prevail.

La oración bréve súbe al ciélo, a ſhort prayer aſcends to heaven.

ORACIONA'L, ſ. m. a prayer-book.

ORA'CULO, ſ. m. an oracle.

ORA'DA, ſ. f. a fish ſo called.

ORADO'R, ſ. m. an orator.

ORA'R, v. n. to pray; alſo to make a ſpeech.

ORA'TE, ſ. m. a fool.

ORATO'RIA, ſ. f. oratory, rhetorick.

ORATORIAME'NTE, adv. in a rhetorical ſtyle.

ORATO'RIO, ſ. m. an oratory, a little chapel or private place of prayer.

O R B

ORBAYA'R, v. n. to fall as does the dew.

ORBE, ſ. m. the world; a ſphere or circle; a planet; a ſort of fish.

ORBEDA'D, ſ. f. privation of parents.

ORBICULA'R, adj. orbicular, circular.

O'RBITA, ſ. f. the orbit of a planet.

O R C

ORCA, ſ. f. a vaſt fabulous fiſh

ORCHE'STRA, ſ. f. orcheſtra, the place where the muſicians ſit at a publick ſhew.

ORCO, ſ. m. the ſame as *orca*.

O R D

O'RDEN, ſ. m. order, method, row, rank, dignity, religious order.

Dar órden, to order, to direct.

Eſtar en órden, to be ready, to be in order.

Guardar órden, to obey orders.

Ir en órden, to march in order.

Orden de religión, a religious order of friars, monks, or other perſons dedicated to the ſervice of God.

Orden militár, a military order, of knighthood.

Ordenes, ſ. m. holy orders, as prieſthood, deaconſhip, &c.

ORDENADAME'NTE, adv. orderly.

ORDENADO'R, ſ. m. an orderer.

ORDENAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an ordering, or an ordinance; alſo the title of a volume of the laws of Spain.

ORDENA'NZA, ſ. f. an ordinance, or decree; alſo the militia.

ORDENA'R, v. a. to order, ordain, to inſtitute, to appoint; alſo to give eccleſiaſtical orders.

ORDEñAR, v. a. to milk.

ORDEñADO, adj. milked.

Azeytúna ordeñáda, an olive that has been preſſed.
ORDEñADO'R, ſ. m. he who milks the cows.
ORDIDU'RA, ſ. f. vide *URDIDU'RA*.
ORDIE'MBRE, ſ. m. vide *URDIEMBRE*.
ORDINA'L, adj. ordinal, following in order.
ORDINARAME'NTE, adv. commonly, frequently, regularly.
ORDINA'RIO, adj. ordinary, uſual.
Ordinário, ſ. m. the daily expence; alſo ordinary of a place in ſpirituals.
ORDI'R, v. a. vide *URDI'R*.

O R E

ORE'ADE, ſ. f. nymph of the mountains.
ORE'AR, v. a. to air.
ORECE'R, v. a. to turn into gold.
ORE'GANO, ſ. m. the herb origanum, a ſort of wild marjoram.
ORE'JA, ſ. f. an ear.
Oréja de ráton, the herb called mouſeear.
Oréja de ahád, the herb kidneywort; a pancake.
Oréja de eſcudilla, the ear or handle of a poringer.
Dar oréjas, to hearken, to liſten, to give ear.
Cérrar las oréjas, to refuſe, to give ear.
Hacér oréjas de mercadér, to take no notice of what is ſaid.
No válе ſus orëjas llénas de água, it is good for nothing.
Prov. *Conſéjo de oréja, no válе una arvéja*, counſel whiſpered in the ear is not worth a pea.
OREJEA'R, v. r. to wag the ears.
OREJE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. ſomething to ſcreen the ears from cold.
OREJO'N, ſ. m. a great ear, or one that has great ears; alſo a peach or melocotoon dried in ſlices.
Orejón de báluárte, an orillon, a mals of earth faced with wall, advancing beyond the ſhoulder of a baſtion.
OREJU'DO, adj. that has great ears.
ORE'O, ſ. m. an airing, the pleaſant temperate air.
ORE'SPE, ſ. m. obſ. a goldſmith.
ORTEBRER'IA, ſ. f. the goldſmiths work or trade.

O R G

ORGANE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells organs.
ORGA'NICO, adj. belonging to the organs.
ORGANI'CO, *ORGANI'LLO*, ſ. m. a ſmall organ.
ORGANI'TO, ſ. m. a ſmall organ.
ORGANI'STA, ſ. m. an organiſt, one that plays on the organs, or that makes them.
ORGANIZACIO'N, ſ. f. organization; conſtruction in which the parts are ſo diſpoſed as to be ſubſervient to each other.
ORGANIZA'R, v. a. to tune the organ to a voice, to organize, to proportion, to place in parts and proportions.
O'RGANO, ſ. m. an organ; the organs of the body.
ORGULLE'ZA, ſ. f. obſ. *ORGU'LLO*, ſ. m. haughtineſs, pride, arrogance.
ORGULLOSAME'NTE, adv. haughtily, proudly, arrogantly.
ORGULLO'SO, adj. haughty, proud, arrogant.

O R I

ORI, in cant, a call; as, ho, hey, or the like.
ORICA'LCO, ſ. m. a fine mixture of metals, orichalch, braſs.
ORIENTA'L, adj. oriental, of the eaſt, eaſtern.
Pérla orientál, an oriental pearl, a bright, fair, beautiful pearl.
ORIE'NTE, ſ. m. the eaſt.
ORI'FICE, ſ. m. obſ. a goldſmith.
ORIFIS'CIO, ſ. m. orifice, any opening or perforation.
ORI'GEN, ſ. m. the origin, riſe, original, beginning of any thing.
ORIGINA'L, adj. original, ſubſt. uſed an original.
Pecádo originál, original ſin.
Proceſſo originál, the original proceedings in a law-ſuit.
ORIGINALME'NTE, adv. originally.
ORIGINA'R, v. a. to cauſe, to affect.
Originárſe, v. r. to take its origin from.
ORIGINA'RIO, adj. originary, productive, primitive.
ORI'LLA, ſ. f. brink, edge, border of a thing; skirt, the ſea ſhore, the bank of a river, a bed's ſide.
Orílla, a cold bleak wind.
Prov. *Nadár nadár, y a la orílla ahogár*, to ſwim and ſwim, and be drowned at the bank ſide; to go through all difficulties, and be diſappointed in the concluſion.
ORILLA'R, v. n. to draw to the ſides, brinks, or edges; uſed only ween they clear any place where there is a multitude of people, and they make them retire to the ſides.
ORI'LLO, ſ. m. the liſt of cloth.
ORI'N, ſ. m. ruſt.
ORINA, ſ. f. urine.
ORINA'L, ſ. m. an urinal or chamberpot.
ORINA'R, v. a. to make water.
ORINECE'R, v. n. to grow ruſty.
ORINIE'NTO, adj. ruſty.
ORI'NQUE, ſ. m. the anchor cable in a ſhip.
ORIO'L, ſ. m. a little bird ſo called.
ORIO'N, ſ. m. a celeſtial northern conſtellation.

O R L

ORLA, ſ. f. a skirt, a border, an edging. In heraldy, an orle or border about a coat.
ORLA'DOR, ſ. m. one that borders or edges.
ORLADU'RA, ſ. f. border, edge, hem.
ORLA'R, v. a. to border, to edge.
O'RLO, ſ. m. a muſical wind inſtrument like a shepherd's crook.

ORM

ORMESI', ſ. m. the thin ſilk we call ſarcenet.

ORN

ORNADAME'NTE, adj. with ornament, in an adorned manner.
ORNAME'NTO, ſ. m. ornament.
ORNA'R, v. a. to adorn.
ORNA'TO, ſ. m. ornament.

ORO

ORO, ſ. m. gold.
Oro potable, potable gold, a chemical preparation ſo called.
Oro obrizo, the pureſt gold.
Oro de láta, ſuch gold as leather is gilt with, or the like.
Oro guanín, baſe low gold that has an allay of ſilver.
Oro de riél, gold in ingots.
Oro en pólvo, gold duſt, as it is found in the rivers.
Oro en paſta, gold in bars or ingots.
Pometér móntes de óro, to promiſe mountains of gold; to promiſe much, and perform nothing.
Prov. *No es tódo óro lo que relúce*, all is not gold that glitters.
ORO'BIAS, ſ. m. pl. a ſort of incenſe, or gum.
OROFRE'S, ſ. m. gold or ſilver lace.
ORONDA'DO, adj. having the appearance of waves.
ORONDADU'RA, ſ. f. diverſity of colours in the form of waves.
ORO'NDO, adj. haughty, full of pride.
OROPE'L, ſ. m. tinſel.
OROPE'NDOLA, ſ. f. the bird called a witwall.
OROPIME'NTE, ſ. m. orpiment.
OROS, ſ. pl. the ſuit of diamonds in cards.
OROSU'Z, ſ. f. liquorice.

ORP

ORPHANDA'D, ſ. f. privation of father and mother, orphaniſm.
O'RPHANO, ſ. m. the young one who has neither father or mother, an orphan.
O'RPHANO, adj. fatherleſs and motherleſs.

ORT

ORTE'GA, ſ. f. a kind of quail.
ORTE'RA, ſ. f. vide *HORTE'RA*.
ORTHODO'XO, adj. orthodox, ſound in opinion or doctrine, not heretical.
ORTHOGO'NIO, ſ. m. an orthogon, a rectangled figure.
ORTHOGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. orthography, that part of grammar that teaches how words ſhould be ſpelled.
ORTHOGRA'PHICO, adj. orthographical, relating to orthography.
ORTHO'GRAPHO, ſ. m. an orthographer, one who ſpells according to the rules of grammar.
ORTI'GA, ſ. f. a nettle; alſo a ſort of fish.
ORTI'VO, adj. ortive; ſaid of the riſing of ſtars.
ORTO, ſ. m. the aſcenſion or riſing of any planet.

ORU

ORU'GA, ſ. f. an herb called rocket; alſo caterpillar; alſo a ſort of worm growing upon herbs in gardens.
ORU'JO, ſ. m. the huſk of the grapes after the wine is preſſed out of them.

ORZ

O'RZA, ſ. f. a ſort of earthen ware.
Ir a órza, to tack about, to ſail againſt the wind.
ORZA'R, v. n. to ſail againſt the wind.
ORZUE'LO, ſ. m. a pimple growing upon the eye-lid; alſo a ſnare to catch birds with.

OS

OS, [for *vos*] you; as, *Yoos dígo*, I tell you.
OSADAME'NTE, adv. boldly.
OSA'DAS, adv. *A oſádas*, purpoſely, deſignedly; alſo boldly.
OSADI'A, ſ. f. boldneſs, courage.
OSA'DO, adj. bold, courageous
OSA'R, v. n. to dare.

OSC

OSCILACI'ON, ſ. f. oſcillation; the act of moving forwards and backwards.
OSCITA'NCIA, ſ. f. careleſſneſs.
O'SCULO, ſ. m. a kiſs.
OSIFRA'GA, ſ. f. a kind of eagle ſo called.
OSINA, ſ. f. a bird ſo called.

OSS

OSSA, ſ. f. a she bear.
OSSAME'NTA, ſ. f. the whole frame of the bones of a body.
OSSA'RIO, ſ. m. the charnel, the place where the bones are kept.
OSSE'RA, ſ. f. a bear-garden, a place to keep bears; a bear's den.
OSSE'RO, ſ. m. a beareherd.
OSSE'SNO, ſ. m. the bear's cub.
OSSI'LLA, ſ. f. a little she-bear.
OSSI'LLO, ſ. m. a little he-bear or cub.
OSSO, ſ. m. a bear.
OSSU'DO, adj. bony, big-boned.

OST

OSTENSIO'N, ſ. f. ſhew.
OSTENSIVO, adj. that may be ſhewn, oſtenſive.
OSTENTACIO'N, ſ. f. oſtentation.
OSTENTADO, adj. proud haughty.
OSTENTA'R, v. n. to carry oneſelf proudly or haughtily.
OSTE'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. a bad omen.
OSTENTO'SO, adj. ſumptuous,

magnificent, of great appearance or show.

OSTEOLOGI'A, ſ. f. oſteology, the art of knowing the bones.

OSTIA'RIO, ſ. m. a box to keep the wafers in that are to be conſecrated.

OSTIA'TIM, adv. from door to door.

OSTRA, ſ. f. an oyſter.

OSTRACI'SMO, ſ. m. the oſtraciſm, a law the Athenians had.

OSTRE'RA, ſ. f. an oyſter-bed.

OSTRO, ſ. m. the ſouth wind.

OSTU'GO, ſ. m. hole, corner, nook or cranny.

OSY'RIDE, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

O T A

OTACU'STA, ſ. m. a ſpy, a miſchief maker, a make-bate.

OTA'ñES, ſ. m. a lady's footman.

OTA'R, v. a. vide *OTE'AR*.

OTEADO'R, ſ. m. a ſpy, an obſerver, a watcher.

OTEA'R, v. a. to ſpy, to obſerve, to watch from a high place.

OTE'RO, ſ. m. a hill.

Prov. *Si no va el otéro a Mahóma, váya Mahóma al otéro*, if the mountain will not go to Mahomet let Mahomet go to the mountain; if we cannot do as we would, we muſt do as we can.

OTHO'NA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

O TO

OTO, ſ. m. a bird ſo called.

OTOñA'DA, ſ. f. harveſt, harveſt time, autumn time, vintage time.

OTOñA'L, adj. of, or belonging to autumn.

OTOñA'R, v. a. to work at the harveſt or vintage, as is done in autumn.

OTOñE'RO, adj. of, or belonging to harveſt, vintage, or autumn.

OTOñO, ſ. m. autumn.

OTORGA'DA, ſ. f. a maid that is promiſed by her friends to the friends of him ſhe is to marry.

Otorgádos, ſ. m. pl. two that are promiſed in marriage.

OTORGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a grant.

OTORGA'NTE, ſ. m. he that grants.

OTORGA'R, v. a. to grant.

O T R

OTRAME'NTE, adv. obſ. otherwiſe.

OTRAVE'Z, adv. another time; again.

OTRO, adj. another.

OTROSI', adv. item, alſo.

Otro tánto, as much more.

Otrós tantós, as many more.

Otrodía, another day.

O V A

OVA, ſ. f. a weed.

OVACIO'N, ſ. f. ovation.

OVA'DO, *OVA'L*, adj. oval.

O válame Diós! O God help me.

O'VALO, ſ. m. in geometry, the oval figure.

OVA'R, v. n. to lay eggs.

OVA'RIO, ſ. m. in achitecture, an ornament reſembling eggs.

O V E

OVECI'LLA, *OVECI'CA*, ſ. f. a little ſheep.

OVECI'CO, ſ. m. (diminut. of *huevo*) a ſmall egg.

OVE'JA, ſ. f. a sheep, an ewe.

Ovéja merina, a sheep that has fine wool.

Ovéja burdálla, a sheep that has coarſe wool.

Ovéja cotrál, a sheep of little value, that will not paſs in tale.

Oveja lampina, a shorn sheep.

Prov. *Ovéja que bála bocádo piérde*, the sheep that bleats loſes a mouthful; too much talk is loſs of time.

Prov. *Entregár las ovéjas al lóbo*, to put the sheep into the hands of the wolf; that is, to put a perſon or buſineſs into ſuch hands as ſhall endeavour its deſtruction.

Prov. *Oveja de múchos, lóbos ſe la cómen*, the sheep that belongs to many is devoured by wolves; every body's buſineſs is no body's buſineſs.

Prov. *Cána ovéja con ſu paréja*, every sheep with its match; that is, every one to his equal.

OVEJE'RO, ſ. m. a shepherd.

OVEJI'TA, *OVEJUE'LA*, ſ. f. a little sheep.

Prov. *Ovejuéla de Dios, el diáblo te traſquile*, little sheep of God, the devil sheer you; meant of hypocrites.

OVEJU'NA, adj. of, or belonging to sheep, sheepish.

OVE'RA, ſ. f. the knots of eggs in a hen's belly; in falconry, the feathers under a hawk's tail next the way she lays her egg.

OVE'RO, adj. of the colour of eggs; ſubſtantively uſed, a cream-coloured horſe.

OVE'ST, ſ. m. the weſterly wind.

O V I

OVI'L, ſ. m. in cant, a bed.

Ovil, adj. belonging to a sheep or to a sheep-fold.

OVILLAR, v. a. to wind up thread or the like into a bottom.

OVILLE'JO, ſ. m. a dimin. of *ovillo*. Alſo, a ſort of poetical compoſition ſo called.

OVI'LLO, ſ. m. a bottom of thread, yarn, &c.

Hacérſe un ovillo, to ruck up, to draw oneſelf up all together like a ball or bottom of thread.

OVI'PARO, adj. oviparous, bringing forth eggs.

OVISPYLLO, ſ. m. the rump of a bird.

O V O

O'VOLO, ſ. m. a term in architecture, the fourth member of the cornice, being a round moulding.

OVO'SO, adj. that has eggs.

O X A

OX, a word or ſound uſed to drive away birds, or the like; as in English shue, shue.

OXALA', would to God.

OXA'LME, ſ. m. a ſort of pickle.

OXE

OXEA'R, v. n. to drive away birds.

OXE'O, ſ. m. a frighting, ſcaring or driving away birds or the like.

OXI

OXI'MACO, ſ. m. a bird ſo called.

OXT

OXTE, an exclamation upon any ſudden pain or ſurprize.

Oxte púto! O whoreſon! an exclamation, not only uſed in ſcorn, or to affront but ſometimes only by way of admiration.

OXYACANTHA, ſ. f. a ſhrub ſo called.

OXYME'L, ſ. m. a mixture of vinegar and honey.

OXYSA'CRE, ſ. m. a ſauce made with milk, honey, and ſugar.

OY

OY, adv. to day; now.

Oy día, nowa days.

OYE'NTE, ſ. m. by-ſtander.

P

P, one of the conſonants called mutes, pronounced in Spanish as in English.

PAB

PABELLO'N, ſ. m. a pavillion, a tent; alſo a tent-bed.
Pabellón, the royal flag; alſo an arbour, a bower.
PABI'LO, ſ. m. the match of a candle.
PABLA'R, v. a. to talk.
PA'BULO, ſ. m. aliment, food.

PAC

PACA, ſ. f. a bundle, a ball, a parcel packed up.
Páca, ſ. f. a ſmall beaſt in Braſil, like a pig.
PACA'DO, *PACA'TO*, adj. pacified, quieted.
PACCION, ſ. f. v. *PACTO*.
PACCIONAR, v. a *PACTA'R*.
PACEDE'RO, adj. that affords paſture to animals. Said of a field.
PACEDU'RA, ſ. f. paſture.
PACE'R, v. n. to feed, to graze.
Prov. *Con quién páces, y no con quién náces*, love or reſpect thoſe that maintain and feed you, thoſe that are your true friends; not thoſe among whom you were born.
PACES, pl. of *paz*.
PACHO'N, ſ. m. a heavy lumpish man; alſo a hunting dog.
PACHO'RRA, ſ. f. heavineſs in men, ſlowneſs, ſluggiſhneſs.
PACIE'NCIA, ſ. f. patience.
PACIE'NTE, adj. patient; ſubſt. uſed; a patient or ſick man; alſo one that is to ſuffer, or is to be executed. In an ill ſenſe, a bardash; ironically a cuckold.
PACIENTEME'NTE, adv. patiently.
PACIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. a pacification.
PACIFICADO'R, ſ. m. a pacifier, a peace-maker.
PACIFICAME'NTE, adv. peaceably.
PACIFICA'R, v. a. to pacify, to appeaſe.
PACI'FICO, adj. peaceable.
PACO, ſ. m. an American animal ſo called.
PACTA'R, *PACTEA'R*, v. a. to make a compact or agreement.
PA'CTO, ſ. m. contract, agreement.

PAD

PADECE'R, v. a. to ſuffer, to endure.
PADECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſuffering, enduring.
PADI'LLA, ſ. f. a little frying-pan; alſo a ſort of shovel like a baker's peel.
PADRA'STO, *PADRA'STRO*, ſ. m. a ſtepfather; a riſing ground that overlooks a town or fortreſs, whence it may be battered.
Padráſtro, a ſoreneſs on the finger by the nail cauſed by the breaking of the skin.
PADRE, ſ. m. a father. In cant, a cloak.
Pádres, in the plural number, is always uſed for father and mother.
PADREA'R, v. n. to call any one father out of reſpect or honour; alſo to reſemble to one's father.
PADRI'NO, ſ. m. a godfather.
Padrino in deſafio, a ſecond in a challenge, or in ſolemn challenges he that conducts the combatant into the liſts.
Padrino de boda, he that gives a woman in marriage.
Padrinos, pl. goſſips.
PADRO'N, ſ. m. pattern, example.
Padrón, ſ. m. a regiſter, a roll of names; alſo a poſt or pillar on which they hang a proclamation, or engrave an inſcription, as diſcoverers uſed to do in thoſe countries they newly diſcovered.
PADRONAZGO, ſ. m. obſ. v. *PATRONATO*.
PADRONE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. vid. *PATRON*.

PAG

PA'GA, ſ. f. pay, payment.
PAGADE'RO, ſ. m. the place of payment.
Pagadéro, adj. payable, eaſy to pay.
PAGA'DO, adj. ſatisfied; contented.
PAGADO'R, ſ. m. a paymaſter.
Prov. *Al buén pagadór no le duélen prendas*, a good paymaſter is not in pain for his pawn.
Prov. *Del mal pagadór ſi quiéra en pája*, get what you can of an ill paymaſter, though it be but a ſtraw.
PAGADURI'A, ſ. f. a publick place where money is paid.
PAGAME'NTO, ſ. m. payment.
PAGANI'SMO, ſ. m. paganiſm.
PAGA'NO, ſ. m. pagan; alſo a peaſant.
PAGA'R, v. a. to pay.
Prov. *Pága lo que débes, y ſabrá, lo que tiénes*, pay what you owe, and you'll know what you are worth.
PA'GE, ſ. m. a page; a boy.
PAGECI'CO, *PAGECILLO*, *PAGECI'TO*, ſ. m. a little page.
PAGE'L, ſ. m. a rocket fish.
PAGEZUE'LO, ſub. m. idem. of page.
PA'GINA, ſ. f. a page or ſide of a leaf in a book.
PAGO, ſ. m. a farm rented by two or thre perſons.
Págo, ſ. m. payment; alſo a township.
Pago de viñas. a territory that is all vineyards.
Cárta de págo, a receipt, an acquittance.
PAGO'TE, ſ. m. a ſervant to a pimp or whore.
PAGU'RO, ſ. m. a ſort of little crab.

PAI

PA'ILA, ſ. f. a great bowl, pail or ſuch like veſſel.

PAILO'N, ſ. m. ſuch large veſſel.
PAIRA'R, v. n. to ſtand ſtill with the canvaſs ſpread; ſaid of ships.
PAI'S, ſ. m. a region, a country; alſo a landſcape.
PAISA'GE, ſ. m. a landſcape.
PAISA'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of dance.
PAISANA'GE, ſ. m. the inhabitants of a country.
PAISA'NO, adj. from the ſame country.

P A J

PA'JA, ſ. f a ſtraw.
Pája trigueña, ſ. f. wheat-ſtraw.
No dormírſe en las pajas, not to neglect buſineſs.
Tomár la paja con él cogóte, to fall down backwards.
En quitame allá eſſas pajas, in a moment, in the turn of a hand.
A lúmbre de pajas, ſlightly.
No monta una paja, it does not ſignify a ſtraw.

Prov. *De paja o de heno, el jergón lleno*, the bed whether of hay or ſtraw, ſo it be filled, no matter with what; a man muſt fill his belly, if he has not dainties, with cold meat.

PAJA'DA, ſ. f. chopt hay boiled in water with bran for horſes that have a cold.
PAJA'DO, adj. of a ſtraw-colour.
PAJA'R, ſ. m. a ſtraw-loft, a place to keep ſtraw in.

Prov. *Pajár viéjo préſto ſe enciénde*, an old ſtraw loft ſoon takes fire; old men are ſoon angry.

Prov. *Deshacér crúces en un pájar*, to part all ſtraws that they may not lie acroſs in a ſtraw-loft; to be impertinently nice and ſcrupulous; to ſeek a needle in a rick of hay.

Prov. *Pajár viéjo quándo ſe enciénde, péor es de apagár que el vérde*, an old ſtraw-loft is worſe to quench when when angry are harder to appeaſe than young.

Prov. *Viéjo pájar málo de encendér, péor de apagár*, an old ſtraw-loft is bad to take fire, and worſe to be quenched; old age is not ſo fiery as youth; but once provoked, cannot be appeaſed.

PAJARI'L, ſ. m. a ſea-term; our ſeamen call it large, when a ship goes neither by a wind, nor before a wind; but as it were betwixt both.
PAJA'ZA, ſ. f. the coarſe ſtraw that is left by the horſe or mule in eating.
PAJI'ZO, adj. covered or made of ſtraw; alſo ſtraw-colour.
PAJUE'LA, ſ. f. a match to light a fire or candle with.
PAJU'Z, ſ. m. ſtubble, chaff.

P A L

PA'LA, ſ. f. a ſpade, a ſhovel, a ſcoop, a peel to ſet bread into the oven; in cant, a sharper.
Pala de remo, the blade of an oar.
Pala de dientes, a row of teeth that are ſcarce divided, but look as if they were all one entire bone.
PALA'BRA, ſ. f. a word.
Palábras de mayóres, the worſt of language, as calling a man rogue, thief; or the like.
Tomarle a uno la palábra, to take a man at his word.
Paſſar la palabra, to give the word about, as ſerjeants do in the ring when the adjutant give orders.
Vendér palábras, to put one off with fair words.
Dar palábra, to give one's word, to promiſe.
Quebrár ſu palábra, to break one's word.
Tenér malas palabras con ótro, to be at hard words with another.
Eſto es otro que palábras, this is more than bare words.

Prov. *No hay palábra mal dícha, ſi no fuéſſe mal entendida*, no word is ill ſpoken, if it were not ill underſtood. For the moſt part words are worſe taken, than they were meant.

Prov. *Al buen entendedór pocas palábras*, a word to the wiſe.

Prov. *Palábras, y plumas el viento las lleva*, words and feathers are carried away by the wind; that is, words are but wind.

Prov. *Palábras de ſanto, y uñas de gato*, a ſaint's word, and a cat's claws. Said of hypocrites.

Prov. *No ſon palábras para mitia-; que aún de las óbras nó ſe fia*, my aunt is not to be taken with words; for ſhe ſcarce truſts not to actions. To expreſs that one is to be deceived with fair words.

Prov. *A dos palábras tres porrádas*, two words, and three blunders; ſaid to thoſe who talk much nonſenſe.

Prov. *A palábras locas, oréjas ſordas*, for mad words, deaf ears; that is, when people talk madly they are not to be minded.

Prov. *Palábras ſeñaládas no quieren teſtigos*, remarkable words require no witneſſes; ill language will be remembered.

Prov. *Mas hiere mala palabra que eſpáda afiláda*, an ill word makes a worſe wound than a cutting ſword. Ill language is never forgiven.

Prov. *Mas apága buéna palábra, que caldéra de água*, a good word quenches more than a kettle of water; it allays anger.

Prov. *No habria palábra mála, ſi no fuéſſe mal tomáda*, there would be no ill word, if it were not taken ill.

PALABRA'DA, ſ. f. ill language.
PALABRE'RO, adj. talkative.
PALABRI'LLA, ſ. f. a little word, an ill word of no account.
PALABRIMUGE'R, ſ. m. a man that values his word no more than a woman.
PALABRI'STA, ſ. m. a talkative man.
PALABRI'TA, ſ. f. dimin. of *palabra*.
PALACIA'NO, *PALACIE'GO*, } ſ. m. a courtier.
PALACI'O, ſ. m. a palace. In ſome parts they call the hall of any houſe by this name.
Ser hómbre de palácio, to be civil, well-behaved.
Sabér póco de paláclo, to be ſoon out of countenance.
Echár úna cóſa a palácio, to make no account of a thing.
Hacér palácio, to lay open, to diſcover what was concealed.
PALA'CRA, *PALACRA'NA*, } ſ. f. a bit of pure gold found in the bottom of mines.

PALA'DA, ſ. f. as much earth as one can take in a ſpade.

PALADA'R, ſ. m. the palate of the mouth; the ſenſe of taſting.

Paladáres, ſ. m. a diſeaſe in the mouths of beaſts.

PALADEA'R, v. a. to taſte or relish a thing.

PALADE'O, ſ. m. the act of taſting or relishing.

PALADI'N, ſ. m. a paladine, a great ſoldier, a brave man.

PALADINAME'NTE, adv. obſ. boldly, openly, barefacedly.

PALADI'NO, adj. parent, in the ſight of all.

PALAFRE'N, ſ. m. a palfry, a fine pad.

PALAFRE'NERO, ſ. m. a groom.

PALAMA'LLO, ſ. m. the hammer with which they uſed to ſtrike the ball at the ſport of pall-mall.

PALAME'NTA, ſ. f. all the oars of a galley.

PALA'NCA, ſ. f. a lever, a pole

Los de la palánca, porters that carry burdens.

PALANCA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given with a pole.

PALANCIA'NO, ſ. m. obſ. a courtier.

PALANGA'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of oblong baſon.

PALANQUE'RA, ſ. f. an enclosure.

PALANQUE'RO, ſ. m. a porter that carries burthens.

PALANQUE'TA, ſ. f. ſhot called croſs-bar, being a round ball, with an iron bar ſtriking acroſs the middle of it, and coming out about ſix or eight inches on both ſides, fired at ſea for ſpoiling of ropes, ſails, yards and maſts.

PALANQUI'N, ſ. m. a porter that carries burthens on a cowl-ſtaff; a ſort of chair or litter uſed in the eaſtern countries and carried on mens ſhoulder's; in cant, a thief.

PALATI'NA, ſ. f. a kind of neck-cloth made of furs, feathers, or the like, wore by ladies.

PALATINO, ſ. m. a palatine, a lord that has a palatinate, or ſupreme juriſdiction.

PALA'ZO, '. m. a blow with a ſhovel or a ſhovelful of any thing.

PALAZO'N, ſ. m. all the maſts and yards of a ſhip.

PA'LCO, ſ. m. a ſmall ſcaffold.

PALEADO'R, ſ. m. one who works with a ſpade.

PALE'NQUE, ſ. m. the liſts to fight in, or any ſuch place railed in; alſo a roller or lever to roll or lift any thing.

PALE'NTE, adj. obſ. pale.

PALE'RO, ſ. m. ditcher, digger, delver.

PALE'STRA, ſ. f. a place for wreſtling or other exerciſes.

PALE'TA, ſ. f. a tack to play at billiards; alſo a little piece of board with a handle to it, to play with a bowl on the ground, and drive it through a ring.

Cábe de paléta, the lying of the balls ſo near, that there is but juſt room to put the tack between them.

Paléta de eſpálda, the blade-bone of the ſhoulder.

Paléta de eſtómago, the mouth of the ſtomach.

PALETE'RO, ſ. m. a rogue that banters or keeps in play one, while another robs him or picks his pocket.

PALETI'LLA, ſ. f. a little billiard-tack, a little ſhovel; alſo the ſhoulderbone.

PALE TO, ſ. m. a young deer with large horns.

PALETO'QUE, ſ. m. a jerkin with ſhort skirts.

PA'LIA, ſ. f. a ſilk veil the prieſt puts about his ſhoulders on feſtivals.

PALIACION, ſ. f. palliation.

PALIADAMENTE, adv. with a palliation, in a palliated manner.

PALIA'R, v. a. to palliate, to cloak, to diſguiſe.

PALIATI'VO, adj. palliative,
PALIATO'RIO, that diſguiſes that covers.

PALIDE'Z, ſ. f. paleneſs.

PA'LIDO, adj. pale, wan.

PALILLE'RO, ſ. m. he that makes or ſells toothpicks.

PALI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſtick; alſo a bobbin to make lace with.

Obra de palillo, bobbin-work; alſo ſlight work of no ſtrength, as if it were made of little ſticks.

Palillo, a tooth-picker.

PA'LIO, ſ. m. a canopy, a biſhop's pall; alſo the goal at running.

Corrér el pálio, to run a race.

PALITO'QUE, ſ. m. a ſtick ill-cut, ill-formed, and ſmall.

PALI'ZA, ſ. f. a drubbing, a cudgelling.

PALIZA'DA, ſ. f. paliſade; a great wooden ſtake uſed in fortification; alſo the place paliſadoed, or the liſts to fight in, or ſuch like place.

PAL'MA, ſ. f. the palm of the hand, the palm-tree; victory, glory, honour.

Pálma Chriſti, a plant ſo called.

Pálma de ánca, the muſcle or ſinew of the hip-joint.

Pálma del cáballo, the quick ſole of a horſe's foot.

Trahér a úno en pálmas, to carry one on the palms of the hands; to take great care of him.

Prov. *Su álma en ſu pálma*, his ſoul in the palm of his hand; a man may diſpoſe of himſelf at will.

PALMA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke with the palm of the hand.

PALMADI'CA, ſ. f. dimin. of
PALMADI'LLA, *palmada*.

PALMA'R, ſ. m. a grove of date-trees.

Palmár, adj. that is a ſpan long.

PALMATO'RIA, ſ. f. a ferula, ſuch as they uſe at ſchool to ſtrike boys on the hands.

PALMEA'R, v. n. to clap with the hands; in cant, to whip.

PALME'NTA, ſ. f. in cant, a letter.

PALMENTE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, a letter-carrier.

PALMERO, ſ. m. obſ. a pilgrim.

PALME'TA, ſ. f. a ferule to chaſtiſe children with.

PALMI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſort of coarſe cloth.

PALMI'TO, ſ. m. the branch of the palm-tree.

Eſtár veſtido como un palmíco, to have many cloaths on.

PA'LMO, ſ. m. a ſpan.

A maravédi el pálmo, very cheap.

Jugar

Jugár al pálmo, to play at ſpan-farthing.

Tenér una tierra medida a palmos, to know every foot of a country.

PALMOTE'AR, v. a. v. *PALMEAR*.

PA'LO, ſ. m. ſtick, cudgel, ſtaff, a piece of timber or of wood; alſo a ſtroke with a ſtick or cudgel.

Pálo de ſoto, a hedge-ſtake.

Pálo de reſpéto, a iury-maſt, being commonly a main, or fore-yard, ſet up inſtead of a maſt loſt in ſtorm or fight, to get the ſhip to port.

Dár de pàlos, to cudgel.

Eſtár puéſto en quátro pálos, to be ſet upon four poles; that is, to be hanged and quartered.

PALO'MA, ſ. f. a female dove.

Palóma ʒurrána, ſ. f. a wild pigeon.

Palòma torcáʒ, ſ. f. a ring-dove.

PALOMA'R, ſ. m. a dove-houſe.

Prov. *Anda la gáta en el palomár*, the cat is in the dove-houſe; a man is got among the women.

PALOMARE'ZA, *PALOMARIE'GA*, ſ. f. a poor little pigeon.

PALOME'RA, ſ. f. an open place expoſed to all wind and weather.

PALOMERI'A, ſ. f. the ſport of killing doves.

PALOME'RO, adj. applied to a dart with which they kill the wild pigeons.

PALOMI'LLA, ſ. m. the herb fumitory; alſo a little dove. In horſes and mules, is what we called hogbacked; that is, a riſing on the back.

PALOMI'NA, ſ. f. idem; alſo pigeon's dung.

PALOMI'NO, ſ. m. a young pigeon.

PALOMI'TA, *PALOMI'TO*, ſ. m. a little pigeon.

PALO'MO, ſ. m. a male dove; in cant, a dunce.

Palómo calʒádo, a rough-footed pigeon.

PALO'N, ſ. m. in blaſonry, a ſtreamer.

PALOTA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke on a drum.

PALO'TE, ſ. m. in cant, a clumſy clownish fellow.

Palótes, ſ. m. pl. ſhort ſmall ſticks, like drumſticks.

Perico el de los palótes, a fool that uſed to go about drumming with two little drumſticks.

PALPA'BLE, adj. palpable, to be felt; clear, evident, patent.

PALPABLEME'NTE, adv. palpably.

PALPADU'RA, *PALPAMIE'NTO*, ſ. f. ſ. m. the act of feeling.

PALPA'R, v. a. to feel; alſo to know evidently.

PA'LPEBRA, ſ. f. the eye-lid.

PALPITACIO'N, ſ. f. palpitation, beating of the heart.

PALPITA'R, v. n. to beat as the heart or the pulſe does; to pant as one out of breath.

PALTA, ſ. f. a fruit like a pear, ſo called.

PALTO, ſ. m. a kind of pear-tree ſo called.

PALU'DE, ſ. f. a marſh, a moraſs.

PALUDO'SO, adj. marſhy, boggy.

PALUMBA'RIO, adj. an epithet applied to the hawk that catches wild pigeons.

PALU'RDO, adj. ruſtick, clownish uncouth.

PALU'STRE, idem.

P A M

PA'MPANA, ſ. f. a vine-leaf.

PAMPANA'DA, ſ. f. the juice or ſap preſſed out of the young ſhoots of vines; thoſe ſame ſhoots dreſſed and eaten like aſparagus.

PAMPANAGE, ſ. m. abundance of vine-leaves or tendrils.

PAMPANA'R, ſ. m. v. *EMPANA'DA*.

PAMPANI'LLA, ſ. f. a dreſs uſed by the Americans.

PAMPANI'LLO, ſ. m. a little vine-branch.

PA'MPANO, ſ. m. a tendril, a vine-branch.

PAMPANO'SO, adj. full of vine-branches.

PA'MPHILO, ſ. m. they give this name to a handſome fellow that is ſome-what foolish.

PAMPIROLA'DA, ſ. f. a ſauce ſo called.

PAMPLI'LLA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

PAMPLI'NA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

PAMPOSA'DO, adj. obſ. lazy, idle, unwilling to ſtir.

PAMPRINGA'DA, ſ. f. a ſop in the pan.

P A N

PAN, ſ. m. bread, corn, a loa pl. *panes*, which means the corn in the field, and alſo loaves. See *PANES*.

Pan de léche, manchet bread.

Pan granʒóſo, coarſe bread with the bran in it.

Pan levádo, leavened bread.

Pan candeál or *candial*, white bread.

Pan de sómas, houſhold-bread.

Pan reciente, new bread.

Pan de póya, bread made of ſeveral ſorts of dough.

Pan báʒo, brown-bread.

Pan cencéño, unleavened bread.

Pan de acemíte, the fineſt white bread.

Pan de boróna, bread made of a ſmall ſort of grain, and eaten only by the pooreſt people.

Pan eſponjóſo, light ſpungy bread.

Pán de eſpécias, ginger bread.

Pan de lo, a cake made of the fineſt flour, ſugar, eggs, and orange-flower water well beaten together.

Pan cuchillo, the herb wild purſlain.

Pan y queſillo, an herb ſo called.

Pan porcinó, the herb called ſow-bread.

Pan de higos, a maſs of figs and almonds preſſed together in the form of a loaf.

Pan floreádo, bread of the fineſt flour.

Pan de aʒúcar, a ſugar-loaf.

Pan de roſas, a cake of roſes.

Pan de xabón, a cake or great piece of hard ſoap.

Pan de óro, a maſs of ſolid gold.

Pan mal cocido, ill baked bread; metaph. an ungrateful man.

Pan perdido, loſt bread; an idle fellow.

A pan y cuchillo, at bed and board.

No ſe le cuéze el pan, his bread does not digeſt; he is reſtleſs and unquiet.

Del pan y del pálo, a bit and a knock.

No comér el pan de valde, to earn one's bread.

Comér el pan de los niños, to eat the children's bread; that is, to rob one's ward.

Con ſu pan ſe lo cóma, let him eat it with his bread; that is, let him take it for his pains; much good may it do him; ſaid when a man does any thing amiſs, and we will not concern ourſelves with it.

Pan por pan, y vino por vino, to ſpeak plain.

Prov. *A falta de pan buénas ſon tortas*, cake is good for want of bread. A hard ſhift to eat pie-cruſt inſtead of bread.

Prov. *Aun dura el pan de la boda*, the wedding-loaf laſts ſtill; that is, it is honey moon ſtill.

Prov. *El pan comido la, compaña deshécha*, as ſoon as the bread is eaten, the company is broke up. No longer pipe, no longer dance.

Prov. *Al enhornar ſe hácen los panos tuertos*, the loaves are made awry when they are put into the oven. Man is corrupted in his youth.

Prov. *Váya con Diós que un pan me lléva*, fare him well, he carries away a loaf of mine. So they ſay when a creditor dies or runs away; or when a man has cheated another.

Prov. *Por múcho pan núnca mal año*, much corn never makes a bad year. Plenty is God's bleſſing.

Prov. *A pan dúro diénte agúdo*, a ſharp tooth to hard bread. Diamond muſt cut diamond.

Prov. *A póco pan tómar primero*, where there is little bread, eat firſt. It is good to be before-hand at ſhort commons.

Prov. *A quién no le sóbra pan, no crie can*, he that has no bread to ſpare muſt not keep a dog.

Prov. *Ara bién hóndo, cogerás pan en abóndo*, plough deep, and you will reap abundance of corn; that is, take pains and you will thrive.

PANA'CE, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

PANACE'A, ſ. f. an univerſal remedy.

PANADEA'R, v. a. to make bread to ſell.

PANADE'RA, ſ. f. a woman baker.

PANADERI'A, ſ. f. the bakers ſtreet, a baker's ſhop.

PANADE'RO, ſ. m. a baker.

PANADIZO, ſ. m. a whitloe in a finger.

PANA'L, ſ. m. a honey-comb.

PANARI'ZO, ſ. m. a fellon, or whitloe on a finger.

PANA'RRA, ſ. m. a dullart, a dolt, a ſtupid lazy fellow.

PANCA'DA, ſ. f. a kick, a blow with the foot.

PANCA'RPIA, ſ. f. a garden made of all ſorts of flowers.

PANCE'RA, ſ. f. the armour for the belly.

PA'NCHO, ſ. m. the belly.

PANCRA'TICO, adj. relating to the pancreas.

PA'NCREAS, ſ. m. the pancreas, ſituated between the bottom of the ſtomach, and the vertebræ of the loins; it weighs commonly four or five ounces.

PANDA'RSE, v. r. obſ. to bow oneſelf.

PANDE'CTA, ſ. f. among merchants, the repertory or book where the name of all the correſpondents is found, as well as the folio wherein is their account in the great book.

Pandéctas, ſ. f. pl. a collection, or volume of the civil law, containing the whole body of it.

PANDE'O, ſ. m. a flexure in the middle of any thing.

PANDERA'RO, ſ. m. a blow given with the *pandero*.

PANDERE'TE, ſ. m. dim. of *pandéro*. In cant, a cheat at cards.

PANDERETE'AR, v. n. to play upon the tabor merrily.

PANDERETE'O, ſ. m. the act of playing merrily, upon a tabor.

PANDERETE'RO, ſ. m. one that plays on the *pandéro*, or that ſells or makes them.

PANDE'RO, ſ. m. an inſtrument like a little drum, a tabor.

Prov. *No tódo es véro lo que ſuéna el pándéro*, all is not true that the timbrel ſounds; we muſt not believe all we hear.

PANDI'LLA, ſ. f. a combination of ſome to cheat others.

PANDILLI'STA, ſ. m. a cheat, one that confederates with others in order to cheat. A factious fellow, one that is loud in a faction.

PANDILLADO'R, ſ. m. a cheat at cards.

PA'NDO, adj. inclined, crooked; alſo heavy, lumpiſh.

PANDO'RGA, ſ. f. a mad confuſed noiſe of many inſtruments made deſignedly for ſport; alſo a fat lazy woman.

PAND'URRIA, ſ. f. a muſical inſtrument.

PANECI'LLO, *PANECI'TO*, ſ. m. a ſmall loaf.

PANEGY'RICO, ſ. m. a panegyrick, an oration made in praiſe of any perſon.

Panegyrico, adj. relating to a panegyric or elogy.

PANEGYRI'STA, ſ. f. a panegyriſt.

PANE'LAS, ſ. m. pl. plates in heraldy, ſilver rounds in the eſcutchon.

PANE'RA, ſ. f. a bin, a basket, or other thing to keep or carry bread or corn.

PA'NES, ſ. m pl. the corn on the ground; alſo the loaves.

Pánes en bérza, green corn.

No ſe lra a los pánes, he ſhall not go into the corn; ſaid when a man or beaſt is ſecured.

PANETE'LA, ſ. f. panado, bread boiled with water, ſugar, honey, or other ingredients.

PANETERI'A, ſ. f. the place where bread is diſtributed at court.

PANIAGUA'DO, ſ. m. a ſervant in a family allowed bread and water, meat and drink.
PA'NICO, adj. panick, with fear, without cauſe.
PANI'CULO, ſ. m. the skin that covers the ſkull.
PANIE'GO, adj. bread-eater.
Tiérra paniégo, good corn-land.
PANIFICA'R, v. a. to bring forth corn.
PANI'LLA, ſ. f. a certain meaſure of oil.
PANI'ZO, ſ. m. Indian wheat, or the place where it is ſowed.
PANO'JA, ſ. f. a ſtalk of any thing that grows, by ſome called a catkin, by others a palm.
PANTA'LLA, ſ. m. a skreen, any thing uſed to exclude light.
PANTA'NO, ſ. m. a pool, a moraſs; alſo a great obſtacle or hindrance.
PANTANO'SO, adj. boggy, marshy.
PANTHE'RA, ſ. f. the wild beaſt called a panther.
PANTO'METRA, ſ. f. a compaſs of proportion.
PANTOMI'MO, ſ. m. one that imitates the geſtures of all men.
PANTORRI'LLA, ſ. f. the calf of the leg.
PANTORRILLE'RA, ſ. f. a kind of ſtockings that makes the calves of the legs appear greater than what they are.
PANTORRILLU'DO, adj. one that has great calves of the legs.
PANTUFLA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a ſlipper.
PANTU'FLO, ſ. f. a ſlipper.
PA'NZA, ſ. f. the paunch, the belly.
PANZA'DA, ſ. f. a blow on the belly; alſo a bellyful of any food.
PANZU'DO, adj. having a great belly.

P A ñ

PAñA'L, ſ. m. a clout to turn a child dry; the end of a man's ſhirt that hangs out at his breeches.
PAñAIO'N, ſ. m. a great clout; a ſlovenly fellow whoſe ſhirt hangs out at his breeches.
PAñE'RO, ſ. m. a woollen-draper.
PAñE'TES, ſ. m. pl. a ſort of open breeches or drawers worn by fiſhermen and others.
PAñI'TO, ſ. m. a bit of cloth or linen.
PAñIZUE'LO, ſ. m. a handkerchief.
PA'ñO, ſ. m. cloth. In architecture, the curtain of a wall.
Páño de narizes, a handkerchief.
Páño báxo, coarſe cloth.
Páño de cára, idem.
Páño de mános, a towel.
Páños ſoſſegádos, obſ. a grave garment.
Páño de lino, linen cloth.
Páño de lána, woollen cloth.
Páño en el róſtro, a ſcurf on the face.
Páño en el ójo, a blemish in the eye.
Páños de páred, hangings.
PAñO'L, ſ. m. the bread-room and powder-room in a ship.
PAñO'SO, adj. ſcurfy.
PAñUE'LO, ſ. m. a little cloth, a handkerchief.

P A P

PAPA, ſ. m. the pope.
Papa, ſ. f. the pap for children.
PAPA'DA, ſ. f. a great double chin, a great hanging fleshy chin, a dewlap.
PAPADI'LLA, ſ. f. dimin. of *papáda*.
PAPA'DO, ſ. m. the popedom.
PAPAFI'GO, ſ. m. a ſmall bird ſo called.
PAPAGAYA'DO, adj. of the colour of, or like a parrot.
PAPAGA'YO, ſ. m. the general name for all parrots.
Papagáyo, a fish like a tench; in cant, a ſpy or informer; alſo a kind of tulip.
Papagáyo de las Indias, an herb called popingay.
Hablár cómo papagáyo, to talk like a parrot; to talk very much, to talk nothing to the purpoſe.
PAPAHI'GO, ſ. m. a ſort of dinghood for foul weather, or a hat or cap made to pull down about one in cold or foul weather. At ſea, it is the main-ſail without a bonnet.
Papahigo, ſ. m. a little bird that feeds on figs and grapes; a fig-pecker.
PAPA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the pope.
PAPALI'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of cap with points that cover the ears.
PAPALME'NTE, adv. with the pope's authority.
PAPANA'TAS, ſ. m. a dunce, a perſon eaſy to be deceived.
PAPANDU'JO, adj. looſe, ſoft.
PAPA'R, v. n. to eat; to eat any hing that is ſoft; alſo to neglect any thing.
Papár moſcas ò viento, to have the mouth open like a fool.
PAPARO, a clown, a fellow that gazes and is amazed at all he ſees.
PAPARRA'BIAS, ſ. m. a man eaſily put in a paſſion.
PAPARRASO'LLA, ſ. f. a hob-goblin; a Robin-good-fellow; or as we ſay to the children, the bull-beggar, the bugbear.
PAPASA'L, ſ. m. a ſort of ſport among children; noiſy proceedings in law, which are nothing to the purpoſe; a foolish fellow, a blockhead.
PAPAZ, ſ. m. a name given on the coaſt of Africa to the Chriſtian prieſts.
PAPA'ZGO, ſ. m. the popedom, the papal dignity, the pontificate.
PAPE'L, ſ. m. paper.
Papél de farſánte, the part of an actor, the cue.
Papél de eſtráza, brown paper.
Papéles, ſ. m. is uſed for writings.
PAPELEA'R, v. a. to turn over papers in ſearch of ſomething written in them.
PAPELE'RA, ſ. f. a writing-desk.
PAPELERI'A, ſ. f. an heap of uſeleſs papers.
PAPELE'RO, ſ. m. a man that ſells paper.
PAPELI'LLA, ſ. f. a little bit

of paper to annote ſomething upon; alſo a cornet of paper.

PAPELI'CO, } ſ. m. a little
PAPELILLO, } paper.

PAPELI'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of earthen veſſel ſo called; alſo a ſort of fine ſilk ſtuff.

PAPELI'STA, ſ. m. a man that is always buſy among papers or writtings.

PAPELITO, ſ. m. a little paper.

PAPELO'N, ſ. m. large paper, old waſte paper; alſo paſteboard.

PAPELONADA, adj. in blanſonry, ſcaly, in the form of ſcales.

PAPE'RA, ſ. f. a ſwelling in the throat.

PAPE'RO, ſ. m. the pipkin uſed to make the pap for children.

PAPIALBI'LLO, ſ. m. a kind of weaſel.

PAPIGO'RDO, ſ. m. one that is fat about the throat.

PAPI'LLA, ſ. f. pap for children.

No piénſes dárme papilla, do no think to give me pap; that is, to make a child of me, to impoſe upon me.

PAPI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *papo*.

PAPIROTA'DA, ſ. f. a filip, or a blow on the neck or face.

PAPIRO'TE, ſ. m. a fillip.

PAPI'TA, ſ. f. pap for children.

PAPI'STA, ſ. m. a papiſt, a name given by the proteſtants to the Roman catholicks.

PA'PO, ſ. m. the throat; a great fat hanging chin; the dewlap of a beaſt, the maw of a bird; the puff that grows on the thiſtle; an old-faſhioned ſort of headdreſs; metaph. pride, ſtatelineſs; alſo uſed for that part of a woman called Venus mount.

Hablár de papo, to talk in the throat, affecting greatneſs.

Hablár papo a papo, to ſpeak plain, and face to face.

Hacér papo como mona, to fill the chops like a monkey.

Una en papo, y otra en ſaco, one in the mouth, the other in the pouch; that is, to eat and carry away.

Eſtár en papo de buytre, to be in the vulture's maw; that is, to be abſolutely loſt, paſt recovery.

PAPO'N, ſ. m. a great eater, a great maw; alſo a ſort of melon.

PAPU'DO, adj. that has a great maw or dewlap.

PAPUJA'DO, adj. having much fleſh about the neck.

PA'PULA, ſ. f. a ſmall tumour under the chin.

PAPYRO, ſ. m. a plant, where with the ancients made a kind of paper to write upon.

P A Q

PAQUEBO'T, ſ. m. the ſmall veſſel that ſerves to carry the mails of letters or expreſſes.

PAQUETE, ſ. m. a ſmall pack; a packet of letters.

P A R

PAR, ſ. m. a pair, a couple; alſo a peer; as, *un par de Inglaterra*, a peer of England.

A par de úna eóſa, juſt by, or even with a thing.

Sin par, not to be paralleled, or equalled.

A la par, equally.

De par en par; as *la puérta eſta abiérta de par en par*, the door ſtands wide open.

PARES, pl. of *par*, vide *PARES*.

PA'RA, adv. for, to.

Para mucho, good for much, of great value.

Para poco, good for little, of ſmall capacity.

Para que? for what? or, to what purpoſe?

Para que, to the end that.

Para ſiempre, for ever.

Para cón él no vale nada, in his opinion it is worth nothing.

PARABIE'N, ſ. m. congratulation.

Dar un parabien, to give joy, to congratulate.

PARABIENE'RO, ſ. m. one who gives or wiſhes joy.

PARA'BOLA, ſ. f. a parable; in geometry, parabola; a conick ſection ariſing from a cone's being cut by a plane parallel to one of its ſides, or parallel to a plane that touches one ſide of the cone.

PARABOLA'NO, ſ. m. one who uſes parables.

PARABO'LICO, adj. parabolical expreſſe by parable.

PARACHRONI'SMO, ſ. m. a wrong computation of times.

PARACLE'TO, } ſ. m. a holy
PARACLITO, } meſſenger

PARA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtop, a place to ſtay or ſtop at; the parade where ſoldiers aſſemble for guards or other duty.

PARADE'RA, ſ. f. a mill-dam.

PARADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſtopping place; alſo the end of any thing.

PARADI'GMA, ſ. m. an example.

PARADILLA, ſ. f. a little ſtop.

PARADISLE'RO, ſ. m. the ſportſman that waits for game without ſtirring from his place. Alſo a news-monger.

PARADO'R, ſ. m. a carrier's inn.

PARADO'XA, ſ. m. a paradox; a ſtrange propoſition or opinion, different from the general opinion of the world.

PARADO'XICO, adj. paradoxical, including an apparent impoſſibility.

PARADO'XO, adj. ſtrange uncommon.

PARA'GE, ſ. m. a place; as, *En tal paráge*, in ſuch a place. *Hómbre de paráge*, a gentleman.

PARAGO'N, ſ. m. v. *PARANGON*.

PARAGONA'R, v. a. v. *PARANGONA'R*.

PARA'GRAPHO, ſ. m. v. *PARA'FO*.

PARAI'SO, ſ. m. paradiſe, any place of felicity.

PARALA'CTICO, adj. parallactick, belonging to a parallax.

PARALA'XE, } ſ. f. a parallax;
PARALA'XIS, } the diſtance between the true and apparent place of any ſtar viewed from the earth.

PARALELOPI'PEDO, ſ. m. a parallepipedon; a ſolid figure contained under ſix parellelograms, the oppoſite of which are equal and parallel.

PARALELI'SMO, ſ. m. parallelism; the ſtate of being parallel.

PARALE'LO, ſ. m. parallel, a line that runs equidiſtant from another a parallel line; alſo any compariſon made.

PARALELOGRA'MO, ſ. m. a parallelogram; in geometry, a right lined quadrilateral figure, whoſe oppoſite ſides are parallel and equal.

PARA'LIO, ſ. m. a plant.

PARALIPO'MENON, ſ. m. books in the Bible, commonly called the Chronicles.

PARALOGI'SMO, ſ. m. a deceitful concluſion, or captious way of reaſoning or arguing.

PARALOGIZA'R, v. n. to argue in a falſe manner.

PARALYTICA'DO, adj. touched with the palſy.

PARALYTICO, adj. paralytick, troubled with the palſy.

PARAMENTA'R, v. a. to hang as aroom, to trap as a horſe, or to dreſs as a man or woman.

PARAME'NTO, ſ. m. all hanging ornaments.

PA'RAMO, ſ. m. a deſert, or open empty place.

PARANCE'RO, ſ. m. a bird catcher.

PARANGO'N, ſ. m. an equal, or even match; alſo the print called great primer.

PARANGO'NA, ſ. f. a type in printing ſo called.

PARANGONA'R, v. a. to equal, to compare, to match.

PARANYMPHO, ſ. m. a paranymph, brideman; alſo one who brings good news.

PARA'NZA, ſ. f. a kind of artificial hut made by ſportſmen to conceal themſelves, and wait the for paſſage of game.

PARAPE'TO, ſ. m. a parapet or breaſtwork to cover men that they may ſtand behind to defend a place, our of ſhot.

PARA FRASI, ſ. f. a paraphraſe, an expoſition of a thing in other words.

PARA'R, v. a. to ſtop.

Parár miéntes, to mark, to obſerve.

Parár en el juégo, to bet one's money at play.

Juego del parár, the game at hazard.

Parár de tenazón, to ſtop short in the career.

PARASI'TO, ſ. m. a paraſite, a flatterer.

PARASO'L, ſ. m. an umbrella.

PARASYSMO, ſ. m. paroxiſm.

PARATI'TLA, ſ. f. a ſummary, an abridgment.

PA'RGAS, ſ. f. pl. the deſtinies Clotho, Lacheſis, and Atropos.

PARCAMEN'TE, adv. ſcarcely.

PARCHA'ZO, ſ. m. a large patch.

PA'RCHE, ſ. m. a patch, alſo a drum.

PARCIA'L, adj. partial.

PARCIALIDA'D, ſ. f. partiality; alſo a party or faction.

PARCIALI'ZAR, v. a. be partial, to favour one more than another.

PARCIALME'NTE, adv. partially.

PARCIDAD, ſ. f. parſimony.

PARCIONE'RO, ſ. m. a partner, or partaker.

PARCER, v. a. obſ. to pardon.

PARCO, adj. frugal, ſober.

PARDAL, ſ. m. a ſparrow.

Pardál, a tiger or leopard; alſo a ſort of camel called camelopard.

Pardál, adj. clownish, from the country; alſo cunning, crafty.

PARDEA'DO, adj. dark brown.

PARDEA'R, v. n. to appear dark or brown.

PARDIE'Z, an interj. ſygnifying, by ten, inſtead of *por Dios*, by God.

PARDILLO, *PARDI'SCO*, ſ. m. the bird called a linnet.

Pardillo, adj. of a greyish colour.

PA'RDO, adj. grey.

Pardó, ſ. m. a leopard.

PARDU'SCO, adj. brownish.

PAREA'R, v. a. to pair, to match.

PARECE'R, v. n. to ſeem, to appear, to be like, to reſemble.

Parecér en juyzio, to appear in court.

Parecér una coſa, to be found, as it were to appear.

Parecér bién ò mal, to look well or ill.

Parecer de léxos, to appear at a diſtance.

Parecérſea ótro, to be like another.

Parecérſe que es aſsi, to think, to be of opinion it is ſo.

Prov. *Bién áya quién a los súyos paréce*, good luck betide him that is like his friends. Uſed ſeriouſly, when a man follows the good example of his parents; and ironically, when he copies their vices.

Prov. *Quién no paréce, peréce*, he that does not appear, periſhes, that is, if a man does not look to his buſineſs and appear in it himſelf, it will never be well done; or if he has not confidence to intrude as others do, he may ſtarve.

PARECE'R, ſ. m. opinion, judgment; alſo the preſence, mien, and countenance.

Prov. *No háy quién yérre, ſinó el que ſu parecér quiére*, no man errs but he that is fond of his own judgment. Poſitive men commit moſt miſtakes.

PARE,D, ſ. m. a wall of a houſe.

Paréd de cal y cánto, a ſolid wall of lime and ſtone.

Paréd maéſtra, the main wall.

Paréd daſplomáda, a wall that is not perpendicular.

Paréd en médio, the next houſe, that has only a wall between.

Pared de piédra ſéca, a dry wall of ſtones laid one upon another without mortar.

No dexár eſtáca en pared, to take away all that is in a houſe, without leaving ſo much as a pin in a wall.

Darſe de cab eçádas en las paréder, to knock one's head againſt the walls; to be outrageous, not value what miſchief one does oneſelf.

Dar con álgo en la pared, to dash a thing againſt the wall.

Ponér piés en pared, to ſet one's feet againſt the wall; that is, to ſtand ſtiffly to what one ſays.

Pegár la bóca a la paréd, to cling one's mouth to the wall; that is, to gendure one's wants without complaining.

Eſtár éntre cuátro paréder, to live very retired; to be in priſon.

Soltár parédes, to run away over houſes and walls.

Prov. *Parédes tiénen oydos*, the walls have ears.

Prov. *Trás paréd, ni trás séto, no digas tu ſecréto*, do not tell your ſecret behind a wall or a hedge, leſt another be on the other ſide and hear it.

Prov. *Quién en la paréd póne móte, viénto viéne en el cogóte*, he that writes ſentences on the wall, has wind in his pole; that is, has an empty ſkull; is a fool.

PAREDA'ÑO, adj. parted only by a wall.

PAREDI'LLO, ſ. f. a little wall; alſo a trammel-net.

PAREDO'N, ſ. m. an old wal of ſome ruined ſtructure.

PAREJA, ſ. f. a couple, a pair.

PARE'JO, adj. equal, alike.

Andár a paréjas, to go alike.

Corrér paréjas, to run or ride equal, as it were hand in hand; metaph. to be alike in any other thing.

Tenér paréjas en naipes, to be equal at cards, as to have equal points at piquet.

PAREJU'RA, ſ. f. equality, likeneſs.

PARE'NESIS, ſ. f. an admonition, an exortation.

PARENE'TICO, adj. monitory, exhortatory.

PARENTACIO'N, ſ. f. ſolemn exequies for our kindred.

PARENTA'L, adj. belonging to parents or kindred.

PARENTE'LA, ſ. f. kindred; affinity or conſanguinity with any perſon.

PARE'NTHESIS, ſ. f. a parentheſis; interpoſition of ſome words in the middle of a ſentence, which may be left out, and yet the ſenſe remain perfect.

PARE'O, ſ. f. the act of matching two things.

PA'RES, ſ. m. pl. even, pairs, any even number.

Páres y nónes, even and odd.

Páres de Fráncia, peers of France.

Páres de mugér, the ſecandine, or afterbirth.

PARESCE'R, v. a. vide *PARECE'R*.

PARERGO'N, ſ. m. addition made to one thing to beautify it.

PARGAMI'NO, ſ. m. v. *PERGAMINO*.

PARHELIA, ſ. m. a parhelion; the image of the ſun that appears in the clouds.

PA'RIAS, ſ. f. pl. an acknowledgment or tribute one prince pays to another.

PARICIO'N, ſ. f. the act of lying in, of bringing forth.

PARI'DA, ſ. f. a lying-in woman, a woman delivered of a child.

Eſta parida la gata? Has the cat kittened? This queſtion they ask when there are many lights more than needs.

PARIDA'D, ſ. f. parity, equality.

PARIDE'RA, ſ. f. a good breeder.

PARIDE'RO, ſ. m. the place where cattle bring forth their young.

PARI'DO, adj. delivered, brought to bed, brought forth, born; uſed for all beaſts as well as human creatures.

PARIE'NTA, ſ. f. a kinſwoman.

PARIE'NTE, ſ. m. a kinſman.

No hai pariénte póbre, no relation is poor; people in proſperity will not own they have any poor kindred.

Prov. *A ſon de pariéntes búſca que meriendes*, when you have made a noiſe of your kindred, look for ſomething to eat for your afternoon's luncheon; that is, though you can boaſt ever ſo much of your great and rich kindred, yet get your bread, own there is no truſting to them.

Prov. *Tenér pariéntes en la cocina*, to have kindred in the kitchen; to have friends at court.

PARIETA'RIA, ſ. f. the herb pellitory.

PARIFICA'R, v. a. to prove by an example.

PARIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. a previous agreement.

PARI'R, v. a. to be delivered of a child, to bring forth young.

PA'RLA, ſ. f. prating, chatting.

PARLADI'LLO, ſ. m. an affected phraſe.

PARLADO'R, ſ. m. a prating perſon.

PARLAME'NTA'R, v. a. to parley, to treat, to article.

PARLAME'NTO, ſ. m. a ſpeech, an oration; alſo a parliament.

PARLA'R, v. n. to chat.

PARLATO'RIO, ſ. m. a parlour in monaſteries of nuns.

PARLERI'A, ſ. f. prating, chatting.

PARLE'RO, ſ. m. a pratting or talkative fellow; alſo one that carries tales, that tells all he ſees or knows.

PARLE'TA, ſ. f. a converſation.

PARLON, adj. loquacious.

PARLOTE'AR, v. n. to keep a long converſation.

PARO, ſ. m. a very ſmall bird living upon inſects.

PARO'LA, ſ. f. a word; alſo loquacity.

PARONI'ÇHIA, ſ. f. the herb whitloegraſs.

PARO'TIDAS, ſ. f. pl. ſwellings behind the ears.

PAROXI'SMO, ſ. m. a paroxyſm, a fit.

PARPADEA'R, v. n. to twinkle with the eyes.

PAR'PADO, ſ. m. the eye-lid.

PARPA'LLA, *PARPALO'TA*, ſ. f. a ſmall copper coin ſo called.

PARPA'R, ſ. m. the cry of a duck.

PARQUE, ſ. m. a park.

PARQUEDA'D, ſ. f. parſimony, niggardlineſs, frugality.

PA'RRA, ſ. f. a vine that runs up againſt a wall.

PARRA'L, ſ. m. the wall againſt which the vine runs up.

PA'RRAPHO, ſ. m. a paragraph.

PARRA'R, v. n. to extend or ſpread the branches.

PARRICI'DA, ſ. m. a parricide, one who murders his father, mother, or relation.

PARRICI'DIO, ſ. m. the crime of murdering one's father or mother.

PARRI'LLA, ſ. f. a gridiron.

PARRI'ZA, ſ. f. a wild vine.

PARRO, ſ. m. a gooſe.

PARRO'CHIA, ſ. f. a parish.

PARROCHIA'L, adj. belonging to a parish.

PARROCHIA'NO, ſ. m. a pariſhioner; alſo a cuſtomer to a ſhop.

PA'RROCO, ſ. m. a curate of a parish.

PARSIMO'NIA, ſ. f. parſimony, niggardlineſs, frugality.

PA'RTE, ſ. m. part of any thing.

En tal pár-te, in ſuch a place.

Párte, ſ. m. a paper ſigned by the poſtmaſter, ſpecifying what day and hour a meſſenger ſets out from ſuch a place, to know whether he travels as faſt as he ought, or loiters by the way; ſo called, becauſe it begins with theſe words, *párte a tal hóra*.

Párte por párte, diſtinctly.

No ſoy párte pára éſſo, I have no power to do that.

No téngo párte en éſſo, I have no hand in that.

No me han dádo párte, they have not acquainted me.

Llamár a párte, to call aſide.

Pártes en pléyto, the parties in a lawſuit, the plaintiff and defendant.

Prov. *Quién deſpárte lléva la peór párte*, he who parts a fray gets the worſt.

PARTEA'R, v. a. to play the midwife.

PARTECI'LLA, *PARTECI'CA*, *PARTECI'TA*, } ſ. f. a little part.

PARTE'NCIA, ſ. f. departure, ſetting out.

PARTE'RA, ſ. f. a midwife.

PARTERI'A, ſ. f. midwifery.

PARTESA'NA, ſ. f. a partiſan, ſuch as lieutenants of foot marched with.

PARTI'BLE, adj. partible, diviſible, ſeparable.

PARTICIO'N, ſ. f. particion, dividend.

PARTICIPACIO'N, ſ. f. participation, taking part with.

PARTICIPA'R, v. a. to participate, to have ſhare with.

PARTI'CIPE, ſ. m. a partaker.

PARTICI'PIO, ſ. m. a participle.

PARTI'CULA, ſ. f. a particle, a ſmall part.

PARTICULA'R, adj. particular.

PARTICULARIDA'D, ſ. f. particularity.

PARTICULARIZA'R, v. a. to particularize.

PARTICULARME'NTE, adv. particularly.

PARTI'DA, ſ. f. departure; part; parcel; a part of a country.

Leys de la partida, vide *LE'YES*.

PARTIDAME'NTE, adv. by parts.

PARTI'DO, p. p. departed; alſo divided or parted.

PARTI'DO, ſ. m. a condition, a contract, a capitulation, an agreement; alſo a party or faction; a territory.

Mugér de partído, a common ſtrumpet.

PARTIDO'R, ſ. m. a divider; in arithmethick, the diviſor; a bodkin with which women part their hair; he that cuts at cards.

PARTI'JA, ſ. f. a part, or partition.

PARTIMI'ENTO, ſ. m. parting or dividing.

PARTI'R, v. a. to divide, to depart.

PA'RTO, ſ. m. a birth.

Eſtár de párto, to be in labour.

Pártos y poſpártos, a country term, the early and later young cattle.

Prov. *Párto lárgo y híja al sábo*, a long labour, and a daughter at laſt; a diſappointment after much pains taking.

PARTU'RA, ſ. f. obſ. a contract; a wager.

PARTURIE'NTE, ſ. f. the woman that has lain in, or lays in.

PA'RVA, ſ. f. a heap of corn new thrashed before it is winnowed.

Prov. *Eſtiérca y eſcárda, y cogerás buéna parva*, dung and rake, or weed, and you will have a good heap of corn at harveſt.

PARVEDA'D, *PARVIDA'D*, } ſ. f. ſmallneſs, paucity.

PARVO, adj. ſmall, little.

PARVULE'Z, ſ. f. ſmallneſs, littleneſs.

PA'RVULO, adj. ſmall, little.

PAS

PASCA'SIO, ſ. m. a ſcholar at the univerſity, who lives ſo near in the country, that he goes home upon all great holidays.

PASCO, ſ. m. obſ. paſture, food, meal.

PA'SCUA, ſ. f. the common name of the three feſtivals of the year.

Páſcua de Eſpíritu Sánto, Witſuntide, Pentecoſt.

Páſcua de Natividád, Chriſtmas.

Páſcua de Reſurección, Eaſter.

Páſcua de Flóres, or *Páſcua Florída*, idem.

Prov. *Buéna páſcua dé Diós á Pédro, que núnca me dixo málo, ni buéno*, God give Peter a good feſtival, for he never ſaid good nor bad to me; a woman's prayer for her husband, who lets her have her will in all things; applied to all thoſe who let others under them do their will without controul.

Prov. *Déſpues de páſcua, de reſurección, ni páſſas, ni hígos, ni predicación*, after Eaſter no raiſins, nor figs, nor ſermon. Applied to ſignify any thing that comes out of ſeaſon.

PASCUA'L, adj. of, or belonging to Eaſter.

PASMA'DO, adj. aſtoniſhed, ſtupified.

Viá paſmáda, a vine made faſt to a prop.

PASMA'R, v. a. to aſtoniſh, to ſtupify.

PA'SMO, ſ. m. aſtoniſhment, ſtupefaction.

PASMOSAME'NTE, adv. in an aſtoniſhing or ſupriſing manner.

PASMO'SO, adj. aſtoniſhing wonderful.

PASPIE', ſ. m. a dance ſo called.

PA'SQUA, ſ. f. vide *PA'SCUA*.

PASQUI'N, ſ. m. *PASQUINA'DA*, ſ. f. } a paſquin, a libel.

PA'SSA, ſ. f. a raiſin.

Páſſas del ſol, raiſins of the ſun.

Páſſas de léxia, raiſins dried with aſhes.

Páſſas de corintio, currants.

Eſto páſsa, this is the news, this is the poſture of affairs, this is the truth.

Juégo de páſsa páſsa, juggling tricks.

PASSA'DA, ſ. f. a pace.

PASSADE'RA, ſ. f. any thing that paſſes or goes through another.

PASSADE'RO, adj. paſſable, tolerable.

PASSADI'A, ſ. f. v. *PASSADA*.

PASSADI'ZO, ſ. m. a paſſage, an entry.

PASSA'DO, adj. run through.

Paſsádo con la eſpáda, run through with a ſword.

PASSADO'R, ſ. m. a bolt of a lock, the looſe bolt of a door; a ſhaft, an arrow.

Paſsadór, a ſea-term, an iron pin called a fid.

PASSADORCI'CO, *PASSADORCI'LLO*, *PASSADORCI'TO*, ſ. m. a little bolt, or ſuch like thing that ſlips backwards and forwards.

PASSA'GE, ſ. m. paſſage.

PASSAGE'RO, ſ. m. a traveller, a paſſenger.

PASSAGONZA'LO, ſ. m. a flirt, a ſtroke, a ſwing.

PASSAJUEG'O, ſ. m. a term uſed in playing at ball.

PASSAMANE'RO, ſ. m. a lace-man.

PASSAMA'NO, ſ. m. a lace of gold, ſilver, or ſilk for clothes.

Paſſamano, the piece on ruils of the ſtairs on which we lay our hand as we go up or down.

PASSAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. paſſage, tranſit.

PASSA'NTE, ſ. m. one that paſſes by. In the univerſity, a bachelor, who looks back in order to take his degree of licenciate.

PASSAPASSA, ſ. f. the art of jugling.

PASSAPO'RTE, ſ. m. a paſs for a traveller to prevent his being ſtopped.

PASSA'R, v. a. to paſs, to ſtrike through.

Paſsár por el penſámiento, to enter into one's thoughts.

Paſsár de párte á párte, to run through.

Paſsár a rádo, to ſwim over.

Paſsár éntre renglónes, to omit, to paſs over to let ſlip.

Paſsár hígos ò úvas, to dry figs or grapes.

Paſsar por pópa, to go aft, a ſea term; that is, to go towards the ſtern of the ſhip.

Paſſárſe el papel, to ſink, ſaid of ink on paper.

Paſſárſe el vándo contrário, to go over to the enemy.

Paſſárſe de lárgo, to paſs by without ſtopping.

PASSATIE'MPO, ſ. m. paſtime, diverſion, ſport.

PASSAVOLA'NTE, ſ. m. a man hired by cheathing officers to paſs muſter; a cheathing fellow.

PASSAVOLE'O, ſ. m. a term uſed in playing at ball.

PASSE, ſ. m. the permiſſion ſigned to a paper that it may have its effect.

PASSEADE'RO, ſ. m. a walk, a walking-place.

PASSEADO'R, ſ. m. a walker, one that walks much.

PASSEA'R, v. a. to walk.

PASSE'O, ſ. m. a walk, or walking-place.

PASSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. paſſibility.

PASSI'BLE, adj. paſſible, ſuſceptible of ſufferance.

PASSI'CO, *PASSI'LLO*, *PASSI'TO*, ſ. m. a little ſtep, a little paſſage or entry; adverbially uſed, ſoftly, gently.

PASSIO'N, ſ. f. any paſſion of the mind. Generally uſed to expreſs the paſſion or ſufferings of our Saviour.

Tomár paſsión de algúna cóſa, to be concerned or troubled at any thing.

PASSIONA'RIA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

PASSIONA'RIO, ſ. m. the book in churches, which they uſe to ſing the paſſion in the Holy Week.

PASSIONE'ROS, ſ. m. pl. thoſe that ſing the paſſion in the Holy Week.

PASSI'TO, ſ. m. vide *PASSI'CO*.

PASSIVAME'NTE, adv. paſſively.

PASSI'VO, adj. paſſive.

PA'SSO, ſ. m. a ſtep, a pace; alſo a paſſage, an entry.

Paſſo, adv. ſoftly, gently.

Páſſo de eſcaléra, a ſtep of the ſtairs.

Páſſo de gargánta, ſ. m. a note in ſinging.

Páſſo ánte páſſo, fair and ſoftly.

Vino páſſo, the droppings of the tap.

Dar páſſo, to make way.

Al páſſo del buéy, ſlowly.

A páſſo tirádo, at a good round rate.

Andár en málos páſſos, to follow lewd courſes.

Por el páſſo en que eſtoy, upon the word of a dying man.

Páſſo, no áya mas, hush, no more of it.

Páſſo de áſno, the herb called horſe-foot.

Prov. *Deſpuès de comér dormir, y de cenár pá os mil*, after dinner ſleep a while, after ſupper walk a mile.

Prov. *Quién tropiéza y no cáe, a ſu páſo añade*, he who ſtumbles, and does not fall; adds to his ſtep or his pace. After ſtumbling we ſee a man take a larger ſtride, or more. It ſignifies, that if a man commits a miſtake, provided it be not ſuch as overthrows his buſineſs, he goes on better after wards, as being forewarned.

Prov. *No da páſſo ſegúro, quién córre por el muro*, he goes not a ſtep ſafe who runs along the top of a wall. Men raiſed too high are ever in danger.

Prov. *Páſſo a páſſo van léxos*, fair and ſoftly goes far.

PA'STA, ſ. f. paſte.

Hómbre de buéna páſta, a man of a good diſpoſition.

Oro en páſta, gold in ingots.

PA'STAR, v. a. to feed ſheep.

PASTE'CA, ſ. f. a pulley or block in a ſhip.

PA'STEL, ſ. m. a paſty; alſo an herb of which a blue dye.

Paſtél embóte, a paſty of forced meat.

PASTELERIA

PASTELERI'A, ſ. f. a paſtry-cook's ſhop, or the paſtry-cooks ſtreet.

PASTELE'RO, ſ. m. a paſtry-cook.

PASTELI'LLO, *PASTELITO*, *PASTELI'LLO*, ſ. m. a little pye or paſty.

PASTI'LLA, ſ. f. a paſtile, a little cake of perfume.

Paſtilla de bóca, a paſtile to eat, a perfumed lozenge.

Paſtilla de chocolate, a little cake of chocolate.

PASTINACA, ſ. f. a parſnip; alſo a fish like a thornback.

PA'STO, ſ. m. paſture, food for man or beaſt.

Comér el páſto, to eat by way of ordinary, to board in a houſe.

PASTO'R, ſ. m. a shepherd.

Prov. *Aballa paſtór, las eſpáldas al ſol*, shepherd, turn the sheep's backs towards the ſun.

PASTO'RA, ſ. f. a shepherdeſs.

PASTORA'L, adj. paſtoral, belonging to shep herds.

PASTORALME'NTE, adv. shepherdlike, paſtorally.

PASTORCI'LLO, *PASTORCI'TO*, *PORTORCI'CO*. ſ. m. a little shepherd.

PASTOREA'R, v. n. to play the shepherd, to keep sheep.

PASTORE'LA, ſ. f. a muſical compoſition ſung, played, or danced.

PASTORI'A, ſ. f. the ſtate of a shepherd; a company of shepherds

PASTORI'CIO, *PASTORI'L*, adj. belonging to shepherds.

PASTORILME'NTE, adv. like a shepherd.

PASTO'SO, adj. doughy, full.

PASTU'RA, ſ. f. paſture.

PASTURA'GE, ſ. m. paſturage.

P A T

PA'TA, ſ. f. a paw, a foot; alſo a gooſe.

Pata de león, the herb lion's foot.

Pata apartada, a cloven foot.

Patas arriba, with the feet up in the air.

Pata es la traviéſsa, a term at cards, the hands are alike, draw game.

Prov. *La rellimp,a de Horcájo, que laváda las páras al aſnó*, the over-cleanly woman of Horcajo, who whashes the aſſes feet. Said when any body is clean where it is needleſs ſo to be.

PATA'CA, ſ. f. a piece of money ſo called.

PATA'CHE, ſ. m. a ſmall ſhip ſo called.

PATA'CO, ſ. m. a peaſant a clown.

PATACO'N, ſ. m. a patacoon, a piece of eight.

PATA'DA, ſ. f. a kick.

PATAGO'N, ſ. m. a man that has large feet.

PATAGORRI'LLO, ſ. m. minced liver.

PATALEA'R, v. n. to move one's feet very nimbly; to be in a great paſſion.

PATALE'O, ſ. m. the noiſe made with the feet in dancing, or when in a paſſion.

PATALE'TA, ſ. f. a ridiculous endeavour.

PATALETI'LLA, ſ. f. a kind of dance.

PATA'N, ſ. m. a clown, a lubber

PATANERI'A, ſ. f. ſimplicity, foolishneſs, ignorance.

PATARA'TA, ſ. f. improbable ſtory, tale or relation.

No diga patarátas, don't tell ſtories, or things improbable.

PATARATE'RO, ſ. m. one that tells improbable tales; a liar.

PATARRA'ES, ſ. m. a cable in a ship ſo called.

PATA'TA, ſ. f. the root called a potatoe.

PATATA'L, ſ. m. a field of potatoes.

PATEADO'R, adj. that paws or beats the ground with his feet; ſaid of a horſe.

PATEADU'RA, ſ. f. the act of pawing or kicking.

PATEA'R, v. n. to paw, to kick, to trample upon.

PATE'NA, ſ. f. a flat piece of plate; the paten or little plate that covers the chalice.

PATE'NTE, adj. manifeſt, plain; ſubſtantively uſed, a patent or a commiſſion.

Letras paténtes, letters patent.

PATENTEME'NTE, adv. manifeſtly, plainly.

PATERNA'L, adj. fatherly.

PATERNALME'NTE, adv. in a fatherly manner.

PATERNIDA'D, ſ. f. paternity.

PATE'RNO, adj. fatherly, of or belonging to a father.

PATE'TA, ſ. m. a nickname given to lame people.

PATHE'TICO, adj. pathetick, that moves the paſſions.

PATHOLOGI'A, ſ. f. pathology-that part of medicine which relates to the diſtempers with their differences, cauſes, and effects incident to the human body.

PATIABIE'RTO, adj. that has the legs opened.

PATI'BULO, ſ. m. the gallows

PATI'CA, ſ. f. a little paw, or foot of any beaſt.

Poné'r de paticas en la calle, to turn one out of doors.

PATI'CO, ſ. m. a goſling.

PATICO'JO, adj. lame.

PATIHENDI'DO, adj. cloven-footed.

PATI'LLA, ſ. f. a little paw or foot.

PATI'LLO, ſ. m. a goſling.

PATIMULE'ñO, adj. that has a foot like a mule; ſaid of a horſe.

PATI'N, ſ. m. a goſling; alſo a little court-yard.

PATINE'JO, *PATINI'CO*, ſ. m. a little courtyard.

PATI'NO, ſ. m. vide *PATI*

PA'TIO, ſ. m. a court-yard.

PATITIE'SSO, adj. that is numbed with ſtanding in the cold, and cannot go.

PATITUE'RTO, adj. ſplay-footed.

PATIZA'MBO, adj. crook-legged.

PA'TO, ſ. m. a gander; a gooſe.

Antojadizo cómo páto, as fanciful as a blind gooſe.

Prov. *Páto y gánſo, y anſarón, trés cóſas ſuénan y úna ſon*, three names ſound like three ſeveral things, and yet are but one; ſaid when a man talks the ſame thing over and over again, or uſes abundance of words where a few would ſerve.

PA'TO, ſ. m. (for *páto*) a contract, a bargain, an agreement.
PATOCHA'DA, ſ. f. a blunder in ſpeaking.
PATO'N, ſ. m. that has large paws or feet.
PATRA'ÑA, ſ. f. a fiction, a fable, a ſtory, a cheating trick.
PATRAÑE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who tells a fiction or fable.
PA'TRIA, ſ. f. a man's native country.
PATRIA'RCA, ſ. m. a patriarch, a chief bishop.
PATRIARCA'DO, ſ. m. patriarchship.
PATRIARCHA'L, adj. patriarchal.
PATRI'CIO, ſ. m. a patrician, of the ſenatorian rank.
PATRIMONIA'L, adj. patrimonial, belonging to the patrimony.
Beneficio patrimoniál, a benefice impropriate.
PATRIMO'NIO, ſ. m. patrimony, eſtate, inheritance.
PA'TRIO, adj. of one's country, or of one's father.
PATRIO'TA, ſ. m. born in the ſame country, a compatriot.
PATRIOTI'SMO, ſ. m. patriotiſm, love of one's country.
PATROCINADO'R, ſ. m. who protects.
PATROCINA'R, v. a. to patronize, to protect, to defend.
PATROCI'NIO, ſ. m. patronage, protection, defence.
PATRO'N, ſ. m. a patron, a defender, a maſter; alſo a maſter of a ſhip; alſo a pattern, a ſample.
Patrón, the maſter of the houſe where one is lodged; alſo one who has donation of eccleſiaſtical perferment.
PATRO'NA, ſ. f. the wife of the houſe where a ſoldier is lodged.
PATRONA'TO, ſ. m. the right of confering a benefice; alſo the foundation of a benefice.
PATRONA'ZGO, ſ. m. patronſhip.
PATRONI'MICO, ſ. m. ſurname taken from the father's Chriſtian name.
PATRO'NO, ſ. m. vide *PATRO'N*.
PATRU'LLA, ſ. f. the patrol, or ſoldiers who go about in the night to keep peace.
PATRU'LLAR, v. n. to patrol, to go the rounds in a camp or garriſon.
PATU'DO, adj. that has great paws or feet.
Angel patúdo, the devil.
PATULLA'R, v. n. to walk in the dirt; to be very buſy.

P A U

PAULA'R, ſ. m. a marſhy ground.
PAULI'NA, ſ. f. a decree of excomunication; ill language.
PAUPE'RRIMO, adj. ſuperl. moſt miſerably poor.
PA'USA, } ſ. f. a pauſe, a
PAUSA'DA, } ſtop, a ſtay, a reſt.
PAUSADAME'NTE, adv. leiſurely, deliberately, ſlowly.
PAUSA'N, ſ. m. vide *BAUSA'N*.
PAUSA'R, v. n. to pauſe, to ſtop, to ſtay, to reſt.
PA'UTA, ſ. f. a board with catguts ſtretched upon it at the diſtance that the lines may be writ, which the boys lay under their paper, and preſſing it a little, it leaves all the lines marked on the paper for them to write ſtraight.
PAUTA'R, v. a. to mark the paper with the *pauta*.

P A V

PA'VA, ſ. f. a pea-hen.
PAVA'DA, ſ. f. a large and fat hen.
PAVA'NA, ſ. f. a pavin, a dance ſo called.
PAVELLO'N, ſ. m. a pavilion or tent, a pavilion over a field-bed, or any thing uſed in that nature; alſo a butterfly.
PAVE'S, ſ. m. a great ſhield that covers all the body.
PAVE'SA, ſ. f. the white light aſhes we ſee in the fire, eſpecially wood fire, which will eaſily blow away with the leaſt breath.
PAVESA'DA, ſ. f. a battle of targetiers, or a dance repreſenting ſuch a battle; at ſea, it is what our ſeamen call the fights, being cloths which hang round about the ſhip to hinder men from being ſeen in fight.
PA'VIDO, adj. timorous, fearful.
PAVIME'NTO, ſ. m. pavement, floor.
PAVIO'TA, ſ. f. the ſea-fowl called a gull.
PAVITO, ſ. m. a young turkey-cock.
PA'VO, ſ. m. a turkey-cock.
Pávo reál, a peacock.
PAVO'N, ſ. m. a peacock.
Pavón agréſte, ſ. m. the moor-cock.
PAVONA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtrutting or showing one's ſelf, playing the fop or beau as the peacock ſhews his fine feathers.
PAVONA'R, v. a. to ſanguine, as they do ſword-hilts, or the like.
PAVONA'ZO, ſ. m. an azure colour ſo called.
PAVONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a young turkey-cock.
PAVONEA'R, v. n. to play the fop or beau, to ſtrut and ſhew one's ſelf about as the peacock does his feathers.
PAVO'R, ſ. m. fear, dread.
PAVO'RDE, ſ. m. a dignitary in cathedral churches.
PAVORDI'A, ſ. f. the dignity of *pavórde*.
PAVOROSAME'NTE, adv. fearfully, timorouſly.
PAVORO'SO, adj. timorous, fearful.
PAVU'RA, ſ. f. vide *PAVO'R*.

P A X

PA'XARA, ſ. f. a female bird.
PAXAREA'R, v. n. to go a bird-catching; alſo to loiter, to be idle.
PAXARE'L, ſ. m. a kind of finch.
PAXARE'RA, ſ. f. the cage, or the place where birds breed.
PAXARE'RO, ſ. m. a bird-catcher.

PAXARI'CO, ſ. m. a little bird.
PAXARI'LLA, ſ. f. the milt of any creature, but more particularly of a ſwine.
Hacér temblár la paxarilla, to put a man into fear, to make him quake.
PAXARI'LLO, ſ. f. a little bird.

Prov. *A chico paxarillo, chico nidillo*, a little bird muſt have a little neſt. Mean people muſt have mean things.

Prov. *Al paxarillo que ſe ha de perdér, alillas le han de nacér*, the little bird that is to be loſt muſt have little wings grow; that is, inconſiderable perſons when they grow vain and haughty will be caſt down.

PAXARI'TO, ſ. m. a little bird.

Prov. *A cáda qual ſe llevan los paxaritos en el muladár*, the little birds on the dunghill pay equal honour to all men; that is, ſilly mean perſons pay equal honour to all men.

PA'XARO, ſ. m. a bird.

Prov. *Matár dos páxaros de un tiro*, to kill two birds with one ſhot, with one ſtone.

Prov. *Mas válе páxaro en máno que buytre volándo*, a bird in the hand is better than a vulture flying; one bird in hand is worth two in the bush.

Prov. *Páxaro durmiénte, tárde le éntra cébo en el viéntre*, a ſleeping bird gets meat into his belly late; that his, lazy people are long earning their bread.

PAXARO'TA, *PAXAROTA'DA*, ſ. f. a falſe report.
PAXARRA'CO, *PAXARRU'CO*, ſ. m. a large bird, whoſe name weknow not.

P A Y

PA'YO, ſ. m. a ſhepherd, or clown.
Veſtirſe a lo páyo, to be clad like a country fellow.

P A Z

PAZ, ſ. m. peace.
La paz, is the pax that covers the chalice at maſs, and is ſometimes given to the people to kiſs.
Tomár la paz de la igléſia, to kiſs the pax.
Ponér paz, or *metér paz*, to part thoſe that quarrel.
La paz de Judas, treachery, kiſſing a man to betray him.

Prov. *Quánto ſábes no dirás, quánto vés no juzgarás, ſi quiéres vivir en paz*, you muſt not ſay all you know, nor judge all you will live in peace.

Paz, y paciéncia, y muérte con peniténcia, peace and patience, and a penitent death.

Prov. *Póco y en paz múcho ſe me haz*, a little in peace ſeems to me a great deal.

PAZGUA'TO, adj. foolish, ſtupid, that admires every thing.

P E A

PEA'GE, ſ. m., toll money paid for paſſing over bridges, or the like.
PEAGE'RO, ſ. m. a toll-gatherer.
PEA'L, ſ. m. a ſock, or that part of the ſtocking that covers the foot.
PEA'NA, ſ. f. a pedeſtal for a figure, or any ſuch thing to ſtand on.
PEA'ñA, ſ. f. a ſort of inflamation in a horſe's tongue.
PEAPA', ſ. f. the ſpelling of letters, a ſort of horn-book.
Deziſelo a úno de peapá, to tell a man the whole from the beginning to the end, to tell all one knows, to tell a thing very plain as if every word were ſpelt.

P E B

PEBE'TE, ſ. m. perfume made in long ſticks, like ſticks of ſealing-wax; to burn and perfume the houſe.
PEBETE'RO, ſ. m. the candleſtick, in which the *pebetes* are ſet to burn.
PEBRA'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſauce for a hare, or rabbit.
PE'BRE, a ſort of ſauce made with pepper, vinegar, ſaffron, cloves, and other ingredients, uſed to eat kid with.

P E C

PECA, ſ. f. a freckle on the face.
PECA'BLE, adj. ſuſceptible of ſin.
PECADI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſin.
PECA'DO, ſ. m. a ſin, an offence.
PECADO'R, ſ. m. a ſinner.
PECADO'RA, ſ. f. a woman ſinner.
PECAMINO'SO, adj. ſinful.
PECA'NTE, adj. peccant.
PECA'R, v. n. to ſin, to offend.

Prov. *Málo es pecár, y remálo perſeverár*, it is bad to ſin, and deviliſh to perſiſt in ſin.

PE'CE, ſ. m. a fish.
PECECI'CO, *PECECI'LLO*, *PECECI'TO*, ſ. m. a little fish.
PECEñO, adj. of a pitch-colour.
PECHA, ſ. f. corruptly for *pécho*.
PECHA'R, v. n. to pay a tax or duty.
Pechardino de mánga, in cant, a cheat, between an inn-keeper and a rougue that makes a gueſt pay double for what he has.
PECHA'ZO, ſ. m. a great beaſt.
PECHE'RA, ſ. f. a piece of linen or cloth to cover the breaſt.
PECHERI'A, ſ. f. the ſhare of the tribute we are to pay; a poll-tax.
PECHE'RO, ſ. m. one that is liable to pay all taxes.
PECHI'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of cockle-ſhell the pilgrims wear in their hats.
PE'CHO, ſ. m. the breaſt, a woman's breaſt; alſo tribute or tax.
Hómbre de pécho, a man of courage and valour.
Pécho por tiérra, humbly, proſtrate on the ground.
Deſcubrir ſu pécho, to diſcover one's tought.
Echárſe un cántaro a péchos, to lift up a pitcher, to drink unreaſonably.
Tomár una cóſa a péchos, to intereſt one's ſelf in an affair.
Hombre de buén pécho, a well meaning man.

PECHU'GA, ſ. f. the breaſt or bra ny part of a bird.
PECHUGUE'RA, ſ. f. the whole breaſt; a pain in the breaſt; a cold ſettled in it.
PECILGA'R, v. a. obſ. v. *PELLISCA'R*.
PACILGO, ſ. m. vide *PELLI'SCO*.
PECINA, ſ. f. a fiſh-pond.
PE'CORA, ſ. f. a ſly cunning man; anciently cattle.
PECORE'A, ſ. f. pillaging of ſoldiers.
PECO'SO, adj. freckly.
PECTORA'L, adj. pectoral, good for the breaſt; ſubſtantively uſed, the croſs bishops wear on their breaſt; alſo armour, any defence for the breaſt.
PECULA'DO, ſ. m. peculate, robbery of the public money.
PECULIA'R, adj. one term. peculiar.
PECULIARME'NTE, adv. peculiarly.
PECU'LIO, ſ. m. that which is peculiarly a man's own, particularly that which a father allows a ſon, or a maſter a ſlave to call his own.
PECU'NIA, ſ. f. money.
PECUNIA'RIO, adj. pecuniary.
PECUNIO'SO, adj. wealthy.

P E D

PEDACI'CO, ſ. m. a little piece.
PEDACI'TO, ſ. m. idem.
PEDA'GE, ſ. m. vide *PEA'GE*.
PEDAGO'GO, ſ. m. a pedagogue, a ſchool-maſter, a tutor.
PEDA'NEO, adj. that has a limited juriſdiction. Said of a petty judge.
PEDA'NTE, ſ. m. a pedant.
PEDANTERI'A, ſ. f. pedantry, aukward oſtentation of needleſs learning.
PEDANTE'SCO, adj. pedantick, pedentical.
PEDANTI'SMO, ſ. m. the ignorance or herd of pedants.
PEDA'ZO, ſ. m. a bit, a piece, a fragment.
Pedázo de pan, a bit of bread.
PEDERNA'L, ſ. m. a flint.
PEDESTA'L, ſ. m. a pedeſtal for a ſtatue, or other thing to ſtand upon.
PEDE'STRE, adj. that goes on foot.
PEDICO'X, ſ. m. a hop, a jump upon one foot.
PEDIDO'R, *PEDIGO'N*, ſ. m. one that asks.
PEDIGUE'ñO, adj. one that is always asking or begging.
PEDIME'NTO, ſ. m. a requeſt.
PEDI'R, v. a. to beg, to demand.
Pedir raciones, to beg.
Prov. *Pedir péras al ólmo*, to ask for pears of the elm-tree. To ask impoſibilities.
PE'DO, ſ. m. a fart.
PEDORRE'RA, ſ. f. cloſe trunk-breeches.
PEDO'RRO, ſ. m. a farting fellow.
PEDRA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke of a ſtone; at play, it ſignifies a counter, or one in reckoning.
Prov. *Eſſo cáe como pedráda en ójo de boticário*, that is as fit as a thump with a ſtone in an apothecary's eye. To expreſs a thing is very fit, or proper, as if apothecaries deſerved to be ſtoned.
PEDRE'A, ſ. f. the act of flinging many ſtones at.
PEDRECI'CA, *PEDRECI'LLA*, *PEDRECI'TA*, ſ. f. a little ſtone
PEDRE'GA, *PEDREGA'L*, ſ. m. any ſtony place.
PEDREGO'SO, adj. ſtony, full of ſtones.
PEDREñA'L, ſ. m. a firelock.
PEDRE'RA, ſ. f. a quarry where ſtone is dug out.
PEDRERI'A, ſ. f. a parcel of precious ſtones.
PEDRE'RO, ſ. m. a maſon.
Pedrero, a ſmall piece of artillery ſo called.
PEDREZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little ſtone.
PEDRI'SCO, ſ. m. large hail.
PEDRO, ſ. m. in cant, a hairy kind of coat; alſo a bolt.
PEDRO'SO, adj. ſtony.

P E E

PEE'R, v. n. to fart.

P E G

PE'GA, ſ. f. the pitching of a skin to make it hold liquor; alſo a compoſition to dauh the cows teats, that the calves may not ſuck.
Pega, ſ. f. a magpie.
Sabér a la pega, to taſte of the pitch and roſin, as wine does that has been in the skin.
Dáme péga ſin máncha, daréte móza ſin tácha, ſhew me a magpie all of a colour, and I will ſhew you a maid without a fault, neither it to be found.
PEGADI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall plaſter.
PEGADI'ZO, adj. clammy, that will ſtick to any thing.
PEGADU'RA, ſ. f. ſticking together, or the place or joint where two things ſtick together; alſo pitching and roſining of skins.
PEGAJO'SO, adj. that is apt to ſtick to every thing, clammy, ſticking.
Mal pegajóſo, an infectious or contagious diſtemper.
PEGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſticking, clinging; daubing with pitch.
PEGA'R, v. a. to ſtick, to cling, to daub with pitch; alſo to infect.
Pegár, to beat, to bang, to cudgel.
Pegár fuégo, to ſet on fire.
Pegárſela á alguno, to cheat any body.
PE'GASO, ſ. m. the horſe Pegaſus, that poets feigned.
PEGA'TA, . f. a trick played to one.
PEGO'TE, ſ. m. any ſticking clammy thing.
PEGUJA'L, ſ. m. a ſtock of goods, cattle, or the like, given to a ſon or a ſervant for his own uſe; what ſuch a one gets by his own induſtry; a man's own property.

PEI

PEINA'DA, ſ. f. combing, dreſſing of hair.
PEINA'DO, ſ. m. a womanish man; the curling and dreſſing of hair.
PEINA'DOR, ſ. m. an hair-dreſſer; alſo the linen put on in combing.
PEINADU'RA, ſ. m. combing; alſo the hairs falling in the comb.
PEINA'R, v. to comb, to dreſs.
PEINA'ZO, ſ. m. a large comb.
PEI'NE, ſ. m. a comb; alſo the upper part of the foot.
PEINERI'A, ſ. f. the ſhop where they ſell or make combs.
PEINE'RO, ſ. m. one who ſells combs, or makes them.

PEL

PE'I, ſ. f. v. *PIEL.*
PELA, ſ. f. a boy richly dreſſed.
PELA'DA, ſ. f. the ſheep ſkin.
PELADE'RA, ſ. f. a diſeaſe ſo called, that makes all the hair fall.
PELADI'LLA, ſ. f. a large, ſmooth comfit; alſo a diſeaſe that makes the hair fall off.
Peladilla de arroyo, a pebble-ſtone.
PELA'DO, adj. bald, pulled, that has the hair pulled off; bare.
PELADO'R, ſ. m. one that pulls off the hair, or makes bald.
PELADU'RA, ſ. f. a pilling or pulling off the hair.
PELA'GE. ſ. m. the head of hair, its colour or beauty.
PELA'IRE, ſ. m. a cloth-worker, a fuller, or one that teazes cloth with a teazel.
PELA'MBRE, ſ. m. pilling or pulling off hair, baldneſs.
PELAMBRE'RA, ſ. f. a tan-pit to take the hair off the skins.
PELAME'SA, ſ. f. pulling, or tearing off hair.
PELA'R, v. a. to pull off the hair, to make bald, to pull a fowl.
PELA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſcuffle, a fray, properly among women that tear the hair.
PELE'A, ſ. f. fight, battle, combat.
PELEADO'R, ſ. m. a fighter.
PELEA'R, v. n. to fight.
Pelear de fuéra, to cannonade at a diſtance, as ships do.
PELECHA'R, v. n. to breed new hair; to ſtock, to enrich, to give a new fleece.
PELENDE'NGUES, ſ. m. pl. knots of ribbands women wore on their heads about their ears.
PELIAGU'DO, adj. sharp-haired; ſo they call the kid, calf, and rabbit; alſo intricate, etangled.
Hombre peliagúdo, a very ſly man.
PELIBLA'NDO, adj. that has very ſoft hairs.
PELICA'NO, adj. grey-haired.
Pelicano, ſ. m. a pelican.
PELI'CO, ſ. m. a jerkin shepherds wear, made of sheep-skins with the wool on.
PELICO'RTO, adj. short-haired.
PELILA'RGO, adj. long-haired.
PELIFO'RRA, ſ. f. a whore, a proſtitute, a ſtrumpet.
PELIGRA'R, v. n. to be in danger.
PELI'GRO, ſ. m. danger.
PELIGROSAME'NTE, adv. dangerouſly.
PELIGRO'SO, adj. dangerous.
PELILLO, ſ. m. a little hair.
Echár pelillos a la mar, to forget what is paſt.
PELINE'GRO, adj. black-haired.
PELIQUE'RO, ſ. m. a skinner, a leather-dreſſer or ſeller.
PELITEA'DO, adj. shadowed, drawn with a pencil or coal.
PELI'TRE, ſ. m. the herb pellitory.
PE'LLA, ſ. f. a pellet, a ball, a maſs of any thing.
Pella de nieve, a ſnow-ball.
Pella de manteca, a print or a lump of butter.

Prov. *Si eſta pella a la paréd no péga, aloménos dexará ſeñal*, if this does not ſtick to the wall, yet it will leave a mark; that is, if you abuſe any man very much, though all be not believed, yet ſome impreſſion it will make; in a better ſenſe, though what one labours for, has not all the intended effect, yet will be of ſome help.

PELLA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with a ſnow ball, or the like, alſo a trowelful of mortar.
No dar pelláda, en la obra, not to work a ſtroke, not to lay one trowel of mortar on the work.
PELLE'JA, ſ. f. a skin or hide; but properly that which has wool or hair on it. Metaph. a ſtrumpet.
PELLEJERI'A, ſ. f. the place where skins or hides are ſold; a great quantity of skins or hides.
PELLEJE'RO, ſ. m. a skinner, a leather-ſeller or dreſſer, a currier.
PELLE'JO, ſ. m. a skin or hide, alſo a skin to carry wine or other liquor in.
Mudár el pellejo, to change one's skin, as the ſnake does; to alter one's condition.
Dexar el pellejo en la demánda, to die in the cauſe.
PELLI'CA, ſ. f. a quilt made o fine furs.
PELLICE'RO, ſ. m. v. *PELLEJERO.*
PELLI'CO, ſ. m. the skin wore by shep herds.
PELLISCADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who pinches.
PELLISCA'R, v. a. to pinch; alſo to ſteal.
PELLI'SCO, ſ. m. a pinch.
Dar un pelliſco, to give a pinch.
PELLO'N, *PELLO'TE*, ſ. m. an ancient garment that was ſo called.
PELMA, ſ. f. *PELMA'ZO*, ſ. m. any thing heavy and looking as if trodden on.
PE'LO, ſ. m. hair.
Pélo málo, bad hair; a bad ſtate or condition, ill circumſtances.
Pélo de camello, camelot.
Pélo arriba, againſt the hair or grain.
Pélo abáxo, with the hair or grain.
Pélo de cofre, red hair.
Ir a pélo, to go with the hair or with the grain; ſaid when buſineſs goes well.

Hacér que venga a pelo, to make a thing fit.
Ir a poſpélo, to go againſt the hair or grain.
Eſtár en pélo, to be naked.
Dar la beſtia en pélo, to give a beaſt without a ſaddle.
Prov. *De tal pélo ni gáto ni pérro*, neither dog nor cat red-haired.
Prov. *El pelo muda la raposa, mas el naturál no deſpója*, the fox changes hair, but not his nature.
Terciopélo, ſ. m. velvet.
Pélos à la mar, a ſport among children.
PELO'N, ſ. m. a paltry fellow, a ſcoundrel; a bald man.
PELO'NA, ſ. f. a diſeaſe that makes the hair fall off.
PELONERI'A, ſ. f. poverty, meanneſs, baſeneſs.
PELO'SA, ſ. f. in cant, a blanket or covering.
PELOSO, adj. hairy.
PELO'TA, ſ. f. a ball, a bullet; a wild wench.
Jugár a la peléta, to play at ball.
Peléta de viénto, a ball filled with wind like our ſoot-ball.
Eſtár en peléta, to be naked.
Peléta, a ſort of garment uſed formerly.
PELOTA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a ball.
PELO'TE, ſ. m. goat-hair uſe to ſtuff chairs and other things.
PELOTEA'R, v. n. to play at ball, to play at rennis.
Peloteárſe, v. r. to quarre., to fight.
PELOTERI'A, ſ. f. a heap of balls.
PELOTE'RO, ſ. m. one that ſells or makes balls, or that delivers balls at the tennis-court; alſo a fray or ſcuffle, in which they pull one another by the hair; alſo a little inſect that grabbles in filth.
PELOTILLA, ſ. f. a little ball or bullet, a pellet or little bottom of yarn, thread, or the like.
PELOTO'N, ſ. m. a large ball.
PELTA, ſ. f. a kind of ſhield uſed by the ancients.
PELTRA'BA, ſ. f. a cant word for a wallet.
PELTRE, ſ. m. pewter.
PELTRE'RO, ſ. m: a pewterer.
PELU'CA, ſ. f. a peruke or perriwig.
PELUCO'N, ſ. m. a large wig; alſo one who wears ſuch wig.
PELU'DO, adj. hairy.
PELUQUERI'A. ſ. f. a ſhop where they make and ſell wigs.
PELUQUE'RO, ſ. m. a perriwig-maker or dreſſer.
PELUQUI'N, ſ. m. a bag-wig.
PELU'SA, ſ. f. a fur, a lining of a garment of furs, alſo wealth.

P E N

PE'NA, ſ. f. pain, trouble, ſorrow; punishment, a fine.
So péna de la vida, upon pain of life.
Pénas, pl. in cant, the galleys.
Pénas de camára, fines to the king.
A pénas, hardly, ſcarcely, with much ado.
PENA'CHO, ſ. m. the creſt of a helmet, a plume of feathers, or other ſuch topping on the head.
Penácho de ciérvo, a deer's attire or horns.
PENADAME'NTE, adv. v. *PENOSAME'NTE*.
PENADI'LLO, adj. that affords drink with difficulty.
PENA'L, adj. penal, afflicting, troubleſome.
PENALIDA'D, ſ. f. pain, trouble, affliction.
PENA'R, v. n. to punish, to fine; alſo to be in pain ſorrow, or another.
Penárſe, v. r. to be grieved, to be in affliction.
PENATES, ſ. m. thoſe gods that were worshipped at home, the housholdgods.
PE'NCA, ſ. f. the ſtalk of a lettuce, colewort, thiſtle, or the like; alſo a broad piece of ſole leather, with which the hangmen whip malefactors.
PENCA'R, v. a. to whip at the cart's tail.
PENCA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a *pénca*.
PENCHICA'RDA, ſ. f. as, *tomár de penchicárda*, in cant, to make a fray in a tavern in order to get off ſcotfree.
PENCU'RIA, ſ. f. in cant, a whore.
PENDA'NGA, ſ. f. a ſtrumpet, a harlot.
PENDE'JO, ſ. m. the hair about the privy parts.
Pendéjo, ſ. m. a coward.
Es un pendéjo, he is a coward.
PENDE'NCIA, ſ. f. a quarrel, a fray a controverſy.
PENDENCIA'R, v. n. to raiſe a quarrel or fray.
PENDENCIE'RO, ſ. m. a quarrelſome perſon.
PENDE'R, v. n. to depend.
PENDIE'NTE, adj. hanging, depending.
PENDO'JA, ſ. f. obſ. a writing-pen.
PENDO'LA, ſ. f. a pen; alſo the pendulum of a clock or watch.
PENDOLE'RO, adj. hanging, that hangs.
PENDOLI'STA, ſ. m. a quick writer.
PENDO'N, ſ. m. a cornet, a pennon, a ſtandard, a ſtreamer in a ſhip.
Pendón de tabérna, a tavern-bush.
Acudir a pendón herído, to come in to aſſiſt where there is great need; as when a ſtandard is in great danger of being taken by the enemy.
PENDONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little banner, pennon, ſtreamer.
PE'NDULO, adj. hanging, that hangs.
PENEDE'NCIA, ſ. f. obſ. v. *PENITENCI'A*.
PENEDENCIA'L, ſ. m. obſ. a religious perſon that does penance.
PENE'DO, ſ. m. obſ. a rock.
PENETRABILIDA'D, ſ. f. penetrability, ſuſceptibility of penetration.
PENETRA'BLE, adj. penetrable, that can be entered or penetrated.
PENETRACIO'N, ſ. f. penetration, piercing through.
PENETRA'R, v. a. to pierce through, to penetrate.
PENETRATI'VO, adj. piercing,

PENGUIN, ſ. m. a bird found about the Streights of Magellan, and other ſouthern countries.
PENI'NSULA, ſ. f. a peninſula, a place encompaſſed by the ſea, except on one part where it joins to the continent.
PENITE'NCIA, ſ. f. penance, penitence, repentance.
PENITENCIA'DO, adj. penanced, that has a penance impoſed on him; ſaid of one that has been in the Inquiſition, and comes out with an obligation of performing a certain penance for his offence.
PENITENCIA'L, adj. penitential.
PENITENCIA'R, v. a. to impoſe a penance.
PENITENCIARI'A, ſ. f. an office at Rome, ſo called from whence the bulls, pardons, indulgences, &c. are ſent.
PENITENCIA'RIO, ſ. m. a penitentiary, one that impoſes penances.
PENITE'NTE, ſ. m. a penitent.
PENOSAME'NTE, adv. painfully.
PENO'SO, adj. painful.
PENSA'DO, adj. thought on, conſidered, weighed.
PENSAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. at hought; in cant, an eating-houſe.
En un penſamiénto, quickly.
No me paſſa por el penſamiénto, I have no thought of it.
PENSA'R, v. a. to think; to give cattle their allowance.
Penſár no es ſabér, to think is not knowledge. To ſai I thought, ſhows ignorance.
PENSATI'VO, adj. thoughtful.
PENSE'QUE, a vulgar word, that means, I thought it.
PENSIE'R, ſ. m. the herb ſneeze-wort; alſo the herb knapweed or marſellon.
PE'NSIL, ſ. m. garden in the air; any beautiful garden.
PENSIO'N, ſ. f. a penſion; metaph. an incumbrance, a trouble.
PENSIONA'R, v. a. to impoſe any troubleſome obligation.
PENSIONA'RIO, ſ. m. he that pays the penſion; he that receives it.
PENSIONI'STA, ſ. m. a penſioner.
PENSO'SO. adj. thoughtful.
PENTA'GONO, ſ. m. a pentagon, a figure with five angles,
PENTA'METRO, ſ. m. a pentameter, a Latin verſe of five feet.
PENTATEU'CO, ſ. m. the Pentateuch, the five firſt books of Moſes.
PENU'LTIMO, adj. the laſt but one.
PENU'MBRA, ſ. f. an imperfect ſhadow.
PENU'RIA, ſ. f. penury, want.

P E ñ

PE'ñA, ſ. f. a rock, a ſtony hill, or piece of a mountain.
Péñas véras, y peñas griſes, names of ancient rich garments at preſent unknown.
PEñASCA'L, ſ. m. a rocky place
PEñA'SCO, ſ. m. a great or maſſive ſtone; alſo a ſort of ſilk ſtuff wore by women in ſummer
PEñASCO'SO, adj. rocky.
PEñATA, ſ. f. the bird, called, fieldfare.
PEñI'SCOLA, ſ. f. a peninſula, or a ſmall place more than a rock and leſs than an iſland.
PEñO, ſ. m. obſ. a pledge.
PEñOL, ſ. m. a great rock; alſo the end of the ſhip's yard.
PE'ñOLA, ſ. f. vide *PE'NOLA*.
PEñO'N, ſ. m. a great rock.
PEñO'SO, adj. rocky.

P E O

PEO'N, ſ. m. a foot-ſoldier; a day-labourer; a pawn at cheſs; a top, ſuch as boys whip,
Peón de albañil, a day-labourer.
PEONADA, ſ. f. a job for a labourer, a day's work.
PEONAGE, ſ. m. a company of men on foot.
PEONERI'A, ſ. f. as much ground as may be tilled in one day.
PEONE'RO, ſ. m. a pioneer in an army.
PEONI'A, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.
PEO'NZA, ſ. f. a top, ſuch as boys whip; alſo a very ſhort man.
PEO'R, comp. of. *malo*, worſe.
Ir de mal en peór, to grow worſe and worſe.
PEORI'A, ſ. f. growing worſe.

P E P

PEPIA'N, ſ. m. kid of lamb cu in ſmall pieces and ſtewed.
PEPINA'R, ſ. m. the cucumber-ground.
PEPINA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow of a cucumber.
PEPI'NILLO, ſ. m. a little cucu m ber.
PEPI'NO, ſ. m. a cucumber.
Peplnos rellénos, ſtuffed cucumbers, or with a pudding in them.
PEPIO'N, ſ. m. an ancient gold coin.
PEPI'TA, ſ. f. the pip. in a hen; a kernel or ſeed of an apple, orange, melon, cucumber, or the like.
No téner pepíta, to talk all that comes uppermoſt, to have no reſerve, but tell all one knows.
PEPITO'RIA, ſ. f. the giblets of a gooſe or other fowl; alſo a mixing of any thing.
PEPO'N, ſ. m. a pompion.

P E Q

PEQUEñE'Z, ſ. f. ſmallneſs, littleneſs.
PEQUEñI'CO, *PEQUEñITO*, } adj. very little.
PEQUEñO, adj. little, ſmall.
PEQUEñUE'LO, adj. very little.

P E R

PE'RA, ſ. f. a pear.
Péra ahegadéra, a choaking pear.
Péra bergomóta, a bergomot pear.
PERA'DA, ſ. f. conſerve of pears
PERA'ILE, ſ. m. vide *PELA'IRE*
PERA'L, ſ. m. a pear-tree.
Peral ſylvéſtre, a wild pear-tree.
PERALE'DA, ſ. f. a grove or orchard of pear-trees.
PERANTO'N, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.
PERA'ZA, ſ. f. a great pear.
PERCA'NCES, ſ. m. pl. perquiſites, vails, profits.

PERCEBIR, v. a. to perceive.
PERCEPCIO'N, ſ. f. perception.
PERCEPTIBLE, adj. perceptible, that can be perceived.
PE'RCHA, ſ. f. a pole, a perch, a rafter of a houſe, a prop of a vine.
Percha de la ála, among ſailors, a broom, a long pole to ſpread out the clew of the ſtudding ſail.
Pérchas, ſnares to catch partridges or other birds.
Officiáles de la pércha, traders or workmen belonging to the wool or woollen manufacture.
PERCHA'DO, ſ. m. a prop, a perch.
PERCIBI'R, v. a. to receive; alſo to preceive, to know.
PERCUDI'R, v. a. to ſpoil, to diſturb, to break.
PERCUSSIO'N, ſ. f. percuſſion, ſtroke.
PERCUSSO'R, ſ. m. he who ſtrikes or wounds.
PERDE'R, v. a. to loſe, to miſs.
Perdérſe, v. r. to loſe one's ſelf.
Perdérſe el camino, to loſe one's way.
PERDICIO'N, ſ. f. perdition, loſs, deſtruction.
PE'RDIDA, ſ. f. loſs, damage.
Ir a pérdida y ganáncia, to go share with another at loſs or gain.
PERDIDAME'NTE, adv. deſperately, villainouſly.
PERDIDI'LLO, ſ. m. a little wicked fellow.
PERDIDI'ZO, adj. apt to be loſt, often loſt.
PERDI'DO, ſ. m. a wicked perſon paſt reclaiming.
PERDIDO'SO, adj. that loſes.
PERDIGA'DO, ſ. m. a perſon that has been punished by the Inquiſition.
PERDIGA'R, v. a. to broil on the coals.
PERDIGO'N, ſ. m. a young partridge.
Perdigónes, pl. ſhot to kill birds with.
PERDIGUE'RO, ſ. m. a ſetting-dog.
PERDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. loſs, deſtruction; alſo lewdneſs, baſeneſs.
PERDI'Z, ſ. f. a partridge.
Perdíz chocha, a wood-cock.
Prov. *La perdíz es perdida, ſi caliénte no es comida*, a pratridge is ſpoiled if not eaten hot.
Prov. *Con la perdíz, la máno en la náriz*, the patridge is moſt eatable when tainted.
PERDO'N, ſ. m. pardon, forgiveneſs.
PERDONA'BLE, adj. pardonable.
PERDONADO'R, ſ. m. pardoner.
PERDONA'NZA, ſ. f. obſ. vid. *PERDO'N*.
PERDONA'R, v. a. to pardon, to forgive.
PERDONAVI'DAS, ſ. m. a bully, a hector.
PERDULA'RIO, ſ. m. a lewd man.
PERDURA'BLE, adj. everlaſting.
PERDURABLEME'NTE, adv. perpetually.
PERECE'AR, v. n. to be idle or lazy in doing any thing.
PERECEDE'RO, adj. perishable, that will perish.
PERECE'R, v. n. to perish.
PERECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. perishing.
PEREGI'L, ſ. m. parſley.
Peregil de mar, ſamphire.
Peregil Macedónico, the herb aliſanders.
PEREGRINACIO'N, ſ. f. a peregrination, a pilgrimage.
PEREGRINA'GE, ſ. m. pilgrimage.
PEREGRINAME'NTE, adv. in a fine manner.
PEREGRINA'R, v. n. to travel, to go a pilgrimage.
PEREGRI'NO, ſ. m. a pilgrim a ſtranger.
Peregrino, adj. rare, ſeldom ſeen, eminently fine or beautiful.
PEREMPTORIAME'NTE, adv. peremptorily.
PEREMPTO'RIO, adj. peremptory.
PERENDE'IA, ſ. f. a ſtreet-walker.
PERENDE'NGUES, ſ. m. pl. v. *PELENDENGUES*.
PERENNA'L, adj. perpetual, con-
Fuénte perennál, a running ſpring that is never dry.
Lóco perennal, one that is continually mad, without any lucid intervals.
PERENNALME'NTE, adv. perpetually, continually.
PERE'NNE, adj. perpetual, continual.
Un lóco perénne, a madman without intervals.
PERENNEME'NTE, adv. inceſſantly, without diſcontinuity.
PERENNIDA'D, ſ. f. continuity, inceſſant motion forwards, perpetuity.
PERENTO'RIO, adj. vide *PEREMPTO'RIO*.
PEREXI'L, ſ. m. vide *PEREGI'L*.
PERE'ZA, ſ. f. ſloth, lazineſs.
Prov. *Peréza lláve de probéza* ſloth is the key to proverty; the way to grow poor.
PEREZOSAME'NTE, adv. ſlothfully, lazily.
PEREZO'SO, adj. ſlothful, lazy.
PERFECCIO'N, ſ. f. perfection
PERFECTAME'NTE, adv. perfectly.
PERFE'CTO, adj. perfect.
PERFICIONA'R, v. a. to finish, to bring to perfection.
PERFI'DIA, ſ. f. perfidiouſneſs, falſehood, treachery.
PE'RFIDO, adj. perfidious, falſe, treacherous.
PERFI'L, ſ. m. the outline of a picture or draught; in architecture, the ſide perſpective of a ſtructure.
Róſtro de médio perfil, a ſide face in painting.
PERFILA'DO, ſ. m. a grave formal perſon.
PERFILADU'RA, ſ. f. the drawing the firſt lines of a picture.
PERFILA'R, v. a. to draw the firſt lines of a picture; alſo to make any work about the edges of a thing.
PERFUMADO'R, ſ. m. a perfumer.
PERFUMA'R, v. a. to perfume.

PERFU'ME, ſ. m. perfume, ſweet ſcent.
PERFUMERI'A, ſ. f. a perfumer's ſhop.
PERFUME'RO, ſ. m. a perfumer; a pan to burn perfumes in.
PERGAMI'NO, ſ. m. parchment.
PERI'CIA, ſ. f. skill.
PERI'CO, ſ. m. a ſort of parrot little bigger than a thruſh, and green.
PERICRA'NEO, *PERICRA'NIO*, ſ. m. the pericranium, a membrane that is about the skull.
PERIFO'LIO, ſ. m. an herb called chervil.
Perifólios, ribbands and other ornaments uſed by women in dreſſing.
PERIGA'LLOS, ſ. m. the cock's gills; the thin flaps of skin that hang under the chin of very old or lean perſons.
PERI'LLA, ſ. f. a little pear.
PERILLA'N, ſ. m. a wandering idle fellow.
PERI'LLOS, ſ. m. a kind of ſweet paſte.
PERINO'LA, ſ. f. a totum, a long piece of ſtick or ivory, which boys twirl about with their fingers, and make it ſpin like a top.
PERIO'DICO, adj. periodick, periodical.
PERIO'DO, ſ. m. a period, a full ſtop; alſo the end of duration.
PERIPATE'TICO, ſ. m. a peripatetick, one of Ariſtotle's diſciples.
PERIPHE'RIA, ſ. f. periphery, circumference.
PERIPHRASEA'R, v. a. to periphraſe, to expreſs one word by many.
PERI'PHRASIS, ſ. f. a periphraſis; a circumlocution, uſe of many words to expreſs the ſenſe of one.
PERIQUI'LLOS, ſ. m. pl. a kind of ſweetmeat.
PERI'TO, adj. skilful.
PERITO'NEO, ſ. m. the peritoneum; it is a thin and ſoft membrane which encloſes all the bowels, and lies immediately under the muſcles of the lower belly.
PERJUDICA'R, v. a. to prejudice, to damage, to hurt, to wrong.
PERJUDICIA'L, adj. prejudicial, hurtful.
PERJUI'CIO, ſ. m. prejudice, damage, wrong, hurt.
PERJURADO'R, ſ. m. a perjured perſon, one that will forſwear himſelf.
PERJURA'R, v. n. to forſwear, or ſwear falſe.
PERJU'RIO, ſ. m. perjury.
PERJU'RO, ſ. m. a forſworn perſon, a perjured man.
PE'RLA, ſ. f. a pearl.
PERLA'DO, ſ. m. (corruptly for *preládo*) a prelate.
RERLA'TICO, adj. troubled with the palſy.
PERLESI'A, ſ. f. the palſy.
PERLI'CA, *PERLI'TA*, ſ. f. a little pearl.
PERLONGA'R, v n. to ſail along the coaſt.
PERMANECE'R, v. n. to remain, to continue, to laſt.
PERMANE'NCIA, ſ. f. ſtay; durability, duration.
PERMANE'NTE, adj. permanent, laſting, durable.
PERMISSIO'N, ſ. f. permiſſion, ſufferance.
PERMISSI'VO, adj. permiſſible, what may be permitted.
PERMI'SSO, ſ. m. leave, licence, allowance, grant.
Permiſſo, p. p. of *permittir*.
PERMISSO'R, ſ. m. one who gives licence or permits.
PERMITI'DO, adj. lawful.
PERMITIDO'R, ſ. m. who permits.
PERMITI'R, v. a. to permit, to ſuffer, to allow.
PERMIXTIO'N, ſ. f. permixtion; the act of mixing.
PERMU'TA, ſ. f. changing of eccleſiaſtical benefices.
PERMUTACIO'N, ſ. f. change, alteration.
PERMUTA'R, v. a. to permute, to exchange.
PERNA'DA, ſ. f. a fling with the leg, a kick.
PERNEA'R, v. n. to kick, to ſhake the legs, as a man does that is hanged.
Pernedr en la hórca, to be hanged.
PERNIABIE'RTO, adj. open-legged.
PERNICIOSAME'NTE, adv. perniciouſly.
PERNICIO'SO, adj. pernicious, deſtructive.
PERNI'L, ſ. m. the leg, the gammon.
Pernil de tocino, a gammon of bacon, a ham.
PE'RNIOS, ſ. m. pl. hinges for doors or windows, or the like.
PERNIQUEBRA'R, v. a. to break the legs.
PE'RNOS, ſ. m. pl. iron pins or great nails, ſuch as are uſed in ſhipping, or to faſten timbers together.
PERNOCTA'R, v. n. to paſs the night in a place; to ſet up all the night.
PERO, adv. but, yet.
PERO, ſ. m. a pear-tree, alſo a ſort of apple like a pear.
PEROGRULLA'DA, ſ. f. an evident truth.
PERO'L, ſ. m. a copper pan, ſuch as the confectioners uſe to make their ſweetmeats in.
PERORACION, ſ. f. peroration, the concluſion of an oration.
PERORA'R, v. n. to conclude an oration or ſpeech; alſo to ask with importunity.
PERPENDICULA'R, adj. perpendicular, upright.
PERPENDICULARME'NTE, adv. perpendicularly.
PERPETRACIO'N, ſ. f. perpetration, fact.
PERPETRADO'R, ſ. m. he that perpetrates or commits.
PERPETRA'R, v. a. to perpetrate, to commit, to do.
PERPE'TUA, ſ. f. a flower ſo called.
PERPETUAME'NTE, adv. perpetually.
PERPETUA'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſerge.
PERPETUA'R, v. a. to perpetuate, to continue.
PERPETUIDA'D, ſ. f. perpetuity continuance.

PERPE'TUO, adj. perpetual, continual, laſting.

PERPIAÑOS, ſ. m. pl. the great ſtones that reach quite trough a wall.

PERPLEXAME'NTE, adv. perplexly.

PERPLEXIDA'D, ſ. f. perplexity, trouble, anxiety.

PERPLE'XO, adj. perplexed, troubled.

PERPU'NTE, ſ. m. armour of ſilk quilted with ſome chains or pieces of iron ſtitched in it; a doublet.

PERQUE', ſ. m. a lampoon or ſcandalous libel.

PERQUIRI'R, v. a. to ſearch.

PE'RRA, ſ. f. a bitch.

Pérra ſallda, ſ. f. a proud bitch.

PERRA'DA, ſ. f. many dogs together.

PERRAME'NTE, adv. wickedly, in a very bad manner.

PERRA'ZO, ſ. m. a great dog

PERRE'NGUE, ſ. m. one that grows eaſily angry.

PERRE'RA, ſ. f. a dog-kennel.

PE'RRERI'A, ſ. f. a place where they keep dogs.

Decir perrerias a alguno, to call one names.

PERRE'RO, ſ. m. a dog-keeper, one that whips the dogs out of great churches.

Perréro, adj. fit for the dogs.

Múla perréra, a poor jade of a mule that is fit for the dogs.

PERRE'ZNO, ſ. m. a puppy.

PERRI'CO, *PERRILLO*, ſ. m. a little dog.

Perrillo de falda, or *faldéro*; a little lap-dog.

Perrillo de múchas bódas, a John among the maids; on ethat thruſts himſelf into all feaſts.

PERRITO, ſ. m. a little dog.

Perrito faldéro, ſ. m. a lap-dog.

PE'RRO, ſ. m. a dog.

Pérro de raſtro, a blood-hound.

Pérro de muéſtra, a ſetting dog.

Pérro lanúdo, a ſhock-dog, a water-ſpaniel.

Pérro de ayúda, a fierce dog that will keep the houſe and defend his maſter.

Pérro ſabuéſo, a large hound.

Pérro con cencérro, a dog with a bell; a ſervant that has a wife.

Dar pérro, to cheat, to deceive.

Ponerſe como un pérro, to fall in a paſſion.

Prov. *A Pérro viéjo núnca tus, tus*; no catching of old birds with chaff.

Prov. *Pérro ladradór núnca buen caçadór*, a barking dog never bites.

Prov. *A ótro pérro con éſſe huéſſo*, throw that bone to another dog, put that trick upon another, it will not take with me.

Prov. *Quién con pérros ſe écha, con pulgas ſe levánta*, he who lies down with dogs, riſes with fleas; lie with beggars and you will be louſy.

PERRO'CHIA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *PARRO'CHIA*.

PERRU'NO, adj. doggiſh, of, or belonging to a dog.

PERSECUCI'ON ſ. f. perſecution.

PERSEGUI'DOR, ſ. m. perſecutor.

PERSEGUIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. perſecuting.

PERSEGUI'R, v. a. to perſecute.

PERSEVA'NTE, ſ. m. pourſuivant at arms.

PERSEVERA'NCIA, ſ. f. perſeverance.

Prov. *La perſeverancia tóda cóſa alcánça*, perſeverance obtains all things.

PERSEVERA'R, v. n. to perſevere.

PERSIA'NA, ſ. f. a kind of ſilk ſtuff ſo called.

PERSICA'RIA, ſ. f. the herb lake-weed.

PERSIGNA'RSE, v. r. to make the ſign of the croſs upon oneſelf with one's hand.

PE'RSIGO, ſ. m. a peach; alſo the fish called a pearch.

PERSISTE'NCIA, ſ. f. perſiſtence, continuance.

PERSISTI'R, v. n. to perſiſt, to continue, to ſtand in any thing.

PERSO'NA, ſ. f. a perſon.

Prov. *De perſóna calláda arriédra tu morádа*, remove your dwelling at a diſtance from a ſilent perſon. They who talk leaſt, generally obſerve moſt; and therefore take heed of them.

Prov. *Con mala perſóna el remédio, múcha tiérra en médio*, the remedy againſt an ill perſon is much land between; that is, to keep at a great diſtance from ſuch people.

Prov. *De perſóna béoda no fies tu bólſa*, do not truſt your purſe with a drunken perſon.

PERSONA'GE, ſ. m. a perſonage, a conſiderable perſon, a man or woman of eminence.

PERSONA'L, adj. perſonal.

PERSONALIDA'D, ſ. f. perſonality.

PERSONALME'NTE, adv. perſonally, in perſon.

PERSONE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. one that repreſents the perſon of another; an attorney

PERSPECTI'VA, *PERSPETI'VA*, ſ. f. perſpective, the art of drawing things ſo that they appear to the ſight at their proper diſtances and in due proportions.

PERSPICA'CIA, ſ. f. ſharpneſs of ſight or underſtand.

PERSPICA'Z, adj. ſharp-ſighted.

PERSPICUIDA'D, ſ. f. perſpicuity.

PERSPI'CUO, adj. plain, eaſy to be diſcerned or underſtood.

PERSUADI'R, v. a. to perſuade.

Perſuadirſe, v. r. to perſuade oneſelf.

PERSUASI'BLE, adj. that may be perſuaded.

PERSUASION, ſ. f. perſuaſion.

PERSUASI'VO, adj. perſuaſive.

PERTENECE'R, v. n. to belong, to appertain.

PERTENE'NCIA, ſ. f. what belongs or appertains to any one.

PE'RTICA, ſ. f. a perch, a pole to meaſure with, a croſs beam or piece of timber.

PE'RTIGA, ſ. f. the pole of a cart that runs betwixt the two oxen or horſes that draw.

PERTIGUE'RO, ſ. m. a verger of a church.

Pertiguéro mayór, formerly chief ſtand ard bearer: a chief juſtice.

PERTINA'CIA, ſ. f. obſtinacy ſtubbornneſs, perverſeneſs.

PERTINA'Z, adj. obſtinate, ſtubborn, poſitive, perverſe.

PERTINE'NTE, adj. proper, pertinent.
PERTINENTEME'NTE, adv. pertinently, to the purpoſe.
PERTRECHA'R, v. a. to furniſh, to provide, to ſtore; alſo to mend or repair.
PERTRE'CHOS, ſ. m. pl. furniture, ſtores neceſſaries.
PERTURBACIO'N, ſ. f. perturbation, trouble, vexation.
PERTURBADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who diſturbs or perplexes.
PERTURBA'R, v. a. to trouble, to diſturb, to diſquiet, to vex.
PERVERSAME'NTE, adv. perverſely.
PERVERSIDA'D, ſ. f. perverſeneſs.
PERVE'RSO, adj. perverſe, incorrigible, untoward.
PERVERTIDO'R, ſ. m. a perverter.
PERVERTI'R, v. a. to pervert.
PERUE'TANO, ſ. m. a choak pear, a wild pear, or the tree that bears it.
PERULE'RO, ſ. m. a native of Peru; any perſon that comes rich from thence.
Rico cómo un Beruléro, as rich as a Peruvian.

P E S

PE'SA, ſ. f. a weight to weigh with.
PESA'DA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *BESADILLA*.
PESADAME'NTE, adv. heavily, ſorrowfully.
PESADE'Z, ſ. f. heavineſs, fatneſs in perſon; pain, grief, trouble.
PESADI'LLA, ſ. f. the night-mare, alſo a heavineſs or drowſineſs.
PESA'DO, adj. weighty, heavy, troubleſome, ſorrowful.
PESADO'R, ſ. m. a weigher.
PESADU'MBRE, ſ. m. trouble, grief, ſorrow.
PE'SAME, it grieves me.
Dar el peſame, to condole with.
PESA'R, v. a. to weigh.
Peſar, v. n. to have a value for.
Peſár, v. n. to be ſorry for.
Peſár, ſ. m. grief, ſorrow, trouble, depreſſion of ſpirits.
PESARO'SO, adj. ſorrowful, troubled, grieved.
PE'SCA, ſ. f. fiſhing or fiſhery; and all ſorts of fish in general.
PESCA'DA, ſ. f. a large ſort of fish, not unlike freſh cod.
Peſcáda en róllo, ſalt cod.
PESCADERI'A, ſ. f. the fish-market.
PESCADE'RO, ſ. m. a fishmonger.
PESCADI'LLO, ſ. m. a little fish.
PESCA'DO, ſ. m. fish.
PESCA'DOR, ſ. m. a fisherman.

Prov. *Peſcadór de cáña mas cóme que gána*, an angler eats more than he gains; that is, angling cannot maintain a man.

Prov. *Peſcadór de anzuélo, a ſu cáſa va con duélo*, an angler goes home with ſorrow, becauſe he cannot get enough to maintain his family.

PESCA'R, v. a. to fish.
PESCOZO'N, ſ. m. a blow on the neck.
PESCU'DA, ſ. f. a queſtion, an enquiry.
PESCUDA'R, v. n. to ask to queſtion, to enquire.
PESCUEZO, ſ. m. the neck.
PESE'BRE, ſ. m. a manger.
PESEBRE'RA, ſ. m. the manger-range.
PESEBRO'N, ſ. m. the coach-box.
PESE'TA, ſ. f. a ſilver coin about the value of a ſhilling.
PESGA, ſ. f. v. *PESA*, and *PESO*.
PE'SIA'TA'L! an interj. odds my life!
PE'SO, ſ. m. weight; alſo a pair of ſcales.
Péſo, a ſilver coin worth about four ſhillings and ſix pence.
Contra péſo, a counterpoiſe.
Hómbre de péſo, a ſober grave man.
Traér en péſo, to ſupport, to maintain; alſo to have power over.

Prov. *El péſo y la medida sácan al hombre de porfia*, weight and meaſure eaſe a man from controverſy.

PESO'LES, ſ. m. pl. obſ. French beans.
PESPI'TA, ſ. f. } the bird called a wag-tail.
PESPI'TALO, ſ. m. }
PESPUNTA'R, v. a. to ſtitch, as they do fine caps, waiſtcoats, or the like.
PESPU'NTE, ſ. m. fine ſtitching, back-ſtich.
PESQUE'RA, ſ. f. a fishing-place, a wear in a river.
PESQUERI'A, ſ. f. a fishery.
PESQUERI'R, v. a. obſ. v. *PERQUIRI'R*.
PESQUI'SA, ſ. f. ſearch, enquiry examination.
PESQUISA'R, v. a. to ſearch, to enquire, to examine.
PESQUISIDO'R, ſ. m. an examiner, one appointed to examine or enquire into any matter.
Juéz peſquiſidor, a judge that has commiſſion to enquire into ſome particular offences.
PESSIMAME'NTE, adv. in a very bad manner.
PE'SSIMO, adj. the worſt, very bad.
PESTA'ñAS, ſ. f. pl. the eyelashes, the hair on the eyelids: alſo an edging or welt on a garment.
PESTAñEAR, v. a. to move the eyelids.
No peſtañeár, to look ſo earneſtly that the eyelids do not move; metaphor, to ſtand quite ſtill.
PE'STE, ſ. f. plague, peſtilence.
PESTI'FERO, adj. peſtiferous, peſtilent, contagious, plaguy.
PESTILE'NCIA, ſ. f. peſtilence, the plague.
PESTILENCIA'L, adj. peſtilential, contagious.
PESTILE'NTE, adj. peſtilent, plaguy.
PESTI'LLO, ſ. m. the bolt of a door; a peſtle to a mortar.
Peſtillo de gólpe, the bolt of a ſpring-loock.
PESTORE'JO, ſubſ. m. a great brawny neck.
PESTOREJO'N, ſ. m. a blow on the neck.
PESU'ñA, ſ. f. a foot or claw of a beaſt; a ſo a diſeaſe in a horſe called the fashions.

P E T

PETA'CA, ſ. f. a hamper, a great basket.
PETARDE'AR, v. a. to blow up gates or barriers with petards; alſo

to ask money lent with deſign of cheating.

PETARDE'RO, ſ. m. he that makes or applies a petard.

Petardéro, in cant, a knight of the induſtry, a borrower.

PETA'RDO, ſ. m. a military engine of miſchief ſo called.

PETA'TE, ſ. m. a liar, a cheat.

PETICIO'N, ſ. f. petition, requeſt.

PETI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſtomacher.

PETIME'TRE, ſ. m. a beau, a fop.

PETI'S, ſ. m. a name given to a little dog.

PE'TO, ſ. m. a breaſt-plate.

PETRA'L, ſ. m. a breaſt-plate for a horſe.

PETRIFICACIC'N, ſ. f. a petrification.

PETRIFICA'R, v. a. to petrefy, to make hard as ſtone.

PETRI'L, ſ. m. a rail to lean the breaſt on.

PETRI'NA, ſ. f. a broad girdle worn under the breaſt.

PETROLE'O, ſ. m. a liquid bitumen, black, floating on the water of ſprings.

PETUIA'NCIA, ſ. f. inſolence, ſaucineſs, impudence.

PETUIA'NTE, adj. petulant, ſaucy, impudent, perverſe.

P E X

PE'XE, ſ. m. fish; alſo a ſly cunning fellow.

P E Z

PEZ, ſ. f. or m. pitch; alſo a fish.

Pez eſpáda, the ſword-fish.

Pez voladór, the flying-fish.

Prov. *Quién péces quiére, mojá ſe tiéne*, he that will catch fish, muſt wet himſelf; nothing to be got without trouble.

PEZO'N, ſ. m a nipple.

PEZPI'TA, ſ. f. } v. *PES-*
PEZPITALO, ſ. m. } *PI'TA.*

P H A

PHALANGE, ſ. f. te Macedonian phalanx, a body, of foot drawn up ſquare.

PHA'LANGIO, ſ. m. an inſect, and a plant ſo called.

PHA'LARIS, ſ. f. a kind of duck ſo called.

PHALE'UCO, ſ. m. a kind of Latin verſe.

PHANTASE'AR, v. n. to fancy, to imagine.

PHANTASI'A, ſ. f. fancy, image, conception, thought; alſo pride, haughtineſs.

Phantaſiá, caprice, humour, whim; alſo frolick, idle ſcheme.

PHANTASIO'SO, adj. fantaſtick, capricious, humourous.

PHANTA'SMA, ſ. f. a phantom, a falſe apparition or viſion; a a proud perſon.

PHANTASMO'N, ſ. m. a proud ſtrutting fellow.

PHANTASTICAME'NTE, adv. fantaſtically.

PHANTA'STICO, adv. fantaſtical; haughty, proud.

PHARISA'ICO, relating to Phariſees.

PHARISAI'SMO, ſ. m. the ſect of the Phariſees.

PHARISE'O, ſ. m. a Phariſee; a wicked perſon.

PHARMACE'UTICO, adj. pharmaceutic, relating to pharmacy.

PHARMACI'A, ſ. f. pharmacy, the art or trade of making medicines.

PHA'RMACO, ſ. m. a medicine.

PHARMACOPE'A, ſ. f. a pharmacopœia, a diſpenſatory, a book with rules how to make medicines.

PHARMACO'POLA, ſ. m. a pharmacopoliſt, an apothecary.

PHA'SES, ſ. f. phaſis, appearance exhibited by any body, as the changes of the moon.

P H E

PHEBE'O, adj. belonging to the ſun.

PHEBO, ſ. m. a poetical name for the ſun.

PHENICO'PTERO, ſ. m. a phenicopter, a kind of bird.

PHE'NION, ſ. m. anemone, the wind-flower.

PHE'NIX, ſ. m. the phenix that fabulous bird ſuppoſed to exiſt, ſingle, and to riſe again from its own aſhes.

PHENO'MENO, ſ. m. a phenomenon a viſible quality.

P H I

PHILA'NTHROPO, ſ. m. an herb ſo called.

PHILAU'CIA, ſ. f. ſelf-love.

PHILOLOGI'A, ſ. f. philology, criticiſm.

PHILOLO'GICO, adj. philological.

PHILO'LOGO, ſ. m. a philologer.

PHILOME'NA, ſ. m. philomel, the nightingale.

PHILOSOPHAL, adj. philoſophical.

Piedra philoſophál, the philoſopher's ſtone.

PHILOSOPHAR, v. n. to philoſophize, to play the philoſopher.

PHILOSOPHI'A, ſ. f. philoſophy.

PHILOSOPHICAME'NTE, adv. philoſophically.

PHILOSO'PHICO, adj. philoſophical.

PHILOSOPHO, ſ. m. a philoſopher.

PHI'LTRO, ſ. m. a philter, beverage given to cauſe love.

P H O

PHO'CA, ſ. f. a ſea-calf.

PHO'SPHORO, ſ. m. phoſphor, phoſporus, the morning-ſtar; alſo a chemical ſubſtance which expoſed to the air takes fire.

P H R

PHRASE, ſ. f. phraſe, idiom, a mode of ſpeech.

P H Y

PHY'SICA, ſ. f. phyſick, the ſcience that treats of nature.

PHYSICAME'NTE, adv. phyſically, naturally.

PHY'SICO, adj. phyſical, relating to natural philoſophy; alſo exiſtent.

PHYSONOMI'A, ſ. f. the face, the caſt of the look; alſo the art of diſcovering the temper by the features of the face.

PHYSO'NOMO, ſ. m. a phyſiognomiſt.

P I A

PI'A, ſ. f. a pied nag.
PIA'DA, ſ. f. the chirp of a bird.
PIAD'OR, ſ. m. one that cries like chicken; in cant, a great drinker.
PIADOSAME'NTE, adv. piouſly, mercifully, compaſſionately.
PIADO'SO adj. merciful, compaſſionate.
PIAME'NTE, adv. piouſly.
PIANPIA'NO, adv. ſoftly, without hurry.
PIA'R v. n. to pip as chickens do; in cant, to drink.
No dexár piánte, ni mamánte, to leave no living creature, chick nor child.
PIA'RA, ſ. f. a herd of ſwine.
PIARCO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a great drinker.

P I C

PICA, ſ. f. a ſoldier's pike; alſo the fish called a pike.
Pica ſéca, a pikeman that never ſerves with a muſket.
Paſsár por las picas, to paſs the pikes, to run through much danger; to be run through with pikes.
PICA'CHO, ſ. m. the ſharp point of any thing.
PICA'DA, ſ. f. a prick with any ſharp point; a ſtrake of a bird's beak.
PICADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where they manage horſes.
PICADI'LLO, ſ. m. minced meat.
PICA'DO, adj. pricked, pinked like cloth, minced like meat; nettled provoked, offended.
PICADO'R, ſ. m. a jockey, one that breaks or manages horſes.
PICADU'RA, ſ. f. a prick.
PICAMU'LO, ſ. m. in cant, a carrier, carter, or mule driver.
PICAñO, ſ. f. a ragged fellow; alſo a knavish perſon; a patch on a ſhoe.
PICA'NTE, adj. biting, hot of pepper; ſharp, biting, ſatirical.
PICAPEDRE'RO, ſ. m. a ſtone-cutter.
PICAPLEI'TOS, ſ. m. a wrangler, a pettifogger, that ſets folks at variance.
PICAPO'RTE, ſ. m. the latch of a door.
PICA'R, v. a. to prick; to peck as birds do; to bite at a bait as a fish; to ſting as a bee or the like; to mince meat; in cant, to run away.
Picár la amárra, a ſea-term, to ſlip the cable.
Picár un cabállo, to ſpur; but generally, to manage a horſe.
Picárſe, v. r. to take offence, to be concerned, to be nettled.
Picárſe en el juégo, to play in anger, hoping to win back what he has loſt.
Picárſe de valiénte, to value oneſelf upon one's courage.
PICARAME'NTE, adv. in a roguiſh or bantering manne.
PICARA'ZO, ſ. m. augment. of *picaro*.
PICARA'DA, ſ. f. a gang of knaves, a knavish trick.
PICARDEA'R, v. n. to play the knave.
PICARDI'A, ſ. f. knavery, malice; a lewd action.
PICARE'SCA, ſ. f. the raſcality, the rabble; a parcel of ſcoundrels.
PICARE'SCO, adj. roguiſh, knavish bantering.
PICARI'L,
PICARI'LLO, ſ. m. a little rogue.
PICARI'TO,
PI'CARO, ſ. m. a rogue, a baſe fellow, a malicious, miſchievous, cunning, or arch man.
Picaro de cocina, a ſcullion.
PI'CARO, adj. merry, gay.
PICA'RON, ſ. m. a great rogue.
PICARONA'ZO,
PICARO'TE, ſ. m. a rogue.
PICATO'STES, ſ. m. pl. ſlices of bread fried with raſhers of bacon.
PICAVIE'NTO, ſ. m. a contrary wind that a ſhip is forced to take, and lie cloſe to.
PICA'ZA, ſ. f. a magpie.
PICA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a pike.
PICA'ZON, ſ. m. itching; alſo anger.
PICE'A, ſ. f. a ſort of baſtard deal or firwood.
PICHE'L, ſ. m. a mug, a drinking-pot.
PICHELE'TE, ſ. m. a little mug, or drinking-pot.
PICHO'N, ſ. m. a pigeon.
PICHONCI'LLO,
PICHONCI'CO,
PICHONCI'TO, ſ. m. a little pigeon.
PICO, ſ. m. a bird's bill or beak; a pick-axe; the ſpout of an ewe, or ſuch veſſel to pour out liquor any thing reſembling a bird's bill metaphorically, prattle, much talkativeneſs.
Pico de ciguéña, an herb called ſtorks-bill.
Pico de grulla, the herb cransbill.
Pico de arroz, a meaſure of rice.
Pico de jarro, the ſpout of a pot for the liquor to be poured out.
Pico de óro, a ſort of herb; alſo an eloquent perſon.
Prov. *Quién te hizo rico? quién te ſuſtentó el pico*, who made you rich? he that fed you; if it were not for the belly, the back might wear gold.
PICO'A, ſ. f. in cant, a pot.
PICO'I, adj. in cant, little.
PICON, ſ. m. a ſharp biting jeſt; properly a jeſt put upon another by counterfeiting the contrary. It alſo ſignifies a jockey; and in cant, a ſpy upon thieves.
Picón, ſmall-coal; in cant, a louſe.
PICOR, ſ. m. ſmart, the ſmarting that one feels.
PICO'SA, ſ. f. in cant, ſtraw.
PICO'SO, adj. pitted with the ſmall pox.
PICO'TA, ſ. f. a pillory; alſo a gallows built with ſtone, or the top of a mountain or tower.
PICOTA'DA, ſ. f.
PICOTA'ZO, ſ. m. a wound made by a bird's bill.
PICO'TE ſ. m. a king of cloth ſo called.
PICOTE'AR, v. a. to hurt with the bills as birds do; alſo to prate.
PICOTE'RA, ſ. f. a prating talking woman.
PI'CTIMA, ſ. f. vide *EPITHYMA*.
PICTO'RICO, adj. relating to picture.
PICU'DO, that has a bill or beak; ſubſtant. uſed, a prating boy.

P I D

PIDO, ſ. m. the act of begging.
PIDO'N, adj. that begs.

PIE

PIE', ſ. m. a foot.
Pié de béſtia, the hind foot of a beaſt.
Pié de amigo, a clog made fan to the foot of ſlaves; a fetter in gaol; the bilboes in a ſhip.
Pié de ánade, the herb called duck's foot.
Pié do cuérvo, the herb crow's foot.
Pié de gallina, the herb baſtard-parſley.
Pié de gallo, a term at cheſs.
Pié de gibáo, a ſort of dance.
Pié de león, the herb lion's foot, or lady's mantle.
Pié de liébre, the herb hare's foot.
Pié de hórca, the foot of the gallows.
Pié de méſa, *ò de bánco*, the foot of a table or bench.
Andár a pié, to walk on foot.
Ir con piés de plómo, to proceed with deliberation.
Hacér pié en el água, to keep above water.
De piés, or *en pié*, ſtanding upon one's feet.
A pié enjúto, dry-ſhod.
A pié llano, plainly, without ſtumbling.
Entrár con pié derécho, to begin luckily.
Nacér de piés, to be born with the feet foremoſt, to be lucky.
Sacár pié, to give ground, to retire.
Buſcár cinco piés al gáto, to ſeek for five feet in a cat; to be ſophiſtical.

PIECECI'TO,
PIECECI'LLO,
PIECEZUE'LO, } ſ. m. dimin. of *pié*.

PIEDA'D, ſ. f. piety, pity, compaſſion mercy.
PIE'DRA, ſ. f. a ſtone; from the Latin *petra*. It alſo ſignifies hail, eſpecially when it large and does miſchief.
Piédra aguzadéra, a grindſtone.
Piédra a reniſca, a ſort of mouldering ſtone.
Piedra del águila, the eagle-ſtone.
Piédra de bexíga, the ſtone in the bladder.
Piédra azufré, brimſtone.
Piédra de léche, a ſtone good for women's milk.
Piédra pómez, the pummice-ſtone.
Piédra de riñónes, the ſtone in the kidneys
Piédra de tòque, the touchſtone to try metals.
Piédra imán, the loadſtone.
Piédra infernál, the infernal ſtone.
Piédra philoſophál, the philoſopher's ſtone.
Piédra precioſa, any precious ſtone.
Hallar la piedra philoſophál, to find the philoſopher's ſtone; that is, to find out the way of growing rich.
Tirar piédras, to be mad.
Piédras, ſ. f. in gaming, the winnings.
Piédras ciégas, precious ſtones that are not tranſparent, as jaſper, agate, onyx, &c.
No déxar piédra con piédra, not to leave one ſtone upon another, to deſtroy utterly.
Tira piédras a mi texádo, he throws ſtones at my tiles; that is, he rails at me, or endeavours to do me harm.
Prov. *Piédra movedíza no la cúbre moho*, a rolling ſtone never gathers moſs.
Prov. *Tirár la piédra, y eſcondér la mano*, to throw the ſtone, and hide the hand. To do miſchief, and not to be ſeen in it.
Prov. *Matár dos páxaros con úna piédra*, to kill two birds with one ſtone.

PIEDRECI'CA,
PEDRECI'LLA,
PIEDRECI'TA, } ſ. f. a little ſtone.

PIE'L, ſ. m. ſkin leather, hides.
Prov. *De piél agéna, lárga la corréa*, of another man's leather a long ſtrap; that is, we are always free of what is not our own.

PIELAGO, ſ. m. the ocean, the main ſea, the deep. Metaph. an intricate affair.

PIE'NSO, ſ. m. the common allowance given to a beaſt.
Prov. *El mejór piénſo del cabállo es el ójo de ſu ámo*, the horſe's beſt allowance is his maſter's eye. The maſter's eye makes the horſe fat.

PIE'RNA, ſ. f. a leg.
Piérna de nuéz, a quarter of a walnut.
Piérna de sábana, a breadth of a ſheet.
Dar de piérnas, to ſpur a horſe, to run away.
Echár piérnas, to ſtrut, to walk ſtately.
Andár en piérnas, to go bare-legged.
Prov. *Cádá úno eſtiénde la piérna, cómo tiéne la cubiérta*; every one ſtretches his legs according to the length of his covering; every one cuts his coat according to his cloth.
Ponér piérnas á un cabállo, to ſpur one's horſe.
Dormir á piérna tendída, to ſleep at leiſure.

PIERNEZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little leg.
PIERNIABIE'RTO, adj. open legged.

PIERNI'CA,
PIERNI'LLA,
PIERNI'TA, } ſ. f. a little leg.

PIE'ZA, ſ. f. a piece, a fragment; alſo a coin.
Piéza, a room or chamber.
Piéza, a ſpace, a while; alſo a performance.
Piéza de artillería, a ſingle great gun, a cannon.
Piéza de rey, a flatterer.
Buena piéza, a miſchievous crafty fellow.
Hacér piézas, to pull in pieces.
Jugar una piéza, to play a trick, to mock one.
Quedárſe de una piéza, to be much aſtonished.

PIE'ZGO, ſ. m. the foot of a ſkin, in which they carry wine, and at which they fill and empty it; thence applied to ſignify the mouth of a bottle or the like.

PIF

PI'FANO, ſ. m. a fife, either the inſtrument or the man that plays on it.
PIFA'R, v. a. in cant, to ſpur a horſe.
PI'FARO, ſ. m. idem.

PIFLA, ſ. f. in cant, a bawdy-houſe.
PIFO, ſ. m. in cant, a cloak.

P I G

PIGME'O, ſ. m. a pigmey, a dwarf.
PIGRE, adj. idle, ſlothful, lazy, negligent.
PIGRI'CIA, ſ. f. idleneſs, ſloth, negligence, lazineſs.
PIGRA, adv. v. *PIGRE.*
PIGUE'LAS, } ſ. f. pl. hawks
PIHUE'LAS, } jeſſes, ſhort ſtraps of leather faſtened to their legs.
Eſtar en piguélas, to lie in gaol with irons.

P I J

PIJO'TA, ſ. f. a ſea-fiſh of the cod kind.
PIJO'TE, ſ. m. a ſmall cannon managed by a ſwivel.

P I L

PI'LA, ſ. f. a font in a church, a ſtone ciſtern, a holy-water pot; alſo a heap, a pile.
Tántas pilas de bautiſmo, ſo many parishes.
Pila y torjél, the two dies for coining of money.
Sacár á uno de pila, to be godfater to one.
Irſe por ſu pié a la pila, to be chriſtened when grown up.
PILA'DA, ſ. f. that portion of mortar made at one bour.
PILA'R, ſ. m. a pillar, a column.
Pilár de agúa, a great ciſtern of water.
PILARE'JO, ſ. m. a ſmall pillar.
PILA'STRA, ſ. f. a pilaſter, a flat pillar.
PILASTRI'LLA, ſ. f. dimin. of *pilaſtra.*
PILASTRO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *pilaſtra.*
PI'LDORA, ſ. f. a pill.
Pildora doráda, a gilt pill; meraph. any thing that has a fair outſide, but is all bitterneſs within.
Prov. *Si la pildora bién ſupiéra, no la doráran por de fuéra*, if the pill were well taſted, they would not gild the outſide of it. Said to him who extols or commends what he knows is not good at bottom.
PILEO, ſ. m. a hat.
PILI'CA, ſ. f. a little font, holy-water pot, or ciſtern.
PILLA, ſ. f. } plundering,
PILLA'GE, ſ. m. } pillage.
PILLA'R, v. a to plunder.
PILO'N, ſ. m. a ſugar-loaf; alſo a great ciſtern.
PILONE'RO, adj. vulgar, common, known to every body.
PILO'NGO, adj. dry; applied to cheſnuts and perſons.
PILOTA'GE, the pilot's knowledge.
PILO'TO, ſ. m. a pilot of a ſhip; alſo a great drinker.
Piloto, in cant, a guide of thieves.
PI'LTRA, ſ. f. in cant, a bed.
PILTRA'CA, } ſ. f. poor wretched
PILTRA'FA, } meat, that is nothing but ſkin and bone.
PI'LTRO, ſ. m. a room, a chamber in cant, and a pimp's ſervant.

P I M

PIMENTA'L, ſ. m. a place full of Guiney-pepper.
PIMENTE'RO, ſ. m. a pepper-box or caſter.
PIMENTO'N, ſ. m. Guinea pepper, which grows in long green pods, and when dry turns red.
PIMIE'NTA, ſ. f. pepper.
Tenér úna cóſa pimiénta, to have pepper; that is, to be very dear.
Ser úna pimiénta, to be all fire, hot, reſtleſs, ſtirring.
PIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *PIMENTON.*
Pimiénto de rábo, a ſmall ſort of Guinea pepper.
PIMPI'DO, ſ. m. a ſea-fiſh ſo called.
PIMPINE'LA, ſ. f. the herb pimpernel.
PIMPOLLA'R, ſ. m. a nurſery of plants.
PIMPO'LLO, ſ. m. a ſprout of a tree or plant, a ſucker; alſo the bud of a roſe.
Pimpóllo, a ſpark, a coxcomb.

P I N

PI'NA, ſ. f. any ſtone, ſtake, or other thing ſhaped like a ſugar-loaf.
Pinas de rueda, the pieces of the circumference of coach-wheels.
PINABE'TE, ſ. m. the fine pine-tree that is free from knots.
PINA'CULO, ſ. m. the pinacle of a ſteeple, or the like.
PINA'L, } ſ. m. a grove pine-
PINA'R, } trees.
PINARIE'GO, adj. belonging to the pine.
PINA'ZA, ſ. f. a pinnace, a boat belonging to a ſhip of war.
PINÇE'L, ſ. m. a pencil, ſuch as painters uſe.
PINCELA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke of a pencil.
PINCE'RNA, ſ. f. one who taſtes liquors.
PINCHADU'RA, ſ. f. the action of wounding with a ſharp inſtrument.
PINCHA'R, v. a. to prick, to pierce, to wound with a ſharp inſtrument.
PINCHAU'VAS, ſ. m. a contemptible perſon.
PINCO, ſ. m. v. *FLIBO'TE*
PINE'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of garters made of thread and worſted.
PINGA'JO, ſ. m. a hanging rag.
PINGANE'LLO, ſ. m. v. *CALAMO'CO.*
PINGORO'NGO, ſ. m. a ſport of children ſo called.
PINGOROTU'DO, adj. high, elevated.
PI'NGUE, ſ. m. a pink, a veſſel with a round ſtern like a fly-boat.
Pingüe adj. fat.
PINGUEDINO'SO, adj. fat.
PINGUE'DO, ſ. f. fatneſs.
PINJA'NTES, ſ. m. pl. jewels hanging to a woman's head-dreſs.
PINJA'R, v. a. to hang.
O rico, o pinjado, either rich, or hanged.
PINI'COS, ſ. m. pl. little ſteps, ſuch as children take when they begin to walk.
PINI'LLO, ſ. m. the herb called ſpignel, or mew.

Pinillo olorôso, wild dill.
PI'NO, ſ. m. a pine tree.
Pino négro, the pitch-tree.
Pino alvár, the garden-pine.
PINO'LE, ſ. m. a kind of ſweet powder brought from America mixed with the chocolate; it is alſo called *polvos de ſoconuſco*.
PINO'SO, adj. full of pine-trees.
PI'NTA, ſ. f. a ſpot; alſo the ſpotted fever; among gameſters, a pip in a card or dye; alſo a ſtreak or mark in a card.
PINTACI'LGO, } ſ. m. the bird
PINTADI'LLO, } ſo called.
PINTA'R, v. a. to paint; to deſcribe.
Haré mi placér cómo el mas pintádo, I'll do my will as well as te beſt of them.
PINTARRAJ'AR, v. a. v. *PINTORREA'R*.
PINTARRO'JO, ſ. m. a bird ſo called.
PINTIPARA'DO, adj. exactly alike.
PINTIPARA'R, v. a. to compare a thing to another.
PINTO, adj. obſ. painted, coloured.
PINTO'JO, adj. ſpotted.
PINTO'R, ſ. m. a painter.
PINTORE'SCO, adj. pictureſque.
PINTORREA'R, v. a. to ſtrain with various colours.
PI'NULAS, ſ. f. pl. the pinules, the ſights of an aſtrolabe.
PI'NZAS, ſ. f. pl. pincers, nippers.
PINZO'N, ſ. m. a bird called a chaf finch.
PINZO'TE, ſ. m. the helm in a ſhip.

PIñ

PI'ñA, ſ. f. a pine-apple; the fruit of the pine-tree.
PIñARSE, v. r. in cant, to run away.
PIñATA, ſ. f. an earthen pot.
PIñO'N, ſ. m. the kernel of a pineapple.
Riñónes, ſ. m. pl. in falconry, the pinions of the wings of a bird.
PIñONA'TA, ſ. f. preſerved pine-apple kernels.
PIñONA'TE, ſ. f. a paſte made of the kernels of pine-apples and ſugar.
PIñUE'LA, ſ. f. a ſilk ſtuff ſo called.

PIO

PI'O, adj. pious, godly, merciful; this word they uſe to call the hens and chickens together.
Pia madre, ò mater, the pia mater, or the thin membrane wich lies under the dura mater, and covers immediately the ſubſtance of the brain.
PIOJE'RA, ſ. f. a place full of lice, or where they breed.
PIOJE'NTA, ſ. f. louſe-bane, or ſtaves-acre.
PIOJE'NTO, adj. louſy.
PIOJERI'A, ſ. f. louſineſs; metaph. an inconſiderable matter.
PIO'JO, ſ. m. a louſe.
Ser cómo piójo, to be eaten up with lice, to be reduced to extreme miſery.
PIOJO'SO, adj. louſy; metaph. avaricious.
PIOJUE'LO, ſ. m. dimin. of *piojo*.
PIO'LA, ſ. f. a ſmall cable.
PIOLA'R, v. n. to cry as chickens do, or chirp like a ſparrow.
PIO'RNO, adj. in cant, drunck.

PIP

PI'PA, ſ. f. a pipe, two hogſheads; alſo a tobacco-pipe,
PIPA'R, v. n. to ſmoke tobacco.
PIPI, ſ. m. a ſort of bird in Africa.
PIPIA'N, ſ. m. a diſh made after the American manner, a ragoo full of pepper.
PIPIA'R, v. n. to chirp as birds do.
PIPIRIPA'O, ſ. m. a ſplendid banquet.
PIPO, ſ. m. a kind of ſmall bird who lives upon flies.
PIPO'TE, ſ. m. a ſmall cask or veſſel.
PIPOTI'LLO, ſ. m. a very little cask.

PIQ

PI'QUE; ſ. m. a term at the game at piquet; alſo a pickax, or ſuch like pointed inſtrument.
Pique, an offence.
Echar a pique un navio, to ſink a ſhip, to ſend her to the bottom.
Eſtár a pique, to be upon the point; or juſt ready to have ſomething happen.
Irſe a pique, to ſink as a veſſel does at ſea, founder.
El fondo es a pique, a ſhore upright, and not ſhelving off, ſo that there is as much water near the bank as farther off.
PIQUE'RA, ſ. f. the little hole in the bee hives, the paſſage for bees.
PIQUERI'A, ſ. f. a body of pikemen.
PIQUE'RO, ſ. m. a pikeman.
PIQUE'TA, a kind of pick-ax.
PIQUE'TE, ſ. m. the game at piquet; alſo a pick-ax, or ſuch like pointed inſtrument.
PIQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little bill, or beak.

PIR

PIRA'GUA, ſ. f. a ſort of large boat uſed in the Weſt-indies.
PIRAMIDA'L, adj. made in the form of a pyramid.
PIRAMI'DE, ſ. f. a pyramid.
PIRA'TA, ſ. m. a pirate, a ſea-robber.
PIRATEA'R, v. n. and a. to play the pirate.
PIRATERI'A, ſ. f. piracy, the trade of pirates.
PIRA'TICO, adj. piratical.
PISA, ſ. f. the act of treading.

PIS

PISACO'RTO, ſ. m. one that takes ſhort ſteps.
PISA'DA, ſ. f. a foot-ſtep.
PISADO'R, ſ. m. he who treads.
PISA'NTES, ſ. m. pl. in cant, the ſhoes, and the feet.

PISA'R, v. a. to tread.
Piſár úvas en el lagár, to tread grapes in the vat where the wine is made.
Piſár en ſol, to tread upon the ſun, to ſlander a man wrongfully.
PISAVE'RDE, ſ. m. a nice fop that walks as if he was afraid to touch the ground.
PI'SCA, ſ. f. a bit, a little crumb.
PISCATO'R, ſ. m. a kind of almanack ſo called.
PISCATO'RIO, adj. piſcatory.
PISCI'NA, ſ. f. a fish-pond, or other pond, or lake.
PISCIS, ſ. m. one of the twelve ſigns.
PISO'N, ſ. m. a rammer, ſuch as paviours uſe to ram the earth, or the like.
PISOTEA'R, v. a. to tread repeatedly.
PISTA, ſ. f. the foot-ſtep left by animals.
PISTA'R, v. a. to beat or pound in a mortar.
PI'STO, ſ. m. the gravy, juice, or ſubſtance of a fowl pounded in a mortar, and ſqueezed out in a preſs, to give to ſik perſons, who cannot eat.
PISTO'LA, ſ. f. a piſtol.
PISTOLETA'ZO, ſ. m. the ſhot of a piſtol, or the wound it makes.
PISTOLE'TE, ſ. m. a piſtol.
PISTRA'GE, } ſ. m. bad or in-
PISTRA'QUE, } ſipid broth.

P I T

PITA, ſ. f. an herb in the Indies, of which they make fine thread, as we do of flax.
PITAFLO, ſ. m. in cant, a jug., a pitcher.
PITANCERIA, ſ. f. the place where alms is given out.
PITANCE'RO, ſ. m. he that has the diſtributing of allowances, or of alms.
PITA'NZA, ſ. f. a pittance, an allowance of meat or drink; an alms.
PITA'ñA, ſ. f. v. *PITARRA*.
PITAñOSO, adv. v. *PITARROSO*.

PITA'R, v. n. to whiſtle; alſo to pay.
PITA'RRA, ſ. f. blear-eyedneſs.
PITARRO'SO, adj. blear-eyed, that has weak and gummy eyes.
PITIPIE', ſ. m. a little foot; ſo they call a ſhort meaſure which carpenters and maſons carry in their pockets.
PITO, ſ. m. a whiſtle; alſo the bird called a woodpecker; alſo the herb they ſay this bird makes uſe of to ſtop his neſt.
PITO'N, ſ. m. the horn of any animal; alſo a bud of any tree.
Ptiónes, ſ. m. pl. bones or ſtones chil-dren play with.
PITUITA, ſ. f. pituite, phlegm.
PITUITO'SO, adj. pituitous, full of phlegm.

P I Z

PIZA'RRA, ſ. f. a pebble ſtone alſo a ſlate to cover houſes.
PIZARRAL, ſ. m. a place full of ſlates.
PIZARRE'RO, ſ. m. a ſlater; one who covers houſes with ſlates.
PI'ZCA, ſ. f. a ſmall particle of any thing.
PIZCA'R, v. a. to pinch.
PIZCO, ſ. m. a pinch.
PIZPERE'TO, adj. active, induſtrious, ſaid of a woman.
PIZPIRIGA'ñA, ſ. f. at ſort of play among children.

P L A

PLA'CA, ſ. f. an ancient piece of money about the value of a penny.
PLACABILIDA'D, ſ. f. placability, placableneſs.
PLACA'BLE, adj. placable.
PLACACI'ON, ſ. f. appeaſing.
PLACA'RTE, ſ. m. placard, edict, proclamation, ordinance.
PLACEA'R, v. a. to publish, to proclaim.
PLA'CEME, ſ. m. congratulation, giving joy.
PLACE'NTA, ſ. f. in anatomy, the placenta.
PLACENTERAME'NTE, adv. joyfully.
PLACENTE'RO, adj. pleaſant, pleaſing, diverting.
PLACE'R, ſ. m. joy, pleaſure.
Plácér, v. imp. to pleaſe.
PLACE'RA, ſ. f. a common ſtrumpet.
BLACERAME'NTE, adv. in a publick manner, openly, in the face of the world.
PLACE'RO, adj. common, publick, or relating to a market-place.
PLACE'TA, ſ. f. a little market-place.
PLACI'BLE, adj. gentle, quiet, kind.
PLA'CIDO, adj. placid, ſoft, mild.
PLAGA, ſ. f. obſ. a wound, a ſore.
PLAGA'R, v. a. to plague, to torment; both words little uſed.
PLAN, ſ. m. the plan of any thing.
Plan, the breadth of a ship in the bottom of the hold, or the breadth whereon ſhe reſts when aground, called floor, bilge, or bulge.
PLA'NA, ſ. f. a page of a book, or ſide of a ſheet of paper; alſo a maſon's or bricklayer's trowel.
PLA'NCHA, ſ. f. a plate of metal; alſo an iron to dreſs linen with.
PLANCHEA'R, v. n. to plate, or cover with plates.
PLANCHO'N, ſ. m. a great plank or board; a great plate of metal.
PLANCHUE'LA, ſ. f. dimin. of *plancha*.
PLANCO, ſ. m. v. *PLANGA*.
PLANE'TA, a planet.
PLANGO, ſ. m. a kind of eagle ſo called.
PLA'NO, ſ. m. plain, ſmooth, level.
Declarár de pláno, to declare plainly, without reſerve.
Dar un gólpe de pláno, to ſtrike with the flat ſide of a thing.
PLA'NTA, ſ. f. a plant.
Plánta, ſ. f. in architecture, the plan or ground plot of any ſtructure.
Plánta del pié, the ſole of the foot.
Plánta vergonzósa, the ſenſitive plant.

PLANTACIO'N, ſ. f. a planta tion.
PLANTADO'R, ſ. m. a planter.
PLANTA'R, v. a. to plant.
PLANTEA'R, v. n. to mourn, to bewail.
PLANTE'L, ſ. m. a nurſery of young trees or plants.
PLANTI'CA, } ſ. f. a little
PLANTI'LLA, } plant.
PLANTI'O, ſ. m. planting; alſo a nurſery of young trees.
PLANTI'STA, ſ. m. a bully, an hector.
PLA'NTO, ſ. m. lamentation, mourning.
PLANTO'N, ſ. m. a ſtock to graft.
PLA'NTOSA, ſ. f. in cant, a cup to drink out of.
PLAÑIDE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the women paid anciently to mourn and lament in funerals.
PLAÑI'DO, ſ. m. expreſſion of ſorrow, lamentation.
PLAÑIR, v. n. to lament, to bewail.
PLA'SMA, ſ. f. a plaiſter; alſo a green ſtone not ſo fine as an emerald.
PLASMADO'R, ſ. m. creator, maker, former.
PBASMA'R, v. a. to make, to ſhape, to form; alſo to plaiſter.
PLA'STA, ſ. f. any ſort of ſoft paſte or plaiſter; as mortar, clay, or the like.
PLA'TA, ſ. f. ſilver.
Pláta, virgen, virgin ſilver, that is, fine, pure and without any alloy.
Pláta de márca ſtandard ſilver.
Pláta de martillo, ſolid plate.
PLATAFORMA, ſ. f. a platform in fortification, being a battery to place cannon on; alſo a draught or plan of a work.
PLA'TANO, ſ. m. the plaintain, a tree.
PLATA'ZO, ſ. m. a great diſh.
PLATEA'R, v. a. to ſilver, to cover or do over with ſilver.
PLATE'L, ſ. m. a platter or diſh.
PLATERI'A, ſ. f. the ſilverſmiths ſtreet.
PLATE'RO, ſ. m. a ſilverſmith.
PLA'TICA, ſ. f. a diſcourſe, a ſpeech; alſo practice.
PLATICA'BLE, adj. practicable, feaſible.
PLATICA'NTE, ſ. m. practitioner in phyſick or ſurgery.
PLATICA'R, v. a. to diſcourſe, to talk; alſo to practiſe.
PLA'TICO, adj. experienced.
PLATI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of linend ſo calle.
PLATI'LLO, ſ. m. a little diſh, plate, or ſaucer; alſo ſlander, or defamation.
PLATO, ſ. m. a diſh.
Hacér pláto, to boaſt.
Hacér pláto fránco, to keep open houſe; to make a ſhow; to diſcover ſecrets.
PLATO'N, ſ. m. a great diſh.
PLATONICAME'NTE, adv. in a platonick manner.
PLATO'NICO, adj. platonick, honeſt and chaſte, ſaid of love.
PLAUSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. plauſibility.
PLAUSI'BLE, adj. plauſible, worthy of praiſe.
PLAUSIBLEME'NTE, adv. plauſibly.
PLAUSO, ſ. m. obſ. applauſe.
PLAUSTRO, ſ. m. a cart.
PLA'YA, ſ. f. the ſhore, the ſea-coaſt.
PLAYA'ZO, ſ. m. a great ſhore.
PLAYE'RO, ſ. m. a fiſherman that brings fiſh from the ſea-coaſt.
PLAYO'N, ſ. m. augmentative of *playa*.
PLA'ZA, ſ. f. a market; a fortified place; a ſquare.
Pláza, an employment, or office.
Sentar pláza, to enliſt for a ſoldier.
Paſſar pláza, to have a name.
Pláza de armas, a place of arms.
Pláza, pláza, make way; uſed by the guards when the king goes out of ſome place.
Hombre de pláza, a perſon inveſted with any dignity.
Sacar á pláza, to publiſh any thing kept ſecret.
PLA'ZO, ſ. m. a term or time allowed to do any thing, or to appear in a court of juſtice.
PLAZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little ſquare.

PLE

PLEBE, ſ. f. the common people.
PLEBE'YO, adj. vulgar, belonging to common people.
PLEBEZUE'LA, ſ. f. rabble, vile rabble.
PLECA, ſ. f. among printers a ſort of a daſh, many of which form a line of ſeparation.
PLEC'TRO, ſ. m. a quill uſed to play upon the ſtrings of a harp or ſuch inſtrument; figuratively, the inſtrument itſelf.
PLEGA'BLE, adj. that may be folded.
PLEGADAME'NTE, adv. intricately, confuſedly.
PLEGADE'RA, ſ. f. a folding-tool.
PLEGADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who gathers or plaits.
PLEGADU'RA, ſ. f. the gathering of a garment, the plaiting.
PLEGA'R, v. a. to gather a garment, to plait.
Plegár, uſed for *llegár*, obſ. to arrive.
PLEGA'RIA, ſ. f. a prayer, particularly a publick prayer, in time of calamity.
PLEITA, ſ. f. a mat of ruſhes.
PLEITEADO'R, ſ. m. a man actually litigating; a litigious perſon.
PLEITEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *PLEITO*.
PLEITEA'R, v. n. to contend in a court of juſtice.
PLEITESI'A, ſ. f. an agreement, a covenant.
PLEITI'STA, adj. belonging to a cauſe or law-ſuit.
PLE'ITO, ſ. m. a cauſe, a law-ſuit, a diſpute.
PLENAME'NTE, adv. fully.
PLENA'RIA, adj. fem. as, *Indulgencia plenaria*, a full indulgence.
PLENARIAMENTE, adv. in a plenary manner.
PLENILU'NIO, ſ. m. the full moon.
PLENIPOTENCIA'RIO, ſ. m. plenipotentiary, one that has full power and authority to tranſact buſineſs.

PLENITU'D, ſ. f. fulneſs.
PLEURESI'A, ſ. f. the diſtemper called the pleuriſy.

PLI

PLIE'GO, ſ. m. a ſheet of paper, a packet of letters, a fold in a garment.
PLIE'GUE, ſ. m. a plait, a fold in a garment.
PLI'NTO, ſ. m. the plinth in architecture, which is the firſt and loweſt member of te baſe.
Plinto, ſ. m. in heraldry, a billet.

PLO

PLOMA'DA, ſ. f. a plummet; a perpendicular line; a black lead pencil.
PLOMA'R, v. a. to lead or cover with lead; to put a leaden ſeal to any thing.
PLOMAZO'N, ſ. m. a kind of cuſhion, on which gilders cut the gold-leaves.
PLOMI'ZO, adj. leadiſh, like lead.
PLO'MO, ſ. m. lead; alſo a plummet.
Plómo de albañil, a bricklayer's plummet.
Plómos, the leads on the top of houſe.
PLOMO'SO, adj. leadiſh, like lead.

PLU

PLU'MA, ſ. f. a feather, a pen a quill. In cant, an oar.
Dar plúmas, to roll one in feathers after rubbing the body with tar, or ſuch like ſtinking matter.
PLUMA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtroke of the pen.
PLUMA'DO, adj. feathered that has feathers.
PLUMA'GE, ſ. m. a plume of feathers.
PLUMAGEA'R, v. a. to move as if it were a feather.
PLUMAGERI'A, ſ. f. feather-work; a quantity of feathers; a feather-ſhop.
PLUMAGE'RO, ſ. m. one that deals in feathers.
PLU'MBEO, adj. leaden.
PLU'MEO, adj. having feathers.
PLUME'RO, ſ. m. a feather-bed.
PLUMI'CA, *PLUMI'LLA*, *PLUMI'TA*, } ſ. f. a little feather.
PLUMO'NES, ſ. m. pl. the down of birds; alſo a feather-bed.
PLUMO'SO, ſ. m. adj. feathery, full of feathers.
PLURA'L, adj. plural.
PLURALME'NTE, adv. plurally.
PLURALIDA'D, ſ. f. plurality.
PLU'VIA, ſ. f. v. *LLU'VIA*.
PLUVIAL, ſ. m. a cope, a cloak of rich ſilk down to the feet, worn by prieſts when they officiate at the altar upon great ſolemnities.
PLUVIO'SO, adj. rainy.

PNE

PNEUMATI'CO, adj. relating to wind, moved by wind, pneumatick.
Inſtrumentós pneumaticós, pneumatic inſtrument.

POA

POA'S, ſ. f. pl. ropes uſed about the ſails.

POB

POBE'DA, ſ. f. a place where poplars grow.
POBLA'CHO, ſ. m. the mob, the multitude; alſo a great village, or ſmall town.
POBLACIO'N, ſ. f. a town; populouſneſs.
POBLA'DO, adj. thick, full.
POBLADO'R, ſ. m. a peopler of a town or country.
POBLA'R, v. a. to people, to inhabit.
POBLA'ZO, ſ. m. the mob, the multitude.
POBLAZO'N, a town; alſo populouſneſs.
POBO, ſ. m. a poplar tree.
PO'BRE, adj. poor; or a poor man.
Prov. *Si te da el póbré, es pórque mas tóme*, if the poor man gives, it is to receive more.
POBRECI'LLO, *POBRECI'TO*, } adj. dimin. of *pobre*.
POBREDA'D, ſ. f. obſ. poverty.
POBREDURI'A, ſ. f. obſ. vide *POBRERI'A*.
POBREME'NTE, adv. poorly.
POBRERI'A, ſ. f. a gang of poor people.
POBRE'TA, ſ. f. a ſtrumpet or harlot.
POBRE'TE, ſ. m. a poor fellow.
POBRETO'N, ſ. m. a beggar.
POBRE'ZA, ſ. f. poverty.
POBRI'SMO, ſ. m. the aggregate of beggars.

POC

PO'CAS VE'CES, adv. ſeldom.
POCE'RO, ſ. m. a well-digger.
POCI'LGA, ſ. f. a hog-ſtye.
PO'CIMA, ſ. f. a portion.
POCIO'N, ſ. f. a draught, or rather a phyſical draught.
PO'CO, adj. little.
Póco ántes, a little before, not long ſince.
Póco mas ò ménos, little more or leſs.
Póco a póco, by degrees, by little and little; alſo ſoftly.
Tenér a úno en póco, to have little eſteem for a man, to value him but little.
Dárſele póco de úna cóſa, to be little concerned, to care little for a thing.
PO'CULO, ſ. m. obſ. drink.

POD

PO'DA, ſ. f. the pruning ſeaſon.
PODADE'RA, ſ. f. a pruning hook.
PODADO'R, ſ. m. a pruner.
PO'DAGRA, ſ. f. the gout in the feet.
PODA'R, v. a. to prune.
PODATA'RIO, ſ. m. one empowered by another, or com miſſioned.
PODAZO'N, ſ. f. pruning, the ſeaſon for pruning.
ODE'NCO, ſ. m. a ſetting-dog; alſo any ſpaniel.

PODE'R, ſ. m. power, ability, a commiſſion to act.
Dárſe batálla de podér a podér, to come to a pitched battle.
PODE'R, v. n. to be able.
He podído, I have been able.
PODERI'O, ſ. m. power, authority.
PODE'RO, ſ. m. v. *PODADO'R.*
PODEROSAME'NTE, adv. powerfully.
PODERO'SO, adj. powerful.
PO'DON, ſ. m. any pruning knife.
PODRE, ſ. f. rottenneſs, filth, corruption.
PODRECIE'NTE, adj. rotting, corrupted.
PODRECE'R, v. n. to rot.
PODRECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. rotting.
PODREDU'MBRE, ſ. f. rottenneſs.
PODRICIO'N, ſ. f. rotting.
PODRIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. } rotting;
PODRIDU'RA, ſ. f. } metaph. vexing fretting.
PODRI'R, v. n. to rot, to corrupt; metaph. to vex, to fret.
Podrirſe, v. r. to rot.

POE

POE'MA, ſ. m. a poem.
POE'SIA, ſ. f. poetry.
POE'TA, ſ. m. a poet.
POE'TICA, ſ. f. the art of poetry.
POETICAME'NTE, adv. poetically.
POE'TICO, adj. poetical.
POETI'SA, ſ. f. a woman that makes verſes, a poeteſs.
POETIZA'R, v. n. to play the poet.
POETO'N, ſ. m. a burleſque, augmen. of *poeta*.
POI'NOS, ſ. m. pl. timbers that ſupport casks.

POL

POLA'CA, ſ. f. the upper part of a shoe.
POLA'CA, } ſ. f. a ſmall ſort of
POLA'CRA, } veſſel uſed in the Levant.
POLA'INAS, ſ. f. pl. hoſe without feet which fall over the tops of the shoes.
POLAR, adj. polar, of the pole.
Eſtrella polár, the north-ſtar.
Circulo polár, the polar-circle.
POLE'A, ſ. f. a block or pulley, ſuch as the ropes run through in ships, or are uſed a shore for hoiſting of weights.
POLEA'DA, ſ. f. pap for children, haſty-pudding.
POLEADI'LLA, ſ. f. diminut. of *poleáda*.
POLE'MICA, ſ. f. the art of offending and defending a fortified place.
POLE'NTA, ſ. f. a pudding made of the meal of Turky-corn.
POLE'O, ſ. m. the herb penny-royal; alſo a sharper.
POLEVI', ſ. m. a kind of very high heels formerly uſed by women in their shoes.
POLE'TA, ſ. f. a duty or cuſtom paid to the king of France by all the officers of juſtice.
PO'LICE, ſ. m. the thumb.
POLI'CHE, ſ. m. in cant, a gaming houſe.
POLICI'A, ſ. f. politeneſs, civil, courtly behaviour or carriage.
Conſéjo de policía, a council, or number of people appointed to look to the decent government of a town.
POLIDE'Z, } ſ. f. neatneſs.
POLIDE'ZA, }
POLIDI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſpruce fellow.
POLI'DO, ſ. f. a neat perſon, or a nice one.
POLIDO'R, ſ. m. a polisher.
POLI'LLA, ſ. f. a moth.
POLI'NCHE, ſ. m. in cant, a receiver of ſtolen goods.
POLI'R, v. a. to polish.
POLI'TICA, ſ. f. policy, or the art of government.
POLITICAME'NTE, adv. politically.
POLI'TICO, adj. politick; civil or courteous.
POLIZA, ſ. f. an order given to pay any ſum of money.
Poliza de ſeguro, a policy of inſurance.
PO'LLA, ſ. f. a pullet; alſo a pretty young girl.
POLLA'STRA, ſ. m. a great chicken.
POLLAZO'N, ſ. f. the hatching of chickens.
POLLE'RA, ſ. f. a large petticoat which women wear over their fardingal; alſo a coop for a fowl.
POLLERI'A, ſ. f. poultry; a poulterer's shop.
POLLE'RO, ſ. m. a poulterer.
POLLICO, } ſ. m. a little chi-
POLLI'TO, } cken.
POLLI'NO, ſ. m. an aſs.
PO'LLO, ſ. m. a chicken.
POLLUE'LO, ſ. m. a little chicken.
PO'LO, ſ. m. a pole in the heavens, as the north or ſouth. It is alſo a ſort of white coral.
Pólo ártico, the north pole.
Pólo antártico, the ſouth pole.
POLTRO'N, adj. lazy, idle.
Silla poltróna, an elbow chair.
POLTRONAZO, ſ. m. a great lazy fellow.
POLTRONERI'A, ſ. f. lazineſs.
POLTRONIZA'RSE, v. r. to grow idle, lazy.
POLVARE'DA, ſ. vide *POLVORE'DA.*
POLUCION, ſ. f. pollution, a defiling.
POLVI'LLOS, ſ. m. pl. a ſweet powder for the hair.
POLVI'TO, ſ. m. ſmall duſt.
PO'LVO, ſ. m. duſt; alſo a pinch of ſnuff.
Hécho pólvo, powdered, reduced to powder.
Sacudírle úno el pólvo, to shake the duſt off one, to thrash his coat; to rattle one with sharp words.
Prov. *Con éſſos polvos ſe hiciéron éſſos lódos*, that duſt made this dirt; that is, thoſe cauſes produce theſe effects; ſuch are the ill conſequences of ſuch actions.
PO'LVORA, ſ. f. gunpowder.
Pólvora del dúque; a ſort of comfits made with ſugar, cinnamon and cloves.
POLVOREAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a duſting, or ſtrewing with duſt.
POLVOREA'R, v. a. to duſt.

Polvoreárse, v. r. to powder oneſelf.
POLVORIE'NTO, adj. duſty.
POLVORI'N, ſ. m. the primer for a muſket.
POLVORI'STA, ſ. m. he that makes or ſells powders; a maker of fireworks.
POLVORIZA'R, v. a. to powder, or reduce to powder.
POLVORO'SO, adj. duſty, full of powder.
POLYARCHI'A, ſ. f. the form of government that places the ſupreme power in many perſons.
POLYA'RCHICO, relating to ſuch government.
POLYGAMI'A, ſ. f. polygamy, plurality of wives.
POLY'GAMO, ſ. m. a polygamiſt, one that is married with more than one wife at a time.
POLYGLO'TA, ſ. f. the Bible tranſlated in many languages.
POLY'GONO, ſ. m. a polygon, a figure of many angles.
POLYGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. polygraphy, the art of writing in ſeveral unuſual manners or cyphers.
PO'LYPO, ſ. m. a polypus, any thing in general with many roots or feet; alſo an animal with many feet.
POLYPO'DIO, ſ. m. polypody, a plant.
POLYSY'LABO, adj. of many ſyllables.

P O M

PO'MA, ſ. f. a little ſmall box full of holes to carry perfumes in to ſmell to; alſo a pomander; a little headland or point of land; alſo a ſort of bellied bottle.
Póma de baluárte, a round platform on a bulwark to plant cannon on.
POMA'DA, ſ. f. pomatum.
POMA'R, ſ. m. an apple orchard.
PO'MEZ, adj. the pumice-ſtone.
POMI'FERO, adj. bearing apples.
PO'MO, ſ. m. the pommel of a ſword; alſo a glaſs bottle, and a veſſel they ſet over the fire with ſweets, to perfume a room; alſo the globe the king holds in his hand at the coronation.
PO'MPA, ſ. f. pomp, ſtate, grandeur.
POMPEA'R, v. n. to ſtrut, to look big.
POMPOSAME'NTE, adv. pompouſly, ſtately.
POMPO'SO, adj. pompous, ſtately.

P O N

PONCELA, ſ. f. obſ. a maid, a virgin, a girl.
PO'NCHE, ſ. m. punch, a liquor made by mixing brandy with water, ſugar, and lemon juice.
PONCHO, adj. lazy, idle.
PONCIL, ſ. m. a ſort of lemon, which looks like a maiden's breaſt, whence it takes its name.
PONDERA'BLE, adj. ponderable; alſo important, worthy of regard.
PONDERACIO'N, ſ. f. conſideration, weighing, alſo extolling, magnifying.
PONDERADO'R, ſ. m. one that ponders, weighs, conſiders, or that extols or magnifies.
PONDERA'R, v. a. to ponder, to weigh, to conſider; alſo to extol, to magnify.
PONDERATI'VO, adj. exagerative.
PONDEROSAME'NTE, adv. with great care and caution.
PONDEROSIDA'D, ſ. f. obſ. heavineſs.
PONDERO'SO, adj. ponderous, heavy; cautious, circumſpect, that proceeds, with prudence.
PONEDE'RO, adj. that lays eggs; applied to the hen.
PONEDO'R, ſ. m, the crier in a ſale, or he that manages and ſets the price.
PONE'R, v. a. to put, to ſet, to lay.
Ponér la méſa, to lay the cloth, to cover the table.
Ponér fin, to make an end.
Ponér la léngua en alguno, to talk ill of one, to give him ill language.
Ponér en depóſito, to depoſite.
Ponér deſéo, to raiſe a deſire in one.
Ponér árboles, to plant herbs or trees.
Ponér cuérnos, to cuckold.
Ponér huévos, to lay eggs.
Ponér en cóbro, to lay up ſafe.
Ponér piés en polvoróſa, to venture out upon any undertaking alſo to; fly, to run away.
Ponér en condición, to put in danger.
Ponér précio, to ſet a price.
Ponér tiénda, to ſet up a ſhop.
Ponér cáſa, to ſet up houſe-keeping.
Quánto pónen de agul al lugár, how far do they reckon it from hence to the town.
Ponér cámpo, to pitch the camp, to ſettle.
Ponérſe en oſtentación, to take ſtate upon one.
Ponérſe el ſol, to ſet.
Ponérſe en cóbro, to put one's ſelf in ſafety.
PONIE'NTE, ſ. m. the weſt.
PONTA'GE, ſ. m. the duty or toll paid for paſſing a bridge.
PONTEZUE'LA, ſ. f. a ſmall bridge.
PONTIFICA'DO, ſ. m. a pontificate, the reign of a pope or a biſhop.
PONTIFICA'L, adj. pontifical, belonging to the pope or biſhop.
PONTIFICALME'NTE, adv. pontifically.
PONTI'FICE, ſ. m. pontiff, the pope.
PONTIFI'CIO, adj. belonging to the pope.
PONTO'N, ſ. m. a ponton or floating bridge to paſs over a river.
PONTONE'RO, ſ. m. one who guides the floating bridge.
PONZO'ÑA, ſ. f. poiſon.
PONZOÑAR, v. a. to poiſon.
PONZOÑO'SO, adj. poiſonous, venomous.

P O P

PO'PA, ſ. f. the poop or ſtern of a ſhip.
Andár con viénto en pópa, to ſail before wind; to be ſucceſsful in one's affairs.

Cámara de pópa, the great cabbin of a ship; in cant, the mouth

POPA'R, v. a to dally with, to ſlight, to make ſlight of.

Prov. *Quién a ſu enemigo pépa, a ſus mános muére*, he that dallies with his enemy, dies by his hands. He that undervalues an enemy, will ſuffer by it.

POPULA'CHO, ſ. m. the low rabble.

POPULA'R, adj. popular.

POPULARME'NTE, adv. popularly.

POPULO'SO, adj. populous, full of people.

P O Q

POQUEDA'D, ſ. f. ſmallneſs, littleneſs, a ſmall inconſiderable matter; meanneſs of ſpirit.

POQUI'LLO, adj. very little.

POQUI'SSIMO, adj. ſuperl. the leaſt that may be.

POQUI'TO, adj. very little.

P O R

POR, a prep. which governs the accuſative. For, by, ſo.

Por tál, ſo that.

Por acá or *por allá*, here or there.

Por lo quál, for which reaſon.

Por ventúra, adv. peradventure.

PORCEI, ſ. m. a ſmall pig.

PORCELA'NA, ſ. f. fine earthenware, China-ware; alſo a porringer.

Porcelána, white colour mixed with azure colour.

PORCI'NO, ſ. m. a young pig.

PORCIO'N, ſ. f. a portion, a ſhare.

PORCIONA'R, v. a. to divide out in portion.

PORCIONI'STA, ſ. m. he who has a right to one of the ſhares.

PORCO, ſ. m. obſ. v. *PUERCO*.

PORCUNO, adj. of, or belonging to ſwine.

PORDEMA'S, adv. in vain, to no purpoſe.

PORDI'CHA, adv. perchance, peraccident.

PORDIOSEA'R, v. a. to beg.

PORDIOSERI'A, ſ. f. beggary, begging.

PORDIOSE'RO, ſ. m. a beggar.

PORFI'A, ſ. f. contention, ſtrife, obſtinacy; alſo perſeverance, conſtancy.

Prov. *Porſía mata la cáza*, perſeverance kills the game; that is, it carries a man through all difficulties.

Prov. *En porfías bravas, deſquicianſe las palábras*, in hot diſputes, words are put out of joint. When men grow eager and paſſionate, they know not what they ſay.

Prov. *Porſía máta venado, que no balleſtero cansádo*, it is perſeverance kills the deer, and not the tired huntſman. Perſeverance proves ſucceſsful

PORFIADAME'NTE, adv. poſitively, obſtinately.

PORFIA'DO, adj. obſtinate, poſitive.

PORFIADO'R, ſ. m. one that diſputes, contends, or reſiſts with great obſtinacy.

PORFIA'R, v. a. to ſtand obſtinately in a thing, to contend poſitively.

POROSIDA'D, ſ. f. porouſneſs.

PO'RO, ſ. m. a pore of the body.

Póro, ſ. m. a white ſubſtance growing in the ſea like white coral.

PORO'SO, adj. porous, full of pores.

PO'RPHYDO, ſ. m. porphyry-ſtone.

PORQUE', adv. becauſe, why, wherefore.

PORQUE'RA, ſ. f. the place of reſort in a mountain where wild boars meet.

PORQUERI'A, ſ. f. naſtineſs, ſwinishneſs, dirt.

PORQUERI'ZO, } ſ. m. ſwine-
PORQUE'RO, } herd.

PORQUERO'N, ſ. f. a catchpole, a ſergeant that apprehends debtors or criminals.

PORQUEZUE'LO, ſ. m. a little ſwine.

PO'RRA, ſ. f. a club; alſo pride, vanity; alſo a dunce, a fool.

Pórra, in cant, the face.

Hacér pórra, to ſtop in the way.

PORRA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with a club.

Decír porrádas, to make bulls and blunders in talking, to talk foolishly.

PORRA'TE, ſ. m. a feſtival kept at certain churches without the walls of a city, where a brotherhood meet and dine, after divine ſervice.

PORRA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a club; any blow or ſtroke with any inſtrument, or with the hand.

PORRERI'A, ſ. f. folly foolery, ſtupidity.

PORRE'TA, ſ. f. a young leek.

PORRI'LLA, ſ. f. a little club.

PORRI'NA, ſ. f. the ſtate of cornfields when ſtill green.

PORRI'NO, ſ. m. a ſpot of ground ſowed with leeks.

PO'RRO, ſ. m. a leek; a dunce, a blockhead.

PORTA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *PUERTA*.

PORTACA'RTAS, ſ. f. a letter-caſe or a letter-carrier.

PORTA'DA, ſ. f. the door-frame and all the work about it, which is ornamental to the houſe.

Buéna portáda de persóna, a good preſence of a man.

PORTADO'R, ſ. m. a bearer of a letter or the like.

PORTA'GE, ſ. m. the ſame as *portázgo*.

PORTA'L, ſ. m. a portal or porch of the houſe before the entrance.

PORTALA'ZO, ſ. m. a great portal or porch.

PORTALE'ñA, ſ. f. a ſort of board or plank ſawed out on purpoſe for doors; a term uſed by ſawyers and carpenters.

PORTALE'RO, ſ. m. an officer at the avenues of any town to receive the duties upon goods entered, or to take notice of them.

PORTALO, ſ. m a ſort of little door there is in ſome ships on the ſide, to take in goods; a hole in a fireship to go out at, when they have ſet fire to her.

PORTAMANTE'O, ſ. m. a portmanteau, a cloak-bag.

PORTANA'RIO, ſ. m. the gut that paſſes from the ſtomach to the belly.

PORTAÑO'LA, ſ. f. the port-hole or loop-hole.

PORTA'NTE, ſ. m. ambling.
Andár de portánte, to amble.
PORTAPA'Z, ſ. m. a corporal caſe, a ſquare caſe made of ſtiffened ſilk for the altar into which they put the linen cloth called the corporal.
PORTA'R, v. a. to carry.
Portárſe, v. r. to behave well.
PORTA'TIL, adj. that may be carried.
PORTA'ZGO, ſ. m. cuſtom or toll paid at thoſe they call *puértos ſécos*, which are paſſes on the mountains.
PORTA'ZGUE'RO, ſ. m. a gatherer of a toll or duty.
PORTA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given by the door.
PO'RTE, ſ. m. the poſtage of a letter, the burden of a ſhip, the hire for carrying.
PORTEA'R, v. a. to carry for hire.
PORTE'NTO, ſ. m. a prodigy.
PORTENTOSAME'NTE, adv. prodigiouſly wounderfully.
PORTENTO'SO, adj. prodigious, ſtrange, wonderful.
PORTERE'JO, ſ. m. dimin. of *portéro*.
PORTERI'A, ſ. f. the porter's lodge or office.
PORTERI'LLO, ſ. m. v. *PORTERE'JO*.
PORTE'RO, ſ. m. a porter, a door-keeper.
Portéro de cadéna, a porter at the king's or prince's gate, where there are chains acroſs to keep out coaches and horſes.
PORTEZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little door, a wicket.
PO'RTICO, ſ. m. a portico, a porch, a ſtately walking-place, a place under cover ſupported by pillars or arches.
PORTI'LLO, ſ. m. a breach in a wall; alſo a ſtile or gap in a hedge.
PORTO, ſ. m. v. *PUERTO*.
PORTO'N, ſ. m. a gate.

P O S

POS, adv. v. *EMPOS*.
PO'SA, ſ. f. a reſt, a ſtop, a ſtay; alſo a buttock.
Poſas, ſ. f. pl. the peals rung for the dead.
POSA'DA, ſ. f. a lodging; alſo a public houſe.
POSADE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. the buttocks.
POSADE'RO, ſ. m. a reſting place, a ſeat, or place to lean againſt. A reſt for a muſket, or the like. An inn-keeper.
POSADO'R, ſ. m. vide *POSADE'RO*.
POSA'R, v. n. to lodge; alſo to reſt, and to lay down one's burden.
Poſár ſe a la tábla, obſ. to ſit down to dinner.
POSAVE'RGAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of yards uſed anciently in ſhips.
POSDA'TA, ſ. f. the poſtſcript of a letter, the paragraph added to the end of a letter.
POSICIO'N, ſ. f. a poſition, a thing propounded.
POSITIVAME'NTE, adv. poſitively.
POSITI'VO, adj. poſitive.
POSI'TO, ſ. m. a publick granary.
POSITU'RA, ſ. f. f. v. *POSTU'RA*.
PO'SO, ſ. m. reſt.
Buén poſo aya, God reſt his ſoul.
POSPE'LO, adv. againſt the hair or grain.
POSPIE'RNA, ſ. f. the thigh of any animal.
POSPONE'R, v. a. to poſtpone, to ſet behind.
POSPUE'STO, p. p. of *poſponer*.
POSSEEDO'R, ſ. m. f. a poſſeſſor.
POSSE'ER, v. a. to poſſeſs.
POSSESSIO'N, ſ. f. poſſeſſion.
POSSESSIONA'L, adj. relating to, or including poſſeſſion.
POSSESSI'VO, adj. poſſeſſive.
POSSE'SSO, p. p. of *poſſeér*.
POSSESSO'R, ſ. m. vide *POSSEEDOR*.
POSSESSO'RIO, adj. poſſeſſory.
POSSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. poſibility; alſo the ſtock of any perſon.
POSSI'BLE, adj. poſſible; alſo the wealth of any perſon.
POSSIBLEME'NTE, adv. poſſibly.
PO'STA, ſ. f. a poſt that carries letters; a poſt horſe; a poſt for a centinel or for a corps-de-gard; a poſt to be defended; at gaming, that which is ſet or played for; alſo a ſlice of any thing.
Hacér una coſa a poſta, to do any thing on purpoſe or deſignedly.
Tener poſſeſſión de Igleſia a ſu poſta, to have a church living for life.
POSTA'R, v. a. to poſt any one; to expoſe a perſon.
PO'STE, ſ. m. properly the jamb of a door: a poſt or ſmall pillar.
Oler el póſte, to ſuſpect any cheat or fraud.
POSTEA'R, v. n. to poſt, to ride poſt, to travel with ſpeed.
POSTE'MA, ſ. f. vide *APOSTE'MA*.
POSTEME'RO, ſ. m. a ſurgeon's inſtrument to open apoſthumes.
POSTE'RGAR, v. a. to leave ſomething behind.
POSTERIDA'D, ſ. f. poſteriſty.
POSTERIO'R, adj. poſterior.
Poſterióres, ſ. m. pl. the poſteriors, the backſide.
POSTERIORME'NTE, adv. poſteriourly.
PO'STHUMO, adj. poſthumous, born after the father's death.
POSTI'GO, ſ. m. a back door, a wicket in a gate.
POSTIGUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little backdoor or wicket.
POSTI'LLA, ſ. f. a comment or marginal note.
POSTILACIO'N, ſ. f. the art of making marginal notes.
POSTILA'R, v. a. to make marginal notes.
POSTI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſcab.
POSTILLO'N, ſ. f. a poſtillion, the guide that goes with one that rides poſt.
POSTILLO'SO, adj. ſcabby.
POSTI'ZO, adj. that is put on counterfeit, not natural.
Cabéllos poſtizos, ſ. m. falſe hair.
Niño poſtizo, ſ. m. a changeling child.
POSTLIMI'NIO, ſ. m. a law for reſtoring what was unlawfully taken away; the return of one that was thought to be dead.

POSTRACIO'N, ſ. f. a proſtration, a lying down; humiliation.
POSTRADO'R, ſ. m. he who proſtrates another.
POSTRA'R, v. a. to proſtrate, to throw down flat on the face, to overthrow, to deſtroy.
Poſtrárſe, v. a. to proſtrate, oneſelf.
PO'STRE, ſ. m. the deſert at table after dinner, the laſt or latter part.
POSTRERAME'NTE, adv. finally, laſtly.
POSTRE'RO, adj. laſt.
POTRIMERAME'NTE, adv. laſtly.
POSTRIMERI'A, ſ. f. the end of a man, death, the laſt thing.
POSTRIME'RO, adj. vide *POSTRE'RO*.
POSTULACIO'N, ſ. f. an enquiring.
POSTULA'NTE, ſ. m. one that asks any thing.
POSTULA'R, v. a. to ask, or require.
POSTU'RA, ſ. f. a poſture; laying dow of a thing; a wager; the rate or price ſet upon a thing.
Poſtúras, ſ. f. pl. young trees tranſplanted.

P O T

POTA'BLE, adj. that can be drunk; as *oro potáble*, potable gold.
POTA'GE, ſ. m. potage.
POTA'R, v. a. in cant, to drink.
PO'TE, ſ. m. a pot, generally taken for an apothecary's pot.
POTE'NCIA, ſ. f. power.
POTENCIA'L, adj. potential.
POTENCIA'LMENTE, adv. powerfully.
POTESTA'D, ſ. f. power.
POTI'SSIMO, adj. ſup. principal, chief, ſpecial.
PO'TRA, ſ. f. a rupture.
POTRA'NCA, ſ. f. a young mare.
POTRE'RO, ſ. m. one that cures ruptures.
POTRICO, *POTRILLO*, } ſ. m. a little colt.
POTRILLA, ſ. f. a burleſque appellation of an old man that will play the pretty fellow.
PO'TRO, ſ. m. a colt; alſo an engine to rack malefactors; alſo buboes.
Pótro cerril, a wild colt that was never backed.
Prov. *El pótro déxale domár a ótro*, let another break the colt; that is, let another man take the trouble and upon him that is fond of it.
Prov. *Ni cabálgues el pótro, ni tu mugér alábes á otro*, do you neither ride a colt, nor praiſe your wife to another.
Prov. *De pótro ſarnóſo, buén caballo hermóſo*, of a ſcabby colt, a good beautiful horſe; foul in the cradle, fair in the ſaddle.
POTRO'SO, adj. burſten, broken, bellied.

P O Y

PO'YA, ſ. f. the quantity of dough due to the baker for baking of bread.
POYA'L, ſ. m. a cloth to lay on a bench or hollow in a wall, or the hollow itſelf.
POYA'TA, ſ. f. a cupboard, or a hollow in a wall, to ſet things on.
PO'YO, ſ. m. a hollow in a wall to ſit down on, or to lay things out of the way. Among architects, it is alſo the firſt part of the wall above the foundation.

P O Z

PO'ZA, ſ. f. a puddle of water.
POZA'L, ſ. m. a pail.
PO'ZO, ſ. m. a well.
POZUE'LA, ſ. f. dimin. of *poza*; a ſmall puddle.

P R A

PRA'CTICA, ſ. f. practice, uſe, dexterity, acquired by uſe; alſo method or art.
PRACTICA'BLE, adj. practicable, performable; feaſible.
PRACTICAME'NTE, adv. practically.
PRACTICA'NTE, ſ. m. v. *PLATICA'NTE*.
PRATICA'R, v. a. to practiſe, to do habitually.
PRA'CTICO, adj. practice, experienced, ſly, artful.
PRACTICO'N, ſ. m. one capable more by practice than ſtudy.
PRADA'L, *PRADECI'CO*, *PRADECI'LLO*, *PRADECI'TO*, } ſ. m. v. *PRADEZUELO*.
PRADE'RA, ſ. f. a. meadow.
PRADERI'A, ſ. f. meadow ground.
PRADEZUE'LO, *PRADI'LLO*, } ſ. m. a. little meadow.
PRADO, ſ. m. a. meadow, a lawn.
Prov. *Gudrda prádo, y hartáras ganádo*, keep a meadow, and you will fill cattle.
Prov. *Ni duérmas en prádo, ni páſſes vádo*, do not ſleep in a meadow; nor paſs a ford.
PRAGMATI'CA, ſ. f. a. royal edict or proclamation.
PRASIO, ſ. m. a. coarſe ſort of emerald.
PRAVEDA'D, ſ. f. pravity, wickedneſs, perverſeneſs, untowardneſs.
PRA'VO, adj. wicked, corrupt, perverſe, untoward.

P R E

PRE, ſ. m. a ſoldier's daily pay.
PREALEGA'DO, adj. before alledged.
PREA'MBULO, ſ. m. preamble, introduction preface.
PREBE'NDA, ſ. f. a prebend or canonry in a cathedral or collegiate church.
PREBENDA'DO, ſ. m. a. prebend or canon of a church.
PREBO'STE, ſ. m. vide *PREVO'STE*.
PRECA'RIO, adj. precarious, held, by courteſy, uncertain, depending on the will of another.
PRECAUCIO'N, ſ. f. precaution, preſervative caution.

PRECAUTELAR,

PRECAUTELA'R, v. a. to precaution, to warn before hand.
PRECAVE'R v. a. to prevent any danger.
PRECEDE'NCIA, ſ. f. precedence. *Latin.*
PRECEDE'NTE, adj. antecedent, going before.
PRECEDE'R, v. a. to precede.
PRECELE'NTE, adj. excellent.
PRECEPTI'STA, ſ. m. one who gives precepts.
PRECEPTI'VO, adj. preceptive, containing or giving precepts.
PRECE'PTO, ſ. m. precept, mandate.
PRECEPTO'R, ſ. m. tutor, preceptor.
PRE'CES, ſ. f. pl. prayers. A churchman's word.
PRECIADO'R, ſ. m. who prizes, values, or eſteems.
PRECIA'R, v. a. to prize, to value, to eſteem.
Preciárſe, v. r. to boaſt, to brag of, to value one's ſelf upon.
PRE'CIO, ſ. m. price, value, worth.

Prov. *Engáñame en el précio, y no en lo que mérco*, cheat me in price, but not in the goods I buy.

PRECIOSAME'NTE, adv. preciouſly.
PRECIO'SO, adj. precious alſo merry, feſtivous, gay, witty.
PRECIPI'CIO, ſ. m. a precipice.
PRECIPITACIO'N, ſ. f. precipitation.
PRECIPITA'DO, adj. raſh inconſiderate.
PRECIPITA'R, v. a. to caſt down headlong.
Precipitárſe, v. r. to caſt oneſelf down headlong; to talk raſhly, to let one's tongue run before one's wit.
PRECI'PITE, *PRECIPI'TOSO*, } adj. ſteep, upright, headlong, ready to fall.
PRECIPUO, adj. chief, principal.
PRECISAME'NTE, adv. of neceſſity.
PRECISA'R, v. a. to oblige, to force.
PRECISIO'N, ſ. f. exactneſs, certainty, preciſeneſs, neceſſity.
PRECI'SO, adj. abſolutely, neceſſary.
PRECI'TO, adj. predeſtinated, always, underſtood of the damned ſouls.
PRECLA'RO, adj. famous.
PRECOCI'DAD, ſ. f. precocity, ripeneſs before time.
PRECONIZACIO'N, ſ. f. commendation, praiſe.
PRECONIZA'R, v. a. to publish or proclaim any thing; alſo to praiſe, to commend.
PRECONOCEDO'R, ſ. m. f. one who knows before.
PRECONOCE'R, v. a. to foreſee.
PRECO'Z, adj. ripe before time.
PRECURSO'R, ſ. m. one who runs before, a forerunner.
PREDECESSO'R, ſ. m. a predeceſſor.
PREDECI'R, v. a. obſ. to foretell.
PREDEFINI'R, v. a. to determine before hand.
PREDESTINACIO'N, ſ. f. predeſtination.
PREDESTINA'R, v. a. to predeſtinate.
PREDETERMINA'R, v. a. to predetermine, to determine before hand.
PREDIA'L, adj. belonging to a farm, to a country tenement.
PRE'DICA, ſ. f. a ſermon.
PREDICA'BLE, adj. that may be diſcourſed or preached upon.
PREDICACIO'N, ſ. f. preaching a ſermon.
PREDICADO'R, ſ. m. a preacher.
PREDICAME'NTO, ſ. m. a predicament; in logick, what is affirmed of any thing.
Eſtá én buen predicaménto, ò mal predicaménto, he is in good or bad reputation.
PREDICA'NTE, ſ. m. any preacher of a falſe doctrine.
PREDICA'R, v. a. to preach.
Predicár en deſiérto, to preach in a deſart; that is, to labour in vain.

Prov. *Bién predica quien bién vive*, he preaches well who lives well; a good example the beſt ſermon.

PREDICATO'RIO, ſ. m. a pulpit.
PREDICCIO'N, ſ. f. a prediction.
PREDILECCIO'N, ſ. f. predilection, preference, election of one thing rather than another.
PREDILECTO, adj. preferred.
PRE'DIO; ſ. m. a farm, a piece of ground in the fields.
PREDOMINA'NTE, p. act. predominant.
PREDOMINA'R, v. a. to predodominate, to have power over, to be above another.
PREDOMI'NIO, ſ. m. predominancy, power over.
PREEMINE'NCIA, ſ. f. preeminence, being above or before another.
PREEMINE'NTE, adj. pre-eminent, above or before another.
PREFA'CIO, ſ. m. the preface in the maſs, which is immediately before the canon to diſpoſe the aſſembly to attention and devotion.
PREFACIO'N, ſ. f. a preface.
PREFACIONCI'LLA, ſ. f. a pretty little preface.
PREFE'CTO, ſ. m. a prefect. This title ſome religious orders give to their ſuperiors, and in colleges there is a prefect of the ſtudies, who looks to the ſcholars to ſee they mind their buſineſs
PREFECTU'RA, ſ. f. the dignity of a ſuperior,
PREFERE'NCIA, ſ. f. preference.
PREFERI'R, v. a. to prefer, to ſet before.
PREFI'XO, adj. prefixed.
PREGO'N, ſ. m. proclamation made by a crier; the crier himſelf.
PREGONA'R, v. a. to proclaim by a crier.
PREGONE'RO, ſ. m. a crier.
PREGU'NTA, ſ. f. a queſtion.

Prov. *Qual pregúnta harás, tal reſpueſta habrás*, ſuch a queſtion as you ask, ſuch an anſwer you will have.

Prov. *Quién pregúnta no yérra*, ſ

la pregúnta no és nécia, he that asks does not get, if the queſtion be a foolish one.

PREGUNTADO'R, *1.* m. one that asks many queſtions.

PREGUNTA'R, v. a. to ask a queſtion.

PREGUNTO'N, ſ. m. a teazing asker of queſtions.

PREJUDICIA'L, adv. in law foreſtalling of a judgment.

PRELACI'A, ſ. f. prelacy, the dignity of a prelate.

PRELACIO'N, ſ. f. preference before another.

PRELA'DO, ſ. m. a prelate.

PRELIMINA'R, adj. preliminary.

Prelimináres, pl. the preliminary or preparatory meaſures.

PRELU'DIO, ſ. m. a prelude.

PREMA'TICA, ſ. f. a royal proclamation, a particular law.

PREMEDITACIO'N, ſ. f. premeditation, forethought.

PREMEDITA'R, v. a. to premeditate.

PRE'MIA, ſ. f. force, compulſion.

PREMIADO'R, ſ. m. a rewarder.

PREMIA'R, v. a. to reward.

PREMIDE'RAS, ſ. f. that part of the weaver's loom which drives the web cloſe.

PRE'MIO, ſ. m. a reward.

PREMI'SSAS, ſ. f. pl. the premiſes, what went before.

PREMU'RA, ſ. f. the ſtate of being preſſed.

PRE'NDA, ſ. f. a pledge, a pawn; alſo a qualification or endowment.

Hombre de buénas préndas, a man of good parts, of worth.

Prov. *Prénda que cóme, ningúno la tóme*, let no man take a pawn that eats; that is, a horſe, or the like, becauſe it may eat itſelf out, or die.

Prov. *Mas vále prénda en el árca, que fiadór en la pláza*, a pawn in the cheſt is better than a ſecurity in the market place.

PRENDA'DO, adj. bribed; taken or gained by a man's good parts, or by his courteſy or obligation.

PRE'NDAR, v. a. to give or take a pawn; to oblige or win a man with good words, behaviour, or kindneſs.

PRENDEDE'RO, ſ. m. a little iron; with two or three hooks, which the country women in Spain uſed inſtead of pins to hold their coats when they tucked them up.

PRE'NDER, v. a. to take hold on, to impriſon, to take, to ſeize, to arreſt.

Prendér, to take root; ſaid of plants.

PRENDERI'A, ſ. f. the place where things pledged are expoſed to ſale.

PRENDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſeizing, taking, arreſting, impriſoning; alſo pinning; te apprehending of our Saviour in the garden.

PREñA'DA, ſ. f. a woman with child, or other creature big with young.

Palábras preñádas, words that import more than appears at firſt ſight.

Páred preñáda, a wall that bellies and threatens to fall.

PREñADO, adj. big-bellied, with child, or with young.

PREñE'Z, ſ. f. pregnancy.

PRE'NSA, ſ. f. any ſort of preſs.

PRENSADO'R, ſ. m. a preſſer.

PRENSA'R, v. a. to preſs.

PREOCUPA'R, v. a. to prepoſſeſs, to prevent.

PREPARACIO'N, ſ. f. preparation.

PREPARA'R, v. a. to prepare.

Preparárſe, v. r. to prepare oneſelf.

PREPARATIVO, adj. preparatory.

PREPONDERA'R, v. n. to outweigh, to preponderate.

PREPONE'R, v. n. to put, or ſet before.

PREPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. a prepoſition or ſetting before.

PREPO'SITO, ſ. m. an overſeer, one placed over others.

PREPU'CIO, ſ. m, the prepuce, foreskin.

PREPUE'STO, p. p. of *preponér*.

PRERROGATI'VA, ſ. f. prerogative.

PRE'SA, ſ. f. prey, booty; a handle of a thing; a flood-gate.

Préſa de molino, a mill-dam.

Préſa de cáldo, the juice, gravy, or ſubſtance of fleſh preſſed out in broth for ſick folks.

Préſa y pinta, a trick taken at cards, and one reckoned for advantage.

Cárne ſalpréſa, powdered meat.

PRE'SAS, ſ. f. pl. the talons of a bird of prey.

PRESA'DO, adj. green like a leek.

Preſádo, adj. taken, made a prey of.

PRESA'GIO, ſ. m. a preſage.

PRESA'GO, ſ. m. a fortune-teller, a foreboder; adjectively uſed, ominous, foreboding.

PRESBI'TERO, ſ. m. a prieſt.

PRESCIENCIA, ſ. f. foreknowledge.

PRESCINDIR, v. r. to preſcind, to cut off.

PRESCRIBIR, v. a. to preſcribe, to command.

PRESCRIPCIO'N, ſ. f. preſcription, example, rule.

PRESCRI'PTO, adj. preſcribed, ordered.

PRESE'A, ſ. f. a jewel, a rich ornament.

PRESE'NCIA, ſ. f. preſence; alſo port, air, mien.

PRESENCIA'L, adj. relating to preſence.

PRESENCIALME'NTE, adv. in preſence, in one's own perſon.

PRESENTACION, ſ. f. preſenting or ſetting in ſight; a preſentation to a benefice; the feaſt of the preſentation of our Lady in the Temple.

PRESENTA'DO, ſ. m. a perſon preſented for preferment.

PRESE'NTA'R, v. a. to preſent, to tender, to produce in court.

Preſentárſe, v. r. to preſent oneſelf.

PRESENTE, adj. preſent, ſubſt. uſed; a gift, a preſent.

PRESENTEME'NTE, adv. immediately.

PRESENTE'RO, ſ. m. he who

preſents to an eccleſiaſtical living, or the like.

PRESENTI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall gift, a little preſent.

PRESENTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a fore-judging.

PRESENTI'R, v. a. to fore-judge.

PRESERVACIO'N, ſ. f. preſervation.

PRESERVADO'R, ſ. m. preſerver.

PRESERVA'R, v. a. to preſerve, to keep, to ſecure.

PRESERVATIVO, ſ. m. a preſervative.

PRESIDE'NCIA, ſ. f. preſidentſhip, the honour of preſiding.

PRESIDE'NTE, ſ. m. a preſident.

PRESIDIA'R, v. a. to garriſon, to place ſoldiers in a town or caſtle.

PRESIDIA'RIO, ſ. m. one baniſhed to any ſtrong place in Africa.

PRESIDI'O, ſ. m. a garriſon; ſafeguard.

PRESIDI'R, v. a. to preſide, to be preſent as chief in the aſſembly.

PRE'SO, ſ. m. one apprehended, taken into cuſtody, impriſoned, arreſted; pinned, tacked to; a priſoner.

PRESO, p. p. of *prendér*.

PRE'SSA, ſ. f. capture, prize; pillage.

Préſſa, a flood-gate; a bit of any food.

PRESILLA, ſ. f. a ſilk lace; alſo a ſort of linen.

PRESSIO'N, ſ. f. preſſure.

PRESSO, p. p. of the verb *prender*.

PRESSU'RA, ſ. f. oppreſſion, vexation, trouble; alſo haſte.

PRESSUROSAME'NTE, adv. diligently.

PRESSURO'SO, adj. diligent.

PRESTA, ſ. f. mint, an herb ſo called.

PRESTADI'ZO, adj. that may be lent, or is uſed to be lent.

PRESTA'DO, p. p. lent.

Tomar preſtádo, to borrow.

PRESTADO'R, ſ. m. the lender.

PRESTAME'NTE, adv. readily, quickly.

PRESTAME'RO, ſ. m. one that has an eccleſiaſtical revenue in commendam.

PRE'STAMO; ſ. m. a loan; worth, value; an eccleſiaſtical revenue given to a perſon in commendam.

PRESTA'R, v. a. to lend; to be of uſe, to excel.

PRE'STE, ſ. m. a prieſt.

Préſte, a ſort of ſnake, whoſe bite cauſes any creature to ſwell till it burſts.

Préſte Juán, Preſter John, which ſome will have to be the emperor of Ethiopia; others, a great prince in Aſia.

PRESTE'ZA, ſ. f. quickneſs, nimbleneſs.

PRE'STIDO, ſ. m. the thing lent.

PRESTI'TO, ſ. m. a term uſed in the ſpaniſh univerſities, when the beadle or meſſenger of the univerſity notifies any order of the chancellor or other ſuperior, which he that has the notification is to perform, *ſub pœna præſtiti juramenti*, under penalty of breaking his oath.

PRE'STO, adj. ready, quick.

Préſto, adv. preſently, quickly.

PRESUMIDAME'NTE, adv. preſumptuouſly.

PRESUMI'DO, adj. proud, conceited.

PRESUMI'R, v. a. to preſume, to ſuppoſe, to gueſs, to fancy; alſo to be proud or conceited.

PRESUNCIO'N, ſ. f. preſumption, gueſs, an imagination; alſo pride, arrogance, conceitedneſs.

PRESUNTUOSAME'NTE, adv. preſumptuouſly, haughtily, conceitedly.

PRESUNTUO'SO, adj. preſumptuous, arrogant, ſaucy, proud.

PRESUPONE'R, v. a. to preſuppoſe; to give a thing for granted.

PRESUPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. preſuppoſition.

PRESUPUE'STO, p. p. preſuppoſe, given for granted.

PRETA'L, ſ. m. a preaſt-plate for a horſe.

PRETENCIO'N, ſ. f. pretence, pretenſion, the ſuing for an employment.

PRETENDE'R, v. a. to pretend a right, to ſue for an employment.

PRETENDIE'NTE, ſ. m. he who pretends.

PRETENSO'R, ſ. m. a pretender, one that pretends a right, or ſues for an employment.

PRETE'RITO, adj. paſt, preterite, gone.

PRETERMITIR, v. n. to pretermit, to paſs by.

PRETERMISSIO'N, ſ. f. premiſſion, paſſing by.

PRETE'XTA, ſ. f. the ſort of garment anciently worn by the Roman youth from fourteen to eighteen years of age.

PRETEXTA'R, v. n. to find a pretext or excuſe.

PRETE'XTO, ſ. m. a pretence.

PRETEXTUA'R, v. n. v. *PRETEXTA'R*.

PRETI'L, ſ. m. a rail to lean the breaſt on.

PRETI'NA, ſ. f. a girdle; alſo a waſte belt.

PRETO'R, ſ. m. a magiſtrate among the Romans, like a judge.

PRETORIA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a pretor.

PRETORIO, ſ. m. a court of juſtice, where the pretor uſed to ſit.

PRETU'RA, ſ. f. the dignity or office of a pretor.

PREVALE'CER, v. a to prevail.

PREVARICACIO'N, ſ. f. prevarication, colluſion, falſe or double dealing.

PREVARICADO'R, ſ. m. a prevaricator, a falſe double dealer.

PREVARICAR, v. n. to prevaricate, to be worſe than one's word, to betray one's truſt, to quibble, not to ſpeak fairly to the purpoſe.

PREVENCIO'N, ſ. f. prevention; alſo preparation, making ready.

PREVENI'R, v. a. to prevent;

alſo to prepare, to make ready.
PREVE'R, v. a. to foreſee.
PREVERTI'R, v. a. to pervert.
PRE'VICO, ſ. m. obſ. a ſorcerer.
PREVILEGIA'R, v. a. vide *PRIVILEGIAR.*
PREVILE'GIO, ſ. m. vide *PRIVILEGIO.*
PREVI'STO, adj. foreſeen.
PRE'VIO, adj. previous, antecedent, going before.
PREVISIO'N, ſ. f. preſcience, fore-knowledge.
PREVO'STE, ſ. m. a provoſt, a provoſt-marshal, an officer in the army to ſecure and punish all offenders.
Prevóſte, ſ. m. the head of a community of clergymen.
PRE'Z, ſ. m. price, value.

P R I

PRIAPI'SMO, ſ. m. priapiſm, a preternatural tenſion.
PRIE'GO, ſ. m. obſ. a nail.
PRIE'SSA, ſ. f. haſte, ſpeed.
PRIE'TO, adj. black.
Priéto, ſ. m. formerly a coin ſo called.
PRI'MA, ſ. f. a she couſin; in muſick, the ſmalleſt ſtring of an inſtrument; in falconry, the female hawk of any kind; in the divine office the hour of prime, which follows lauds; in cant, a ſhirt.
Obra prima, curious work.
Zapatéro de óbra prima, a shoemaker that makes only neat shoes.
PRIMACIA, ſ. f. primacy, the firſt in rank.
PRIMA'DO, ſ. m. a primate, a metropolitan, a chief bishop; alſo the firſt or prime place.
PRI'MAL, ſ. m. a lamb that is one of the firſt yeaned in the year.
PRIMAME'NTE, adv. prettily.
PRIMARIAMENTE, adv. in the firſt place.
PRIMA'RIO, adj. firſt, principal, chief, primary.
PRIMAVE'RA, ſ. f. the ſpring; a ſort of ſilk veil or fine web, that is full of flowers reſembling the ſpring.
PRIMA'ZGO, ſ. m. couſinship, kindred.
PRIME'R, adj. (for *priméro*), the firſt, uſed only in the maſculine, and when it is placed before the ſubſtantive; as *el primér hómbre*, the firſt man.
PRIME'RA, ſ. f. a game at cards.
Ponérſe a priméra, to expoſe oneſelf to danger.
PRIMERAME'NTE, adv. in the firſt place.
PRIMERI'A, ſ. f. precedency, in the firſt place.
PRIMERI'ZA, ſ. f. a woman with child or delivered of her firſt child.
PRIMERI'LLA, ſ. f. vide *PRIME'RA.*
PRIMERI'ZO, adj. that which comes firſt.
PRIME'RO, adv. firſt, before.
Priméro, adj. the firſt, the foremoſt.
PRIME'VO, adj. original, primitive, of the firſt age.
PRIMICE'RIO, ſ. m. in the univerſities, the eldeſt in any faculty.
PRIMI'CIAS, ſ. f. pl. the firſt-fruits.
PRIMITIVO, adj. primitive, of of the firſt inſtitution.
PRI'MO, ſ. m. a couſin; alſo the firſt, the beſt, the chiefeſt, alſo delicate, curious.
Primo hermáno, a couſin german.
PRIMOGE'NITO, adj. the firſt begotten, the eldeſt.
PRIMOGENITU'RA, ſ. f. primogeniture, the right of the firſt born.
PRIMO'R, ſ. m. excellence, delicacy, curioſity, neatneſs.
PRIMOROSAME'NTE, adv. excellently, delicately.
PRIMORO'SO, adj. nice, curious, delicate.
PRINCE'SA, ſ. f. a princeſs.
PRINCIPA'DO, ſ. m. principality, ſovereignty.
PRINCIPA'L, adj. principal, chief.
PRINCIPALME'NTE, adv. principally, chiefly.
PRI'NCIPE, ſ. m. a prince.
PRINCIPIA'NTE, ſ. m. beginner.
PRINCIPIA'R, v. a. to begin.
PRINCI'PIO, ſ. m. a beginning.
Principios, pl. principal rudiments; firſt rules of any art or ſcience.
Prov. *Buén principio la mitád es hécho*, a good beginning is half the work done.
PRINGA'DA, ſ. f. a ſlice of bread preſſed upon fat bacon boiled ſoft, ſo that the bacon ſticks to it; or a ſop in the pan; or a ſlice of fat bacon to eat, moulding it with bread.
PRINGA'R, v. a. to baſte meat that is roaſting; alſo to eat fat bacon boiled ſoft, ſqueezing and moulding it with a piece of bread.
Pringár un eſclávo, a punishment ſome maſters have uſed to wicked ſlaves, dropping ſcalding fat on their bare skin, as if they were baſted to be roaſted.
PRI'NGUE, ſ. m. the dripping of fat bacon or the like.
PRI'OR, ſ. m. a prior: the head in ſome monaſteries and in ſome collegiate churches.
PRIORA'TO, ſ. m. a priory or monaſtery governed by a prior; alſo the dignity of a prior.
PRIORA'ZGO, ſ. m. the dignity of a prior.
PRIORIDA'D, ſ. f. priority.
PRIO'STE, ſ. m. the ſteward of a brotherhood.
PRISCA'L, ſ. f. } vide *APRI-*
PRI'SCO, ſ. m. } *CO.*
Priſco, a peach.
PRISIO'N, ſ. f. a priſon; alſo impriſonment. In falconry, the hawk's ſeizing his prey.
Priſiónes, pl. irons, fetters, ſhackles.
PRISIONE'RO, ſ. m. a priſoner; properly, a priſoner of war, for other priſoners are generally called *preſos.*
PRISTE, ſ. m. a ſmall whale, a fish of the whale kind.
PRI'STINO, adj. former, firſt in antiquity.
PRIVACIO'N, ſ. f. privation, depriving or being void of any thing.

PRIVA'DA, ſ. f. privy, neceſſary houſe.
PRIVADAME'NTE, adv. privily.
PRIVADE'RO, adj. that may be deprived.
PRIVADI'LLO, ſ. m. a little favourite.
PRIVA'DO, ſ. m. a favourite.
Privádo, adj. deprived.
PRIVA'NZA, ſ. f. favour, great intimacy.
PRIVA'R, v. a. to deprive; but generally, to be in favour, to be very intimate.
Privárſe, v. r. to deprive oneſelf.
Privárſe de juicio, to turn mad.
Privárſe de razón to be drunk.
PRIVATI'VO, adj. that can be deprived.
PRIVILEGIA'R, v. a. to give liberty or privilege.
PRIVILE'GIO, ſ. m. privilege, liberty, immunity.

P R O

PRO, ſ. m. *Buén pro os hága*, much good may it do you.
Pro y cóntra, adv. pro and con, for and againſt.
El pro; in cant, the breech.
PRO'A, ſ. f. the prow or head of a ship.
PROBABILIDA'D, ſ. f. probability.
PROBABILI'STA, ſ. m. a caſuiſt that follows the moſt probable opinion.
PROBA'BLE, adj. probable, likely.
PROBABLEME'NTE, adv. probably.
PROBACIO'N, ſ. f. probation, trial.
PROBA'NZA, ſ. f. proof.
PROBA'R, v. a. to prove, to try, to taſte.
Mugér probáda, a woman that has been proved a whore.
PROBLE'MA, ſ. m. a problem, a propoſition having an interrogation annexed.
PROBLEMA'TICO, adj. belonging to a problem.
PROCEDE'R, v. a. to proceed, to go on.
PROCEDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. proceeding.
PROCELO'SO, adj. ſtormy.
PRO'CER, *PROCE'RO*, ſ. m. a grandee, a great lord.
PROCERIDAD, ſ. f. eminence, elevation.
PROCESSA'L, adj. relating to a ſuit in law.
PROCESSA'R, v. a. to judge a criminal or malefactor, to try him.
PROCESSIO'N ſ. f. a proceſſion, the proceeding or going forward of many people in order, upon ſolemn occaſions.
PROCESSIONALME'NTE, adv. in manner of a proceſſion.
PROCESSIONA'RIO, ſ. m. a church book containing the ceremonies and muſick for proceſſions.
PROCE'SSO, ſ. m. a proceſs or trial at law.
PROCI'NTO, ſ. m. a jutting-out ſtone or the like in the middle part of a wall or ſtructure.
PROCLA'MA, *PROCLAMACI'ON*, ſ. f. a proclamation.
PROCLAMA'R, v. a. to proclaim, to publish.
PROCLI'VE, adj. tending to, inclined.
PROCO, ſ. m. he who ſollicits a woman.
PROCO'NSUL, ſ. m. a proconſul.
PROCONSULA'DO, ſ. m. the proconſulſhip or dignity of a proconſul.
PROCREACIO'N, ſ. f. procreation, engendering.
PROCREADO'R ſ. m. he that begets, procreates, or engenders.
PROCREA'R, v. a. to procreate, beget, or engender.
PROCU'RA, ſ. f. a letter of attorney.
PROCURACIO'N, ſ. f. ſollicíting, endeavouring, procuring; alſo procuratorſhip, the office of a procurator, ſteward, or attorney.
PROCURADO'R, ſ. m. an attorney.
Procuradór fiſcál, ſ. m. the king's attorney.
Procuradór de córtes, a repreſentative of ſome town in the *córtes* or parliament.
PROCURA'R, v. a. to procure, to endeavour, to obtain, to look, to ſollicit.
PRODICION, ſ. f. treachery.
PRODIGALIDA'D, ſ. f. prodigality, waſtefulneſs, extravagance.
PRODIGAME'NTE, adv. prodigally, waſtefully, extravagantly.
PRODI'GIO, ſ. m. a prodigy, a wonderful thing.
PRODIGIOSAME'NTE, adv. prodigiouſly, wonderfully.
PRODIGIO'SO, adj. prodigious, wonderful.
PRO'DIGO, adj. prodigal, extravagant, waſteful.
PRODUCCIO'N, ſ. f. production, producing, bringing forth.
PRODUCI'R, v. a. to produce, to bring forth.
PRODU'CTO, ſ. m. in arithmetick, the product.
PROEJA'R, v. n. to row againſt the wind or ſtream, to ſtem the current, or bear up againſt the wind.
PROE'L ſ. m. a cabbin-boy in a ship.
PROEMIA'L, adj. introductory.
PROE'MIO, ſ. m. introduction, preface.
PROE'SA, ſ. f. proweſs, valour.
PROFANACIO'N, ſ. f. profanation.
PROFANADO'R, ſ. m. a profaner.
PROFANAME'NTE, adv. profanely.
PROFANA'R, v. a. to profane, to pollute a holy thing.
PROFANIDA'D, ſ. f. profaneneſs.
PROFA'NO, adj. profane, ungodly, wicked; that is not holy.
PROFAZADOR, ſ. m. obſ. a reviler.
PROFAZAMIENTO, ſ. m. obſ. the act of reviling.
PROFAZA'R, v. a. obſ. to revile.
PROFAZO, ſ. m. v. *PROFAZAMIENTO*.
PROFECI'A, ſ. f. a prophecy.

PROFERIMIENTO, ſ. m. an utterance, a bringing forth.
PROFERI'R, v. a. to utter, to bring forth, to ſpeak.
PROFESSA'R, v. a. to profeſs any art or ſcience; alſo to profeſs in a religious order; that is, to take the vows of the order.
PROFESSIO'N, ſ. f. a profeſſion, an acknowledgment; alſo a calling, and a profeſſing in a religious order.
PROFE'SSO, ſ. m. one that has profeſſed in a religious order.
PROFESSO'R, ſ. m. a profeſſor.
PROFICIE'NTE, ſ. m. a proficient, one that advances in learning or any thing elſe.
PROFI'CUO, adj. profitable.
PROFUGO, that wanders like a fugitive.
PROFUNDAMEN'TE, adv. that foundly, deeply, lowly, humbly.
PROFUNDIDA'D, ſ. f. profundity, depth.
PROFU'NDO, adj. profound, deep.
PROFUSAME'NTE, adv. profuſely.
PROFUSIO'N, ſ. m. profuſion, waſte.
PROGE'NIE, ſ. f. off-ſpring, race, generation.
PROGENITO'R, ſ. m. a progenitor, a forefather.
PROGENITU'RA, ſ. f. vide *PROGE'NIE*.
PROGRESSIO'N, ſ. f. progreſſion, a proceeding or advancing.
PROGRESSI'VO, adj. progreſſive, going forward, advancing.
PROGRE'SSO, ſ. m. progreſs, proceeding, advancing.
PROHIBICIO'N, ſ. f. a prohibition, forbidding.
PROHIBI'R, v. a. to prohibit, to forbid.
PROHI'DIA, ſ. f. (a clownish word for *porfia*) a contentious inſiſting upon a point; poſitiveneſs.
PROHIDIA'R, v. n. (clownish, for *porfiar*) to contend, to be poſitive, to perſiſt obſtinately.
PROHIJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. adoption.
PROHIJA'R, v. a. to adopt for a ſon.
PRO'LE, ſ. f. iſſue, off-ſpring, a child.
PROLI'FICO, adj. prolifick, that gets children.
PROLIXAME'NTE, adv. prolixly, tediouſly.
PROLIXIDA'D, ſ. f. prolixneſs, tediouſneſs, length.
PROLI'XO, adj. prolix, tedious, long.
PRO'LOGO, ſ. m. prologue, preface, introduction.
PROLONGACIO'N, ſ. f. a prolonging, delaying, ſtretching out in length.
PROLONGA'R, v. a. to prolong, to delay, to ſtretch out at length, to protract.
PROLO'QUIO, ſ. m. a ſhort and witty ſentence.
PROMEDIA'R, v. a. to divide any thing into two equal parts; alſo to be an arbiter judge between two parties.
PRO'MEDIO, ſ. m. the place into which any thing is divided.
PROME'SSA, ſ. f. a promiſe.
PROMETEDO'R, ſ. m. one that promiſes.
PREMETE'R, v. a. to promiſe.
Prometerſe, v. r. to hope, to flatter oneſelf.
PROMETIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a promiſe.
PROMISCUAME'NTE, adv. with confuſed mixture, promiſcuouſly, indiſcriminately.
PROMI'SCUO, adj. promiſcuous, mingled, confuſed.
PROMISSIO'N, ſ. f. promiſe; but ſeldom uſed, unleſs in ſpeaking of the land of promiſe, called *tiérra de promiſſión*.
PROMISSO'RIO, adj. promiſſory.
PROMOCIO'N, ſ. f. promotion, preferment.
PROMO'NTORIO, ſ. m. a cape or promontory, a point of land running out into the ſea.
PROMOTO'R, *PROMOVEDO'R*, ſ. m. a promoter; little uſed but in the *córtes*, where *promovedóres* are particular perſons appointed to make promotions to the houſe.
PROMOVE'R, v. a. to promote, to prefer.
PROMULGACIO'N, ſ. f. a publication.
PROMULGADO'R, ſ. m. a crier, a publiſher, a proclaimer.
PROMULGA'R, v. a. to promulge, to publiſh, to proclaim, to make publick.
PRONO, adj. prone, inclined.
PRONO'MBRE, ſ. m. a pronoun.
PRONOSTICACIO'N, ſ. f. prognoſtication, prediction.
PRONOSTICADO'R, ſ. m. a fortune-teller.
PRONOSTICA'R, v. a. to prognoſtieáte, to foretel.
PRONO'STICO, ſ. m. a ſign or token of a thing that is to come; a foretelling, or prognoſticating; ſo they call the almanack, *almanáque y pronóſtico nuévo*, becauſe it pretends to foretel the weather.
PRONTAME'NTE, adv. promptly, readily.
PRONTEZA, *PRONTITU'D*, ſ. f. promptneſs, readineſs.
PRO'NTO, adj. prompt, ready.
PRONTUA'RIO, ſ. m. a book ſo contrived and digeſted, that a man may readily find what he ſeeks in it.
PRO'NUBA, ſ. f. the woman that preſides at a wedding.
PRONUNCIACIO'N, ſ. f. pronunciation, utterance.
PRONU'NCIA'R, v. a. to pronounce.
PROPAGACIO'N, ſ. f. propagation, increaſe.
PROPAGADOR, ſ. m. who propagates.
PROPAGA'R, v. a. to propagate.
PROPAGATI'VO, adj. that which propagates.
PROPALA'R, v. a. to publiſh.
PROPASSA'R, v. n. to paſs farther than one ought.
PROPENSAME'NTE, adv. with tendency or propenſion.
PROPENSIO'N, propenſion, inclination.
PROPE'NSO, adj. inclined.
PROPHECI'A, ſ. f. prophecy.
PROPHETA, ſ. m. prophet.
PROPHETA'L, adj. applied to the books written by the prophets.
PROPHETA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *PROPHETIZAR*.
PROPHETICAMENTE, adv. prophetically.
PROPHE'TICO, adj. prophetick.

PROPHETI'SSA, ſ. f. a prophetes.
PROPHETIZA'R, v. a. to prophecy, to foretel.
PROPICIACIO'N, ſ. f. propitiation.
PROPICIATO'RIO, ſ. m. that has the virtue of propitiation.
PROPI'CIO, adj. propitious, favourable.
PROPINA, ſ. f. a fee or due, which doctors, who take their degree, pay thoſe who have taken it before them. It was formerly a collation or treat; but now they give it in money. Alſo wages or pay.
PROPI'NQUO, adj. near of kin, a kinſman.
PROPONEDOR, ſ. m. who propoſes.
PROPONE'R, v. a to propoſe.
PROPORCIO'N, ſ. f. proportion.
PROPORCIONA'BLE, *PROPORCIONA'L*, adj. portionable.
PROPORCIONALME'NTE, adv. proportionably.
PROPORCIONA'R, v. a. to proportion.
PROPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. a propoſition; alſo the ſpeech the king makes at the opening of the *córtes* or parliament; ſo called, becauſe in it he propoſes the cauſe that moved him to call them.
PROPO'SITO, ſ. m. purpoſe, deſign, intention, reſolution.
Penér propósito de hacer una coſa, to deſign, to do a thing.
Pacér propósito, to make a purpoſe or reſolution.
Ser fuera de propósito, to be nothing to the purpoſe.
Pacér una coſa de propósito, to do a thing purpoſely.
Penir à propósito, to be put to the purpoſe.
Juégo de propósito, the ſport of croſs purpoſes.
PROPRIAME'NTE, adv. properly.
PROPRIEDA'D, ſ. f. property.
PROPRIETA'RIO, ſ. m. a proprietor.
PRO'PRIO, ſ. m. proper, peculiar, a man's own.
PROPUESTO, p. p. propoſed; alſo purpoſed, reſolved
PRO'RA, ſ. f. v. *PRO'A*.
PRORATA, ſ. f. proportion.
PRO'ROGA, *PROROGACIO'N*, ſ. f. a prorogation or putting off; the proroguing of the *córtes* or parliament; adjournment.
PROROGA'R, v. a. to prorogue, to put off.
PRORUMPI'R, v. n. to out with violence, to burſt out.
PRO'SA, ſ. f. proſe, what is not verſe.
PROSADO'R, ſ. m. one that writes in proſe.
PROSA'ICO, adj. proſaick.
PROSA'PIA, ſ. f. race, generation.
PROSCRIBI'R, v. a. to proſcribe, to outlaw.
PROSCRIPCIO'N, ſ. f. proſcription, outlawing.
PROSCRI'PTO, p. p. proſcribed, outlawed.
PROSECUCION, ſ. f. proſecution.
PROSEGUIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. proſecuting, following.
PROSEGUI'R, v. a. to proſecute, to follow.
PROSELITO, ſ. m. a proſelyte, a convert.
PROSI'STA, ſ. m. a writer in proſe. A man that ſpeaks too much.
PROSO'DIA, ſ. f. the art of true accenting of words and giving them their ſound with their proper lengts.
PROSOPOPE'IA, ſ. f. the feigning of any creature or thing to ſpeak, repreſenting of perſons. A figure in retorick.
PROSPERAME'NTE, adv. proſperouſly.
PROSPERA'R, v. a. to proſper, to give good ſucceſs.
PROSPERIDA'D, ſ. f. proſperity.
PROSPERO, adj. proſperous, ſucceſs-ful.
Viénto proſpéro, a fair wind.
PROSTITUCIO'N, ſ. f. proſtitution, expoſing to common uſe.
PROSTITUI'R, v. a to proſtitue, to expoſe to common uſe
PROTECCIO'N, ſ. f. protection.
PROTECTO'R, ſ. m. a protector.
PROTECTO'RA, *PROTECTRI'Z*, ſ. f. protectreſs.
PROTEGE'R, v. a. to protect.
PROTERVAMENTE, adv. haughtily, obſtinately, perverſely.
PROTE'RVIA, ſ. f. untowardneſs, perverneſs pride, obſtinacy.
PROTE'RVO, adj. perverſe, untoward, proud, obſtinate, ſullen.
PROTE'STA, ſ. f. proteſt, a ſolemn declaration of opinion againſt one thing.
PROTE'STACIO'N, ſ. f. a proteſtation.
PROTESTA'NTE, ſ. m. a proteſtant.
PROTESTA'R, v. a. to proteſt, to affirm, to proteſt a bill of exchange upon non-payement.
PROTESTO, ſ. m. a proteſtation; alſo a proteſt of a bill of exchange or the like.
PROTO, ſ. m. the firſt in his line.
PROTOCO'LO, ſ. m. a regiſter kept by a notary, or ſuch officer of ſales contracts, &c.
PROTOME'DICO, ſ. m. the firſt phyſician.
PROTONOTA'RIO, ſ. m. a chief notary.
PROTOTY'PO, ſ. m. a prototype or model.
PROVE'CHO, ſ. f. profit, advantage, gain.
Puén provécho os hága, much good it may do you.
PROVECHOSAME'NTE, adv. profitably advantageouſly.
PROVECHO'SO, adj. profitable, advantageous.
PROVECHU'ELO, ſ. m. a little profit or advantage.
PROVEEDO'R, ſ. m. a commiſſary of proviſions in an army, a purveyor.
PROVEE'R, v. a. to provide, provide, to take heed, to forſee.
Proveérſe, v. r. to eaſe one's body; to do that another cannot do for one.
PROVEI'DO, adj. that has got a place or preferment.
PREVEIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. providing, ſtoring, foreſeeing.

PROVE'NA, ſ. f. a young branch of a vine.
PROVENIR, v. a. to come to, to arrive at.
PROVERBIADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſpeaks proverbs.
PROVERBIA'L, adj. proverbial, belonging to a proverb.
PROVERBIALME'NTE, adv. proverbially.
PROVE'RBIO, ſ. m. a proverb.
PROVIDAME'NTE, adv. providently.
PROVIDE'NCIA, ſ. f. providence, foreſight.
PROVIDE'NTE, adj. provident.
PRO'VIDO, adj. provident.
PROVI'NCIA, ſ. f. a province.
PROVINCIA'L, adj. provincial, of, or belonging to a province; that is, ſuperior over a whole province, as among religious orders.
PROVISIO'N, ſ. f. proviſion. It is alſo a reſult or determination of the king and council, an order, a grant of a place or preferment to any perſon.
PROVISO'R, ſ. m. a proviſor, one that provides for a community; alſo a biſhop's vicar-general.
PROVISO'RIO, adj. belonging to the proviſor or proviſorſhip.
PROVISTO, p. p. of *proveér*.
PROVOCACION, ſ. f. provocation.
PROVOCADO'R, ſ. m. a provoker.
PROVOCA'R, v. a. to provoke.
PROVOCATI'VO, adj. provocative, exciting.
PROXIMAME'NTE, adv. nearly; alſo lately.
PROXIMIDA'D, ſ. f. proximity, nearneſs kindred.
PRO'XIMO, ſ. m. a neighbour in the Chriſtian ſenſe.
PROYECTA'R, v. a. to ſcheme, to form in the mind; to contrive.
PRPYECTO, adj. extended, dilated.
Proyécto, ſ. m. a ſcheme, a project, a contrivance.

PRU

PRUDE'NCIA, ſ. f. prudence.
PRUDENCIA'L, adj. prudential.
PRUDENCIALME'NTE, adv. prudentially.
PRUDE'NTE, adj. prudent, diſcreet.
PRUDENTEME'NTE, adv. prudently, diſcreetly.
PRUE'BA, ſ. f. a proof, a trial, a taſte.
PRUI'NA, ſ. f. the hoary-froſt.
PRUNA, ſ. f. a prune, a plum.

PSA

PSALMEA'R, v. a. vide *PSALMODIAR*.
PSALMISTA, ſ. m. a writer of pſalms, a pſalmiſt.
Decir á uno el pſalmo, to give one a lecture.
PSALMO'DIA, ſ. f. ſinging of pſalms.
PSALMODIA'R, v. n. to ſing pſalms.
PSALTE'RIO, ſ. m. the pſalter or book of pſalms: alſo a muſical inſtrument called a pſaltery.
PSEUDO, adj. falſe.

PTI

PTINGE, ſ. m. the name of a kind of nocturnal hawk.
PTISA'NA, ſ. f. ptiſan, a medical drink made of barley decocted with raiſins and liquorice.
PTI'SICA, ſ. f. hectick, conſumption, an hectick fever.
PTI'SICO, adj. hectick, hectical, in conſumption.
PTI'SIS, ſ. f. v. *PTI'SICA*.

PUA

PU, ſ. f. the excrements of a child, *Pu!* uſed when it ſtinks.
PU'A, ſ. f. a point, a prick, the tooth of a comb, or any ſharp point ſticking out; alſo a ſtock to graft on; in fortifications *púas*, are what we call fraiſes; that is, paliſadoes or ſtakes.
Puás de puérco eſpin, the quills or long pricks that grow on the back of a porcupine.

PUB

PUBERTA'D, ſ. f. puberty, the age of fourteen in youth, and of twelve in girls.
PUBLICACIO'N, ſ. f. publication, publiſhing.
PUBLICADO'R, ſ. m. a publiſher.
PUBLICAME'NTE, adver. publickly.
PUBLICA'NO, ſ. m. a publican, often mentioned in the goſpel; they were only farmers of the revenues paid to the Romans.
PUPLICA'R, v. a. to publiſh, to divulge, to make publick.
PUBLICIDA'D, ſ. f. publickneſs.
PUBLICO, adj. publick, known to all.
Eſcribáno público, a puplic notary.
Cáſa pública, a bawdy-houſe.

PUC

PUCELA'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of very glutinous clay almoſt in the nature of a bitumen.
PUCHAS, ſ. f. pl. } a ſort of pap,
PUCHES, ſ. m. pl. } made with grated bread, oil, water, and other ingredients.
PUCHERIA'S, ſ. f. trifles, things of no value; uſed alſo as *pucherícos*.
PUCHERI'CO, } ſ. m. a little
PUCHERI'LLO, } pipkin
PUCHERITO, }
Hacér pucherícos, to whimper, to begin to cry to make ſuch faces as children do when they cry.
PUCHE'RO, ſ. m. a pipkin.
Puchéro, the meſs or ſpoon-meat generally eaten firſt at dinner.
Tiene uſted puchero? have you any dinner to give us? A queſtion asked by travellers at the inns.
Hacér púcheros or *pucherícos*, to bubble, to cry as children do.
Comér ſu puchéro, to be ſatisfied with little.
PUCHES, ſ. m. pl. v. *PUCHAS*.

PUD

PUDICI'CIA, ſ. f. modeſty, chaſtity.

PUDOR

PUDO'R, ſ. m. modeſty, shamefacedneſs.
PUDRICIO'N, ſ. f. } corruption,
PUDRIMIENTO, ſ. m. } rottenneſs.
PUDRI'R, v. a. to rot.
Pudriſe, v. r. to putrify, to become corrupted.

PUE

PUE'BLA, ſ. f. a town or village
PUEBLEZUE'LO, ſ. m. a little town; alſo the mean ſort of people; the mob.
PUE'BLO, ſ. m. the populace, the people; alſo a town.
PUE'NTE, ſ. f. a bridge.
Puénte de criſnéjas y pája, a bridge of hurdles, and ſtraw over them, bound with ropes croſs a river, uſed in the weſt-Indies.
Puénte levadiza, a draw-bridge.
Puénte de rabél, the bridge of a fiddle.
Ojo de puénte, the arch of a bridge; ironically, the podex.
PUENTECI'CA, } ſ. f. diminuitves of *puente*.
PUENTECI'LLA, }
PUENTECI'TA, }
PUENTEZUE'LA, }
PUE'RCA, ſ. f. a ſow. Alſo a hog-louſe; alſo the nut of a ſcrew.
Puérca de husóllo, the ſpindle of a diſtaff.
Puércas, ſ. f. pl. kernels growing in the throat or other parts of the body; alſo ridges in plowed land or gardens.
PUERCAME'NTE, adv. naſtily, dirtily.
PU'ERCO, adj. naſty, dirty, filthy.
Puérco, ſ. m. hog, boar; alſo pork, or ſwines flesh. Metaph. a naſty, dirty perſon.
Puérco cevádo, a fatted hog.
Puérco eſpín, a porcupine.
Puérco montés, a wild boar.
PUERI'CIA, ſ. f. boyish years, betwixt children and youth.
PUERI'L, adj. boyish, childish.
PUERILIDA'D, ſ. f. boyishneſs.
PUERILME'NTE, adv. boyishly.
PUERQUECI'CO, } ſ. m. a little
PUERQUECI'LLO, } ſow or hog;
PUERQUECI'TO, } alſo a little
PUERQUEZUE'LO, } nut of a ſcrew; alſo a little naſty, or dirty perſon.
PUE'RRO, ſ. m. a leek.
PUE'RTA, ſ. f. a door, a gate, a port-hole.
Puérta principál, fore door, great gate.
Puérta traſéra, puérta falſa, back door.
Eſtár a la puérta, to be at the door; that is, to be ready at hand.
Abrir puérta, to facilitate, to make way.
A eſsótra puérta, tell that ſtory to another. A way of turning one away, as they do a beggar, bidding him go to the next door.
Echárlo a puértas, to ſpoil, to deſtroy it.
Andár de puérta en puérta, to beg from door to door.

Prov. *A puérta cerráda el diáblo ſe huélve*, when the devil finds the door shut, he goes his way; that is, the devil does not prevail when a man ſets his reſolution againſt him; when a houſe is well ſecured, thieves are diſappointed.

Prov. *Dónde úna puérta ſe ciérra ótra ſe abre*, where one door is shut, another is opened; that is, when one fails, another hits.

Ponér puértas ál cámpo, to put gates to the fields.
PUERTECI'CA, }
PUERTECI'LLA, } ſ. f. a little
PUERTECI'TA, } door.
PUERTEZUE'LA, }
PUE'RTO, ſ. m. a port, a harbour, a haven.
Puérto séco, a paſs on mountains; a frontier town, were goods pay a duty.
Puérto de arrebáta cápas, any place that is much expoſed to winds, which are always fluttering about a man's cloak.
PUE'S, adv. then ſince.
PUE'SQUE, adv. ſince that.
PUESTA, ſ. f. a ſlice, a cut, a piece, a portion, an allowance.
PUE'STO, adj. put, placed, ſet, ſtanding.
Deſpues del ſol puéſto, after ſun-ſet.
Puéſto, ſ. m. a place, a poſt, an employment; alſo a ſtand in a market, or other place, where goods are ſold, not in a ſhop.
Pueſto que, adv. notwithſtanding, although.

PUG

PUGA, ſ. f. obſ. v. *PU'A*.
PU'GIL, ſ. m. a boxer.
PUGNA, ſ. f. a battle, oppoſition.
PUGNA'R, v. n. to ſtrive, to contend, to fight.
Pugnáz, adj. warlike.

PUJ

PU'JA, ſ. f. bidding above another in a ſale.
Sácar de la púja, to be worſe than another.
PUJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. bidding in a ſale or auction; alſo thruſting or pushing.
Pujamiénto de sángre, an overflowing of blood
PUJA'NTE, adj. ſtrong, powerful, prevalent.
PUJA'NZA, ſ. f. puiſſance, power, might.
PUJA'R, v. n. to bid one above another, as they do in an auction; alſo to push, to thruſt.
PUJAVA'NTE, ſ. m. a farrier's buttreſs to pare horſes hoofs.
PU'JO, ſ. m. a diſtemper in the fundament ſometimes cauſed by the flux; alſo a deſire to go to ſtool, but in vain.

PUL

PULCRITU'D, ſ. f. beauty, grace, handſomeneſs.
PU'LCRO, adj. beau, ſparkish, womanish.
PULGA, ſ. f a flea.
Mála púlga, a troubleſome fellow that diſturbs every body.

Prov. *Echárle la púlga detrás de la oréja*, to ſend one away with a flea in his ear.

PULGA'DA, ſ. f. an inch, the breadth of a thumb.
PULGA'R, ſ. m. the thumb; alſo the great toe.

Menéar los pulgáres, to play at cards; to deal them out.

Hiládo por éſtos pulgáres, the women that ſpin, and value themſelves upon that houſewifry, ſay this when they ſhew their work; that is, it was ſpun with theſe thumbs.

PULGARA'DA, ſ. f. a motion of the thumb; alſo a thumb's breadth, an inch.

PULGO'N, ſ. m. a worm that eats the vines.

PULGUE'RA, ſ. f. a place where there are many fleas; alſo an herb ſo called.

PULGUI'LLA, ſ. f. diminut. of *pulga*.

PULICI'A, ſ. f. neatneſs, civility, courteſy, good behaviour.

PULIDAME'NTE, adv. neatly, politely.

PULIDE'RO, ſ. m. a cloth women hold in their hands when they wind thread to make it ſmooth.

PULIDE'Z, *PULIDE'ZA*, } ſ. f. politeneſs.

PULIDILLO, ſ. m. a little nice fellow.

PULI'DO, adj. neat, ſpruce, tight.

PULIDO'R, ſ. m. he who poliſhes; alſo any inſtrument to poliſh with.

PULIME'NTO, ſ. m. polishing, ſprucing, making neat.

Dar pulimento, among ſtatuaries, to finish, to give the laſt ſtrokes to a figure.

PULI'R, v. a. to polish, to make fine or curious.

PU'LLA, ſ. f. joke, jeſt, banter.

PULMO'N ſ. m. the lungs.

Pulmón marino, bright froth in the ſea that ſhines.

PULMONA'RIA, ſ. f. the herb lungwort or pulmonary.

PULMONI'A, ſ. f. an inflamation in the lungs.

PU'LPA, ſ. f. pulp, the fleſh of any fruit or the like; alſo any ſoft maſs.

Carne de púlpa, fleſh without bones.

PULPE'JO, ſ. m. the brawny fleſh of arms, legs, and fingers.

PULPERI'A, ſ. f. in the Weſt-Indies, the ſhops where they ſell wine, brandy, and other ſpirits, and many other wares.

PULPE'RO, ſ. m. a retailer, one that keeps one of the ſhops called *pulperia*.

PU'LPITO, ſ. m. a pulpit.

PU'LPO, ſ. m. a fiſh called many-feet, or pourcontrel, which has no bones.

PULPO'SO, adj. pulpous, having fleſh, without bones.

PUL'QUE, ſ. m. the juice of a tree called *maguey*, New-Spain, mixed with other ingredients

PULQUERI'A, ſ. f. the place where they ſell the liquor called *púlque*.

PULSACIO'N, ſ. f. the feeling of te pulſe.

PULSADA, ſ. f. the beating of the pulſe

PULSA'R, v. a. to touch; alſo to feel one's pulſe; alſo to pulſe to beat as the pulſe.

PU'LSO, ſ. m. the pulſe.

Tomár el pulſo á un negócio, to ſound a buſineſs

Quédar ſin pulſos, to be ſo ſurpriſed, or aſtonished, that the blood ſtagnates and the pulſe ceaſes to beat.

PULULA'R, v. n. to bud out.

P U N.

PUNDONO'R, ſ. m. point of honour, a nicety in honour.

PUNDONORO'SO, adj. nice in points of honour.

PUNGIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a pricking.

PUNGI'R, v. a. to punch, to prick. Metaph. to vex, to nettle.

PUNICIO'N, ſ. f. punishment.

PUNI'R, v. a. to punish.

PU'NTA, ſ. f. the point of any ſharp thing; a prick.

Púnta de agrío, a touch of ſharpneſs or ſowerneſs.

Tenér punta el vino, is for wine to be pricked.

Jugár á punta y cabéza, children's play at beads and points.

Doblár la punta, to double a point of land at ſea; that is, to get about it.

Hacér punta, to oppoſe, to contradict.

Herir de punta, to thruſt or wound with the point of a weapon.

Hacér punta el halcón, to fly off from his game; ſaid of the hawk

Ofrecér algo por la punta de la eſpáda, to offer a thing by the point of a ſword.

Armádo de púnta en blánco, armed cap-a-pee.

Tenér úno ſus púntas y collár, to have point and collar; that is, to be haughty.

Prov. *Chica es la punta de la eſpína, mas á quien duele no la olvída*, the point of a fiſh-bone is ſmall, but he who is hurt by it does not forget it; that is, a ſmall hurt or wrong in the eyes of another is not forgot by him that feels it.

Púntas, pl. lace; ſo called becauſe they were formerly pointed.

Púntas de tramóya. a particular ſort of lace uſed formerly.

PUNTACIO'N, ſ. f. pointing in writing

PUNTA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtitch.

Dar una puntáda en un negócio, to put a word in, to move a point in a buſineſs.

PUNTA'L, ſ. m. a prop, a ſhore for a houſe or the like; among ſailors the depth of a ſhip from the deck to the bottom of the hold.

PUNTAPIE, ſ. m. a kick, a ſpurn.

PUNTA'R, v. a. to point, to ſharpen.

PUNTEA'R, v. a. to play upon any ſtringed inſtrument by pricking the ſprings; alſo to prick, to point, and to ſtitch.

PUNTE'RA, ſ. f. the herb houſeleek.

PUNTERI'A, ſ. f. upon the level, ſhooting point blank at a mark; alſo a chiſel to pare ſtones with.

PUNTE'RO, ſ. m. a feſcue children uſe when they learn to read.

PUNTIAGUDO, adj. ſharp-pointed.

Puntillas, ſ. f. pl. dim. of *puntas*. alſo the tips of the toes.

Andár de puntillas, to walk on tip-toe.

Afirmár úna cóſa a piés puntillas, to affirm a thing poſitively, as if a man ſtood on tip-toe for eagerneſs.

PUNTILLA'ZO, ſ. m. a kick, a ſpurn.

PUNTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little point.
PUNTILLO'N, ſ. m. vide *PUNTILL'AZO.*
PU'NTO, ſ. m. a point, a moment, a ſtitch, the ſize of a ſhoe, the ace at cards or dice. Alſo a note in muſick.
Pon un punto entre eſſas palábras, make a point, or a punctum between thoſe words.
Vendré en un punto, I will come in a moment.
Zapáto de tantos puntos, a ſhoe of ſuch a ſize.
Punto y rey, the ace and king at cards.
Punto de eſcopéta, the ſight to take aim by in a gun.
Hómbre de punto, a man of honour.
Punto en bóca, ſilence.
Dar punto, to give over; alſo to give a hint.
Al punto, adv. immediately.
Eſtar en ſu punto, to be juſt as ought to be.
Ir al punto del negócio, to come to the point.
Llegár á punto, to come in the nick of time.
Sin diſcrepár un punto, without varying or differing a jot.
Puuto por létra, a term among muſicians in ſhort compoſitions, when there is but one note allowed to every ſyllable.
En buen punto or *en mal punto*, in a lucky or an unlucky minute.
A punto crudo; a day after the fair.
Curár de punto, to cure a wound, ſtitching it up.
Púntos, the plural of *púnto.*
Púntos de teologia, points in divinity.
Dar termino por puntos, to give very ſhort reſpites.
Gánar por puntos, to reckon more pips at cards.
Ponér los puntos en la viſta, to take aim with a gun, bringing the ſights of the piece to the eye.
PUNTO'SO, adj. having many points; alſo punctilious.
PUNTUACIO'N, ſ. f. pointing in writing.
PUNTUA'L, adj. punctual.
PUNTUALIDA'D, ſ. f. exactneſs.
PUNTUALME'NTE, adv. punctually.
PUNTUA'R, v. a. to point in writing.
PUNTU'RA, ſ. f. pointing, pricking.
PUNZA'DA, ſ. f. a punch, a thruſt, a prick; alſo grief trouble.
PUNZADU'RA, ſ. f. idem.
PUNZA'R, v. a. to punch, to thruſt, to prick; alſo to trouble.
PUNZO'N, ſ. m. a bodkin.
PUNZONCI'CO, ſ. m. a little bodkin.

P U ñ

PUñA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with a fiſt; alſo a handful.
Prov. *A puñadas éntran las buenas badas*, good fuck comes in by cuffing; that is a man muſt ſtruggle and take pains to be fortunate.
Prov. *Dar una puñada en el cielo*, to ſtrike at heaven; to aim at impoſſibilities; to be very wicked and fly in the face of heaven; to contend with or offend thoſe, that are ſo much above us that we cannot reach them.
PUñA'DO, ſ. m. a handful, a gripe, as much as a man can graſp in his fiſt.
PUñA'L, ſ. m. a dagger, a poniard.
PUñALA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtab with a dagger.
PUñA'R, v. a. vide *PUGNA'R.*
PUñE'TE, ſ. m. a blow with the fiſt.
Puñétes, ſ. m. pl. ruffles, ſuch as we wear at the wriſts.
PU'ñO, ſ. m. a fiſt; the handle of a ſword, dagger, or other ſuch thing; ſometimes a handful; among ſailors, the clue, which is the lower corner of the ſail that reaches down to the place where the tacks and ſheets are made faſt to the ſail.
Púños, ſ. m. ruffles or cuffs, for the wriſts; and, in ſea-terms, the clues for the ſails.

P U P

PU'PA, ſ. f. the puſtule of a pimple.
PUPILA'GE, ſ. m. a houſe where they keep young ſcholars at bed and board, a boarding-ſchool.
PUPILE'RO, ſ. m. he that keeps a boarding-ſchool, or a houſe for young ſcholars to board in.
PUPI'LO, ſ. m. a pupil, a fatherleſs child, or one that is under the tuition of another; or that is at a boarding-ſchool, or under a tutor.
PUPO'SO, adj. pimpled, ſcabby.

P U R

PURAME'NTE, adv. purely, ſincerely.
PURE'ZA, ſ. f. purity.
PU'RGA, ſ. f. a purge.
PURGACIO'N, ſ. f. purging, cleanſing, clearing women's courſes.
PURGA'R, v. a. to purge, to cleanſe, to clear.
PURGATI'VO, adj. purging.
PURGATO'RIO, ſ. m. purgatory, a place of cleanſing.
PURIDA'D, ſ. f. purity. It was alſo uſed for ſecrecy.
Prov. *A quién alces tu puridád, a eſsé das tu libertád*, to him you tell your ſecret, to him you reſign your liberty; that is, when you have truſted a man with a ſecret, he keeps you in awe.
Prov. *Puridád de dos, puridád de Dios; puridád de tres de tódos es*, a ſecret between two is God's ſecret, a ſecret between three is every body's; that is, two may keep a ſecret, but when three have it, every body has it.
Prov. *Quién guárda puridád, eſcúſa mucho mal*, he that keeps a ſecret, prevents much miſchief. The revealing of ſecrets often does much harm.
PURIFICACI'ON, ſ. f. purification, cleanſing.
La Purificación de nuéſtra Señóra, the feaſt of the Purification of our Lady; Candlemas-day.

PURIFICADO'R, ſ. m. one that cleanſes or purifies; alſo a little cloth with which the prieſt wipes the chalice after receiving the ſacrament.

PURIFICA'R, v. a. to purify, to cleanſe.

PU'RO, adj. pure, clean, without mixture, untainted, unſpotted, undefiled.

PU'RPURA, ſ. f. purple.

PURPURA'R, v. a. to dye any thing of a purple colour, to colour with purple; alſo to dreſs with purple.

PURPUREA'R, v. n. to be of a purple colour.

PURPU'REO, adj. of a purple colour.

PURRE'LA, ſ. f. a low kind of wine.

PURULE'NTO, adj. full of pus.

P U S

PU'S, ſ. m. pus, the matter of a well digeſted ſore.

PUSILA'NIME, adj. puſillanimous, fainthearted.

PUSILANIMIDA'D ſ. f. puſillanimity, faint-heartedneſs.

PUSTULA, ſ. f. a puſtule.

P U T

PUTA, ſ. f. a whore, a harlot.

Púta barbacanéra, a whore that plies among ſoldiers about the walls of a town; a camp whore.

Púta carcavéra, ſ. f. a whore; one that haunts church-yards.

Púta matréra, ſ. f. a cunning whore.

Prov. *Ayer putas oy comádres*, yeſterday whores, and to day goſſips; ſaid of mean ſcolding women, who revile one another one hour, and are friends the next.

Prov. *Pútas, y dados, y cominos de odre, mátan al hómbre*, whores, dice, and wine, kill and deſtroy a man.

Prov. *A la puta y al juglar, á la vejéz le viéne mal*, a whore and a buffoon fare ill in their old age.

Prov. *A la puta y a la trucha, do no catáres la búſca*, look for a whore and a trout where you leaſt expect to find them. You may light of them in very unlikely places.

Prov. *Guárdate de puta, que dexa la bolſa enxúta*, take heed of a whore who leaves thy purſe empty.

Prov. *La puta y la cornéja, mas ſe láva mas négra*, a whore and a daw, the more they waſh, the blaker they look.

Prov. *Pútas y alcahuétas, tódas ſon tretas*, whores and bawds are all made up of tricks.

PUTAI'SMO, ſ. m. v. *PUTANI'SMO*.

PUTAÑEA'R, v. n. to follow whores.

PUTAÑE'RO, ſ. m. a whore-maſter.

PUTANI'SMO, ſ. m. the tribe or race of whores.

PUTATI'VO, adj. reputed, ſuppoſed to be.

PUTEA'L, ſ. m. a pitcher.

PUTEA'R, v. n. to play the whore; to follow whores.

PUTERI'A, ſ. f. a bawdy-houſe; alſo whoredom.

Prov. *Puteria, ni húrta, núnca ſe encúbre múcho*, whoredom and theft are never long concealed.

PUTESCAME'NTE, adv. whorishly.

PUTE'SCO, adj. whorish.

PUTICO, *PUTO*, ſ. m. a bardash.

PUTREFACIO'N, ſ. f. putrefaction, corruption, rottenneſs.

PU'TRIDO, adj. rotten, corrupted by putrefaction.

PUZO'L, ſ. m. a kind of ſand ſo called.

P Y G

PYGA'RGO, ſ. m. a kind of wild goat; alſo a kind of eagle or hawk.

P Y R

PY'RA, ſ. f. a pile to burn dead bodies.

PYRAMIDA'L, adj. pyramidal, having the form of a pyramid.

PYRAMIDALME'NTE, adv. pyramidically, in form of a pyramid.

PYRA'MIDE, ſ. f. pyramid, in geometry, is a ſolid figure, whoſe baſe is a polygon, and whoſe ſides are plain triangles, their ſeveral points meeting in one.

Pyramides, pl. in cant, the legs.

PYROMANCI'A, ſ. f. pyromancy, divination by fire.

PYROMA'NTICO, ſ. m. one ſuppoſed to divine by fire.

PYRO'PO, ſ. m. a carbuncle, a jewel ſo called.

PYXI'DE, ò *PIXYDE*, ſ. f. a little box; alſo the pit or box in which the Roman prieſts keep the holy hoſt.

Q.

Q, there is always an *u* after this letter.

QUA

QUADE'RNA, ſ. f. the garnet; a tackle, wherewith they hoiſe casks and goods into ships.

QUADERNA'RIO, adj. made of four parts.

QUADERNI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall pocket book: alſo five sheets of paper.

QUADE'RNO, ſ. m. a sheet of paper folded in four. Among printers, as much as goes under one letter in a ſignature.

Quadérno, a little book, made of ſome sheets of paper; alſo a ſuit of cards to play with.

QUADRA, ſ. f. a room, or chamber in a houſe; alſo the ſquare plot the houſe ſtands on; that part of the ship called the quarter; in architecture, that ſquare that contains an inſcription; in horſemanship, the cheſt of a horſe.

Cabállo ánchode quádra, a full-cheſted horſe.

QUADRA'DA, ſ. f. in cant, a purſe.

QUADRA'DO, ſ. m. the guſſet in a shirt, the ſquare piece under the arm; and the clock in a ſtocking.

QUADRAGENARI'O, adj. forty years old.

QUADRAGESI'MA, ſ. f. lent.

QUADRAGESIMA'L, adj. belonging to lent.

QUADRAGE'SIMO, adj. the fortieth.

QUADRANGULA'R, adj. quadrangular, ſquare.

QUADRA'NGULO, ſ. m. quadrangle, a ſquare.

QUADRA'NTE, ſ. m. a quadrant, a mathematical inſtrument ſo called.

QUADRA'R, v. a. to ſquare; metaph. to ſuit with one's humour or inclination; alſo to agree, to pleaſe.

QUADRATU'RA, ſ. f. a ſquaring or fitting.

QUADRE'TE, ſ. m. a little ſquare banner.

QUADRIENNA'L, adj. of four years.

QUADRIENNIO, ſ. m. the ſpace of four years.

QUADRI'GA, ſ. f. a coach or cart with four horſes.

QUADRI'L, ſ. m. the hip.

QUADRILA'TERO, adj. quadrilateral, having four ſides.

QUADRI'LLA, ſ. f. a troop or company of men; a gang.

QUADRILLE'RO, ſ. m. an officer or trooper of what they call the holy brotherhood, an inſtitution for the apprehending and puniſhing of robbers on the high-way.

QUADRI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſquare court, or ſquare bed in a garden.

QUADRIME'STRE, adj. the ſpace of four months.

QUADRI'N, ſ. m. a ſmall coin like a farthing.

QUADRI'PLE, adj. quadruple, made with four.

QUADRISYLA'BO, adj. quadriſyllable.

QUADRI'VIO, ſ. m. a place having four ways meeting in a point.

QUADRIVI'STA, ſ. m. one who uſes four meaſures in an affair.

QUA'DRO, ſ. m. a ſquare; alſo a picture.

Quádro, a ſquare bed in a garden.

Quádro, any frame, alſo a dagger, in cant.

Quádros, pl. in cant, dice.

QUADRU'PEDE, ſ. m. a four-footed beaſt.

QUADRU'PLA, ſ. f. quadruple, proportion in muſic.

QUADRUPLA'R, v. a. to quadruple.

QUADRUPLICACIO'N, ſ. f. a quadruplication.

QUADRUPLICA'R, v. a. to quadruplicate, to double twice.

QUADRU'PLO, adj. fourfold.

QUAJA'DA, ſ. f. milk hardened with rennet.

QUAJADI'LLA, ſ. f. diminutive of *quajáda*.

QUAJALE'CHE, ſ. f. the herb cheeſewort; ſo called, becauſe it turns milk.

QUAJAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. curding, congealing.

QUAJA'R, v. a. to curd, to congeal, to thicken.

Quajár, ſ. m. the paunch, or entrails of any creature.

QUAJARE'JO, ſ. m. a little paunch or entrails.

QUA'JO, ſ. m. rennet to make cheeſe.

QUA'L, pron. which.

Qual y qual, here and there one, a very few.

QUALESQUI'ER ò QUALESQUI'ERA, pron. whichſoever.

QUALIDA'D, ſ. f. vide *CALIDA'D*.

QUALQUI'ER, *QUALQUI'ERA*, } pron. any.

QUAMA'ñO? how big?

QUA'NDO, adv. when.

Cáda y quándo, whenſoever, at any time.

Quándo quiéra, whenſoever, at any time.

QUANTIDA'D, ſ. f. quantity, abundance.

QUANTIO'SO, adj. in great quantity, abundance; alſo rich.

Caballéro quantióſo, a gentleman obliged to keep horſe and arms; a wealthy gentleman; one of a conſiderable eſtate.

QUA'NTO? adj. how much!

Quantos? how many?

Quanto mas? how much more?

Quanto media legua, about half a league.

Quanto quiéra, as much ſoever.

QUARA'NGO, ſ. m. the tree that produces the Jeſuit's bark.

QUARE'NTA, adj. forty.

QUARENTE'NA, ſ. f. a quarentain; the forty days of Lent; alſo the forty days perſons, coming from places ſuppoſed to be infected with the plague, are obliged to ſtay in the peſt-houſe.

QUARENTE'SMO, adj. belonging to forty.

QUARE'SMA, ſ. f. Lent.

QUARESMA'L, adj. of or belonging to the time of Lent.

QUA'RTA, ſ. f. a quarter of a yard, a quarter of an ounce.

QUARTA'GO, ſ. m. a nag, a ſmall horſe.

QUARTA'L, ſ. m. a quarter, a fourth part of any meaſure.

QUARTA'NA, ſ. f. the quartan ague.

Prov. *Por quartána, núnca ſe tañe campána*, a bell was never rung for a quartan ague; that is, people do not die of it.

QUARTANA'RIO, ſ. m. one that has a quartan ague.

QUARTAR, v. a. to turn the land with a plough for the fourth time.

QUARTEA'R, v. a. to quarter, to divide into quarters.

QUARTE'L, ſ. m. quarters for ſoldiers; a fourth part of a galley; alſo a graſs plot or ſquare bed in a garden; alſo the word quarter, uſed among ſoldiers when they ask their life on en emy.

QUARTELA'DO, adj. in blaſonry, divided into four parts, as a coat of arms.

QUARTERO'N, ſ. m. a quartern, a quarter of any thing, of any weight or meaſure.

Quarterón, ſ. m. the ſon of a black man and a Spaniſh woman.

QUARTE'TES, ſ. m. a ſort of poetry, each ſtanza conſiſting of four verſes.

QUARTI'LLA, ſ. f. a little quartern; alſo the paſterns of a horſe or other beaſt.

QUARTI'LLO, ſ. m. the fourth part of the liquid meaſure, called an *azúmbre*; a fourth part of any other thing; a ſmall copper coin ſo called.

QUA'RTO, ſ. m. a ſmall braſs coin; a quarter of mutton, or other meat; alſo an apartment in a houſe.

Quárto del álva, the third watch; that is, break of day-watch.

Quárto de modórra, the drowſy watch, being that next the morning when people are found aſleep.

QUARTO'N, ſ. m. a quarter, or the fourth part of a large piece of timber ſawed into four lenght-ways.

QUA'SI, adv. vide *CA'SI*.

QUATRA'LBO, adj. that has four white feet.

Quatrálbo, ſ. m. a commodore of four galleys.

QUATRE'RO, ſ. m. a horſe-ſtealer.

QUATRIDIA'NO, adj. of four days ſtanding.

QUATRI'N, ſ. m. vide *QUADRI'N*.

QUA'TRO, ſ. m. four.

Quátro ciéntos, four hundred.

Quátro dobládo, four-fold.

Quátro mil, four thouſand.

Quátro tánto, four times as much.

Quátro témporas, the four Ember weeks.

Quátro de ménor, in cant, an aſs.

QUATROPE'A, ſ. f. in cant, a four-footed beaſt.

QUE

QUE, pron. what; alſo that, to the end that.

Para que haces eſſo? to what purpoſe, or why do you do that?

Para que venga bien, that, or to the end that it may fit

Dice que vayas, he ſays that you go, or he bids you go.

No hay para que, thare is no occaſion.

Que horas es? what hour is it?

Que dice uſted? what do you ſay?

QUEBRA'DA, ſ. f. break; unevenneſs, breach; in falconry, a fault.

Coger de quebráda, it is ſaid when a hawk brings down a partridge at the ſecond flight.

Ondas quebrádas, broken billows at ſea.

QUEBRADE'RO de cabéza; a piece of impertinence, or any tedious troublefome thing that troubles one's head.

QUEBRADI'ZO, adj. that is apt to break.

QUEBRA'DO, ſ. m. in poetry, a ſhort verſe inſerted in every ſtanza of verſes of a longer ſort.

Quebrádos, fractions in arithmetick, broken numbers,

QUEBRADO'R, ſ. m. one that breaks.

QUEBRADU'RA, ſ. f. a breaking, a rupture.

QUEBRAMIE'NTO, ſubſt. m. a bankruptcy; uſed only in this ſenſe.

QUEBRANTA'BLE, adj. frangible.

QUEBRANTADO'R, ſubſt. m. a breaker, a bruiſer.

QUEBRANTAHUE'SSOS, ſ. m. a ſort of eagle.

QUEBRANTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. breaking; alſo tiring and wearineſs; ſoreneſs, a bruiſing.

QUEBRANTA'R, v. a. to break, to bruiſe, to weaken, to tire.

QUEBRA'R, v. a. to break.

Quebrár el ójo al diáblo, to make merry.

Quebrár comó mercadér, to break as tradeſmen do.

Quebrárſe, v. r. to get a rupture, or broken belly.

QUE'DA, ſ. f. the nine-o'clock bell, when all ſhould be at home, and after which the watch ſecures ſuſpicious perſons, or ſuch as are found with unlawful weapons.

QUEDA'DA, ſ. f. a ſtaying.

QUEDA'R, v. n. to ſtay, to remain.

Quedárſe en el ſermón, to be out or at a ſtand in a ſermon.

QUEDI'TO, adv. ſoftly, gently.

QUE'DO, adj. quiet, ſtill; adv. uſed, ſoftly, gently.

QUE'JA, ſ. f. a complaint.

Dar quéja, to make a complaint, to bring an action into court for a wrong received.

Baxár de ſu quéja, to let fall a ſuit commenced.

QUEJA'RSE, v. r. to complain.

QUEJICO'SO, adj. one who is always complaining.

QUEJI'DO, ſ. m. complaint, lament.

QUEJO'ZO, adj. one who complains of another.

QUE'LDRA, ſ. f. a cellar or vault under ground; a word only uſed by ſoldiers.

QUE'MA, *QUEMA'DA*, } ſ. f. a burning or blaſting.

QUEMADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where malefactors are burnt.

QUEMADO'R, ſubſt. m. he who burns.

QUEMADU'RA, ſ. f. a burn or burning, alſo a blaſt or blaſting

QUE'MAR, v. a to burn alſo to blaſt.

Quemár la haciénda, to deſtroy, to waſte an eſtate.
Quemárſe, v. r. to burn one's ſelf.
QUEMAZO'N, ſ. f. heart-burning, vexation.
QUENTA, ſ. f. vide *CUENTA*.
QUERE'LLA, ſ. f. a complaint; a quarrel.
QUERELLADO'R, ſ. m. one who complains; one who quarrels.
QUERELLA'R, v. n. to complain; to quarrel.
QUERELLO'SO, adj. complaining; quarrelſome.
QUERE'NCIA, ſ. f. love, liking; alſo the place any beaſt generally reſorts to, as a hare to her form, a fox to her kennel, &c.
QUERE'R, v. a. to will, to have a will, to deſire, to love.
Prov. *Quién tódo lo quiére, tódo lo piérde*, all covet, all loſe.
Querér, ſ. m. love, will, inclination.
QUERIDI'LLO, ſ. m. a little favourite.
QUERI'DO, ſ. m. one beloved.
Mi querído, my dear.
QUESA'DA, ſ. f. a cheeſe-cake.
QUESADI'LLA, ſ. f. a little cheeſe-cake.
QUESE'RA, ſ. f. a woman that makes or ſells cheeſe.
QUESERI'A, ſ. f. a cheeſemonger's ſhop or a dairy where cheeſe is made.
QUESE'RO, ſ. f. a cheeſemonger.
QUESI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall cheeſe.
QUE'SO, ſ. m. cheeſe.
Tánto quéſo cómo pan, make the bread and cheeſe even.
Armár con quéſo, to bait a trap with cheeſe; that is, to endeavour to enſnare, a man with ſome trifle.
QUE'STA, ſ. f. a lawful, begging, a begging by brief.
QüESTION, ſ. f. a queſtion; a controverſy, a debate, a quarrel.
Qüeſtión de torménto, an examination of an offender upon te rack.
QüESTIONA'R, v. a. to queſtion, to examine.
QüESTIONCI'LLA, ſ. f. a little controverſy, conteſt, or quarrel.
QüESTO'R, ſ. m. a queſtor, a great magiſtrate in Rome, who had charge of the publick treaſure.
Qüeſtór de órden religióſa, a friar that begs for his order.
QUEXIGA'L, ſ. m. a grove of wild aſhtrees.
QUEXI'GO, ſ. m. a wild aſh-tree.

QUI

QUICIAL, ſ. m. the place on which the hinges of the door are made faſt.
QUI'CIO, ſ. m. a hinge.
Sacár de ſu quicio, to unhinge, to force a thing from its netural place; metaph. to fret a man out of his wits.
QUIE'BRA, ſ. f. a breach a tradeſman breaking; heart-breaking, ſorrow.
Quiébra de peñas, a cleft in a rock, a broken precipice.
Quiébras, pl. in muſic, thoſe we call breaks.
QUIE'N, pron. who.
Quién es! the queſtion when one knocks at the door, who is it? who is there?
QUIENQUIE'R, *QUIENQUIE'RA*, pron. whoſoever.
QUIETAME'NTE, adv. quietly, peaceably.
QUIETA'R, v. a. to quiet, to ſtill, to hush, to appeaſe, to pacify; alſo to be quiet, to reſt.
QUIE'TE, ſ. m. the hours religious perſons are obliged to be hushed and quiet.
QUIE'TO, ſ. m. quiet ſtill.
QUIETU'D, ſ. f. quietneſs, ſtillneſs, reſt, eaſe.
QUILATADO'R, ſ. m. a refiner of gold and ſilver.
QUILATA'R, v. a. to try as gold, to refine, to perfection.
QUILA'TE, ſ. m. a carat of gold; the fineneſs or touch of gold; the perfection of any thing.
De báxos quiláte, of baſe allay, worth little.
De múchos quiláte, of great value.
QUI'LLA, ſ. f. the keel of a ſhip, which is the firſt timber laid, and the baſis to which all the reſt are faſtened.
QUILLO'TRO, ſ. m. diſturbance, trouble.
QUI'LMA, ſ. f. a bag, a pouch.
QUINA, *QUINAQUINA*, ſ. f. the Jeſuit's bark.
QUINA'O, among ſtudents, the running down of one; that is, when at arguing one has ſo confuted the other, that he has noting to anſwer.
QUI'NAS, ſ. f. pl. the arms of Portugal; ſo called, becauſe they are five eſcutcheons, and each of them five bezants.
Quínas, on the dice, two fives; in cant, money.
QUI'NCE, ſ. m. fifteen.
QUINCE'NO, adj. fifteenth.
QUINCURIO'N, ſ. m. the chief, or leader of five ſoldiers.
QUINDE'NNIO, ſ. m. the ſpace of fifteen years.
QUINIE'NTOS, adj. five hundred.
QUINIE'TOS, ſ. m. a ſort of woollen ſtuff ſo called.
QUIñO'N, ſ. m. a part, a portion, a ſhare; alſo the fifth part of a ploughed land.
QUIñONE'RO, ſ. m. one that divides lands, or that has a ſhare in the land.
QUI'NOLAS, ſ. f. pl. a game at cards.
QUINQUAGE'SIMO, adj. fiftieth.
QUINQUILLERI'AS, ſ. f. pl. all ſorts of ſmall iroo-ware
QUI'NTA, ſ. f. a country-houſe, a farm-houſe, a farm.
Quínta, ſ. f. in muſic, the fifth, or a diapente.
Ponérſe en quíntas, to oppoſe one another.
QUINTA'L, ſ. m. an hundred weight.
QUINTICUYDA'DOS, ſ. m. a pleaſant perſon that diverts ſorrow.
QUINTA'R, v. a to take the fifth.
Tércio quintádo, a regiment made up by taking every fifth man out of ſome other numbers.
QUINTERI'A, ſ. f. a farm that pays the fifth of its product to the landlord.
QUINTE'RNO, ſ. maſ. the number of leaves the ſignature runs through in printing.
QUINTE'RO, ſ. m. a farmer.
QUINTI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. a ſort of poetry that has five verſes in every ſtanza.

QUI'NTO, adj. the fifth.
QUINTUPLO, adj. five-fold.
QUIQUIRI'QUI, ſ. m. the children's play at hide and ſeek.
QUIRI'TE, ſ. m. a Roman gentleman of old.
QUISICO'SA, ſ. f. a riddle.
QUISTIO'N, ſ. f. v. *QüESTION.*
QUI'STO, p. p. of *quérer.*
Bién quiſto, well beloved; *mal quiſto*, ill beloved.
QUITACIO'N; ſ. f. ſervants wages.
QUITACUYDA'DOS, ſ. m. a merry fellow that drives away ſorrow.
QUITADO'R, ſ. m. who takes away or removes.
QUITAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the taking away, removing; alſo quitting.
Quitamiénto de caſádos, a divorce.
QUITA'NZA, ſ. f. an acquittance a diſcharge, receipt in full.
QUITAPELI'LLOS, ſ. m. a flatterer, a pick-thank.
QUITAPESA'RES, ſ. m. a pleaſant man that diverts ſorrow.
QUITA'R, v. a. to take away, to remove, to quit.
Quitárſe los caſádos, to be divorced.
Vender al quitár, to ſell, reſerving a right of redemption.
QUITASO'L, ſ. m. an umbrella uſed to keep off the ſun.
QUITATE de al, ſtand away, get out of the way, remove thence.
QUI'TE, quit; a word moſt uſed among gameſters.
QUIXA'DA, ſ. f. a jaw.
QUIXA'L, } ſ. m. the grinder or
QUIXA'R, } hinder-tooth; alſo the jawbone
QUIXE'RO, ſ. m. the ſide of an artificial canal.
QUI'XO, ſ. m. the ore of any ſilver or golden mine.
QUIXO'NES, ſ. m. pl. baſtard parſley.
QUIXOTA'DA, ſ. f. any ridiculous action committed ſeriouſly.
QUIXOTES, ſ. m. pl. armour for the thighs; alſo any foolish ſerious perſons.
QUIZA', } adv. perhaps.
QUIZ'AS, }

Q U O

QUOCIE'NTE, ſ. m. the quotient in arithmetic.
QUO'TA, ſ. f. an aliquot part; alſo a quota, or one perſon's ſhare or part; a quotation or a marginal note.
QUOTIDIANAME'NTE, adv. daily.
QUOTIDIA'NO, adj. daily, that happens every day.
QUOTI'DIE, adv. vide *QUOTIDIANAME'NTE.*

R.

R, Is pronounced as in English.

RAB

RABADA'N, ſ. m. a chief among the ſhepherds.
RABADILLA, ſ. f. the rump of a bird.
RABADO'QUIN, ſ. m. a ſort of long gun.
RABANA'L, ſubſt. m. a ſpot of ground where radiſhes grow.
RABANE'RO, adj. ſhort, ſaid of a garment.
RABANI'LLO, ſ. m. a little radiſh; alſo the taſte of wine that begins to be pricked.
RABANI'ZA, ſ. f. the ſeed of radiſhes.
RA'BANO, ſ. m. a radiſh.
RABEA'R, v. n. to wag the tail.
RABE'L, ſ. m. a rebeck, a little ſort, of a fiddle with only three ſtrings, uſed by ſhepherds.
RABELE'JO, } ſ. m. a little re-
RABELI'LLO, } beck or fiddle.
RABERA, ſ. f. the hind part of any thing.
RA'BIA, ſ. f. fury, rage, madneſs.
RABIA'R, v. n. to rage, to be furious or mad; to run mad.
RABICA'NO, ſ. m. a horſe or other creature with a grey tail.
RABICO'RTO, adj. ſhort tailed; or that wears ſhort cloaths or a ſhort tail.
RABIE'TA, ſ. f. fretting.
RABI'LLO, ſ. m. a little tail.
RABINI'SMO, ſ. m. the doctrine of the rabbies or maſters among the Jews.
RABI'NO, a rabbi, a maſter among the Jews.
RABIOSAME'NTE, adv. outrageouſly, furiouſly, madly, like a mad dog,
RABIO'SO, adj. outrageous, furious, mad, a mad dog.
RABIRU'BIO, ſ. m. a bird with a red tail; there is alſo a fiſh of this name.

RABISE'CO, adject. dry-tailed; poor, lean, ſtarveling; that anſwers ſhort and ſnappiſh.
RABI'ZA, ſ. f. the tip of a fiſhing-rod; in cant, a drab, a trull, a whore.
RA'BO, ſ. m. the tail, the fundament.
Rabo de veſtidúra, the tail of a garment.
Rabo de mula, the herb horſe-tail.
Rabo de junco, the herb called a wag-tail.
Rabo de puerco, the herb called maiden-weed.
Ir con el rabo entre piernas, to go away with his tail betwixt his legs
Aun eſtá el rabo por deſollár, the tail is not yet flead; there is ſtill ſome difficulty.

Prov. *De rabo de puerco, nunca buen viróte*, you can never make a good ſhaft of a pig's tail. There is no making a ſilk purſe of a ſow's ear.

RABO'N, ſ. m. any thing that has a ſhort tail.
RABOSEA'R, v. a. to beſpatter, to ſtain lightly.
RABO'SO, adj. that has many tails; alſo daggled, that has a daggled tail.
RABU'DO, that has a tail.

RAC

RACAME'NTO, ſ. m. the parel which goes about the maſt in a ſhip, and holds the yard to the maſt.
RACIMI'LLO, ſ. m. a little bunch of grapes.
RACI'MO, ſ. m. a bunch, a cluſter.
RACIOCINACIO'N, ſ. f. } reaſo-
RACIOCI'NIO, ſ. m. } ning.
RACIOCINA'R, v. n. to reaſon.
RACIO'N, ſ. f. a ration, a portion or allowance; alſo board-wages.
RACIONA'L, adj. rational.
RACIONALIDA'D, ſ. f. rationality, the power of reaſoning.
RACIONA'LMENTE, adv. rationally, reaſonably, according to reaſon.
RACIONERO, ſ. m. a petty canon of a church.

RAD

RA'DA, ſ. f. a bay, a harbour, a road.
RADIA'NTE, adj. radiant, bright, effulgent.
RADICACIO'N, ſ. f. radication.
RADICA'L, adj. radical. *Humor radicál*, radical moiſture.
RADICALME'NTE, adv. radically.
RADICAR, v. n. to caſt roots.
RA'DIO, ſ. m. ſometimes taken for the needle in a ſea-compaſs, the radius of an arch.
RADIO'SO, adj. ſplendid, glittering, ſhining.

RAE

RAEDE'RA, ſ. f. a ſcraper; a ſcraping tool.
RAEDU'RA, ſ. f. the act of ſcraping or the thing ſcraped or raſped off; alſo razing of writing.
RAE'R, v. a. to ſcrape, to raſp, to raze.
Raér con rástro, to rake.
RAE'Z, adj. obſ. eaſy, eaſily done.

RAF

RA'FA, ſ. f. a buttreſs or ſmall piece of brick like, a pillar, ſet at diſtances in mud walls to ſtrengthen them.
RA'FAGA, ſ. f. a guſt of wind.
RAFE'Z, } adj. obſ. low, mean.
RAHE'Z, }
RAHEZA'RSE, v. r. obſ. to demean oneſelf.

RAI

RAI'BLE, adj. that may be razed.
RAICI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall root.
RAIGA'L, adj. relating to a root.
RAIGA'MBRE, ſ. f. all the roots of a plant or tree.
RAIGA'R, v. n. vide *ARRAIGA'RSE*.
RAIGO'N, ſ. m. a very large old root.
RAI'Z, ſ. f. a root; alſo the bot-

tom or lower part any thing.
Raíz, the original, the firſt cauſe.

R A J

RA'JA, ſ. f. a chip, a lath; alſo cloth raſh.
Hacérſe rajás, to take much pains, to toil much; alſo to beat, or hack one another to pieces.
RAJADI'LLO, ſ. m. a kind of ſweet-meat.
RAJA'R, v. a. to hew, to cleave, to ſplit; metaph. to tell many boaſting lies; to crack.
RAJE'TA, ſ. f. a kind of cloth ſo called.
RAJUE'LA, ſ. f. a little chip.

R A L

RALE'A, ſ. f. a race, ſtock, kind, or breed.
RALEA'R, v. a. to make thin, to grow thin.
RALE'ZA, ſ. f. thinneſs.
RALLADU'RA, ſ. f. grating.
RALLA'R, v. a. to grate.
RA'LLO, ſ. m. a grater.
RA'LO, adj. thin.

R A M

RA'MA, ſ. f. a twig, a ſmall bough of a tree.
Aſirſe a las ramas, to lay hold of the twigs, to catch at ſtraws.
RAMA'DA, ſ. f. an arbour, a hut made of bough.
RAMADA'N, ſ. m. a faſt kept by the Mahometans.
RAMA'L, ſ. m. the end of a cord untwiſted.
RAMALA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with the *ramal*.
RA'MBLA, ſ. f. a gravelly or ſandy place.
RAME'RA, ſ. f. a harlot, a common whore.
RAMERI'A, ſ. f. a bawdy-houſe.
RAME'RO, ſ. m. in falconry, a young hawk taken out of a neſt, that can hop from bough to bough, called in English a brancher.
RAMERUE'LA, ſ. f. a poor diſtreſſed whore.
RAMIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſhooting out of branches, as trees do.
RAMIFICAR, v. n. to ſhoot out branches as trees do.
RAMILLE'TE, ſ. m. a noſegay.
RAMILLETE'RO, ſ. m. one who makes noſegays.
RAMILLO, *RAMITO*, ſ. m. a little bough, twig, or branch.
RA'MO, ſ. m. a bough, a branch.
Rámo de tabérna, a tavern bush.
Domingo de rámos, Palm-ſunday.
RAMO'N, a ſ. m. a ſmall bough or twig, ſuch as ſhepherds break from trees in winter to give their ſheep.
RAMONEA'R, v. n. to gather or cut ſmall twigs for ſheep.
RAMO'SO, adj. full of boughs.
RAMPA, ſ. f. the cramp.
RAMPA'NTE, adj. rampant, a term in heraldry.
RAMPLO'N, ſ. m. a ramping fellow; alſo a caulkin for a horſe-ſhoe.
Herrár de ramplón, to ſhoe a horſe with caulkins.
RAMPLONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little caulk for a horſe-ſhoe.
RAMPO'JOS, ſ. m. calthrops, crows feet; alſo the thorns or prickles of briars.

R A N

RA'NA, ſ. f. a frog.
Ráña zárzal, ſ. f. a land frog.
Prov. *Cánta la rána, y no tiéne pelo ni lana*, the frog ſings, and yet ſhe has neither hair nor wool; content may abide with poverty.
RANACUA'JO, ſ. m. a little frog.
RANCHERI'A, ſ. f. a row of huts or tents, quarters, lodging.
RA'NCHO, ſ. m. a quarter among ſoldiers, their quarters; alſo a meſs on board a ſhip.
Ránchо de sán a bárbara, the gun-room in a ſhip.
RA'NCIO, adj. muſty, rank, ſtale.
RANCIO'SO, adj. muſty, rank, ſtale.
RANCO'R, ſ. m. rancour, malice.
RANDA, ſ. f. laca.
RANI'LLA, ſ. m. little a frog; alſo paſtern of a horſe.
Ranillas, plur. the ſcratches in a horſe's heels.
RANU'NCULO, ſ. m. a flower ſo called.

R A P

RAPACE'JO, ſ. m. a little boy; alſo ſhagged end of a cloth or of any thing.
RAPACERI'A, ſ. f. a boyiſh trick; alſo a gang of boys.
RAPACIDA'D, ſ. f. rapaciouſneſs, ravenouſneſs, avarice, greedineſs.
RAPACI'LLA, ſ. f. a pretty young girl.
RAPADU'RA, ſ. f. the act of ſcraping or ſhaving, or the ſtate of being ſcraped or ſhaved
RAPAGO'N, ſ. m. a great, luſty lad, neither boy nor man.
RAPA'R, v. a. to ſhave, to trim, to clip, to pare, to peel. In an obſolete ſenſe, to take away by force.
RAPA'Z, ſ. a boy.
Rapáz, adj. rapacious, given to ſnatching, ſtealing, or taking away by force.
Prov. *Cuida bien de lo que haces no te fies de rapáces*, take heed what you do, and do not truſt boys.
RAPAZA'DA, ſ. f. a boy's trick.
RAPIDAMENTE, adv. ſwiftly, with rapidity.
RAPIDE'Z, ſ. f. rapidity.
RA'PIDO, adj. rapid, ſwift, that carries all before it like a river.
RAPIñA, ſ. f. rapine, taking by violence.
Ave de rapiña, a bird, of prey.
RAPIñA'R, v. a. to commit rapine, to plunder.
RAPI'STA, ſ. m. barber; a burleſque word.
RAPO'SA, ſ. f. a fox.
Prov. *Quién la rapóſa ha de engañar cúmple madrugár*, he that will cheat the fox, muſt riſe betimes.
Prov. *Rapóſa que múcho tárda, eáza aguárda*, the fox that ſtays long, waits for game.
RAPOSERA, ſ. f. a fox's kennel.
Raposería, ſ. f. craftineſs.
RAPO'SO, ſ. m. a he-fox.
RAPOSU'NO, adj. foxiſh, ſubtle craftyy.

RA'PTO, adj. taken, or ſnatched away, ſubſtantively uſed, a rape.
RAPTO'R, ſ. m. a ravisher, a plunderer, a robber.

R A Q

RAQUE'TA, ſ. f. a racket to play at tennis.

R A R

RARAME'NTE, adv. rarely, ſeldom.
RAREFACCIO'N, ſ. f. rarefaction.
RAREFACE'RSE, v. r. to rarefy, to become thin.
RAREFA'CTO, p. p. rarefied.
RARE'ZA, *RARIDA'D*, } ſ. f. rarity.
RA'RO, adj. rare.

R A S

RAS CON RAS, adv. level, touching one another.
RASADURA, ſ. f. the act of ſmoothing the corn-meaſure.
RASAMENTE, adv. clearly, openly, publickly, without concealment.
RASA'R, v. a. to ſtrike the corn-meaſure and make it ſmooth; alſo to rub one body with another lightly.
RASADO'R, ſ. m. who ſtrikes the meaſure of corn to make it even.
RASCACABA'LLOS, ſ. m. a groom, an oſtler; thence any mean fellow.
RASCADO'R, ſ. m. a ſcratcher.
RASCADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſcratching, a ſcratch.
RASCA'R, v. a. to ſcratch, to ſcrape, to curry.
RASCO, ſ. m. v. *RASCADURA*.
RASCUñA'R, v. a. to ſcratch.
RASCU'ñO, ſ. m. a ſcratch; alſo a ſketch or rough draught in drawing.
RASE'LES, ſ. m. pl. the narrow parts of the ſhip towards head and ſtern, diſtant about half way from the wideſt in the hold, and ſharpening away, that the water may run the faſter to the rudder.
RASE'RO, ſ. m. a pole to ſtrike corn or the like in meaſuring.
RASGADU'RA, ſ. f. a rending, tearing.
RASGA'R, v. a. to tear, to rend.
Ojos raſgádos, large eyes, full eyes.
RA'SGO, ſ. m. a dash of a pen, a ſtroke, a ſcratch, a rough draught, a glimpſe of a thing.
RASGO'N, ſ. m. a rent in a garment.
RASGUñA'R, v. a. to tear, to ſcratch.
RASGU'ñO, ſ. m. a rent; alſo a ſcratch.
RASIO'N, ſ. f. eraſion.
RA'SO, ſ. m. the ſilk called ſattin
Ráſo, adj. plain ſmooth.
Tiémpo ráſo, fair weather.
RA'SPA, ſ. f. a raſp; the beard, an awn of an ear of corn; a ſhoe maker's cutting knife; a ſpark of fire; in cant, a cheat at cards.
RASPADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who ſcrapes.
RASPADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſcraping.
RASPA'R, v. a. to ſcrape; alſo to be tough or hard to the taſte or feeling.
Vino raſpádo, a ſmall liquor made by putting water to the grapes after the wine is preſſed out, and preſſing them over again, otherwiſe called *aguapié*.
RASTI'LLA, ſ. f. v. *RASTI'LLO*.
RASTILLA'R, v. a. to rake; alſo to comb, or card flax, wool, &c.
RASTILLE'RO, ſ. m. a ſhop-lifter; one that ſnatches hats and ſwords, and runs away with them.
RASTI'LLO, ſ. m. a rake; alſo a card or comb for wool, flax, or the like; alſo the portcullis of a gate.
RA'STRA, ſ. f. a drag-net; alſo a ſlead.
RASTRA'R, v. a. vide *ARRASTRA'R*.
RASTREA'R, v. a. to track, to trace, to follow by the footſteps.
RASTRE'RO, ſ. m. one that tracks, or traces, or follows the track.
RASTRILLADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who harrows or rakes.
RASTRILLA'R, v. a. to harrow, to rake, to card.
RASTRI'LLO, ſ. m. a harrow, a rake, a card, a portcullis of a gate.
RA'STRO, ſ. m. the track any thing leaves behind it, a market of cattle, or the place where they ſlaughter the cattle, a harrow, a rake.
Caér en el ráſtro, to find the track, to hit upon the ſcent.
Alcálde del ráſtro, the ſame as *alcálde del crimen*, a judge in criminal caſes.
RASTRO'JO, ſ. m. ſtubble of corn.
RASU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. parings, ſhavings, droſs, dregs, lees of wine, tartar.

R A T

RA'TA, ſ. f. a share, part, portion, every man's share, or quota, a proportion.
Ráta por cantidád, quantity for quantity, or in proportion to the quantity.
Ráta, ſ. f. a rat.
RATAFI'A, ſ. f. ratafia, a liquor prepared from the kernels of apricots and ſpirits.
RATEA'R, v. a. to diminish in proportions.
RATE'O, ſ. m. proportional diſtribution.
RATERI'A, ſ. f. petty larceny.
RATE'RO, adj. mean, vile, baſe, a mean-ſpirited fellow; in cant, a pick-pocket.
RATERUE'LO, ſ. m. a little pitiful fellow, a little pick-pocket.
RATIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. ratification.
RATIFICA'R, v. a. to ratify, to confirm.
RATI'CO, *RATI'LLO*, } ſ. m. a little while.
RATI'NA, ſ. f. a kind of cloth ſo called.
RA'TO, ſ. m. a while.
A rátos, ſometimes, by fits.
RA'TO, adj. ratified, firm.
RATO'N, ſ. m. a mouſe, a rat.

Ratónes, ſ. m. pl. ſharp ſtones, or rocks in the ſea, which wear the cable of anchors.
RATONA'R, v. a. to mouſe-eat, to gnaw, to nibble.
RATONI'CO, *RATONCI'LLO*, *RATONCI'TO*, } ſ. m. a little mouſe.
RATONE'RA, ſ. f. a mouſe-trap; alſo a mouſe-hole.

R A U

RAUDA'L, ſ. m. a ſwift ſtream of water; the channel of the river.
RA'UDO, adj. violent, impetuous, fierce, rapid.
RAUTA, ſ. f. road.

R A Y

RA'YA, ſ. f. a line, a ſtreak; the grain of wood; the borders of a country; the fish called a thornback.
Eſtár a ráya, to keep within bounds.
Paſſár la ráya, to exceed.
RAYA'R, v. a. to rule, to line, to ſtreak, to mark out.
RA'YO, ſ. m. a flash of lightning, that kills or does harm; a thunderbolt; a beam of the ſun; the ſpoke of the wheel; the radius or line drawn from the center to the extremity of an arch.
RAYUELA, ſ. f. dimin. of *raya*.

R A Z

RA'ZA, ſ. f. a race, breed.
RA'ZAGO, ſ. m. a coarſe ſort of linen.
RAZO'N, ſ. f. reaſon.
Tener razón, to be in the right.
Hómbre de buénas razónes, a well-ſpoken man.
Razón de pie de bánco, non ſenſe, an anſwer nothing to the purpoſe.
Razón de eſtádo, politicks, reaſon of ſtate.
Hacér razón, to pledge in drinking.
Tomár la razón, to take account.
En razón déſto, on this account, for this reaſon.
Razón de cárta róta, nonſenſe.
Prov. *Obras ſon amóres que no buénas razónes*, actions are love, and not fair words; that is, love is ſhewn by kind actions, and not by fair ſpeeches.
RAZONA'BLE, adj. reaſonable.
RAZONABLEME'NTE, adv. reaſonably.
RAZONAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a diſcourſe.
RAZONA'R, v. n. to diſcourſe, to reaſon, to talk.

R E

RE, a particle in compoſition, which ſignifies repetition.
RE, ſ. f. the ſecond note in muſick.

R E A

REACCIO'N, ſ. f. reaction.
REA'CIO, adj. obſtinate, poſitive, difficult.
REA'L, ſ. m. a royal, a piece of money worth ſix pence.
Reál de vellón, a royal braſs, not worth above a groat.
Alzárſe con el reál y truéco, to ſweep all clear away; to run away with all.
REA'L, adj. royal, kingly; real.
Reál, ſ. m. a camp.
Aſſentár el reál, to encamp; metaph. to ſet up houſe-keeping.
REAL'CE, ſ. m. increaſe, addition of value, beauty, or the like.
REALE'JO, ſ. m. a ſmall organ to be carried about.
REALE'NGO, adj. belonging to the king.
REALE'ZA, ſ. f. royal magnificence, great liberality, great pomp.
REALIDA'D, ſ. f. reality, the truth of the matter.
REALME'NTE, adv. really.
REALZA'R, v. a. to raiſe, to extol any thing more than it was before; alſo to dignify, to elevate.
REASSUMI'R, v. a. to reaſſume, to take again.
REASSUNCIO'N, ſ. f. the action of taking again.
REA'TA, ſ. f. the fore mule that draws in a cart, which goes ſingle before two that go double, but ſometimes they are two, and both called *reátas*.
Mula de reáta, a carrier's mule.
REATADU'RA, ſ. f. binding or tying again.
REATA'R, v. a. to bind or tie again.
REA'TO, ſ. m. guilt.

R E B

REBA'LSA, ſ. f. a puddle.
REBALSA'R, v. n. to ſettle in a puddle,
REBANA'DA, ſ. f. a ſlice.
REBANA'R, v. a. to ſlice.
REBAÑA'R, v. a. to gather into a flock; to rake or ſcrape together; to whipe a dish with bread or with one's finger, as naſty eaters do after eating the meat.
REBAÑE'GO, adj. of, or belonging to to the flock.
REBA'ÑO, ſ. m. a flock of sheep.
REBATA'R, v. a. obſ. to ſnatch, to ſeize.
REBA'TE, *REBA'TO*, } ſ. m. an alarm a ſurprize.
REBATI'ÑA, ſ. f. a ſnatching or ſcrambling.
REBATI'R, v. a. to abate in price or in accounts; to beat back, to repulſe.
REBA'TO, ſ. m. an alarm, a ſudden ſurprize.
Toćár a rebáto, to beat the alarm.
Cogér de rebáto, to ſurpriſe.
REBA'XA, ſ. f. abatement.
REBAXA'R, v. a. to abate of the price; to lower any thing.
REBAXO, ſ. m. a groove in ſtone or wood.
REBELA'RSE, v. r. to rebel.
REBE'LDE, ſ. m. a rebel.
REBELDI'A, ſ. f. rebellion.
REBELLIO'N, ſ. f. rebellion.
REBELLI'N, ſ. m. a ravelin in fortification, conſiſting of two faces, which make an angle ſalient.
REBELO'N, adj. reſty; applied to the horſe or mule.
REBENCA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a bull's pizzle, or the lash the boat-ſwain of the galleys ſtrikes

ſlaves with, or any thing like it.
REBE'NQUE, ſ. m. a bull's pizzle; any laſh, or that the boatſwain of galleys beats the ſlaves with.
REBIE'N, adv. extraordinary well.
REBLE, ſ. m. in cant, the backſide, the poſteriors.
REBOCIñO, ſ. m. a cloak worn by women.
REBOLLIDU'RA, ſ. f. a defect in the inſide of a cannon got in the caſting of it.
REBOñA'R, v. a. to ſtop the mill.
REBOSADU'RA, ſ. f. running over, overflow.
REBOSA'R, v. n. to run over, to overflow.
REBOTA'DO, adj. dull.
Vino rebotádo, dead wine.
REBOTADU'RA, ſ. f. dullneſs, bluntneſs, a repulſe, putting back.
REBOTA'R, v. a. to dull, to make blunt, to take of the edge; to repulſe, to putting back; alſo to rebound like a ball.
REBOTIJA, ſ. f. a back ſhop.
REBOTI'N, ſ. m. raw ſilk, ſleaf ſilk.
REBOZA'R, v. a. to diſguiſe, to muffle up, to hide the face, as women do, pulling their hoods over their faces, or men when they throw their cloaks over their face.
Rebozárſe, v. r. to diſguiſe oneſelf.
REBO'ZO, ſ. m. a diſguiſe, a muffler, a veil or hood over the face, to avoid being known.
REBRAMA'R, v. n. to roar again like a lion.
REBUDIA'R, v. n. to grunt as the wild boar.
REBUE'NO, adj. extraordinary good.
REBUJA'R, v. a. to put on the mantle.
REBULLI'R, v. n. to ſtir, to move.
REBULTA'DO, adj. bulky.
REBURUJAR, v. a. to cover, to wrap up.
REBURUJO'N, ſ. m. a bundle careleſsly or haſtily made.
REBU'SCA, ſ. f. the gleaning of corn or of the vineyards.
REBUSCA'R, v. a. to glean, to ſeek again.
REBU'SCO, ſ. m. gleaning of corn or of the vineyards.
REBUSNADO'R, ſ. m. who brays like an aſs.
REBUSNA'R, v. n. to bray like an aſs.
REBU'ZNO, ſ. m. the braying of an aſs.

R E C

RECABA'R, v. a. to obtain, to perform, to recover, to compaſs.
RECADE'RO, ſ. m. a meſſenger that carries a letter, a meſſage, or the like.
RECA'DO, ſ. m. a meſſage; ſafety; ſecurity; a warant; a letter of attorney; an anſwer in court; a ſubpœna; it is alſo neceſſaries, ingredients, or materials, to do any thing with.
Tódo eſtá a buén recádo, all is ſafe.
Recádo pára eſcribir, neceſſaries for writing; that is, pen, ink, and paper.
RECAE'R, v. n. to relapſe, to fall again.
RECAI'DA, ſ. f. a relapſe.
RECALA'R, v. a. to ſtrain through.
RECALCADAME'NTE, adv. fully as if crammed or trod down.
RECALCA'R, v. a. to ſtuff, cram, or ram down, to drive, thruſt, or tread down.
RECALCITRA'R, v. a. to kick, to ſpurn.
RECAMA'R, v. a. to embroider.
RECA'MARA, ſ. f. a withdrawing-room, a cloſet; alſo a wardrobe; a gentleman's equipage.
RECAMBIA'R, v. a. to change again.
RECA'MBIO, ſ. m. changing again, in cant, a tavern.
RECA'MO, ſ. m. embroidery.
RECANCANI'LLA, ſ. f. the play among boys, when they jump upon one leg only; alſo tergiverſation, ſubterfuge, evaſion.
RECANTACIO'N, ſ. f. recantation, retractation.
RECAPACITA'R, v. a. recapacitate.
RECAPITULACIO'N, ſ. f. ſumming up the heads or chief points of a book, oration, or the like; recapitulation.
RECAPITULA'R, v. a. to ſum up the heads, or repeat in a few words all that has been ſaid at large; to recapitulate, to repeat again.
RECA'RGA, ſ. f. charging again.
RECARGA'R, v. a. to change again, to recharge, to accuſe again.
RECA'RGO, ſ. m. recharging, impeaching, again.
RECA'TA, ſ. f. the act of looking again.
RECATADAME'NTE, adv. cautiouſly, warily, modeſtly, prudently.
RECATAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *RECA'TO*.
RECATA'RSE, v. r. to be cautious, wary, circumſpect.
RECATEA'R, v. a. vide *REGATEA'R*.
RECA'TO, ſ. m. cautiouſneſs, warineſs, circumſpection, reſervedneſs, modeſty, prudence.
Mugér recatáda, a modeſt woman.
RECATO'N, ſ. m. the but-end of a ſtaff or ſpear.
RECATONA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with the end of a ſpear.
RECAUDACIO'N, ſ. f. recovering, receiving.
RECAUDADO'R, ſ. m. a procurer, a recoverer, a receiver of rents.
RECAUDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a procurement, recovery, receipt.
RECA'UDAR, v. a. to procure, to obtain, to get, to ſpeed, to recover, to receive.
RECA'UDO, ſ. m. recovering, receiving.
RECAVA'R, v. a to dig again.
RECENTADU'RA, ſ. f the portion of leaven left for the next time.
RECENTA'R, v. a. to put the leaven in the dough.
RECEPCIO'N, ſ. f. reception.
RECEPTA'CULO, ſ. m. a receptacle, a place of reception.

RECEPTADO'R, ſ. m. an abetter of a criminal; he who conceals.
RECEPTA'R, v. a. to abet a criminal; to cover or hide a crime.
Receptárſe, v. r. to run to a place of refuge.
RECE'PTO, ſ. m. a place of refuge.
RECEPTO'R, ſ. m. a receiver.
RECEPTO'RIA, ſ. f. a receipt, or a bill to receive money.
RECE'TA, ſ. f. a recipe in phyſick.
RECETA'R, v. a. to preſcribe, to write a recipe in phyſick.
RECHAZA'R. v. a. to repulſe, to drive back.
RECHA'ZO, ſ. m. repulſing.
RECHINA'R, v. n. to gnash the teeth; to creek as the hinges of a door do for want of oil, to make any ſuch noiſe, as te whiſtling of a bullet through the air, the whiſtling of wind or the like.
RECHI'NO, ſ. m. the noiſe cauſed by gnashing.
RECIAME'NTE, adv. ſtrongly, vehemently, in a loud manner.
RECIBIDO'R, ſ. m. a receiver.
RECIBIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. receiving, reception, an antichamber to receive company; alſo a great baſon for wather to run into.
RECI'BIR, v. a. to receive, to admit, to allow.
RECI'BO, ſ. m. a receipt or acquittance.
RECIEDU'MBRE, ſ. f. ſtrength, force.
RECIE'N, adv. vide *RECIENTEME'NTE*.
RECIE'NTE, adj. new, freſh.
RECIENTEME'NTE, adv. newly, lately.
RECI'NTO, ſ. m. the compaſs of the walls of any place, the incloſure; alſo the foundation of the wall, and the outſtanding part of brick or ſtone in a wall, called by our builders the water-table.
RE'CIO, adj. ſtrong.
RE'CIPE, ſ. m. a recipe, a medical preſcription; alſo pain, or trouble.
RECIPIE'NTE, ſ. m. a recipient, or receiver.
RECIPROCAME'NTE, adv. reciprocally.
RECIPROCA'R, v. a. to reciprocate, to alternate.
RECI'PROCO, adj. reciprocal.
RECISIO'N, ſ. f. reſcinding, making void.
RECITACIO'N, ſ. f. a reciting.
RECITA'R, v. a. to recite.
RECITATI'VO, adj. recitative.
RECIU'RA, ſ. f. *REZURA*.
RECLAMACIO'N, ſ. f. reclaiming, calling back, gainſaying, oppoſing.
RECLAMAR, v. a. to reclaim, to call back; to gainſay, to oppoſe, to contradict.
RECLA'MO, ſ. m. a bird-call.
Venir al reclámo, to anſwer a call as birds do; to come where one thinks to find any advantage.
RECLE, ſ. m abſence from the choir by leave previouſly obtained.
RECLINA'R, v. n. to reſt, lie, or lean againſt a thing.
RECLUI'R, v. a. to ſhut up.
RECLUSIO'N, ſ. f. recluſion, ſhutting up.
RECLU'SO, adj. recluſe, ſhut up.
RECLU'TA, ſ. f. recruit for an army or regiment.
RECLUTA'R, v. a. to recruit, to raiſe new ſoldiers.
RECOBRA'BLE, adj. recoverable, that may be recovered.
RECOBRA'R, v. a. to recover.
RECO'BRO, ſ. m. recovery.
RECOCE'R, v. a. to boil over again.
RECO'CHO, p. p. of *recocér*.
RECO'DO; ſ. m. an angle or a corner.
RECOGEDE'RO, ſ. m. the place where in things collected are put.
RECOGEDO'R, ſ. m. he that collects.
RECOGE'R, v. a. to gather; to retire; to withdraw; to take up.
Recogérſe a buénas hóras, to go home early at night; to go to bed in good time.
RECOGIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a gathering, retiring, drawing together, retired living, and a houſe for women to live in retirement.
RECOLECCIO'N, ſ. f. recollection.
RECOLEGI'R, v. a. to recollect.
RECOLE'TOS, ſ. m. pl. a kind of friars ſo called.
RECOMENDA'BLE, adj. recommendable.
RECOMENDACIO'N, ſ. f. recommendation.
RECOMENDA'R, v. a. to recommend.
RECOMPE'NSA, ſ. f. recompenſe, reward.
RECOMPENSACIO'N, ſ. f. compenſation; rewarding.
RECOMPENSAR, v. a. to recompenſe, to reward, to make amends,
RECONCENTRA'R, v. a. to reconcenter, to join or put together again, as in its center.
RECONCILIACIO'N, ſ. f. reconciliation
RECONCILIA'DO, ſ. m. one that has been penanced in the inquiſition; and thus reconciled to the church.
RECONCILIADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who reconciles.
RECONCILIA'R; v. a. to reconcile; in the inquiſition, it is to receive thoſe again into the church who had fallen from it.
Reconciliár u' témplo, to purify, to cleanſe a church that has been polluted.
Reconciliárſe, v. r. after a man has been at confeſſion, if he has forgotten any thing, to return to the prieſt and confeſs it; or to confeſs as prieſts do, who, doing it often and living piouſly, have but ſmall matters to confeſs.
RECONCOME'RSE, v. r. to ſcratch one's ſelf.
RECONCO'MIO, ſ. m. the motion made with the arms and ſhoulders, in order to ſcratch one's ſelf; alſo ſuſpicion and inclination.
RECO'NDI'TO, adj. hidden, concealed.
RECONOCEDO'R, ſ. m. an acknowledger.
RECONOCE'R, v. a. to aeknow-

ledge, to own; alſo to view,
RECONOCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. acknowledgement, owning; alſo viewing.
RECONTA'R; v. a. to recount, to tell, to relate.
RECONVALECE'R, v. n. to recover health again.
RECONVENCIO'N, ſ. f. retorting, recriminating; when the defendant or party accuſed, accuſes the proſecutor.
RECONVENI'R, v. a. to retort, to recriminate for the criminal or defendant, to accuſe the proſecutor.
RECOPILACIO'N, ſ. f. compiling, collecting, or gathering out of books.
RECOPILA'R, v. a. to compile, collect, or gather.
RECOQUI'N, ſ. m. a short fat fellow.
RECORDACIO'N, ſ. f. / *RECORDAMIENTO*, ſ. m. } remembrance, calling to mind.
RECORDA'R, v. a. to remember, to call to mind; to put in mind; to awake.
RECORRE'R, v. a. to run back, to look back, to have recourſe to.
Recorrér la memória, to call to mind.
RECORTA'R, v. a. to shorten by cutting.
RECOSE'R, v. a. to ſow again.
RECOSTA'R, v. n. to lie down, or to lean.
RECO'VA, ſ. f. the buying about in villages what one intends to ſell again. Alſo a pack of hounds.
RECOVE'RO, ſ. m. the man who buys here and there in order to ſell again.
RECREACIO'N, ſ. f. recreation.
RECREA'R, v. a. to recreate, to refreſh, to divert.
RECRE'CER, v. n. to increaſe, to grow again.
RECRECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. increaſe, growing again.
RECRE'O, ſ. m. recreation, diverſion.
RECTAME'NTE, adv. uprightly.
RECTA'NGULO, adject. rectangular, right-angled.
Rectángulo, ſ. m. a rectangle.
RECTIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. rectification; the act of ſetting right what is wrong.
RECTIFICA'R, v. a. to rectify, to make right.
RECTILI'NEO, adj. rectilinear, rectilineous, conſiſting of right lines.
RECTITU'D, ſ. f. righteouſneſs, uprightneſs, juſtice.
RE'CTO, adj. right, juſt, true, equitable.
RECTO'R, ſ. m. a rector.
RECTORA'DO, ſ. m. a rectorship.
RECTORA'L, adj. belonging to a rector.
RECTORA'R. v. n. to be elected a rector.
RECTORI'A, ſ. f. vide *RECTORA'DO*.
RE'CUA, ſ. f. a drove or gang of carrier's horſes or mules.
RECUA'GE, ſ. m. carrying or carriage of goods by the carriers; the coſt for carrying; alſo a great number of carriers mules or horſes.
RECUDI'DA, ſ. f. the rebound of a thing; alſo the product or profit it yields.
RECUDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a rebound, the profit a thing yields, rent of land; alſo an order to receive rent.
RECUDI'R, v. a. to rebound; to yield profit or benefit.
RECUENTO, ſ. m. an inventory.
RECU'ERDO, ſ. f. the act of putting in mind.
RECUE'RO, ſ. m. a carrier that drives pack-horſes or mules.

Prov. *Los recuéros de nuèſtro lugár, óy enalbárdan, mañána ſe van*, the carriers of our town put on the pack-ſaddles to day, and go away to-morrow. Said of loiterers and procraſtinators.

RECUE'STO, ſ. m. a riſing ground.
RECULA'R, v. n. to fall back, to give ground backward.
RECU'LO, adj. without a tail, applied to poultry.
RECUPERA'BLE, adj. recoverable.
RECUPERACIO'N, ſ. f. recevery.
RECUPERADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who recovers.
RECUPERAR, v. a. to recover.
RECU'RA, ſ. f. a tool uſed in making combs.
RECURRI'R, v. a. to have recourſe.
RECU'RSO, ſ. m. recourſe, relief, redreſs.
RECUSACIO'N, ſ. f. refuſal.
RECUSA'R, v. a. to refuſe, to except againſt.
Recuſár un juéz, to except againſt a judge.

R E D

RE'D, ſ. m. a net; a grate or lattice; a place where they ſell or deliver out any thing through a grate, to keep off the crowd; the ſpeaking-room of a monaſtery of nuns; fine net-work women make for curtains and other ſuch uſes.
Red barredéra, a drag-net, that ſweeps all the fish before it.
Red de payo, in cant, a coarſe cloth, a great coat.
Red de telaréjo, the woof in weaving; or thread in the ſhuttle.
Réd tumbadéra, a toil or ſnare to catch wild beaſts.
Red en que nace la criatura, a caul in which ſome children are born.
Echár ſus redes, to caſt one's net; metaph. to uſe all one's endeavours.
Caér en la réd, to be enſnared.
REDA'DA, ſ. f. a net-full, a draught of a net.
REDA'ñO, ſ. m. the caul in which the bowels lie; ſo called, becauſe it is like a net.
REDA'R, v. n. to caſt the net.
REDARGUCIO'N, ſ. f. reproof; alſo diſproving.
REDARGUI'R, v. a. to reprove; alſo to diſprove.
REDECI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmal net.
REDECI'R, v. a. to repeat, to ſay again.

REDEDO'R, adv. round about.
REDEJO'N, ſ. m. a net on a hoop open at the top and ending in a point at bottom; in cant, a night-cap.
REDE'LES, ſ. m. pl. vide *RASE'LES*.
REDEMI'R, v. a. to redeem, to ranſom.
REDENCIO'N, ſ. f. redemption, ranſoming.
REDENTO'R, ſ. m. a redeemer, a ranſomer.
Redentóres, pl. ſo they call the religious men that go over among infidels to redeem captives.
REDE'RO, ſ. m. a net-maker.
REDICIO'N, ſ. f. repetition of what has been ſaid.
REDIE'ZMO, ſ. m. a re-tithing, or taking a tithe over again, or the tithe of the tithe.
REDI'L, ſ. m. hurdles to fold sheep in.
REDI'LLA, ſ. f. a dimin. of *red*.
REDIMIDO'R, ſ. m. a redeemer.
REDIMI'R, v. a. to redeem, to ranſom.
RE'DITO, ſ. m. revenue.
REDOBLA'DO, adj. thick and ſhort; ſaid of a man.
REDOBLADU'RA, ſ. f. a redoubling.
REDOBLA'R, v. a. to redouble. In muſic, to repeat the ſame notes ſtriking the ſame ſtring.
REDO'BLE, adj. twice, double.
REDOBLO'N, ſ. m. a fold or creaſe made in cards to know them by.
REDO'MA, ſ. f. a glaſs vial.
Redóma, among the peaſants, the gift every man beſtows upon a new-married couple on the wedding-day.
REDOMA'DO, adj. ſubtle, crafty, ſly.
REDOMA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow over the face with a vial. A practice formerly uſed by villains in ſpite or revenge, which is to throw a very thin vial full of ink into a man's face, which breaking, cuts, and the ink flies all about, which cuts are very hard to be cured, ſo as not to leave a ſcar.
REDOMI'LLA, ſ. f. a little vial.
REDO'NDA, ſ. f. in cant, a petty-coat.
A la redónda, adv. round about.
REDONDAME'NTE, adv. roundly.
REDONDEA'R, v. a. to round, to make round.
REDONDE'TE, ſ. m. a little round thing, a little plump child, a ſquat fat man.
REDONDE'Z, ſ. f. roundneſs.
REDONDI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. roundelays, a ſort of poetical compoſition.
REDO'NDO, adj. round.
REDO'R, ſ. m. a round mat, ſuch as we lay under tables, or the like.
A RE'DRO, adv. behind.
A rédro vayas enemigo málo, go behind me ſatan; from the Latin *retro*.
REDRO'JO, ſ. m. a ſmall bunch of grapes, ſuch as are left behind; becauſe not ſeen by thoſe that gather in the vintage; metaph. a little ſneaking boy that does not thrive.
REDROPE'LO, adj. againſt the hair or grain.
REDRU'ÑA, ſ. f. the left ſide. A hunting term.
REDUCCIO'N, ſ. f. reduction.
REDUCI'BLE, adj. reducible.
REDUCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. reducing, convincing, reclaiming, bringing back.
REDUCIR, v. a. to reduce, to convince, to reclaim, to bring back.
REDUNDA'NCIA, ſ. f. redundance, ſuperabundance.
REDU'NDA'R, v. a. to redound
REDUTO, ſ. m. a redoubt, a ſmall fort.

R E E

REEDIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. rebuilding.
REEDIFICADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who rebuilds.
REEDIFICA'R, v. a. to rebuild.
REEMBARCA'R, v. a. to reimbark, to ſhip again.
REENCAXA'R, v. a. to ſet again a bone that was diſlocated.
REENCAXADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſetting again a bone that was diſlocated.
REENGENDRA'R, v. n. to regenerate.

R E F

REFACIO'N, ſ. f. refection, a repaſt.
REFALSA'DO, adj. cunning, malicious.
REFECCIO'N, ſ. f. refection, a repaſt.
REFERENDA'R, v. a. *REFRENDA'R*.
REFERIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a repetition, a rehearſal.
REFERI'R, v. a. to repeat, to refer, to relate, to declare, to tell.
REFETO'RIO, ſ. m. vide *REFITO'RIO*.
REFINADO'R, ſ. m. a refiner.
REFINA'R, v. a. to refine.
REFI'NO, ſ. m. a refining; alſo any thing that is very fine.
REFITOLE'RO, ſ. m. he that has the care of a refory, or dining-room in a monaſtery, where the religious dine and ſup.
REFLEXIO'N, ſ. f. reflection.
REFLEXIONA'R, v. a. to reflect, to conſider attentively.
REFLEXIVAME'NTE, adv. with reflection.
REFLEXI'VO, adj. reflective.
REFLE'XO, ſ. m. reflection.
Reflέxo, adj. reflected.
REFLORECE'R, v. n. to flouriſh again.
REFLU'XO, ſ. m. the ebb of the tide.
REFOCILA'R, v. a. to cherish, to comfort.
Refocilárſe, v. r. to regale one's ſelf.
REFOCI'LO, ſ. m. chetishing, comfort.
REFO'RMA, *REFORMACIO'N*, } ſ. f. reformation.
REFORMADO'R, ſ. m. a reformer.
REFORMA'R, v. a. to reform.
REFORZA'R, v. a. to ſtrengthen, to reinforce.
REFOSSE'TO, ſ. m. the cur-

vette

vette in fortification, a deeper trench cut along the middle of a dry ditch, and generally carried down till there be water to fill it.

REFRACCIO'N, ſ. f. refraction.

REFRACTA'RIO, adj. refractory, that will not ſtand to is bargain.

REFRA'N, ſ. m. a proverb.

REFRANCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little proverb.

REFREGAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of rubbing.

REFREGA'R, v. a. to rub.

Refregárſe con las mugéres, to be familiar with women.

REFREGO'N, ſ. m. a rub againſt any thing.

REFRENAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of checking or ſtopping with the bridle.

REFRENA'R, v. a. to curb, bridle, or hold in.

REFREND'AR, v. a. counterſign, to ſign as the ſecretary does in the king's orders.

REFRENDA'RIO, ſ. m. an officer in the ſtate ſo called.

REFRENDA'TA, ſ. f. the manual ſign of the *refrendario* affixed to a petition or other thing.

REFRESCADO'R, ſ. m. who refreſhes.

REFRESCADU'RA, ſ. f. refreſhing, cooling.

REFRESCA'R, v. a. to cool, to refreſh.

REFRE'SCO, ſ. m. refreſhment, repaſt.

REFRIE'GA, ſ. f. a fray, a ſkirmiſh.

REFRIGERA'R; v. a. to refreſh.

REFRIGERATI'VO, adj. refreſhing.

REFRIGERATO'RIO, adj. that has the power or quality of refreſhing.

REFRIGE'RIO, ſ. m. refreſhment.

REFUGIA'DO, ſ. m. a refugee.

REFUGIA'R, v. a. to refuge, to ſhelter, to protect.

Refugiárſe, v. r. to fly to ſhelter or protection.

REFU'GIO, ſ. m. refuge.

REFULGE'NCIA, ſ. f. brineſs, refulgence.

REFULGE'NTE, adj. bright, ſhining.

REFUNDI,R, v. a. to caſt over again.

REFUNFUñADU'RA, ſ. f. muttering, grumbling.

REFUNFUñA'R, v. n. to grumble, to mutter.

REFUNFU'ñO, ſ. m. vide *REFUNFUñADU'RA*.

REFUTACIO'N, ſ. f. refutation.

REFUTA'R, v. a. to refute.

R E G

REGADE'RA, ſ. f. a watering-pot.

REGADI'O, ſ. m. watering; a place that is watered.

REGADIZO, adj. that may be watered.

REGADO'R, ſ. m. a waterer.

REGADU'RA, ſ. f. watering.

REGAJA'L, ſ. m. a watry, ſlabby, dirty place; any place that is full of litter and dirty.

REGA'JO, ſ. m. a puddle.

REGALADAME'NTE, adv. daintily.

REGALA'DO, adj. dainty or nice.

REGALADO'R, ſ. m. one that loves to make much of others.

REGALAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. making much of others.

REGALA'R, v. a. to make much of, to treat daintily; alſo to melt.

REGALI'A, ſ. f. the prerogative of a king.

REGALI'CIA, ſ. f. the root liquorice.

REGALI'LLO, *REGA'LITO*, } ſ. m. a muff; alſo a little preſent.

REGALI'ZA, ſ. f. liquorice.

REGA'LO, ſ. m. a dainty, or choice bit; blind entertainment; a muff; a preſent.

REGALO'N, ſ. m. a wanton, a dainty perſon that loves to feed nicely.

REGALO'NA, ſ. f. a nice, dainty woman.

REGAñA'R, v. n. to ſnarl, to growl as a dog does, to grumble, to mutter.

Regañár los diéntes, to gnash the teeth.

REGA'ñO, ſ. m. grumbling, muttering, ſnarling, growling.

REGAñO'N, ſ. m. f. a ſnarling growling dog; a grumbling fellow; alſo the north-eaſt wind.

Péra regañóna, a harſh pear that grates againſt the knife as it cuts.

REGA'R, v. a. to water.

REGATA, ſ. f. a ſmall trench to convey the water to a garden.

REGA'TE, ſ. m. quick and irregular motion.

REGATEA'R, v. n. to haggle in buying, to beat down the price to bargain hard.

REGATO'N, ſ. m. a huckſter, a retailer, a retailer of ſmall wares; alſo one that haggles hard; alſo the but-end of a ſpear, ſtaff, &c.

REGATONEA'R, v. n. to play the huckſter; alſo to haggle in buying.

REGATONERI'A, *REGATONI'A*, } ſ. f. huckſtering; alſo haggling in buying.

REGAZA'R, v. a. vide *ARREGAZA'R*.

REGA'ZO, ſ. m. the lap of a woman; alſo the tucking up of her cloaths.

REGE'NCIA, ſ. f. regency, the office or dignity of a regent.

REGENERACIO'N, ſ. f. regeneration.

REGENERA'R, v. n. to regenerate.

REGENTA'R, v. n. to rule as a regent.

REGE'NTE, ſ. m. a regent; a preſident of a council; in an univerſity, a triennial profeſſor.

REGIAME'NTE, adv. royally, magnificently.

REGIBA'DO, adj. crook-backed.

REGICI'DA, ſ. m. a regicide, a kingkiller.

REGICIDIO, ſ. m. the act. of a regicide.

REGIDO'R, ſ. m. a ruler, a governor, an alderman of a city.

RE'GIMEN, ſ. m. rule, government.

REGIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. government; alſo a regiment of ſoldiers.
RE'GIO, adj. regal, kingly.
REGIO'N, ſ. f. a region, a country. In architecture, the proſpect a houſe has on all ſides.
REGI'R, v. a. to rule, to govern; to ſteer a ſhip.
REGISTRADO'R, ſ. m. one that regiſters or enters in a book, a keeper of rolls.
REGISTRA'R, v. a. to regiſter, to enter upon a book; alſo to ſearch, to look into, to examine; to ſearch goods at the cuſtom-houſe.
REGI'STRO, ſ. m. a regiſter; the entry of goods at the cuſtom-houſe the entry-book of the cuſtom-houſe; the cocket given there for goods that are paſſed; alſo the regiſter put into books, being ſeveral ſtrings faſtened to a roll, which ſerve for marks in a book; a man that is prying into every body's buſineſs.
Regiſtros, pl. the ſtops in the organ.
RE'GLA, ſ. f. a rule.
Régla de la mugér, a woman's courſes.
Régla de enférmo, the rule preſcribed a ſick perſon by the phyſician.
REGLADAME'NTE, adv. orderly, according to rule.
REGLA'DO, adj. orderly, regular.
REGLAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ruling, or ordering.
REGLA'R, v. a to rule, to govern, to order.
REGNI'COLA, adj. belonging to a kingdom.
REGOCIJADAME'NTE, adv. joyfully, merrily.
REGOCIJA'R, v. n. to rejoice, to make merry.
Regocijárſe, v. r. to be glad, to rejoice at.
REGOCI'JO, ſ. m. joy, mirth.
REGODEA'R, v. n. to be merry, to ſport, to wanton.
REGODE'O, ſ. m. merry-making, ſporting, playing the wanton, bantering.
REGO'JO, ſ. m. a bit of broken bread, a ſcrap; a little ſmall fellow.
REGOLDA'R, v. n. to belch.
REGOLFA'R, v. n. to turn round like a whirl pool.
REGO'LFO, ſ. f. a whirl-pool.
REGORDI'DO, adj. full, fat, puffed up with fat.
REGRE'SSO, ſ. m. a going back.
REGUARDA'R, v. a. obſ. to look to, to mind.
REGUE'LDO, ſ. m. a belch.
REGUE'RA, ſ. f. a path betwixt two beds in a garden.
REGULACIO'N, ſ. f. regulation.
REGULA'R, v. a. to regulate; to make the ſcrutiny, and ſee how many votes each candidate has.
REGULA'R, adj. regular, orderly.
Regulár, ſ. m. a religious man of ſome order.
REGULARIDA'D, ſ. f. regularity.
REGULARME'NTE, adv. regularly.
RE'GULO, ſ. m. any petty ſovereign; alſo a baſilisk.
Régulo, regulus, the finer and moſt weighty part of metals.
REGURGITA'R, v. n. to regurgitate, to run over.

R E H

REHABILITACIO'N ſ. f. a re-enabling.
REHABILITA'R, v. a. to re-enable.
REHACE'R, v. a. to do again, to make anew, to renew.
Rehacérſe, v. r. to recover ſtrength; alſo to rally after diſorder; ſaid of troops.
REHACIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a doing again; recovery; rallying of broken troops.
REHA'CIO, ſ. m. vide *REA'CIO*.
REHE'CHO, adj. done again, made anew; rallied; ſtrong, well-ſet.
REHE'N, ſ. m. an hoſtage, a pledge.
REHENCHIR, v. a. to fill or to ſtuff again.
Rehenchir la silla, to ſtuff a ſaddle anew.
REHILA'R, v. a. a ſea-term, to ſtrain the cables, to make them work.
REHILE'TE, ſ. m. a ſhuttle-cock.
REHOLLA'R, v. a. to trample under foot again.
REHUI'R, v. n. to fly; to run away again, or back.
REHUNDI'R, v. a. to ſink or drown again.
REHUSA'R, v. a. to refuſe.

R E I

REI'BLE, adj. riſible.
REI'NA, ſ. f. the queen.
REINA'DO, ſ. m. the reign of a king, the time he governs.
REINAMI'ENTO, ſ. m. obſ. idem.
REINA'R, v. n. to reign; alſo to prevail, to be predominant.
REINCIDE'NCIA, ſ. f. falling in again.
REINCIDI'R, n. v. to fall in again.
RE'INO, ſ. m. any kingdom, any dominions having a king.
REINTEGRACIO'N, ſ. f. renewing, making whole again.
REINTEGRA'R, v. a. to renew, to make whole again.
REI'R, v. n. to laugh; alſo to be pleaſant.
Réirſe, v. r. to mock, to ridicule, to laugh at.
REITERACIO'N, ſ. f. reiteration, repetition.
REITERA'R, v. a. to reiterate, to repeat.

R E J

RE'JA, ſ. f. the plow-ſhare, the coulter of a plow; an iron grate; the iron grates of a window.
REJA'DO, ſ. m. a grated window, a grated gate.
REJALGA'R, ſ. m. arſenick.
RE'JO, ſ. m. any iron point, as the prick of a goad, or the like; the clownish people uſe it for *récio*, ſtrong, luſty, ſtiff, hard.
Réjo de hévilla, the tongue of a buckle.
Réjo, is alſo an iron plate, round, with a hole in the middle, they play at coits with inſtead of a horſe-ſhoe.
REJO'N, ſ. m. an iron bar ending in a ſharp point; alſo a ſort of ſpear, uſed in the bull-feaſts to wound the bulls.
Rejón, a dagger, a poniard.
REJONA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given with a *rejon*.
REJONEA'R, v. a. to wound the bulls with the ſpear called *rejon*.

REJUE'LA, ſ. f. a little bar, or grate of a window; alſo a little fire-pan.
REJUVENECE'R, v. n. to grow young again.

REL

RELACIO'N, ſ. f. a relation, an account of any thing.
RELACIONA'R, v. a to relate.
RELACIONE'RO, ſ. m. one who ſells ſongs and ſeveral accounts in the ſtreets.
RELAME'R, v. a. to lick over again.
Relamérſe, v. r. to lick one's chops ſavourily after eating ſome thing that is pleaſant; to deck or dreſs one's ſelf up curiouſly.
RELAMI'DO, ſ. m. an hypocrite, a preciſe formal fellow.
RELA'MPAGO, ſ. m. a flash of lightning.
RELAMPAGUEA'R, v. n. to light en, to give flashes like lightning.
RELAMPAGUZA'R, v. n. obſ. to glitter, to give a glittering light, like the ſudden flashes of lightning.
Ojos relampaguzántes, glittering eyes like a cat in the dark, or as drunken men's eyes twinkle. Often uſed in this ſignification.
RELA'NCE, ſ. m. chance, accident.
RELA'PSO, adj. relapſed, fallen again.
RELATA'R, v. a. to relate, to make a declaration.
RELATI'VO, adj. that bears a relation to.
RELATO'R, ſ. m. a relater, a reporter, he that relates or gives an account; an officer in courts who acquaints the court with what has been told of the caſe or cauſe to be tried.
RELAVA'R, v. a. to wash over again.
RELAXACIO'N, ſ. f. relaxation, releaſing, ſetting looſe at liberty; relaxation of manners; alſo a looſeneſs in the body.
RELAXA'DO, ſ. m. a looſe liver.
RELAXAMIENTO, ſ. m. a relaxation, releaſing; ſetting looſe; looſeneſs of any kind.
RELAXA'R, v. a. to releaſe, to ſet looſe, to take to a looſe life, to be looſe in the body.
RELE'NTE, ſ. m. the ſoftneſs cauſed by the dew that has fallen on a thing.
RELENTECE'R, v. n. to grow weak, to relent, to yield, to become ſupple.
RELEVACIO'N, ſ. f. a raiſing, a lifting up.
RELEVA'R, v. a. to raiſe, to lift up, to eaſe, to relieve.
RELE'XES, ſ. m. pl. knobs or bunches in a table or other ſmooth thing; alſo ruts of coach or cart wheels: among architects, *relex* or *relexes*, is that part of the wall which ſticks out; alſo the landing-place of a pair of ſtairs.
RELICA'RIO, ſ. m. a caſe, a place to keep relicks in.
RELIE'VES, ſ. m. pl. fragments, ſcraps, broken meat; emboſſing in ſilver or gold; raiſed work in embroidery; emboſſed figures on walls in architecture.
RELIG'AR, v. a. to bind again.
RELIGI'ON, ſ. f. religion.
RELIGIONARIO, } ſ. m. Cal-
RELIGIONI'STA, } viniſt or Reformed. as they call themſelves.
RELIGIOSAME'NTE, adv. religiouſly.
RELIGIOSIDA'D, ſ. f. piety.
RELIGIO'SO adj. religious.
RELINCHA'R, v. n. to neigh as a horſe does.
RELINCHI'DO, } ſ. m. the neigh-
RELI'NCHO, } ing of a horſe.
RELI'QUIAS, ſ. f. pl. relicks, the remains of holy things.
RELLANA'R, v. a. to plain, to ſmooth again.
Rellanárſe, v. r. to ſit ſtretched out in a chair, leaning back with the legs out at full eaſe.
RELLENA'R, v. a. to fill, to ſtuff, to cram; commonly to fill a fowl, hare, or the like, with forced meat, or with a pudding in the belly.
RELLE'NO, adj. filled, ſtuffed, crammed; ſubſtantively uſed, a fowl, &c. ſtuffed with forced meat, or with a pudding in the belly.
RELO'X, ſ. m. a clock, a watch.
Relóx de ſol, a ſun-dial.
Relóx de aréna, a ſand hour-glaſs.
Relóx de água, a water hour-glaſs.
El relóx dá, the clock ſtrikes.
Relox de faltriguéra, a watch.
RELOXE'RO, ſ. m. a clock-maker or watch-maker.
RELUCHA'R, v. n. to contend one thing againſt another.
RELUCIE'NTE, adj. bright, ſhining, glittering.
RELUCI'R, v. n. to ſhine, to glitter.
RELUMBRA'DO, adj. that has a braſſy taſte.
RELUMBRA'NTE, adj. bright, glittering, ſhining.
RELUMBRA'R, v. n. to ſhine to glitter.
RELUMBRO'N, ſ. m. the ſudden blow of the light in one's eyes.

REM

REMACHA'R, v. a. to rivet, to clench a nail, to beat flat or ſmooth, to make faſt an end of a thread, or the like.
REMADO'R, ſ. m. a rower.
REMADURA, ſ. f. a rower.
REMANECE'R, v. n. to appear where not expected, to break out like the dawning of the day.
REMANE'NTE, ſ. m. the remainder.
REMANGA'R, v. a. vide *ARREMANGAR*.
REMA'NSO, ſ. m. the calm or ſtill water of a river, which after it has run with a ſwift current comes into a plain, and runs ſlow and gently.
REMA'R, v. n. to row.
REMATADAME'NTE, adv. abſolutely, paſt redreſs, deſperately.
REMATA'DO, adj. quite loſt, ruined, deſperate.
Loco rematádo, one that is quite mad, paſt retrieving.
REMATA'R, v. a. to clench a nail, to rivet, to cloſe or finish an account, to ſtrike up a bargain, to knock at a ſale, to faſten the thread in ſewing, or the like.
REMATE, ſ. m. the end, the

concluſion, the ſum of an account; either end of a ſtick, rope, or other thing; the concluſion of a bargain; the faſtening of the end in ſewing, clinching of an nail, rivetting.

Perdído a remáte; loſt to all intents and purpoſes, utterly ruined; alſo exceſſive lewd.

REMECE'R, v. a. to ſtir again.

REMEDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. mocking, imitating.

REMEDA'R, v. a. to mock, to imitate.

REMEDIADO'R, ſ. m. one that remedies.

REMEDIA'R, v. a. to remedy, to cure.

REME'DIO, ſ. m. remedy, cure, help.

REME'DO, ſ. m. mock, imitation.

REMEMBRA'NZA, ſ. f. obſ. a remembrance.

REMEMBRA'R, v. a. obſ. to remember.

REMENDA'R, v. a. to mend, to patch.

Cabállo remendddo, a piebald horſe.

REMENDO'N, ſ. m. a botcher, a cobler.

REME'RO, ſ. m. a rower, one that rows.

REME'SSA, ſ. f. a remittance of money.

Remésſa, ſ. f. a coach-houſe.

REMESSA'R, v. a. to pull by the hair, to tear the hair.

REMESSO'N, ſ. m. a pull by the hair; the hair that is torn off the head; a ſhort ſtop in riding, when the rider ſtops his horſe ſhort in the middle of the carrier.

REMETE'R, v. a. to put in again.

REMIE'NDO, ſ. m. a patch, a botch.

REMILGA'RSE, v. r. to make pretty faces, as affected ladies do.

REMINICE'NCIA, ſ. f. a remembrance.

REMIRA'R, v. a. to look again, to view well, to ſee thoroughly into a thing or conſider maturely.

REMISSAME'NTE, adv. ſlowly, with weakneſs, without vigour or briskeneſs.

REMISSIBLE, adj. pardonable, that may be remitted.

REMISSIO'N, ſ. f. remiſſion, pardon, forgiveneſs.

REMI'SSO, adj. remiſs, ſlack, looſe, negligent, lewd.

REMITI'R, v. a. to remit, to forgive, to pardon; alſo to refer.

Pleito remitido, a ſuit or trial at law returned to the ſame court from whence it was removed by appeal.

REMO, ſ. m. an oar.

Echár al rémo, to ſend to the galleys.

REMOJA'R, v. a. to ſoak, to ſteep, to water.

REMO'JO, ſ. m. ſoaking, ſteeping, watering.

REMOLA'CHA, ſ. f. beet-root.

REMOLA'DO, adj. battered, rugged, craggy.

REMOLA'R, v. a. in cant, to load a die.

REMOLCAR, v. a. to tow along with a boat; alſo to ſhove back with the oars.

REMOLINA'RSE, v. r. to turn about like a whirl pool or ſpiral line.

REMOLI'NO, ſ. m. a whirl-pool, a whirl wind, an eddy wind or water; the turn of the hair on the top of the head; a ſpiral line.

REMOLLA'R, v. a. in cant, to line.

REMOLLERO'N, ſ. m. in cant, a head-piece; the head itſelf.

REMO'LQUE, ſ. m. towing.

Llevár al remólque, to tow along.

REMONDA'R, v. a. to clean, to peel again.

REMONTA, ſ. f. the act of giving new horſes to ſoldiers.

REMONTA'R, v. a. amongſt ſportsmen, to frighten animals; to drive them away with noiſe; alſo to give new horſes to ſoldiers.

Remontár, v. a. to remount, to be high and lofty, to uſe lofty expreſſions.

REMOQUE'TE, ſ. m. a check, a frump, a ſharp word; alſo a bang, a ſtroke, a flirt.

RE'MORA, ſ. f. a ſmall fish, which they ſay, ſticking to a ſhip's ſide, will ſtop her when ſailing. Metaph. any ſtop, ſtay, or delay.

REMORDER, v. n. to have a remorſe, to have a touch of conſcience.

REMORDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a remorſe, a touch of conſcience.

REMOSTA'R, v. n. to put muſt or new wine into old, in order to quicken it.

REMOSTECE'RSE, v. r. to work and grow ſweet again like new wine.

REMO'TO, adj. remote, diſtant.

REMOVE'R, v. a. to remove, to ſtir.

REMOVIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. removing, ſtirring.

Removimiénto de eſtómago, riſing in the ſtomach, nauſeouſneſs, inclination to vomit.

REMOZA'R, v. n. to grow young; to endeavour to appear young.

REMPUJA'R, v. a. to push, to thruſt, to joſtle.

REMPUJO'N, ſ. m. a push, a thruſt, a joſtle.

REMUDA'R, v. a. to change.

REMUGA'R, v. n. v. *RUMIA'R*.

REMUNERACIO'N, ſ. f. reward, recompenſe.

REMUNERADO'R, ſ. m. a rewarder, a recompenſer.

REMUNERA'R, v. a. to reward, to recompenſe.

REMUSGA'R, v. a. to ſuſpect.

R E N

REN, ſ. m. the kidney, the reins of the back.

RENACE'R, v. n. to be born again, to ſpring or to bud out again.

RENACIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. being born again, ſprouting, ſpringing, or budding again.

RENACUA'JO, ſ. m. the ſpawn of frogs, a ſmall frog.

RENCI'LLA, ſ. f. quarrel, diſpute.
RENCILLO'SO, adj. quarrelſome, contending.
RE'NCO, ſ. m. one that is looſe, or lame in the ships.
RENCO'R, ſ. m. rancour, hatred, malice.
RENDA'JO, ſ. m. a jay.
RENDICIO'N, ſ. f. rendition, giving up.
RENDIDAME'NTE, adv. humbly.
RENDIMIE'NTO; ſ. m. yielding, ſurrendering, ſubmiſſion, and ſurrender
RENDI'R, v. a. to yield, to ſubmit, to ſurrender, to overcome, to ſubdue.
RE'NDON, a word of no ſignification by itſelf, but it is uſed adverbially for abruptly or rudely.
Entrárſe de rénden, to intrude, to thruſt into a place, without ſaying by your leave, in a rude manner.
RENEGA'DO, ſ. m. a renegade, an apoſtate, one that has renounced his faith.
RENEGA'R, v. a. to renounce one's faith.
RENGLE'RA, ſ. f. a row or rank.
RENGLO'N, ſ. m. a line in writing.
RENGO, adj. that has got a hurt in he loins or the back.
RENIE'GO, ſ. m. a blaſphemous renouncing of God or of holy things.
RENITE'NCIA, ſ. f. reluctance, repugnancy.
RENITENTE, adj. reluctant, repugnant.
RENOMBRA'DO, adj. renowned, famous.
RENO'MBRE, ſ. m. renown.
RENOVACIO'N, ſ. f. a renewing.
RENOVA'DOR, ſ. m. a renewer.
RENOVA'R, v. a. to renew.
RENOVE'RO, ſ. m. an uſurer.
Renovéro de arból, a young shoot of a tree.
RENQUEA'R, v. n. to go lame in the hips; that is, wringing one's body from ſide to ſide.
RE'NTA, ſ. f. revenue, rent, yearly income.
Prov. *El que lléva la rénta que adóbe la vénta*, let him that receives the rent repair the inn; he that has the profit should be at the expence.
RENTA'R, v. n. to yield rent or revenue.
RENTE'RO, ſ. f. a farmer.
RENTI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall rent or revenue; alſo a game at cards ſo called.
RENUE'VO, ſ. m. renewing; alſo increaſe, uſury, a young shoot or ſprout of a tree, or the like.
RENU'NCIA, ſ. f. vide *RENUNCIACIO'N*.
RENUNCIA'BLE, adj. that may be renounced, given up.
RENUNCIACIO'N, ſ. f. renunciation, quitting one's right or claim, reſignation.
RENUNCIA'R, v. a. to renounce, reſign, or quit claim.

R E ñ

REñI'R, v. n. to chide, to rebuke, to reprimand, to quarrel, to fight.
Guerra reñida, bloody war.

R E O

RE'O, ſ. m. a criminal, a guilty perſon, one accuſed of a crime. Alſo a ſort of fish ſo called.

R E P

REPA'JO, ſ. m. v. *REPA'XO*.
REPANTIGA'RSE, v. r. to ſit leaning back and ſtretched out at one's full eaſe.
REPAPILA'DO, ſ. m. a curious feeder or epicure, one that is cucuriouſly fed or filled up to the throat.
REPAPILA'RSE, v. r. to epicurize, to feed daintily, to ſeed till one is full to the throat.
REPARA'BLE, adj. that can be repaired; remarkable, obſervable.
REPARACIO'N, ſ. f. reparation.
REPARADO'R, ſ. m. a repairer.
REPARAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *REPARO*.
REPARA'R, v. a. to repair; alſo to parry in fencing, to ward off a blow; to ſtop, to make a ſtand; to obſerve, to take notice.
REPARO, ſ. m. repair, reparation; in fortification, a defence, any part of the works that flanks another; any work or intrenchment.
Repáro, ſ. m. regard, notice, obſervation.
REPARTICIO'N, ſ. f. diviſion, partition, sharing.
REPARTIDO'R, ſ. m. a divider, a diſtributer.
Repartidór, de pleitos, y negócios, ſ. m. an officer in ſome courts of Spain. who appoints every man his buſineſs, and calls on the ſeveral cauſes in their courſe.
REPARTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. diviſion, diſtribution.
REPARTI'R, v. a. to divide, to diſtribute.
REPASSADE'RA, ſ. f. a tool uſed by carpenters, a kind of a plane.
REPASSA'R, v. a. to look over again; as,
Repaſſár un libro, to read a book over again.
Repaſſár liciónes a niños, to hear children read their leſſons.
REPASTA'R, v. n. to feed.
REPA'STO, ſ. m. food, paſture.
REPATRIA'R, v. n. to return to one's own country.
REPA'XO, ſ. m a thicket of young trees; a place for cattle to graze.
REPECHO, ſ. m. a breaſt work; a rail to lean the breaſt againſt; alſo the ſide of a hill.
REPELA'R, v. a. to pull off the hair, to pull by the hair; in a military ſenſe, to charge often in parties or in the rear.
REPELE'R, v. a. to drive off, to beat back.
REPE'LO, ſ. m. pulling by the hair; alſo the skin that grows over the nails; metaph. any thing that is not to the purpoſe.
REPELO'N, ſ. m. a tug by the hair.
REPELO'SO, adj. a touchy quarrelſome man.
Madéra repelóſa, wood that has an ill grain, and works rough every way.

REPENSA'R, v. a. to think over again, to conſider ſeriouſly.
REPE'NTE, adv. ſuddenly, unexpectdly.
REPENTINAME'NTE, adv. ſuddenly.
REPENTI'NO, adj. ſudden.
REPENTO'N, ſ. m. a ſudden event, a ſudden motion, a great and unforeſeen accident.
REPERCUSSIO'N, ſ. f. repercuſſion, ſtriking back.
REPERCUSSI'VO, adj. that may be ſtruck back.
REPERCUTI'R, v. a. to beat back, to drive back.
REPERTO'RIO, ſ. m. a repertory.
REPESA'R, v. a. to verify the weight of any thing, to weigh again.
REPE'SO, ſ. m. weighing again; alſo the place where an officer in Spain ſtands in the market to verify the weight of bread, meat, &c.
REPETICIO'N, ſ. f. repetition.
REPETIDAME'NTE, adv. repeatedly.
REPETI'DOR, ſ. m. a repeater.
REPETI'R, v. a. to repeat.
REPICA'DO, ſ. m. a curious nice beau.
REPICAPU'NTO, adv. *De repicapúnto*, nicely, preciſely.
REPICA'R, v. a. to ring the bells out.

Prov. *En ſálvo eſtá el que repica* he his ſafe that rings the bell; becauſe, when it is an alarm bell, he is in the ſteeple out of harm's way.

REPI'QUE, ſ. m. a ringing of bells; alſo a repique at the game of piquet at cards.
REPIQUE'TE, ſ. m. a little noiſe or clattering of bells, or any ſuch noiſy thing; thence applied to ſignify a clattering of tongues.
REPI'SO, adj. penitent.
REPIZCA'R, v. a. to pinch.
REPI'ZCO, ſ. m. a pinch, the act of pinching with the fingers.
REPLECIO'N, ſ. f. repletion, fullneſs.
REPLE'TO, adj. full, crammed full. In architecture, it is the motar and ſmall ſtone, rubbiſh, or the like, with which maſons fill up the middle of thick walls.
RE'PLICA, ſ. f. an anſwer, a reply.
REPLICACIO'N, ſ. f. idem.
REPLICA'R, v. a. to anſwer, to reply.
REPLICO'N, ſ. m. he that will give an anſwer though he had better hold his tongue.
REPO'LLO, ſ. m. a hard cabbage.
REPOLLU'DO, adj. round thick truſs, like a hard cabbage, a short ſquat man.
REPONE'R, v. a. to replace.
REPORTA'DO, adj. deliberate, ſtayed, grave.
REPORTA'RSE, v. r. to be pacified, to curb one's paſſion, to ſettle, to be appeaſed.
REPORTO'RIO, adj. an almanack, a calendar, a memorial, a ſummary, a brief account of things.
REPOSADAME'NTE, adv. quietly, calmly and gravely.
REPOSA'DO, adj. ſedate, of a quiet temper.
REPOSA'R, v. a. to reſt, to ſettle, to be ſtill.
REPO'SO, ſ. m. reſt, quiet, eaſe.
REPOSTERI'A, ſ. f. a buttery.
REPOSTE'RO, ſ. m. a butler, a ſumpture cloth; alſo a carpet or a piece of tapeſtry hangings.
REPREGU'NTA, ſ. f. queſtion upon queſtion.
REPREGUNTA'R, v. a. to queſtion over and over again.
REPREHENDE'R, v. a. to reprehend, to reprimand, to rebuke, to chide.
REPREHENSI'BLE, adj. blameworthy, blameable.
REPREHENSION, ſ. f. reproof.
REPREHENSO'R, ſ. m. a reprover, a chider.
REPERSENTA'CION, ſ. f. repreſentation, a play, a comedy.
REPRESENTA'DOR, ſ. m. a repreſenter, a player, an actor.
REPRESENTA'NTE, ſ. m. idem
REPRESENTA'R, v. a. to repreſent, to act a play.
REPRESSA, ſ. f. a mill-dam, a flood-gate.
REPRESSA'R, v. a. to hold up by water by means of a dam or flood-gate.
REPRIME'NDA, ſ. f. a reprimand.
REPRIMI'R, v. a. to repreſs, to crush, to keep under.
REPROBACIO'N, ſ. f. reproving.
REPROBA'R, v. a. to reprove.
RE'PROBO, ſ. m. he who is to be be damned.
REPROCHA'R, v. a. to reproach, to tell one of his faults, to upbraid.
REPRO'CHE, ſ. m. reproach, upbraiding.
REPRODUCCI'ON, ſ. f. reproduction, the act of producing anew.
REPRODUCI'R, v. a. to reproduce, to produce again.
REPTA'R, v. a. to challenge, to defy.
REPU'BLICA, ſ. f. a republick, a commonwealth.
REPUBLICA'NO, ſ. m. a republican.
REPU'BLICO, ſ. m. a republican.
REPUDIACIO'N, ſ. f. repudiation, divorce, rejection.
REPUDIA'R, v. a. to divorce, to put away, to reject.
REPU'DIO, ſ. m. divorce.
REPUE'STO, p. p. of *reponér*.
Repuéſto, ſ. m. a repoſitory, a ſtore-houſe.
REPUGNA'NCIA, ſ. f. repugnancy, reluctancy.
REPUGNA'NTE, adj. oppoſite.
REPUGNA'R, v. a. to oppoſe, to have a reluctancy.
REPULGA'R, v. a. to hem.
REPU'LGO, ſ. m. a hem in a garment.
El repúlgo de la empanáda, the edge of a pie.
REPU'LLO, ſ. m. a violent ſhake or jump.
REPU'LSA, ſ. f. a repulſe.
REPULSA'R v. a. to repel, to give a repulſe.
REPU'NTA, ſ. f. a reply, a breaking out, the appearing of any thing.
REPUNTA'R, v. a. to reply; alſo to break out, to appear.

REPURGA'R, v. a. to purge or clean over again.
REPUTACIO'N, ſ. f. reputation.
REPUTA'R, v. a to repute.

R E Q'

REQUEBRADO'R, ſ. m. one that courts, woos, makes love to, or uſes fine amorous expreſſions.
REQUEBRA'R, v. a. to court, to woo, to make love, to uſe fine amorous expreſſions.
REQUEMA'DO, adj. aduſt, cholerick.
REQUEMA'R, v. a. to burn again.
REQUERIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. intimation, and requiring notification.
REQUERI'R, v. a. to require, to make intimation, to notify; alſo to ſeek after, to court, to ſearch.
Requerir de amores, to court, to make love.
REQUESO'N, ſ. m. curds.
REQUESTA, ſ. f. a requeſt.
REQUESTA'R, v. a. to requeſt.
REQUIE'BRO, ſ. m. an amorous expreſſion or any pretty ſoft alluring word.
REQUISI'TO, adj. requiſite.
Requiſito, ſ. m. a circumſtance, a part that is requiſite.
REQUISITO'RIA, ſ. f. a warrant from a judge requiring obedience.

R E S

RES, ſ. f. a head of cattle, ſometimes a flock or herd.
RESABE'R, v. n. to be loquacious.
RESABIA'R, v. a. to uſe, to practiſe any ill cuſtoms or babits; alſo to have an ill taſte or ſavour
RESABI'DO, ſ. m. a crafty ſubtle knave; alſo talkative, troubleſome fellow that pretends to know much.
RESA'BIO, ſ. m. an ill habit or cuſtom; a jadish trick in a horſe; an ill taſte or ſavour.
RESA'CA, ſ. f. the breaking of the billows on the ſhore, the eddy.
RESALI'R, v. n. to go out, to appear out.
RESALTA'R, v. n. to ſtand, to ſtick, or to jut out in a building or in a picture.
RESA'LTE, ſ. m. the jutting out part in a building, and that which repreſents it in painting.
RESA'LTO, ſ. m. the repercuſſion of a body or rebound.
RESALUDA'R, v. a. to reſalute, to return the ſaluration of one.
RESALUTACIO'N, ſ. m. reſaluting, returning the greeting to one.
RESARCI'R, v. a. to make amends for, to make good, to repair.
RESBALADE'RO, ſ. m. v. *RESVALADE'RO*.
RESBALALADI'ZO, adj. v. *RESVALADI'ZO*.
RESBALA'R, v. n. vide *RESVALAR*.
RESCALDA'R, v. a. to heat again.
RESCATA'R, v. a. to ranſom.
RESCA'TE, ſ. m. ranſom.
RESCO'LDO, ſ. m. hot embers or a fire of ſmallcoal.
RESCRIBI'R, v. a. to write back.
RESCRI'PTO, ſ. m. a reſcript, an anſwer of a prince to any petition.
RESCUE'NTRO, ſ. m. a compenſation.
RESELLA'R, v. a. to ſeal again.
RESE'LLO, ſ. m. ſealing again.
RESEMBRA'R, v. a. to ſow again.
RESE'ÑA, ſ. m. a muſter or review.
RESENTIMIENTO, ſ. m. reſentment, the act of reſenting.
RESENTI'R, v. a. to reſent.
RESE'RVA, ſ. f. a reſerve.
RESERVACIO'N, ſ. f. a reſervation.
RESERVA'R, v. a. to reſerve.
RE'SES, ſ. f. pl. of *res*.
RESFRIA'DO, adj. that has taken or got a cold.
RESFRIAME'NTO, ſ. m. a cold that one gets.
RESFRIA'R, v. a. to cool.
Resfriárſe, v. r. to get a cold.
RESGUADA'R, v. a. to preſerve, to defend.
Reſguardárſe, v. r. to be cautious, to take care of oneſelf.
RESGUA'RDO, ſ. m. ſecurity taken for what a man does; a counter ſecurity, when a man is bound for another; alſo a reſerve.
RESIDE'NCIA, ſ. f. reſidence, reſiding in a place.
Pedir reſidéncia, to call to an account.
Reſidéncia, the trial a governor or magiſtrate is to undergo when he reſigns his employment, a judge being appointed to hear all complaint againſt him.
Tomár reſidéncia, take to an account.
RESIDENCIA'R, v. a. to make the trial of a perſon in publick offices, to hear all complaints againſt him.
RESIDE'NTE, ſ. m. reſident, a miniſter of a prince inferior to an envoy.
RESIDI'R, v. a. to reſide, to remain in a place.
RESI'DUO, adj. what remains.
Reſiduo, ſ. m. the remainder.
RESIGNA, *RESIGNACIO'N*, ſ. f. reſignation.
RESIGNA'R, v. a. to reſign.
RESI'NA, ſ. f. a reſin, a fat oily liquor diſtilling from a tree.
RESINO'SO, adj. full of reſin.
RESISTE'NCIA, ſ. f. reſiſtance, oppoſition.
RESISTE'RO, *RESISTIDE'RO*, ſ. m. reflection or violent heat of the ſun, the heat of the day from noon till two or three, when the ſun ſeems to ſcorch.
RESISTI'R, v. a. to reſiſt, to oppoſe, to withſtand.
RE'SMA, ſ. f. a ream of paper.
RE'SOL, ſ. m. the reverberation of the ſun.
RESOLA'NO, ſ. m. a warm ſunny place, where the wind does not blow.
RESOLLA'R, v. n. to breathe.
RESOLUCIO'N, ſ. f. reſolution; alſo ſpirit, courage.
RESOLVE'R, v. n. to reſolve.
RESOLUTAME'NTE, adv. reſolutely.
RESOLUTO, adj. reſolute, or reſolved.

RESONA'NCIA, ſ. f. a ſound or reſounding.
RESONA'NTE, adj. reſounding, or that reſounds.
RESONA'R, v. a. to reſound.
RESOPLA'R, v. a. to blow again.
RESOPLI'DO, *RESO'PLO*, ſ. m. a blowing again.
RESPALDA'R, *RESPA'DO*, ſ. m. vide *ESPALDA'R*.
RESPECTIVAME'NTE, adv. reſpectively, relatively.
RESPECTI'VO, adj. reſpective, relative.
RESPE'CTO, ſ. m. conſideration, motive.
Reſpécto de, adv. becauſe.
RESPETA'BLE, adj. that deſerves reſpect.
RESPETA'R, v. a. to reſpect.
RESPE'TO, ſ. m. reſpect; in cant, the ſword.
De reſpéto, prepared.
Eſtár dé reſpéto, to be in ceremony.
RESPETOSAME'NTE, adv. reſpectfully.
RESPETO'SO, adj. reſpectful.
RESPETUOSAME'NTE, adv. reſpectfully.
RESPETUO'SO, adj. reſpectful.
RESPIGADE'RA, ſ. f. a gleaner.
RESPIGADOR, ſ. m. a gleaner.
RESPIGAR, v. n. to glean, to gather after the gatherers.
RESPIGO'N, ſ. m. the skin that grows over the nails, or rather thoſe little skins that break and fly up about the nails, and are very ſore. It is alſo a ſty upon the eye.
RESPINGA'R, v. n. to kick out of wantonneſs, to rebel by being pampered, alſo to skip, to leap, and to give short and peevish anſwers.
RESPI'NGO, ſ. m. a skip, a leap, a kick of wantonneſs; a pert peevish anſwer.
RESPIRACIO'N, ſ. f. the breath of the body.
RESPIRADE'RO, ſ. m. a breathing place, a hole to let in the air.
RESPIRA'R, v. a. to breathe, to take breath, to take comfort, to be eaſed, to reſt.
RESPLANDECE'NCIA, ſ. f. effulgence, ſplendor.
RESPLANDECE'R, v. n. to shine, to glitter.
RESPLANDECIE'NTE, p. p. bright, shining.
RESPLANDO'R, ſ. m. brightneſs.
Cintas de reſplandór, ribbons wrought with ſilver.
RESPONDE'R, v. n. to anſwer.
RESPONDIE'NTE, ſ. m. who anſwer.
RESPONDO'N, ſ. m. f. a grubling perſon, one that has always an anſwers.
RESPONSABLE, adj. reſponſible.
RESPO'NSO, ſ. m. an anſwer; but generally taken for the ſinging of pſalms for the dead, two choirs alternatively anſwering one another.
RESPONSO'RIO, ſ. m. a reſponſory after reading the leſſons in the mattins.
RESPUE'STA, ſ. f. an anſwer; alſo the report of a gun.
RESPUE'STO, p. p. of *reſpondér*.
RESQUEBRADU'RA, v. *RESQUEBRA'JO*.
RESQUEBRAJADU'RA, ſ. f. a crack, a chop, a ſlit, a cleft; alſo a nibbling or breaking about the edges.
RESQUEBRAJA'R, v. a. to crack, to chop, to ſlit, to cleave; alſo to nibble or break about the edges.
RESQUEBRAJO, ſ. m. v. *RESQUEBRAJADU'RA*.
RESQUI'CIO, ſ. m. a chink, a cleft, a cranny.
RE'STA, ſ. f. the reſt, the remainder.
RESTABLECE'R, v. a. to reeſtablish.
Reſtablecérſe, v. a. to recover one's health.
RESTABLECIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a reheablishme nt.
RESTALLA'R, v. n. to fly, to flaw, to flake as ſtones do with the fire, or the like.
RESTAÑA'R, v. n. to ſtand, to ſtop, particularly the blood.
RESTAÑO, ſ. m. a ſilver or gold ſtuff; alſo a pool, a pond.
RESTA'NTE, ſ. m. what remains.
RESTA'R v. a. to reſt, to remain, to ſubſtract in arithmetick.
RESTAURACIO'N, ſ. f. reſtoration, reſtoring, repairing.
RESTAURADO'R, ſ. m. who reſtores.
RESTAURA'R, v. a. to reſtore, to repair.
RE'STO, ſ. m. the reſt, the remainder, the reſidue; alſo a ſtake at play. In arithmetick, ſubſtraction.
Jugár a réſto abiérto, to play, or throw againſt all that is ſet.
Echár el réſto, to ſet one's laſt ſtake.
RESTRICCIO'N, ſ. f. reſtriction, confinement.
RESTRI'CTO, adj. reſtrained, kept within certain bounds.
RESTRINGI'R, v. a. to reſtrain; alſo bound in the body.
RESTRIÑI'R, v. a. to reſtrain, to bind in the body.
RESVALADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſlippery place, or a thing that is apt to ſlip.
RESVALADI'ZO, adj. ſlippery.
RESVALA'R, v. n. to ſlip, to ſlide.
RESVALO'ZO, adj. ſlippery.
RESUCITADO'R, ſ. m. one that revives.
RESUCITA'R, v. n. to revive.
RESUDA'R, v. n. to ſweat; to perſpire.
RESUE'LLO, ſ. m. the breath of the body.
RESUE'LTO, p. p. reſolute, or reſolved.
RESU'LTA, ſ. f. the reſult of any buſineſs.
RESULTA'R, v. n. to reſult, to rebound.
RESU'MEN, ſ. m. reſult, concluſion.
RESUMI'R, v. a. to re-aſſume, to commence again; alſo to reduce.
RESURGI'R, v. n. obſ. to riſe from the dead.
RESURRECCIO'N, ſ. f. reſurrection.
RESURTI'R, v. n. to rebound.

RET

RETA'BLO, ſ. m. a puppet-ſhew in the nature of the raree-ſhew carried about the ſtreets.

Retáblo, an altar-piece.

RETACA'R, v. n. to ſtrike the ball twice at billiards.

RETACO, ſ. m. a ſmall gun.

RETADOR, ſ. m. a challenger, a defier.

RETAGUA'RDA, *RETAGUA'RDIA*, } ſ. f. the rear of an army or of any body of men.

RETAHI'LA, ſ. f. the aggregate of many things ſet in due order.

RETAJA'R, v. a. to chop, to cut ſhort, to circumciſe.

RETA'L, ſ. m. a remnant.

RETALLA'R, v. n. to ſprout again.

RETA'LLO, ſ. m. a new ſprout.

RETA'MA, ſ. f. furz, whins, heath, goſs.

RETAMA'L, ſ. m. a ground that bears furz, whins, heath, or goſs.

RETA'R, v. a. to defy, to challenge, to charge a man vith treaſon or other heinous crime, and undertake to make it good in combat.

RETARDACIO'N, ſ. f. a delay.

RETARDA'R, v. n. to retard, to delay.

RETEJA'R, v. a. to tile again, to new tile, to repair the tiling of a houſe; metaph. to mend cloaths.

RETE'N, ſ. m. in cant, the keeping back a card to cheat with.

RETENCIO'N, ſ. f. retaining, detaining.

RETENEDO'R, ſ. m. who ſtops, or retains.

RETENE'R, v. a. to retain, to detain, to with hold.

RETENIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of detaining.

RETEÑI'R, v. a. to dye again.

RETENTA'R, v. a. to try, to tempt, to attempt again.

RETENTI'VO, adj. retentive.

RETESAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſtaleneſs, growing ſtale, cramming oneſelf ſo full of meat.

RETESA'R, v. n. to grow ſtale to eat till a man belches.

RETICE'NCIA, ſ. f. reticence, a rhethorical figure ſo called.

RETICULA'DO, adj. made in the form of a net.

RETIÑE'R, v. a to dye over again; alſo to tinckle, to ſound like a bell.

RETINTE, ſ. m. dying over again; alſo a tinckling noiſe.

RETINTI'DO, ſ. m. a tinckling noiſe, a jangling of ſmall bells, the noiſe of a ſhrill loud voice.

RETINTI'N, ſ. m. the noiſe of a ſhrill loud voice.

RETIRA'DA, ſ. f. a retreat; alſo a retrenchment within another work to retire to when beaten out of the firſt.

RETIRADAME'NTE, adv. in retirement.

RETIRA'R, v. n. to retire, to with-draw.

Tocár a retirár, to ſound a retreat.

Retirár al enemigo, to make the enemy retire.

Retirárſe, v. r. to retire, to retreat.

RETI'RO, ſ. m. retirement.

RE'TO, ſ. m. challenge, defiance, charging a man with treaſon or any other crime, and offering to make it good in combat.

RETOCA'R, v. a. to touch again, to finish, to complete, to correct, to reviſe.

RETOÑA'R, v. n. to ſprout out again, like a plant that has been cut.

RETOÑECE'R, v. a. v. *RETOÑA'R*.

RETOÑO, ſ. m. a young ſhoot or ſprout of a tree or plant.

RETO'QUE, ſ. m. correcting, finishing.

RETORCE'R, v. a. to twiſt, to wreath.

RETORCEDU'RA, ſ. f. twiſting, wreathing.

RETORCIJO'N, ſ. m. a twiſt.

Retorcijón de tripas, a fit of the gripes, the twiſting of the guts.

RETORCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a twiſting, wreathing.

RETO'RICA, ſ. f. rhetorick, the art of ſpeaking.

RETORICAME'NTE, adv. rhetorically.

RETO'RICO, adv. rhetorical.

Retórico, ſ. m. rhetorician.

RETORNA'R, v. a. to return.

RETO'RNO, ſubſt. m. a return of kindneſs.

Múlas, ó cabállos de retórno, mules or horſes that have been a journey, and return home empty or unloaded.

RETORTE'RO, adv. *Andár al retortéro*, to twirl about like the little diſh the women put upon their ſpindle, when it is light, to give it weight, which they call *tortera*. Metaph. to be toſſed and tumbled about, to be turmoiled.

RETORTIJA'R, v. a. to twiſt, to wreath.

RETORTIJO'N, ſ. m. twiſting, wreathing.

Retortijon de tripas, twiſting of the guts, gripes.

RETOZADO'R, ſ. m. one who plays the wanton.

RETOZA'R, v. n. to play the wanton, to rejoice, to dally, to exchange careſſes, to fondle.

Retozár con el vérde, to ſport, to play, to frolick.

Retozár la riſa, to burſt with laughing.

RETO'ZO, ſ. m. wantonneſs, dallying, careſſing laſciviouſly.

RETOZO'N, adj. lewd, impudent, laſcivious.

RETRABA'R, v. a. to ſet people by the ears.

RETRACCIO'N, ſ. f. retraction.

RETRACTACIO'N, ſ. f. recanting, drawing back.

RETRAHE'R, v. a. to withdraw, to draw back, to retire.

RETRAHIMIENTO, ſ. m. retirement, drawing back, withdrawing.

RETRANCA, ſ. f. a crupper for a beaſt of burden.

RETRATADO'R, ſ. m. a painter that draws by the life.

RETRATA'R, v. a. to draw by the life.

RETRATARSE, v. r. to recant, to unſay what one had ſaid.

RETRA'TO, ſ. m. a picture drawn by the life.

RETRE'TA, ſ. f. the tattoo which gives the ſignal to the ſoldiers to retire to their quarters at night.
RETRETI'LLO, ſ. m. a little cloſet.
RETRE'TE, ſ. m. a cloſet, a private room.
RETRIBUCIO'N, ſ. f. retribution.
RETRIBUI'R, v. a. to return, or make a return.
RETROCEDE'R, v. n. to go back to give way.
RETROCESSIO'N, ſ. f. going back, giving back.
RETROGRADACION, ſ. f. drawing or going back.
RETROGRADA'R, v. n. to go back.
RETROGRA'DO, adj. retrograde, going back.
RETRONA'R, v. n. to thunder again, to ſound again like thunder.
RETRUCA'R, v. n. to ſtrike one ball againſt the other at billiards.
RETRUE'CANO, ſ. m. a rechange or changing again what was changed before.
RETUE'RTO, adj. very crooked
RETULA'R, v. a. to write an inſcription or title on a thing.
RE'TULO, ſ. m. an inſcription.
RETUMBA'R, v. n. to reſound, to make a hollow or rumbling noiſe.
RETU'MBO, ſ. m. a rumbling, a hollow noiſe.
RETUNDI'R, v. a. to beat back.
RETUSA'R, v. a. to ſhave, to clip or cut again.

R E V.

REVALIDACIO'N, ſ. f. revalidating, making valid again.
REVALIDA'R, v. a. to revalidate, to make valid again.
REVELACIO'N, ſ. f. a revelation, the revealing of a ſecret.
REVELA'R, v. a. to reveal.
REVENDEDO'R, ſ. m. a retailer, a huckſter.
REVENDE'R, v. a. to retail, to ſell again.
REVENI'R, v. n. to return, to come again.
Reveníſe, v. r. to decay, to grow ſtale, to take damp, as ſweetmeats, or ſuch things do that are ill kept.
REVE'NTA, ſ. f. retailing.
REVENTADE'RO, ſ. m. a painful work; alſo any bad place in a road.
REVENTA'R, v. n. to burſt; alſo to work hard.
REVENTA'R, to plague, to moleſt alſo to ſpring.
Reventár, to long for any time.
REVENTO'N, ſ. m. burſting; alſo a great difficulty, or any hard work.
REVE'R, v. a. to review, to reviſe.
REVERBERACIO'N, ſ. f. reverberation, repercuſſion, beating back, reflection.
REVERBERA'R, v. a. to reverberate, to reflect, to beat back.
REVERDECE'R, v. n. to grow green again.
Reverdecér, to break out again.
REVERE'NCIA, ſ. f. reverence, reſpect; the title given to prieſts and religious perſons.
REVERENCIADO'R, ſ. m. he who pays reverence.
REVERENCIA'L, adj. reverential, reſpectful.
REVERENCIA'R, v. a. to reverence, to reſpect, to honour.
REVERE'NDAS, ſ. f. pl. letters from one prelate to another recommending a perſon to be ordained, or the like.
REVERE'NDO, adj. reverend.
REVERENTE, adj. reverent.
REVERSIO'N, ſ. f. reverſion.
REVE'RSO, adj. the reverſe or backſide of a medal or coin.
REVERTER, v. a. to revert, to turn again.
REVE'S, ſ. m. the wrong ſide of any thing; a backſtroke; alſo any misfortune.
Al reves, adv. the wrong way, the wrong ſide outwards.
REVE'SA, ſ. f. in cant, the act of one that betrays his truſt.
REVESADO, adj. difficult, hard, ſtubborn, peevish.
Párto revesádo, a woman's hard delivery.
REVESA'R, v. a. to vomit.
REVESTI'R, v. a. to cloath; to put one garment over another.
Reveſtirſe el ſacerdóte, for the prieſt to veſt himſelf to officiate at the altar.
REVEZA'R, v. a. to take turns.
REVIE'SO, adv. aukward, untoward.
REVISIO'N, ſ. f. a reviſing, or looking over an account.
REVISO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who reviſes or looks over.
REVI'STA, ſ. f. a review.
Reviſta de pleito, the rehearſing of a cauſe.
REVISTA'R, v. a. in law, to reviſe a cauſe.
REVI'STO, p. p. of *rever*.
REVIVI'R, v. n. to revive, to live again.
REVOCA'BLE, adj. revocable.
REVOCACIO'N, ſ. f. revocation, repeal, recalling, or revoking.
REVOCA'R, v. a. to revoke, to recall, to repeal.
REVO'CO, ſ. m. the polish given to a wall.
REVOLA'R, v. n. to fly again; in cant, to make his eſcape through a window or the top of the houſe.
REVOLCADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where dogs or other animals roll or wallow.
Revolcárſe, v. r. to tumble, to roll, to wallow.
Revolcárſe en ſu ſángre, to wallow in one's blood.
REVOLEA'R, v. n. to bound, to fly back.
REVOLETE'O, ſ. m. a quick motion of birds in flying.
REVOLOTEA'R, v. n. v. *REVOLEA'R*.
REVOLTI'LLO, ſ. m. a heap of ſeveral things put togeter.
REVOLTO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of worm feeding upon leaves.
REVOLTOSO, adj. turbulent, ſeditious.
REVOLUCIO'N, ſ. f. a revolution.
REVOLVEDO'R, ſ. m. one who ſets at variance.
REVOLVE'R, v. a. to wrap, to roll up, to turn round, to ſtir about, to ſet at variance.
REVO'QUE, ſ. m. v. *REVO'CO*.

REVUE'LTO, p. p. of *revolver*.
REVUE'LO, ſ. m. flying back; alſo confuſion.
De revuélo, adv. quickly.
REVULSI'VO, *REVULSO'RIO*, adj. that cauſes or can cauſe a revulſion.

R E U

REU'MA, ſ. f. a rheum, a defluxion.
REUNION, ſ. f to re-union.
REUNI'R, v. a. to re-unite.
REUPO'NTICO, the herb centaury.

R E Y

RE'Y, ſ. m. a king.
Rey católico, the catolick king, the king of Spain.
Rey de armas, a king at arms.
El rey don Alonſo, the name of a Spaniſh dance.
Aquí del rey, a cry, demanding aſſiſtance in the king's name.

Prov. *Viva el rey y dáca la capa*, God ſave the king, and give me your cloak. Applied to thoſe, who under colour of ſerving the king or executing juſtice, rob the people.

Prov. *Nuevo rey, nueva ley*; new kings new laws.
Réyes, kings in the plural number is often uſed to ſignify the king ad queen.
Fiéſta di reyes, the Epiphany or Twelfthday.
Dia de réyes, idem.
REYE'RTA, ſ. f. a quarrel, a fray, wrangling, ſtrife.
REYECI'LLO, ſ. m. a petry king; alſo a ſort of venemous ſerpent, ſo called, becauſe it has ſomething like a crown on the head.
REYEZUE'LO, ſ. m. a wren, a bird ſo called.

R E Z

REZAGA, ſ. f. rear guard.
Rezagárſe, v. r. to fall behind, to lag behind.
REZA'GO, ſ. m. the ſtate of remaining behind, what remains behind, the reſiduum of any thing.
REZA'R, v. a. to pray, to recite, to ſay without ſinging.
REZELADO'R, ſ. m. the horſe that ſerves to make the mares hot before they receive ſtallion.
REZELA'R, v. a. to fear, to ſuſpect, to miſtruſt.
REZE'LO, ſ. m. fear, miſtruſt, ſuſpicion.
REZELO'ZO, adj. fearful, ſuſpicious, miſtruſtful.
RE'ZNO, ſ. m. a tick, ſuch as torment dogs, ſheep, &c.
RE'ZO, ſ. m. a prayer.
REZONGA'R, *REZONGEA'R*, v. n. to mutter, to grumble.
REZONGO'N, ſ. m. a grumbling muttering fellow.
REZUMA'RSE, v. r. to tranſpire.
REZU'RA, ſ. f. v. *RECIU'RA*.

R H A

RHACHI'TICO, adj. diſeaſed, by the rickets.
RHACHI'TIS, ſ. f. the rickets, a diſeaſe in childsen ſo called.

R H E

RHETO'RICA, ſ. f. rhetorick.
Rhetóricas, pl. excuſes, pretexts.
RHETO'RICO, adj. rhetorical.
RHEU'MA, ſ. f. rheum.
RHEUMATICO, adj. rheumatick.
RHEUMATI'SMO, ſ. m. rheumatiſm.

R H I

RHINOCERO'NTE, ſ. m. a beaſt called rhinoceros with a horn in his front.

R H O

RHO'MBO, ſ. m. a rhomb, a parallelogram.
RHOMBOI'DES, ſ. m. a rhomboid.

R I A

RI'A, ſ. f. the mouth of a great river, a great inlet of the ſea like the mouth of a river, fit for ships to anchor in.
RIACHUE'LO, ſ. m. a little river, a brook.
RIACHU'ELO, *RIATI'LLO*, ſ. m. a brook, a rivulet.

R I B

RI'BA, ſ. f. the ſea ſhore.
RIBA'ZO, ſ. m. the ridge of a hill; alſo a high bank.
RIBE'RA, ſ. f. the ſhore, the ſide of a river or of the ſea, the banks.
Hómbre de mónte y ribéra, a man good at any thing, that can turn his hand to any thing.
RIBEREñO, adj. belonging to a river.
RIBE'TE, ſ. m. a fillet about any thing, the hem of a garment, or any ſmall lace or ornament about it.
RIBETEA'R, v. a. to edge, to border, to fillet.

R I C

RICA'CHO, ſ. m. vide *RICAZO*.
RICAME'NTE, adv. richly.
RICA'ZO, ſ. m. a wealthy rich man.
RICIA'L, adj. that produces a ſecond time after the cutting down of corn. Said of a field.
RI'CO, ſ. m. rich. Formerly it ſignified noble as well as rich.
Ricos hómes, the nobility, the barons of the realm.

Prov. *O rico ò pinjádo*, either rich or hanged; neck or nothing.

Prov. *El rico cóme quándo quiére, y el póbre quándo tiéne*, the rich man eats when he pleaſes, and the poor man when he has it.

Prov. *Ni a rico débas, ni a póbre prométas*, do not run in debt with a rich man, nor promiſe any thing to a poor one.

R I D

RIDICULAME'NTE, adv. ridiculouſly.
RIDICULE'Z, ſ. f. a ridiculouſneſs.
RIDI'CULO, *RIDICULO'SO*, { adj. ridiculous.

R I E

RIE'GO, ſ. m. watering.
RIE'L, ſ. m. gold or ſilver that has been melted, and being ſplit, is run into a broad flat plate; alſo an ingot, or a mould to caſt ingots in.
RIE'NDA, ſ. f. the rein of a bridle.
A riénda ſuélta, a round gallop.
A média riénda, a half ſpeed.
A toda riénda, full ſpeed.
Bolver las riéndas, to come about.
Poner riénda en la léngua, to curb one's tongue.
RIE'SGO, ſ. m. danger, peril, hazard.

R I F.

RI'FA, ſ. f. ſtrife, contention, a quarrel; alſo raffle or lottery.
RIFA'R, v. a. to ſtrive, to contend, to quarrel; alſo to raffle at play.
RIFIRA'FE, ſ. m. a ſlight quarrel.

R I G

RIGIDE'Z, ſ. f. harſhneſs, ſeverity.
RI'GIDO, adj. rigid, auſtere, ſtern, ſevere.
RIGO'R, ſ. m. rigour, harſhneſs, ſeverity.
Llevár una coſa por todo rigor, to uſe the utmoſt extremities.
RIGURIDA'D, ſ. f. obſ. v. *RIGOR*.
RIGUROSAME'NTE, adv. rigorouſly, rigidly.
RIGUROSIDA'D, ſ. f. rigorouſneſs, rigidneſs.
RIGURO'SO, adj. rigorous, rigid.

R I J.

RI'JA, ſ. f. a running ſore in the corner of the eye, a *fiſtula lachrymalis*.

R I M

RI'MA, ſ. f. a rhime in poetry; alſo a heap, a ſtack, a pile.
RIMA'R, v. n. to rhime.
RIMBOMBA'R, v. n. to reſound, to echo.
RIMBO'MBO, ſ. m. reſound, echoing.
RIME'RO, ſ. m. a heap, a pile, a ſtack.

R I N

RINCO'N, ſ. m. a corner.
El rincón de las ſiéte ſemanas, a very retired place.
Al rincón con el almohadilla, into the corner with the cushion. This they ſay to young maids, bidding them retire into a corner with their work.
RINCONA'DA, ſ. f. the corner formed by two houſes, ſtreets, or roads.
RINCONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little corner.
RINGLA, *RINGLE'RA*, { ſ. f. a row of houſes.
RINGORA'NGO, ſ. m. a flouriſhing ſtroke of the pen made in writing.

R I ñ.

RIñA, ſ. f. a quarrel.
RIñO'N, ſ. m. a kidney.
Riñónes, pl. the reins of the back.
RIñONA'DA, ſ. f. the fat about the kidneys.

R I O

RI'O, ſ. m. a river.
Prov. *A rio rebuelto ganancia de peſcaderos*, good fiſhing in troubled waters.
Prov. *Do va mas hondo el rio hace menos ruido*, the deepeſt waters make leaſt noiſe.
Prov. *El rio paſſádo, el ſánto olvidádo*, when the river is paſt, the ſaint is forgotten.
Prov. *En el rio do no hai peces, por démas es echar redes*, it is in vain to caſt nets into a river where there is no fiſh.
Prov. *En rio quedo no metas tu dedo*, do not put your finger into a ſtill river; that is, do not have any thing to do with demure ſtill people.
Prov. *Lo que el rio alléga, el rio lo lleva*, what the river gathers, the river carries away. What is got over the devil's back is ſpent under his belly.
Prov. *Quando el rio no hace ruido, ò no lleva agua, ò va muy crecido*, when the river makes no noiſe, either it has no water, or is very full.
RIO'STRA. ſ. f. a prop or ſhore to prop up a wall till it can be otherwiſe repaired.

R I P.

RI'PIA, ſ. f. a ſhingle, ſuch as they uſe to cover houſes with, a chip, a lath.
RIPIA'R, v. a. to cover a houſe with ſhingle; alſo to lath.
RI'PIO, ſ. m. the ſmall bits of ſtone that fly in the working of ſtones by the maſons; other ſmall ſtones and rubbiſh.
Meter mucho ripio, to talk much, and little to the purpoſe.
Dar ripio a la mano, to furniſh matter.

R I Q

RIQUE'ZA, ſ. f. wealth, riches.
RIQUISSI'MO, adj. ſuperl. moſt wealthy or rich.

R I S

RISA, ſ. f. laughter.
RISA'DA, ſ. f. a fit of laughter.
RI'SCO, ſ. m. a rock, a cleft, a crag; riſque, danger, hazard.

RISIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. riſibility, the power of laughing.
RISI'BLE, adj. that can laugh.
RI'STRA, ſ. f. a rope of onions, garlicks, or the like.
RI'STRE, ſ. m. the reſt, an iron to reſt the but-end of the lance.
Lanza en riſtre, the lance in the reſt; that is, againſt the breaſt; in order to run againſt the adverſary.
RISUE'ñO, adj. pleaſing, ſmiling, pleaſant.

R I T

RI'THMO, ſ. m. rhime, metre.
RI'TO, ſ. m. rite, cuſtom, manner.
RITUAL, ſ. m. the book that contains the rites and ceremonies of the church.

R I V

RIVA'L, ſ. m. a rival.
RIVE'RA, ſ. f. a rivulet, a brook.

R I X

RI'XA, ſ. f. a quarel, a diſpute.
RIXADO'R, adj. quarelſome.
RIXO, ſ. m. inclination to ſenſuality.
RIXO'SO, adj. troubleſome, quarrelſome; alſo ſenſual, inclined to ſenſuality.

R I Z

RI'ZA, ſ. f. the root of the green barley given to horſes; alſo havock, deſtruction, a great ſlaughter.
RIZA'R, v. a. to curl the hairs; alſo to plait linen nicely.
RI'ZO, ſ. m. curl, plait.
Terciopelo rizo, unſhorn velvet.

R O A

ROA'NO, adj. roan, ſaid of a certain colour in a horſe.

R O B

ROB, ſ. m. v. *ARROPE*.
ROBAR, v. a. to rob, to ſteal.
Caſa robáda, ſ. f. a diſorderly, unfurniſhed houſe.
Robár corazónes, to ſteal hearts, to win people's affections, to make oneſelf beloved.
ROBADO'R, ſ. m. a robber, a thief.
ROBAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. theft.
ROBERI'A, ſ. f. theft, robbery.
ROBI'N, ſ. m. ruſt in metals.
ROBLA'R, v. a. to caulk horſes ſhoes; alſo to rivet.
RO'BLE, ſ. m. an oak-tree.
ROBLEDA'L, ſ. m. a wood or grove of oak-trees.
ROBLI'ZO, adj. ſtrong, ſtout.
RO'BO, ſ. m. theft, robbery.
ROBORA'R, v. a. to ſtrengthen.
ROBORATI'VO, adj. ſtrengthening.
ROBRA, ſ. f. an inſtrument in writing upon a bargain, a bill of ſale, or articles of ſale.
ROBRA'R, v. a. to draw an inſtrument in writing; alſo to clench a nail.
ROBUSTAME'NTE, adv. vigorouſly.
ROBUSTE'Z, ſ. f. vigour, ſtrength.
ROBU'STO, adj. robuſt, ſtrong, hardy, ſturdy.
ROBUSTOSIDA'D, ſ. f. vide *ROBUSTEZ*.

R O C

RO'CA, ſ. f. a rock.
Rócas, pl. a ridge of rocks about twelve degrees of north latitude.
ROCADE'RO, ſ. m. the part of the diſtaff or ſpinning-wheel, about which they faſten the flax; alſo a piece of paper rolled up wide at top and pointed at bottom, to wrap ſweetmeats or the like in.
ROCALLA, ſ. f. an aggregate of ſmall ſtones and pebbles artfully placed.
ROCIA'DA, ſ. f. a ſprinkling; alſo a volley of ſhot.
ROCIADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſprinkler.
ROCIADO'R, ſ. m. a ſprinkler.
ROCIA'R, v. a. to ſprinkle, to bedew.
ROCI'N, ſ. m. a nag, a horſe.
ROCI'O, ſ. m. the dew.
ROCLO', ſ. m. a cloak ſo called.

R O D

RO'DA, ſ. f. the rake of a ſhip.
RODABA'LLO, ſ. m. a turbot.
RODA'DA, ſ. f. the wheel-rut on the road.
RODADE'RO, adj. eaſily wheeling.
RODA'DO, adj. dappled; ſaid of a horſe.
RODADO'R, ſ. m. any thing that tumbles or rolls like a bowl.
RODADU'RA, ſ. f. a tumbling or rolling like a bowl.
RODA'JA, ſ. f. the rowel of a ſpur, or any thing that turns round in that nature; a pulley, or the like.
RODA'NCHO, ſ. m. a round buckler.
Ser rodáncho, in cant, to be bold or daring.
RODAPE'LO, ſ. m. vide *RODOPELO*.
RODAPIE'S, ſ. m. pl. the baſes round the bottom of a bed.
RODA'R, v. n. to tumble, to roll; metaph. to be toſſed about unregarded, to be made no account of.
RODEA'R, v. a. to encompaſs.
Mas vále rodéar, que no ahogár, it is better to go about than drown.
RODE'LA, ſ. f. a round targer.
RODELE'RO, ſ. m. the ſoldier that wears a *rodéla*.
RODE'O, ſ. m. a compaſs, the fartheſt way about; in cant, a company of rogues and whores.
Rodéo pára la cabeza, a cloth rolled in a ring to put on the head to carry a burthen.
RODE'RO, adj. belonging to the wheels.
RODE'TE, ſ. m. a roll, ſuch as women uſed to wear on their heads; alſo a little border for a coat, or the like.
RODE'ZNO, ſ. m. the piece of wood or timber which draws the upper millſtone about when it grinds; metaph any ſhort thick thing.
RODI'LLA, ſ. f. a knee; alſo a dish-clout.
RODILLA'ZO, ſ. m. a thump with the knee.

RODI'LLO, ſ. m. a roller, a long round piece of wood they lay on the ground, to lay a ſtone or timber of great weight on, and roll it along.

RODILLU'DO, adj. that has great knees.

RODRIGAR, v. a. to prop, to ſhore up.

RODRIGO'N, ſ. m. a pole or prop for a vine.

RODRIGONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little pole or prop for a vine.

R O E

ROEDO'R, ſ. m. a gnawer; metaph. a carper, a railer.

ROEDU'RA, ſ. f. a gnawing; metaph. carping, railing.

ROE'L, ſ. m. a flat round plate, all ſorts of flat round in heraldry.

ROE'R, v. a. to gnaw; metaph. to cenſure, to talk ill of the abſent.

Roér los ɀaneájos, to carp, to find out faults.

Róete ésſe huéſſo, there's a bone for you to pick.

ROE'TE, ſ. m. the juice of the pome-granate made into wine.

R O F

ROFIAN, ſ. m. v. *RUFIA'N*.

ROFIANERI'A, ſ. f. v. *RUFIANERI'A*.

ROFIANEA'R, v. n. v. *RUFIANEA'R*.

R O G

ROGACIONE'S, ſ. f. pl. the Rogation week.

ROGADO'R, ſ. m. an intreater, one that prays or requeſts.

ROGA'R, v. a. to intreat, to pray, to requeſt.

ROGATI'VAS, ſ. f. pl. publick prayers in the church in ſome time of need.

R O L

ROL, ſ. m. a liſt, a catalogue containing names, a regiſter.

ROLDA'NAS, ſ. f. pl. trucks, thoſe little wooden wheels, without any ſpokes, on which the carriages of guns do run on ſhipboard.

RO'LDE, ſ. m. a circle of perſons, or any other thing.

ROLLI'ZO, adj. thick and round, brawny, fat.

RO'LLO, ſ. m. any long round thing, a roll, a ſcroll of writing; alſo a ſweet cake made like a roll or wreath, It is alſo a gallows.

Tenér ſu piédra en el róllo, to have a ſtone at the gallows; to be reſpected; to be proud and conceited.

... de mantéca, a roll of butter.

Reſtiado en róllo, barrelled cod.

ROLLO'NA, adj. f. ſtout, ſtrong. Said of a woman.

R O M

ROMADIZA'DO, adj. that has got a cold.

ROMADIZA'RSE, v. r. to get cold.

ROMADI'ZO; ſ. m. a cold, a defluxion.

ROMA'NA, ſ. f. the balance, called the ſteelyard.

ROMA'NCE, ſ. m. the Spaniſh tongue; alſo a ſort of poem.

ROMANCEA'R, v. a. to tranſlate into Spaniſh.

ROMANCE'RO, ſ. m. one that compoſes that ſort of verſes, called romances; or a book of that ſort of verſes; or one that writes or tranſlates into Spaniſh.

ROMANCI'STA, ſ. m. who compoſes romances.

ROMANEA'R, v. a. to weigh with a ſteelyard.

ROMA'NO, adj. black and white; ſaid of the colour of a cat.

ROMA'NZAR, v. a. to turn or to put into Spaniſh.

ROMA'ZA, ſ. f. the ſour dock.

RO'MBO, ſ. m. v. *RU'MBO*.

ROMER'A, ſ. f. a woman pilgrim.

Prov. *Ir roméra, y volvér raméra*, to go out a pilgrim, and return home a whore; that is, to pretend ſanctity and follow lewdneſs.

ROME'RAL, ſ. m. a plat of ground planted with roſemary, or where it grows wild.

ROMERI'A, ſ. f. a pilgrimage.

De táles romerías ſe ſácan táles venéras, ſuch pilgrimages afford ſuch ſcallopſhells; ſaid when a man is poxed, and breaks out in ſcabs and blotches.

Prov. *Romería de cérca múcho vino y póca céra*, a ſhort pilgrimage is a great expence of wine and little wax. Thoſe little pilgrimages near home have more of mirth than devotion; and therefore much wine is ſpent, and little wax offered.

ROME'RO, ſ. m. the herb roſemary; alſo a pilgrim.

Prov. *Roméro ahíto, ſáco ɀatíco*, a pilgrim, though he be overbeaten, will get a piece of bread of you. That is they are importunate, though they want it not, and their importunity extorts it.

Prov. *Gran obréro, gran roméro*, a great workman is a great pilgrim; becauſe he is ſent for from all parts.

Roméro, ſ. m. a little fiſh that ſticks to the ſharks ſo cloſe, that they cannot ſhake it off, and feeds on what ſlips by the ſharks.

RO'MO, adj. flat-noſed; alſo the male mule, got by a horſe on a ſhe-aſs.

ROMPEDO'R, ſ. m. a breaker.

ROMPENE'CIOS, ſ. m. one that makes his uſe of fools till he ruins them.

ROMPEPO'YOS, ſ. m. a vagabond, an idle fellow, one that is ſitting about in ſtreets.

ROMPE'R, v. a. to break; metaph. to fall to open enmity.

Rompér por la génte, to break through the people.

Rompérſe úna perſóna, v. r. to break looſe into wickedneſs; to break out into the world to learn experience.

ROMPESQUI'NAS, ſ. m. a fierce bully, a noiſy fellow.
ROMPIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of breaking.

R O N

RO'NCA, ſ. f. a bravade.
RONCAME'NTE, adv. hoarſely.
RONCA'R, v. n. to ſnore.
RONCEA'R, v. n. to be idle or lazy; to ſlug about; alſo to flatter.
RONCERI'A, ſ. f. lazineſs, idleneſs; alſo flattery.
RONCE'RO, ſ. m. a lazy idle fellow, a flatterer, a little fawning child.
RO'NCHA, ſ. f. a wheal raiſed by the ſting of a nettle, the bite of an inſect, a blow or the like.
RONCHA'R, v. a. v. *RONZA'R*.
RONCHO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *roncha*.
RO'NCO, adj. hoarſe.
RO'NDA, ſ. f. the round that goes at night, the watch; alſo the ſpace between the walls of a town and the houſes; alſo the way of the rounds, being a ſpace between the rampart and the low parapet under it.
RONDADO'R, ſ. m. one that goes the rounds: one that keeps bad hours.
RONDA'R, v. n. to go the rounds; to keep bad hours; to haunt a place much.
RONDE'Z, ſ. m. the lower or broader part in a precious ſtone.
RONDO'N; as, *Entrárſe de rondón*, to intrude abruptly, without asking leave.
RONQUEA'R, v. n. to be hoarſe.
RONQUEDA'D, *RONQUE'RA*, ſ. f. hoarſeneſs.
RONQUI'DO, ſ. m. ſnoring, ſnort.
RONQUI'TO, adj. hoarſiſh.
RONZAL, ſ. m. the halter of a horſe or mule.
RONZAR, v. a. to chew or crack hard things.

R O Ñ

RO'ÑA, ſ. f. the ſcab in ſheep, ſcabbineſs; it is alſo taken for dirt or naſtineſs grimed into any thing.
ROÑO'SO, adj. ſcabby; alſo grimed with dirt.

R O P

RO'PA, ſ. f. all furniture of a houſe, in linen, ſilk, and woolen; all that belongs to a man's cloathing; the clothes a man has on, or any looſe garment he wears over the reſt.
Ropa de levantár, a morning or a night gown.
Ropa de méſa, table-linen.
Ropa blánca, linen.
Ropa afuéra, a term uſed in the galleys to bid the ſlaves ſtrip to row.
Ropa a la mar, (ſea-term) to throw goods over-board in a ſtorm, or when a ſhip is a-ground.
Haeér a tóda ropa, to plunder all one finds.
Prov. *Quién quiére vivir ſáno, la ropa de Inviérno traiga en verano*, he that will be healthy, muſt wear the ſame clothes in ſummer and in winter.
ROPA'GE, ſ. m. drapery, the parts compoſing a garment.
ROPAVEJERO, ſ. m. a broker that ſells old clothes.
ROPERI'A ſ. f. a ſtreet where all ſorts of garments are ſold; in monaſteries they give this name to a room, where they keep all their clothes or habits; alſo a wardrobe.
ROPE'RO, ſ. m. a broker that ſells clothes.
ROPE'TA, ſ. f. a little coat or garment.
ROPI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſort of waiſtcoat with ſix skirts, and hanging ſleeves, and a narrow welt about two fingers broad on the ſhoulders.
ROPI'TA, ſ. f. v. *ROPE'TA*.
ROPO'N, ſ. m. a gown.

R O Q

ROQUE, ſ. m. a rook at cheſs.
ROQUE'RO, adj. rocky.
Caſtillo roquéro, a caſtle ſeated on a rock.
ROQUE'TE, ſ. m. a ſhort ſurplice.

R O R

RORRO, ſ. m. a hum made to ſet children to ſleep.

R O S

RO'SA, ſ. f. a roſe.
Róſa caſtellána, a Provence roſe.
Róſa de alexandria, or *róſa montés*, the piony, hill-roſe, or king's bloom.
Róſa ſylvéſtre, ſweet brier.
ROSA'DO, adj. of the colour of roſes, or made of roſes.
Aceite roſádo, oil of roſes.
Lecluário roſádo, an electuary of roſes.
Azúcar roſádo, ſugar of roſes.
Agua roſáda, roſe-water.
ROSA'L, ſ. m. a roſe-tree, a roſe-bush.
ROSA'RIO, ſ. m. the roſary, the beads.
RO'SCA, ſ. f. a ſweet cake made with a hole in the middle.
ROSCO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *roſca*.
ROSEO, adj. roſy, of a roſe colour.
ROSE'TA, ſubſt. f. a little roſe, ſuch as is made upon curious works in ſilver or the like, to cover a rivet, or for ſuch uſe; alſo the rowel of a ſpur.
ROSICLE'R, ſ. m. brightneſs, a ſhining beauty, ſuch as of a clear ſky, the dawning of the day, a bright ſword, or the like.
ROSMA'RO, ſ. m. a ſea animal ſo called.
RO'SO, adj. ruddy, as ſome fruits when ripe, as apples, peaches, or the like.
No dexár róſo, ni vellóſo, to ſweep away all, good and bad; from the ſimilitude of ſome ſorts of fruit, as peaches, which when green are rough and downy, and when ripe turn ruddy.
ROSO'LI, ſ. m. a kind of dram ſo called.
ROSQUILLA, ſ. f. a little ſweet round cake made in a ring.
ROSTITUE'RTO, adj. wry-looked, out of humour.

RO'STRO, ſ. m. the face.
Hacér roſtro, to face an enemy, to ſtand to one's adverſary.
Huir el roſtro, to turn one's back, to avoid meeting a man, to avoid contention.
Dar en roſtro, to upbraid.
Roſtro à roſtro, face to face.
Hácérſe el roſtro to break one's face.

R O T

RO'TA, ſ. f. a rout, a defeat of an army.
ROTACIO'N, ſ. f. rotation.
ROTAME'NTE, adv. raggedly.
RO'TO, adj. broken, torn, ragged; a ragged or a lewd fellow.
ROTULA'R, v. a. to put on an inſcription.
RO'TULO, ſ. m. a roller a trundle to roll great weights on; an inſcription upon any thing.
ROTUNDIDA'D, ſ. f. roundneſs.
ROTUNDO, adj. round.
ROTURA, ſ. f. a rent in a garment, a breach.

R O X

ROXEA'R, v. n. to be ruddy, to blush.
RO'XO, adj. red.

R O Y

ROYA, ſ. m. the dampneſs of corn.

R O Z

ROZA, ſ. f. rubbing.
ROZAGA'NTE, adject. ample, ſumptuous, showing; ſaid of dreſs. Metaph. arrogant, proud; alſo gay, brilliant.
ROZA'R, v. a. to till the ground in order to ſow; alſo to rub; and, in cant, to eat.
Rozárſe, v. r. to reſemble.
ROZAVILLON, ſ. m. in cant, one who comes to eat and drink in a private houſe without being deſired.
ROZNA'R, v. n. to bray like an aſs, to mutter, to make a noiſe; alſo to gnaw, to champ, to chew.
ROZNI'DO, ſ. m. braying, muttering.
RO'ZNO, ſ. m. in cant, an aſs.
ROZO, ſ. m. the chips made in cutting wood; in cant, vituals.

R U A

RU'A, ſ. f. a ſtreet.
Cabállo, de rúa, a fine horſe to prance about the ſtreets.
RUA'N, ſ. m. linen cloth ſo called.
RUA'NO, adj. roan; ſaid of a horſe.
RUA'R, v. n. to walk or ride about the ſtreets to gallant the ladies.

R U B

RUBE'TA, ſ. f. a kind of venemous frog.
RUBI', ſ. m. the precious ſtone called a ruby.
RUBI'A, ſ. f. the herb madder, uſed in dying.
RUBIAL, ſ. m. the field where madders grow.
RUBICA'N, adj. white and red; ſaid of the horſe's colour.
RUBICU'NDO, adj. ruddy. Latin *rubicundus*.
RU'BIO, adj. ruddy; fair-haired.
RU'BIO, } ſ. m. the fish called a
RUBIO'N, } gurnet.
Rubión, red wheat.
RUBO'R, ſ. m. ſhame blush.
RU'BRICA, ſ. f. a mark or flourish either under the name, or at the end of it, to prevent counterfeiting; in books of accounts, to every leaf inſtead of the name, to ſhew it has paſſed ſuch an office, and been examined by ſuch an officer alſo the titles of the laws. It is alſo the rubrick or red letters uſed in prayer books.
RUBRICA'R, v. a. to mark.
RUBRO, adj. red, of a red colour.

R U C

RUC, ſ. m. a fabulous bird of an immenſe ſize.
RUCIA'DA, ſ. f. v. *ROCIADA*.
RUCIA'R, v. a. vide *ROCIA'R*.
RU'CIO, adj. grey; only uſed in ſpeaking of beaſts.
Rúcio de la mánchа, an aſs.
Rúcio rodádo, a dapple grey.

R U D

RU'DA, ſ. f. the herb rue.
RUDAME'NTE, adv. ignorantly, dully.
RUDE'RA, ſ. f. rubbish.
RUDE'ZA, ſ. f. dullneſs, ignorance.
RUDIME'NTO, ſ. m. rudiment.
RU'DO, adj. dull, coarſe groſs.

R U E

RUE'CA, ſ. f. a diſtaff.
RUE'DA, ſ. f. a wheel.
Ruéda de peſcádo, a ſlice of a round fish.
Ruéda de arcabúz, the wheel of a wheellock musket.
Calzár la ruéda, to faſten a wheel in order to ſtop it from running too faſt down hill; or to put a ſtone to it to ſtop it quite.
RUEDECICA, }
RUEDECI'LLA, } ſubſt. f. a little
RUEDECI'TA } wheel.
RUEDO, ſ. m. the compaſs or width of a garment; alſo a border ſet about women's petticoats.
A tódo ruédo, for all manner of ſervice.
RUE'GO, ſ. m. intreaty, requeſt, prayer.

Prov. *Ruégos porqué cánte, y ruégos porqué calle*, intreaties to ſing, intreaties to give over. Some people muſt be courted to ſing, and when they begin, will never give over.

Prov. *Ruégo de grándе, fuérza es que te háce*, the intreaty of a great man is putting a force upon you; becauſe when great men requeſt, little ones dare not deny.

Prov. *Ruégo y derécho bácen hécho*, intreaty and right do the deed. Right alone is not enough, but ſometimes fair words and intreaties have more force.
RUE'LLO, ſ. m. a kind of roller uſed in agriculture.

R U F

RUFE'ZNO, ſ. m. a little pimp.
RUFIA'N, ſ. m. a ruffian, a bully, a pimp.
Prov. *Almuérça con rufian, cóme con carpintéro, y céna con arriéro*, breakfaſt with a bully, dine with a carpenter, and ſup with a carrier; becauſe thoſe are their beſt meals.
RUFIANA'R, v. n. to play the ruffian, bully, or pimp.
RUFIANCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ruffian, bully, or pimp.
RUFIANERI'A, ſ. f. bullying, pimping, playing the ruffian.
RUFIANE'SCO, adj. of, or belonging to ruffians, bullies, and pimps.
RU'FO, ſ. m. the cant word for a ruffian, bully, or pimp.
RUFO'N, ſ. m. in cant, the ſteel uſed to ſtrike fire out of the flint.

R U G

RU'GA, ſ. f. v. *ARRU'GA*.
RUGA'R, v. n. v. *ARRUGA'R*.
RUGI'DO, ſ. m. a roaring like a lion.
RUGINO'SO, adj. ruſty.
RUGI'R, v. n. to roar like a lion.
Rugirſe úna cóſa, to be muttered about and not openly diſcourſed.
RUGOSIDA'D, ſubſt. f. rugoſity, wrinkles.
RUGO'SO, adj. rumpled, full of wrinkles.

R U I

RUIBA'RBO, ſ. m. rhubarb.
RUI'DO, ſ. m. noiſe; ſound.
Ruido, fray, quarrel; in cant, a pimp.
RUIDOSAME'NTE, adv. with great noiſe.
RUIDO'SO, adj. noiſy.
RUI'N, adj. mean, vile, baſe; deſpiſcable, coverous.
RUI'NA, ſ. f. ruin, deſtruction.
Ruina de un edificio, the ruins of an edifice.
RUINA'R, v. a. v. *ARRUINAR*.
RUINO'SO, adj. ruinous, threatening ruin.
RUINDA'D, ſ. f. a baſe action; alſo covetouſneſs, miſery.
RUINME'NTE, adv. meanly, vilely.
RUIPO'NCE, ſ. m. a root ſo called.
RUIPONTI'CO, ſ. m. the herb centaury.
RUISEñOR, ſ. m. the nightingale.
RULA'R, v. a. v. *RODA'R*.
RULO, ſ. m. a great bowl.

R U M

RUMBA'DA, ſ. f. the place at the head of the galley where the men go to eaſe themſelves.
RU'MBO, ſ. m. a courſe, a way, a method; the rhumb a ſhip ſteers at ſea.
Echár de rúmbo, to boaſt.
RUMBOSAME'NTE, adv. with pomp and oſtentation.
RUMBO'SO, adject. magnificent, ſplendid, pompous.
RU'MIA, ſ. f. the act of chewing or ruminating, as kine do.
RUMIADO'R, ſ. m. a chewer of the cud; one that conſiders maturely.
RUMIA'R, v. n. to chew the cud, to conſider maturely.
RUMO'R, ſ. m. rumour, report, noiſe.
RUMORCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little rumour, report, or noiſe.

R U N

RU'NFIA, ſ. f. in cant, a great number, quantity, or parcel.
RUNRU'N, ſubſt. m. a noiſe, an uproar.

R U ñ

RUñA'R, v. a. to cut or work as the cooper does.

R U P

RUPICA'PRA, ſ. f. a wild-goat.
RUPTURA, ſ. f. v. *ROTURA*.

R U Q

RUQUE'TA, ſ. f. the plant rocket.

R U R

RURA'L, adj. rural, belonging to the country.

R U S

RUSCO, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.
RUSTICAME'NTE, adv. ruſtically, clownishly.
RUSTICIDA'D, ſ. f. clownishneſs.
RUSTICA, adj. clownish; ſubſtantively uſed, a clown.
RUSTIQUE'Z, } ſubſt. f. clown-
RUSTIQUE'ZA, } iſhneſs.

R U T

RUTA, ſ. f. a road conſidered as divided into ſtages.
RUTILA'NTE, adj. bright, ſhining, glittering.
RU'TILO, adj. bright, ſhining, glittering.

R U X

RUXA'DA, ſ. f. a ſudden ſhower.
RUXA'R, v. a. to irrigate, to water.

S.

S, A letter moſtly pronounced as in English.

S A B

SABADO, ſubſt. m. Saturday, the Sabbath.

SA'BALO, ſ. m. a fiſh called an olave or a ſhad.

SA'BANA, ſ. f. a ſheet for a bed.

SABANDI'JA, ſ. f. any worm or ſuch ſmall creature; alſo a ſhort ugly perſon.

SABANI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall ſheet.

SABAÑO'N, ſ. f. a chilblain.

Comér cómo un ſabañon, to eat like a chilblain; to be always eating.

SABA'TICO, adj. relating to the Sabbath.

SABATINA, ſ. f. the office of Saturday in the church.

SABATI'NO, adj. belonging to the Sabbath.

SABATISMO, ſ. m. ſabbatiſm, reſt, obſervance of the Sabbath, ſuperſtitiouſly rigid.

SABATO'RIOS, ſ. m. pl. a name given to the Jews.

SABE'O, adj. relating to the country called Sabas, Sabean.

SAB'ER, ſ. m. learning, ſcience.

Sabér, v. a. to know, to be learned, alſo to taſte of.

No ſábe quántos ſon cinco, he cannot count five, he is a mere idiot.

Prov. *Mas válе ſabér que habér*, better be wiſe than rich.

Prov. *Quién póco ſábe préſto lo réa*, he that knows little, ſoon repeats it. A fool's bolt is ſoon ſhot; a ſhort horſe is ſoon curried.

Prov. *Quién no ſábe remendár, no ſábe parir ni criar*, ſhe that knows not how to mend, knows not how to bring forth or breed up; that is, poor women who have children, muſt work and know how to mend their cloaths.

Hacér ſabér, to make known.

SABIAME'NTE, adv. wiſely.

SABIDO'R, ſ. m. one that knows or underſtands.

SABIDO'RA, ſ. f. a woman that knows or underſtands.

SABIDORAMENTE, adv. obſ. vide *SABIAMENTE*.

SABIDURI'A, ſubſt. f. wiſdom, knowledge.

A ſabiéndas, adv. knowingly, purpoſely, deſignedly.

SABIE'ZA, ſ. f. obſ. for *SABIDURI'A*.

SABI'NA, ſ. f. the herb ſavine.

SA'BIO, adj. wiſe, ſ. m. a wiſe man.

SABIONDE'Z, ſ. f. much knowledge joined to much malice and cunning.

SABIO'NDO, adj. that has knowledge joined to malice and cunning.

SA'BLE, ſ. m. ſabre, cimetar, ſhort ſword with a convex edge.

SABO'GA, ſ. f. the fiſh called a ſhad.

SABO'R, ſ. m. taſte, ſavour, relish. In old Spaniſh, deſire.

SABOREA'R, v. a. to give a taſte, to give a relish.

Saboreárſe, v. r. to ſmack one's chops or relish a thing one likes.

SABOYA'NA, ſ. f. a woman's petticoat ſo called.

SABROSAME'NTE, adv. ſavourily.

SABRO'SO, adj. ſavoury, relishing.

SABUE'SSO, ſ. m. a blood-hound.

SA'BULO, ſ. m. gravel, hard ſand.

SABULO'SO, adj. full or mixed with gravel or hard ſand.

S A C

SA'CA, ſ. f. a great ſack; alſo a drawing or taking out, and a duty upon goods exported.

Sáca, ſ. f. exportation.

Rénta de sácas, a duty upon exportation.

Alcálde de sácas, a chief officer over thoſe that receive the duty on goods exported.

Sáca de bachillérés, a ſort of hood worn by graduate bachelors in the univerſities.

SACABA'LA, ſ. f. an inſtrument uſed by ſurgeons to take out the balls of a wound; alſo the inſtrument made uſe of by gunners to extract a ſhot out of a cannon.

SACABOCADO, ſ. m. a punch to punch ſhoes, or any ſuch inſtrument that cuts out a piece.

SACABU'CHE, ſubſt. m. a muſical inſtrument called a ſackbut.

SACADINE'RO, ſ. m. a wheedle to get one's money.

SACADU'RA, ſ. f. a particular cut made by tailors in cloaths, to make them ſit eaſy.

SACALIÑA, ſ. f. a wheedle or other art to obtain one's ends; a tax or impoſition; a bearded dart, which, if ſtruck into a piece of wood, will draw out a ſplinter.

SACAMA'NCHAS, ſ. m. one that takes out ſpots; one that publiſhes other men's faults.

Tiérra ſacámanchas, fullers-earth.

SACAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a taking or drawing out.

SACAMUE'LAS, ſ. f. a ſurgeon's inſtrument to draw out teeth or a tooth-drawer.

SACAPELO'TAS, ſ. m. a worm to draw a gun.

SACA'R, v. a. to take out, to draw out.

Sacár fuérças de flaquéza, to make one's utmoſt, to make a virtue of neceſſity.

Sacár póllos las áves, to hatch.

Sacár úna muéſtra, to take out a pattern.

Sacár a luz, to produce.

Sacár en limpio, to clear.

Sacár por el ráſtro, to diſcover by the track.

SACATRA'POS, ſ. m. a rag-gatherer; alſo a ſcrew, a cork-ſcrew.

SACERDO'CIO, ſ. m. a prieſthood.

SACERDOTA'L, adj. ſacerdotal, belonging to a prieſt.

SACERDO'TE, ſ. m. a prieſt.

SACERDOTI'SSA, ſ. f. a prieſteſs.

SACHADU'RA, ſ. f. raking, harrowing, or weeding.

SACHA'R, v. a. to rake, to harrow, to weed.

SA'CHO, ſ. m. a rake, a harrow, or weeding-hook.

SACIA'BLE, adj. ſatiable.

SACIA'R, v. a. to ſatiate, to fill, to ſatisfy.

SACIEDA'D, ſ. f. ſatiety.

SA'CO, ſ. m. a ſack; ſacking, plundering; a coarſe ſort of garment worn by peaſants and mountaineers; ſackcloth, ſuch as is worn for a penitential habit; the habit of the Franciſcan friars.

Ponér un lugár à ſáco, to plunder a town.

Prov. *Una en el ſáco y ótra en el pápo*, one in the ſack and another in the maw; that is, to eat and carry away.

Prov. *No le fiaré un ſáco de alacránes*, I will not truſt him with a bag of ſcorpions; that is, I will not truſt him with the leaſt thing.

SACO'CHA, ſ. f. in cant, a pocket.

SACOMA'NO, ſ. m. a ſacking, or plundering; one that ſacks or plunders.

SACO'YME, ſ. m. in cant, a maſter of a houſe.

SACRAMENTA'L, adj. belonging to a ſacrament.

SACRAMENTALME'NTE, adv. ſacramentally.

SACRAMENTA'R, v. a. to give the ſacraments.

Sacramentárſe, v. r. to tranſubſtantiate oneſelf.

SACRAMENTA'RIO, adj. denying the reality of the holy ſacrament of the euchariſt.

SACRAME'NTE, vide *SAGRADAMENTE*.

SACRAME'NTO, ſ. m. a ſacrament; an oath.

SA'CRE, ſ. m. the hawk called a ſaker; a ſmall cannon carrying a ball of about ſix pounds; a cunning thief.

SACRIFICADE'RO, ſ. m. the place where the ſacrifices were made.

SACRIFICADO'R, ſ. m. a ſacrificer.

SACRIFICA'R, v. a. to ſacrifice.

SACRIFI'CIO, ſ. m. a ſacrifice.

SACRILEGAME'NTE, adv. ſacrilegiouſly.

SACRILE'GIO, ſ. m. ſacrilege.

SACRILEGO, ſ. m. adj. ſacrilegious.

SACRISMO'CHO, ſ. m. a perſon dreſſed in black, but all in tatters.

SACRI'STA, } ſ. m. the ſacriſ-
SACRISTA'N, } tan or ſexton who looks to the veſtry and church.

SACRISTANI'A, ſ. f. the veſtry of a church.

SACRISTI'A, ſ. f. the ſacriſty or veſtry.

SA'CRO, adj. holy, ſacred.

SACROSANTO, adj. moſt ſacred.

SACUDI'DA, ſ. f. a ſhake; a ſnappiſh word.

SACUDIDO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who ſhakes.

SACUDIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſhaking or ſnapping.

SACUDI'R, v. a. to ſhake, to ſnap.

Sacudir, to beat, to chaſtiſe.

Sacudir el polvo a uno, to cudgel one.

Sacudirſe, v. r. to be ſnappiſh, to ſpeak peevishly.

S A E

SAE'TA, ſ. f. arrow, dart, ſhaft,
SAETA'DA, ſ. f. } a wound or
SAETA'ZO, ſ. m. } the ſhot of an arrow.

SAETEA'R, v. a. vide *ASSAETEA'R*.

SAETE'RA, ſ. f. a loop-hole in a wall to ſhoot through.

SAETE'RO, ſ. m. a fletcher, he that makes arrows or darts, or a bowman that ſhoots arrows.

SAETI'A, ſ. f. a ſettee, a ſmall ſort of veſſel.

SAETI'LLA, ſ. f. a little dart.

SAETI'N, ſ. m. the water that falls upon a mill's wheel.

SAETO'N, ſ. m. a great arrow or dart.

S A G

SAGA, ſ. f. a witch, a falſe propheteſs.

SAGACIDA'D, ſ. f. ſagacity, cunning, ſharpneſs of wit.

SAGAPE'NO, ſ. m. a liquor that diſtils from a certain plant ſo called.

SAGA'Z, adj. ſagacious, ſubtle, cunning.

SAGAZME'NTE, adv. ſagaciouſly, ſubtlely, cunningly.

SA'GE, ſ. m. obſ. a ſage, a diviner.

SAGI'TA, ſ. f. in architecture, is a line drawn from the middle point of the chord or line extended from the extremities of the arch, and forming two angles.

SAGITA'L, adj. belonging to a dart or arrow.

SAGITA'RIO, ſ. m. the conſtellation called *ſagittarius*; an archer.

SAGMA, ſ. f. in architecture, the moulding.

SAGO, ſ. m. vide *SAYO*.

SAGRADAME'NTE, adv. ſacredly, religiouſly.

SAGRA'DO, adj. ſacred, holy.

SAGRA'R, v. a. to conſecrate, to make holy.

SAGRA'RIO, ſ. m. a ſanctuary, a holy place, the tabernacle on the altar, in which the bleſſed ſacrament is kept.

SAGRATIVAME'NTE, adv. obſ. miſtically, morally.

SA'GULAS, ſ. f. pl. the ſhrouds in a galley.

S A H

SAHORNA'RSE, v. r. to get any part of one's body excoriated by over-rubbing.

SAHO'RNO, ſ. m. excoriation, proceeding from too much rubbing againſt.

SAHUCA'L, ſ. m. a grove of elder-trees.

SAHU'CO, ſ. m. an elder-tree.

SAHUMADO'R, ſ. m. a perfuming pan or a thing to lay cloaths on over a fire to perfume; a perfumer.

SAHUMADU'RA, ſ. f. a perfuming.

SAHUMA'R, v. a. to perfume.

Volver una coſa ſahumáda, to reſtore a thing borrowed in a better condition than it was received.

SAHUME'RIO, ſ. m. a perfuming with the ſmoke of ſweets burnt in the fire. The ſame is alſo uſed for burning of feathers or other ſtinking things for women in fits, or the like.

SAL

SAI'N, ſ. m. ſuet, greaſe, dripping.
SAINA'R, v. a. to fatten.
SAINE'TE, ſ. m. any daintineſs; alſo any thing pleaſing.
Sainéte, a ſauce, a relish, a flavour; ſomething added to food to improve its taſte.
Sainéte, ſ. f. a farce.
SAINETI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *ſainéte*.
SA'INO, ſ. m. a ſort of hog in the Weſt-Indies.

SAJ

SAJA, ſ. f. ſcarifying.
SAJAR, v. a. to ſcarify.

SAL

SAL, ſ. f. ſalt. metaph. wit, ingenuity.

Prov. *Sál vérlda, núnca bien cogída*, ſalt ſpilt is never well taken up. Wit lavished to an ill uſe can never be recalled.

Prov. *Ponér ſal en la mollèra*, to put ſalt on the mould of the head; to teach one wit.

SA'LA, ſ. f. a hall, a large room.
SALADA'R, ſ. m. a ground made barren by ſea water that has gotten over it.
SALA'DO, ſ. f. ſalt-meat.
SALADO'R, ſ. m. in cant, one who when he wins at play, adds to the ſum he had really ſet, and ſtands it out by bullying and ſwearing.
SALADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſalting.
SALAMA'NDRA, ſ. f. the ſalamander, a creature like the lizard, ſaid to live in the fire.
SALAMANQUE'SA, ſ. f. the ſalamander, or rather the venemous little creature called an eft as appears by the following proverb.

Prov. *Al que muerde la ſalamanquéſa, al tercér dia le hacen la huéſſa*, he that is bit by the eft, has his grave made for him the third day after.

SALA'R, v. a. to ſalt.
SALARIA'R, v. a. to pay ſalary, or wages.
SALA'RIO, ſ. m. ſalary, wages.
SA'LCE, ſ. m. a willow.
SALCE'DA, ſ. f. the place where willows grow.
SALCHI'CHA, ſ. f. a ſauſage.
SALCHICHO'N, ſ. m. a great ſauſage.
SALEDI'ZO, ſ. m. the jutting out of a wall.
SALE'RO, ſ. m. a ſaltſeller for the table.
SALE'TA, ſ. f. a little hall.
SALGA'DA, ſ. f. the plant called ſea-potherb.
SALGA'R, v. a. obſ. to ſalt.
SALI'DA, ſ. f. a walk abroad, or going out; a ſally from a place beſieged; alſo a walking place near a town.
Dar ſalida a un negocio, to bring off a buſineſs, to find means to make it ſucceed.
SALIDI'ZO, adj. vide *SALEDI'ZO*.
SALI'NA, ſ. f. a ſalt-pit.
SALINE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes the ſalt.
SALINO, adj. *ſaline*.
SALI'R, v. n. to go out.
Salir en blanco, not to ſucceed, to take no effect.
Salir de madre, to overflow the banks.
Salir de rebuélta, to get out of a fray, out of a troubleſome affair.
Salir al campo, to go out to meet an adverſary in the field.
Salir a la caúſa, to ſtand trial, to vindicate a cauſe.
Salir de ſeſo, to run mad.
Salir de çaſcarón, to creep out of the egg, shell, to get into the world.
Salir con lo que ſe empréndo, to compaſs what one undertakes.
Salirſe, to run out.
Salirſe de religión, to quit a religious order.
SALITRA'DO, adj. impregnated or made up with ſaltpetre.
SALITRA'L, ſ. m. a place where ſaltpetre is dug.
SALITRE, ſ. m. ſaltpetre.
SALITRE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon who makes the ſaltpetre.
SALITRO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to the ſaltpetre.
SALI'VA, ſ. f. ſpittle.
SALIVACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſalivation.
SALIVA'R, v. n. to ſpit.
SALIVO'SO, adj. full of ſpittle.
SA'LMA, ſubſt. f. a great large ſack.
SALMI'STA, ſ. m. a pſalmiſt, a compoſer of pſalms.
SA'LMO, ſ. m. a pſalm.
Sálmo, ſ. m. a ſalmon.
SALMONA'DO, adj. looking like ſalmon; ſaid of ſome fishes.
SALMONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſalmon.
SALMORE'JO, ſ. m. a pickle or brine for olives or the like; alſo a ſauce for a rabbit, made with ſalt pepper, vinegar, and other ingredients. Metaph. a ſharp reproof or chiding bout.
SALMUE'RA, ſ. f. brine.
SALOBRA'L, adj. v. *SALOBRE'ñO*.
SALO'BRE, adj. brackish.
SALOBRE'ñO, adj. an appellation given to the earth that is ſaltish or brackish.
SALO'N, ſ. m. a great hall. In cant, a cudgel.
SA'LPA, ſ. f. ſtock-fish.
SALPICADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſpeck of dirt or drop of any thing dashed.
SALPICA'R, v. a. to beſpatter, to dash with dirt, or water, or the like; metaph. to pick here and there.
SALPICO'N, ſ. m. cold beef cut in ſlices, and eaten with oil and vinegar, onion, and pepper.
SALPIMENTA'R, v. a. to ſeaſon with ſalt and pepper.
SALPI'NGA, ſ. f. an African ſerpent to called.
SALPRESA'R, v. a. to powder meat.
SALPRE'SO, adj. powdered, corned, ſalted.
SALPU'GA, ſ. f. a kind of venemous ant ſo called.
SA'LSA, ſ. f. a ſauce.
SALSAFRA'S, ſ. f. ſaſſafras, a wood growing in America, much uſed in phyſick.
SALSE'RA, ſ. f. a ſaucer.

SALSERE'TA, } *SALSERI'LLA*, } ſ. f. a little ſaucer.

Salſerílla de colór, ſ. f. a little dish with red paint, which women uſe for their faces.

SALSE'RO, ſ. m. a ſaucer; alſo the herd thyme.

SALSIFRA'X, ſ. m. } *SALSIFRA'GIA*, ſ. f. } v. *SALSAFRA'S.*

SALTACA'BRAS, ſ. m. a ſerpent ſo called.

SALTABARDA'LES, ſ. m. a ramp.

SALTACIO'N, ſ. f. the act of jumping; alſo the art or practice of dancing.

SALTADE'RO, ſ. m. a high place fit to jump down from.

SALTADO'R, ſ. m. a leaper.

Sálta en bánco, a mountebank, a quack.

SALTAMBA'REA, ſ. f. a ſort of looſe coat.

SALTAPARE'DES, ſ. m. a nimble fellow, that will leap over a wall.

SALTA'R, v. n. to leap, to skip. Alſo to blow up with gunpowder.

Ojos ſaltádos, great eyes ſticking out.

SALTARE'N, ſ. m. a tune on the guittar formerly in uſe; alſo a kind of graſs-hopper.

SALTARI'N, ſ. m. a dancer.

SALTARI'Z, ſ. f. a she dancer.

SALTEADO'R, ſ. m. a highwayman.

SALTEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſudden aſſault, a robbery.

SALTEA'R, v. a. to aſſault by ſurprize, to rob on the highway.

SALTE'O, ſ. m. the act of attacking paſſengers on the road to rob them.

SALTE'RIO, ſ. m. a pſalter or pſalm book; alſo the muſical inſtrument called a pſaltery.

SALTE'RO, ſ. m. a foreſter, a woodman.

SALTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little jump.

SA'LTO, ſ. m. a leap; alſo an aſſault a robbery; and poetically, a foreſt.

Prov. *A grán sálto, gran quebranto*, a great leap gives a great shake. Great undertakings coſt great pains.

SATO'R, ſ. m. a kind of graſshopper.

SA'LVA, ſ. f. a ſalute with great guns or otherwiſe; alſo an aſſay or taſting meat or drink before a great man; a ſalver to ſerve glaſſes or the like on.

Señór de ſalva, a great man that has his meat and drink taſted.

Hácer la sálva, to taſte meat and drink before a great man.

SALVAGUA'RDIA, ſ. f. a ſafeguard, a convoy; alſo a body of reſerve to ſecond another.

SALVACIO'N, ſ. f. ſalvation.

SALVADE'RA, ſ. f. a ſand-box to ſand writing.

SALVA'DO, ſ. m. bran of meal.

SALVADO'R, ſ. m. a ſaviour.

SALVA'DOS, ſ. m. pl. ſand, ſuch as we uſe for writing.

SALVA'GE, adj. ſavage, wild.

SALVAGI'NA, ſ. f. game.

SALVAME'NTE, adv. ſafely.

SALVAME'NTO, ſ. m. ſafety.

Llegár a ſalvamento, to arrive ſafe.

SALVA'NTES, adv. obſ. excepting, ſaving.

SALVA'R, v. a. to ſave. Among ſcriveners and notaries, to ſet down under any inſtrument or writing an account of what is blotted out or interlined in the writing.

Salvárſe, v. r. to be ſaved, to eſcape danger.

SALVARO'BA, ſ. f. a wardrobe.

SALU'BRE, adj. ſalutary, wholeſome, healthful.

SALUBRIDA'D, ſ. f. wholeſomeneſs.

SALU'D, ſ. f. health.

Prov. *Salúd y alegría, belléza cría*, health and mirth make beauty.

SALUDA'BLE, adj. wholeſome.

SALUDABLEME'NTE, adv. wholeſomely.

SALUDACIO'N, } *SALUTACIO'N*, } ſ. f. ſalutation.

SALUDADO'R, ſ. m. the name given to idle fellows, that go up and down Spain, pretending to a natural gift of curing diſtempers, killing mad dogs, handling red hot iron, and the like.

SALUDA'R, v. a. to ſalute. Alſo to pretend to cure with the breath or ſpittle, as thoſe they call *ſaludadores* do.

SA'LVE! hail! God ſave you! Latin *ſalve.*

SA'LVIA, ſ. f. the herb ſage.

SALVI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſalver to ſerve glaſſes, ſweetmeats, or the like on.

SA'LVO, adj. ſafe, ſound; alſo a ſaving, or excepting.

Sálvo condúto, a ſafe conduct, a paſs to carry a man through.

SALUTACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſalutation.

SALUTI'FERO, adj. wholeſome.

S A M

SAMBENI'TO, ſ. m. a ſort of garment put by the inquiſitors on thoſe that come out of priſon, reconciled to the church.

SAMBU'CA, ſ. f. a muſical inſtrument ſo called.

SAMBLAGE, ſ. m. vide *ENSAMBLADU'RA.*

SAMPSUCHI'NO, ſ. m. an unguent ſo called.

SAMPLU'GO, ſ. m. vide *ALMORADUX.*

SAMU'GA, ſ. f. vide *XAMU'GA.*

S A N

SAN, ſ. m. it ſtands for *sánto*, (a ſaint) before a proper name, as *San Pédro*, St. Peter, *San Juan*, St. John, &c.

SANA'BLE, adj. that may be healed.

SANALOTODOS, ſ. m. a plaſter put upon ſores, ſo called.

SANAME'NTE, adv. ſoundly, healthfully; metaph. fairly, honeſtly, ſimply.

SANA'R, v. a. to heal, to cure.

SANCIO'N, ſ. f. a ſanction, a law eſtabliſhed.

SANCOCHA'R, v. a. to boil or roaſt any meat without ſeaſoning it.

SANDA'LIAS, ſ. f. pl. ſandals to wear on the feet inſtead of ſhoes.

SA'NDALO, ſ. m. pl. the herb white-beet.

Sándalo, a tree ſo called.
SANDARA'CA, ſ. f. a kind of arſenick.
SANDE'Z, ſ. f. folly.
SANDI'A, ſ. f. a water melon.
SANDIO, ſ. m. a fool, or a madman.
SANEAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. making good, anſwering for.
SANEA'R, v. a. to make good, to anſwer for.
SANGRA'DA, ſ. f. the act of letting blood, a trench or channel to convey water.
SANGRADE'RA, ſ. f. a dish to let blood in; alſo a trench to convey water; a lancet.
SANGRADO'R, ſ. m. one who lets blood.
SANGRADU'RA, ſ. f. a letting of blood.
SANGRA'R, v. a. to bleed, or let blood; to cut trenches to carry off water; to make a hole in a ſack, for corn or the like to run out at.
SANGRA'ZA, ſ. f. watery blood.
SA'NGRE, ſ. f. blood. Sometimes it is taken for kindred or conſanguinity.
Sángre de dragón, dragon's blood.
Senténcia de sangre, a ſentence of death, or loſs of limb.
Reſtañár la sángre, to ſtanch, or ſtop the blood.
Eſcribir con sángre, to threaten death.
Helarſe la sángre, to be ſo aſtoniſhed, that the blood ſtagnates.
Prov. *Eſcupir sángre en bacía de óro*, to ſpit blood in a gold baſon. To have much wealth, and little enjoyment of it.
SANGRELIU'VIA, ſ. f. a bloody rain, water and blood mixed.
SANGRI'A, ſ. f. bleeding, letting blood.
SANGRIENTAME'NTE, adv. bloodily.
SANGRIE'NTO, adj. bloody.
SANGUA'L, ſ. m. a kind of eagle.
SANGUI'FERO, adj. breeding blood.
SANGUIJUE'LA, ſ. f. a leech, a blood-ſucker.
SANGUI'NA, ſ. f. a ſtone that ſerves to burniſh ſilver.
SANGUINA'RIA, ſ. f. an herb that ſtops bleeding.
SANGUINA'RIO, adj. bloody, cruel, inhuman, ſanguinary,
SANGUI'NEO, adj. bloody, alſo of a ſanguine complexion.
SANGUI'NO, adj. ſanguine, bloody.
SANGUINOLE'NTO, adj. bloody, or bloody-minded.
SANGUINO'SO, adj. vide *SANGRIENTO*.
SANGUISUE'LA, vide *SANGUIJUE'LA*.
SANIDA'D, ſ. f. healthy.
SA'NO, adj. ſound, health.
Hombre ſáno, metaph. an honeſt, well-meaning man.
Sáno de caſtilla, in cant, a diſſembling thief.
SA'NTA, ſ. f. a female ſaint.
SANTAME'NTE, adv. holily.
SANTE'LMO, ſ. m. at ſea they give this name to certain lights which ſometimes appear about the maſts in ſtorms, and which the ſailors look upon as a good omen. The ancients called them Caſtor and Pollux.
SANTERI'A, ſ. f. hypocriſy.
SANTE'RO, ſ. m. an hermit; one that lives with the hermit and goes about queſting for his chapel; a man that begs for the church; an hypocrite.
SANTIA'GO, ſ. m. an order of knights, next in dignity to the Golden Fleece.
Santiágo y cierra España, 'tis the war cry uſed by the Spaniards when going to attack the enemy.
SANTIAME'N, ſ. m. the twinkling of an eye, the leaſt moment; as *Venir en un ſantiamén*, to come in the twinkling of an eye.
SANTI'CO, ſ. m. a little ſaint.
SANTIDA'D, ſ. f. holineſs, ſanctity.
SANTIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. ſanctification, ſanctifying, makin holy.
SANTIFICADO'R, ſ. m. a ſanctifier, one that makes holy.
SANTIFICA'R, v. a. to ſanctify, to make holy.
SANTIGUA'DA, ſ. f. a bleſſing.
Por mi ſantiguada, my bleſſing with it.
SANTIGUADE'RO, ſ. m. a knaviſh fellow, who pretends to cure by bleſſing.
SANTIGUADO'R, ſ. m. a man that pretends to cure by bleſſing.
SANTIGUA'R, v. a. to bleſs, properly as prieſt, a biſhop a father, and making a ſign of the croſs; but there are alſo cheating old women, and knaviſh fellows, who pretend to have particular bleſſings to cure ſick people, and impoſe upon the ignorant.
Santiguár a úno las orejas, to rattle one's ears, or to box one.
Santiguárſe, v. r. to bleſs oneſelf, to make the ſign of the croſs.
SANTIGUO, ſ. m. the ſign of the croſs.
SANTIMO'NIA, ſ. f. vide *SANTIDA'D*.
SANTI'NA, ſ. f. the ſink in a ſhip; alſo the pump.
SA'NTO, adj. holy.
Sánto, ſ. m. a ſaint.
SANTOCHA'DO, adj. foolish; hypocritical.
SANTO'N, ſ. m. a great ſaint, alſo a hypocrite.
SANTUA'RIO, ſ. m. a ſanctuary, a holy place.
SANTURRO'N, ſ. m. the ſame as *ſantón*.

S A ñ

SA'ñA, ſ. f. wrath, fury, rage, madneſs.
Prov. *Amánſe ſu ſáña, quién por ſi miſmo ſe engáña*, he that cheats himſelf, muſt curb his paſſion.
SAñO'SO, adj. vide *SAñU'DO*.
SAñUDAMENTE, adv. angrily, with choler.
SAñU'DO, adj. angry, wrathful, ill-tempered, peevish.

S A P

SAPHI'GO, ſ. m. a ſapphire-ſtone.
SAPIE'NCIA, ſ. f. wiſdom.
SAPIE'NTE, adj. learned.
SAPILLO, ſ. m. a little toad.
Sapillos, ſ. m. pl. the diſeaſe called the lampaſs in a horſe's mouth.
Prov. *Compón un ſapillo parecerá bonitillo*, dreſs up a little toad and

it will look pretty; to expreſs how great an addition ornaments are.

SA'PO, ſ. m. toad.

SAPONA'RIA, ſ. f. the herb ſopewort.

SAPORI'FERO, adj. ſavoury, that has a good relish.

S A Q

SAQUE, ſ. m. a term uſed in the playing at ball.

SAQUEA'R, v. a. to ſack, to plunder, to pillage.

SAQUE'O, ſ. m. a pillage.

SAQUE'RO, adj. ſerving to ſew ſacks or bales of goods.

Agúja ſaquéra, a needle uſed to ſew ſacks, bales of goods and the like.

SAQUILA'DA, ſ. f. the quantity of wheat that is ſent to be ground when the ſack is not full.

SAQUI'LLO, } ſ. m. a little ſack or
SAQUI'TO, } bag.

S A R

SARAGUE'TE, ſ. m. dimin. of *ſaráo*.

SARAMPIO'N, ſ. f. the meazles.

SARA'O, ſ. m. a ball, or meeting for dancing.

SA'RCIA, ſ. f. a load, a pack.

SARCI'LLO, ſ. m. vide *ZARCI'LLO*.

SA'RCO, ſ. m. a hurdle.

SARCO'PHAGO, ſ. m. a grave; rarely uſed but by poets.

SARCO'TICO, adj. ſarcotick.

SA'RDA, ſ. f. a kind of fish.

SARDE'SCO, ſ. m. little aſs of the Sardinian breed.

SARDI'NA, ſ. f. a pilchard.

Sardina arencáda debáxo del ſobáco ſe áſſa, a pilchard; that is, one dried like a red herring may be roaſted under one's arm. Only heating it through is enough.

SARDINE'RO, ſ. m. a man who ſells pilchards.

SARDI'O, }
SA'RDO, } ſ. m. a kind of ſtone.

SARDIO QUE, ſ. m. in cant, ſalt.

SARDO'NIA, ſubſt. f. an herb ſo called.

SARDONI'CO, adj. ſardonick; ſaid of forced laugther, of hypocritical laughing.

SARDO'NIX, ſ. f. a ſtone or gem ſo called.

SA'RGA, ſ. f. ſerge.

SARGE'NTA, ſ. f. a lay nun of St. Jago's order.

SARGENTEA'R, v. n. to do the duty of a ſerjeant.

SARGE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſerjeant.

SARGENTO'N, ſ. m. a ſtout woman, a ſturdy big-boned wench.

SARGO, ſ. m. a ſea-bream.

SARMENTA'R, v. a. to gather up the twigs or branches of the vines after pruning.

SARMENTE'RA, ſ. f. a place to lay up the prunings of vines, or any brushwood to burn.

SARMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a twig or branch of a vine cut off.

SA'RNA, ſ. f. the itch or mange.

Prov. *No le fálta mas que ſárna que raſcár*, he wants nothing but the itch to ſcratch. Said of one that has plenty of all things.

SARNO'SO, adj. itchy, mangey.

SARPILLE'R, ſ. f. a coarſe packing cloth to pack up goods.

SARPULLI'DO, adj. freckly; full of little ſpots.

SARRACI'NA, ſ. f. a battle, a conflict.

SA'RRIA, ſ. f. a ſort of net made of *eſparto* uſed to carry chopt ſtraw for beaſts.

SA'RRIO, ſ. m. a kind of wild-goat.

SA'RRO, ſ. m. the fur that gathers on a man's tongue in a hot fever: the fur about a chamber-pot, or any like it.

SA'RTA, ſ. f. a ſtring of beads, or any ſuch thing that may be ſtrung.

SARTA'L, ſ. m. idem.

SARTE'N, ſ. m. a frying-pan.

Frúta de ſartén, pancakes, fritters, or any thing that is made in a frying-pan.

Prov. *Dixo la ſartén a la caldéra quitáos alla negra*, the frying-pan ſaid to the kettle, ſtand away thou black thing.

Prov. *Saltár de la ſartén, y dar en las bráſas*, to leap out of the frying-pan into the fire.

SARTENA'DA, ſ. f. a fryng-pan full.

SARTENA'ZO, ſubſt. m. a blow with the frying-pan.

S A S

SASSAFRAS, ſ. m. ſaſſafras, a tree ſo called.

SASSIFRA'GIA, ſ. f. the herb ſaxifrage.

SA'STRA, ſ. f. a woman taylor.

SA'STRE, ſ. m. a taylor.

Prov. *Ser cómo el ſáſtre de la encrucixáda, que cosla de válde, y ponla el hllo de ſu cáſa*, to be like the taylor of the croſs way, who ſewed for nothing, and found thread himſelf. To give one's labour, and be at charges beſides, to ſerve others.

Prov. *Al ſáſtre póbre, la agúja que ſe dóble*, a poor taylor, muſt have a needle that will bow; that is, you muſt be humble when you are poor.

Prov. *Cién ſáſtres, y cién mollnéros, y cién téxedores, ſon treciéntos ladrónes*, an hundred taylors, an hundred millers, and an hundred weavers, are three hundred thieves. We ſay, take a taylor, a miller, and a weaver, and put them into a ſack, and the firſt that comes out will be a knave.

SASTRECI'LLO, ſ. m. a puny little taylor, a botcher.

S A T

SATANA'S, ſubſt. m. Satan, the devil.

Prov. *Abrenúncio Satanás! Mála cápa llevarás*: I renounce thee, Satan! Thou ſhalt have a bad cloak. A proverb in two parts; one ſays he renounces the devil, and the other anſwers, if he does ſo, he will have but an ill cloak, or be ill clad; that is, if a man will not cheat and go to the devil as others do for wealth, he will always be poor.

SATE'LITE, ſ. m. poetical, or familiar, for an officer of juſtice.

Los ſatélites de Jupiter, the ſatellites of Jupiter.
SATISFACCIO'N, ſ. f. ſatisfaction.
SATISFACE'R, v. a. to ſatisfy, to content.
SATISFACTO'RIO, adj. ſatisfactory.
SATISFE'CHO, p. p. of *ſatisfacer*.
SATI'VO, adj. that is cultivated.
SA'TO, ſ. m. a ſort of cask.
SA'TRAPA, ſ. m. a governor of a province, uſed ſometimes by poets and hiſtorians; ironically, a buſy body.
SATURACIO'N, ſ. f. ſaturation.
SATURA'R, v. a. to ſaturate.
SATURNA'LES, ſ. m. pl. the feaſts of Saturn.
SATURNI'NO, adj. ſaturnine, melancholy.
SATU'RNO, ſ. m. Saturn, a planet.
SATYRA, ſ. f. a ſatire.
SATYRICO, adj. ſatirick, ſatirical.
SATYRIO'N, ſ. m. the herb ragwort.
SATYRIZA'R, v. a. to ſatirize, to lampoon.
SATYRO, ſ. m. a ſatyre.

S A U

SAU'CE, ſ. m. a willow-tree.
SAUCEDA'L, ſubſt. m. the place where willows grow.
SAU'CO, ſ. m. the elder-tree.
SAUTO'R, ſ. m. in heraldry, is te eſcutcheon divided into four quaters or eſcutcheons.
SAU'Z, *SAUZE*, } ſ. f. a willow-tree.

S A X

SAXA'TIL, adject. taken among rocks, living among rocks; ſaid of certain fishes.
SAXIFRA'GA, *SAXIFRA'GIA*, } ſ. f. v. *SASSIFRA'GIA*.

S A Y

SA'YA, ſ. f. a woman's petticoat, generally taken for an upper one.
SAYA'L, ſ. m. coarſe ſackcloth.
SAYALE'RO, ſ. m. a maker or weaver of ſackcloth.
SAYE'TE, ſ. m. a little coat or jerkin.
Sayéte de ármas, a coat of armour.
SA'YO, ſ. m. a looſe upper coat.
Sáyo Dominguéro, a Sunday garment.
Prov. *Quién no tiéne mas de un ſáyo, no puéde preſtállo*, he who has but one coat, cannot lend it.
SAYO'N, ſ. m. a hangman or executioner; alſo a great looſe coat.
SAYUE'LO, ſ. m. a little upper coat or jerkin.

S A Z

SAZ, ſ. m. a willow-tree.
SAZO'N, ſ. f. ſeaſon, due time; alſo the ſeaſoning of things eatable; metaph. humour, temper.
SAZONA'R, v. a. to ſeaſon; alſo to ripen.

S C A

SCA'NDICE, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

S C E

SCELE'STO, adj. impious, wicked.
SCENOGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. ſceneography, the draught of a building, ſhewing the ground plat, front, and one of the ſides of it.

S C I

SCIE'NA, ſ. f. a fish ſo called.
SCIE'NCIA, ſ. f. ſcience, knowledge.
Sabér de cierta ſciencia, to know for certain.
Prov. *Póca ſciencia y buena conſciéncia*, little knowledge and a good conſcience is beſt.
SCIENTI'FICO, adj. knowing.
SCI'SMA, ſ. f. a ſchiſm.
SCISMA'TICO, adj. a ſchiſmatick.

S C O

SCOLOPE'NDRA, ſ. f. vide *ESCOLOPENDRA*.
SCO'RDIO, ſ. m. the herb water-germander.

S C R

SCROPHULA'RIA, ſ. f. the herb called leſſer celidony or figwort.

S C Y

SCYTA'L, ſ. m. a ſerpent ſo called.

S E

SE, the ſign of the paſſive, and ſignifying him, or them, or oneſelf.
Se dice, it is ſaid.
Se áma a ſi, he loves himſelf.
Se ándan holgazánes, they go about idling.
Hacér ſe mal, to hurt oneſelf.

S E B

SEBESTE'N, ſ. m. a fruit-tree ſo called.
SEBI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſort of paſte for the hands.
SE'BO, ſ. m. tallow.
Moſtrár el ſébo, a ſea-term, to run ſwiftly with a ſide wind, turning up the ſide of a ſhip, which ſhews where ſhe is tallowed.
SEBO'SO, adj. tallowy, greaſy, fat.

S E C

SE'CA, ſ. f. drought, drineſs; alſo a kernel in the flesh.
SECADA'L, ſ. m. a dry ſandy place.
SECAME'NTE, adv. drily.
SECA'NO, ſ. m. a dry ſeaſon.
Tiérra de ſecáno. A dry land.
SECA'R, v. a. to dry.
Secárſe, v. r. to wither, to pine away; alſo to be extremely thriſty; metaph. to ſay nothing in company.
A sécas, drily, barely.
Pan a sécas, dry bread.
SECARA'L, ſ. m. vide *SECADA'L*.

SECCION,

SECCIO'N, ſ. f. a ſection.
SECE'NO, adj. belonging to the number ſix.
SECLU'SO, adj. ſecluded.
SE'CO, adj. dry.
Hómbre séco, a lean man; metaph. an auſtere man, one of no converſation.
SECRECIO'N, ſ. f. ſecretion, ſeparation.
SECRESTACIO'N, ſ. f. ſequeſtration.
SECRE'STAR, v. a. to ſequeſter, to put a thing into third hands.
SECRE'STO, ſ. f. ſequeſtration, putting a thing into third hands.
SECRE'TA, ſ. f. a privy, a neceſſary-houſe.
SECRETAME'NTE, adv. ſecretly, privately.
SECRETARI'A, ſ. f. a ſecretary's office.
SECRETA'RIO, ſ. m. a ſecretary.
SECRETI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *ſecreto*.
SECRE'TO, ſ. m a ſecret.
SE'CTA, ſ. f. a ſect, a faction, or party of people.
SECTA'RIO, ſ. m. a ſectary, one that holds with a ſect.
SECTO'R, ſ. m. ſector.
SECUESTRACION, ſ. f. vide *SEQUESTRACION*.
SECUESTRA'R, v. a. vide *SEQUESTRA'R*.
SECUESTRO, ſ. m. v. *SEQUESTRO*.
SECULA'R, adj. of an age.
SECULARIZA'R, v. a. to ſecularize.
SECUNDARIAME'NTE, adv. in the ſecond degree, in the ſecond order.
SECUNDA'RIO, adj ſecundary, belonging to the ſecond place.
SECUNDI'NA, ſ. f. the ſecundine, the membrane in which the embryo is wrapped, the afterbirth.
SECU'RA, ſ. f. drought.

S E D

SED, ſ. f. thirſt; metaph. covetouſneſs.
SE'DA, ſ. f. ſilk.
Séda flóxa, ſleaf ſilk.
Séda crúda, *Séda de ajuél*, } raw. ſilk.
Séda de puérco, a hog's briſtle.
SEDADE'RA, ſ. f. an inſtrument for dreſſing of ſilk.
SEDA'L, ſ. m. a fiſhing-line.
SE'DE, ſ. f. a ſee.
Santa ſede, the holy ſee.
SEDE'RA, ſ. f. the hurds of the ſilk.
SEDE'ñO, adj. ſilky, of ſilk.
SEDENTA'RIO, adj. ſedentary, given much to ſitting.
SEDERI'A, ſ. f. any goods made of ſilk; alſo a ſilk ſhop.
SEDE'RO, ſ. m. a ſilk-man.
SEDICIO'N, ſ. f a ſedition, tumult, or mutiny.
SEDICIOSAME'NTE, adv. ſeditiouſly, mutinouſly.
SEDICIO'SO, adj. ſeditious, mutinous.
SEDIE'NTO, adj. thirſty.
SEDUCCIO'N, ſ. f. ſeducement, leading aſtray.
SEDUCI'R, v. a. to ſeduce.
SEDUCTO'R, ſ. m. a ſeducer.

S E G

SEGA'DA, ſ. f. the harveſt, the reaping time, the act of reaping or mowing.
SEGADO'R, ſ. m. a mower, a reaper, a harveſt-man.
SEGA'R, v. a. to mow, to reap.
SEGAZO'N, ſubſt. m. the harveſt, mowing, or reaping-time; the act of mowing or reaping.
SEGLA'R, adj. ſecular, lay, of the laity, a layman.
SEGREGACIO'N, ſ. f. a ſeparation.
SEGREGA'R, v. a. to ſeparate.
SEGUIDA, ſ. f. a following, a train.
Mugéres de ſeguida, common whores that run after men.
SEGUIDI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſort of couplets; alſo a dance.
SEGUIDO'R, ſ. m. a follower.
Prov. *Buéna de mejóres, por ménguа de ſeguidóres*, good among the beſt, for want of followers. Said of a woman who boaſts of her virtue and honeſty, and is ſo deformed, that no body will touch her.
SEGUIMIE'NTO, ſubſt. m. following, purſuing.
SEGUI'R, v. a. to follow, to purſue.
Seguir, in ſea language, to ſpoon, as our ſailors call it; that is, to put a ſhip right afore the wind and the ſea without any ſail, as is done in deſperate ſtorms.
Seguir a úno háſta la màta, to purſue a man to the thicket; that is, as far as can be.
SEGU'N, adv. according as.
SEGUNDA'R, v. a. to ſecond.
SEGUNDARIAME'NTE, adv. ſecondarily.
SEGUNDARIO, adj. ſecondary.
SEGU'NDO, adj. the ſecond.
SEGU'R, ſ. m. an axe, a battle-axe, a hatchet.
SEGURAME'NTE, adv. ſecurely ſafely.
SEGURAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *SEGURIDA'D*.
SEGURA'NZA, ſ. f. aſſurance, ſafety.
SEGURA'R, v. a. to ſecure, to make ſafe.
SEGURE'JA, ſ. f. a hatchet or ſmall axe.
SEGURIDA'D, ſ. f. ſecurity, ſafety.
SEGU'RO, adj. ſafe, ſecure, ſure.
Seguro, ſ. m. a paſs, a ſafe conduct, an inſurance.
A buén ſeguro, ſure enough.

S E I

SEIS, ſ. m. ſix.
Séſes, pl. the ſices on the dice.
SEISCIE'NTOS, adj. ſix hundred.

S E L

SELECCIO'N, ſ. f. ſelection, choiſe.
SELE'CTO, adj. elected, choſen,
SELENI'TES, ſ f. a ſort of white, tranſparent ſtone.
SELLADO'R, ſ. m. a ſealer.
SELLADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſealing.
SELLA'R, v. a. to ſeal.
SE'LLO, ſ. m. a ſeal.
Echár el ſello en un negocio, to conclude an affair.
SE'LVA, ſ. f. a wood.
SELVA'TICO, adj. of the woods, wild, untamed.

SELVATIQUE'Z, ſ. f. wildneſs.
SELVO'SO, adj. woody.

S E M

SEMA'NA, ſ. f. a week, a ſeven-night.
SEMANERI'A, ſ. f. the buſineſs or duty of a week; a weekly turn.
SEMANE'RO, ſ. m. one that ſerves by the week, or takes his turn by the week, or is in his week's waiting.
SEMBLA'NTE, ſ. m. the countenance, the aſpect, by which a man ſhews the inward motions of joy, fear, anger, &c.
SEMBLA'R, v. n. obſ. to be like.
SEMBRADI'O, adj. that may be ſowed or ſet.
SEMBRADI'ZO, adj. idem.
SEMBRADO'R, ſ. m. a ſewer or ſetter.
SEMBRADU'RA, ſ. f. ſowing or ſetting.
SEMBRA'R, v. a. to ſow, to ſet ſeed or grain.
Sembrár monéda, to ſcatter money.
Sembrár nuévas, to ſpread news.
Sembrár zizáña, to ſow diſcord.
SEME'JA, ſ. f. likeneſs.
SEMEJA'BLE, adj. like.
SEMEJA'NTE, adj. like reſembling.
SEMEJANTEME'NTE, adv. likely, reſembling; alſo moreover.
SEMEJA'NZA, ſ. f. reſemblance, likeneſs.
SEMEJA'R, v. n. to reſemble, to be like.
SEMENCE'RA, ſ. f. v. *SEMENTE'RA*.
SEMENTA'L, adj. ſowable, fit to be ſowed.
SEME'NTA'R, v. a. to ſow.
SEMENTE'RA, ſ. f. the time of ſowing any grain.
SEME'STRE, adj. of ſix months.
SEMIDIA'METRO, ſ. m. the ſemidiameter of a circle, or half the line that paſſes through the center, and touches both ſides of the circle.
SEMIDIDIAPE'NTE, ſ. f. half a fifth in muſick.
SEMI'LLA, ſ. f. ſeed.
SEMINA'RIO, ſ. m. a ſeminary or place for the education of youth.
SEMINARI'STA, ſ. m. the inhabitant of a ſeminary.
SE'MOLA, ſ. f. the coarſe part of the wheat not ground into a fine flower.
SEMOVIE'NTE, adj. removing, putting aſide.
SEMPITE'RNA, ſ. f. a ſtuff ſo called.
SEMPITERNAME'NTE, adv. everlaſtingly, eternally.
SEMPITERNIDA'D, ſ. f. perpetuity, eternity.
SEMPITERNI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſtuff ſo called.
SEMPITE'RNO, adj. eternal, everlaſting, perpetual.

S E N

SE'NA, ſ. f. a purging plant ſo called.
SENA'DO, ſ. m. a ſenate, a council, a grave aſſembly. In Spain the players give this title to the audience.
SENADO'R, ſ. m. a ſenator.
SE'NAS, ſ. f. pl. two ſices at dice.
SENATO'RIO, adj. of the ſenator's rank.
SENCILLAME'NTE, adv. ingenuouſly, ſincerely.
SENCILLE'Z, ſ. f. ingenuity, ſincerity.
SENCI'LLO, adj. genuine, natutural; alſo ingenuous, ſincere.
SE'NDA, ſ. f. a path.
SENDERA'R, } v. n. to go, or
SENDEREA'R, } walk through paths.
SENDE'RO, ſ. m. a path.
Prov. *En cáda ſendéro hay ſu atolladéro*, in every path there is a ſticking or a dirty place. No convenience without ſome inconvenience.
SENDI'LLA, ſ. f. a little path.
SENDOS, adj. pl. each of them.
SENE, ſ. m. an old man.
SENECTUD, ſ. f. old age.
SENESCA'L, ſ. m. a ſeneſchal.
SENI'L, adj. old, belonging to old age, or old people.
SE'NO, ſ. m. a bay in the ſea; the boſom of a man or woman; a fold in a garment.
Prov. *Hinchaſe mi séno, ſiquiéra de héno*, let my boſom be full, though it be but of hay; that is, let me have a bellyfull, of whatever it be; or, ſo I be getting, no matter how little.
SENOGI'L, ſ. m. a garter.
SENSACIO'N, ſ. f. ſenſation.
SENSIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. ſenſibility.
SENSI'BLE, adj. that may be felt, or that has feeling.
SENSIBLEME'NTE, adv. ſenſibly.
SENSITI'VO, adj. ſenſitive.
SENSUA'L, adj. ſenſual.
SENSUALIDA'D, ſ. f. ſenſuality.
SENSUALME'NTE, adv. ſenſually.
SENTA'DA, ſ. f. a ſitting.
SENTA'R, v. a. to ſit, to ſit down, to place.
Sentár partidas, to enter accounts.
Sentár con ámo, to go into place, to live with a maſter.
Sentár pláza de ſoldádo, to liſt one's ſelf a ſoldier.
Sentárſe á la méſa, to ſit down to table.
Sentárſe-én cuclillas, to ſit on one's legs with the body hanging, as people do to eaſe themſelves in the field, or, as children call it, to mould cockledy bread.
SENTE'NCIA, ſ. f. a ſentence, an opinion, a judgement.
SENTENCIA'R, v. a. to paſs ſentence, to pronounce judgement.
SENTENCIO'SO, adj. ſententious, full of ſentences.
SENTI'DO, ſ. m. ſenſe, feeling.
SENTI'DOS, ſ. m. pl. the five ſenſes.
SENTIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. feeling, ſenſe; alſo grief trouble, concern, or opinion.
SENTI'NA, ſ. f. a ſink, the well in a ſhip; where all the water gathers.
Sentina de pecádos, a ſink of ſin.
SENTI'R, v. a. to feel, to perceive; to judge, to be of opinion; alſo to grieve, to be troubled or concerned.
SENTI'R, ſ. m. an opinion.

SEñ

SE'ñA, ſ. f. a ſign, a token; a ſtandard.
Hablar por ſeñas, to talk by ſigns or geſtures.
Hacer ſeñas, to make ſigns to another.
SEñA'L, ſ. m. a ſign, a mark, a token, earneſt given in buying; alſo a bound, a limit.
Señál de herida, the ſcar or mark left by a wound.
Tocár en la ſeñál, to hit the mark.
SEñALADAME'NTE, adv. remarkably, notably.
SEñALA'R, v. a. to remark, to note, to point, to fix; alſo to put a mark to any thing, or to make ſignals.
Suéldo ſeñaládo, a fixed ſalary.
Señalár y no executár, in fencing, to make a feint or falſe paſs.
Señalárſe, v. r. to ſignalize one's ſelf.
SEñALE'JA, ſ. f. a little mark, note, token, or ſign.
SEñALE'ZA, ſ. f. obſ. a ſign.
SEñERAME'NTE, adv. ſingularly, peculiarly; alſo wildly, untamedly, outrageouſly.
SEñE'RO, adj. ſingular, peculiar; alſo wild, untamed, outrageous.
SEñO'R, ſ. m. a lord, a maſter.
Señór de título, a nobleman that has a title, as an earl, duke, marquis, &c.
Señór de bien y mal tratár, an abſolute lord who has power over his vaſſals to treat them as he pleaſes.
SEñO'RA, ſ. f. a lady, a miſtreſs.
Nuéſtra Señóra, our Lady, the bleſſed Virgin Mary.
SEñOREA'R, v. a. to rule, to govern, to lord it, to ſubject, to bring under.
SEñORI'A, ſ. f. lordſhip, a title of honour; as, *vuéſtra ſeñoría*, your lordſhip. It is alſo a ſovereignty or ſeignory.
La ſeñoría de Venécia, the ſeignory or republic of Venice.
SEñORI'CO, } ſ. m. diminutive
SEñORI'TO, } of *ſeñór*.
SEñORI'L, adj. lord-like, belonging to a lord.
SEñORI'O, ſ. m. lordſhip, power, dominion.
SEñORIZA'R, v. a. vide *SEñOREA'R*.
SEñUE'LO, ſ. m. a lure to call hawks; a ſtale to catch birds; alſo any allurement or enticement.

SEO

SEO'R, ſ. m. (for *ſeñór*) maſter, in cant.

SEP

SEPARA'BLE, adj. ſeparable, that may be ſeparated.
SEPARACIO'N, ſ. f. ſeparation.
SEPARADAME'NTE, adv. ſeparately, apart, ſingly.
SEPARADO'R, ſ. m. he that ſeparates, ſevers, or ſets apart.
SEPARA'R, v. a. to ſeparate, to ſever, to part.
SEPEDO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of ſerpent, whoſe bite cauſes a wonderful ſwelling and makes the flesh rot.
SEPELI'R, v. a. to bury.
SE'PIA, ſ. f. vide *XI'BIA*.
SEPTENA'RIO, ſ. m. the ſpace of ſeven days.
SEPTENTRIO'N, ſ. m. the north.
SEPTENTRIONA'L, adj. northern.
SEPTIE'MBRE, ſ. m. September, the ninth month of the year.
SE'PTIMO, adj. the ſeventh.
SEPTUAGENA'RIO, adj. ſeventy years of age.
SEPTUAGE'SIMA, ſ. f. the Sunday fortnight before Shrove-ſunday.
SEPULCHRA'L, adj. belonging to a ſepulchre.
SEPU'LCHRO, ſ. m. a ſepulchre, a tomb.
SEPULTA'R, v. a. to bury.
SEPULTU'RA, ſ. f. a grave.
SEPULTURE'RO, ſ. m. a gravemaker.

SEQ

SEQUA'Z, ſ. m. a follower.
SEQUEDA'D, ſ. f. drought, dryneſs.
SEQUEDA'L, ſ. m. a dry land.
SEQUE'LA, ſ. f. the ſequel, the conſequence.
SEQUE'RO, adj. naturally dry.
SEQüESTRACIO'N, ſ. f. ſequeſtration.
SEQüESTRA'R, v. a. to ſequeſter.
SEQüE'STRO, ſ. m. the ſequeſtration made.
SEQUE'TE, ſ. m. a dry piece of bread.
SEQUI'A, ſ. f. v. *SEQUEDA'D*.
SEQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a kind of rusk.
SE'QUITO, ſ. m. a retinue.

SER

SE'R, ſ. m. the being, eſſence, or exiſtence of any thing.
Sér, v. auxiliar. to be.
Sér de alguno, to be a friend to one.
SE'RA, ſ. f. a basket.
SERA'PHICO, adj. ſeraphick.
SERAPHI'N, ſ. m. a ſeraphim.
SERAPHI'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of woollen cloth ſo called.
SERAPI'NO, ſ. m. a gum or reſin flowing from the pine-tree.
SE'RBA, ſ. f. a ſort of wild pear.
SERBA'L, ſ. m. the tree of ſuch pear.
SERENA'R, v. n. to clear up, to grow fair; alſo to put out all night in the dew.
SERENA'TA, ſ. f. a ſerenade, muſick in the night.
SERENE'RO, ſ. m. the cover of the head worn at night to defend from the dew.
SERENIDA'D, ſ. f. ſerenity, clearneſs, fair weather; eaſineſs in a man's looks; the title ſerenity; in cant impudence.
SERE'NO, adj. fair, clear, ſerene.
Seréno, ſ. m. the evening dew.
SERIAME'NTE, adv. ſeriouſly, gravely.
SE'RIE, ſ. f. a ſeries, a continuation.
SERIEDA'D, ſ. f. gravity, ſeriouſneſs.
SERI'JO, } ſ. m. a little baſ-
SERI'LLO, } ket.
SE'RIO, adj. ſerious.
SERMO'N, ſ. m. a ſermon.

SERMONA'RIO, ſ. m. a book of ſermons.
SERMONCI'CO, ſ. m. a little ſermon.
SERMONEA'R, v. n. to preach, to make a ſermon.
SERO'JAS, ſ. f. pl. the withered leaves that fall from trees.
SERO'N, ſ. m. a baſket made of rushes like a mat.
SEROSIDA'D, ſ. f. ſeroſity, the thin or watery part of the blood.
SERO'SO, adj. ſerous, thin, watery.
SE'RPA, ſ. f. the herb wild-thyme.
SERPEA'R, v. n. to move like a ſerpent, to move by undulation.
SERPENTA'RIA, ſ. f. the herb dragon-wort.
SERPENTICI'DA, ſ. m. a killer of ſerpents.
SERPENTI'N, ſ. m. a kind of marble; a piece of ordnance ſo called.
SERPENTINAME'NTE, adv. in a ſerpent-like manner.
SERPENTI'NO, adj. like, of, or belonging to a ſerpent.
SERPIE'NTE, ſ. m. a ſerpent.
SERPI'GO, ſ. m. a diſeaſe or tumour ſo called.
SE'RPO, } ſ. m. wild running
SERPO'L, } thyme, mother of thyme.
SERRA'LLO, ſ. m. the Grand Signior's palace.
SERRA'NA, ſ. f. a woman mountaineer.
SERRANI'A, ſ. f. a mountainous country.
SERRA'NO, ſ. m. a mountaineer.
SERRA'R, v. a. to ſaw, to cut with a ſaw.
SERREZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little mountain.
SERRO'N, ſ. m. a great ſaw uſed between two men.
SERTA, ſ. f. in cant, a ſhirt.
SERVADO'R, ſ. m. preſerver.
SERVIBLE, adj. ſerviceable, uſeful.
SERVICIA'L, adj. ſerviceable.
Servicial, ſ. m. a clyſter.
SERVICIALME'NTE, adv. ſerviceably.
SERVI'CIO, ſ. m. a ſervice; at table it is taken for a plate, napkin, knife and fork; a cloſe-ſtool.
Servicio, a ſupply granted to the king by the *cortes* or parliament.
Prov. *A buén ſervicio mal gatardón*, good ſervice ill rewarded.
SERVIDO'R, ſ. m. a ſervant; a cloſeſtool-pan.
SERVIDU'MBRE, ſ. f. ſervitude, bond-age, ſlavery; alſo a neceſſary houſe; the right one neighbour has of going through another's houſe or ground, or the like.
SERVI'L, adj. ſervile, ſlaviſh.
SERVI'LLAS, ſ. f. a ſort of light ſhoes ſervant-maids wear.
SERVILLE'TA, ſ. f. a table-napkin.
SERVILME'NTE, adv. ſervilely, ſlavishly.
SERVI'R, v. a. to ſerve.
Servir de pelillo, to do ſome curious ſervice, but of little value.
No ſervir una coſa, to be of no uſe.
Prov. *Ni ſirvas a quien ſirvió, ni pidas a quien pidió*, do not ſerve one that has been a ſervant, nor beg of one that has begged.
SERVITU'D, ſ. f. ſervitude, ſlavery, bondage.

S. E. S.

SESE'NTA, adj. ſixty.
SE'SGO, adj. aſlope, athwart, biaſſing, awry; alſo demure, grave.
SE'SMA, ſ. f. the ſixth part of a yard.
SE'SO, ſ. m. the brain; metaph. ſenſe, judgement; it is alſo uſed for an iron to ſet a pot on over the fire.
Hablár en ſeſo, to talk ſeriouſly.
Fálto de ſeſo, that wants brains, mad, foolish.
Tenér el ſeſo en los calcañáres, to have one's brains in one's heels, to be foolish, or prepoſterous.
Prov. *Quien con toſco ha de entendir, múcho ſeſo ha meneſtér*, he that is to deal with a ſenſeleſs man, has need of much ſenſe or wit.
SESQUIA'LTERA, ſ. f. in muſick, a note and a half.
SESQUITE'RCIA, ſ. f. one and a third, either in muſick or other meaſure.
SESE'RA, ſ. f. the part of the ſcull that contains the brain.
SESSIO'N, ſ. f. a ſeſſion, as of a council or parliament.
SESTEADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſummer-houſe, a place to paſs the heat of the ſummer in, or to ſleep after dinner in ſummer.
SECTEA'R, v. n. to ſleep after dinner in ſummer.
SESTE'RCIO, ſ. m. the Roman coin called a ſeſterce.
SESUDAME'NTE, adj. prudently, wiſely.
SESU'DO, adj. ſerious, grave, judicious.

S. E. T.

SE'TA, ſ. f. a ſect.
Séta, a mushroom.
SETECIE'NTOS, adj. ſeven hundred.
SETE'NA, ſ. f. the ſeventh part.
Seténas, ſ. f. pl. ſeven-fold.
Pagár con las seténas, to pay a thing ſeven times the value.
SETE'NO, adj. the ſeventh.
SETE'NTA, adj. ſeventy.
SETENTO'N, adj. ſeventy years old.
SE'TO, ſ. m. a hedge.

S. E. V.

SEVERAME'NTE, adv. ſeverely.
SEVERIDA'D, ſ. f. ſeverity.
SEVE'RO, adj. ſevere.
SEVIZIA, ſ. f. cruelty.

S. E. X.

SEXAGENA'RIO, adj. ſixty years old.
SE'XO, ſ. m. the ſex, male or female.
SEXTA'RIO, ſ. m. an old Roman meaſure.
SEXTI'L, adj. of, or belonging to ſix, ſixth.
SE'XTO, adj. the ſixth.

S I

SI, pron. himſelf.
Fuéra de ſi, beſides himſelf, out of his wits.
De por ſi, by himſelf.
Pára ſi, for himſelf.
Si, conjunct. if.
Si, adv. yes, or yea.

S I B

SIBI'L, ſ. m. a little ſubterraneous room to keep things cool in ſummer.
SIBI'LA, ſ. f. a ſybil.
SIBILA'NTE, adj. wiſing, hiſſing.

S I C

SI'CLO, ſ. f. a ſhekel, a ſort of ſilver coin among the Jews.

S I D

SIDE'REO, adj. of the ſtars, ſtarlike, bright, ſhining, like the ſtars.
SI'DRA, ſ. f. cyder.

S I E

SIE'GA, ſ. f. harveſt-time, mowing or reaping-time.
SIE'MBRA, ſ. m. the ſowing ſeaſon.
SIE'MPRE, adv. always.
SIEMPREVI'VA, ſ. f. the herb houſe-leek.
SIE'N, ſ. f. the temple of the head.
SIE'NA, ſ. f. in cant, a place.
SIE'RPE, ſ. m. a ſerpent; alſo an ugly woman, and any thing that moves by undulation.
Siérpe, a paſſionate perſon; in cant, a falſe key.
SIERPECI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſerpent.
SIE'RRA, ſ. f. a ſaw; alſo a mountain.
SIE'RVA, ſ. f. a maid-ſervant, or a woman-ſlave.
SIE'RVO, ſ. m. a man-ſervant, or ſlave.
SIE'STA, ſ. f. the heat of the day from noon forwards.
SIE'TE, adj. ſeven.
Máta ſiéte, a bully.
Prov. *Siéte es combite, y nuéve es confuſion*, ſeven is a feaſt, and nine is confuſion. That is, as far as ſeven makes good company, but all above produces diſorder.
SIETEMESI'NO, adj. born the ſeventh or ſeven months old.
SIETENA'L, adj. ſeven years old.

S I G

SIGILACION, ſ. f. ſealing.
SIGILA'R, v. n. to keep a ſecret.
SIGI'LO, ſ. m. a ſeal. Seldom uſed but in talking of confeſſion, or the ſecrecy due to confeſſion.
SIGILOSAME'NTE, adv. ſecretly.
SIGILO'SO, adj. ſecret.
SI'GLO, ſ. m. an age.
Buén ſiglo áya, God reſt his ſoul. Said of the dead.
Siglo de oro, the golden age.
Siglo de plata, the ſilver age.
Siglo de hierro, the iron age.
SIGNAR, v. a. to ſign, to ſeal.
SIGNATU'RA, ſ. f. ſigning, ſealing, ſignature.
SIGNIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. ſignification.
SIGNIFICA'NZA, ſ. f. obſ. for *ſignificación*.
SIGNIFICA'R, v. a. to ſignify.
SIGNIFICATI'VO, adj. that ſignifies.
SI'GNO, ſ. m. ſign, token, ſeal; one of the twelve celeſtial ſigns of the zodiack.
SIGUIE'NTE, adj. following, next in courſe.

S I L

SILBA'R, v. n. to whiſtle; alſo to mock, to deſpiſe.
SILBA'TO, ſ. m. a whiſtle.
SILBI'DO, *SILBO*, } ſ. m. whiſtling.
SILENCIA'RIO, adj. ſilent, ſtill.
SILE'NCIO, ſ. m. ſilence.
SILENCIOSAME'NTE, adv. without ſpeaking, without making a noiſe, ſecretly, ſilently.
SILENCIO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to ſilence.
SILGUERI'LLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *ſilguéro*.
SILGUE'RO, ſ. m. a goldfinch.
SI'LLA, ſ. f. a chair; alſo a ſaddle.
Silla réal, a throne.
Silla de coſtillas, a chair with a back made of laths like ribs.
Silla de máno, a ſedan or chair to carry people in.
Silla raſa, a plain pad-ſaddle.
Silla de borrénes, the great ſaddle.
Hombre de dos ſillas, a man that can either ride long or ſhort, either the great or the pad-ſaddle.
Ser de ſilla y albarda, to be for the ſaddle or pannel; to ſerve for all uſes.
SILLA'R, ſ. m. a ſtone cut out ſquare for building.
Sillár del cabállo, that part of the horſe's back on which the ſaddle is ſet.
SILLE'RA, ſ. f. the part of the horſe's back that bears the ſaddle.
SILLERI'A, ſ. f. a place where they make or ſell chairs or ſaddles; alſo maſons work, or the building of a wall with ſquare ſtone.
SILLE'RO, ſ. m. a ſaddler, or one that makes or ſells chairs.
SILLE'TA, ſ. f. a litte chair.
SILLETE'RO, ſ. m. a chairman.
Silletéro, he that makes, ſells, or mends chairs.
SILLI'CA, or *SILLI'TA*, ſ. f. a little chair.
SILLO'N, ſ. m. a ſide-ſaddle for a woman.
SI'LO, ſ. m. a granary to lay up corn in, generally under ground.
SILVADO'R, ſ. m. a whiſtler; alſo one that hiſſes.
SILVA'R, v. n. to whiſtle; alſo to hiſs.
SILVA'TO, ſ. m. a whiſtle.
SILVO, ſ. m. a whiſtle, whiſtling or hiſſing.
SILU'RO, ſ. m. a fiſh ſo called.

SIM

SI'MA, ſ. f. a deep pit, a dungeon, an abyſs.
Sima de vicios, an abyſs of vice.
SIMA'DO, adj. deep.
SI'MIA, ſ. f. a monkey, an ape.
SIMIE'NTE, ſ. f. ſeed.
SI'MIL, ſ. m. a ſimile in diſcourſe, or writing.
SIMILITU'D, ſ. f. ſimilitude, likeneſs.
SI'MIO, ſ. m. an ape.
SIMONI'A, ſ. f. ſimony, buying, or ſelling of ſpiritual things.
SIMONI'ACO, adj. guilty of ſimony.
SIMPA'R, adj. without equal.
SI'MPLE, adj. ſimple, pure, unmixt, ſincere, innocent, without deceit.
SIMPLEME'NTE, adv. ſimply, honeſtly, candidly.
SIMPLE'ZA, ſ. f. ſimplicity.
SIMPLICIDA'D, ſ. f. idem.
SIMPLICI'STA, ſ. m. one that has skill in ſimples, or cures with them.
SIMPLO'N, ſ. m. a ſilly fellow.
SIMULACIO'N, ſ. f. diſſimulation, counterfeiting, felgning.
SIMULA'CRO, ſ. m. an image, a reſemblance.
SIMULADAME'NTE, adv. feignedly, diſſemblingly.
SIMULA'R, v. a. to feign, to diſſemble, to counterfeit.

SIN

SIN, prepoſition, without.
SINAGO'GA, ſ. f. the Jewiſh ſynagogue.
SINALE'FA, ſ. f. a figure uſed in poetry, which cuts off the laſt vowel off a word when it ends with a vowel and the next begins with one.
SINCEL, ſ. m. vide *CINCEL*.
SINCELA'R, v. a. vide *CINCELA'R*.
SINCERAME'NTE, adv. ſincerely.
SINCERA'R, v. n. to clear one's ſelf, of a charge or crime.
SINCERIDA'D, ſ. f. ſincerity.
SI'NCERO, adj. ſincere, faithful.
SINCOPA, ſ. f. a figure by which a ſyllable in a word is cut off; alſo a fainting or ſwooning fit.
SINCOPA'R, v. a. to abbreviate, to cut off; alſo to faint, to ſwoon.
SINDICA'DO, adj. judged, tried; ſubſt. uſed, the office of a judge or ſteward.
SI'NDICO, ſ. m. a ſyndick, a ſteward, an advocate or ſollicitor for a body politick.
SINGULA'R, adj. ſingular.
SINGULARIDA'D, ſ. f. ſingularity.
SINGULARIZA'RSE, v. r. to make one's ſelf ſingular; to ſignalize one's ſelf.
SINGULARME'NTE, adv. ſingularly.
SINGU'LTO, ſ. m. a ſob, a hiccup.
SINIE'STRA, ſ. f. the left hand.
SINIESTRAME'NTE, adv. unluckily, aukwardly, untowardly.
SINIE'STRO, adj. of the left, left-handed; alſo untoward, unlucky.
SINIGUA'L, adj. peerleſs, that has not its match, matchleſs.
SINJUSTI'CIA, ſ. f. wrong, injuſtice.
SINO', adv. if not, unleſs.
SINO'CA, ſ. f. a fever that laſts a day.
SINOCA'L, adj. that laſts a day; ſaid of a fever.
SINRAZO'N, ſ. f. a wrong, an injury, a thing contrary to reaſon.
SINSABO'R, ſ. m. a diſtaſte, a diſguſt.
SINUO'SO, adj. that is not ſtraight, ſinuous, crooked.
SI'O, *SIO'N*, } ſ. m. a plant ſo called.

SIQ

SIQUIE'RA, adv. at leaſt.

SIR

SIRE'NA, ſ. f. a ſyren, a mermaid.
SI'RGA, ſ. f. a rope, to tow a veſſel along, or that draws the net to the ſhore.
Ir a la ſirga, to be towed along.
SI'RGAR, v. a. to tow a ſhip.
SI'RGO, ſ. m. a ſilk twiſt.
SIRGUE'RO, ſ. m. the bird called a goldfinch; alſo one that tows or draws a boat along.
SIRO'CO, *SIRO'QUE*, } ſ. m. the ſouth-eaſt wind.
SIRVIE'NTE, ſ. m. a ſervant.

SIS

SI'SA, ſ. f. an exciſe or tax upon meat or drink.
Siſa, borax for ſoldering, or ſize for gilding.
Siſa, the leſſening of any thing by ſubtracting ſome ſmall part, or cutting meaſures leſs; alſo the ſloping or shaping of a garment.
SISADO'R, ſ. m. a receiver of exciſe; in cant, a pilferer.
SISA'R, v. a. to diminish, to take away ſomething, to nim, to leſſen; alſo to ſlope in cutting.
SISO'N, ſ. m. a tailor that cuts cabbage too often, or in too large a quantity.
SISTRO, ſ. m. a muſical inſtrument ſo called.

SIT

SITIADOR, ſ. m. beſieger.
SITIAL, ſ. m. a ſtool without a back.
SITIA'R, v. a. to beſiege.
SITIBU'NDO, adj. thirſty.
SI'TIO, ſ. m. ſituation; alſo a ſiege.
SITUACIO'N, ſ. f. ſituation.
SITUA'DO, ſ. m. an aſſignment upon a branch of the revenue.
SITUA'R, v. a. to ſituate.

SO

SO, adv. under.
So pena, under pain.
So pena de la pena pronunciada, under the pain of the ſentence paſſed againſt you.

SOA

SOASSA'R, v. a. to half roaſt.

SOB

SO'BA, ſ. f. in cant, a beating or cudgelling.
SOBA'CO, ſ. m. the arm-pit.
SOBAJA'R, v. a. to miſuſe, to handle a thing roughly, to mould like dough, to knead bread, to grope.
SOBAQUI'DO, ſ. m. in cant, what a thief runs away with under his arm.
SOBAQUI'NA, ſ. f. the ill ſcent of arm-pits.
SOBA'R, v. a. to knead, to work any thing with the fiſts and in a vigorous manner.
SOBARBA'DA, ſ. f. a check given the horſe with the bridle; a check to one that takes too much liberty in talking; alſo a chuck under the chin.
SOBARCA'R, v. a. vide *SOBAGAR*.
SOBEJANI'A, ſ. f. obſ. ſuperfluity.
SOBEJA'NO, adj. obſ. ſuperfluous, uſeleſs; an old word.
SOBERANAME'NTE, adv. ſovereignly.
SOBERANI'A, ſ. f. ſovereignty.
SOBERANO, adj. ſovereign.
SOBE'RBIA, ſ. f. pride.
SOBERBIAME'NTE, adv. proudly, haughtily.
SOBE'RBIO, adj. proud, haughty; ſometimes taken for lofty, great, and noble.
Palácio ſobérbio, a ſtately palace.
SOBO'N, ſ. m. a cunning fellow that knows how to avoid work.
SOBONA'ZO, ſ. m. augment. of *ſobón*.
SOBORNADO'R, ſ. m. a ſuborner.
SOBORNA'L, ſ. m. the overplus in meaſure; alſo what is laid on a beaſt over and above its due burden.
SOBORNA'R, v. a. to ſuborn, to bribe, to corrupt with bribes.
SOBO'RNO, ſ. m. ſubornation, bribe.
SO'BRA, ſ. f. overplus, what is over and above, the exceſs.
SOBRA'DO, adj. ſuperfluous, over and above; metaph. idle, unmannerly.
SOBRA'R, v. n. to be over and above, to be ſuperfluous, to be over meaſure; metaph. to be idle, and of no uſe.
SOBRASA'R, v. a. to put burning coals under a pot or the like.
SOBRAZA'R, v. a. to put or to fold ſomething under the arm.
SO'BRE, adv. upon.
SOBREABUNDA'NTE, p. act. ſuperabundant.
SOBREABUNDA'R, v. a. to ſuperabound.
SOBREAÑADI'R, v. a. to add with exceſs.
SOBREASSA'R, v. a. to overroaſt.
SOBRECEBADE'RA, ſ. f. the ſprit-ſail, top-ſail, of a ſhip.
SOBREVIVI'R, v. n. to ſurvive.
SOBRECA'MA, ſ. f. a counterpain for a bed, or a covering put over it to keep it from the duſt.
SOBRECAMARE'RO, ſ. m. a chief chamberlain, a head-ſervant.
SOBRECA'ÑA, ſ. f. a vicious excreſcence on the ſhin-bone of a horſe, called a knot, a knob, or a ring-worm.
SOBRECA'RGA, ſ. f. a ſurcharge, an overcharge, what is laid on a beaſt more than its due burden.

Prov. *La ſobrecárga máta*, the over-loading kills the horſe.

SOBRECARGA'R, v. a. to ſurcharge, to overload,
SOBRECA'RTA, ſ. f. a ſecond letter, or order to the ſame effect as the firſt.
SOBRECE'DULA, ſ. f. a writ or warrant granted upon another.
SOBRECE'JA, ſ. f. an eye-brow.
Sobrecéja de acemíla, plates or pieces of leather-hanging over a mule's eyes, to make her look down to the ground.
SOBRECE'JO, ſ. m. an eye-brow.
SOBRECIE'LO, ſ. m. an awning or covering over a court of a houſe, or other open place, of canvas or the like to keep off the ſun.
SOBRECOGE'R, v. a. to ſurpriſe, to take unawares.
SOBRECO'RVA, ſ. f. the curb, a diſtemper in a horſe's hinder-legs.
SOBRECO'Z, ſ. m. obſ. a maſter cook.
SOBREDIE'NTE, ſ. m. a tooth that grows upon another.
SOBREDORADO'R, ſ. m. a gilder.
SOBREDORADU'RA, ſ. f. the gilding.
SOBREDORA'R, v. a. to gild over.
Sobrédorar, v. a. to gild, to cover with gold.
SOBREHAZ, ſ. f. the ſuperficies, the part that appears to ſight.
SOBREHUESSO, ſ. m. a ſplint in a horſe; metaph. one that ſticks cloſe to another and becomes very troubleſome; any uneaſineſs that attends a man.
SOBRELINTE'L, ſ. m. the work, timber, or ſtone over the lintel, or piece that lies over the jambs of doors or windows.
SOBRELLEVA'R, v. a. to bear with, to endure.
SOBRELUCI'R, v. n. to ſhine much, or above another.
SOBREMANE'RA, adv. exceſſively.
SOBREMA'NO, ſ. m. a ſwelling about the paſtern joint of a horſe's fore-foot, cauſed by being too hard ridden when young.
SOBREMEDI'DA, ſ. f. overmeaſure.
SOBREME'SA, ſ. f. a carpet for a table; it means alſo after dinner.
Diſcurrir ſóbre méſa, to chat after dinner.
SOBREMONTA'R, v. a. to ſurmount.
SOBRENADA'R, v. n. to ſwim above, or on the top.
SOBRENATURA'L, adj. ſupernatural.
SOBRENO'MBRE, ſ. m. a ſurname.
SOBREO'JO, ſ. m. a lowring, or a prying look.

Llevár ſobrebójo, to have a watchful eye upon.

SOBREPA'RTO, ſ. m. a woman's lying-in after being delivered.

SOBREPASSA'R, v. a. to ſurpaſs.

SOBREPELLI'Z, ſ. f. a ſurplice.

SOBREPENDIE'NTE, adj. hanging over.

SORBEPENSA'R, v. a. to conſider ſeriouſly.

SOBREPIE, ſ. m. a ſwelling about the paſtern joint of a horſe's hinder-leg, cauſed by being too hard ridden when young.

SOBREPONE'R, v. a. to ſet upon, or put upon.

SOBREPUJA'R, v. a. to ſurpaſs, to excel.

SOBRERO'PA, ſ. f. an upper garment.

SOBRESALI'DO, adj. impatient, haſty, raſh, head-ſtrong.

SOBRESALIE'NTE, adj. ſtanding above or beyond another.

Puéſto ſobreſaliénte, an advantageous, or an advanced poſt.

Soldádos ſobreſaliéntes, men advanced before the reſt of the body.

SOBRESALI'R, v. a. to jut out, to appear, to make a ſhew, to ſtand out above, or beyond another, to excel.

SOBRESALTA'R, v. a. to ſurpriſe.

SOBRESA'LTO, ſ. m. a ſurprize.

SOBRESANA'R, v. a. to heal ſuperficially.

SOBRESA'NO, adj. healed ſuperficially.

SOBRE'SCER, v. n. to ſuperſede, to ceaſe, to deſiſt.

SOBRESCRIBI'R, v. a. to write upon any thing; to direct a letter.

SOBRESCRI'TO, ſ. m. a ſuperſcription, or ſuperſcribed.

SOBRESCRIVI'R, v. a. to ſuperſcribe.

SOBRESEMBRA'R, v. a. to ſow over.

SOBRESE'YDO, adj. ſuperſeded, ceaſed, deſiſted.

SOBRESEYMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſuperſeding, ceaſing, deſiſting.

SOBRSEOLA'R, v. a. to mend ſhoes, putting one ſole upon another.

SOBRESTA'NTE, ſ. m. an overſeer, a ſupervifor.

SOBRESTE'RA, ſ. f. an upper mat to lay on another, or other thing to lay on a mat.

SOBREVA'RDA, ſ. f. a welt or guard on a garment.

SOBREVAI'NA, ſ. f. a falſe ſcabbard to put over another for riding.

SOBREVENI'R, v. n. to come upon, to come in the nick of time.

SOBREVESTA, ſ. f. a large coat.

SOBREVESTI'R, v. a. to put one garment over another.

SOBREVI'ŞTA, ſ. f. the beaver of a helmet.

SOBREVIVI'R, v. n. to ſurvive.

SOBREU'ŞA, ſ. f. a dish conſiſting of poor Jack fried in oil after being boiled, and then put into a liquor of water, pepper, ſcalded oil, honey or ſugar, cinnamon, and a little vinegar.

SOBRIAME'NTE, adv. ſoberly.

SOBRIEDA'D, ſ. f. ſobriety.

SOBRI'NA, ſ. f. a niece.

SOBRI'NO, ſ. m. a nephew.

SO'BRIO, adj. ſober. Latin *ſobrius*.

S O C

SOCA'PA, ſ. f. under pretence, under the cloak; alſo privately.

SOCA'RRA, ſ. f. the ſcorching lightly any thing over a fire.

SOCARRA'R, v. a. to hold a thing ſo to the fire, that it be neither raw nor roaſted, but ſcorched in one place, and raw in another.

SOCA'RREN, ſ. m. the eaves of a houſe.

SOCARRO'N, ſ. m. a crafty ſubtle fellow, an arch wag.

SOCARRONAME'NTE, adverb. archly, like a wag.

SOCARRONERI'A, ſ. f. waggery.

SOCAVA'R, v. a. to dig under, to undermine.

SOCAVO'N, ſ. m. a cave dug under a hill.

SOCHA'NTRE, ſ. m. the under chaunter of a church.

SOCIA'BLE, adj. ſociable.

SOCIEDA'D, ſ. f. ſociety.

SO'CIO, ſ. m. a companion.

SOCOLO'R, under colour, or pretence.

SOCO'NO, ſubſt. m. in cant, any thing robbed, or a preſent made by a whore to her pimp.

SOCORREDO'R, ſ. m. one who helps ſuccours, aids, or aſſiſts.

SOCORRE'R, v. a. to ſuccour, to relieve.

SOCO'RRO, ſ. m. ſuccour, relief, aid.

SOCRO'SIO, ſ. m. a medicine, a plaſter.

Cocróſio mithridá.ico, mithridate.

S O D

SO'DA, ſ. f. the herb glaſſwort.

SODOMI'A, ſ. f. the ſin of ſodomy.

SODOMI'TA, ſ. m. f. a ſodomite.

SODOMI'TICO, ſ. m. a ſodomite.

SO'DOMO, ſ. m. vide *SODOMI'TA*.

S O E

SOE'Z, adj. filthy.

S O F

SOFALDA'R, v. n. to tuck up the coats.

SOFLA'MA, ſ. f. a little flame; a great heat, captious and deceiving words.

SOFLAMA'R, v. a. to ſhame one; alſo to deceive one with fair language.

SOFLAME'RO, ſ. m. one who deceives with fair words.

SOFOCA'R, v. a. v. *SUFOCA'R*.

SOFRE'IR, v. a. to fry lightly.

SOFRENA'DA, ſ. f. a check given with the bridle; a check, a reproof, and ſometimes a blow on the face.

SOFRENA'R, v. a. to check with the bridle.

S O G

SO'GA, ſ. f. a rope, but properly, that which is made of *eſparto*.

Dar ſóga, to give out rope; to let a man go on without check.

Llevár la ſóga arraſtrándo, to drag the rope; that is, to be in danger.

Tenér la ſóga a la gargánta, to have a halter about one's neck: to be in great danger.

Téner

Tenér sóga de ahorcádo, to have the rope a man was hanged with; that is, to be fortunate in all things.

Prov. *Echár la sóga tras el caldéro*, to throw the rope after the bucket; to throw, the helve after the hatchet.

SOGUEA'R, v. a. to measure with a rope.

SOGUE'RO, ſ. m. a rope-maker.

SOGUI'LLA, *SOGUI'TA*, ſ. f. a little rope.

S O H

SOHE'Z, adj. mean, baſe, vile.

S O J

SOJUSGADO'R, a conqueror, a ſubduer.

SOJUSGA'R, v. a. to ſubdue, to conquer, to bring under.

S O L

SOL, ſ. m. the ſun.

El ſol sále, the ſun riſes.

El ſol ſe póne, the ſun ſets.

El ſol pica, the ſun ſcorches.

De ſol à ſol, from ſun riſing to ſun ſetting.

Detenér el ſol, to ſtop the ſun; to aim at impoſſibilities; to labour in vain.

Prov. *Con el buén ſol, eſtiendéſe el caracól*, the warm ſun makes the ſnail ſtretch himſelf out. The meaneſt creature with encouragement thrives; or, baſe people encouraged, grow ſaucy.

SOLACEA'R, v. a. vide *SOLAZA'R*.

SOLA'DO, ſ. m. a boarded or paved floor.

SOLAME'NTE, adv. only.

SOLA'NA, ſ. f. a ſunny place, a loft in a houſe. Alſo the rent paid for a houſe.

SOLANAZO, ſ. m. augment of *ſoláno*.

SOLA'NO, ſ. m. the eaſt wind.

SOLA'PA, ſ. f. a lapping over in a garment; metaph. an underhand practice, a concealed affair.

SOLAPADAME'NTE, adv. with diſſimulation, deceitfully.

SOLAPA'R, v. a. to lap over like a garment; alſo to conceal, or cover, as under a garment.

SOLA'PO, ſ. m. a lapping over in a garment; metaphor, an underhand practice, a concealed affair.

SOLA'R, ſ. m. the ground a houſe ſtands on; the ancient manſion houſe of a family.

Hidálgo de ſolár conocído, a gentleman of an ancient known family.

Solár, adj. ſolar, of the ſun.

Solár, v a. to lay a floor, to plank, to pave.

Solár zapátos, to ſole ſhoes.

SOLARIE'GO, adj. of, or belonging to the ſtock, family, or manſion-houſe.

SOLA'Z, ſ. f. comfort, gaity, pleaſure, delight.

SOLAZA'R, v. a. to ſolace, to comfort, to delight.

SOLA'ZO, ſ. m. augment. of *ſol*; a burning ſun.

SOLDA'DA, ſ. f. ſoldiers pay, ſervants wages; alſo ſoldering of metals.

SOLDADE'SCA, ſ. f. ſoldiery.

SOLDADI'CO, *SOLDADI'LLO*, ſ. m. dimin. of *ſoldado*.

SOLDA'DO, ſ. m. a ſoldier.

Soldádo aventajádo, a ſoldier that has more than the common pay.

Prov. *De ſoldádo que no tiéne cápa, guárda tu váca*, keep your cow from a ſoldier that has no cloak. Take care of all you ſee a poor ſoldier.

SOLDADO'R, ſ. m. a ſolderer.

SOLDADU'RA, ſ. f. a ſoldering, or the place where a thing is ſoldered.

SOLDA'N, ſ. m. a ſoldan or ſultan.

SOLDA'R, v. a. to ſolder metal.

SOLECISMO, ſ. m. ſoleciſm, a falſe concord.

SOLECI'TO, ſ. m. dimin. of *ſol*; a pleaſing ſun that does not overheat us.

SOLEDA'D, ſ. f. ſolitude, ſolitarineſs, loneſomeneſs, a ſolitary loneſome place, a deſert.

SOLE'MNE, adj. ſolemn, expenſive, famous; alſo merry, gay.

SOLEMNEME'NTE, adv. ſolemnly.

SOLEMNIDA'D, ſ. f. ſolemnity, religious ceremony.

SOLEMNIZADO'R, ſ. m. ſolemnizer.

SOLEMNIZA'R, v. a. to ſolemnize, to celebrate.

SO'LEO, ſ. m. one of the muſcles, ſo called by anatomiſts.

SOLE'R, v. n. to be wont, to accuſtom, to habituate oneſelf.

Sol.r, ſ. m. the floor at the bottom of the hold in a ſhip.

SOLE'RCIA, ſ. f. cunning, craft.

SOLE'TA, ſ. f. the ſole part of a ſtocking, a new ſole put to it.

SOLETA'R, *SOLETRE'AR*, v. a. to put new ſoles to old ſtockings.

SOLETERO, ſ. m. one whoſe buſineſs is to ſole ſtockings.

SOLEVACIO'N, vide *SUBLEVACIO'N*.

SOLEVANTA'R, v. a to riſe up; alſo to perſuade ſervants, to change places.

SOLEVA'R, v. a. idem.

SOLEVAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. the act of raiſing or lifting up.

SOL FA, ſ. f. the name of two notes in muſick, uſed to ſignify muſick in general.

Eſtár en ſolfa, to be finished.

Ponér en ſolfa, to finish any thing, to make it perfect.

SOLFEA'R, v. n. to ſing by notes.

SOLICITATIO'N, ſ. f ſolicitation.

SOLICITADO'R, ſ. m. a ſolicitor, one that tries, attempts, courts or allures.

SOLICITAME'NTE, adv. ſolicitouſly, diligently, carefully.

SOLICITA'R, v. a. to ſolicit, to make haſte.

Solicitár úna mugér, to make love to a woman, to endeavour to debauch her.

SOLI'CITO, adj. ſolicitous careful.

SOLICITU'D, ſ. f. ſolicitude, carefulneſs, diligence.

SOLIDAME'NTE, adv. ſolidly, firmly.

SOLIDA'R, v. a. to make ſolid.

SOLIDE'Z, ſ. f. ſolidity.

SO'LIDO, adj. ſolid.

SOLIDE'O, ſ. m. a ſort of cap uſed by prieſts.
SOLILOQUIA'R, v. n. to ſpeak with oneſelf.
SOLILO'QUI'O, ſ. m. a ſoliloquy, a meditation, a diſcourſe by oneſelf.
SOLIMA'N, ſ. m. mercury ſublimate.
SO'LIO, ſ. m. a throne.
Celebración de sólio, the king's ſitting on his throne when in the *cortes*, either at the opening of them, or to paſs acts.
SOLITARIAME'NTE, adv. ſolitarily.
SOLITA'RIO, adj. ſolitary, loneſome.
SO'LITO, adj. wont, uſual, accuſtomed.
Solito, adj. dimin. of *solo*; all alone.
SOLITU'D, ſ. f. obſ. ſolitude.
SOLIVIADU'RA, ſ. f. relieving, eaſing.
SOLIVIA'R, v. a. to relieve, to eaſe to lift underneath; ſometimes to ſteal.
SOLI'VIO, ſ. m. relieving, or eaſing, lifting underneath; ſometimes theft.
SOLLA, ſubſt. f. a ſoal, a fish ſo called.
SOLLAMA'R, v. a. to ſcorch in the flame.
SOLLA'R, v. n. to draw one's breath hard, to blow, to pant.
SOLLASTRE, ſ. m. a ſcullion in a kitcken.
SOLLASTRI'A, ſubſt. f. ſcullery-work.
SOLLO, ſ. m. a ſturgeon.
SOLLOZA'R, v. n. to ſigh to ſob.
SOLLO'ZO, ſ. m. a ſigh, a ſob.
SO'LO, adj. alone, only.
A solas, adv. alone.
SOLOMI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *solómo*.
SOLO'MO, ſ. m. the under part of the loin, which is the tendereſt.
Solómo de puérco, an under loin of pork.
SOLSTICIA'L, adj. of the ſolſtice.
SOLSTI'CIO, ſ. m. the ſolſtice, when the ſun enters the ſigns of Cancer and Capricorn.
SOLTADI'ZO, adj. looſed, untied, free.
SOLTADO'R, ſ. m. a looſer, a releaſer, an expounder of difficulties.
SOLTA'R, v. a. to ſet go, to let looſe, to releaſe; alſo to expound difficulties.
Soltár la préſa, to let go the booty; alſo to open a ſluice.
Soltár la cápa, to let go one's cloak, either running away, or when one can defend it no longer againſt thieves.
Soltár de la carcél, to dimiſs out of priſon.
Soltár atadúras, to looſe bands.
Soltár queſtiónes, to ſolve or explain obſcure queſtions.
Soltár los niños de la éſcuéla, to ſend the children from the ſchool.
Soltár déudas, to remit debts.
SOLTE'RA, ſ. f. a ſingle woman; generally taken in no good ſenſe.
SOLTERI'A, ſ. f. a ſingle life.
SOLTERO, ſ. m. a batchelor, a ſingleman.
SOLTU'RA, ſ. f. looſing, delivering, releaſing, untying; metaph. impudence, lewdneſs.
Décir el ſuéño y la ſoltúra, to tell all one thinks without reſerve.
SOLU'BLE, adj. that can be reſolved or explained.
SOLUCIO'N, ſ. f. a ſolution, the ſolving of a queſtion.
SOLVE'R, v. a. to untie, to ſolve.
SOLUTI'VO, adj. that can ſolve or untie.

S O M

SO'MA, ſ. f. bran; in cant, a hen.
SOMBRA, ſubſt. f. a ſhadow, the ſhade.
Ponér a úno a la sómbra, to put a man into the ſhade; that is, to caſt him into priſon.
Andár a sómbra de texádo, to go under the ſhade, of the tiles; that is, to abſcond, to keep cloſe.
SOMBRA'JO, ſ. m. a ſhady place; a thing that makes a ſhade.
SOMBRA'R, v. a. vide *ASSOMBRAR*.
SOMBREA'R, v. a. to ſhade a picture.
SOMBRERA'DA, ſ. f. a ſalutation, by pulling off the hat; alſo a blow with the hat.
SOMBRERAZO, ſ. m. a very large hat, and a blow given with a hat.
SOMBRERE'RA, ſ. f. a hat-caſe; alſo the herb butterbur.
SOMBRERE'RO, ſ. m. a hatter.
SOMBRE'RO, ſ. m. a hat.
Sombréro albanéz, a high-crowned hat.
SO'MBRIO, } adj. ſhady.
SOMBRO'SO, }
SOMERAME'NTE, adv. ſuperficially.
SOME'RO, adj. ſuperficial, that is almoſt at top.
SOMETE'R, v. a. to ſubmit, to put under to ſubdue.
SOMNOLE'NCIA, ſ. f. diſpoſition to ſleep, ſleepineſs.
SO'MO, adv. as.
En sómo el colládo, on the top of the hill.
SOMO'NTE, ſ. m. what is rough, uncouth, unpoliſhed.
SOMORGUJADO'R, ſ. m. a diver.
SOMORGUJAR, v. n. to dive under water.
SOMORGU'JO, ſ. m. a plunge under water; a bird ſo called.
SOMPESA'R, v. a. to lift any thing as it were to feel how much it weighs.

S O N

SON, ſ. m. a ſound, a noiſe.
SONA'BLE, adj. that may ſound, or be ſounded.
SONA'DA, ſ. f. a tune; alſo a famous action or exploit much ſpoken of, and a rumour, a report.
SONADE'RO, ſ. m. a handkerchief.
SONADO'R, ſ. m. that ſounds.
SONA'JAS, ſ. f. pl. a kind of inſtrument the country people dance to.
SONAJE'RA, ſ. f. a woman that plays on the *sonájas*.
SONA'JERO, ſ. m. a rattle, a ſmall bell; any thing that makes a noiſe.
SONA'R, v. a. to ſound.
Sonárse, v. r. to be reported or bruited abroad.
Sonárse las nárices, to blow one's noſe.
Prov. *El bién ſuéna y el mal vuéla*,

good news is rumoured, but bad news flies.

SO'NCO, ſ. m. a ſort of herb ſo called.

SO'NDA, ſ. f. a plummet to ſound the depth of waters with a ſounding lead.

SONDALE'SA, ſ. f. a ſounding plummet, ſuch as they uſe at ſea.

SONDA'R, *SONDEA'R*, } v. a. to ſound the depth of waters.

SONECI'LLO, ſ. m. a light ſound.

SONETA'ZO, ſ. m. a very good ſonnet; a very bad ſonnet too.

SONETI'CO, ſ. m. a poor deſpicable ſonnet, a little pretty ſonnet.

SONE'TO, ſ. m. a ſonnet. The Spaniſh conſiſts of fourteen verſes.

SONI'DO, ſ. m. a ſound.

SONORAME'NTE, adv. ſonorouſly.

SONO'RO, adj. ſounding, that makes a great ſounding or a pleaſant ſound.

SONORO'SO, adj. idem.

SONREI'RSE, v. n. to ſmile.

SONRI'SA, ſ. f. a ſmile, or ſmiling.

SONRODA'DO, adj. that is ſtuck in mire.

SONRODA'R, v. n. to ſtick in the mire; ſaid of the wheels.

SONROJA'R, v. a. to aſhame.

SONRO'JO, ſ. m. ſhame, blush.

SONROSA'R, v. a to dye in a roſe colour.

SONROSEA'RSE, v. r. to blush.

SONROSI'JO, ſ. m. blushing.

SONSA'CA, ſ. f. ſeducing, cheating.

SONSACADO'R, ſ. m. one who wheedles or ſeduces.

SONSACA'R, v. a. to wheedle, to worm out, to draw aſtray, to ſeduce.

SONSONE'TE, ſ. m. a little ſound cauſed by hitting ſoftly on any thing.

S O ñ

SOñADO'R, ſ. m. a dreamer.

SOñA'R, v. n. to dream.

SOñARRE'RA, ſubſt. f. the act of dreaming much, and a heavy ſleep.

SOñOLIE'NTO, adject. ſleepy, drowſy.

S O P

SO'PA, ſ. f. a ſop.

Sópa doráda, a ſort of ſoap ſo called.

Ir a la sópa, to repair for alms to the monaſteries where they give to all the poor a meſs.

Eſtár hécho una sópa, to be wet through; metaph. to be drunk.

Una ſopa de añadído a ſoop that has more liquor put to it, and ſpoilt by that addition.

SOPA'IPA, ſ. f. a kind of fritter.

SOPALA'NDA, ſ. f. a particular kind of dreſs worn by vagabonds, generally torn and dirty.

SOPA'PO, ſ. m. dewlap, the part next under the chin or gorge; a double chin; alſo a blow under the chin.

SOPA'R, v. a to ſop.

SOPEA'R, v. a to uſe a man ill, to tread him under feet.

SOPE'NA, adv. upon pain of.

SOPETE'AR, v. a. to uſe ill, to treat ill; alſo to dip bread in broth and eat it.

SOPETO'N, ſ. m. a large ſop; alſo a ſudden blow given with the hand.

SO'PHI, ſ. m. the ſophy or monarch of Perſia.

SOPHI'SMA, ſ. m. a ſophiſm, a fallacious argument.

SOPHI'STA, ſ. m. a ſophiſt.

SOPHISTERI'A, ſ. f. ſophiſtry.

SOPHISTICAME'NTE, adv. ſophiſtically.

SOPHISTICA'R v. a. to ſophiſticate.

SOPHI'ST'ICO, adj. ſophiſtical.

SOPI'LLA, *SOPI'TA*, } ſ. f. dimin. of *ſopa*.

SOPLADO'R, ſ. m. a blower.

SOPLAMO'CO, ſ. m. a blow given on the face with the hand.

SOPLA'R, v. n. to blow. Metaph. to whiſper, to inform, to carry tales.

Soplár una pieza en el juego, to huff a man at draughts.

Soplár á la oréja, to whiſper in the ear.

Sópla, vivo te le doy, a ſort of ſport among boys.

Prov. *Soplár, y ſorbér no puéde júnto ſer*, to blow and ſip at once cannot be done. Two contraries cannot be performed at once.

SOPLI'LLO, ſ. m. a thin ſilk, of which they make women's veils.

SO'PLO, ſ. m. a breath of wind, a puff, a blaſt; alſo a whiſper or information, a tale carried.

SOPLO'N, ſ. m. a great puff or blaſt; generally taken for an informer, a tale carrier, a ſpy.

SOPO'N, ſ. m. a fellow that goes to convents to fetch a ſoup given there regularly by way of alms.

SOPO'R, ſ. m. heavineſs, ſleepineſs.

SOPORI'FERO, adj. that cauſes ſleep.

SOPORTA'BLE, adj. ſupportable, tolerable.

SOPORTA'L, ſ. m. a walking-place under a portico or arch.

SOPORTA'R, v. a. to ſupport, to uphold, to maintain, to bear with.

S O R

SOR, ſ. f. a ſiſter; alſo an abbreviation of *ſéñor*.

SO'RBA, ſ. f. the fruit called a ſervice.

SORBEDO'R, ſ. m. a ſipper.

SORBE'R, v. a. to ſip.

Prov. *Sortér y ſoplár, no ſe puéde hacer a la pár*, one cannot ſip and blow at the ſame time. Two contrary actions cannot be done together.

SORBE'TE, ſ. f. the jelly of any fruit mixed with vater to drink.

SORBETO'N, ſ. m. a ſip.

SORBI'CO, *SORBI'LLO*, *SORBI'TO*, } ſ. m. a little ſip.

SO'RBO, ſ. m. a ſip; alſo a ſervice-tree.

SORCE, ſ. m a mouſe.

SORDAME'NTE, adv. deafly.

SORDEDAD, *SORDE'RA*, *SORDE'Z*, } ſ. f. deafneſs.

SORDIDE'Z, ſ. f. ſordidneſs.

SO'RDIDO, adj. ſordid, baſe.

SORDI'NA, ſ. f. a mute.

SO'RDO, adj. deaf; alſo that does not ſound.

Piédra sórda, ſo architects call a ſolid

ſort of ſtone that makes little noiſe when ſtruck.

Prov. *No hay péor sórdo que el que no quiére oir*, none ſo deaf as he that will not hear.

SO'RNA, ſ. f. heavineſs, ſlowneſs; in cant, the night.

SORNA'R, v. n. in cant, to ſleep.

SORPREENDE'R, v. a. to ſurpriſe.

SO'RRA, ſ. f. the ballaſt of a ſhip.

SORRE'RO, adj. ſluggiſh becauſe ill ballaſted; ſaid of ſhips.

SORTEADO'R, ſ. m. he that caſts the lots; he that attacks the bull at the bull-feaſts.

SORTEA'R, v. a. to caſt lots.

SORTE'O, ſ. m. the act of caſting lots.

SORTE'RO, ſ. m. a fortune-teller; one that caſts lots.

SORTIJA, ſ. f. a ring.

Correr de ſortija, to ride at the ring.

SORTIJO'N, ſ. m. a great ring.

SORTIJUE'LA, ſ. f. a little ring.

SORTILE'GIO, ſ. m. fortune-telling by lots.

SORTU, ſ. m. a great coat.

S O S

SOSA, ſ. f. the herb glaſſwort.

SOSLA'YO, adj. aſlope, ſloping, athwart.

SO'SO, unſavoury, inſipid.

SOSPE'CHA, ſ. f. ſuſpicion.

SOSPECHA'R, v. a. to ſuſpect.

SOSPECHOSAME'NTE, ad. ſuſpiciouſly.

SOSPECHO'SO, adj. ſuſpicious.

SOSQUI'N, ſ. m. a blow cunningly or treacherouſly given.

SOSSEGADAME'NTE, adverb. quietly, calmly.

SOSSEGA'R, v. a. to quiet, to ſtill to calm.

SOSSIE'GO, ſubſt. m. quietneſs, calmneſs, ſtillneſs.

SOSTEN, ſ. m. a prop, a ſupport; or the act of ſupporting and keeping up.

SOSTENEDO'R, ſ. m. a ſupporter.

SOSTENE'R, v. a. to ſuſtain, to ſupport, to uphold, to maintain.

SOSTENIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. ſuſtaining, ſupporting upholding maintaining.

SOSTITUI'R, v. a. to ſubſtitute, to appoint one under another; to make a deputy.

SOSTITU'TO, adj. ſubſtituted; put under another; ſubſtantively uſed, a ſubſtitute, one placed under another.

S O T

SOTA, ſ. f. the knave at cards.

Sóta de navlo, that part of the hold of a ſhip where the ballaſt lies.

SOTABA'NCO, ſ. m. among builders, a place jutting out towards the top of a wall over the frieze or cornice, and betwixt it and the roof, for any thing to reſt or ſtand upon.

SOTACABALLERI'ZO, ſ. m. an officer ſubject immediately to the maſter of the horſe.

SOTACOCHE'RO, ſ. m. an under coachman.

SOTACO'LA, ſ. f. a crupper, a ſtrap put under the horſe's tail and fixed to the ſaddle.

SOTALCA'IDE, ſ. m. a deputy governor.

SOTAMONTE'RO, ſ. m. an under huntſman.

SOTA'NA, ſ. f. a caſſock.

SOTANI'LLA, ſ. f. a little caſſock.

SOTA'NO, ſ. m. a cellar.

SOTAVENTA'DO, ſ. m. adj drove to the leeward.

SOTAVE'NTO, ſ. m. the lee ſide, the ſide on which the wind blows.

SOTERRA'NEO, ſ. m. a vault, a place under ground.

Soterráneo, adj. that is under ground.

SOTERRA'R, v. a. to bury, to put under ground.

SOTI'CO, ſ. m. a little wood, thicket, or hedge; alſo a ſort of herb that has leaves like trefoil.

SOTIL, adj. v. *SUTIL*.

SOTILE'ZA, ſ. f. v. *SUTILE'ZA*.

SOTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little wood or thicket.

SOTILME'NTE, adv. v. *SUTILME'NTE*.

SO'TO, ſ. m. a wood, a thicket, a hedge, a field hedged in.

Prov. *Por ſóto no váyas trás bóto*, do not follow another in a wood or a thicket; becauſe the boughs fly back from him that went before.

SOTOMINISTRO, ſ. m. an under-miniſter or coadjutor in a religious order.

SOTRO'ZO, ſ. m. an iron put in the wheels of ordnance pieces, to keep them firm.

S P A

SPARGA'NEO, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.

S P E

SPERMA, ſ. f. v. *ESPERMA*.

S P O

SPO'DIO, ſ. m. the aſhes of the elephant's tuſks.

S T A

STA'CTE, ſ. m. ſtacte, an aromatick, the gum that diſtils from the tree which produces myrrh.

S T E

STEBA, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.

STENTO'RIO, adj. very ſtrong, applied to the voice.

STEREOGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. ſtereography; the art of drawing the form of ſolids upon a plane.

STEREOGRA'PHICO, adj. relating to ſtereography.

STEREOMETRI'A, ſ. f. ſtereometry; the art of meaſuring all ſorts of ſolid bodies.

STERNO'N, ſ. m. the ſternum, the breaſt bone.

S T O

STOMA'TICHO, } adj. ſtoma-
STOMA'TICO, } chick, good for the ſtomach.

S T R

STRATIOTE, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.

SU

SU', pron. yours, his.
Su cabállo, his horſe.
Su padre de v. m. your father.

SUA

SUADI'R, v. a. to perſuade.
SUASI'BLE, adj. that may be perſuaded.
SUASIO'N, ſ. f. perſuaſion.
SUASI'VO, adj. perſuaſive.
SUA'VE, adject. ſweet, pleaſant, ſmooth, ſoft.
SUAVEME'NTE, adv. ſweetly, pleaſantly, ſoft.
SUAVIDA'D, ſ. f. ſweetneſs, pleaſantneſs, ſmoothneſs, ſoftneſs.
SUAVIZA'R, v. a. to make ſweet and pleaſant to the mind or ſenſes.

SUB

SUBALTERNA'R, v. a. to ſubject, to place under another's command.
SUBALTE'RNO, adj. ſubaltern.
SUBBRIGA'DIER, ſ. m. an officer of horſe, next in order to a brigadier.
SUBDELEGACIO'N, ſ. f. ſubdelegation, ſubſtitution.
SUBDELEGA'R, v. a. to ſubdelegate, to ſubſtitute, to appoint one to ſerve for another.
SUBDIACONA'DO, *SUBDIACONATO*, } ſ. m. the office or dignity of a ſubdeacon.
SUBDIA'CONO, ſ. m. a ſubdeacon, the next in order to a deacon.
SUBDITO, ſ. m. a ſubject.
SUBDIVIDI'R, v. a. to ſubdivide.
SUBDIVISIO'N, ſ. f. ſubdiviſion.
SU'BDUPLO, adj. ſubduple, containing one part of two.
SUBI'DA, ſ. f. an aſcent or going up.

Prov. *De gran ſubida, gran caida*, a great riſe will have a great fall.

SUBIDE'TO, adj. that is aſcended, that one muſt aſcend.
SUBI'DO, adj. lofty, high; metaph. proud, haughty.
Subido de quilátes, very fine or pure as gold or ſilver that is much refined; metaph. applied to any thing that is of great value.
Subido de cólor, high coloured.
Subido de talones, grown haughty or proud.
SUBIDO'R, ſ. m. one that riſes or goes up; or one that enhances, or raiſes the price, or extols any thing.
SUBI'R, v. n. to go up, to riſe.
Subir el precio, to raiſe the price.
Subirſe de punto, to take ſtate upon one.
Subirſe en el canto, to ſing out of tune by overſtraining the voice.
Subirſe de talónes, to grow proud.
SUBITAME'NTE, adv. ſuddenly.
SUBITANEAME'NTE, adverb, idem.
SUBITA'NEO, adj. ſudden, unexpected.
SU'BITO, adj. ſudden, unexpected.
SUBJUGA'R, v. a. to ſubdue.
SUBJUNTI'VO, ſ. m. a ſubjunctive in grammar.
SUBLEVACIO'N, ſ. f. riſing up, a ſedition.
SUBLEVACIO'N, ſ. f. *SUBLEVAMIE'NTO*, ſ. m. } a riſing; the act of riſing or lifting up.
SUBLEVA'R, v. a. to move a ſedition or inſurrection.
SUBLIMACIO'N, ſ. f. ſublimation, lifting up, extolling.
SUBLIMA'R, v. a. to lift up, to raiſe, to extol.
SUBLI'ME, adj. lofty, high.
SUBLIMIDA'D, ſ. f. loftineſs.
SUBLUNA'R, adj. ſublunar, ſublunary, under the moon.
SUBORDINACIO'N, ſ. f. ſubordination.
SUBORDINADAME'NTE, adv. ſubordinately.
SUBORDINA'R, v. a. to make ſubordinate.
SUBPOLA'R, adj. lying under the pole.
SUBREPCIO'N, ſ. f. ſubreption, the act of obtaining by ſurprize or unfair repreſentation.
SUBREPTICIAME'NTE, adv. clandeſtinely, thief-like.
SUBREPTI'CIO, adj. ſurreptitious, done by ſtealth.
SUBROGACIO'N, ſ. f. a putting in the place of another.
SUBROGA'R, v. a. to ſubrogate, to put in the place of another.
SUBSCRIPCIO'N, ſ. f. a ſubſcription.
SUBSCRI'TO, p. p. ſubſcribed.
SUBSCRIBI'R, v. a. to ſubſcribe.
SUBSEQüE'NTE, adj. ſubſequent.
SUBSI'DIO, ſ. m. ſubſidy, aid, relief.
SUBSISTE'NCIA, ſ. f. ſubſiſtence.
SUBSISTI'R, v. a. to ſubſiſt.
SUBSTA'NCIA, ſ. f. ſubſtance, food, or nourishment.
Subſtáncia, wealth, means of life.
SUBSTANCIA'L, adj. ſubſtantial, real.
SUBSTANCIA'R, v. a. to make an abridgment or ſummary; alſo to enquire about any thing.
SUBSTANCIO'SO, adj. belonging to ſubſtance.
SUBSTANTIVAME'NTE, adv. ſubſtantively.
SUBSTANTI'VO, ſ. m. ſubſtantive.
SUBSTITUCIO'N, ſ. f. ſubſtitution.
SUBSTITUI'DOR, ſ. m. one who puts another in his place.
SUBSTITUI'R, v. a. to ſubſtitute.
SUBSTRAHE'R, v. a. to ſubtract.
SUBTENDE'R, v. a. to ſubtend, to be extended under.
SUBTERRA'NEO, adj. ſubterraneal, ſubterraneous.
SUBURBA'NO, *SUBU'RBIO*, } ſ. m. a ſuburb, outpart of a city.
SUBVERSIO'N, ſ. f. ſubverſion, ruin, deſtruction.
SUBVERTI'R, v. a. to ſubvert, to overturn, to ruin, to deſtroy.

SUC

SUCARTI'LLO, ſ. m. in cant, page or ſervant.

SUCA'RRO, ſ. m. in cant, a footman, a laquey, a ſervant.
SUCCINO, ſ. m. yellow amber, ſuch as they make necklaces of.
SUCCIO'N, ſ. f. ſuction, the act of ſucking.
SUCEDE'R, v. n. to ſucceed, as by deſcent; to happen, to fall out.
SUCESSIO'N, ſ. f. ſucceſſion, deſcent.
SUCESSIVAME'NTE, adv. ſucceſſively, by deſcent.
SUCESSIVO, adj. ſucceſſive, by deſcent, or in courſe.
SUCE'SSO, ſ. m. ſucceſs, event, accident, chance.
SUCESSO'R, ſ. m. a ſucceſſor.
SUCIAME'NTE, adv. naſtily, filthily.
SUCIE'DAD, ſ. f. naſtineſs, filth.
SUCINTAME'NTE, adv. ſuccinctly, briefly.
SUCI'NTO, adj. ſuccinct, brief.
SU'CIO, adj. naſty, dirty, filthy.
SU'CO, ſ. m. the ſap of a tree.
SUCO'SO, adj. juicy.

SUD

SU'D, ſ. m. the ſouth-weſt wind.
SUDADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſweating-place.
Sudadéro de la tiérra, a moiſt ground where the water ouſes out.
SU'DAR, v. n. to ſweat.
Más vále ſudár que toſſer, it is better to ſweat than to cough.
SUDA'RIO, ſ. m. a handkerchief.
SUDO'R, ſ. m. ſweat.
SUDORI'FICO, } adj. ſudori-
SUDORI'FERO, } fick.
SUDUL'STE, ſ. m. ſouth-weſt.

SUE

SUE'GRA, ſ. f. a mother-in-law by marriage, the wife's, or the husband's mother.

Prov. *No ſe acuérda la ſuégra que ſué nuéra*, the mother-in-law does not remember ſhe was a daughter-in-law.

SUE'GRO, ſ. m. a father-in-law by marriage, the wife's or the husband's father.

SUE'LA, ſubſt. f. the ſole of the ſhoe.
Suéla, among carpenters, a piece of timber laid on the ground as a foundation to build a lath and plaiſter wall upon; or a plank laid under a ſhore or prop.

Prov. *Suélas y vino ándan camino*, ſoles and wine to go the journey; that is good ſoles to ſave the feet, and wine to chear the heart, make a man travel eaſily.

SUE'LDO, ſ. m. pay, wages.
SUE'LO, ſ. m. the ground, the floor, the bottom.
Dar con la coſa en el ſuelo, to let a thing fall upon the ground.
Echár la caſa por el ſuelo, to level a houſe with the ground.
Levantar la caſa el ſuelo, to build a houſe from the ground.

Prov. *Quién no póne y ſiémpre ſúca, ſuélo hálla*, a man who always ſpends and never gets, muſt ſee an end of what he has.

SUELTA, ſ. f. the act of untying.
Suéltas, ſ. f. pl. fetters for horſes feet.
SUELTAME'NTE, adv. looſely, lightly, nimbly, freely.
SUE'LTO, adj. looſe, free, at liberty; nimbly, active, quick.
Suélto de léngua, talkative.
SUE'NO, ſ. m. obſ. a ſound.
SUE'ñO, ſ. m. a ſleep, a dream.
Dormir a ſueño ſuelto, to ſleep ſound, without any diſturbance.
Decir el ſueño y la ſolúra, to tell a man his dream and the expoſition of it; metaph. to tell a man all one's mind with freedom.

Prov. *Tornóſele el ſueño del pérro*, it was like a dog's dream to him. Applied to thoſe who fancy they can compaſs great matters, and come off with loſs.

Prov. *De los ſueños no créas málos ni buénos*, of dreams believe neither the good nor the bad. Do not be ſuperſtitious and give credit to dreams.

Prov. *Sueño ſoſſegádo no téme nubládo*, quiet ſleep fears no foul weather; that is, he who ſleeps ſound, has no apprehenſions, fears, or cares upon him.

SUE'RO, ſ. m. whey; the ſerum in a man's blood.
SUE'RTE, ſ. m. a lot, a chance. Alſo a ſort, a kind, or a manner.
Echár ſuértes, to caſt lots.
Eſto me cúpo en ſuérte, this fell to my lot.
No le quiéro de ésta ſuérte, I will not have it of this ſort, after this manner.

Prov. *A mála ſuérte embidár fuérte*, he that has ill luck muſt push boldly.

SUE'STE, ſ. f. m. ſouth-eaſt.

SUF

SUFICIE'NCIA, ſ. f. ſufficiency, enough.
SUFICIE'NTE, adj. ſufficient.
SUFICIENTEME'NTE, adv. ſufficiently.
SUFOCACIO'N, ſ. f. ſuffocation.
SUFOCA'R, v. a. to ſuffocate, to ſtifle.
SUFRAGA'NEO, ſ. m. ſuffragan, ſubordinate to an archbiſhop.
SUFRAGA'R, v. a. to help, to favour.
SUFRA'GIO, ſ. m. a vote; alſo favour, aſſiſtance; commonly uſed for the prayers of the church.
SU'FRE, ſ. m. brimſtone.
SUFRE'NCIA, ſ. f. obſ. ſufferance, patience.
SUFRI'BLE, adj. tolerable, that may be endured.
SUFRI'DA, ſ. f. in cant, a bed.
SUFRIDE'RO, adj. that may be endured.
SUFRI'DO, adj. patient, that will ſuffer much; in cant, one that endured the rack without confeſſing.
SUFRIDO'R, ſ. m. one who ſuffers or endures.
SUFRIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. patience.
SUFRI'R, v. a. to ſuffer, to endure.

Prov. *Sufre por ſabér, y trabája por téner*, endure inconveniencies to acquire knowledge, and rake pains to gain wealth.

SUFUMIGACIO'N, ſ. f. ſuffumigation.

S U G

SUGESTI'ON, ſ. f. ſuggeſtion.
SUGE'TO, adj. ſubject.
Sugéto, ſ m. a ſubject.
Fuláno es un ſugéto de importáncia, ſuch a one is a perſon of note.
SU'GO, ſ. m. juice.
SUGO'SO, adj. juicy, full of juice.

S U J

SUJECIO'N, ſ. f. ſubjection.
SUJETA'R, v. a. to ſubject, t[illegible] ſubmit.
SUJE'TO, adj. expoſed, liable to.

S U L

SULCA'R, v. a. to make furrows, to plough.
SU'LCO, ſ. m. a furrow.
SULFONE'TE, ſ. m. a match to light fire with.
SULPHU'REO, adj. ſulphureous.
SULQUI'LLO, ſ. f. a little furrow.
SULTA'N, ſ. m. a ſultan.

S U M

SU'MA, ſ. f. a ſum.
SUMAME'NTE, adv. in fine, in ſhort; alſo highly, loftily.
SUMA'R, v. a. to ſum, to caſt up, to add together.
SUMARIAME'NTE, adv. briefly.
SUMARI'O, ſ. m. a ſummary, ſhort contents, the ſum or ſubſtance.
SUMERGI'R, v. a. to ſink, to drown.
SUMERSIO'N, ſ. f. ſubmerſion, drowning.
SUMIDA'D, ſ. f. height, the top.
SUMIDE'RO, ſ. m. a ſink, a place that ſwallows all up.
SUMILLE'R, de *curtina*, ſ. m. a chaplain of honur to the king.
Sumillér de corps, tking's exquire of the body.
SUMILLERI'A, ſ. f. the buttery.
SUMINISTRACIO'N, ſ. f. affording, ſupplying.
SUMINISTRADO'R, ſ. m. one who ſupplies or affords.
SUMINISTRA'R, v. a to ſupply, to afford.
SUMI'R, v. a. obſ. to ſink, to ſwallow, up, to overwhelm.
Sumirſe, v. r. to ſink into the ground.
SUMISSION, ſ. f. ſubmiſſion.
SUMISSO, p. p. of the verb *ſométer*; adjectively uſed, it means humble, ſubmiſſive.
SUMI'STA, ſ. m one that makes a collection or an abridgment of many things.
SU'MO, adj. the higheſt, the moſt excellent.
El ſumo pontifice, the pope.
SUMPTUA'RIO, adj. ſumptuary, relating to expence.
SUMPTUOSAME'NTE, adv. ſumptuouſly, pompouſly, magnificently.
SUMPTUOSIDA'D, ſ. f. ſumptuouſneſs, pompouſneſs, magnificence.
SUMPTUO'SO, adj. ſumptuous, pompous, magnificent.
SU'MULA, ſ. m. a ſum, a collection, an abridgment.
SUMULI'STA, ſ. m. v. *SUMI'STA*.

S U N

SUNCHO, ſ m. an iron that faſtens the pump on board a ſhip.

S U P

SUPEDITA'R, v. a. to ſupply, to furnish, to provide; alſo to have enough.
SUPERA'BLE, adj. that may be conquered, overcome, ſubdued.
SUPERABUNDA'NCIA, ſ. f. ſuperabundance.
SUPERABUNDA'NTE, adj. ſuperabounding.
SUPERABUNDA'R, v. a. to ſuperabound.
SUPERA'R, v. a. to overcome.
SUPE'RBO, adj. vide *SOBERBIO*.
SUPERCHERI'A, ſ. f. overbearing, fraud, deceit, fallacy; alſo incivillity.
SUPERCHE'RO, adj. one that overbears, that oppreſſes.
SUPERFICIA'L, adj. ſuperficial.
SUPERFICIALME'NTE, adv ſuperficially.
SUPERFI'CIE, ſ. f. the ſuperficies, the outward face of a thing.
SUPERFLUAME'NTE, adv. ſuperfluouſly.
SUPERFLUIDA'D, ſ. f. ſuperfluity.
SUPE'RFLUO, adj. ſuperfluous.
SUPERINTENDE'NCIA, ſ. f. ſuperintendency, overſeeing.
SUPERINTENDE'NTE, ſ. m. a ſuperintendant, an overſeer.
SUPERIO'R, adj. ſuperior, that is above or over another, uppermoſt.
Superiór, ſ. m. a ſuperior.
SUPERIORIDA'D, ſ. f. ſuperiority.
SUPERIORME'NTE, adv. ſuperiorly.
SUPERLATIVAME'NTE, adv. ſuperlatively.
SUPERLATI'VO, adj. ſuperlative, of the ſuperlative degree.
SUPE'RNO, adj. ſupreme, the higheſt.
SUPERNUMERA'RIO, adj. ſupernumerary, above the number allowed.
SUPERSTICIO'N, ſ. f. ſuperſtition.
SUPERSTICIOSAME'NTE, adv. ſuperſtitiouſly.
SUPERSTICIO'SO, adj. ſuperſtitious.
SUPI'NO, ſ. m.
Supinos de rapóſa, the herb ſatyrion, or ſtander graſs.
SUPITAME'NTE, adv. obſ. ſuddenly.
SUPITA'NEO, adj. obſ. v. *SUBITA'NEO*.
SU'PITO, adj. obſ. ſudden.
SUPLEME'NTO, ſ. m. a ſupplement.
SU'PLICA, ſ. f. a petition, a requeſt, an intreaty.
SUPLICACIO'N, ſ. f. intreaty, ſupplication, an humble requeſt; alſo a ſweet wafer rolled up, ſuch as the confectioners ſell.
SUPLICACIONE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells ſweet wafers.
SUPLICA'NTE, ſ. m. a ſuppliant, he that beſeeches or intreats.

SUPLICA'R, v. a. to intreat, to beſeech.
SUPLICIO, ſ. m. punishment.
SUPLIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a ſupplement, making up what is wanting.
SUPLI'R, v. a. to make up what is deficient or wanting.
SUPONEDO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who ſuppoſes.
SUPONE'R, v. a. to ſuppoſe.
SUPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. a ſuppoſition; alſo a ſtory, a lie.
SUPREMAME'NTE, adv. to the laſt end, laſtly.
SUPRE'MO, adj. ſupreme, chief.
SUPRESSIO'N, ſ. f. ſuppreſſion.
SUPRIMI'R, v. a. to ſuppreſs, to abolish.
SUPUE'STO, p. p. of *ſuponér*.
SUPURACIO'N, ſ. f. ſupuration, the ripening of a wound.
SUPURA'R, v. a. to ſuppurate, to come to matter, as a wound does.
SUPURATI'VO, adj. the medicine that ſuppurates or brings a wound to matter.
SUPUTACIO'N, ſ. f. computation, calculation.
SUPUTA'R, v. a. to compute, to calculate.

S U R

SUR, ſ. m. the ſouth.
SURA, ſ. f. one of the bones in the leg, anatomically ſo called.
SURCA'R, v. a. to furrow, to plough up; to cut through the water as a ſhip does.
SURCI'R, v. a. v. *ZURZI'R*.
SURCO, ſ. m. a furrow in a field or garden.
SURGIDE'RO, ſ. m. a road at ſea, an anchoring place.
SURGI'R, v. n. to arrive, to come to an anchor.
SURRI'O, ſ. m. a buzzing noiſe.
Surrio de tripas, a noiſe of wind in the belly.
SURTI'DA, ſ. f. a ſmall gate in a fortreſs for the garriſon to ſally at on occaſion of a ſiege.
SURTIDO'R, ſ. m. one that provides, a caterer.
SURTI'R, v. a. to rebound, to fly high; alſo to ſupply with goods.
Surtir effécto, to have an effect.
SU'RTO, adj. come to an anchor or riding at anchor; p. p. of the verb *ſurgir*.

S U S

SUS, pron. their; as *ſus mános*, their hands.
Sus, an interj. go to; as *ſus, vámos*, come, let us go.
SUSCITA'R, v. a. to rouſe up, to raiſe.
SU'SO, adv. above.
De súſo, from above.
SUSODI'CHO, adj. above ſaid, above mentioned.
SUSPE'CTO, adj. ſuſpected.
SUSPENDEDO'R, ſ. m. who ſuſpends, or keeps in ſuſpenſe.
SUSPENDE'R, v. a. to ſuſpend.
SUSPENSIO'N, ſ. f. ſuſpenſe, ſuſpenſion, temporary ceſſation.
SUSPENSI'VO, adj. what has the faculty, or power of ſuſpending.
SUSPE'NSO, p. p. of *ſuſpender*.
SUSPENSO'RIO, adject. what is made uſe of in ſuſpending any thing.
SUSPIRA'R, v. n. to ſigh.
SUSPI'RO, ſ. m. a ſigh.
SUSTE'N, ſ. m. v. *SOSTE'N*.
SUSTENE'R, v. a. vide *SOSTENE'R*.
SUSTENTACIO'N, ſ. f. the act of ſupporting.
SUSTENTADO'R, ſ. m. who ſuſtains, maintains, or ſupports.
SUSTENTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. maintenance, food, ſuſtenance.
SUSTENTA'R, v. a. to ſuſtain, to maintain, to ſupport, to uphold, to defend.
Suſtentár mucha caſa, to be keep a great family.
Suſtentár mucho peſo, to bear a great weight.
Suſtentár concluſiónes, to defend concluſions in the ſchools.
SUSTE'NTO, ſ. m. ſuſtenance, maintenance.
SUSTILLO, ſ. m. diminutive of *ſuſto*.
SUSTITUCIO'N, ſ. f. the ſubſtituting of another in one's place.
SUSTITU'TO, ſ. m. a ſubſtitute, one that is appointed in the place of another.
SUSTITUI'R, v. a. to ſubſtitute, to put in the place of another.
SUSTO, ſ. m. trouble, cauſe of trouble, of ſuſpenſe, or fear, of fright, and the like.
SUSURRADO'R, ſ. m. one that makes a humming noiſe; alſo a whiſperer, a mumbler.
SUSURRA'R, v. n. to make a humming noiſe, to whiſper.
SUSU'RRO, ſ. m. a humming like bees, a whiſpering, a muttering.

S U T

SUTIL, adj. ſubtle, crafty; alſo thin, ſlender, curious, fine.
SUTILE'ZA, *SUTILIDA'D*, } ſ. f. ſubtlety, craft; alſo thinneſs, ſlenderneſs.
SUTILIZA'R, v. a. to ſubtilize, to make thin, fine, or ſlender; to talk finely, to ſpin out an argument.
SUTILME'NTE, adv. ſubtly, craftily, thinly, ſlenderly, delicately, curiouſly.
SUTI'RO, ſ. m. that noiſe which one hears in the ear by preſſing it with the palm of one's hand.
SUTU'RA, ſ. f. ſuture.

S U Y

SU'YO, pron. his, or her's.

S Y B

SYBILA, ſ. f. a ſybil, a propheteſs.
SYBILI'NO, adj. written or foretold by the ſybils.
SYBILI'SMO, ſ. m. the doctrine of the ſybils.
SYBILI'STA, ſ. m. who profeſſes that doctrine.

S Y C

SYCOMO'RO, ſ. m. a ſycomore, a tree ſo called.
SYCOPHA'NTA, ſ. m. a ſycophant.

SYL

SYLA'BA, ſ. f. a ſyllable.
SYLABA'RIO, ſ. m. a book containing an explanation of ſyllables.
SYLOGI'SMO, ſ. m. a ſyllogiſm.
SYLOGI'STICO, adj. ſyllogiſtical.
SYLOGIZA'R, v. n. to ſyllogize, to reaſon by ſyllogiſm.
SY'LVA, ſ. f. v. *SE'LVA*.
SYLVA'NOS, ſ. m. pl. the ſylvan gods.
SYLVE'STRE, adj. ruſtick; alſo unpolite.

SYM

SYMBO'LICO, adj. ſymbolical.
SYMBOLIZA'CION, ſ. f. ſymbolization, reſemblance.
SYMBOLIZA'R, v. n. to ſymbolize, to reſemble.
SY'MBOLO, ſ. m. a ſymbol, a type.
SYMETRI'A, ſ. f. ſymmetry, a proportion, harmony.
SYME'TRICO, adj. ſymetrical, proportionate.
SYMPATHI'A, ſ. f. ſympathy, mutual ſenſibility.
SYMPATHICAME'NTE, adv. ſympathetically, with ſympathy.
SYMPA'THICO, adj. ſympathetical.
SYMPHONI'A, ſ. f. ſymphony, concert of inſtruments.
SYMPTO'MA, ſ. m. a ſymptom, a ſign, a token among phyſicians.
SYMPTOMA'TICO, adj. ſymptomatical.

SYN

SYNABA'PHA, ſ. f. any ſtuff of its natural colour.
SYNAGO'GA, ſ. f. a ſynagogue.
SYNALEPHA, ſ. f. a figure in grammar ſo called.
SY'NCOPA, ſ. f. a ſyncope.
SYNCOPA'R, v. a. to ſhorten, to abbreviate, to cut off.
SYNDE'RESIS, ſ. m. conſciouſneſs of what is good and bad without being taught.
SYNDICA'R, v. a. to accuſe a perſon before a judge, to ſyndicate.
SY'NDICO, ſ. m. a ſort of judge.
SYNODA'L, *SYNO'DICO*, } adj. ſynodal.
SY'NODO, ſ. m. a ſynod, an aſſembly of the clergy.
SYNO'NIMIA, ſ. f. ſynonymy.
SYNONI'MO, adj. ſynonymous.
SYNTA'XIS, ſ. f. ſyntax, ſyntaxis.
SYNTHE'SIS, ſ. f. ſyntheſis, the act of joining.

SYR

SY'RIO, ſ. m. the dog-ſtar.
SYRTES, ſ. f. a quick-ſand, a bog, alſo any danger.

SYS

SYSTE'MA, ſ. f. a ſyſtem.
SY'STOLE, ſ. f. the contraction of the heart; alſo the ſhortening of a long ſyllable.

SYZ

SYZY'GIA, ſ. f. an aſtronomical term, denoting a certain phenomenon of the moon.

T.

T, Pronounced as in English.

T A

TA', interj. ſoftly; take care.

T A B

TA'BA, ſ. f. the joint bone of any animal between the two long bones.

Juégo de tába, a play with ſuch bones among children.

Menéar la tabás, to make haſte.

TABA'CO, ſ. m. the herb tobacco.

TABALA'DA, ſ. f. a box in the ear.

TABALA'RIO, ſ. m. the backſide.

TABALEA'R, v. n. to make a noiſe with the fingers upon a table.

TABANA'ZO, ſ. m. a cuff in the ear.

TABA'NCO, ſ. m. a ſtall in the ſtreets, where they ſell any thing to eat.

TA'BANO, ſ. m. a hornet or horſefly.

TABAO'LA, ſ. f. a great and confuſed noiſe, an uproar, a ſcuffle, a fray.

TABA'QUE, ſ. m. a little basket, ſuch as ladies uſe to keep their work in.

TABAQUE'RA, ſ. m. a ſnuff-box.

TABAQUERI'A, ſ. f. the place or ſhop where ſnuff is ſold.

TABAQUE'RO, ſ. m. the ſeller of ſnuff.

TABAQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little basket.

TABAQUISTA, ſ. m. a connoiſeur in ſnuff, and a great taker of ſnuff.

TABARDE'TE, } ſ. m. the
TABARDI'LLO, } ſpotted fever.

TABA'RDO, ſ. m. a coat worn by country people, by ruſticks.

TABA'RRO, ſ. m. a hornet.

TABELLO'N, ſ. m. a writer, a kind of notary.

TABE'RNA, ſ. f. a tavern.

TABERNA'CULO, ſ. m. a tabernacle, a tent.

TABERNE'RO, ſ. m. a vintner, a tavern-keeper.

TABI, ſ. m. tabby, a ſilk-ſtuff ſo called.

TABICA'R, v. n. to make an encloſure, a partition, or a wall of lath and plaiſter, or the like.

TA'BIDO, adj. rotten, corrupted, in a ſtate of decay.

TABI'QUE, ſ. m. a thin wall, partition of lath and plaiſter.

TA'BLA, ſ. f. a board; a plank; a table, a picture, a banker's counter.

Tábla de rio, that part where the river runs ſmootheſt.

Tábla de meſón, a board which is the ſign of a lodging-houſe or inn.

Tábla de múſlo, the thick brawny part of the thigh.

Tábla pará contár, an arithmetical table.

Segúnda tábla deſpúes del naufrágio, a ſecond plank after ſhipwreck.

Táblas del peſcuézo del cabállo, the ſides of a horſe's neck.

Juégo de táblas, the game of tables.

TABLACHI'NA, ſ. f. a ſquare buckler.

TABLA'CHO, ſ. m. a dam to detain water.

TABLADI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſcaffold, floor, or boarded place.

TABLA'DO, ſ. m. a ſcaffold, the floor of a room, a boarded place.

Tabládo, ſ. m. a mark to ſhoot arrows at.

Tabládo, adj. covered with boards or planks.

TABLA'GE, ſ. m. boarding, planking.

TABLAGERI'A, ſ. f. a gaming-houſe where they play at tables, &c.

TABLAGE'RO, ſ. m. one that keeps a gaming houſe, one that haunts gaming-houſes. In old Spaniſh, a gentleman who exerciſed himſelf, darting at a mark, called *tabládo*.

TABLA'NTES, ſ. m. pl. in cant: a tablecloth.

TABLA'R, ſ. m. one of the compartments in a kitchen-garden.

TABLAZO, ſ. m. a blow given with a table.

TABLAZO'N, ſ. m. planks, boards, planking, boarding.

TABLEA'R, v. a. to divide a kitchen-garden into compartments.

TABLE'RO, ſ. m. tables to play on, a cheſs or draught-board; alſo a ſhop board; a dreſſer in a kitchen; alſo a ſquare ſtone for an inſcription.

Tablero del capitél, the ſquare ſtone on the top of a column.

Tablero, a mark to ſhoot arrows at.

Ponér la vida al tablero, to put one's life in danger.

Perdér en los tableros, to loſe at tables.

TABLE'TA, ſ. f. a little board or plank, a little table, a tablet to write on; alſo a ſweet lozenge.

TABLETEA'DO, ſ. m. the noiſe that is made by preſſing the boards that form a floor.

TABLETEA'R, v. n. to make the board floor crack by treading upon it.

TABLI'TA, ſ. f. a little board.

TABLI'LLA, ſ. f. idem; alſo a child's horn-book, a teblet to write on, and the ſign hung out to ſhew a houſe lets lodgings.

TABLO'N, ſ. m. a plank, a large board.

TABLO'ZA, ſ. f. a painter's pallet.

TABU'CO, ſ. m. a cloſet; cupboard in a wall.

TABURE'TE, ſ. m. a chair with a back, but no arms to it.

TABURETI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *taburete*.

T A C

TACAMA'CA, ſ. f. a gum diſtilling from a tree called by the ſame name.

TACAñEA'R, v. n. to play the knave.

TACAñERI'A, ſ. f. knavery.

TACA'ñO, ſ. m. a knave, a ſly deceitful fellow.
TACA'R, v. a. to leave a mark, a ſtain, or other thing that hurts the thing marked or ſtained.
TACE'TA, ſ. f. a veſſel uſed in the oil preſſes.
TA'CHA, ſ. f. a blemish, a fault, a defect.
TACHA'R, v. a. to find fault with.
TACHO'N, ſ. m. a ſtud, a nail with a great flat head.
TACHONA'R, v. a. to ſtud, to adorn with ſtuds.
TACANARIO, ſ. m. the bum, the backſide.
TACHUE'LA, ſ. f. a ſmall nail called a tack.
TACITAME'NTE, adv. tacitly, ſilently, privately.
TA'CITO, adj. ſtill, quiet, hush, ſilent.
TACITURNIDA'D, ſ. f. taciturnity, ſilence.
TACITU'RNO, adj. ſilent, not talkative.
TA'CO, ſ. m. the ſtopper for the bung of a barrel, the rammer of a gun, a tack to play at billiards, the tompion that ſtops the mouth of cannons when they are not uſed.
TACO'N, ſ. m. the heel-piece of a ſhoe.
TACONEA'R, v. n. to make a noiſe with the heels in walking.
TA'CTICA, ſ. f. tacticks, the art of ranging men in the field of battle.
TA'CTO, ſ. m. the ſenſe of feeling.

T A F

TAFANA'RIO, ſ. m. the bum, the backſide.
TAFETA'N, ſ. m. taffety.
TAFILE'TE, ſ. m. a kind of thin leather ſo called.
TAFILETEA'R, v. a. to adorn with thin leather.
TAFU'REA, ſ. f. a flat-bottom boat to carry horſes in.

T A G

TAGARI'NO, ſ. m. an ancient Moriſco or one deſcended from the Moors ſuch as before the expulſion lived among the ancient Chriſtians in ſeveral towns, and were become ſuch perfect Spaniards, that they could not be diſtinguished by any other way, than by being obliged to live apart from the reſt in quarters of thoſe towns allotted for them; in Barbary, the Moors give this name to the Moors that where expelled out of Spain.
TAGARNI'NA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſweet thiſtle good to eat.
TAGARO'TE ſ. m. the worſt, ſort of falcon; metaph. a poor gentleman, who lays hold of a dinner where he can get it.

T A H

TAHALI', ſ. m. a ſhoulder-belt, a bandelier-belt.
TAHE'ñO, adj. a reddish brown colour.
Tahéño de bárba, that has a red beard.
TAHO'NA, ſ. f. a horſe-mill; alſo bridewell.
TAHONE'RO, ſ. m. the man that keeps the *atahona*.
TAHU'LLA, ſ. f. a meaſure or portion of land ſo called.
TAHU'R, ſ. m. a gameſter, a ſharper, one that makes gaming his buſineſs.
TAHURA'ZO, ſ. m. a great gameſter or ſharper.
TAHURERI'A, ſ. f. a gaming-houſe.

T A I

TAIBI'QUE, ſ. m. vide *TABIQUE*.
TAIMA'DO, adj. ſly, cautious, crafty.
TAIMONI'A, ſ. f. craftineſs.
TAI'TA, ſ. f. the word children uſe for dad or daddy.

T A J

TA'JA, ſ. f. a ſcore, a tally.
TAJA'DA, ſ. f. a ſcore, a tally.
Tajáda, a cut, a ſlash, a ſlice, a piece cut off,
Tajáda de cárne, a ſlice of meat.
TAJADE'RA, f. f. a dam that keeps water from running to a particular part.
TAJADE'RO, ſ. m. a chopping board.
TAJADO'R, ſ. m. a cutter, a ſlasher, a ſlicer; alſo a carver, and a chopping bock or board.
TAJAMA'R, ſ. m. the cutwater the ſharp part of the ſhip before, that cuts and divides the water before it comes to the bow.
TAJA'R, v. a. to cut, ſlash, to ſlice, to carve.
TA'JO, ſ. m. a cut with any inſtrument; alſo a chopping block.
TAJO'N, ſ. m. a great chopping-block, or board.
TAJONCI'LLO, ſ. m. m. a little chopping-block or board.
TAJUE'LA, ſ. m. a four-legged-ſtool.

T A L

TAL, ſuch.
Tal qual, ſuch as it is.
Sóys un tal por qual, a ſly way of calling one a knave, or a whore.
Táles y táles palábras, ſuch and ſuch words.
TA'LA, ſ. f ravage, ſpoil, havock, waſting of a country.
TALABA'RTE, ſ. m. a belt for a ſword.
TALADO'R, ſ. m. a ravager, a waſter, a ſpoiler.
TALADRA'R, v. a. to bore, to pierce.
TALA'DRO, ſ. m. a wimble a piercer, an inſtrument to bore with, a tarrier to make a tap hole in a barrel.
TALAME'RA, ſ. f. the tree where the lures are laid to catch wild pigeons.
TALANQUE'RA, ſ. f. the ſcaffolds erected to ſee the bull-feaſts, or any ſuch ſcaffold or place erected to ſee shows.
TALA'NTE, ſ. m. obſ. deſire, will, pleaſure.
TALANTO'SO, adj. obſ. deſirous, wilful.
TALA'R, v. a. to ravage, to ſpoil, to waſte, to cut down.

TALAVE'RA, ſ. f. earthen-ware.
TA'LCO, ſ. m. talc, inſinglaſs, ſuch as is uſed inſtead of glaſs in windows, or before ſmall pictures.
TALE'GA, ſ. f. a bag, a pouch.
TALEGA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a bag.
TALE'GO, ſ. m. a bag or ſack.
TALEGO'N, ſ. m. a great bag or pouch, a money-bag.
TALEGUI'LLA, ſ. f. } a little
TALEGUI'TO, ſ. m. } bag.
TALE'NTO, ſ. m. a talent, an ancient ſum of money in Greece and other eaſtern countries; the natural talent, ability, or capacity.
TALIO'N, ſ. m. the puniſhment of equal damage for wrong done, as tooth for tooth, eye for eye, &c.
TALIONA'R, v. a. to chaſtize with the puniſhment of the talion.
TALISMA'N, ſ. m. taliſman, a magical character.
TA'LLA, ſ. f. carving, graving, carved work; alſo a tax; alſo the gravings or bits that fly out in graving or carving.
Média tálla, half relief, when an image is but half raiſed in carving or ſculpture.
TALLADU'RA, ſ. f. carving. Better *entalladura*.
TALLA'R, v. a. to carve, to cut out, to ſhape, to faſhion.
TALLA'ZO, ſ. m. augmen. of *talle*.
TA'LLE, ſ. m. the mien, proportion, ſhape, faſhion, preſence.
TALLECE'R, v. n. to grow to a ſtalk, to ſprout out, to grow ſlicky, as plants do when they run to ſeed.
TALLECI'CO, } ſ. m. a little
TALLECI'LLO, } mien, pre-
TALLECI'TO, } ſence, fi-
TALLEZUE'LO, } gure, or proportion; the diminut. of *tálle*; alſo a ſmall ſtalk or ſtem of any thing that grows, and dimin. of *talle*.
TALLE'R, ſ. m. a place where carvers work; alſo an academy or the like, where ſciences are taught publickly.
Talléres, ſ. m. pl. an ancient coin in Spain.
TALLI'STA, ſ. m. a carver.
TA'LLO, ſ. m. the ſtalk, of ſtem of an herb, a young ſprig of a tree. There was once a tax or duty called by this name.
TALLU'DO, adj. ſtalky, grown to ſtalks.
TALMU'D, ſ. m. the Jewiſh Talmuld.
TALO'N, ſ. m. the heel; alſo the heel of a ſhoe or ſtocking; in cant, an inn.
Apretár las talónes, to run away.
Ir a talón, to go on foot.
Tenér el juicio en los talónes, to have the judgement in the heels; to be imprudent or inconſiderate.
TALONEA'R, v. n. to go with great ſpeed.
TALONE'RO, ſ. m. in cant, the ſame as *meſonero* and *ventéro*, an inn-keeper.
TALONE'SCO, adj. belonging to the heels.
TALPA'RIA, ſ. f. a tumour or abceſs in the pericranium.
TA'LQUE, ſ. f. clay to make crucibles.
TALVI'NA, ſ. f. a haſty-pudding, water and flour boiled together.

T A M.

TAMA'NDOA, ſ. m. a ſtrange creature in Braſil as big as a dog.
TAMAñAME'NTE, adv. as big as another.
TAMA'ñO, ſ. m. the magnitude, the bigneſs, bulk, ſtature, or proportion.
TA'MARA, ſ. f. the date on the bough or branch; alſo a faggot of brushwood.
TAMARI'NDO, ſ. m. the tamarind, the fruit of a beautiful tree ſo called.
TAMARISCO, } ſ. m. the ſhrub
TAMARI'Z, } called a tamariſk, ſometimes growing up to a great tree.
TAMBA, ſ. f. in cant, a blanket.
TAMBALEA'R, v. n. } to mo-
TAMBALEA'RSE, v. r. } ve to and fro.
TAMBALE'O, ſ. m. the movement to and fro.
TAMBARI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall trunk with the top round, like the oldfaſhioned trunks.
TAMBESCO, ſ. m. a ſwing uſed by children to ſwing themſelves.
TAMBIE'N, adv. as well, alſo.
TA'MBO, ſ. m. the Indian name in Peru, for the great inns built by the incas on the roads for lodging travellers, and ſtill called by the ſame name by the Spaniards.
TAMBO'R, ſ. m. a drum.
TAMBORE'TE, ſ. m. a round piece of timber uſed on board a ſhip ſo called.
TAMBORI'L, ſ. m. a drum, a tabor.
TAMBORILE'RO, ſ. m. one that plays on a tabor or drum.
TAMBORI'N, ſ. m. a tabor.
TAMBORITE'RO, ſ. m. a drummer.
TAMI'Z, ſ. m. a ſieve.
TA'MO, ſ. m. chaff; alſo the hurds of hemp beaten, or ſtraw worn to duſt or chaff.
TAMPO'CO, adv. as little, neither.
TAMU'JO, ſ. m. a ſort of goſs or furzbush, with which they heat ovens.

T A N.

TAN, adv. as, ſo.
Tan bién, as well, alſo.
Tan buéno, as good.
Tan málo, as bad.
TANACE'TO, ſ. m. an Indian herb ſo called.
TA'NDA, ſ. f. a task, a turn of any thing that goes about among many.
TANGI'BLE, adj. that may be touched.
TANPO'CO, adv. as little, neither.
TAN SOLAME'NTE, adv. only.
TA'NTAS VE'CES, adv. ſo many times, ſo often.
TANTEADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who deliberates or conſiders.
TANTEA'R, v. a. to weigh, to conſider, to caſt up, to deliberate, to eſſay, to calculate, to try; alſo to rate, to tax.
TANTE'O, ſ. m. an eſſay, a trial,

a calculation, a conſideration, a valuation; alſo a rating or taxing.

TANTI'CO, a very little, or thus little.

TA'NTO, ſo much, or as much.

Tánto mas, ſo much more.

Tánto ménos, ſo much leſs.

TA'NTO, ſ. m. a counter to play or caſt accounts with.

T A ñ

TAñEDO'R, ſ. m. a muſician.

TAñE'R, v. a. to play upon ſome muſical inſtrument; from the Latin *tangere*.

TAñI'DO, ſ. m. a tune.

TAñIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. the ſenſe of feeling.

T A O

TA'O, ſ. m. a badge like the letter T, worn by thoſe of the order of St. Anthony.

T A P

TA'PA, ſ. f. a cover for any thing, a lid of a box, &c. alſo the heel-pieces of a ſhoe.

TAPABO'CA, ſ. f. a ſtroke on the mouth with the hand.

TAPADE'RA, ſ. f. a cover for any thing.

TAPADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſtopple.

TAPADI'LLO, ſ. m. the act of covering oneſelf with the mantle worn over the head.

TAPADI'ZO, ſ. m. any thing that ſerves to cover another.

TAPADO'R, ſ. m. a ſtopper or ſtopple.

TAPA'R, v. a. to ſtop a hole, to cover any thing.

TAPETA'DO, ſ. m. the inſide of leather turned outward in any thing that is worn and blacked; thence taken for a dirty black, or a very dark colour; a face like a mulatto almoſt black.

TAPE'TE, ſ. m. a carpet; a piece of tapeſtry.

TA'PIA, ſ. f. a mud wall.

TAPIADO'R, ſ. m. one that makes mud walls.

TAPIA'L, ſ. m. the caſe of boards or wattles, which ſerved to fill up to make mud walls to keep the ſtuff together; alſo a rammer to beat earth.

TAPIA'R, v. a. to make a mud wall, to wall up a place.

Tapiár el médio cuérpo, to ſtick a man half way into the earth, and ſo let him die.

TAPICERI'A, ſ. f. tapeſtry, hangings.

TAPICE'RO, ſ. m. a tapeſtry weaver.

TAPI'CES, ſ. m. pl. tapeſtry hangings.

Tapices de tiérra, carpets to lay on the ground.

TAPI'Z, ſ. f. a piece of tapeſtry, a Turky-work carpet.

TAPIZA'R, v. a. to hang with tapeſtry.

TAPLO, ſ. m. in cant, a plate.

TAPO'N, ſ. m. a ſtopple, a bung of a barrel, a tompion for the mouth of a gun.

Al primér tapón zurrápas, dregs at the firſt ſtopping. ſo they ſay, when things fall out ill at firſt.

TAPONCI'TO, ſ. m. a little ſtopple.

TAPUCA'RSE, v. r. to cover one's face that one may not be known.

TAPU'CO, ſ. m. the act covering or hiding one's face.

T A Q

TA'QUE, ſ. m. a ſound like knocking at a door.

TAQUI'N, ſ. m. in cant, a pickpocket.

T A R

TA'RA, ſ. f. tare, the caſt, or the like, that muſt be allowed for in weight.

TARACE'A, ſ. f. inlaid work in wood.

TARACEA'R, v. a. to inlay.

TARAFA'DA, ſ. f. in cant, a cheat.

TARAFA'NA, ſ. f. in cant, the cuſtom-houſe.

TARA'FES, ſ. f. pl. in cant the dice.

TARAGONCI'A, ſ. f. the herb tarragon.

TARAGO'ZA, ſ. f. in cant, people.

TARAGOZAGI'DA, ſ. f. in cant, a town.

TARANGA'NA, ſ. f. a kind of ſauſage ſo called.

TARA'NDO, ſ. m. a kind of ſtag ſo called.

TARA'NTULA, ſ. f. a venomous ſpider in the kingdom of Naples, which biting a man, makes him die mopish, unleſs he be cured by muſick.

Paréce que la ha mordido la tarántula, he cannot be queet, be ſtill in one place.

TARA'RIRA, ſ. f. a merry feaſt.

TARA'SCA, ſ. f. a great ſerpent or a giant, carried about towns to make ſport on great feſtivals; thence uſed for an hobgoblin, or any that is frightful.

TARASCA'DA, ſ. f. the bite of a dog alſo ill language.

TARASCA'R, v. a. to bite as dogs and other animals do.

TARASCO'N, ſ. m. the ſame as *taráſca*.

TARAVI'LLA, ſ. f. the clacker of a mill: metaph. a tongue that is never ſtill.

TARA'Y, ſ. m. the tamarisk ſhrub.

TARAZA'NA, ſ. f. } a dock
TARAZANA'L, ſ. m. } where they build or lay up ſhips.

TARAZA'R, v. a. to tear off as the civet cats do their teſticles when hunted, that part being the principal end for which they are hunted.

TARAZO'N, ſ. m. a piece, a ſlice, a goot cut of any thing.

TARBE'A, ſ. f. a ſquare trencher.

TARDADO'R, ſ. m. one that ſtays or delays.

TARDA'NO, adj. v. *TARDIO*.

TARDA'NZA, ſ. f. delay.

TARDA'R, v. n. to ſtay long, to delay, to be long a coming, to ſtop.

TARDE, ſ. f. the evening.

Tárde, adv. late; alſo the evening.

Hacérſe tarde, to grow late.
Hacér tarde en una parte, to ſpend the evening in a place.
Tarde o nunca, late or never.
Tárde pláche, you have not ſpoke in time or ſeaſonably.
TARDIAME'NTE, adv. ſlowly.
TARDI'O, adj. ſlow, late, that comes late.
TA'RDO, adj. ſlow.
TARDO'N, ſ. m. a ſhow fellow, one that ſtays long.
TARE'A, ſ. f. a task.
TARI'FA, ſ. f. a tariff, a catalogue marking the price of things.
TA'RJA, ſ. f. an ancient coin in Spain. It is alſo an eſcutheon.
Tarja, ſ. f. a tally,
TARJA'R, v. n. to mark with a notch on the tally.
TARJE'TA, ſ. f. a target that is hollow on the ſides.
Eſcúdo con tarjéta, an eſcutcheon in heraldry that is placed on a target.
TARIMA, ſ. f. part of a room raiſed a ſtep higher than the reſt, and boarded, as is uſed in rooms of ſtate under a prince's canopy, where the chair of ſtate ſtands. The ſame uſed in women's chambers, covered with fine mats in ſummer, and rich carpets in winter, on which there are cuſhions for the women to ſit on.
TARQUI'A, ſ. f. v. *TARJA*.
TARQUI'N, ſ. m. the mud that is taken out in cleaſing a pond.
TARASCA'R, v. a. in cant, to open and to draw by force.
TARRE'ñAS, ſ. f. pl. rattles for children; alſo the ſame as *ſonájas*.
TA'RRO, ſ. m. a large wide earthen veſſel.
TA'RTA, ſ. f. a tart.
TARTA'GO, ſ. m. the purging herb, called ſpurge.
Tartago mayor, five-laaved graſs.
Dar a uno tartago, to perplex, to vex one.
TARTAJEA'R, v. n. to ſtutter.
TARTAJO'SO, adj. one that ſtutters or ſtammers.
TARTAMUDEA'R, v. n. to ſtutter or ſtammer.
TARTAMU'DO, adj. that ſtutters or ſtammer.
TARTA'NA, ſ. f. a ſmall veſſel called a tartan.
TARTA'REO, adj. hellish, infernal tartarean.
TA'RTARO, ſ. m. tartar.
Tártaro, ſ. m. hell.
TARU'GA, ſ. f. a wild beaſt in the Weſt-Indies, like the *vicuña*, but ſwifter and larger.
TARU'GO, ſ. m. a wooden pin; a duvetail in joiners work; a ſtopple for the bung of a cask, or the like; in ſea-terms, the bits in a ſhip, being two main ſquare pieces of timber commonly placed abaft the manger in the loof of the ſhip, to belay or make faſt the cable to, when the ship rides at anchor.

T A S

TAS POR TAS, one good turn for another, tit for tat.
TASCA'R, v. a. to champ, to bite or play on the bit as horſes do, to champ like a horſe.
TA'SCOS, ſ. f. pl. hurds of hemp, the droſs of any thing.
TASCO'NIO, ſ. m. v. *TALQUE*.
TASQUE'RA, ſ. f. in cant, a tavern.
TA'SSA, ſ. f. a rate ſet upon any thing.
TASSACIO'N, ſ. f. ſetting a rate upon any commodity.
TASSADAME'NTE, adv. barely, ſcantily.
TASSADO'R, ſ. m. a ſeſſor, one that values, values, or ſets a rate on goods.
TASSA'JO, ſ. m. a ſlice a cut of flesh; commonly ſaid of hung beef.
TASSA'R, v. n. to rate, to ſet a price upon goods.
TA'STARA, ſ. f. coarſe bran.

T A T

TATARADE'UDO, ſ. m. an old and long dead relation.
TATARANIE'TO, ſ. m. a great ſon's grandſon.
TATARAVUE'LO, ſubſt. m. a grand-father's grandfather.
TA'TE! an interjection of warning; take heed! no more of that! have a care!
TATO, ſ. m. a quadruped ſo called.

T A U

TAU, ſ. m. vide *TAO*.
TA'URO, ſ. m. the conſtellation called Taurus.
TAUTOLOGIA, ſ. f. tautology.
TAUXI'A, ſ. f. vide *ATARXIA*.
TAVILLA'DO, adj. marked with the mark of the manufacturer; ſaid of cloth.

T A X

TAXATI'VO, adj. that limits, that fixes the bounds. A law-term.

T A Z

TAZ POR TAZ, tit for tat, one for the other, witout any odds on either ſide.
TA'ZA, ſ. f. a cup, any veſſel to drink in; a bowl.
Amigo de táza de vino, a friend only in proſperity.
TAZA'ñA, ſ. f. vide *TARASCA*.
TAZMI'A, ſ. f. every man's share in a heap that is divided; alſo, in dividing the tithes among the proprietors.
TAZO'N, ſ. m. a vrey large cup.

T E

TE, pron. thee.
Te dire, I will tell thee.

T E A

TE'A, ſ. f. the heart of a pine-tree, which, ſplit in pieces, burns like a torch, and is uſed as ſuch; thence a torch; alſo the herb tea generaly known and uſed in England.

T E B

TE'BLE, adj. obſ. for. *terrible*.

T E C

TECHA'DO, ſ. m. the roof, the covering, the ceiling.
Debáxo do techádo, under a roof, within doors.
TECHA'R, v. a. to cover a houſe, to ceil a room.
TE'CHO, ſ. m. the roof of houſe, the ceiling of a room, the top, or covering of any other thing; in cant, a hat.
TECHU'MBRE, ſ. f. the top or covering of the roof; the top of the covering; the floor of any room that is over another, to which it is a roof.
TE'CLA, ſ. f. the clave or key which the finger ſtrikes in playing upon the organ, harpſichord or the like.
TECLA'DO, ſ. m. a ſet of claves or keys for an organ or any ſuch inſtrument.
TECLEA'R, v. n. to move the fingers as a perſon who plays upon the organ; alſo to try ſeveral meaſures, to ſucceed in any thing.
TEDIA'R, verb. a. to hate, to abhor, to loath.

T E D

TE'DIO, ſ. m. loathing, wearineſs, averſion.
TEDIOSAME'NTE, adverb. tediouſly.
TEDIO'SO, adj. tedious.

T E G

TEGUA'L, ſ. m. obſ. tax, duty, impoſition.

T E J

TE'JA, ſ. f. a tile to cover houſes.
Téjá vána, nothing between the tiles and the room but the tiles are bare.
Eſtár a téja vána, to be ill provided, or ill defended againſt the weather.
Hablár de las téjas abáxo, to talk of indifferent things, without running into divinity or high matters.
TEJADI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *tejádo*.
TEJA'DO, ſ. m. the tiles of a houſe.

Prov. *El que tiéne téjado de vidrio no tire piédras al de ſu vezino*, he whoſe roof is tiled with glaſs, muſt not throw ſtones at his neighbour's houſe; he who has faults of his own muſt not upbraid his neighbour with his.

TE'JAR, v. a. to tile a houſe.
Tejár, ſ. m. the place where tiles are made.
TEJARO'Z, ſubſt. m. a tiled penthouſe.
TEJA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a tile.
TEJE'RO, ſ. m. a tiler.
TEJILLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *tejo*.
TE'JO, ſ. m. a yew-tree.
Tejo, ſ. m. a broken bit or fragment of a tile.
Tejo, a game ſo called.
Téjo de óro, a ſmall bar of gold.
TEJOLE'TA, *TEJUE'LA*, } ſ. f. a little tile.
Tejuélas, ſ. f. a pair of ſnappers, ſuch as boys play with.

T E L

TE'LA, ſ. f. a web, linen, any thing that is wove; the caul of any creature; any film; the liſts for tilting or fighting; alſo the woof that lies in the loom.
Téla de araña, a ſpider's web.
Téla de coraźón, the membrane that covers the heart.
Téla de óro, cloth of gold.
Téla de juizio, trial at law.
Téla cazadóra, birding-nets.
Téla de júſta, the liſts for tilting.
Téla de nuéz, the film that is on a nut.
Téla en el ójo, a film over the eye.
Mantenér téla, to be the champion at tilting.
Cogér la téla, to run away, to get out of the liſts.

Prov. *Buéna téla hila, quién ſu hijo cria*, ſhe ſpins a good web, who breeds her ſon; that is the beſt work a mother can do, is to take care of the education of her children.

Prov. *Harto es ciégo, quién no vée por téla de cedázo*, he is blind enough, who cannot ſee through the web of a ſieve.

TELAMO'NES, ſ. m. pl. figures of men that ſerve for columns in architecture to ſupport a ſtructure, or at leaſt ſeem ſo to do.
TELA'R, ſ. m. a weaver's loom.
TELARA'ÑA, ſ. f. a cobweb, a ſpider's web.
TELARE'JO, ſ. m. a little loom.
TELEIGE'TO, adj. loved with preference and choice.
TELE'PHIO, ſ. m. an herb ſo called.
TELE'RA, ſ. f. a large nail that they put in the plough.
TELESCO'PIO, ſ. m. a teleſcope.
TELE'TA, ſ. f. blotting paper.
TELETO'N, ſ. m. a ſort of ſtrong ſilk ſo called.
TELI'CA, *TELI'LLA*, *TELI'TA*, } ſ. f. a little web.
TELI'NA, ſ. f. the muſſel, a fiſh.
TELI'NO, ſ. m. a ſort of unguent made with honey and other ingredients.
TELLI'Z, ſ. f. a ſaddle-cloth.
TELLIZA, ſ. f. a counterpane, a coverlet for a bed.
TELO'NIO, ſ. m. the office where the king's officers ſit to receive the duties.

T E M

TE'MA, ſ. f. wilfulneſs, poſitiveneſs, a fixed humour, an obſtinate reſolution.
Trahér lá górra de téma, to wear one's cap fantaſtically.
Tomár téma con úno, to take a prejudice to a man.
Cáda lóco con ſu téma, every madman in his humour; that is, every man, mad or ſober, has his way, or his folly.
TEMBLADE'RA, ſ. f. a drinking-cup with a round bottom; alſo a poppy.
TEMBLADO'R, ſ. m. a trembler.
TEMBLA'NTE, adj. ſhaking, trembling.

TEMBLA'R, v. n. to tremble, to quake, to shake.
TEMBLE'QUE, ſ. m. an aigrette, an ornament worn by women on the head.
TEMBLEQUE'AR, } v. n. to qua-
TEMBLETE'AR, } ke, to be tremulous.
TEMBLO'R, ſ. m. a trembling, quaking, or shivering.
Temblór de tiérra, an earthquake.
TEMEDE'RO, adj. to be feared.
TEME'R, v. a. and r. to fear.
TEMERARIAME'NTE, adv. rashly.
TEMERA'RIO, adj. rash.
TEMERIDA'D, ſ. f. rashneſs.
TEMERO'N, ſubſt. m. a bully, a braggadocio, a puffing fellow.
TEMEROSAME'NTE, adv. fearfully.
TEMERO'SO, adj. timorous, fearful.
TEMOR, ſ. m. fear, dread.
Prov. *Por temór no pierdas honór*, do not loſe honour for fear.
TEMO'SO, adj. obſtinate, poſitive, one that will not be moved when he ſets upon a thing.
TE'MPANO, ſ. m. vide *TIMPANO*.
TEMPERAME'NTO, ſ. m. temperament.
TEMPERA'R, v. a. to temperate.
TEMPERA'NCIA, } ſubſt. f. vide
TEMPERA'NZA, } *TEMPLANZA*.
TEMPE'RO, ſ. m. temper, diſpoſition of a ground to receive the ſeeds.
TEMPESTA'D, ſ. f. a tempeſt, a ſtorm.
TEMPESTIVIDA'D, ſ. f. ſeaſonableneſs.
TEMPESTI'VO, adject. ſeaſonable.
TEMPESTUO'SO, adj. tempeſtuous, ſtormy.
TEMPLA, ſ. f. a kind of paint uſed by painters.
TEMPLADAME'NTE, adv. temperately, moderately.
TEMPLADI'CO, adj. a little tempered.
TEMPLADO'R, ſ. m. a temperer, moderator. In muſick, a tuner.
TEMPLAMIE'NTO, } ſ. m. obſ.
TEMPLA'NZA, } temperance, ſobriety, moderation.
TEMPLA'R, verb. a. to temper, to moderate, to tune an inſtrument.
TEMPLA'RIO, ſ. m. a Knight-Templar.
TE'MPLE, ſ. m. temper, temperature.
TEMPLECI'LLO, ſ. m. a little church or temple.
TE'MPLO, ſ. m. a temple, a church.
TEMPORA'DA, ſ. f. a time, ſpace, or tract of time.
TEMPORA'L, adject. temporal, worldly.
Temporál, ſ. m. bad weather, a ſudden heavy ſhower.
TEMPORALME'NTE, adv. temporally.
TEMPORALIDA'D, ſ. f. temporality; a living that belongs not to the church.
TE'MPORAS, ſ. f. pl. the four Emberweeks at the four quarters of the year.
TEMPORIZA'R, v. a. to temporize, to play the time-ſerver.
TEMPRANA'L, adj. that fructifies early; ſaid of a ſoil.
TEMPRANAME'NTE, adv. early betimes.
TEMPRA'NO, adv. early.
Tempráno, adj. ſoon ripe.
Frúta temprána, early fruit.
TEMULE'NTO, adj. drunk.

T E N

TENACEA'R, v. a. to pinch with pincers.
Tenacéar, to enliſt, to be obſtinate, to be tenacious in one's opinion.
TENACI'CAS, ſ. f. pl. little pincers or tongs.
TENACIDA'D, ſ. f. tenaciouſneſs, holding faſt, poſitiveneſs.
TENA'Z, adj. tenacious, that holds faſt, griping, poſitive, covetous.
TENAZA, ſ. f. a pair of pincers.
TENAZME'NTE, adv. tenacionſly.
TENAZUE'LA, ſ. f. dimin. of *tenaza*.
TE'NCA, ſ. f. the fiſh called a tench.
TENSION, ſ. f. tenſion.
TE'NDAL, ſ. m. the awning that covers the ſtern of a ſhip or boat to keep off the ſun.
Tendál de balleſta, the part on which the bullet or ſhaft is placed in a croſs bow.
TENDALE'TE, ſ. m. the awning of a ſhip or boat to keep off the ſun.
TENDEDE'RO, ſ. m. a place to hang or lay clothes out to dry.
TENDEJO'N, ſ. m. a tent, a ſoldier's barrack.
TENDE'NCIA, ſ. f. tendency, bent, inclination.
TENDE'R, v. a. to ſpread abroad, to ſtretch out, to hang out linen.
TENDE'RO, ſ. m. a ſhopkeeper; alſo a tent-maker.
TENDI'DO, p. p. ſpread abroad, ſtretched out, linen hung out.
Bandéras tendidas, coulours flying.
TENDI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſhop; alſo a little tent.
TENDO'N, ſ. m. a tendon, a ſinew, a ligature by which the joints are moved.
TENEBRA'RIO, ſ. m. a ſort of candleſtick.
TENEBROSIDA'D, ſ. f. darkneſs, great obſcurity.
TENEBRO'SO, adj. dark.
TENEDO'R, ſ. m. a fork to eat meat with; alſo one that holds.
Tenedór de baſtiméntos, a ſteward of a ſhip, that has charge over the proviſions.
TENE'NCIA, ſ. f. the holding of a place, the government of a fort or caſtle; alſo a lieutenancy.
TENE'R, v. a. to hold, to have, apprehend, to keep; metaph. to know, underſtand, to remember.
Tenér las novénas, to perform ſome devotion for nine days together.
Tenér en poco, to undervalue.
Tenér de ir, to be obliged to go.
Tenér por bien, to be pleaſed, to vouchſafe, to approve.
Tenérſe por dicho, to be fully perſuaded, to ſtand to what is ſaid.
Téngaſe al rey, ſtand in the king's name.

Prov.

Prov. *La mas cáuta, es tedina por mas càſta*, the moſt cautious woman is counted the moſt chaſte.

TENERI'A ſ. f. a tanner's houſe, or the tan-pits.

TE'NIA, ſ. f. a part of the Dorick architrave,

TENIE'NTE, ſ. m. a lieutenant, a deputy.

TENO'R, ſ. m. the tenour, the contents, the matter, the ſubſtance; alſo the tenor in muſick.

Guardar a úno los tenòres, to humour a man.

TENTACIO'N, ſ. f. temptation.

TENTADO'R, ſ. m. a tempter, the devil.

TENTA'R, v. a. to tempt, to try; alſo to feel.

TENTATI'VA, ſ. f. an attempt, a trial, an experiment.

TENTEMO'ZO, ſ. m. a prop, a ſupport.

TENUAME'NTE, adj ſlenderly.

TE'NUE, adj. ſlender, ſlight, weak.

TENUIDA'D, ſ. f. ſlenderneſs.

TENU'TA, ſ. f. a tract of land.

T E ñ

TEñI'R, v. a. to dye.

T E O

TEO'SO, adj. that is full of reſin and apt to burn.

T E P

TE'PE, ſ. m. turf.

T E R

TERCE'R, ſ. m. v. *TERCERO*.

TERCE'RA, ſ. f. a devout woman who is not a nun, but wears the habit of the third order of St. Francis; a mediatrix, a bawd; alſo a third perſon.

TERCERAME'NTE, adv. thirdly.

TERCERI'A, ſ. f. mediation; depoſiting goods in a third hand; metaph. pimping, bawding.

TERCE'RO, ſ. m. a third man, a devout man of the third order of St. Francis; a mediator; a gatherer of thirds; alſo a pimp; a third man.

Tercero, adj. third in order.

TERCERO'L, ſ. m. the aftermoſt of the ſlaves that row in a galley.

TERCE'TOS, Spaniſh poetry, in which each ſtanza has but three verſes.

TE'RCIA, the third part of a yard; alſo tierce, or the third hour in the divine office.

Tércias, ſ. f. pl. the thirds of church revenues granted by popes to the kings of Spain to carry on the wars againſt the infidels.

TERCIA'DO, ſ. m. ſhort broad ſword.

TERCIA'NA, ſ. f. a tertian ague.

TERCIA'R, v. a. to mediate; to plough a third time; to throw the cloak over the ſhoulders; to paſs between two about buſineſs; alſo to pimp, to bawd.

Terciar la tierra, to plough up land a third time.

Terciár la capa, to throw the ends of the cloak over the ſhoulders.

Terciár la pica, to toſs a pike, to brandiſh it, and to charge the pike againſt an enemy.

TE'RCIO, ſ. m. a regiment, a third part; alſo mediation or interpoſition of a third perſon.

Tercio poſtréro de la vida, the laſt third part of a man's life; that is, old age.

Tercio poſtréro de la eſpáda, the laſt third part of the ſword; that is, next the hilt.

Pagár el tércio de caſa, to pay the third part of a year's rent.

Hacér buen tércio, to mediate, to intercede for another.

Jugár en tércio, to play three hands.

TERCIOPELA'DO, ſ. m. wrought velvet.

TERCIOPELE'RO, ſ. m. a velvet maker or ſeller.

TERCIOPE'LO, ſ. m. velvet.

Terciopélo lizo, plain velvet.

Terciopélo rizo, velvet not ſhorn.

Terciopélo de tripa, a ſort of ſtuff made in imitation of velvet.

TE'RCO, adj. obſtinate, poſitive, hard, tenacious.

TEREBI'NTO, ſ. m. the turpentinetree.

TERGIVERSACI'ON, ſ. f. tergiverſation.

TERGIVERSA'R, v. n. to go back, to hold back, to be unwilling, to croſs.

TERI'CIA, ſ. f. v. *TIRI'CIA*.

TERLI'Z, ſ. f. ticking for beds.

TERMINACIO'N, ſ. f. the termination, the latter part of a word.

TERMINA'R, v. a. to terminate, bound.

TE'RMINO, ſ. m. a boundary.

Término, manner, behaviour.

Término, diſtrict, territory.

Término perentório, a peremptory term that cannot be prolonged.

Llegár a términos de perdérſe, to be at the brink of perdition.

Términos, pl. terms of art.

TERMINO'TE, ſ. m. an affected word not in uſe.

TE'RNA, ſ. f. three perſons, propoſed for one employment.

TERNA'RIO, adj. ternary, conſiſting of three.

TERNECI'CO, adj. very tender.

TERNEJO'N, ſ. m. vide *TERNERO'N*.

TERNE'RA, ſ. f. a cow-calf; alſo veal.

TERNE'RO, ſ. m. a bull-calf.

Ternerón, ſ. m. a name given to any perſon eaſily moved.

TERNE'ZA, ſ. f. tenderneſs.

TERNEZUE'LO, adj. dimin. of *tierno*.

TERNI'LLA, ſ. f. griſtle.

TERNILLO'SO, adj. griſtly.

TE'RNO, ſ. m. apparel, dreſs.

El térno rico, the beſt or coſtly apparel.

TERNU'RA, ſ. f. tenderneſs.

TERQUEDA'D, ſ. f. obſtinacy, poſitiveneſs.

TERQUERIA, } ſ. f. vide *TER-*
TERQUE'ZA, } *QUE'DAD*.

TERRA'DO, ſ. m. a flat covering of a houſe on, which they may walk; a terrace walk.

TERRA'L ſ. m. a land breeze.

TERRAPLE'N, ſ. m. vide *TERRAPLENO*.

TERRAPLENA'R, v. a. to fill with earth.

TERRAPLE'NO, ſ. m. a rampart

of earth; any place filled with earth.

TERRAQUEO, adj. terraqueous, compoſed of land and water.

TERRA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſort of earthen veſſel with two handles; ſuch as we often ſee in the pictures of the viſitation, with lilies in it

TERRA'ZGO, ſ. m. any piece of ground; alſo the rent paid for a field by the tenant.

TERRA'ZO, ſ. m. a clod of clay.

Terrázo, ſ. m. an earthen pan, a pitcher, any veſſel of earthen ware.

TERRAZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little earthen crock, pan, or pitcher.

TERREA'R, v. n. to show irſelf; ſaid of the earth in a ſown field.

TERREGO'SO, adj. earthy, cloddy.

TEREMO'TO, ſ. m. an earthquake.

TERRENA'L, adj. earthly, terreſtrial.

TERRENIDA'D, ſ. f. earthly quality.

TERRE'NO, adj. idem.

Terréno, ſ. m. a ſpace of ground.

TE'RREO, adj. earthly.

TERRE'RA, ſ. f. a piece of ground among rocks; alſo a kind of bird of the ſame colour as the earth.

TERRERIA, ſ. f. obſ. v. *TERRO'R.*

TERRE'RO, ſ. m. a parade, a walking place, a place of rendevous, a place of exerciſe, a but to shoot at.

TERRE'STRE, adj. terreſtrial, earthly.

TERRESTRIDA'D, ſ. f. earthly quality.

TERREZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little land, country, or ſpot of ground.

TERRIBILIDA'D, ſ. f. dreadfulneſs, terribleneſs.

TERRIBLE, adj. terrible, dreadful.

TERRIBLEME'NTE, adv. terribly, dreadfully.

TERRIBLE'ZA, ſ. f. v. *TERRIBILIDAD.*

TERRICOLA, ſ. m. a citizen of the world.

TERRI'FICO, adj. dreadful, cauſing terror.

TERRIGE'NO, adj. generated in the earth.

TERRI'N, ſ. m. a clown, a ruſtick.

TERRI'NO, adj. that conſiſts or is made of earth.

TERRITO'RIO, ſ. m. a territory diſtrict, or juriſdiction.

TERROMONTE'RO, ſ. m. an hill only compoſed of earth.

TERRO'N, ſ. m. a clod of earth.

Deſtrípa terronos, a clod-beater, a clown.

TERRONCILLO, ſ. m. a little clod of earth.

TERRO'R, ſ. m. terror, dread, fear.

TERROSIDA'D, ſ. f. earthly quality.

TERRO'SO, adj. mixed with earth, that has a mixture of earth.

TERRUñO, ſ. m. a layer of earth, a rank, a row.

TE'RSO, adj. clean, pure, neat, clear, undefiled.

TERSU'RA, ſ. f. neatneſs, niceneſs.

TERTI'L, ſ. m. a duty paid upon ſilk.

TERTU'LIA, ſ. f. a club or meeting of perſons.

TERTULIA'NO, adj. one belonging to a club.

TERUVELA, ſ. f. v. *POLI'LLA.*

T E S

TESBI'QUE, ſ. m. obſ. v. *TABIQUE.*

TE'SO, adj. obſ. v. *TIE'SSO.*

TESO'N, ſ. m. obſtinacy, poſitiveneſs, wilfulneſs, contention.

TESORERI'A, ſ. f. a treaſury.

TE'SSERA, ſ. f. a ſquare bone uſed by the Romans in a play.

TE'STA, ſ. f. the fore part of the head, the noddle.

Téſta de ſerro, one whoſe name appears as a sham in an agreement made between two perſons, repreſenting one of them.

TESTADO'R, ſ. m. a teſtator, he that makes a will.

TESTAMENTA'RIO, ſ. m. an executor to a will.

TESTAME'NTO, ſ. m. a laſt will, a teſtament.

Prov. *Si no válе por teſtaménto, válga por codicílo*, if it cannot paſs for a will, let it paſs for a codicil, that is, if it be not of as much value as was expected, let it paſs for what it can.

Prov. *Hacér el teſtaménto en la úña*, to make a will on one's nail. To have nothing to bequeath by will.

TESTA'R, v. a. to a make will or teſtament.

TESTARU'DO, adj. headſtrong, obſtinate.

TESTE'RA, ſ. f. armour for a horſe's head, the front of any thing.

TESTERA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with the head; alſo obſtinacy.

TESTE'RO, ſ. m. any thing to cover or defend the head; the front of a place.

TESTI'CULO, ſ. m. the teſticle.

TESTIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. teſtifying, witneſſing.

TESTIFICA'R, v. a. to teſtify, to witneſs.

TESTI'GO, ſ. m. a witneſs.

TESTIGUA'R, v. a. to witneſs.

TESTIMONIA'L, adj. belonging to a teſtimony.

TESTIMONIA'R, v. a. obſ. to bear witneſs, to depoſe.

TESTIMO'NIO, ſ. m. teſtimony, witneſs, depoſition; moſtly taken in the worſt ſenſe.

Levantóme un teſtimónio, he accuſed me falſely.

TESTO'N, ſ. m. an Italian coin in the pope's dominions worth about eighteen pence ſterling.

TESTU'Z, ſ. f. } the head of
TESTU'ZO, ſ. m. } a hog.

T E T

TE'TA, ſ. f. a tear, a pap, a dug, a breaſt.

TETA'R, v. a. v. *ATETAR.*

TETI'LLA, ſ. f. a little breaſt, teat, or dug.

TETO, ſ. m. v. *TETA.*

TETO'NA, ſ. f. a woman that has great breaſts.

TETRACO'RDIO, ſ. m. an inſtrument of four ſtrings; alſo a tetrachord or a fourth in muſick.
TETRA'GONA, ſ. m. a tetragon, a ſquare figure.
TETRAGRAMMATON, ſubſt. m. the ſacred name of God, compoſed of four letters, which the Jews do not utter where they find it written, but inſtead of it read *adonai*, that is, Lord.
TETRA'RCA, ſ. m. a tetrarch, the lord of the fourth part of a province.
TETRARCHI'A, ſ. f. a tetrarchy, the fourth part of a province under a lord.
TE'TRI'CO, adject. unpleaſant, harſh, rude, rough.
TETLO, adj. black, ſtained.
TETU'DA, ſ. f. a woman that has great breaſts.

T E U

TEU'CRIO, ſ. m. an herb ſo called.

T E X

TEXEDO'R, ſ. m. a weaver.
TEXEDU'RA, ſ. f. weaving.
TEXE'R, v. a. to weave.
TEXI'DO, ſ. m. cloth, linen.
TEXIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. obſ. the ſame as *texido*.
TEXI'LLO, ſ. m. a little yew-tree, a little ſort of girdle wove.
TE'XO, a yew-tree.
TE'XON, ſ. m. the beaſt called a badger, a grey, or a brock.
TE'XTO, ſ. m. a text.
TEXTUALI'STA, ſ. m. he who ſticks to the text without minding the commentators.
TEXTU'RA, ſ. f. texture.

T E Z

TE'Z, ſ. f. the colour or grain of the ſkin of the face.
TEZA'DO, adj. black.

T H A

THA'LAMO, ſ. m. an eminent place in a room where the married couple ſits and receives the uſual compliments. Poetical, for a nuptial bed.
THALASOME'LI, ſ. m. a ſort of phiſick conſiſting of honey, rain-water, and ſea-water.
THALIE'STRO, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.
THA'PSIA, ſ. f. an herb like ferula or fennel-giant.
THAUMATU'RGO, ſ. m. an admirable and wonderful perſon; a miracle-maker.

T H E

THE', ſ. m. the Chineſe herb called tea.
THEA'ME, ſ. m. a ſtone brought from the mountains of Ethiopia, oppoſite to the load-ſtone, as having a natural antipathy to iron.
THEATRA'L, adj. theatrical.
THEA'TRO, ſ. m. a theatre.
THE'MA, ſ. m. theme, a ſubject on which one writes or ſpeaks; alſo obſtinacy.
THEMO'SO, adj. obſtinate.
THEOLOGA'L, adj. relating to theology.
THEOLOGI'A, ſ. f. theology, divinity.
THEOLOGICAME'NTE, adv. theologically.
THEOLO'GICO, adj. theological.
THEOLOGIZA'R, v. n. to ſpeak upon theological matters.
THEO'LOGO, ſ. m. a divine.
THEORE'MA, ſ. m. a theorem.
THEO'RICA, } ſ. f. theory, ſpe-
THEO'RIA, } culation.
THERAPE'UTICA, ſ. f. practical phyſick
THERIA'CA, ſ. f. treacle.
THERIACA'L, adj. relating to the treacle.
THE'RMA, ſ. f. hot-bath.
THERMO'METRO, ſ. m. thermometer.
THESAURIZA'R, v. a. to treaſure, to hoard, to lay up.
THESAU'RO, ſ. m. vocabulary.
THE'SIS, ſ. f. a theſis or poſition.
THESORA'R, v. a. v. *ATHESORA'R*.
THESORERI'A, ſ. f. a treaſury.
THESORE'RO, ſ. m. a treaſurer.
THESO'RO, ſ. m. a treaſure.
THETE'RA, ſ. f. a tea-pot.

T H O

THO'LO, ſ. m. in architecture, the tholus, an half round covering of a ſtructure like a copula; it is alſo taken for the knitting of all the ſtones or timber of ſuch a work.

T H R

THRE'NOS, ſ. m. pl. a lamentation.
THRIA'CA, ſ. f. v. *THERIA'CA*.
THRO'NO, ſ. m. throne, a royal ſeat.

T H U

THURI'BULO, ſ. m. a thurible, a cenſer.
THURIFEA'RIO, ſ. m. he that carries the cenſer or thurible in ſolemnities of the church.

T I

TI, pron. thee.
Pára ti, for thee.

T I A

TI'A, ſ. f. an aunt.
TIA'RA, ſ. f. the pope's crown.

T I B

TI'BIA, ſ. f. a flute.
TIBIAME'NTE, adv. lukewarmly, negligently.
TIBIE'ZA, adj. lukewarmneſs.
TI'BIO, adj. lukewarm.
TIBO'R, ſ. m. a china jar.
TIBURO'N, ſ. m. a great ſea fiſh called a ſhark.

T I E

TIE'MPO, ſ. m. time.
Quanto tempo ha? how long is it ſince?

Mal tiempo, foul weather.
Llegar à tiempo, to come in the nick of time.
Andar con el tiempo, to ſuit oneſelf to the times.
Dar tiempo al tiempo, to wait for better times.

Prov. *Quál el tiémpo, tal el tiénto*, as the time is, ſo muſt the deliberation be; we muſt act as times offer.

Prov. *Tiémpo ni hóra no ſe ata con sóga*, time and hours are not to be tied with a rope; time and tide ſtay for no man.

TIE'NDA, ſ. f. a tent; alſo a ſhop; alſo the awning or covering on the poop of a galley.

Prov. *Quién tiéne tiénda, que atiénda*, he that keeps a ſhop, muſt look to it; if a man does not keep his ſhop, his ſhop will not keep him.

TIE'NTA, ſ. f. a ſurgeon's probe to ſearch a wound.

TIE'NTO, ſ. m. caution, care, premeditation; alſo gueſs; alſo the wand painters uſe to reſt their hand on, and a flourish in muſick before playing.

Tiento de ciego, the ſtick of a blind man.

Le dieron dos tientos, they beat him.

Reſpondér a tiento, to anſwer at random.

Procedér con tiénto, to proceed cautiouſly.

Dar un tiénto, to try a man, to ſound him.

TIERNAME'NTE, adverb. tenderly.

TIERNECI'TO, adj. tender, pretty tender.

TIE'RNO, adj. tender.

TIE'RRA, ſ. f. the earth. It is alſo a man's country

En mi tiérra, in my country.

Buéna tierra, a good country.

Toda la tierra, all the world.

Tierra-tierra, coaſt-wiſe, along ſhore; and metaphorically, with caution, with circumſpection.

Tierra ſigilata, a ſort of medicinal earth.

Ponér tierra en medio, to fly from a place.

Echár tierra a un negocio, to lay aſide a buſineſs, to bury it, to think no more of it.

Echár por tierra, to deſtroy, to level with the ground.

Pecho por tierra, in an humble manner, proſtrate on the ground.

Beſar la tierra que otro piſa, to kiſs the ground a man treads on, to pay him the greateſt reſpect.

Ser tierra, to be earth, to be mortal.

De tierra en tierra, from one country to another.

No ſentirlo la tierra, no body living to know it.

TIESSAME'NTE, adv. ſtiffly, gravely, auſterely.

Tieſſamente enamorado, deply in love.

TIE'SSO, adj. ſtiff, tough.

TIE'STO, ſ. m. a pot to ſet flowers, or ſmall trees in.

T I G

TI'GRE, ſ. m. the beaſt called a tiger.

T I L

TILDA'R, v. a. to make a title or dash, as the Spaniarde do on the letter *ñ*.

TI'LDE, ſ. m. a tittle, a little dash; the dash ſet over the *ñ*.

TILDO'N, ſ. m. augmen. of *tilde*.

TI'LLA, ſ. f. the hatches of a ſhip.

TI'LO, ſ. m. the lime-tree.

T I M

TIMBRE, ſ. m. the creſt of a helmet; the top of any other thing.

TIMIDAME'NTE, adv. fearfully.

TIMIDE'Z, ſ. f. fearfulneſs.

TI'MIDO, adj. timorous, fearful.

TIMO'N, ſ. m. the rudder of a ſhip; alſo the pole of a coach or waggon between the two horſes.

TIMONEA'R, v. n. to ſteer at ſea, to manage the rudder.

TIMONE'RA, ſ. f. the ſteerage in a ſhip where the ſteerman ſtands.

TIMONE'RO, ſ. m. the ſteerſman, he that ſteers the ſhip.

TIMORA'TO, adj. fearful of offending God.

T I N

TIN TIN, the ſound that earthen ware makes when ſhook together

TINA, ſ. f. a dyer's copper, or cauldron. Alſo any great tub, trough, or other veſſel.

TINA'DA, ſ. f. a pile or ſtack of wood.

TINA'DA, ſ. f, an earthen jar, or ſuch great earthen veſſel.

TINAJO'N, ſ. m. a great earthen jar, or ſuch like veſſel.

TI'NEA, ſ. f. a wood-worm.

TINE'L, *TINE'LO*, ſ. m. a publick hall, a dining-room.

Tenér tinél y caſa a todo homo, an old phraſe, ſignifying to keep open houſe.

TINIE'BLAS, ſ. f. pl. darkneſs. They give this name to the evening-ſervice on Wedneſday, Thurſday, and Friday in the holy week, becauſe the candles are all put out and the church remains dark.

TI'NO, ſ. m. judgement, gueſs, conjecture, ſenſe.

TINTA, ſ. f. ink.

Tinta de zapatéro, blacking for ſhoes.

TINTA'R, v. a. to dye a dyers do.

TI'NTE, ſ. m. any ſort of dice.

TINTERO, ſ. m. an inkhorn.

TINTI'LLO, ſ. m. reddish, of a pale colour.

TI'NTO, adj. dyed.

Vino tinto, red wine.

TINTO'R, ſ. m. v. *TINTORE'RO*.

TINTORERI'A, ſ. f. a dyer's houſe, the dyer's ſtreet; alſo the dyer's trade.

TINTORE'RO, ſ. m. a dyer.

TINTU'RA, ſ. f. dye.

TINTURA'R, v. a. vide *TINTA'R*.

T I ñ

TI'ñA, ſ. f. the ſcab, a ſcald head.

Tiña de árbol, the plant miſletoe.

TIñO'SO, adj. ſcurvy, ſcald.

T I O

TI'O, ſ. m. an uncle.

TIO'RBA, ſ. f. the the theorbo, a muſical inſtrument ſo called.

T I P

TI'PLE, ſ. f. the treble in muſick.

T I Q

TIQUISMI'QUIS, ſ. m. affected words, affected expreſſions in ſpeaking.

T I R

TI'RA, ſ. f. a long ſlip of any thing; alſo a guard or welt of cloth or the like.

Tira braguéro, a truſs for a broken belly.

TIRABUZO'N, ſ. m. a cork-ſcrew.

TIRACO'L, *TIRACUE'LLO*, ſ. m. a belt, ſuch as thoſe uſed by ſoldiers.

TIRA'DA, ſ. f. the large diſtance from one place to the other.

Tiráda, ſ. f. the act of throwing.

TIRA'DO, adj. caſt, thrown, ſhot.

Oro tirádo, gold wire, or gold thread, or any of that ſort which is drawn.

TIRADE'RA, ſ. f. in cant, a chain.

TIRADO'R, ſ. m. one that draws, throws, or ſhoots; alſo a drawer in a cabinet or the like; and a place where they ſtretch cloth on the tenters.

TIRAMI'RA, ſ. f. a long narrow ridge riſing in the middle of a plain field; metaphor. any thing that reſembles it.

TIRAMOLLA'R, v. a. to pull and let go.

TIRA'NTES, ſ. m. pl. the traces horſes draw by in a coach or cart.

TIRANTE'Z, ſ. f. the breath meaſured in a direct line.

TIRAPIE, ſ. m. the ſhoemaker's ſtrap.

TIRAR, v. a. to draw, to pull, to pluck; alſo to ſhoot, to caſt, to throw.

Tirár la bárra, to throw the bar; metaph. to do one's beſt.

Tirár de camaráda, to fire a volley.

Tirár la piédra y eſcondér la máno, to throw the ſtone and hide the hand, to do a miſchief, and appear friendly.

TIRASO'L, ſ. m. vide *QUITASO'L*.

TIRAVI'RA, as, *Hacér tiravíra*, a ſea phraſe, to throw a ſhip flat on her ſide.

TIRE'LA, ſ. f. a kind of ſtriped ſtuff ſo called.

TIRI'CA, ſ. f. a little narrow ſlip of any thing.

TIRI'CIA, ſ. f. the diſeaſe, called a jaundice.

TIRICIA'DO, adj. that has got the jaundice.

TIRI'LLA, ſ. f. a little ſlip of any thing; a woman's tucker.

TIRI'LLO, ſ. f. a little gun or piece of cannon.

TIRITA'ÑA, ſ. f. a ſort of very ſlight ſilk or taffety.

TIRITA'R, v. n. to quake, to tremble.

TIRITO'NA, ſ. f. the act of ſhivering for cold, eſpecially when done out of affectation.

TI'RO, ſ. m. a ſhot, a caſt, a throw, a gun, a caſt at dice, a joke, a reflection, an odd prank, a notable feat, a cheat, trick.

Tirós de eſpáda, a belt for a ſword, or the hangers of the belt.

TIRO'N, ſ. m. a pull, a pluck.

TIRRIA, ſ. f. averſion, antipathy.

TI'RTEAFUERA, an interj ſtand away, draw off, be gone.

T I S

TISA'NA, ſ. f. ptiſan, cooling drink.

TI'SICA, ſ. f. the phthiſick.

TI'SICO, adj. phthiſical, troubled with the phthiſick.

T I T

TI'TERE, ſ. m. a puppet.

TITERE'RO, *TITERI'STA*, ſ. m. one that goes about with a puppet ſhow or raree ſhow.

TITI, ſ. m. a kind of very little monkey with a black ſpot on the head reſembling a cap.

TITILACIO'N, ſ. f. titillation, a ſenſation, ariſing from tickling.

TITI'MALO, ſubſt. m. any milky plant.

TITIRITA'INA, ſ. f. any merry feaſt.

TITIRITE'RO, ſ. m. vide *TITE'RERO*.

TITO, ſ. m. a ſeed of a grape or the like, a little kernel of any fruit; alſo a chamber pot.

TITUBEA'R, v. a. to ſtagger, to waver, to faulter.

TITULA'DO, ſ. m. a lord of title, as duke, marquiſs, &c. one that has a title of honour.

TITULAR, adj. titular.

Titulár, v. a. to affix a title.

Titulár, v. n. to obtain a title from the king.

TI'TULO, ſ. m. the title of a book, a title of honour, the title a man has to any goods; alſo a monument.

Título colorádo, a colourable title.

Señór de título, a lord that has a title of honour, as duke, marquiſs, earl, &c.

T I X

TIXE'RA, ſ. f. a pair of ſciſſars.

Tixéra, the firſt feather in the wing of an hawk.

Tixéra, a cut made in a field to drain it.

TIXERA'DA, *TIXERETA'DA*, ſ. f. a cut with the ſciſſars.

TIXERE'TAS, ſ. f. pl. dimin. of *tixéra*.

TIXERETEA'R, v. a. to give repeated cuts with a pair of ſciſſars.

T I Z

TIZNA, ſ. f. the matter kept ready to ſmut or beſmear another.

TIZNA'R, v. a. to ſmut, to ſoot to blak, to ſmear, to ſully.

TI'ZNE, ſ. m. the black of a pot or the like.

TI'ZO, ſ. m. a firebrand; a coal in charcoal that is not well burnt.

TIZO'N, ſ. m. a firebrand.

TIZO'NA, ſ. f. a ſword.

TIZONA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a firebrand.

TIZONE'RA, ſ. f. the furnace in which coal is made, or wood reduced to coals.

T O

TO, a word uſed in Spaniſh, to call a dog.

T O A

TOA'JA, *TOA'LLA*, ſ. f. a towel, a napkin.
TOALLETA, ſ. f. a napkin.

T O B

TOBA, ſ. f. a kind of ſpongious and like ſtone.
Toba, ſcurf on the teeth.
Toba, in cant, a boot.
TOBA'JA, *TOBALLA*, ſ. f. a towel, a napkin.
TOBALLE'TA, *TOBELLE'TA*, ſ. f. diminutive of *toballa*.
TOBI'LLO, ſ. m. the ancle-bone.

T O C

TO'CA, ſ. f. a woman's coif, handkerchief, or white veil for her head; any dreſs for the head.
Toca de camino, a ſort of muffler uſed by men and women in travelling to keep the duſt from their faces.
Toca de red, a net-cawl to hold women's hair.
Tormento de toca, a way of racking people with water.
Prov. *Poco dura la toca en cabeza loca*, headcloaths ſtay but little on a mad head.
Prov. *Tocas de beata, y uñas de gata*, a devotee's head dreſſed, and a cat's claws. To ſignify an hypocrite.
TOCADI'LLO, ſ. m. a little headdreſs; alſo a game at tables ſo called.
TOCA'DO, ſ. m. a women's dreſs; a ſmall tuft of feathers or copple crown on a bird's head.
TOCA'DO, adj. dreſſed.
Gran tocádo y chico recádo, great cry and little wool.
TOCADO'R, ſ. m. a night-cap; a lady's dreſſing-room.
TOCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a touch.
TOCA'NTE, adj. touching, relating, or appertaining to.
TOCA'R, v. a. to touch, to dreſs, to belong to, to ſound a trumpet, to wind a horn, to play on any inſtrument in muſick, to beat a drum.
Tocar a leva, a phraſe uſed aboard galleys, when they ſound a trumpet for all that are aſhore to come on board.
Tocar arma, to ſound, to beat an alarm.
Tocar alerta, to beat to arms.
Tocar la cabéza, to dreſs the head.
Tocar trompéta, to ſound a trumpet.
Tocar un inſtrumento, to play upon ſome muſical inſtrument.
No me tóca, it does not belong to me, it does not regard me.
TOCA'YO, ſ. m. a nameſake.
TOCHEDA'D, ſ. f. clownishneſs, roughneſs; alſo folly.
TOCHEA'R, v. a. to bar the door with a round pole.
TO'CHO, ſ. m. a round pole, a bar, to faſten the door with.
Tócho, adj. coarſe, unpoliſhed, rough, clownish.
TOCHU'RA, ſ. f. the ſaying or the action of a wag, of a buffoon.
TOCINE'RO, ſ. m. the perſon that ſells bacon.
TOCI'NO, ſ. m. bacon.
Toclnós, pl. in cant, blows.
TOCO'N, ſ. m. that part of a tree remaining with the roots after cutting down the reſt; alſo the ſtump of a man's limb.

T O D

TO'DAVIA, adv. nevertheleſs, alſo.
TO'DO, adj. all, the whole.
Tódo poderóſo, almighty.
Del tódo, quite, altogether.
Tódos, all of them.

T O E

TOE'SA, v. a. v. *HE'XAPEDA*; ſix feet in length, a fathom.

T O G

TO'GA, ſ. f. a gown.
TOGA'DO, adj. that wears a gown.

T O L

TOLA'NOS, ſ. m. pl. the diſeaſe in horſes, and other beaſts, called the lampas, being a ſwelling in the gums that hinders their eating.
TOLDADU'RA, ſubſt. f. an awning, a cloth hung and ſpread to keep off the ſun.
TOLDA'R, v. a. to hang over with an awning or tilt.
Toldár, in cant, to cover, to adorn, to ſet off a thing to advantage.
TOLDE'RO, ſ. m. he that ſells ſalt by retail.
TOLDI'CO, *TOLDI'LLO*, ſ. m. a little canopy, awning, or covering; alſo ſometimes uſed for a ſedan.
TO'LDO, ſ. m. a canopy, an awning, a pavilion, any covering that hangs over the head; metaph. ſtate, grandeur, pride.
Hablár con tóldo, to talk haughtily.
TOLERA'BLE, adj. tolerable, that can be ſuffered.
TOLERACIO'N, ſ. f. toleration, ſufferance.
TOLERA'NCIA, ſ. f. ſufferance.
TOLERA'R, v. a. to tolerate, to ſuffer.
TOLLE'R, v. a. obſ. to take away.
TO'LLO, ſ. m. a fiſh called a ſea-cat.
TOLO'N, ſ. m. only uſed in the plural, *tolonés*; the ſames as *tolanés*; the lampas.
TOLO'NDRO, *TOLONDRO'N*, ſ. m. a ſwelling bunch made blow; metaph. a blunder, a blundering fellow; alſo a knock or blow.
TO'LVA, ſ. f. the bin of a mill, out of which the corn runs by a tunnel to the ſtones and is ground.
TOLVANE'RA, ſ. f. a wirlwind of duſt, a column of duſt raiſed by a wirlwind.

TOM

TOMA, ſ. f. the act of taking what is given.

Toma, the taking by force of arms a fortreſs or the like.

Toma the taking as much as is taken at one time with the fingers or with the hand; as *una toma de tabaca*, a pinch of ſnuff.

Toma, an aperture made tot ake water out of a river for the uſe of mill or the like.

TOMA'DA, ſ. f. the ſame as *toma*.

TOMADE'RO, ſ. m. the part at wich any thing is taken.

Tomadéro, the aperture made to take water out of a river.

TOMA'DO, ſ. m. an ornament formerly uſed in dreſs.

TOMADO'R, ſ. m. he who takes.

TOMADU'RA, ſ. f. a taking.

TOMAJO'N, ſ. m. one that takes every thing.

TOMAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a taking.

TOMA'R, v. a. to take; alſo to ruſt.

Tomár por tal parte, to ſtrike up ſuch a way.

Tomár el nombre, to take the word, as among ſoldiers.

Tomar preſtado, to borrow.

Tomar la ſángre, to ſtanch bleeding.

Tomar de coro, to learn by heart.

Tomar el ſol, o altura, to take the ſun's altitude.

Tomar la voz, to take part with one.

Tomar el ciélo con las mános, to rave, to aim at impoſſibilities, like reaching at heaven.

No ſabéis con quién os tomáis, you do not know who you have to deal with.

Cóſa de dar y tomár, a troubleſome affair, a buſineſs of debate.

Tomar las de villa diego, to run away.

Tomárſe de orin, to grow muſty, to grow ruſty.

Tomarſe del vino, to grow drunk.

Tomate eſſa! take this! a phraſe uſed on giving a blow to another.

Prov. *Mas vale un ómaque dos te daré*, once taken, is better than twice I'll give you, a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

Prov. *Tómame acueſtas, ſabrás lo que péſo*, take me upon your back, and you'll know what I weigh. Said when one ſeems to make ſligh of another.

TOMA'TE, ſ. m. a red fruit ſo called.

TOMILLA'R, ſ. m. a ground whetre thyme grows.

TOMI'LLO, ſ. m. the herb thyme.

Olér la mugér a tomillo, is to be a clean ſweet woman.

TOMI'N, ſ. m. a weight of twelve grains.

TOMINE'JO, ſ. m. a very ſmall bird in the Weſt-Indies.

TOMI'ZA, ſ. f. a ſmall cord made of *eſparto*.

TO'MO, ſ. m. a tome or volume; alſo weight, bulk, ſubſtance; alſo value, importance.

TON

TO'N, ſ. m. a tune.

Sin ton, ni ſon, without any reaſon, out of all order or due meaſure, without any juſt motive.

A qué tón o són viene eſto? which is the reaſon of that?

TO'NA, ſ. f. the ſurface of any liquor.

TON'ADA, ſ. f. a tune.

TONADI'CA, } ſ. f. a ſon moſt-
TONADILLA, } ly ſung to the guittar, very brisk ad chearful.

TONA'NTE, adj. thundering; epithet given to Jupiter.

TONA'R, v. n. to thunder.

TONDI'NO, ſ. m. in architecture, a moulding ſo called.

TONE'L, ſ. m. a cask.

TONELA'DA, ſ. f. a tun; that is, two pipes, or four hogsheads.

TONELE'JO, ſ. m. a little veſſel

TONELE'RO, ſ. m. a cooper.

TONELE'TE, ſ. m. a ſort of cap the men at arms formerly wore, when their helmet hung at the ſaddle.

TONI'NA, ſubſt. f. a freſh tunny fish.

TO'NO, ſ. m. a tune. Alſo a tone in muſick.

Sallr de tóno, to be out of tune.

Tóno entéro, a whole note, or one; or an integer, or the diſtance that is betwixt any two notes, except *mi* and *fa*, betwixt which there is but the leſs half note. Vide Morley, p 2.

TONSU'RA, ſ. f. the tonſure or shaving on the head, which denotes a church-man.

TONSURADO'R, ſ. m. one who shaves.

TONSURA'R, v. a. to shave.

TONTA'DA, ſ. f. a ſilly ſaying; or action.

TONTAME'NTE, adv. ſillily, foolishly.

A tóntas y a locas, fonlishly, madly.

TONTA'ZO, ſ. m. a great ſilly fellow.

TONTEA'R, v. n. to play the fool.

TONTECE'R, v. n. to grow foolish, to be ſtupified.

TONTEDA'D, ſ. f. folly, ſimplicity; alſo a heavineſs or dulneſs in the head.

TONTERI'A, ſ. f. ſillineſs, folly.

TONTI'LLO, ſ. m. a little fool; alſo a hoop, ſuch are yet uſed at court by ladies.

TO'NTO, ſ. m. a fool, an idiot, at ſillyfellow.

TO'NTO, adj. foolish, ſilly; alſo heavy dull.

TOP

TO'PA, ſ. f. a pulley.

TOPA'CIO, ſ. m. the precious ſtone called a topaz.

TOPA'R, v. a. to find, to meet, to run againſt.

Topar hago, in cant, to cheat at cards.

TO'PE, ſ. m. a joſtle, running againſt a thing; alſo the top of a maſt, or the like.

Haſta el tope, up to the top, as far as it will go.

TOPETA'R, v. n. to butt with the head as bulls do; to ſtumble, to fall in the dark, to reel, to ſtagger, to blunder.

TOPETO'N, ſ. m. a joſtle, a ſtumble, a blunder.

TO'PO, ſ. m. a mole, a kind of rat.

TOPOGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. topogtaphy, the deſcription of a place.
TOPOGRA'PHICO, relating to topography.
TOPO'GRAPHO, ſ. m. a topographer.

T O Q

TO'QUE, ſ. m. a touch.
Tóque del óro, a touchſtone to try gold, or the touching gold on it.
Tóque de atambór, the beat of drum.
Dar a uno un tóque, to give a man a hint of a thing.
TOQUE'RO, ſ. m. a weaver of a fine ſort of head-dreſſes women wear in Spain.
TOQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a hatband, a little woman's head-dreſs, or a fine ſort of ſilk, like gauſe.

T O R

TORA, ſ. f. a Jew family; alſo the tribute that a Jew family paid.
TORA'DA, ſ. f. a number of bulls.
TORA'L, adj. ſtrong, that has moſt ſtrength.
Torál, virgin, natural yellowish; ſaid of wax.
TORBELLI'NO, ſ. m. a whirlwind; alſo a very quick perſon.
TORCECUE'LLO, ſ. m. a bird called a wryneck; in falconry, the taſſel-hawk, or the male.
TORCEDI'ZO, adj. twiſted, or that may be twiſted.
TORCEDO'R, ſ. m. a twiſter, an inſtrument to twiſt with, or the perſon that twiſts; metaph. he that ſcrews, or forces any thing out of another by indirect means.
TORCEDU'RA, ſ. f. twiſting; alſo a liquor made of grapes after the wine is ſqueezed out, by pouring in water and preſſing them over again.
TORCE'R, verb. a. to twiſt, to wrench, to wreſt, to wind.
TO'RCHE, ſ. m. a ſort of headſtay women uſed.
TORCI'DA, ſ. f. a wick for a lamp.
TORCIDAME'NTE, adv. twiſtedly, crookedly.
TORCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a twiſting, wrenching, or wreſting.
TORDI'LLO, ſ. m. a flea bitten horſe.
TORDO, ſ. m. the bird called a thruſh.
Tordo, adj. painted white and black like a thruſh; ſaid of the coulour of ſome horſes.
TOREADO'R, ſ. m. one that rides at bulls in the bull feaſts.
TOREA'R, v. n. to ride at a bull in the bull feaſts.
TORE'O, ſ. m. the practice or the art of fighting bulls.
TORE'RO, ſ. m. one that deals in bulls.
TORE'TE, ſ. m. a lively young bull.
TORI'L, ſ. m. an ox-ſtall; the place where they ſhut up the bulls for the bull feaſts.
TORI'LLO, ſ. m. a little bull.
TORIO'NDA, ſ. f. a cow that is in luſt.
TORLORO'TO, ſ. m. a ſort of muſical inſtruments among ſhepherds.
TORME'NTA, ſ. f. a ſtorm, a tempeſt.
TORMENTADO'R, ſ. m. a tormentor.
TORMENTA'R, v. a. to torment.
TORME'NTO, ſ. m. torment, great pain, a rack.
Torménto de cuérda, a way of racking a man.
TORMENTO'SO, adj. ſtormy.
TO'RMO, ſ. m. a rock that ſtands by itſelf ſeparate from all others.
TORNA, ſ. f. reſtitution.
TORNABO'DA, ſ. f. the ſecond day's feaſt at a wedding.
TORNA'DA, ſ. f. a return; alſo a turn about.
TORNADI'ZO, adj. that has turned or may be turned, a turncoat, a runagate.
TORNADU'RA, ſ. f. a meaſure of about ten feet.
TORNA'R, v. a. to turn, to return, to reſtore.
Tornár la comida, to caſt up what one has eaten, to vomit.
Tornár a un negócio de nuevo, to begin afreſh, to go upon a buſineſs.
Tornár en ſi, to come to oneſelf, after being in a ſwoon, or the like.
TORNASO'L, ſ. m. the plant called turnſol. It is alſo any changeable colour.
TORNASOLA'DO, adj. of a changeable colour.
TORNA'TIL, adj. that turns eaſily.
TORNEA'DOR, ſ. m. one that exerciſes himſelf in tournaments, or tilting.
TORNEAME'NTO, ſ. m. a tournament; alſo a turning.
TORNEA'R, v. a. to turn as turners do; alſo to tilt to run at tilt.
TORNE'O, ſ. f. a tournament or tilting.
TORNE'RA, ſ. f. a nun that has a particular office in the monaſtery.
TORNE'RO, ſ. m. a turner.
TORNILLE'RO, ſ. m. a deſerter, a ſoldier that quits his regiment without leave.
TORNI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſcrew, a vice, a little turn.
Soldádo de tornillo, a ſoldier that runs from the army to return home.
TO'RNISCO'N, ſ. m. a blow vith the back of the hand.
TO'RNO, ſ. m. a turn, a turner's lath, a ſcrew.
Tórno de hilár, a ſpinning-wheel.
Tórno de mónjas, the nuns wheel, a round box ſtanding on one end upon an iron pin to turn round, by which they receive and deliver out what is neceſſary without being ſeen.
TO'RO, ſ. m. a bull.
Tóro, ſ. m. in architecture, the torus, the third member of the baſe.
Ciértos ſon los tóros, without doubt.
Avérſe viſto en los cuernos del toro, to have been on the bull's horns; that is, to have been in imminent danger.
Echár la capa al toro, to throw one's cloak to the bull; to quit all a man has to ſave himſelf.
TORONDO'N, ſ. m. vide *TOLONDRON*.
Toróndon, a ſore cauſed by a blow.
TORO'NJA, ſ. f. a citron.

TORONGIL,

TORONGI'L, ſ. m. the herb baum.
Torongil de limónes, lemon-baum.
TORO'NJO, ſ. m. a citron-tree.
TORO'SO, adj. ſtrong, robuſt.
TOROZO'N, ſ. m. the twiſting of the guts, the griping of the guts.
TO'RPE, adj. baſe, vile, filthy, dirty; alſo dul, ſlow.
TORPEDA'D, ſ. f. baſeneſs, vileneſs, dulneſs, ſlowneſs, filth, dirt.
TORPEDO, ſ. m. a fish ſo called.
TORPEME'NTE, adv. baſely, vilely, dirtily; alſo dully, ſlowly
TORPE'ZA, ſ. f. baſeneſs, vileneſs, filth, dirt; alſo dullneſs, ſlowneſs.
Torpéza de léngua, ſlowneſs of ſpeech, bad utterance.
TORRA'R, v. a. to toaſt, to burn the ſuperficies of.
TO'RRE, ſ. f. a tower.
Tórre de homonágo, the higheſt, or the ſtrongeſt tower in a fort.
Tórre mócha, a plain tower without any battlements about it.
Tórres de viento, caſtles in the air.
TORREA'R, v. a to erect towers about a wall.
TORREJO'N, ſ. m. a ſmall tower.
TORRE'NTE, ſ. m. a torrent, a violent ſtream.
TORREO'N, ſ. m. a large tower on a wall, or ſtanding, by itſelf.
TORREONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little tower.
TORRECI'LLA, ſ. f. a turret, or ſmall tower.
TORREZNADA, ſ. f. a large omelet with ſmall ſlices of bacon in it.
TORREZNE'RO, ſ. m. a lazy fellow that ſits always over the fire, as if he was roaſting raſhers of bacon.
TORRE'ZNO, ſ. m. a raſher of bacon.
Prov. *A torrezno de tocino buen golpe de vino*, a raſher of bacon requires a good draught of wine.
TORREZUE'LA, ſ. f. a turret, a little tower.
TO'RRIDO, adj. torrid, burnt, ſcorched, parched.
TORRI'JAS, ſ. f. pl. ſlices of bread ſoaked in eggs, then fried in oil or butter, and white wine, honey, and cinnamon put over them.

TORRONTE'S, ſ. f. a kind of grape ſo called.
TO'RTA, ſ. f. a cake.
TORTA'DA, ſ. f. a ſort of pancake.
TORTEDA'D, ſ. f. crookedneſs, wryneſs.
TORTERA, ſ. f. a paſty-pan; alſo a little wooden dish.
TORTI'LLA, ſ. f. a little cake.
Tortilla de huevos, an omelet of eggs.
TORTOLI'CO, } ſ. m. dimin.
TORTOLI'LLO, } of *tórtola*.
TO'RTOLA, ſ. f. a turtle dove.
TORTOLI'LLA, ſ. f. a little turtle-dove.
TO'RTOLO, ſ. m. the male of the turtle dove. Seldom uſed.
TORTOZO'N, ſ. m. a kind of grape ſo called.
TORTUGA, ſ. f. f. a tortoiſe.
TORTUOSIDA'D, ſ. f. crookedneſs, winding.
TORTUO'SO, adj. crooked, winding.
TORTU'RA, ſ. f. crookedneſs.
TORVI'SCO, ſ. m. the herb ſpurge.
TORVO, adj. fierce, frightful frowning.
TORZA'L, ſ. m. any thread twiſted.
TORZO'N, ſ. m. the twiſting of the guts properly, but uſed for the gripes; from *torcér*, to twiſt.
TORZONA'DO, adj. griped.

T O S

TOS, ſ. f. a cough.
TOSCAME'NTE, adv. coarſely, groſly.
TO'SCO, adj. rude, rough, unpoliſhed, clownish.
TO'SIGO, ſ. m. v. *TO'SSIGO*.
TOSQUEDA'D, ſ. f. rudeneſs, roughneſs, unpoliteneſs, clownishneſs.
TOSSECI'LLA, ſ. f. an affected cough.
TOSSE'R, v. n. to cough.
TO'SSIGO, ſ. m. poiſon, intoxication. Alſo pain, grief anguish.
TOSTA'DA, ſ. f. a toaſt.
TOSTADO'R, ſ. m. a toaſting iron.
TO'STAR, v. a. to toaſt, to parch.
TOSTO'N, ſ. m. an old name for half a piece of eight; but in Portugal, a *tóſton* is an hundred *reis*, worth eight-pence.
Pan tóſton, puff-paſte, cake, or cruſt.
TOSTO'NES, ſ. m. pl. the peaſe they call *garvanzos* when toaſted.

T O T

TOTA'L, adj. total, entire.
TOTALIDA'D, ſ. f. totality, whole quantity.
TOTALME'NTE, adv. totally, entirely.
TOTILIMU'NDI, ſ. m. a raree-ſhew, a ſhew carried in a box.
TOTOVI'A, ſ. m. a ſmall bird ſo called.

T O U

TOUCA'N, ſ. m. a bird in Braſil about the bigneſs of a magpye.

T O X

TOXICA'DA, adj. poiſoned.
TO'XICO, ſ. m. poiſon.
TO'XO, ſ. m. a kind of broom.

T O Z

TOZA, ſ. f. v. *TOCA'N*.
TOZA'L, ſ. m. an high and eminent place.
TOZUE'LO, ſ. m. the neck of any animal.

T R A

TRABA, ſ. f. a linking, knitting, or joining together; alſo an impediment or hindrance.
TRABACUE'NTA, ſ. f. an error, a miſtake in any account; alſo a quarrel a diſpute.
TRABADE'RO, ſ. m. the thinner part of a beaſt's foot.
TRABADU'RA, ſ. f. joining together.

TRABA'DO, adj. linked, knit, or joined together.

TRABAJA'DO, adj. troubled, pained, grieved.

TRABAJA'DO'R, ſ. m. a labouret.

TRABAJA'R, v. a. to labour, to work.

TRABAJI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *trabájo*.

TRABA'JO, ſ. m. work, labour, pains, trouble, grief.

Sacár a uno de trabájos, to bring a man out of trouble.

TRABAJOSAME'NTE, adv. difficultly, laboriouſly, troubleſomely.

TRABAJO'SO, adj. difficult, troubleſome.

TRABA'L, adj. large; ſaid of thoſe nails that ſerve to nail boards, planks, or beams together.

TRABA'R, v. a. to link, to knit, to join together; alſo to contend for, to diſpute.

Trabárſe de palábras, to quarrel with one.

Trabár, to fight.

Tabárſe de léngua, is to have any impediment in the tongue, ſuch as one cannot ſpeak.

Trabár la viſta, to ſquint.

TRABAZO'N, ſ. m. joining, knitting together; alſo connexion, relation to ſomething.

TRABE, ſ. m. a beam.

TRABI'LLA, ſ. f. dimin. of *traba*

TRABO'N, ſ. m. an iron ring that they uſe to put to the feet of horſes to ſubject them.

TRABU'CA, ſ. f. a kind of cracker.

TRABUCACIO'N, ſ. f. a miſtake.

TRABUCA'R, v. a. to overthrow, to overturn, to turn topſy-turvy, to caſt down.

TRABUCA'ZO, ſubſt. m. a blunderbuſs's ſhot; alſo a great and ſudden fright.

TRABU'CO, ſ. m. a battering-ram, an engine to caſt great ſtones and darts; or any other engine of that nature; a blunderbuſs.

TRACAMU'NDA'NA, ſ. f. a ridiculous exchange of any thing of no value.

TRACHE'A, ſ. f. the artery called *trachéa*, the weaſand or windpipe.

TRA'CHI, ARTE'RIA, ſ. f. idem.

TRA'CIAS, ſ. m. the name of a wind. Not uſed.

TRACI'STA, ſ. m. a contriver, one that draws the model of a work, an architect; alſo a ſharper, a cheat.

TRA'CTO, ſ. m. a ſpace of time that paſſes or is paſſed.

TRADICIO'N, ſ. f. a tradition.

TRADUCCIO'N, ſ. f. a tranſlation.

TRADUCI'R, v. a. to tranſlate; alſo to change.

TRADUCTO'R, ſ. m. a tranſlator.

TRAFAGA'R, v. n. to remove things from one place to another; alſo to traffick.

TRA'FAGO, ſ. m. removing of goods from one place to another, traffick, buſtling, motion.

TRAFAGO'N, ſ. m. a trading man alſo a buſy body.

TRAFALME'JO, adj. bold, courageous.

TRAFICA'R, v. a. to traffick.

TRA'FIGO, ſ. m. traffick.

TRAGAÇA'NTHA, ſ. f. a root ſo called; alſo a gum ſo called.

TRAGACE'TE, ſ. m. a miſſile weapon ſo called.

TRAGADE'RO, ſ. m. the throat, the gullet.

TRAGADO'R, ſ. m. a ſwallower, a devourer, a glutton.

TRAGAFE'ES, ſ. m. a traitor.

TRAGALDA'BAS, ſ. m. a glutton.

TRAGALE'GUAS, ſ. m. a great runner, ſpeaking of horſes or men.

TRAGALU'Z, ſ. f. a window made on the top of a houſe.

TRAGAMA'LLAS, ſ. m. a devouring fellow, a glutton, a cormorant; alſo a bluſtering bully.

TRAGANTA'DA, ſ. f. a very large draught.

TRAGANTO'N, ſ. m. a glutton, a devourer, a naſty feeder.

TRAGA'R, v. a. to ſwallow, to devour.

TRAGAZO'N, ſ. m. devouring, gluttony, gormandizing.

TRA'GE, ſ. m. apparel, garb.

Prov. *Con buén trâge ſe encúbre ruin linâge*, good garb hides a baſe pedigree.

TRAGEA'R, v. a. to dreſs a perſon.

TRAGE'DIA, ſ. f. a tragedy; alſo any mournful event.

TRAGE'DICO, adj. tragical.

TRAGE'LAPHO, ſ. m. an animal of the ſtag kind ſo called.

TRAGICAME'NTE, adv. tragically.

TRA'GICO, adj. tragical.

TRAGITOME'DJA, ſ. f. a tragicomedy.

TRAGI'N, ſ. m. carriage or convenience for carriage.

TRAGINA'R, v. a. to tranſport or carry goods from one place to another.

TRAGINE'RO, ſ. m. a carrier, a perſon that removes goods from place to place.

TRAGI'NO, ſ. m. vide *TRAGIN*.

TRA'GIO, ſ. m. a plant ſo called.

TRA'GO, ſ. m. a draught of any liquor, a gulp.

Trágo de amargúra, a bitter draught, a grievous accident.

TRAGO'N, ſ. m. a glutton.

TRAGONCI'LLO, ſ. m. a little glutton.

TRAGONI'A, ſ. f. gluttony.

TRAGOPA'NA, } ſ. f. a large
TRAGOPA'NADE, } bird ſo called.

TRAGUI'LLO, } ſ. m. a little
TRAGUI'TO, } draught, a gulp.

TRAHEDO'R, ſ. m. he that brings or carries.

TRAHE'R, v. a. to fetch, to bring, to wear; alſo to draw.

Trahér, to perſuade, to engage.

Traherſe bien, to be nicely dreſſed.

Traher al ojo, to obſerve attentively.

Traher a mal traher, to abuſe one.

Traher en lenguas, to cenſure, to ſpeak ill of one.

Traher las piernas, to rub the legs.

TRAHI'DA, ſ. f. bringing, fetching.

TRAHIE'NTE, adject. one who brings.

TRAHI'LLA, ſ. f. the leash for a dog: alſo a ſort of cart made uſe of to carry earth.

TRAHILLA'R, v. a. to level the ground.

TRAICIO'N, ſ. f. treaſon.

TRAIDO'R, ſ. m. a traitor.

Traidór, adj. treacherous.

TRAIDORAME'NTE, adv. treacherouſly.

TRAIDORCI'CO, ſ. m. dim. of *traidór*.

TRAINE'L, ſ. m. a pimp's ſervant.

TRAI'TE, ſ. m. dreſſing of cloth.

TRA'MA, ſ. f. the owſe in weaving of cloth; metaph. a plot, a cunning contrivance.

TRAMADO'R, ſ. m. the perſon who plots or contrives.

TRAMA'R, v. a. to plot, to contrive; alſo to warp, to weave.

TRA'MITE, ſ. m. a path.

TRA'MO, ſ. m. a piece of any thing; particularly a piece of land.

Trámo de cordél, a piece of rope.

TRAMO'JO, adj. the loweſt or bardeſt part of the reed of any grain.

Buén tramójo tiéne que roér, he has a good weed to gnaw. We ſay, he has a hard bone to pick.

TRAMONTA'NA, ſ. f. the north-wind.

TRAMONTA'NO, adj ultramontane, that lives beyond the mountains.

TRAMONTA'R, v. n. to go down or ſet as the ſun does.

Al tramontár del ſol, at ſun-ſet.

TRAMO'YA, ſ. f. a machine ſuch as they have in the play-houſes for show, to bring down angels in clouds, or the like; metaph. a cheat, a fraud, a deceitful contrivance.

Púntas de tramóya, a ſort of lace.

TRAMOYI'STA, ſ. m. an enginemaker; alſo a cheat, a deceiver.

TRA'MPA, ſ. f. a trap-door, a pitfall to catch wild beaſts, a trap, a ſnare; metaph. a cheat, a deceit, a fraud.

TRAMPA'LES, ſ. m. pl. ſloughs, dirty miry places, where beaſts are ſtuck faſt.

TRAMPANTO'JO, ſ. m. a trick or cheat put upon a man before his face.

TRAMPEA'R, v. n. to trick, to cheat, to coſen, to defraud, to play the knave.

TRAMPI'LLA, ſ. f. a little trap-door, trap, or cheat.

TRAMPI'STA, ſ. m. a tricking cheating fellow.

TRAMPOSI'LLO, ſ. m. a little knavish cheating fellow.

TRAMPO'SO, adj. tricking, deceitful, a tricking cheathing fellow.

TRA'NCA, ſ. f. a door or window-bar, or the like.

TRANCA'DA, ſ. f. a fillet, a hair-lace.

TRANCAHI'LO, ſ. m. any thing that is bound with thread or cord.

TRANCA'R, v. a. v. *ATRANCA'R*.

TRANCA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a bar or pole.

TRA'NCE, ſ. m. a ticklish or dangerous point. In buying and ſelling, the transferring of goods from the ſeller to the buyer.

Trance rigoroſo, a dreadful circumſtance.

Trance de armas, a battle.

TRANCELI'N, ſ. m. v. *TRENCELLI'N*.

TRANCHE'TE, ſ. m. a ſhoemaker's knife.

TRA'NCO, ſ. m. a large ſtride.

TRANQUE'RA, ſ. f. a paliſade.

TRANQUILAME'NTE, adv. peaceably, quietly, calmly.

TRANQUILA'R, v. a. to quiet, to appeaſe.

TRANQUILIDA'D, ſ. f. tranquility, quietneſs, calmneſs.

TRANQUILIZA'R, v. a. to quiet, to calm, to appeaſe.

TRANQUI'LO, adj. calm, ſtill, quiet.

TRANQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little bar for a door or window.

TRANSACCIO'N, ſ. f. tranſaction.

TRANSCENDE'NTE, adj. tranſcending, ſurpaſſing.

TRANSCENDE'R, v. a. to tranſcend, to ſurpaſs.

TRANSCRIBI'R, v. a. to tranſcribe, to copy.

TRANSCU'RSO, ſ. m. proceſs of time.

TRANSFERI'R, v. a. to transfer.

TRANSFIGURACIO'N, ſ. f. the feaſt of our Saviour's Transfiguration; a changing of shape or figure.

TRANSFIGURA'R, v. a. to transfigure to change the shape or figure.

TRANSFI'XO, adj. transfixed, pierced.

TRANSFORMACIO'N, ſ. f metamorphoſis, transformation, changing of form.

TRANSFORMADO'R, ſ. m. a transformer, or changer of forms.

TRANSFORMAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *TRANSFORMACI'ON*.

TRANSFORMA'R, v. a. to transform, to change forms.

Transformárſe, v. r. to transform one's ſelf.

TRANSFORMATI'VO, adj. having the quality or power of trans forming.

TRANSFU'GA, ſ. m. a run-away.

TRANSFUNDI'R, v. a. to transfuge.

TRANSFUSIO'N, ſ. f. a pouring liquor from one veſſel into another.

TRANSGREDI'R, v. a. to tranſgreſs.

TRANSGRESSIO'N, ſ. f. tranſgreſſion, offence.

TRANGRESSO'R, ſ. m. a tranſgreſſor.

TRANSICIO'N, ſ. f. a tranſition, paſſing from one thing to another.

TRANSI'DO, adj. ſtarved with hunger, thirſt, or cold.

TRANSIGI'R, v. a. to paſs an agreement.

TRANSITA'R, v. n. to paſs.

TRA'NSITO, ſ. m. a paſſage, the paſſing from one place to another.

TRANSITO'RIO, adj. tranſitory, that paſſes away.

TRANSLACIO'N, ſ. f. tranſlation.

TRANSMARI'NO, adj. beyond the ſea, ultramarine.

TRANSMIGRACIO'N, ſ. f. a tranſmigration.

TRANSMIGRA'R, v. n. to remove from one country to another.
TRANSMISSI'BLE, adject. that which may be tranſmitted.
TRANSMITI'R, v. a. to tranſmit.
TRANSMUTA'BLE, adj. changeable from one thing to another.
TRANSMUTACIO'N, ſubſt. f. a changing from one thing to another.
TRANSMUTA'R, v a. to change from one thing to another.
TRANSPARE'NCIA, ſ. f. tranſparency.
TRANSPARENTAR'SE, v. r. to be tranſparent.
TRANSPARE'NTE, adj. tranſparent.
TRANSPIRACIO'N, ſ. f. tranſpiration, perſpiration.
TRANSPIRA'R, v. n. to tranſpire, to perſpire.
TRANSPORTACIO'N, ſubſt. f. tranſportation.
TRANSPORTA'R, v. a. to tranſport.
TRANSPORTI'N, ſ. m. an upper mattraſs upon a bed.
TRANSPOSICIO'N, ſ. f. tranſpoſition.
TRANSPUE'STO, adj. tranſpoſed.
TRANSUBSTANCIACIO'N, ſ. f. tranſſubſtanciation.
TRANSUBSTANCIA'R, v. a. to change one ſubſtance into another.
TRANSVERSA'L, adj. overthwart, acroſs.
TRANZADE'RA, ſ. f. a knot.
TRANZA'R, v. a. vide *TRENZAR*
TRAPACE'RO, ſ. m. a cheating fellow, an extortioner.
TRAPACE'TE, ſ. m. a broker's or a banker's book.
TRAPACI'STA, ſ. f. a cheat in buying or ſelling, an extortioner in lending of money; a broke, a banker.
TRAPAJO, ſ. m. a clout, a rag.
TRAPA'LA, ſubſt. f. a confuſed noiſe of clattering with the feet, or ſtamping of horſes; metaph. the noiſe of babbling.
TRAPA'ZA ſ. f. a cheat, a fraud.
TRAPA'ZO, ſ. m. a knavish trick; alſo a waggish ſaying or action.
TRAPERI'A, ſ. f. a place full of rags, or where they buy and ſell rags.
TRAPE'RO, ſ. m. a rag-merchant
TRAPI'CHE, ſ. m. a ſugar mill.
TRAPI'LLO, ſ. m. a little clout or rag.
Un mal trapillo, a pitiful ſcoundrel.
La fiéſta del trapillo, the feaſt of Saint Mark; ſo called at Madrid, becauſe on that day all the rabble and ragged crew go abroad into the fields to be merry.
TRA'PO, ſ. m. a clout, a rag.
Al atár de los trapós, at the binding up of the rags. We ſay, at the winding up of the bottom.
Prov. *Al deſcalabrádo, núnca le fálta un trápo que róto que sáno*, he that has his head broke, never wants a rag whole or torn. When a man has a misfortune, ſomebody or other pities and relieves him, though it be but poorly.
Trapos, pl. the foul linen when the laundreſs has is to waſh.
TRAQUE, ſ. m. the noiſe of a cracker when burſting.
TRAQUEADO'RA, ſ. f. a turbulent, troubleſome woman.
TRAQUEA'R, v. n. to cry like a ſtork, to clatter like a drum.
TRAQUI'DO, ſ. m. the report of a gun, the noiſe of a drum, or the like.
TRAQUI'N, ſ. m. in cant, a pick-pocket.
TRAS, adv. after, behind.
Ir tras el ladrón, to purſue a thief.
Tras el véngo yo, I come in purſuit of him; or, I am next in order to him.
Tris-tras, ſ. m. a noiſe.
TRANSANE'JO, adj. three years old.
TRASCA, ſ. m. a thick ſtrap.
TRASCANTO'N, ſ. m. a by-corner; alſo a wound or blow given at the turning the corner of a ſtreet, as ruffians do who lie in wait.
TRASCORDA'DO, adj. forgotten.
Traſcordádo, ſ. m. a forgetful man.
Sois un traſcordádo, you forget everything, you never mind your buſineſs.
TRASCORDA'RSE, v. r. to forget one's ſelf, or to fall aſleep.
TRASCORRA'L, ſ. m. a back-yard.
TRASEGADO'R, ſ. m. one that racks, pours, or conveys from one veſſel to another.
TRASEGA'R, v. a. to rack, to pour, to convey from one veſſel into another.
TRASE'RO, adj. that come behind, hindermoſt, backward.
Traſéro, ſ. m. the breech.
TRASFIGURACIO'N, ſ. f. vide *TRANSFIGURACIO'N.*
TRASFIGURA'R, verb. a. vide *TRANSFIGURAR.*
TRASFORMACIO'N, ſ. f. vide *TRANSFORMACIO'N.*
TRASFORMA'R, verb. a. vide *TRANSFORMA'R.*
TRA'SGO, ſ. m. an hobgoblin, an apparition, a ghoſt, a fairy.
TRASGUEA'R, v. n. to play the hobgoblin.
TRASHOGUE'RO, ſ. m. an iron back to a chimney; a great log of vood to lay behind the fire.
TRASHOJA'R, v. a. to turn over the leaves of a book.
TRASHUMA'R, v. a. to paſs from the paſtures to the mountains, or the contrary. Said of the flocks.
TRASIE'GO, ſ. m. the paſſing a thing from one place to another.
TRASLACIO'N, ſ. m. a tranſtion.
TRASLADADOR, ſ. m. a tranſlator.
TRASLADA'R, v. a. to tranſlate.
TRASLA'DO, ſ. m. a copy of writing.
TRASLAPA'R, v. a. vide *SOLAPA'R.*
TRASLUCIE'NTE, adj. tranſparent.
TRASLUCI'R, v. a. to ſhine throug; to be tranſparent; to perceive, to conceive, to ſee into, to underſtand.
Traſlucirſe una cósa, to have ſome knowledge or inſight into a thing; alſo to be tranſparent.
TRASMA'LLO, ſ. m. a cloſe net behind another open one.
TRASMAñA'NA, ſ. f. the next day after to-morrow.

TRASMA'NO, adv. behind-hand.
TRASMONTA'NOS, ſ. m. pl. the people beyond the mountains.
TRASMONTA'R, v. n. v. *TRAMONTA'R.*
TRASNOCHA'DA, ſ. f. the paſſing of a whole night without going to bed.
TRASNOCHA'R, v. n. to watch all night.
TRASPALA'R, v. a. to turn, or to ſhovel corn, or the like from one place to another.
TRASPARE'NTE, adject. vide *TRANSPARE'NTE.*
TRASPASSAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a transferring or paſſing away to another; running through with a weapon.
TRASPASSA'T, v. a to transfer, to paſs over to another, to run through with a weapon, to pierce with hunger or cold; alſo to exceed, to tranſgreſs.
Traſpaſſárſe de hambre, to be pierced or ſtarving with hunger.
TRASPA'SSO, ſ. m. the transferring, or making over of a thing; alſo a trance, an agony.
Ayunar el trapáſſo, to faſt from Maundy Thurſday till Holy Saturday at noon, in honour of our Saviour's agony.
TRASPEINA'R, v. a. to comb again lightly what was already combed.
TRASPIE', ſ. m. a trip in wreſtling.
Dar traſpiés, to reel, to ſtagger.
TRASPILLA'RSE, v. r. to grow lean.
TRASPLANTA'R, verb. a. vide *TRANSPLANTA'R.*
TRASPONE'R, v. a. to transfer, to remove, to tranſplant, to vaniſh away, to get out of ſight.
Traſponérſe, v. r. to fall into a ſwoon; alſo to vanish.
TRASPORTA'R, verb. a. vide *TRANSPORTA'R.*
TRASPUE'STA, ſ. f. a ſudden diſappearing or getting out of ſight.
TRASPUE'STO, adj. diſappeared, vanished, got out of ſight; alſo tranſplanted.
TRASQUA'RTO, ſ. m. a back-room.
TRASQUILADO'R, ſ. m. a shearer, a clipper.
TRASQUILADU'RA, ſ. f. a sheating or clipping.
TRASQUILA'T, v. a. to clip, to shear, to cut off the hair or wool.
TRASQUILIMO'CHO, adj. shorn cloſe.
TRASQUILO'NES, ſ. m. pl. notches in hair that is ill cut.
TRASSOñA'T, v. n. to doat, to be beſide one's ſelf, as one that is half aſleep; to be as it were in a dream.
TRA'STE, ſ. m. the freet of an inſtrument.
Dar al tráſte, to ſink down, to founder at ſea.
TRASTEA'T, v. a. to tumble the lumber of a houſe, to turn it over, to look about among goods.
TRASTEJADO'T, ſ. m. a tiler; alſo a mender.
TRASTEJADU'TA, ſ. f. tiling; alſo mending and altering.
TRASTEJA'T, v. a. to mend the tiles of a houſe; thence to mend other things, alſo to alter, to contrive, to order; in cant, to break in at the top of a houſe.
TRASTE'JO, ſ. m. the tiling of a roof.
TRASTIE'NDA, ſ. f. a back shop.
TRA'STO, ſ. m. a piece of lumber.
Tráſtos, plur. the lumber of a houſe, houshold-goods; generally taken for things not in uſe, or of no uſe.
TRASTORNA'DO, ſ. m. a madman or a drunken man.
TRASTORNADO'R, ſ. m. an overthrower, one that turns things topſyturvy.
TRASTORNADU'RA, ſubſt. f. overthrowing, turning things topſy-turvy.
TRASTORNA'R, v. a. to overthrow, to turn topſy-turvy.
Traſtornár a uno, to make a man change his mind or opinion.
Traſtornárſe, v. r. to be drunk or mad.
TRASTRAVA'DO, adj. croſſed, laid athwart.
TRASTRI'GO, ſ. m. better than wheat.
Buſcár pan de traſtrigo to look for better brend than wheat can make, to be foolishly nice.
TRASTROCADU'RA, ſ. f. chopping and changing.
TRASTROCA'R, v. a. to chop and change.
Traſtrocárſe el las palábras, to miſtake in ſpeaking, to ſpeak one word inſtead of another.
TRASTRUE'CO, *TRASTRUE'QUE*, ſ. m. a chopping and changing.
TRASTUMBA'R, v. n. to fall over and over.
TRASUDA'R, v. n. to ſweat vith fear, fright, or through weakneſs, to be in a cold ſweat.
TRASU'NTO, ſ. m. a copy, a figure, a reſemblance, a portraiture.
TRASVENI'R, v. a. to differ, to vary, to diſagree.
TRASVINA'RSE, v. r. to ooſe out of a wine-veſſel. Said. of wine.
TRATA'BLE, adj. tractable, that can be managed.
TRATA'DO, ſ. m. a treaty, a treatiſe. It is alſo uſed for a ſtrong man that is all bones and ſinews.
TRATADO'RES, ſ. m. pl. perſons appointed to diſcuſs ſuch matters as are propoſed; managers.
TRATAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. an handling or dealing.
TRATA'NTE, ſ. m. a dealer.
TRATA'NZA, ſubſt. f. obſ. vide *TRA'TO* and *TRATAMIE'NTO.*
TRATA'R, v. a. to handle, to deal, to trade, to treat.
Tratár a uno, to have to do with a man, to converſe with him.
TRATI'LLO, ſ. m. a little trade.
TRA'TO, ſ. m. trade traffick, management, handling, dealing. In the univerſity of Alcala, it ſignifies the cuſtom they have of vexing new-comers, by playing upon them.
Trato, manner, behaviour, way of proceeding in life, and the like.
Tráto de cuerda, a way of racking by ſtretching the joints with ropes.
Tráto dóbl, double dealing.
Mugér de mal trato a bad woman.

TRAVE'RSAS, ſ. f. pl. certain ropes in a ſhip, ſo called.

TRAVE'S, ſ. m. the inclination or bent of any thing to one of the ſides when it ought to go ſtraightways.

Través, miſfortune, miſhap.

Través, in fortification, a flank.

Través, adv. (*al través*) athwart, abroſs.

Dar al través, to be caſt away at ſea.

Salir al través, to come athwart a man.

Ir al través, a ſea-term, our ſailors call it hulling; that is, when a ſhip at ſea takes in all her ſails in a calm, to ſave them from beating againſt the maſts; or elſe in a ſtorm, when it is ſo fierce they can bear no ſail.

TRAVESA'ñO, adj. that lies, or is to lie acroſs or athwart another.

TRAVESA'R, v. a. vide *ATRAVESA'R*.

TRAVESEA'R, v. n. to act it an unquiet manner, to move or proceed irregularly.

Traveſeár, v. n. to think or ſpeak in a witty or lively manner.

Traveſeár, v. n. to live in a looſe and immoral manner.

TRAVESE'RO, adj. that is placed acroſs.

Flauta traveſera, a German flute.

TRAVESI'A, ſ. f. a croſs-way, a path acroſs.

Traveſia, thwarting, croſſing.

Viento traveſſia, a contrary wind.

TRAVESSU'RA, ſ. f. unluckineſs, waggiſhneſs, wantonneſs, archneſs, diſorderlineſs rakiſhneſs.

TRAVIE'SA, ſ. f. v. *TRAVESIA*.

A traviéſſas, adv. athwart.

TRAVIE'SO, adject. unlucky, naughty; waggiſh, rakiſh, wanton.

Traviéſo, not docile, ſtubborn, apt to rebel.

TRAVO, ſ. m. in cant, a fencing-maſter.

TRAYE'LLA, ſ. f. vide *TRAHILLA*

TRA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſcheme, a plan.

TRAZADO'R, ſ. m. a ſcheмer, a contriver.

TRAZA'R, v. a. to ſcheme, to contrive.

TRAZO, ſ. m. the delineation of a plan.

Los trazos, pl. in painting, the folds of the drapery.

TRZUMA'TSE, v. r. to tranſpire.

T R E

TRE'BEDES, ſ. f. a trevet.

TREBEJA'R, v. a. to toy, to play, to jeſt, to dandle, to play with a child.

TREBE'JO, ſubſt. m. a cheſs or draughtman; alſo a rattle, or other child's toy.

TRE'BOL, ſ. m. the ſweet trefoil.

Trébol reál, the large ſweet trefoil.

TRE'CE adj. thirteen.

Eſtarſe en ſu trece, to be poſitive or obſtinate.

TRECE'NO, adj. the thirteenth.

TRECEMESI'NO, adject. thirteen months old.

TRECE'SIMO, adj. the thirtieth.

TRECHE'L, ſ. m. a coarſe ſort of wheat.

TRE'CHO, ſ. m. a ſpace or diſtance.

A trechos, adv. at diſtances.

TRECIE'NTOS, adj. three hundred.

TRE'FE, adj. light, weak, that eaſily bends and gives way; alſo troubled with the phthiſick.

TREFEDA'D, ſ. f. lightneſs, weakneſs, aptneſs to bow, or give way; alſo the phthiſick.

TRE'GUA, ſ. f. truce; reſt.

TRE'INTA, adj. thirty.

TREMBLO'T, ſ. m. vide *TEMBLOT*.

TREMEDA'L, ſ. m. a quaking bog, a quagmire.

TREME'NDO, adj. dreadful.

TREMENTI'NA, ſ. f. turpentine.

TREMENTINO'SO, adj. full of turpentine.

TREME'R, v. n. to tremble.

TREMESI'NO, adj. three months old.

Trigo tremeſino, corn that comes up and is ripe in three months.

TREMIE'LGA, ſ. f. the cramp-fiſh that benumbs the hands of thoſe who meddle with it.

TREMIE'LGO, ſ. m. a numbneſs, a heavineſs, a dulneſs.

TREMOLA'NTE, adj. flying, wavering in the air.

TREMOLA'R, v. n. to fly, to waver, or play in the air like the colours or flags of a ſhip.

TREMOLI'NA, ſ. f. commotion in the air or of the air.

Tremolina, a tumult, an uproar.

TREMO'R, ſ. m. dread, fear, quaking for fear.

TREMULA'NTE, adj. vide *TREMOLA'NTE*.

TREMULA'R, v. n. vide *TREMOLA'R*.

TREN, ſ. m. the train of artillery.

TRENA, ſ. f. a belt, a band worn acroſs.

Trena, in cant, a jail, a priſon.

TRENA'DO, adj. reticulated.

TRENCAS, ſ. f. pl. certain bits of reed put in bee hives for certain purpoſes.

Meterſe haſta las trencas, to enter into a bog and get bemired. Metaphorically, to enter deep into an affair.

TRENCELLI'N, ſ. m. } a little
TRENCI'LLA, ſ. f. } treſs of
TRENCI'LLO, ſ. m. } hair.

Trencillo, the loop worn on the hat.

TRENO, ſ. m. a ſort of cart without wheels, a ſledge.

Treno, in cant, a priſoner.

Trenos, ſ. m. pl. the Lamentations of the prophet Jeremiah.

TRE'NZA, ſ. f. a twiſt, treſſes.

TRENZADE'RA, ſ. f. a frame to weave hair.

TRENZA'DO, ſ. m. the hair twiſted into treſſes.

TRENZA'T, v. a. to twiſt into treſſes.

TRE'O, ſ. m. a very ſmall ſquare ſail they hoiſt out in galleys in a ſtorm.

TRE'PA, ſ. f. a skip, a jump, a tumble; alſo the border of a garment; a bearing.

Dárle una buena trepa, to give a good beating.

TREPADE'RA, ſ. f. the herb bind-weed.

TREPADO'R, ſ. m. a vaulter, a tumbler, a skipper, a jumper.

TREPADU'RA, ſ. f. a vaulting or tumbling.

TREPANA'R, v. a. to trepan the ſcull, as ſurgeons do.
TREPA'NO, ſ. m. the tool with which ſurgeons trepan the ſcull.
TREPA'R, v. n. to vault, to tumble, to skip, to jump; alſo to ſtumble.
TREPI'CHE, ſ. m. vide *TRAPI'CHE*.
TREPIDACIO'N, ſ. f. fear, trembling.
TRE'PIDO, adj. timorous, fearful.
TRES, adj. three.
TRESAñE'JO, adj. three years old.
TRESDOBLA'R, v. a. to triplicate.
TRESNA, ſ. f. obſ. vide *RASTRO*.
TRESQUILA'R, v. a. vide *TRASQUILA'R*.
TRETA, ſ. f. a trick, a ſlight, a ſtratagem, a feint.
TREZA, ſ. f. in cant, a beaſt.

TRI

TRIA'CA, ſ. f. treacle.
TRIANGULA'R, adj. triangular.
TRIA'NGULO, ſ. m. a triangle, a figure that has three ſides and angles.
TRIAQUE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes treacle.
TRI'BU, ſ. f. a tribe.
TRIBULACIO'N, ſ. f. tribulation, affliction.
TRIBULA'R, v. a. to afflict, to trouble.
TRI'BULOS, ſ. m. pl. briars, brambles.
TRIBU'NA, ſ. f. a tribune or gallery in a church, high above the people, either for the muſick, for a prince, or for a perſon of quality.
TRIBUNA'L, ſ. m. a tribunal, a judgment-ſeat.
TRIBU'NO, ſ. m. a tribune.
TRIBUTACIO'N, ſ. f. vide *TRIBUTO*.
TRIBUTA'R, v. a. to pay tribute.
Tributár obſéquio, to be very obſequious, to pay great reſpect to.
TRIBUTA'RIO, adj. tributary.
TRIBU'TO, ſ. m. tribute, tax, duty, impoſition.
Tributo, a conſtant duty, an unintermiting duty.
Tributo, in cant, a woman kept for pleaſure.
TRICE'SIMO, adj. vide *TRIGE'SIMO*.
TRICLI'NIO, ſ. m. a dining-room.
TRICO'RNE, adj. that has three horns.
TRIDE'NTE, ſ. m. a trident, a fork with three teeth.
TRIE'NNAL, adj. triennial, of three years.
TRIE'NNIO, ſ. m. the ſpace of three years.
TRIFA'UCE, ſ. m. that has three jaws, as poets feign Cerberus to have.
TRI'FIDO, adj. divided in three.
TRIFO'LIO, ſ. m. vide *TREBOL*.
TRIFO'RME, adj. having three forms or figures.
TRIGA'ZA, ſ. f. } the wheat-
TRIGA'ZO, ſ. m. } ſtraw when ſhort and chopped.
TRIGE'SIMO, adject. the thirtieth.
TRIGLIFO, ſ. f. the triglyph, in architecture, an ornament of the Dorick frize, conſiſting of triangular furrows or gutters.
TRI'GO, ſ. m. corn, wheat.
Trigo candeál, fine white wheat.
Trigo tremeſino, wheat that is ripe in three months.
Trigo rubión, red wheat.
Trigo albár, the wheat that ſooneſt ripens.

Prov. *Harto trigo tiene mi padre en un cántaro*, my father has corn enough in a pitcher; applied to thoſe who boaſt of very inconſiderable matters.

Prov. *De trigo ó de avéna, mi caſa llena*, my houſe full of wheat, or oats; if we cannot have the beſt, we may be ſatisfied with plenty of the worſt.

Prov. *Siembra trigo en barriál, y pon viña en caſcajál*, ſow corn in clay, and plant vines in gravel.

Prov. *Todo es náda, ſino trigo y cebáda*, all is nothing, except wheat and barley; that is, all ſtores without bread are worth little.
TRIGONOMETRI'A, ſ. f. trigonometry.
TRIGONOME'TRICO, adj. belonging to trigonometry.
TRIGUE'ñO, adj. of a wheat colour.
TRIGUE'RA, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.
TRIGUE'RO, adj. that grows in wheat-lands or corn-fields, as a certain kind of aſparagus; that frequents them, as a certain kind of ſparrow; or that deals and traffiks in wheat, as a corn-factor.
TRILI'NGUE, adj. of three tongues.
TRI'LLA, ſ. f. the fiſh called a mullet.
Trilla, threshing or treading out the corn.
TRILLADE'RA, ſ. f. v. *TRILLO*.
TRILLA'DO, ſ. m. a beaten road.
TRILLADO'R, ſ. m. a thresher.
TRILLA'R, v. a. to thresh, to tread out corn.
Trillár, to frequent, to haunt with frequency.
Trillár, to beat; to reprimand.
TRILLAZO'N, ſ. f. } a flail; a
TRI'LLO, ſ. m. } flat made of three planks ſtuck with sharp flints, which they draw and turn over the corn ſpread on the floor, and it bruiſes the ear and thruſts out the grain, which ſerves inſtead of threshing or treading with oxen, as was anciently uſed, and is more expeditious than either.
TRIME'STRE, ſ. m. the ſpace of three months.
TRI'NA, ſ. f. a term in heraldry; as, *eſculo in trina*, the eſcutcheon divided into three equal parts, to contain three coats.
Trina en pal, the eſcutcheon divided into two equal parts, and the left ſubdivided, which makes three.
TRINCA, ſ. f. three things of the ſame kind, quality, claſs, or nature.
TRINCA'FIA, ſ. m. a certain manœuvre ſo called on board a ſhip.

TRINCAPIZONES, ſ. m. an idle loitering fellow.

TRINCA'R, v. n. to lie cloſe to the wind.

Trincár, to cut or break into pieces.

Trincár, to go jumping, to jump, to hop.

TRINCHA'NTE, ſ. m. a carver of meat.

Trinchánte, the knife uſed in carving.

TRINCHA'R, v. a. to carve meat.

TRINCHE'A, *TRINCHE'RA*, } ſ. f. a trench.

TRINCHERA'R, v. a. to make trenches.

TRINCHE'RO, or *TRINCHE'O*, ſ. m. a ſmall dish to cut meat upon, or to help about the carved meat.

TRINCHERO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *trinchéa* and *trinchéra*.

TRINCHE'TE, ſ. m. v. *TRANCHETE*.

TRINE'O, ſ. m. v. *TRENO*.

TRINIDA'D, ſ. f. the Bleſſed Trinity.

TRINITA'RIA, ſ. f. a flower ſo called.

TRINITA'RIO, ſ. m. the religious belonging to the order of the Trinitarians.

TRI'NO, adj. three-fold.

Trino, adj. contains three things.

TRINQUETA'DA, ſ. f. a manner of ſailing with only the fore-ſail in a ſtorm.

TRINQUE'TE, ſ. m. a tennis-court.

Trinquéte, ſ. m. the fore-maſt, and the fore-ſail in a ſhip.

TRIO'NES, ſ. m. a conſtellation ſo called.

TRI'PA, ſ. f. a gut, a tripe, the paunch.

Tripa ciéga, the great gut, called the inch-pin.

Tripas, pl. the guts.

Echár las tripas, to vomit up one's bowels.

Prov. *Las tripas eſtén llenas que ellas llevan las piernas*, let the guts be full, for it is they that carry the legs.

Prov. *Tripa llena, ni bien huye, ni bien peléa*, full guts neither run away nor fight well; when a man is too full, he is unfit for any thing.

Prov. *Hacér de tripas corazón*, to make the guts heart; that is, to bully and ſhew much boldneſs when heartily afraid.

TRIPARTI'R, v. a to divide into three parts.

TRIPA'STOS, a pulley formed with three wheels.

TRIPE, ſ. m. a kind of woollen ſtuff ſo called.

TRIPE'RA, ſ. f. a tripe-woman.

TRIPERI'A, ſ. f. the tripe-market.

Triperia, a heap of tripes, the aggregate of the guts or inteſtines.

TRIPE'RO, ſ. m. a tripe-man.

TRIPHTO'NGO, ſ. m. the union of three vowels pronounced like one

TRIPICALLE'RO, ſ. m. a tripe-ſeller.

TRIPI'LLA, ſ. f. a little gut, tripe, or paunch.

TRIPITRA'PE, ſ. m. a maſs of trifles or ridiculous things heaped together; a confuſion of ideas.

TRIPITROPA, ſ. f. a violent revolution in the guts or inteſtines.

TRI'PLA, ſ. f. called by our muſicians triple proportion.

TRI'PLE, adj. triple, treble, three-fold.

TRIPLICA'R, v. a. to treble.

TRIPLI'CE, adj. that includes three things.

TRIPLICIDA'D, ſ. f. triplicity, a term in aſtrology.

TRIPLO, adj. v. *TRI'PLICE*.

TRIPO'DA, *TRIPO'DE*, } ſ. f. a veſſel or a ſtool that has three legs.

TRIPO'LIO, ſ. m a. plant ſo called.

TRIPO'N, ſ. m. a great gut, tripe, or paunch; a great-bellied man.

TRIPUDIA'R, v. n. to dance merrily and immoderately.

TRIPU'DIO, ſ. m. a merry dancing.

TRIPU'DO, ſ. m. a great-gutted fellow, all guts.

TRIPULACION (*de náos*) ſ. f. the manning of ſhips.

TRIPULA'R, v. a. to man a ſhip, to furniſh it for navigation.

Tripulár, to mix, to intermix.

TRIQUE'TE, a word only uſed in the adverb *a cada triquete*, at every ſtep.

TRIQUITRA'QUE, ſ. m. a clattering noiſe, the chopping of meat, or the like; taken alſo in a lewd ſenſe.

Que triquitráque, tiene! what a clack ſhe has.

TRIRRE'ME, ſ. f. a kind of galley uſed by the ancient Romans.

TRIS, ſ. m. an inſtant.

Venir en un tris, to come in a trice.

Tris tras, a clattering noiſe.

TRISA, ſ. f. a fish, called likewiſe *sábalo*.

TRISA'GIO, ſ. m. the thrice repeated ſong of the Seraphims; and any veſti vity that laſts three days.

TRI'SCA, ſ. f. the noiſe of treading on any brittle thing, as glaſs, nut ſhells, or the like; uſed alſo for any other noiſe.

TRISCA'R, v. n. to make ſuch a noiſe as that of treading of glaſs, nut-ſhells, or the like; to crackle.

Triſcár, to diſturb others by noiſe and noiſy jokes.

TRISECA'R, v. a. to cut into three equal parts.

TRISECCIO'N, ſ. f. the act of cutting or dividing into three equal parts.

TRISTE, adj. ſad, melancholy, doleful.

TRISTEME'NTE, adv. ſadly.

TRISTE'ZA, ſ. f. ſadneſs, melancholy, ſorrow.

Triſtéza, in cant, the ſentence of dearth.

TRISTI'GA, ſ. f. a ſewer, a ſubterranean duct to carry off filth.

TRISTO'R, ſ. m. } obſ. vide
TRISTU'RA, ſ. f. } *TRISTEZA*.

Triſtúra, in cant, the jail, the dungeon.

TRISY'LABO, adj. that contains three ſyllables.

TRITO'NES, ſ. m. pl. tritons, ſea-deities.

TRITURACIO'N, ſ. f. trituration.

TRITURAR,

TRITURA'R, v. a. to triturate, to grind.
TRIUMPHADO'R, ſ. m. one that triumphs.
TRIUMPHA'L, adj. triumphal.
TRIUMPHA'NTE, adj. triumphant, great; ſplendid, glorious.
TRIUMPHANTEME'NTE, adv. triumphantly, greatly, ſplendidly.
TRIUMPHA'R, v. a. to triumph; metaph. to live great or extravagantly; to ruſt in playng at cards.
TRIU'MPHO, ſ. m. a triumph; a ſtately proceſſion after victory; alſo a trump at cards.
TRIVIA'L, adj. trivial, common, vulgar, known to all.
TRIVIALIDA'D, ſ. f. any thing that is trivial, vulgar, or common.
TRIVIALME'NTE, adv. trivially, commonly, frequently.
TRI'VIO, ſ. m. the diviſion of a place into three roads.
TRIZA, ſ. f. a mite, a fragment, a ſmall part of a thing.

T R O

TRO'BA, ſ. f. vide *TROVA*.
TROBADO'R, ſ. m. vide *TROVADOR*.
TROBA'R, v. a. vide *TROVAR*.
TROCA'BLE, adj. permutable.
TROCADO'R, ſ. m. that exchanges or permutes.
TROCAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. vide *TRUEQUE*.
TROCA'R, v. a. to change, to batter; alſo to vomit.
TROCATI'NTE, ſ. m. a ridiculous exchange.
TRO'CHA, ſ. f. a track or footſtep.
TROCHEMO'CHE, adv. at random, diſorderly, without regard.
Hacér las cóſas a trochemóche, to do things at random, or hand over head.
TROCI'SCO, ſ. m. a trochisk; a word uſed in phyſick.
TRO'CO, ſ. m. a woman's headwire.
TROGLODI'TA, ſ. m. a cruel man; a ſavage.
TRO'MPA, ſ. f. a ſtraight inſtrument or trumpet of braſs, not winding like a trumpet.
Trómpa, an elephants trunk, or the trunk of any creature, as flies and gnats; a child's trumpet; alſo a top for boys to whip.
Trompa de paris, a Jew's harp.
A trompa y taléga, adv. confuſedly, without any order.
TROMPA'DA, ſ. f. a blow given with the tuſk, or with a trumpet.
Trompáda, the blow that two men give each other by ſuddenly meeting face to face.
TROMPA'ZO, ſ. m. a great blow.
TROMPETA, ſ. f. a trumpet.
TROMPETEA'T, v. n. to ſound a trumpet.
TROMPETE'TO, ſ. m. a trumpeter.
TROMPICAR, v. n. to ſtumble often, or violently.
TROMPI'CO, ſ. m. a child's top or gig.
TROMPICO'N, ſ. m. a violent ſtumble.
TROMPILLA'R, v. n. to jumble together, to ſtumble, to fall.
TRO'MPO, *TROMPO'N*, } ſ. m. a top to play with.
TRONADO'R, ſ. m. a thunderer.
TRONA'R, v. n. to thunder.
TRONCA'L, adj. belonging to a ſtock or trunk.
TRONCA'R, v. a. to cut off ſhort.
TRONCHA'R, v. a. to break, to ſnap off boughs of a tree, or the like.
TRO'NCHO, ſ. m. the ſtalk of a cabbage or any other plant of that ſort.
TRO'NCO, ſ. m. a ſtock or trunk of a tree; metaph. a body without a head; alſo a truncheon; a dull ſenſeleſs fellow; in architecture, the body of a column.
TRONCO'N, ſ. m. a great trunk or ſtock of a tree, or the like.
TRONE'RA, ſ. f. a loop-hole to fire through in a wall, the port-hole in the ſide of a ſhip; the embrazures in batteries out of which the cannon fire.
Tronéra de la llave, a key-hole.
TRONI'DO, ſ. m. the noiſe of thunder, or any thing like thunder.
TRO'NO, ſ. m. a throne, one of the nine choirs of angels.
TRONQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little trunk of a tree, or the like.
TRONZONA'R, v. a. to cut in pieces.
TRONZUE'LO, ſ. m. a little trunk or ſtock of a tree, or the like.
TRO'PA, ſ. f. a troop.
TROPE'L, ſ. m. a croud, a multitude of people, or the noiſe of of many people; alſo confuſion, diſorder.
TROPELI'A, ſ. f. an inſult, a wrong, an injury.
TROPELI'STA, ſ. m. an inſulting perſon, one that does wrong to others.
TROPELLA'R, v. a. vide *ATROPELLA'R*.
TROPEZADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſtumbling-place.
TROPEZA'R, v. n. to ſtumble.
TROPE'ZON, ſ. m. a ſtumble.
TROPEZO'SO, adj. apt to ſtumble.
TROPHE'O, ſ. m. a trophy.
TRO'PICO, ſ. m. a tropick, of which there are two, that of Cancer, and that of Capricorn.
TROPIE'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtumble; a ſtumbling-block.
TROPOLOGI'A, ſ. f. an allegorical diſcourſe, or a diſcourſe full of tropes and figures, or for correcting the manners of others.
TROPOLO'GICO, adj. allegorical.
TROQUE'O, ſ. m. a ſort of foot in the meaſure of verſes, conſiſting of the firſt ſillable long, and the ſecond ſhort.
TROTACONVE'NTOS, ſ. m. a galloper from monaſtery to monaſtery, a gadding woman.
TROTADO'R, ſ. m. a trotting horſe.
TROTADU'RA, ſ. f. a trotting.

TROTA'R, v. n. to trot as a horſe does.
Agua trotáda, water diſturbed by beaſts going into it.
TRO'TE, ſ. m. a horſe's trot.
TROTO'N, adj. trotting.
TROTONERI'A, ſ. f. continual trotting.
TROVA, ſ. f. obſ. verſe.
Trova, a metrical compoſition.
TROVADO'R, ſ. m. a poet, a bard.
Trovadór, a verſe-maker, one who compoſes metrically.
TROVA'R, v. a. obſ. to meet by chance.
Trovár, v. a. obſ. to make verſes.
Trovár, v. a. to imitate a metrical compoſition.
Trovár, to invert the ſenſe of words.
TROVI'STA, ſ. m. a poet, or bard, a verſe-maker.
TROX, } ſ. m. a granary to
TORXE, } keep corn in.
TRO'ZO, ſ. m. truncheon, a piece of wood, or of any other thing.

TRU

TRU'CHA, ſ. f. a trout.
Trucha ſalmonéra, a ſalmon-trout.
Prov. *No ſe tóman trúchas a brágas enxútas*, there is no taking of trouts with dry breeches; nothing is to be done without trouble and labour.
TRUCHAMA'N, ſ. m. an interpreter.
TRUCHUE'LA, ſ. f. the fiſh called poor Jack, but commonly taken for the ſmaller ſort of it; alſo a little trout.
TRU'CO, ſ. m. a truck-table to play on, the play of billiards.
TRUCULE'NTO, adj. cruel, bloody, ſavage.
TRUE, ſ. m. a kind of linen ſo called.
TRUECO, ſ. m. exchange, barter, permutation.
TRUENO, ſ. m. the noiſe of the thunder, or of any fire-arm.
TRUE'QUE, ſ. m. exchange.
TRUFA, ſ. f. a ſcoff, a joke, a banter.
TRUHA'N, ſ. m. a buffoon, a jeſter.
TRUHA'NA, ſ. f. a ſhe buffoon, a jeſter.
TRUHANEA'R, v. n. to play the buffoon or jeſter.
TRUHANERI'A, ſ. f. buffoonry, or playing the jeſter.
TRUHANI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *truhan*.
TRUJAMA'N, ſ. m. an interpreter; alſo one who adviſes another in conſequence of his ſuperior ſkill or practice; alſo a broker.
TRUJAMANEA'R, v. a. to interpret, to tranſlate; alſo to play the broker.
TRUJAMANI'A, ſ. f. the profeſſion or practice of interpreting; alſo the art of playing the broker.
TRU'LLA, ſ. f. a rout of people.

TU

TU, pron. thou.
Tu por tu, coarſe, or ill language.
Venir a tu por tu, to come to abuſe one another.

TUB

TU'BO, ſ. m. a tube, a pipe.

TUD

TUDE'L, ſ. m. the little pipe that is put into a ſackbut to play, or the reed of a hautboy or the like.
TUDE'SCO, ſ. m. a ſort of great coat ſo called.

TUE

TUERA, ſ. f. a kind of gourd which is very bitter.
Amargo como unas tueras, extremely bitter.
TUE'RO, ſ. m. a fire-brand.
TUE'RTO, adj. crooked, awry, wrong done; alſo ſquint-eyed, or one-eyed.
Prov. *Mas válе tuerto que ciego*, better be one-eyed than blind.
Tuértos, ſ. m. pl. the twiſting of the guts.
TUE'TANO, ſ. m. marrow.
Haſta los tuétanos, with all the poſſible vigour.

TUF

TUFARADA, ſ. f. the ſtrong ſcent that a thing emits.
TUFO, ſ. m. the ſteam or exhalation from the earth cauſed either by natural or by artificial fire.
Tufo, the ſtrong ſcent of burning charcoal, or of any thing elſe.
Tufo, pl. the ſide-locks of hair that hang along the temples.
Tufos, pl. pride, arrogance, haughty contempt of.

TUG

TUGU'RIO, ſ. m. a hut, a ſmall and poor habitation.

TUI

TUICIO'N, ſ. f. tuition, defence, protection.
TUITI'VO, adj. that defends, that protects.

TUL

TULI'PA, ſ. f. a ſmall tulip.
TULI'PAN, ſ. m. a tulip.
TULLI'DO, ſ. m. one that is lame of the limbs, diſabled, maimed, crippled.
TULLIDU'RA, ſ. f. among falconers, the dung or mewtings of a hawk.
TULLIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. maiming, or cripping.
TULLI'R, v. a. to maim, to cripple, to take away the uſe of the limbs.
Tullir, in falconry, to dung; our falconers call it mewting in the long-winged hawks; and ſlicing in the ſhort-winged.

TUM

TUMBA, ſ. f. tomb, coffin, the arched covering over a grave.
Baúl de tumba, a trunk that has the top round or arched.
Tumba, a tumble, a fall.
TUMBADI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſea-term of which I know not the meaning.
TUMBA'DO, adj. rounded on the top like the old-faſhioned trunks or coffins.
TUMBA'GA, ſ. f. a metal ſo called; and alſo any ring made of that metal.
TUMBAGO'N, ſ. m. a large ring or bracelet made of *tumbaga*.
TUMBA'R, v. a. to tumble, to make fall.
Tumbár, to tumble as tumblers do.
Tumbár, to play one tricks or teaze him with mockery.
Tumbár, to blunt the taſte, to deprive of its ſtrong taſte.
Tumbárſe, v. r. to lay down, eſpecially, to ſleep.
TU'MBO, ſ. m. a tumble.
Tumbo, ſingle chance.
Tumbo de olla, the reſidue in the pot when the meat has been taken out.
TUMBO'N, ſ. m. a kind of coach, and a kind of trunk ſo called.
TU'MIDO, adj. ſwollen.
TUMO'R, ſ. m. a ſwelling, or any riſing.
TU'MULO, ſ. m. a tomb, a ſepulchre, a heap of ſtones, a hillock.
TUMU'LTO, ſ. m. } a tu-
TUMULTUACIO'N, ſ. f. } mult, a mutiny, a ſedition, an uproar, a broil, a fray, an inſurrection.
TUMULTUA'R, v. n. to make a tumult or mutiny, to raiſe an uproar or inſurrection, to make a fray.
TUMULTUARIAME'NTE, adv. the ſame as *tumultuoſamente*.
TUMULTUA'RIO, adj. the ſame as *tumultuoſo*.
TUMULTUOSAME'NTE, adv. tumultuouſly.
TUMULTUO'SO, adject. tumultuous.

TUN

TUNA, ſ. f. a kind of American fig, and the tree that produces it.
Tuna, the idle life that rogues, beggars, and vagabonds live.
TUNA'L, ſ. m. the ſame as *tuna* when it means a tree.
TUNANTE, ſ. m a mumper, a beggar, a rogue, a vagabond.
TUNA'R, v. n. to mump, to beg.
TU'NDA, ſ. f. a beating.
Tunda, the ſhearing of cloth.
TUNDICIO'N, ſ. f the act of ſhearing cloth.
TUNDIDO'R, ſ. m. a cloth-worker, a ſhearer of cloth.
TUNDIDU'RA, ſ. f. a ſhearing of cloth.
TUNDI'R, v. a. to ſhear cloth.
TUNDI'ZNO, ſ. m. the hair of the cloth when ſheared.
TU'NICA, ſ. f. a tunick, tunicle, part of the Roman dreſs, part of a religious man's dreſs, covering, integument.
TUNICE'LA, ſ. f. a little ſhirt, veſt, or garment: alſo the thin film that is over a nut, or the like.

TUP

TUPA, ſ. f. the eating to ſatiety.
TUPE', ſ. m. a toupet; the hair of the forehead put over the wig.
TUPI'R, v. a. to thicken or mill cloth.
Tupirſe, v. r. to fill the belly.

TUR

TU'RA, ſ. f. obſ. laſting, durance, continuance.
TURA'R, v. n. obſ. to laſt.
TU'RBA, ſ. f. a rout, a rabble, a multitude; alſo turf or peet to burn.
TURBACIO'N, ſ. f. diſorder, confuſion, trouble, ſurprize.
TURBADAME'NTE, adv. diſorderly, confuſedly, ſurpriſedly.
TURBA'DO, adj. diſordered, in a confuſion, ſurpriſed, aſtonished, out of countenace.
TURBADO'R, ſ. m. one that cauſes any kind of diſturbance.
TURBAMU'LTA, ſ. f. a croud, a great concourſe of people.
TURBA'NTE, ſ. m. a turbant, the covering for the head worn by Mahometans.
TURBA'R, v a. to trouble, to alter or change the uſual order or diſpoſition of things.
Turbárſe, v. r. to be ſurpriſed or amazed, to be out of countenance.
TURBATI'VO, adj. that diſturbs, confounds, puts in diſorder.
TURBIA'R, v. a. obſ. vide *TURBAR*.
TU'RBIDO, adj. vide *TU'RBIO*.
TURBI'NO, ſ. m. a powder ſo called.
TU'RBIO, adj. thick, troubled, puddly, diſturbed.
TURBIO'N, ſ. m. a ſudden ſhort ſtorm, a ſtrong guſt of wind.
TURBIO'SO, adj. obſ. vide *TU'RBIO*.
TU'RBIT, ſ. m. a root ſo called.
TURBULE'NCIA, ſ. f. turbulency, unquietneſs, reſtleſſneſs.
TURBULENTAME'NTE, adv. turbulently.
TURBULE'NTO, adj. turbulent, troubleſome, quarrelſome.
TURCO, ſ. m. in cant, wine.
TURDI'GA, ſ. f. a certain part of an ox's hide.
TURGE'NCIA, ſ. f. ſwelling; a medical term.
TURGE'NTE, adj. ſwelling; ſaid of the bodily humours; a medical word.
TURLERI'N, ſ. m. in cant, a thief.
TURMA, ſ. m. the teſticle of any creature.
Túrma de tierra, v. *CRIADI'LLA*.
TURNA'R, verbe n to any thing among many, each in his turn.
TU'RNIO, ſ. m. a turn.
Túrnio, adject. goggle-eyed; alſo ſtern.
TU'RNO, ſ. m. vide *TU'RNIO*.
TURO'N, ſ. m. a field mouſe.
TURQUE'SA, ſ. f. a Turky ſtone alſo a mould to caſt bullets in.

TURQUESA'DO, adj. blue, of the colour of a Turky ſtone.
TURQUI', adj. blue, very dark.
TURQUI'A, ſ. f. in cant, a piſtol.
TURRA'R, v. a. to toaſt, to ſcorch.
TURRO'N, ſ. m. a ſweetmeat made of almonds with honey.
Turrón, in cant, a ſtone.
TURRONA'DA, ſ. f. in cant, a ſtroke of a ſtone.
TURRONE'RO, ſ. m. one that makes or ſells the ſweetmeat called *turrón*.
TURUMBO'N, ſ. m. a rub or riſing in any thing; a knob on a place or thing that ſhould be ſmooth.

T U S

TUS, pron. poſſ. thy; as, *tus amigos*, thy friends.
TUSA'T, v. a. obſ. to cut, to ſhear, to poll the hair.
TUSO'N, ſ. m. a fleece.
Caballéro de la órden del tusón, a knight of the golden fleece.
TUSO'NA, ſ. f. a ſtrumpet, a proſtitute.
TUSSILA'GO, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.

T U T

TUTANO, ſ. m. v. *TUE'TANO*.
TUTEA'T, v. a. to ſpeak familiar with one's ſuperiors.
TUTE'LA, ſ. f. tutorſhip, guardianſhip.
TUTELA'R, adj. tutelar.
TUTHI'A, ſ. f. vide *ATUTHI'A*.
TUTO'R, ſ. m. a tutor guardian.
TUTORI'A, ſ. f. tutorſhip, guardianſhip.
TUTRI'Z, ſ. f. a female guardian, a protectreſs.

T U Y

TU'YO, pron. thine.
Soi tuyo, I am yours.
El mio y el tuyo, meum et tuum.
Los tuyos, thine, thoſe of thy party; thy kindred.

T Y M

TY'MBAL, ſ. m. a kettle-drum.
TYMBALE'RO, ſ. m. a kettle-drummer.
TYMBRE, ſ. m. the creſt of a helmet, or of coat of arms.
Tymbre, any glorious deed.
TYMPANI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *tympano*.
TYMPANO, ſ. m. a kettle-drum. In anatomy, the drum of the ear.

T Y P

TY'PHON, ſ. m. a whirlwind.
TY'PO, ſ. m. a type, an emblem.
TYPOGRAPHI'A, ſ. f. typography; the art of printing.
TYPO'GRAPHO, ſ. m. a printer.

T Y R

TYRANAME'NTE, adv. tyrannically.
TYRANI'A, ſ. f. tyranny.
TYRANICAME NTE, adv. tyrannically.
TYRAN'ICO, adj. belonging to tyranny.
TYRANI'LLO, ſ. m. a little tyrant.
TYRANIZA'R, v. a. to tyrannize, to play the tyrant.
TYRA'NO, ſ. m. a tyrant.
Tyrano, adj. tyrannical, tyrant-like.
TYROCINI'O, ſ. m. the novitiate in any religious houſe.
TYRO'N, ſubſt. m. a beginner, a learner.

V.

V, is pronounced as in English.

V A C

VA'CA, ſ. f. a cow; alſo all beef, though it be ox-beef.
Vaca, a kind of ſong or ruſtick piece of poetry.
Vaca, the ſtock that two gameſters or two players have in common.
Vaca de Sant' Anton, an inſect ſo called.
Prov. *Mas vale vaca en paz, que póllos con agráz*, beef in peace and quietneſs is better than chicken with ſour ſauce.
VACACIO'N, ſ. f. vacation, leiſure, idle or ſpare time; the vacation or time that ſchools are ſhut at the univerſities, that courts do not ſit.
VACA'DA, ſ. f. a herd of cows.
VACA'NCIA, ſ. f. vacancy, emptineſs; alſo vacation-time or leiſure-time.
VACANTE, adj. vacant, void.
VACA'R, v. n. to be at leiſure; alſo to be void.
VACIADE'RO, ſ. m. a ſink, a place to empty out foul water, or the like.
VACIADU'RAS, ſ. f. pl. what is emptied out of any place.
VACAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. emptying, evacuating.
VACI'AR, v. a. to empty; alſo to caſt in a mould.
Vaciar la bolſa, to ſpend all one's money.
Vaciar el vientre, to eaſe one's ſelf.
Vaciar metales, to caſt metals.
Vaciar figuras, to caſt figures.
VACIEDA'D, ſ. f. emptineſs.
Decir vaciedades, to talk nonſenſe.
VACILACIO'N, ſ. f. unſteadineſs.
VACILA'NTE, adj. wavering, unſteady fickle.
VACILA'R, v. n. to waver, to be fickle or unſteady.
VACI'O, adj. empty; metaph. vain or foolish.
Henchir al vacio de otro, to ſucceed in the place of another.
Ser vacio, to be foolish or conceited.
De václo, adv. emptily.
Eſtár de vacio, to have nothing to do, to be empty-handed.
VA'CO, adj. void, vacant.
VACUIDA'D, ſ. f. vacuity, emptineſs.
VACU'NO, adject. belonging to cows.
VA'CUO, adj. empty, vacant.

V A D

VADE, ſ. m. the leather-caſe in which ſtudents keep their looſe papers.
VADEA'BLE, adj. fordable.
Vadeable, that may be conquered, overcome, got, or obtained.
VADEA'R, v. n. to ford.
VADEME'CUM, ſ. m. a letter-caſe or pocket-book.
VADE'RA, ſ. f. } a ford in a river.
VA'DO, ſ. m. }
Tentár el vado, to try the ford; metaph. to try cautiouſly whether an affair may be done with ſafety.
Dar vádo, to give way to that which cannot be obſtructed; alſo to furniſh means to go through with any buſineſs.
No hallár vado, to find no ford; metaph. not to know how to compaſs a buſineſs.
No eſtar al vado, ni a la puente, to be neither at the ford, nor at the bridge; to be at a loſs without knowing how to proceed.
VADO'SO, adj. that has many fords.

V A F

VAFE, ſ. m. a bold-ſtroke.

V A G

VAGABU'NDO, ſ. m. vide *VAGAMU'NDO*.
VAGAME'NTE, adv. without any ſcope or determination.
VAGAMUNDEA'R, v. n. to play the vagabond, to ſtroll about.
VAGAMU'NDO, ſ. m. a vagabond.
VAGA'R, v. n. to wander, to ſtray, to idle about.
Eſtár de vagár, or *andár de vagár*, to have nothing to do, to be idle.
No me vága, I am not at leiſure.
VAGARO'SO, adj. obſ. ſlow, leiſurely; alſo ſpacious.
VAGA'RO, ſ. m. the grape when it has been preſſed; the olives when preſſed.
VAGI'DO, ſ. m. the cry of a child.
VA'GO, adj. wandering, wavering.
Dar en vágo, to give a blow againſt the air; that is, to be fruſtrated and diſappointed of our hopes
VAGUEACIO'N, ſ. f. inconſtancy or wavering of the mind.
VAGUEA'R, v. n. to wander, to ſtroll about.
VAGUEDA'D, ſ. f. vide *VAGUEACIO'N*.
VA'GUIDO, ſ. m. giddineſs in the head, a ſwimming in the head.
Váguido, danger of ruin or loſs.
Váguido, adj. troubled with a dizzineſs in the head.

V A H

VAHA'R, v. n. vide *VAHEA'R*.
VAHARE'RA, ſ. f. a diſtemper in children ſo called.
VAHEA'R, v. n. to reek, to exhale, to ſteam, to fume.
VAHO, ſ. m. ſteam, light vapour.

V A I

VA'IDO, ſ. m. vide *VA'GUIDO*.
VA'INA, ſ. f. a ſheath, a ſcabbard.
VAINI'LLA, ſ. f. vainille, an Indian pod uſed in chocolate.
VAIVE'N, ſ. m. fluctuation, uncertainty, indetermination; alſo a danger or peril.

V A L

VAL, ſ. m. a dale, a valley.
Val, a ſink, a drain, a common ſewer.
VALA'R, adj. belonging to an incloſing wall.
VA'LE, adv. farewel; ſubſtantively uſed, a promiſſory note.
El poſtrero o ultimo vale, the laſt farewel, the pangs of death.

ALEDE'RO, adj. that will be available.

VALEDO'R, ſ. m. interceſſor, mediator, favourer, ſupporter.

VALENTA'CHO, ſ. m. a valiant fellow.

VALENTI'A, ſ. f. valour, courage; alſo a courageous action.

Valentia, boaſting language.

Hámbre y valentia, an arrogant, poor, a proud beggar.

Pisár de valentia, to walk in an arrogant manner.

VALENTO'N, ſ. m. a bully.

VALENTONA'DA, ſ. f. a boaſt, a brag, a proud expreſſion.

VALENTONA'ZO, ſ. m. a braggart, a braggadocio.

VALE'O, ſ. m. a ſort of brush-wood to make brooms.

VALE'R, v. n. to be worth, metaph. to be in favour, to be powerful.

Valér, to be uſeful; alſo to defend.

Valér a úno, to protect one; alſo to be in great authority.

Valérſe, v. r. to make uſe of.

Valérſe de úno, to enjoy the favour of one.

No podérſe valér, not to be able to help one's ſelf.

No podérſe valér con úno, to be unable to perſuade one.

Prov. *Mas válе un tóma que dos te dáre*, one gift is better than two promiſes; a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

Prov. *Mas válе tárde que nunca*, better late than never.

Prov. *Mas válе bién de léxos que mal de cérca*, good at a diſtance is better than evil near hand.

Prov. *Mas válo sólo que mal acompañádo*, better to be alone than in bad company.

VALERIA'NA, ſ. f. the herb valerian.

VALEROSAME'NTE, adv. bravely, valorouſly.

VALERO'SO, adj. brave, valorous.

VALETUDINA'RIO, adj. poor in health.

VALI'A, ſ. f. value, worth; alſo favour; alſo faction or party in a ſtate.

A las valias, at the ſtated price, at the common price that it ſhall go in its due ſeaſon.

VALIDACIO'N, ſ. f. validity, confirmation, ſtrength of an act, contract, and the like.

VALIDAME'NTE, adv. firmly, ſtrongly, with validity.

VA'LIDO, valid, available.

Valído, p. p. aſſiſted, ſupported.

Valído, ſ. m. a favourite.

VALIE'NTE, adj. brave, valiant.

VALIENTEME'NTE, adv. bravely, valiantly.

VALIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. value, worth; alſo favour or protection.

VALIO'SO, obſ. adj. worthy, rich.

VALI'ZA, ſ. f. a mark at the entrance of an harbour to direct ſhips.

VALLA, ſ. f. a rail fixed round, an encloſure.

Rompér la valla, to enter at once and firſt in a buſineſs.

VALLADA'R, ſ. m. a ditch, a trench, an intrenchment.

VALLADEA'R, v. a. vide *VALLA'R*.

VALLA'DO, ſ. m. a parapet, an intrenchment made to ſurround.

VALLADO'R, ſ. m. a ditcher.

VALLA'R, v. a. to ſurround with a rail, intrenchment, or other like thing.

VA'LLE, ſ. m. a valley.

VALLE'JO, ſ. m. a little valley.

VALO'NA, ſ. f. a band, a ruff.

VALO'NES, ſ. m. pl. great Walloonbreeches.

VALO'R, ſ. m. valour, worth, value, courage.

VALORA'R, *VALOREA'R*, } v. a. to ſet the price to a thing.

VALORI'A, ſ. f. price, value, eſtimation.

VALUACIO'N, ſ. f. a valuation.

VALUA'R, v. a. to value, to prize, to eſtimate, to ſet a price to, or a value upon.

V A N

VANAGLO'RIA, ſ. f. vanity, vainglory.

VANAGLORIA'RSE, v. r. to be vain or vainglorious, to boaſt.

VANAGLORIOSAME'NTE, adv. vainglorioufly.

VANAGLORIO'SO, adj. vainglorious.

VANAME'NTE, ad. vainly.

VANEA'R, v. n. to talk idly.

VANECE'RSE, v. r. to be vain, to be proud.

VANGUA'RDIA, ſ. f. the van or vanguard or an army.

VANIDA'D, ſ. f. vanity, pride, preſumption.

VANIDO'SO, adj. vainglorious, vain.

VANO, adj. wanting ſubſtance, wanting reality, vain.

Vano, hollow, empty wanting ſolidity.

Vano, (ſpeaking of certain fruits) wanting the internal and eatable parts as dry or rotten.

Vano, ineffectual, vain, fruitleſs.

Vano, arrogant, haughty, preſumptuous, vain.

Vano, wanting durability, wanting ſtability, vain.

Vano, wanting a reaſon, a foundation, a proof, vain.

En vano, adv. in vain, ineffectually, uſeleſsly, without reaſon or juſtice, needleſsly.

Sallr en vano, to fail of ſucceſs.

V A P

VAPO'R, ſ. m. vapour, exhalation, ſteam.

VAPORACIO'N, ſ. f. exhalation, evaporation.

VAPORA'R, *VAPOREA'R*, *VAPORIZA'R*, } v. n. to ſteam, to exhale, to evaporate.

VAPORO'SO, adj. full of vapour or ſteam.

VAPULACIO'N, ſ. f. *VAPULAMIENTO*, ſ. m. } vapulation, beating.

VAPULA'R, v. a. to whip.

V A P

VAQUEA'R, v. n. to leap the cows, ſaid of the bull.

VAQUERI'A, ſ. f. v. *VACA'DA*.

VAQUERI'LLO, ſ. m. a young herdſman, a boy that tends the cows.

VAQUERI'ZO, adj. belonging to the cows.

VAQUE'RO, ſ. m. a cow-herd, a herdſman; alſo a looſe coat with long skirts as the herdſmen wear.
Vaquéro, adj. belonging to herdſmen.
VAQUE'TA, ſ. f. a heifer; alſo calf's leater.
Vaqueta de Moſcovia, Ruſſia leather.
Cara de vaquéta, an impudent fellow.
VAQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little cow, a hefter.
Prov. *Quando te diéren la vaquilla acude con la ſoguilla*, when they give you a heifer, make haſte with the rope; that is, loſe not the opportunity, but lead her away.
VAQUI'TA, ſ. f. a little cow, a heifer.
Prov. *Vaquita tenéis? acá me quédo*, have you beef? I'will ſtay here. Applied to thoſe who lay hold of any opportunity to dine at other people's tables.

V A R

VA'RA, ſ. f. a rod, a wand, a twig, a ſtick; alſo a yard, and a hawk's pearch.
Vara de liga, a lime twig.
Vara de peſcár, a fishing-rod.
Vara reál, a ſcepter.
Vara de juſticia, a rod of juſtice.
Vara de paño, a yard of cloth.
Vara de jeſe, a garden-plant ſo called.
Poné una vara, among ruſticks, to hit the bull skilfully in a bull-feaſt.
VARADE'ROS, ſ. m. pl. certain timbers ſo called on board ships.
VARA'L, ſ. m. any long pole; metaph. a tall fellow.
VARAPA'LO, ſ. m. a long pole.
Varapalo, an affliction, a trouble, a cauſe or grief.
VARA'R, v. a. to lay a ship aground.
Varár, to launch a ship; to push it from the dock or the shore on the water.
Varár, v. n. to be ſtopt, detained, retarded; ſaid of any affair or buſineſs.
VARA'ZO, ſ. m. a ſtroke with a rod, a pole, or a yard.
VARCHI'LLA, ſ. f. a certain meaſure of corn.
VARDA'SCA, ſ. f. a thin rod.
VARDASCA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given with a thin rod.
VAREADO'R, ſ. m. he that beats with a rod.
VAREA'R, v. a. to meaſure out by yards; alſo to thresh or beat with a pole or wand.
Vareár, to ſtrike the bull with a ſpear in a bull-feaſt.
Vareárſe, v. r. to grow weak or feeble.
VAREJO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *vara*.
VARE'NGA, ſ. f. ſomething on board a ship that I know not what it is; called alſo *Percha* and *Cerréta*.
VARE'TA, ſ. f. a ſmall wand or twig; a twig that has bird-lime on to catch birds.
Varétas, pl. the ſtripes on any ſtuff.
VARETEA'R, v. a. to ſtripe, or draw ſtripes or lines.
VARIA'BLE, adj. variable, changeable, inconſtant, mutable.
VARIACIO'N, ſ. f. variation, difference.
VARIAME'NTE, adv. variouſlyu diverſly, differently.
VARIA'R, v. a. to vary, to alter.
VARI'CE, ſ. f. varix, a morbid dilatation of a vein.
VARICO'SO, adj. varicous, diſeaſed, with dilation; ſpeaking of a vein.
VARIEDA'D, ſ. f. variety, diverſity.
VARI'LLA, ſ. f. a little wand, rod or ſtick.
Varilla de cuello, the throat.
VA'RIO, adj. various, changeable, mutable.
VARI'Z, ſ. f. a varix, a vein ſwelling with corrupt blood.
VARNI'Z, ſ. f. varnish.
VARNIZA'R, v. a. to varnish.
VARO'N, ſ. m. a man; a man of importance; alſo a baron.
Varon, is uſed as an adjective when we ſay *un hijo varón*, a ſon.
VARONI'A, ſ. m. the male line.
Varonia, when it means a barony or territory giving title to a baron, it is better written *baronia*.
VARONI'L, adj. manly.
VARONILME'NTE, adv. manlily.

V A S

VASALLAGE, ſ. m. vaſſallage, the duty, ſubjection, or dependance of the vaſſal on his lord; and extenſively, duty, ſubjection, and dependence in general.
VASA'LLO, ſ. m. a vaſſal, a ſubject.
Vaſallo, any one who acknowledges another as his ſuperior.
Mal vaſallo, a good for nothing fellow.
VASA'R, ſ. m. a shelf to ſet things on.
VA'SCA, ſ. f. a qualm, a loathing in the ſtomach.
VASCONGA'DO, adj. of Biſcay, ſpoken by the people of that country, and it is ſaid of their language.
VASCOSIDA'D, ſ. f. filth, naſtineſs, loathſomeneſs.
VASCO'SO, adj. filthy, naſty.
VASCUENCE, ſ. m. the language of Biſcay.
VASE'RA, ſ. f. a cupboard.
Vaſera de orinál, the caſe in which an urinal is kept.
VASI'JA, ſ. f. a veſſel.
VASIJILLA, ſ. f. dimin. of *vaſija*.
VASI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſmall veſſel.
VA'SO, ſ. m. a veſſel, a cup; alſo a ship, a boat, the body of the hive, or any thing fit to countain another.
No tenér vaſo, to have no veſſel; that is, to have no capacity.
VASSALLA'GE, ſ. m. vaſſallage, duty of a ſubject to his prince or lord.
VASSA'LLO, ſ. m. a ſubject, a vaſſal.
VA'STAGO, ſ. m. a ſtock or ſtem of a vine or other tree.
VASTEDA'D, ſ. f. vaſtity, great amplitude.
VASTO, adj. vaſt, greatly ample.

VAT

VATE, ſ. m. a bard, a poet, a poetical prophet.
VATICA'NO, ſ. m. one of the ſeven mountains in Rome, where is the palace of the Vatican.
VATICINADO'R, ſ. m. who foretels or divines.
VATICINA'R, v. a. to foretel, to divine.
VATICI'NIO, ſ. m. ſoothſaying, foretelling, divining, a prediction.

VAX

VAXE'L, ſ. m. a veſſel, a ſhip, a boat.
VAXI'LLA, ſ. f. the plate that is uſed for the ſervice of the table.

VAY

VA'YA, ſ. f. ſcoff, jeſt, mockery.

VEC

VECE'RO, ſ. m. he that comes to perform any thing in his turn.
VECINAME'NTE, adv. nearly.
VECINDA'D, ſ. f. neighbourhood, vicinity, nearneſs.
VECINDA'RIO, ſ. m. the number of inhabitants in a town; alſo a liſt of them.
VECI'NO, adj. neighbour; alſo all inhabitant, a houſe-keeper.
Vecino, adv. near, not far.

VED

VEDA, ſ. f. prohibition by law.
VEDAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. a forbidding.
VEDA'R, v. a. to forbid.
VEDEGAMBRE, ſ. m. white hellebore.
VEDIJA, ſ. f. a lock of hair, or wool; alſo the groin.
VEDIJILLA, ſ. f. dim. of *vedija*.
VEDIJO'SO, *VEDIJU'DO*, } adj. full of locks of hair, or tufts of wool.
VEDRIA'DO, adj. glazed.
VEDUñO, ſ. m. the ground a vine-yard ſtands on.

VEE

VEEDO'R, ſ. m. an overſeer, an inſpector, a comptroller.
Veedór general, ſ. m. an inſpector-general.
VEEDURI'A, ſ. f. the office of an inſpector.

VEG

VE'GA, ſ. m. a plain paſture ground by a river ſide.
VEGA'DA, ſ. f. a turn, taking of one's turn.
VEGETA'BLE, *VEGETAL*, } adj. vegetable.
VEGETA'RSE, v. r. to vegetate.
VEGETATI'VO, adj. vegetative, that has a vegetable life.

VEH

VEHEME'NCIA, ſ. f. vehemence, earneſtneſs.
VEHEME'NTE, adj. vehement, hot, furious, raging, earneſt.
VEHEMENTEME'NTE, adv. vehemently, earneſtly.
VEHI'CULO, ſ. m. vehicle.

VEJ

VEJANCO'N, adj. old, heavy, peevish, and impertinent. Uſed alſo ſubſtantively.
VEJEDA'D, ſ. f. obſ. v. *VEJEZ*.
VEJESTO'RIO. ſ. m. any thing contemptible as being old.
VEJE'TE, ſ. m. a little old man.
VEJE'Z, ſ. f. old age.
VEJEZUE'LO, ſ. m. a little old man.
VE'JIBLE, adj. obſ. v. *VIEJO*.
VEJO'TE, ſ. m. augment. of *viejo*, a very old man.

VEI

VEI'NTE, ſ. m. twenty.
VEINTEDOSE'NO, adj. the two and twentieth, the twenty-ſecond.
VEINTE'NA, ſ. f. the twentieth part.
VEINTENA'R, ſ. m. the twentieth part.
VEINTE'NO, adj. the twentieth.

VEL

VE'LA, ſ. f. a ſail; alſo a candle, and a watch or watchman.
Vela burda, or *borda*, a main-ſail.
Vela de gabia, a top-ſail.
Vela redonda, though in expreſs terms it ſeems to be a round ſail, yet it ſignifies a ſquare ſail.
Vela maéſtra, or *mayór*, the main-ſail.
Vela de artimon, *Vela de mezána*, } the mizzen-ſail.
Vela de trinquéte, the fore-ſail.
Vela latina, a triangular ſail, vulgarly called a ſhoulder-of-mutton-ſail.
Vela del juanete, the top gallant-ſail.
Vela de eſtaies, the ſtay-ſails.
Hacérſe a la vela, to ſet ſail.
Recogér las velas, to furl the ſails.
Tendér velas, to ſpread the ſails.
Navegár con velas tendidas, to ſail with full ſails.
Ir a vela y a remo, to ſail and row; metaph. to make all poſſible ſpeed.
VELA'CHO, ſ. m. the top-ſail.
VELACIO'N, ſ. f. marriage, moſt properly a private wedding, a betrothing.
VELA'DA, ſ. f. a watching.
VELA'DO, ſ. m. a new married man.

Prov. *Seaſe veládo, y ſeaſe un pálo*, let it be a huſband, though it be but a ſtick; ſaid to expreſs a woman's earneſtneſs to be married.

VELADO'R, ſ. m. one that watches much; alſo a large lamp or candleſtick to work by at night.
VELA'GE, ſ. m. the aggregate of the ſails belonging to a ſhip.

VELAMBRE,

VELA'MBRE, ſ. f. an eſpouſal or betrothing.

VELAME'N, ſ. m. the whole ſet of ſails belonging to a ſhip.

VELA'R, v. n. to watch; alſo to betroth, to eſpouſe.

Velar las armas, to watch the arms; a ceremony formerly performed by thoſe that were to be knighted.

VELA'RTE, ſ. m. a ſort of fine cloth.

VELEIDA'D, ſ. f. velleity, whim vain and inefficacious will or deſire.

VELEJA'R, v. a. to ſail, to croud ſail.

VELERI'A, ſ. f. a tallow-chandler's ſhop.

VELE'RO, ſ. m. a chandler, he that makes or ſells candles.

Veléro, adj. that is a good ſailer.

VELE'SA, ſ. f. the herb toothwort, charvil or chervil.

VELE'TA, ſ. f. a weather-cock, a vane to ſhow which way the wind blows; alſo the top of a fiſhing-rod.

VELE'TE, ſ. m. a thin veil.

VELICATIO'N, ſ. f. twitching, ſtimulation, vellication.

VELICA'R, v. a. to vellicate, to twitch, to ſtimulate.

VELI'LLA, ſ. f. a little candle; alſo a ſmall ſail.

VELI'LLO, ſ. m. a little veil; alſo a thin ſort of web like gauze.

VE'LITES, ſ. m. pl. ſoldiers among the Romans in light armour.

VELLACA'DA, ſ. f. a gang or pack of knaves; or a roguery.

VELLACAME'NTE, adv. knavishly, archly.

VELLACA'R, v. n. to play the knave, to be arch.

VELLACA'ZO, ſ. m. a great knave.

VELLA'CO, ſ. m. a knave.

VELLACO'N, ſ. m. a great knave.

VELLAQUEA'R, v. n. to play the knave, to be arch.

VELLAQUERI'A, ſ. f. knavery, archneſs, waggiſhneſs.

VELLAQUI'LLO, ſ. m. a little knave a little wag.

VELLECI'LLO, ſ. m. ſoft down, ſmall down and ſoft.

VELLE'RA, ſ. f. the woman that trims and adorns other women by her trade.

VELLERI'FES, ſ. m. pl. in cant, the petty officers of juſtice.

VELLI'DO, adj. downy, full of down or ſoft hair.

VE'LLO, ſ. m. down or ſoft hair on a man's body, or on the face before the beard grows, or on a woman's face; alſo the nap on cloth.

VELLOCI'NO, ſ. m. a fleece.

VELLO'N, ſ. m. a fleece of wool.

Monéda de vellón, ſmall change, braſs money.

VELLORI', ſ. m. a cloth made of the natural colour of the wool without dying.

Caballo vellori, a horſe of a colour betwixt black and ſorrel.

VELLORI'TA, ſ. f. the herb and flower paigles or cowſlips.

VELLOSI'LLA, ſ. f. an herb ſo called.

VELLO'SO, adj. downy, full of down or ſoft hair.

VELLOTA, ſ. f. v. *BELLOTA*.

VELLOTA'DO, adject. like an acorn, of an acorn's colour.

VELLOTE'RO, ſ. m. one that gathers or ſells acorns.

VELLU'DO, adj. downy, full of down; ſubſt. uſed, velvet.

VELLUTE'RO, ſ. m. a man whoſe trade is to weave ſilk, eſpecially that kind called *felpa*.

VE'LO, ſ. m. a veil, a covering; metaph. an excuſe, a pretence.

VELOCIDA'D, ſ. f. ſwiftneſs.

VELO'N, ſ. m. an oil-lamp.

VELONE'RA, ſ. f. the ſtand on which the oil-lamp is uſually placed.

VELO'Z, adj. ſwift.

VELOZME'NTE, adv. ſwiftly.

VELU'DO, ſ. m. velvet.

V E N

VE'NA, ſ. f. a vein; metaph. a vein or diſpoſition, as a vein of madneſs, and a vein of metal.

Vena cefálica, ſ. f. the cephalick vein.

Vena baſílica, ſ. f. the great vein that paſſes through the liver.

Vena mediana, ſ. f. the middle vein.

Vena ſagitália, ſ. f. the biggeſt vein in the middle finger.

Vena poética, ſ. f. a poetick vein.

Vena de locúra, ſ. f. a vein of madneſs.

VENABLO, ſ. m. a javelin, a huntſman's ſpear.

VENADE'RO, ſ. f. the place where animals of the ſtag-kind or wild boars are wonted to reſort.

VENA'DO, ſ. m. a deer; veniſon.

VENADO'R, ſ. m. a hunter.

VENA'GE, ſ. m. a number or maſs of veins; all the veins of the body.

VENA'L, adj. to be ſold.

VENALIDA'D, ſ. f. venality.

VENA'TICO, adj. that has a little of the madman.

VENATO'RIO, adj. belonging to hunting.

VENCEDO'R, ſ. m. a conqueror.

VENCE'JO, ſ. m. the bird called a martlet. In falconry, a hawk's jeſſes; alſo a gin.

Prov. *Dar el conſéjo y el vinçéjo*, to give the advice and the gin; that is, not only to adviſe a man how to do his buſineſs, but to furniſh him with the means.

VENCE'R, v. a. to overcome, to conquer.

VENCI'BLE, adj. conquerable, that may be overcome.

VENCI'DA, ſ. f. a conqueſt, overcoming.

A tres va la vençida, the third effort makes the conqueſt.

VENCIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. overcoming, conqueſt.

VE'NDA, ſ. f. a fillet for the head, for bleeding, or the like

VENDA'JE, ſ. m. commiſſion paid to one for his having ſold our goods.

VENDA'R, v. a. to bind with fillets.

Vendár los ojos, to bind the eyes, to blindfold.

VENDAVA'L, ſ. m. the wind that brings home ſhips from the Weſt-Indies.

VENDEDE'RA, ſ. f. feminine of *vendedor*.
VENDEDO'R, ſ. m. a ſeller
VENDE'JA, f. f. a publick ſale.
VENDE'R, v. a. to ſell.
Vendér palábras, to uſe many deceitful words.
Eſtár vendido en la converſación, to be in company where all play upon a man.
VENDI'BLE, adj. ſaleable, that be ſold.
VENDICIO'N, } ſ. f. a ſale.
VE'NDIDA, }
VENDI'MIA, ſ. f. the vintage.
Prov. *Deſpues de vendimias cuévanos*, after the vintage to bring baskets; after meat muſtard.
VENDIMIADE'RA, ſ. f. a woman that works at the vintage to gather grapes.
VENDIMIADO'R, ſ. m. a vintage man that gather the grapes.
VENDIMIA'R, v. a. to make the vintage, to gather the grapes.
VENEFICIA'R, v. a. to bewitch, to hurt with witchcraft.
VENEFICIO, ſ. m. witchcraft' ſorcery.
VENENA'R, v. a. to poiſon.
VENENA'RIO, ſ. m. an apothecary.
VENE'NO, ſ. m. poiſon.
VENENOSIDAD, ſ. f. poiſoning quali'y.
VENENO'SO, adj. poiſonous, venomous.
VENE'RA, ſ. f. a ſcollop-ſhell, the token of a military order.
VENERABLE, adj. venerable, worshipful, worthy to be honoured.
VENERACIO'N, ſ. f. veneration, worship reſpect.
VENERADO'R, ſ. m. he who highly reſpects another, or a holy thing; a worshipper.
VENERA'NDO, adj. venerable, to be reſpected or worshipped.
VENERA'R, v. a. to venerate, to reſpect, to honour.
VENE'RO, adj. venereal, luſtful.
VENE'RO, ſ. m. a place where there are veins ot metal.
VENERUE'LA, ſ. f. a ſmall shell.
VENGADO'R, ſ. m. a revenger.
VENGA'LA, ſ. f. a cane or ſtaff denoting command.
Vengala, a thin ſort of ſilk ſtuff.
VENGA'NZA, ſ. f. revenge.
VENGA'R, v. a. to revenge.
VENGATI'VO, adj. revengeful.
VE'NIA, ſ. f. leave, licence.
VENIA'L, adj. venial, pardonable, that may be pardoned.
VENIALIDA'D, ſ. f. venialneſs, ſtate of bein excuſeable.
VENIALME'NTE, adv. venially, not mortally.
VENIDA, ſ. f. a coming or arrival.
VENIDE'RO, adj. future that is to come or ſhall come.
VENI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall vein.
VENI'NO, ſ. m. pimple, bile or wheal full of matter, which ſoon breaks and is cured.
Venlnos preñádos y paridos, ſore pimples, or biles full of matter, that is, *preñádos*; and others broken, and the matter out, which are *paridos*, that is, delivered of the corruption.
VENI'R, v. n. to come; alſo to fit as apparel.
Venir a menos, to decline, to fall to a worſe eſtate.
Prov. *Primero vi ne, primero tiene*, firſt come, firſt ſerved.
Prov. *Con bien vengas mal, ſi vienes ſolo*, welcome miſchief, if thou comeſt alone; misfortunes ſeldom come ſingle.
VENO'SO, adj. veiny, full of veins.
VE'NTA, ſ. f. a ſale; alſo an inn
Prov. *Vénta desháce rénta*, the ſale takes off the farm, or the revenue. It ſeems that in Spain, if a man ſells his eſtate, the farmers leaſes are all void.
Andár de vénta en vénta, to go from inn to inn, to wander about begging like counterfeit pilgrims.
VENTA'JA, ſ. f. advantage; alſo extraordinary pay allowed to ſome particular ſoldiers.
VENTAJOSAME'NTE, adv. advantageouſly, profitably.
VENTAJO'SO, adj. advantageous, profitable.
VENTA'LLE, ſ. m. a fan.
VENTA'NA, ſ. f. a window.
Ventána enrejáda, a window that has iron bars before it.
Hacer ventána, to come to the windows in the afternoon to ſee the gentlemen ride about the ſtreets.
Ventanas de las narices, the noſtrils.
VENTANA'GE, ſ. m. all the windows of the houſe or a number of windows.
VENTANA'ZO, ſ. m. the blow an noiſe made in ſhutting a window with force.
VENTANE'RA, ſ. f. a woman that is always gazing at the window.
VENEANE'RO, ſ. m. the man whoſe trade is to make frames for windows.
VENTANI'LLA, ſ. f. a little window.
VENTA'R; } v. n. to blow.
VENTEA'R, }
VENTERI'L, adj. of, or belonging to an inn.
VENTE'RO, ſ. m. an inn-keeper.
VENTILACIO'N, ſ. f. ventilation.
VENTILA'R, v. a. to winnow; alſo to debate, to bandy, to argue.
VENTI'SCA, ſ. f. a blaſt of wind, a ſtrong guſt.
VENTISCAR, v. n. to blow hard, ſaid of the wind when it raiſes the ſnow.
VENTISQUE'RO, ſ. m. the place where the wind has blown the ſnow in heaps.
VENTOLE'RA, ſ. f. a ſtrong but not laſting wind.
Ventoléra, vanity, pride, haughtineſs, oſtentation.
VENTO'R, ſ. m. a blood-hound.
VENTO'SA, ſ. f. a cupping glaſs.
VENTOSEA'R, v. a. to apply cupping glaſſes.
VENTOSIDA'D, ſ. f. windineſs.
VENTO'SO, adj. windy.
VENTRADA, ſ. f. litter; as *Eſta cochina ha traido ſeis lechónes de una ventráda*, the ſow had ſix pigs at a litter.
VENTRA'L, adj. belonging to the venter or belly.
VENTREGA'DA, ſ. m. the coming or falling out of many things together.
VENTRE'RA, ſ. f. a band worn tied round the belly.

VENTRI'CULO, ſ. m. the ventricle, where the meat conveyed from the ſtomach is digeſted.

VENTRU'DO, adj. great-bellied.

VENTU'RA, ſ. f. luck; good luck.

A diós ſy a ventúra, at a venture, happy be lucky.

Prov. *Ven ventúra, ven y dúra*, come good luck, come and be laſting.

Prov. *Ventúra te de Diós hijo, que el ſabér póco te báſta*, God give you good luck, child; a little learning will ſerve your turn; fortune raiſes men more than merit.

Prov. *Unas han ventúra, y ótras ventráda*, ſome maids have luck, and others a belly-full; that is, ſome have the good fortune to be well married and others are got with child without being married.

Prov. *Quándo la mála ventúra ſe duérme nádie la deſpiérte*, when ill luck falls aſleep let no body awake her.

VENTURE'RO, adj. accidental, that comes by chance; uſed ſubſt. a ſoldier of fortune one that goes to ſeek his fortune.

VENTURI'LLA, ſ. f. ſome good luck.

VENTURI'NA, ſ. f. a ſtone ſo called, a kind of gem.

VENTU'RO, adj. future, that is to come.

VENTUROSAME'NTE, adv. luckily, fortunately.

VENTURO'SO, adj. lucky, fortune.

VE'NUS, ſ. f. the goddeſs of beauty; alſo a planet ſo called.

VENUSTIDA'D, ſ. f. beauty, gracefulneſs.

VENU'STO, adj. beautiful, graceful.

V E R

VER, v. a. to ſee; to conſider, to underſtand.

A mi ver, in my opinion.

Ver y créer, to ſee and believe; ſeeing is believing.

Prov. *Ojos que ven no envejécen*, eyes that ſee do not grow old. The plea of curious people that love to ſee every thing.

Prov. *Ojos que no ven coràzon que no llora*, what the eyes do not ſee, the heart does not feel.

VERA, ſ. f. the ſea-ſhore.

VERACIDA'D, ſ. f. veracity, obſervance of truth.

VERANA'DA, ſ. f. the ſummer for beaſts.

VERANE'RO, ſ. m. the place where beaſts paſſ the ſummer.

VERANA'R, *VERANEA'R*, { v. n. to paſs the ſummer.

VERANIE'GO, adj. of, or belonging to ſummer; ſaid alſo of one that during the hot ſummer cannot eat.

VERA'NO, ſ. m. ſummer.

VE'RAS, ſ. f. pl. truth.

De véras, in good earneſt.

Con muchas veras, very earneſtly verily.

VERA'Z, adj. veracious, obſervant of truth.

VERBA'L, adj. verbal, by word of mouth.

VERBALME'NTE, adv. verbally.

VERBA'SCO, ſ. m. the herb wolfolade or the great lung-wort.

VERBE'NA, ſ. f. the herb vervain.

VERBERACIO'N, ſ. f. the act of whipping or beating.

VERBERA'R, v. a. to whip, to beat.

VERBIGRA'CIA, adv. for example.

VE'RBO, ſ. m. a verb.

VERBOSIDA'D, ſ. f. abundance of words.

VERBOSO, adj. verboſe, prolix, exuberant in words.

VERBA'CHO, ſ. m. a kind of mineral green earth.

VERDA'D, ſ. f. truth.

Prov. *La verdád adelgáza mas no quiebra*, truth may be drawn thin, but will not break.

Prov. *Quién verdád no me dice, verdád no me crée*, he that does not ſpeak truth to me, does not believe me when I ſpeak truth.

Prov. *La verdád eſtá en el vino*, in wine is truth.

VERDADERAME'NTE, adv. truly, really, ſincerely.

VERDADE'RO, adj. true, real, ſincere.

VERDA'L, adj. greenish; applied to a kind of plums.

VERDA'SCA, ſubſt. f. a green wigt.

VE'RDE, adj. green, youthful, freſh.

Verde, ſ. m. graſs.

Eſtárſe úno vérde, to continue youthful.

No dexár vérde, ni ſéco, to leave neither green, nor dry; to ſweep all away.

Dárſe un vérde, to make a merry bout.

VERDE'A, ſ. f. green wine of Florence.

VERDEA'R, v. n. to look green, to be greenish.

VERDECE'R, v. n. to grow green.

VERDECIE'NTE, adj. growing green, thriving, looking freſh.

VERDECI'LLO, adj. greenish, ſomewhat green.

Verdecillo, ſ. m. a little bird ſo called.

VERDE'GAY, ſ. m. a light green.

VERDEGAMBRE, ſ. m. white hellebore.

VERDEGUEA'R, v. a. to look green, to grow green.

VERDEMA'R, ſ. m. a ſtone of the colour of ſea water uſed by painters.

VERDEMONTA'ÑA, ſ. m. a mineral, in colour green.

VERDERO'L, ſ. m. a ſort of fiſh ſo called.

VERDERO'N, ſ. m. a green bird.

VERDESCU'RO, adj. dark green.

VERDE'RE, ſ. m. a colour uſed by painters.

VERDINE'GRO, ſ. m. a deep green, that has a caſt of black.

VERDI'NO, adj. very green.

VERDOLA'GA; ſ. f. the herb purſlain.

VERDO'N, ſ. m. a green-bird.

VERDO'R, ſ. m. greenneſs; metaph. youthfulneſs.

VERDO'SO, adj. greenish; in cant, a fig.

VERDUGA'DO, ſ. m. a petticoat.

VERDU'GO, ſ. m. an executioner, a hangman; alſo a wheal raiſed with a laſh or a blow; alſo the

shoot or ſprout of a tree.

Verdágo, the mark left by a blow given with a whip.

VERDUGO'N, ſ. m. augment. of *verdúgo*.

VERDULE'RA, ſ. f. an herb-woman.

VERDU'RA, ſ. f. greenneſs, freshneſs.

Verdúras, ſ. f. pl. all ſorts of pot-herbs.

VERE'DA, ſ. f. a path.

Veredas, ſ. f. pl. they call the diviſions officers make among themſelves of the country or a province, for collecting of taxes or the like.

VEREDA'RIO, adj. an epither applied to poſtillions, poſt-horſes, and hackney horſes.

VEREDE'RO, ſ. m. a meſſenger that carries to ſmall diſtricts.

VEREDI'LLA, ſ. f. dimin. of *veréda*.

VERENGE'NA, ſ. f. v. *BERENGENA*.

VE'RGA, ſ. f. a rod, a wand, a yard, a man's member, alſo the yard of a ſhip.

Verga mayór, or *Verga grande*, the mainyard of a ſhip.

Verga de gata, the croſs-jack, a yard at the upper end of the mizzen-maſt under the top, ſlung there, and having no halliards.

VERGA'JO, ſ. m. a bull's pizzle.

VERGA'NTE, ſ. m. a ſcoundrel, a baſe fellow.

VERGE'L, ſ. m. a garden, a bower.

VERGE'TA, ſ. f. v. *VERGUE'TA*.

VERGONZA'NTE, ſ. m. a poor perſon aſhamed to beg.

VERGONZOSAME'NTE, adv. bashfully, modeſtly, shamefully.

VERGONZO'SO, adj. bashful, modeſt, shameful.

Partes vergonzas, the privy-parts.

VERGOÑA, obſ. } ſ. f. shame,
VERGÜE'NZA, ſ. f. } bashfulneſs, modeſty.

Vergüenza, the privy parts.

Vergüénza, the pillory.

Sacár a úno a la vergüénza, to expoſe a man by way of punishment to ſome publick shame, as ſtanding on the pillory, or at the whipping-poſt, or leading him about with a crier proclaiming his crime.

Prov. *Quien vergüénza no tiene la villa es ſuya*, he who has no shame has the town for his own; that is, impudence carries all before it.

VERGOÑOSO, adj. obſ. v. *VERGONZOSO*.

VERGUEA'R, v. a. to beat any thing with rods, or with a rod.

VERGUE'R } ſ. m. an officer
VERGUE'RO, } called a verger.

VERGUE'TA, ſ. m. an officer that apprehends offenders.

Verguéta, dimin. of *verga*, a twig, a ſmall rod.

VE'RJA, ſ. f. an iron or wooden grate.

VERIDICAME'NTE, adv. truly, ſincerely.

VERI'DICO, adj. one that ſpeaks truth.

VERIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. verification.

VERIFICA'R, v. a to verify, to make good.

VERI'L, ſ. m. v. *BE'RIL*.

VERISI'MIL, adj. likely.

VERISIMILITU'D, ſ. f. likelineſs.

VERME'JO, adject. v. *BERME'JO*.

VERMELLO'N, ſ. m. vermillion, a curious red found in the quickſilver mines.

VERMICULA'R, } adj. vermicu-
VERMINO'SO, } cular, breeding of worms, having worms.

VERNA'L, adj. belonging to the ſpring, vernal.

VERNI'Z, ſ. f. v. *BRENI'Z*.

VERO, adj. true.

VERO'NICA, ſ. f. the herb fluellin.

VE'ROS, ſ. m. pl. *vairy* in heraldry; in garments it is a wavy or ſcalloped ornament.

VEROSI'MIL, adject. v. *VERIMI'L*

VEROSIMILITU'D, ſ. f. v. *VERISIMILITU'D*.

VERRA'CO, ſ. m. a hog.

VERRAQUEA'R, v. n. to grumble as a hog does.

VERRIO'NDEZ, ſ. f. the luſt of hogs.

VERHIO'NDO, adj. in luſt, ſpeaking of a hog.

VERROCA'L, ſ. m. v. *BERROCAL*.

VERRUCARIA, adj. fem. an epither given to the ſun-flower.

VERRUE'CO, ſ. m. v. *BERRUECO*.

VERRUGA, ſ. f. a wart.

VERRUGO'SO, } adj. full of
VERRUGUIE'NTO, } warts.

VERRUGUI'LLA, ſ. f. a little wart.

VERSA'DO, adj. verſed, uſed, acquainted.

VERSA'R, v. n. to turn round.

Verſárſe, v. r. to uſe one's ſelf, to acquire uſe and practice, to make oneſelf skilful.

VERSA'TIL, adject. that will turn.

VERSI'CULA, ſ. f the place where the choir-books are laid up.

VERSIFICA'R, v. n. to verſify, to make verſes.

VERSI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſhort line or verſe.

VERSIO'N, ſ. f. a verſion, a tranſlation.

VERSISTA, ſ. m. a maker of blank verſe.

VE'RSO, ſ. m. a verſe. Alſo a ſmall piece of iron cannon.

VERTE'BRAS, ſ. f. pl. the backbones.

VERTEDE'RO, ſ. m. a ſink.

VERTE'R v. a. to ſpill, to ſhed.

VERTICA'L, adj. vertical.

VERTI'CE, ſ. m. vertex, the point over head; alſo the ſuperior point of any figure.

VERTICIDA'D, ſ. f. verticity; the power of turning.

VERTIE'NTE, ſ. m. the running down of any water, or the place where water falls.

Vertiénte del mónte, the ſteep of the hill.

Vertiénte del rio, the ſteep or deſcent of a river.

VERTIGINO'SO, adj. vertiginous, giddy.

VERTI'GO, ſ. m. vertigo, giddineſs.

V E S

VE'SPERO, ſ. m. the veſper, the evening ſtar.
VESPERTI'LLO, ſubſt. m. vide *MURCIELA'GO*.
VESPERTINO, adj. of the evening.
VES'QUIR, v. nobſ. to live.
VESTA'L, ſ. f. a chaſte woman. Moſtly uſed in an ironical ſenſe.
VE'STE, ſ. f. v. *VESTIDURA*.
VESTI'BULO, ſ. m. porch; an entry or paſſage into a houſe.
VESTI'DO, ſ. m. a ſuit of cloaths, a garment.
VESTIDU'RA, ſ. f. a garment.
VESTI'GIO, ſ. m. a footſtep, a track, the print of a man's foot.
VESTI'GLO, ſ. m. an horrible monſter, a phantom.
VESTIME'NTO, ſ. m. vid. *VESTIDO*.
VESTI'R, v. a. to clothe, to apparel, to put on cloaths.

Prov. *Al revés me la veſtí, ándeſe aſſí*, I put it on the wrong way, ſo let it go; applied to thoſe who are in the wrong, and will not be ſet right.

VESTUA'RIA, ſ. m. an attiring-room.

V E T

VE'TA, ſ. f. the great vein or body of the ſilver or other metal, running in the earth.
Deſcubrir la veta, to diſcover the intention of a perſon.
VETA'DO, adj. full of veins of metal; ſaid alſo of fine ſtone or marble, that has curious veins.
VETERA'NO, ſ. m. a veteran ſoldier.
VETI'LLA, ſ. f. dimin. of *veta*.

V E X

VEXACIO'N, ſubſt. f. vexation, trouble.
VEXA'MEN, ſ. m. a trial, anexamination; alſo vexation, trouble.
VEXA'R, v. a. to vex, to trouble.
VEXI'GA, ſ. f. a bladder; alſo a bliſter.
Vexiga de pérro, the plant alkakeng, or winter cherries.
VEXIGA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow with a bladfull of wind.
Dar un vexigázo, to play a trick to deceive one.
VEXIGU'ELA, *VEXIGUI'LLA*, } ſ. f. diminutive of *vexiga*.

V E Y

VEYE'CE, ſ. f. obſ. v. *VEJE'Z*.
VEYE'NTE, ſ. m. obſ. a beholder.

V E Z

VEZ, ſ. f. a time, and turn.
Una véz, once; *dos veces*, twice; *tres véces*, thrice, *cien véces*, a hundred times, &c.
A veces, ſometimes, by turns.
Por ésta véz, for this time.
En véx de honrárme me deshónra, inſtead of honouring me, he diſgraces me.
Una véz de vino, a glaſs or draught of wine.
Tal vez, adv. perhaps.
Tal vez ó tal qual vez, ſometimes.
Una vez que; todas las veces que; ſuppoſing that.
Llegaráſe mi vez, my turn will come.
VEZA'R, v. a. v. *AVEZAR*.
VEZO, ſ. m. cuſtom, uſe, habit.

V I A

VI'A, ſ. f. a way, or means.
Via, the bowel, the excrements paſs through; alſo the method or plan of life, conduct, or action.
Via lactea, the milky way, the galaxy.

Prov. *De luengas vias, luengas mentiras*, from long ways, long lies; that is, travellers have a privilege of lying.

Prov. *Una via y dos mandádos*, to do two errands under one; to kill two birds with one ſtone.

VIADE'RA, ſ. f. a piece of wood in a weaver's loom or frame.
VIADO'R, ſ. m. a traveller.
VIA'GE, ſ. m. a voyage, a journey.
Buén viáge, a good voyage, or a good journey.
VIAJA'DOR, ſ. m. a traveller.
VIAJA'R, v. n. to voyage, to travel.
VIAJ'ANTE, ſ. m. one who travels.
VIA'L, adj. belonging to the road and to travelling.
VIA'NDA, ſ. f. meat, victuals.
VIANDA'NTE, ſ. m. a traveller, a wayfaring man, a paſſenger.
VIARA'ZA, ſ. f. a ſudden freak that a man takes to do a thing immediately, and does it the worſt way through precipitation.
VIA'TICO, ſ. m. proviſion for a journey. It is generally taken for the ſacrament given to ſick perſons.

V I B

VI'BORA, ſ. f. a viper, a ſerpent of that ſpecies which brings its young alive.
VIBORI'LLO, ſ. m. the young newborn viper.
VIBORRE'ZNO, ſ. m. idem.
VIBRACION, ſ. f. vibration.
VIBRA'R, v. n. to bradish, to ſhake, to caſt violently.

V I C

VICARI'A, ſ. f. a vicarage.
VICARIA'L, adj. belonging to the vicar.
VICARIA'TO, ſ. m. the dignity or office of he vicar.
VICA'RIO. ſ. m. a vicar.
VICEALMIRA'NTA, ſ. f. the ſecond galley in a ſquadron.
VICEALMIRA'NTE, ſ. m. vice-admiral, the ſecond commander of a fleet.
VICECANCI'LLER, ſ. m. vice-chancellor.
VICEDIO'S, ſ. m. the pope.
VICE'SIMO, adj. v. *VIGE'SIMO*.
VICE VERSA, adv. on the contrary.
VICIA'R, v. a. to vitiate, to adulterate, to corrupt.
VI'CIO, ſ. m. vice; alſo rank-

neſs, viciouſneſs in land, or the like.

VICIOSAME'NTE, adv. viciouſly.

VICIO'SO, adj. vicious; alſo rank, overfruitful.

Los pánes ſe échan de púro viciósos, the corn is ſo rank, or ſo overfull, that it lodges.

VICISSITU'D, ſ. f. a change, viciſſitude.

VI'CTIMA, ſ. f. a victim, a ſacrifice, an oblation.

VICTO'R, ſ. m. a victor, a conqueror. This word is uſed by way of applauſe, when any perſon does a thing well.

VICTOREA'R, v. a. to applaud, to praiſe in general.

VICTO'RIA, ſ. f. victory, conqueſt, triumph.

VICTORIOSAMENTE, adv. victoriouſly.

VICTORIO'SO, adj. victorious, conquering.

VICTUALLA, ſ. f. v. *VITUA'LLA*.

VICUñA, ſ. m. the name of an animal, in Peru, a kind of wild-goat.

V I D

VID, ſ. f. a vine. It is alſo that part of a woman which comes out with the after birth, ſo called becauſe it is knotty.

Vid parráda, a vine that grows up againſt a wall or over an arbour.

Vid paſmáda, a vine that is blaſted.

Vid con brázos, a vine that ſpreads in many branches.

Vid tendida, a vine that lies flat.

Vides abrazádas, vines that run up trees.

Vid mócha, a vine trunk without branches.

VI'DA, ſ. f. life.

Hómbre de buéna, ò de mála vida, a good or an ill liver.

Dárſe buéna vida, to live at one's eaſe.

VIDRIAR, v. a. to glaze earthen ware.

VIDRIE'RA, ſ. f. a glaſs window.

Licenciado vidriéra, a ſcoffing name for a very delicate perſon.

VIDRIERI'A, ſ. f. the place where glaſs is worked or ſold.

VIDRIE'RO, ſ. m. a glazier.

VI'DRIO, ſ. m. glaſs.

VIDRIO'SO, adj. glaſſy.

Hómbre vidrióſo, a man that is like glaſs; that is, who is touchy and muſt be gently handled.

VI'DRO, ſ. m. v. *VI'DRIO*.

VIDUA'L, adj. belonging to a widow.

VIDUE'ñO, or *VIDUñO*, ſ. m. a vine.

V I E

VIE'JA, ſ. f. an old woman.

Prov. *Póco a póco hila la viéja el cópo*, little by little the old woman ſpins her diſtaff full; that is, patience and application carry one through any work though ever ſo tedious.

VIEJA'ZO, ſ. m. augment. of *viejo*.

VIEJECI'TO, adj. oldish.

VIE'JO, adj. old.

Viéjo, ſ. m. an old man.

Soldado viejo, an old ſoldier, a veteran ſoldier.

Tenér alguna coſa de viejo, to have ſome old habitude left.

Prov. *Si quiéres vivir, ſano hazte viejo tempráno*, if you would be healthy, be old betimes; that is, take care of yourſelf as old men do.

VIE'LDO, ſ. m. } a fan to fan
VIENDRO, obſ. } corn.

VIENTECI'LLO, ſ. m. a ſoft breeze.

VIE'NTO, ſ. m. the wind.

Viento, any thing very light.

Viento, a bone ſo called, that dogs have in the head.

Buñuelos de viento, a kind of fritters ſo called.

Irſe con el viento que corre, to follow the party that prevails.

Viento en popa, a fair wind.

Coſa de viento, an idle ſtory, a thing of no moment.

Viento remolinádo, a whirlwind.

Viento traveſia, a contrary wind.

Prov. *Viento y ventúra poco dura*, wind and good luck are ſeldom laſting.

VIENTRA'ZO, ſ. m. a great belly or paunch.

VIE'NTRE, ſ. m. the belly, the paunch.

Vientre, any internal cavity when large and capacious.

Vientre de carnéro, a sheep's paunch.

Vientre de colúna, in architecture, the middle part of the column.

O vejas de viéntre, fruitful ewes.

De viéntre y lómo, by father and mother.

Sacár el vientre de mal año, to eat one's belly full at another man's table.

Prov. *El viéntre ayúno no óye a ningúno*, an empty belly hears no body; that is, a man when hungry is not fit to be adviſed to about buſineſs.

Sacár el viéntre de mal áño, to deliver the belly from an evil year; that is, to make uſe of one's time, and feed heartily when it is to be had.

Prov. *Ciénto de un viéntre, y cáda úno de ſu mente* an hundred of one belly, and every one of his particular, mind; ſo many men, ſo many minds though they be all brothers.

VIENTRECI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *vientre*.

VIE'RNES, ſ. m. Friday.

Viernes, any meagre day.

Cara de viernes, a lean bony face.

Lo haré la ſemana que no tenga viernes, I will never do it.

V I G

VI'GA, ſ. f. a beam.

Viga de lagár, the great beam over the wine-preſs, which preſſes the grapes to ſqueeze the wine out.

Andár de viga en viga, to ſtep from beam to beam; to skip idly, to ſaunter about; to be toſſed about from poſt to pillar.

VIGE'SIMO, adj. the twentieth.

VIGILA'NCIA, ſ. f. vigilance, watchfulneſs.

VIGILA'NTE, adj. vigilant, diligent, watchful.

VIGI'LIA, ſ. f. the eve of a holiday; any faſting day.
Vigilia, watching, the ſtate of being awake; want of ſleep.
Vigilia, nightly ſucubration, produce of literary labour.
Vigilia, in cant, the hangman's trumpet.
VIGOLE'RO, ſ. m. the hangman's helper.
VIGO'R, ſ. m. vigour, force, life, ſtrength, ſprightlineſs.
VIGORA'R, v. a. to envigour, to give vigour.
VIGO'RNIA, ſ. f. v. *BIGO'RNIA*.
VIGOROSAME'NTE, adv. vigorouſly.
VIGOROSIDA'D, ſ. f. v. *VIGOR*.
VIGORO'SO, adj. vigorous.
VIGO'TE, ſ. m. v. *BIGO'TE*.
VIGüE'LA, ſ. f. a ſort of lute.
VIGüELI'STA, ſ. m. one who plays upon the *viguela*.
VIGUERI'A, ſ. f. a parcel of beans.
VIGUE'TA, ſ. f. a little beam.

V I L

VIL, adj. vile, baſe.
VILECE'R, v. n. to grow vile or baſe.
VILE'ZA, ſ. f. baſeneſs, vileneſs.
VILHO'RRO, ſ. m. in cant, the rogue that ſhuns a danger by flight.
VILIPENDIA'R, v. a. to abuſe, to deſpiſe, to contemn, to ſet very low.
VILIPE'NDIO, ſ. m. contempt, abuſe.
VI'LLA, ſ. f. a town.
VI'LLAGE, ſ. m. a village, a ſmall collection of houſes in the country.
VILLANAGE, ſ. m. the peaſants, the country people.
VILLANAME'NTE, adv. baſely, vilely, clownishly, meanly.
VILLANCHON, ſ. m. a clown.
VILLANCI'CO, ſ. m. a ſort of paſtoral poem or ſong.
VILLANCIQUE'RO, ſ. m. one who compoſes *villancicos*.
VILLANERI'A, ſ. f. the ſame as *villanía* and *villanáge*.
VILLANE'SCO, adj. belonging to the country and the peaſantry.
VILLANIA, ſ. f. lowneſs of birth, condition or ſtate.
Villanía, baſeneſs, baſe action, villany.
VILLANI'A, ſ. f. villanage, meanneſs, baſeneſs.
VIL 'NO, adj. ruſtick, of the country, not of the town.
Villano, ſ. m. a clown, a countryman, a peaſant.
Villáno, harto de ájos, a clown ſtuffed with garlick, a baſe ſtinking fellow; a clod pate, an obſtinate block-head.
VILLANOTE, ſ. m. vide *VILLANCHON*.
VILLA'R, ſ. m. a great village a borough.
VILLE'TA, ſ. f. a little town.
VILLE'TE, ſ. m. a billet, a bill, a note, a letter.
VILLEVI'NA, ſ. f. a kind of linen ſo called.
VILLO'RIA, ſ. f. a country ſeat.
VILLORI'N, ſ. m. a kind of coarſe cloth.
VILLO'RIO, ſ. m. a contemptuous word for a village, a ſmall paltry village.
VILME'NTE, adv. vilely, baſely.
VILO, only uſed in the adverb *en vilo*, in the air, without any firmeneſs or ſtability.
VILO'RDO, adject. heavy, lazy, dull.
VILO'RTA, ſ. f. a ring made of willow or of ſome ſuch pliable branch.
Juégo de villórta, a ſort of ſport ſo called.

V I M

VIMBRE, ſ. f. a twig.

V I N

VINAGE'RA, ſ. f. a maſs cruet
VINA'GRE, ſ. m. vinegar.
Vinagre, a rough, auſtere, crabbed fellow.
Vinagre, the juice of fruits before they are ripe.
VINAGRE'RA, ſ. f. a vinegar bottle or cruet.
VINAGRILLO, ſ. m. a ſort of paint or wash formely uſed by women, chiefly made with vinegar.
Vinagrillo, a ſort of roſy vinegar uſed in ſnuff to quicken its relish.
VINAGRO'SO, adj. rough, auſtere.
VINARIE'GO, adj. skilful in the cultivation and management of vines.
VINATE'RO, ſ. m. a countriman that, ſells wine.
VI'NCULA, ſ. m. band, bond, obligation, entail.
VINCULA'R, v. a. to entail an eſtate, to bind ſure, to make faſt.
VINDICATIVO, adj revengeful.
VINDI'CTA, ſ. f. revenge.
VI'NO, ſ. m. wine.
Vino de manzánas, cyder.
Vino de rancion, ordinary wine for ſervants.
Vino tinto, red wine.
Vino claréte, a pale red wine.
Vino brózno, a harſh unpalatable wine.
Vino buélto, wine that is pricked.
Vino deſvanecido or *rebotádo*, decayed wine.
Vino de majuélo, wine of a young vine.
VINOLE'NCIA, ſ. f. exceſs in drinking.
VINOLE'NTO, ſ. m. a drunkard, one given to wine.
VINOSIDA'D, ſ. f. vinoſity.
VINO'SO, adj. that has qualities reſembling thoſe of wine.

V I Ñ

VIÑA, ſ. f. a vineyard.
Entróse cómo por viña vendimiáda; he intruded into a vineyard that had been gathered; he went in with great freedom.
Viñas y juán danzante, in cant, ſignifies, ſcamper, get away, ſave yourſelf.
VIÑADE'RO, ſ. m. one that farms a vineyard or that looks to a vineyard.

VIÑE'DO, ſ. m. a diſtrict that is all vineyards.

V I O

VIO'LA, ſ. f. a viol, a ſtringed inſtrument of muſick; alſo a flower called violet.
VIOLA'CEO, adj. of a violet colour.
VIOLA'BLE, adj. that may be violated.
VIOLACIO'N, ſ. f. violation.
VIOLA'DO, adj. of a violet colour; chiefly made of violets; as.
Lamedor violádo, ſyrup of violets.
VIOLADO'R, ſ. m. violater, a defiler, an infringer.
VIOLA'R, v. a. to violate, to defile, to infringe.
Violár, ſ. m. the ſpot that produces violets.
VIOLE'NCIA, ſ. f. violence.
VIOLENTAME'NTE, adv. violently.
VIOLENTAR, v. a. to force, to uſe violence.
VIOLE'NTO, adj. violent.
VIOLE'TA, ſ. f. a violet.
VIOLI'N, ſ. f. the muſical inſtrument called a violin.
VIOLINISTA, ſ. m. a player upon the violin.
VIOLO'N, ſ. m. a baſe viol.

V I P

VIPERI'NO, adj. belonging to vipers.

V I Q

VIQUITRO'QUES, ſ. m. pl. timbers in a ſhip ſo called.

V I R

VI'RA, ſ. f. a ſhaft or arrow to ſhoot out of a croſs-bow; any wooden pin; the lining of the ſhoe, or the narrow ſlip of leather on the inſide, that runs along the ſeam to ſtrengthen it.
Ir mas derécho que una vira, to walk as ſtraight as an arrow.
VIRATO'N, ſ. m. a large dart or arrow.
VIRA'R, v. a. to turn.
VI'RGEN, ſ. f. a virgin.
Virgen, adj. f. untouched, unpolluted. *Aceite virgen*, the firſt oil that runs from the olives without preſſing.
VIRGINA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a virgin.
VIRGI'NEO, adj. idem.
VIRGINIDA'D, ſ. f. virginity.
VI'RGO, ſ. m. a maidenhead.
Virgo, the ſixth ſign in the zodiack.
VI'RGULA, ſ. f. a comma.
VIRI'L, adj. manly.
Viril, ſ. m. a fine glaſs to ſet before any thing, that it may be ſeen, and not handled, or to preſerve it from duſt.
VIRILIDA'D, ſ. f. manhood
VIRILME'NTE, adv. manly.
VIRIPOTE'NTE, adj. marriageable; ſaid of a girl.
VIROLE'NTO, adj. he who has the ſmall-pox, or is marked by it.
VIROTA'ZO, ſubſt. m. a blow, wound, or ſtroke of a ſhaft, bolt, or arrow.
VIRO'TE, ſ. m. a bolt, a ſhaft, an arrow to ſhoot out of a croſs-bow; a long piece of iron faſtened in a ring put about the neck of runaway ſlaves.
Virote joſtrádo, a ſhaft with a little plate full of ſharp points at the end, that it may knock down the game.
Trága viróte, a fellow that walks as ſtiff as if he had ſwallowed a ſtake.
Mirár por el viróte, to mind one's buſineſs, as he who is to ſhoot looks narrowly to his ſhaft.
Echár un viróte tras ótro, to ſend one ſhaft after another. When one ſervant is ſent to fetch another, and both ſtay; or when a man throws away good money after bad.
VIRRE'INA, ſ. m. the viceroy's wife.
VIRREINA'TO, ſ. m. the dignity or office of the viceroy, and the time that his gouvernment laſts.
VIRRE'Y, ſ. m. a viceroy.
VIRRE'INO, ſ. m. vide *VIRREINATO*.
VIRTUA'L, adj. virtual.
VIRTUALMENTE, adv. virtually.
VIRTU'D, ſ. f. virtue.
Perdér ſu virtúd, to wither, ſaid of trees.
Hacér de neceſſidád virtúd, to make a virtue of neceſſity.
Prov. *Virtúdes véncen ſeñalés*, virtue overcomes ill tokens; that is, though a man ſeem to be ill inclined he may overcome all bad tokens and inclinations, and be virtuous.
VIRTUOSAME'NTE, adv. virtuouſly.
VIRTUO'SO, adj. virtuous.
VIRUE'LAS, ſ. f. pl. the ſmall-pox.
VIRULE'NCIA, ſ. f. virulence.
VIRULE'NTO, adj. virulent.
VIRU'TA, ſ. f. a thin bit of lath or chip.

V I S

VISA'GE, ſ. f. the face, the viſage.
Hacer viſáges, to make faces.
VISA'GRA, ſ. f. a hinge.
VISA'NTES, ſ. m. pl. in cant, the eyes.
VI'SCERAS, ſ. f. the bowels, the inteſtines.
VISCO'NDE. a viſcount.
VISCOSIDA'D, ſ. f. viciouſneſs, clammineſs.
VISCO'SO, adj. viſcous, clammy, ſticking like birdlime.
VISE'RA, ſ. f. the viſor of a helmet.
Calár la viséra, to pull down the vizor or beaver of a helmet in order to engage an enemy.
VISIBILIDAD, ſ. f. viſibility, the ſtate of being viſible.
VISI'BLE, adj. that may be ſeen.
VISIBLEMENTE, adv. viſibly.
VISIO'N, ſ. f. viſion, apparition.
Ver viſiones, to be run away with one's own imaginations.
Ver viſiones, to ſee ſpectres; ſaid to ridicule ugly people that are approaching or coming to us.
VISIONA'RIO, adj. viſionary, belonging to a viſion.
VISI'R, ſ. m. a viſiter among the Turks.
VISI'TA, ſ. f. a viſit, a viſitation,

tion, a ſearch, an enquiry; alſo a viſitant, one who goes to ſee another.

Viſita de náos, the ſearching of ships by the king's officers to clear them.

Viſita de juéz ó preládo, a judge's going a circuit to try cauſes, or a prelate's going his viſitation.

Viſita de cárcel, a gaol delivery.

VISITACIO'N, ſ. f. viſitation, ſearch, enquiry.

VISITADO'R, ſ. m. viſiter, ſearcher.

VISITA'R, v. a. to viſit, to ſearch, to try, to enquire into.

Viſitár lugáres ſantos, to go pilgrimages, to frequent places of devotion.

Viſitár como juéz ó preládo, to go a viſitation as a biſhop, or a circuit as a judge.

Viſitár comádres, to go goſſiping from one houſe to another.

Viſitárſe, v. r. to viſit, to keep up the intercourſe of ceremonial ſalutations at the houſes of each other.

VISI'VO, adj. viſible, obvious, to the eye.

VISLUMBRAR, v. a. to dazzle.

VISLU'MBRE, ſ. f. a dazzling litgh; alſo a glimmering.

VI'SO, ſubſt. m. a glimmering, a glance, a ſight.

Hacér viſos, to glimmer as a glaſs does in the ſun.

VISO'JO, adj. ſquint-eyed.

VISOñO, ſ. m. v. *BISOñO*.

VISO'RIO, adj. belonging to the ſight.

VISORRE'Y, ſ. m. a viceroy.

VI'SPERA, ſubſt. f. the eve of a feaſt, or any other day.

Viſperas, pl. the veſpers, the evening ſervice.

En viſpéras, very near.

Viſpéras Siciliánas, the Sicilian veſpers.

VI'STA, ſ. f. the ſight, the ſenſe of ſeeing; alſo aſpect, appearance.

Viſta, the eye or eyes, alſo a viſion or apparition.

Viſta, notice, knowledge.

A viſta de, before, or with the.

Viſta de aduána, one who viſits the goods and ſeals them.

Viſtas, pl. the windows and doors of any edifice; alſo a proſpect.

A la viſta, facing, near, juſt by.

A la viſta, directly, without dilatation.

Comér ú tragár con la viſta, to look at one very angry.

Eſtár a la viſta, to be obſerving.

VISTI'LLAS, ſ. f. pl. a high place to diſcover the country or the ſea.

VISTOSAME'NTE, adv. beautifully.

VISTO'SO, adject. ſightly, gay, beautiful; in cant, the coat.

Viſtóſos, pl. in cant, the eyes.

VISUA'L, adj. viſual.

V I T

VITA'L, adj. vital, belonging to the life.

VITALI'CIO, adj. during the life of one.

VITALIDA'D, ſubſt. f. vitality, power of ſubſiſting in life.

VITE'LA, ſ. f. a young heifer, alſo the leather made of a cow's skin.

VITELINA, adj. fem. of a dark colour, ſpeaking of the bile or choler.

VI'TO, ſ. m. food, ſuſtenance, proviſion.

VI'TOR, ſ. m. v. *VI'CTOR*.

VITO'RIA, ſ. f. victory.

VITORIOSAMENTE, adv. victoriouſly.

VITORIO'SO, adj. victorious.

VI'TREO, adj. vitreous, glaſſy.

VITRIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. vitrification, production of glaſs.

VITRIFICA'R, v. a. to vitrify, to change into glaſs.

VITRIO'LO, ſ. m. vitriol, copperas.

VITUA'LLA, ſ. f. victuals, proviſions.

VITUPERA'BLE, adject. blameworthy.

VITUPERACIO'N, ſ. f. blame cenſure.

VITUPERADO'R, ſ. m. a blamer, a cenſurer.

VITUPERA'R, v. a. to blame, to cenſure.

VITUPE'RIO, ſ. m. blame, cenſure.

VITUPERIOSAMENTE, adj. injuriouſly; ſhamefully, ignominiouſly.

VITUPERO'SO, adject. ignominious, ſhameful, ſhameleſs.

V I V

VIVA! an interjection; let him live.

Viva el réy! may the king live! uſed in acclamations.

Viva quien vence, let the conqueror live. Applied to thoſe who are always for the ſtrongeſt party.

VIVA'C, ſ. m. an extraordinary night horſe-guard for the ſecurity of a camp.

VIVACIDA'D, ſ. f. livelineſs, ſprightlineſs.

VIVAME'NTE, adv. ſprightly, lively.

VIVANDE'RO, ſ. m. a vivandier, a ſutler to an army.

VIVA'QUE, ſ. m. a ſmall quarter for ſoldiers.

VIVA'R, ſ. m. a coney-warren.

VIVARA'CHO, adj. brisk, gay, lively.

VIVA'Z, adj. ſtroug, full of vigour; alſo gay, active, lively.

VIVE'RO, ſ. m. a park or a Warren; alſo a pool a marshy place.

VI'VERES, ſ. m. pl. proviſions for a place, army, or ſhip.

VIVEZA, ſ. f. livelineſs, ſprightlineſs.

VIVIDO'R, ſ. m. one that knows how to live well.

VIVIE'NDA, ſ. f. a dwelling.

VIVIE'NTE, ſ. m. a living creature.

VIVIFICACIO'N, ſ. f. vivification.

VIVIFICADO'R, ſ. m. vivifier.

VIVIFICA'R, v. a. to give life, to enliven.

VIVI'PARO, adject. viviparous, bringing the young alive.

VIVI'R, v. n. to live.

Vivir, to live, to dwell.

Viva v. m. mil años, I thank you.

Vivir a cuenta ù poluntád de otro, to be maintained by another.

Vivir en una caſa, to live in a houſe.

Como ſe vive, ſe muere, ſuch life, ſuch death.

Prov. *Quien quiſiére vivir ſano cóma póco y cene tempráno*, he that would be healthy, muſt eat temperately, and ſup betimes.

VI'VO, adj. alive.

Eſtár en carnes vivas, to be naked.

Vivo, ingenious, crafty; alſo inconſiderate.

Vivo, active, diligent.

Al vivo, very like.

Guerra viva, actual war.

Ojos vivos, very gay and lively eyes.

Vivos, ſ. m. pl. in arcbitecture, is all that juts out beyond the perpendicular of the ſtructure.

V I U

VIU'DA, ſ. f. a widow.

VIUDEDA'D, *VIU'DE'Z*, } ſ. f. widowhood.

VIU'DO, ſ. m. a widower.

V I Z

VIZCA'CHA, ſ. f. a kind of hare in America.

VIZCONDA'DO, ſ. m. the ſtate, or title of a viſcount.

VIZCO'NDE, ſ. m. a viſcount.

VIZCONDE'SA, ſ. f. a viſcounteſs.

V O A

VOACE', *VOARCE'*, } uſed by ruffians and bullies; and ſometimes by country fellows for *uſtéd*, or *vuéſtra mercéd*, your worship; you, ſir.

V O C

VOCA'BLO, ſ. m. a word.

VOCABULA'RIO, ſ. m. *VOCABULARI'STA*, obſ. } a vocabulary.

VOCACIO'N, ſ. f. a calling; a vocation.

VOCAL, adj. vocal, of the voice.

Una vocal, a vowel.

VOCALMENTE, ad. vocally, orally, by word of mouth.

VOCATIVO, ſ. m. the vocative caſe.

VOCEADO'R, ſ. m. one who makes outcries.

VOCEA'R, v. n. to cry out, to ſcream, to clamour, to declare, to call aloud.

VOCERI'A, ſ. f. a confuſion of voices.

VO[illegible]RO, ſ. m. obſ. an advocate, a lawyer.

VOCIFERACIO'N, ſ. f. vociferation.

VOCIFERADO'R, ſ. m. a boaſter.

VOCIFERA'R, v. n. to cry out aloud.

VOCINGLERI'A, ſ. f. the noiſe of many voices; alſo talkativeneſs.

VOCINGLERO, adj. who ſpeaks very loud.

V O L

VOLADE'RO, adj. that does, or can fly.

VOLADO'R, ſ. m. a flier.

En volándas, adj. flying through the air; ſpeaking of a witch.

VOLANDE'RO, adj. flying, hanging in the air.

VOLA'NTE, ſ. m. a ſort of thin veil, any looſe thing that flutters in the air.

VOLANTO'N, ſ. m. the bird that is ready to fly.

VOLA'R, v. n. to fly.

Volár con pólvora, to blow up with gunpowder.

Volár una grulla, to fly a hawk at a crane.

Eſſo ſera cómo volár un buey, that is, as likely as that the ox will fly.

VOLATERI'A, ſ. f. all ſorts of fowl.

VOLATI'L, adj. that flies or can fly.

VOLATILIDA'D, ſ. f. volatility.

VOLATI'N, ſ. m. a rope-dancer.

VOLCA'N, ſ. m. a burning mountain.

VOLCA'R, v. a. to overturn.

El cóche ſe ha volcádo, the coach has been overturned.

VOLEA'R, v. a. to make fly in the air by impulſion.

VOLEO, ſ. m. the action of making fly any thing.

De un voléo, in a minute.

VOLICIO'N, ſ. f. volition, the act of the will.

VOLQUEA'RSE, v. r. vide *REVOLCA'RSE*.

VOLTARIEDA'D, ſ. f. inconſtancy.

VOLTA'RIO, adj. inconſtant.

VOLTEADO'R, ſ. m. a tumbler, a vaulter.

VOLTEA'R, v. a. to rool, to tumble, to vault.

VOLUBILIDA'D, ſ. f. volubility, inconſtancy, mutability.

VOLU'BLE, adj. voluble, inconſtant, changeable.

VOLU'MEN, ſ. m. a volume, a bulk; ſize, bigneſs.

VOLUMINO'SO, adj. voluminous.

VOLUNTA'D, ſ. f. the will or affection.

VOLU'NTARIAME'NTE, adv. voluntarily, willingly.

VOLUNTA'RIO, adj. voluntary, done with a good will.

VOLUPTA'D, ſ. f. voluptuouſneſs.

VOLUPTUOSAME'NTE, adv. voluptuouſly.

VOLUPTUO'SO, adj. voluptuous.

VOLU'TA, ſ. f. the volute, a member of a column.

VOLVE'R, v. a. to turn; alſo to return.

Volvér a cantár, to ſing again.

Volvér a decir, to ſay again, to repeat.

Volvér por, to protect, to defend.

Volvér, to change one thing into another.

Volvér por ſi, to defend oneſelf.

Volvér ſobre ſi, to reflect upon oneſelf.

Volvérſe, *contra alguno*, to turn againſt one, to be his enemy.

VOLVI'BLE, adj. that may be turned.

VOLVIMIE'NTO, ſ. m. turning.

VOLO, *VO'LVULO*, } ſ. m. a diſeaſe in the bowels ſo called.

V O M

VO'MICO, adj. that which cauſes vomit.

Nuéz vómica, the vomick nut from the Eaſt-Indies.

VOMITADO'R, adj. that vomits or throws out of itſelf.

VOMITA'R, v. a. to vomit.
VOMITIVO, adj. vomitive, that provokes vomit.
VO'MITO, ſ. m. vomit, ſpue.
Volvér al vómito, to return to the vomit, to fall again into any vice a man had forſaken.
VOMITO'RIO, adj. that cauſes vomiting.

V O R

VORACIDA'D, ſ. f. voracity.
VORA'GINE, ſ. m. a gulph, a gap in the earth, a place that ſwallows up.
VORA'Z, adj. voracious, greedy, gluttonouſs, devouring.
VO'RTICE, ſ. m. a vortex.
VORTIGINO'SO, adj. vertical, having a whirling motion.

V O S

VOS, pron. ye or you, never uſed but to inferiors, or where there is great familiarity.
VOSASTE, ſ. m. clownish, for *vuéſtra mercéd*.
VO'SCO, with you, or you; a clownish word.
VOSEA'RSE, v. r. to talk to one another by thee and thou.
VOSO'TROS, ye, or you, in the plural number.

V O T

VOTADO'R, ſ. m. a ſwearer.
VOTA'R, v. n. to vote, to vow, to ſwear.
VOTI'VO, adj. that has been vowed.
VOTO, ſ. m. a vow, a vote, an oath.
Tenér voto en concéjo, to have a vote in council.
Voto a tal, an expreſſion to avoid ſwearing.
Dar ſu vóto, to give on's vote.
Decir ſu vóto, to deliver one's opinion.

V O Z

VOZ, ſ. f. a voice, the noiſe any creature makes, the ſound of an inſtrument, a report.
Dar una voz, to call aloud to.
Tener voz en capítulo, to have a vote in an aſſembly.
Pública voz, common fame.
Correr voz, a report to be ſpread abroad.
A una voz, unanimouſly, by common conſent.
A voz de pregonéro, proclaimed by a crier.
Dar voces, to cry out, to hollow.
VOZNA'R, v. n. to cry like a ſwan or other aquatick bird.

V U E

VUECELE'NCIA, an abbreviation of *vuéſtra excellencia*, your excellency.
VUE'LCO, ſ. m. overturn.
VUE'LO, ſ. m. flight; elevation of the mind.
Vuélos, pl. ruffles.
VUE'LTA, ſ. f. a turning about, a way about.
Venir de vuelta, to come back.
Dar una vuelta en el aire, to turn round without touching the ground.
Dar una vuélta de azótes, to give one a whipping.
Ir la vúelta de una parte, to go toward ſuch a place.
Otra vuelta, another time.
A vuelta de viage, returning home from a voyage.
Andár a vueltas, to quarrel.
Dar una vuelta; to take a short turn
Ponér de vuelta y media, to affront to abuſe one.
Tener vueltas, to be inconſtant.
VUE'LTO; p. p. of *volver*; turned
VUE'SSO, } pron. yours.
VUE'STRO, }
Vueſtra mercéd, you, ſir; you, madam.

V U L

VULGA'CHO, ſ. m. the mob.
VULGA'R, adj. vulgar, common.
VULGARIDA'D, ſ. f. vulgarity; belonging to, or uſual with the mob.
VULGARIZA'R, v. n. to become common or vulgar.
VULGARMENTE, adv. vulgarly.
VU'LGO, ſ. m. the rabble, the mob, the multitude, the populace.
Prov. *No perdóna el vúlgo, tácha de ninguno*, the mob ſpares no body.
VULNERA'BLE, adj. vulnerable, that can be wounded.
VULNERACION, ſ. f. the act of wounding.
VULNERA'R, v. a. to wound.
VULNERA'RIO, adj. that heals wounds.
VULPE'JA, ſ. f. a fox.
VULTO, ſ. m. face, viſage.
VULTU'RNO, ſ. m. the name of a wind.
VU'LVA, ſ. f. the womb.

V U S

VU'SCO, a ruſtick word, the ſame as *con vos ótros*, with you.
VUSTE'D, ſ. m. the ſame as *uſtéd* or *vuéſtra mercéd*, your worſhip; you, ſir, you, madam.

U.

*U*BE'RIMO, adj. ſuperl. extraordinary fruitful.

U B I

UBICACIO'N, ſ. f. ubication, local relation.
UBICARSE, v. r. to be in a certain place.
UBIO, ſ. m. obſ. v. *YUGO*.
UBIQUIDA'D, ſ. f. ubiquity, omnipreſence.

U B R

UBRE, ſ. f. the udder of any creature.
UBRE'RA, ſ. f. a ſort of ſore in a child's mouth.

U C E

UCE, a ruſtick word; the ſame as *vuéſtra mercéd*, your worſhip.
UCE'NCIA, ſ. f. the ſame as *vuéſtra excelléncia*, your excellency.

U F A

UFANAMEN'TE, adv. briskly, contentedly, mettleſomely; alſo conceitedly.
UFANA'RSE, v. r. to be conceited, to boaſt; alſo to be merry or brisk.
UFANE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. a boaſter.
UFANE'ZA, *UFANI'A*, *UFANIDA'D*, ſ. f. briskneſs, contentedneſs, mettle; alſo conceitedneſs.
UFA'NO, adj. brisk, mettleſome, contented, full of ſatisfaction; alſo conceited.

U L C

ULCER, *U'LCERA*, ſ. f. an ulcer.
ULCERACIO'N, ſ. f. ulceration.
ULCERA'R, v. n. to ulcerate.
ULCERO'SO, adj. full of ulcers.

U L T

ULTERIO'R, adj. farther, on the farther ſide.
ULTERIORME'NTE, adv. farther, beyond.
ULTIMADAME'NTE, *ULTIMAME'NTE*, adv. laſtly.
ULTIMA'R, v. a. to finish, to put an end to.
ULTIMIDA'D, ſ. f. ultimity, the laſt ſtage.
U'LTIMO, adj. laſt.
ULTRA, adv. beſides moreover.
ULTRAJAMIENTO, ſ. m. vide *ULTRAJE*.
ULTRAJA'R, v. a. to commit outrage, to wrong, to abuſe, to affront, to reproach.
ULTRA'JE, ſ. m. an outrage, an abuſe, an affront, a reproach.
ULTRAJOSAME'NTE, adv. abuſively, reproachfully.
ULTRAJO'SO, adj. abuſive, reproachful, affronting.
ULTRAMARI'NO, adj foreign, that is or comes from beyond the ſea.
ULTRAMONTAMO, adj on the farther ſide, or beyond the mountain.
ULTRI'Z, adject. fem. that revenges.
ULTRO'NEO, adject. that offers itſelf without requiring any ſearch or inquiry.

U L U

U'LULA, ſ. f. a bird ſo called.
ULULA'TO, ſ. m. the act of howling.

U M B

UMBILICA'L, adj. belonging to the navel.
UMBRA'L, ſ. m. the threshold of the door.
UMBRALA'R, v. a. to put a beam acroſs upon the opening left in building for a window or a door.
UMBRA'TICO, adj. relating to shadow.
UMBRI'A, ſ. f. any shady place.
UMBRIOSO, *UMBRO'ZO*, adj. shady, full of shade.

U N

UN, adj. m. one.
Un hómbre, one man; *un cavállo*, one horſe: ever uſed when before a ſubſtantive; for in other caſes it is *uno*, as if one ask how many, the anſwer is *uno*, or *una*; but *un* is only of the maſculine gender.

U N A

UNA, adj. fem. one; *una mugér*, one woman.
La una, one of the clock.
A una, together, at once.
UNA'NIME, adj. unanimous.
UNANIMEME'NTE, adv. unanimouſly.
UNANIMIDA'D, ſ. f. unanimity.

U N C

U'NCIA, ſ. f. an ancient coin, whoſe value is not known.
UNCIO'N, ſ. f. unction, anointing.
Extréma uncion, the ſacrament of extreme unction given only to people in a dying condition.
UNCIO'NES, pl. ſalivation.
Por pedir pedirá la unción, rather than not beg, he will beg the extreme unction.
UNCI'R, v. a. to yoke oxen.

U N D

UNDECA'GONO, ſ. m. a figure of eleven angles or ſides.
UNDE'CIMO, adj. eleventh.
UNDI'SONO, adj. making a ſound like water falling.
UNDO'SO, adj. wavy, full of waves; uſed only by poets; as *mar undóſo*, the wavy ſea.

U N G

UNGARI'NA, ſ. f. a man's coat made in the Hungarian faſhion.
UNGIMIENTO, ſ. m. v. *UNCIO'N*.
UNGI'R, v. a. to anoint.

UNGUENTA'RIO, ſ. m. a maker or ſeller of ointments.
UNGUENTA, *UNGUE'NTO*, } ſ. m. ointment.

U N I

UNICAME'NTE, adv. ſingularly.
UNICA'ULE, adj. that has but one ſtalk.
U'NICO, adj. ſingular, the only one.
UNICO'RNIO, ſ. m. an unicorn.
UNIDA'D, ſ. f. unity.
UNIDAME'NTE, adv. jointly.
UNIFICA'R, v. a. to make one of many by union or mixture.
UNIFORMA'R, v. a. to make uniform.
UNIFO'RME, adj. uniform.
UNIFORMEME'NTE, adv. uniformly.
UNIFORMIDA'D, ſ. f. uniformity.
UNIGE'NITO, adj. the only begotten.
UNIO'N, ſ. f. union.
UNI'R, v. a. to unite.
UNISONO, adj. uniſon.
UNITI'VO, adj. unitive, that joins, that unites.
UNITO'SO, *UNITUO'SO*, } adj. v. *UNITIVO*.
UNIVERSA'L, adj. univerſal.
UNIVERSALIDA'D, ſ. f. univerſality.
UNIVERSALME'NTE, adv. univerſally.
UNIVERSIDA'D, ſ. f. univerſity
UNIVE'RSO, ſ. m. the univerſe, the world.
UNIVOCO, adj. that has one ſignification.

U N O

UNO, adj one.
Uno por uno, one by one.

U N T

UNTADO'R, ſ. m. an anointer, a dauber.
UNTADURA, ſ. f. an anointing, a daubing.
UNTAMIE'NTO, ſ. m. idem.
UNTA'R, v. a. to anoint, to daub.
Untár la máno, to greaſe the fiſt; to bribe.
UNTA'ZA, ſ. f. a coarſe ointment.
UN'TO, ſ. m. ointment, fat, greaſe.
UNTO'SO, *UNTUO'SO*, } adj., fat, greaſy, daubing.
UNTUOSIDA'D, ſ. f. greaſineſs.
UNTU'RA, ſ. f. anointing, daubing.
UNTURI'LLA, ſ. f. a little anointing.

U ñ A

UñA, ſ. f. the nail of a man's finger or toe, the hoof of a beaſt, the talon or claw of a bird. It is alſo a hardneſs or ſcab, growing upon beaſts where they are galled.
Uña de cabállo, the herb colts foot.
Uña de áſno, the herb foal-foot.
Uña de ánela, the flunke of an anchor.
Uña de váca, cow-heal.
Sol con úñas, the ſun when it ſhines out now and then from amidſt the watery clouds.
Hacér el teſtaménto en al úña, to make a man's will on his nail; to have nothing to leave.
Sacár por la úña la grandéza del léon, to gueſs at the bigneſs of a lion by his claw.
Ponérſe en veinte úñas, to ſtand upon twenty nails; that is, upon all four.
Tener úñas, to be hard to be underſtood.
Prov. *Uñas de gáto, y hábito de beáto*, a cat's claws, and a religious man's habit. A wolf in ſheep's cloathing.
UñA'DA, ſ. f. a mark made with the nail, the impreſſion left by the nail.
UñARA'DA, ſ. f. a ſcratch with a nail.

U ñ E

UñE'RO, ſ. m. the little skin that flies up about the nails; ſometimes taken for a whitlow.
UñE'TA, ſ. f. a play among children.

U ñ I

UñIDU'RA, ſ. f. a compling, a yoking.
UñI'R, v. a. to couple, to yoke.

U ñ U

UñUE'LA, ſ. f. a little nail, claw, talon, or hoof.

U P

UPA'R, v. n. to ſtruggle in order to get up or to riſe high.

U R A

URACHO, ſ. m. in anatomy, the aperture at which the urine iſſues.

U R B

URBARNAME'NTE, adv. courteouſly, civilly.
URBANIDA'D, ſ. f. civility.
URBA'NO, adj. civil, courteous, well beloved.

U R C

URCA, ſ. f. a veſſel called a hulk; alſo a ſort of whale.
URCE, ſ. m. an herb ſo called.

U R D

URDIDE'RA, ſ. f. an engine uſed by weavers; and fem. of *urdidor*.
URDIDO'R, ſ. m. who warps in a loom; alſo who contrives or begins.
URDIDU'RA, ſ. f. warping in a loom; a contrivance, a beginning.
URDIE'MBRE, *URDIMBRE*, } ſ. m. the warp in a loom.
URDI'R, v. a. to warp in a loom; alſo to contrive, to begin.

URE

URE'TERA, ſ. f. the urethra.

URG

URGE'NCIA, ſ. f. urgency.
URGE'NTE, adj. urgent, preſſing.
URGI'R, v. n. to urge.

URI

URI'NA, ſ. f. urine.
URINA'RIO, adj. urinary.

URN

URNA, ſ. f. an urn, ſuch as anciently they preſerved the aſhes of the dead in.
URNI'CA, ſ. f. dimin. of *urna*.

URO

U'RO, ſ. m. a wild bull.

URS

URSA, ſ. f. v. *OSSA*.

USA

USACIO'N, ſ. f. v. *USO*.
USADAME'NTE, adv. cuſtomarily.
USA'GE, ſ. m. v. *USO*.
USA'GRE, ſ. m. a tetter, a ringworm.
USA'NZA, ſ. f. uſage, uſe, faſhion, cuſtom.
USA'R, v. a. to uſe, to accuſtom, to be in faſhion.
Prov. *Lo que ſe úſa no ſe eſcúſa*, what is faſhionable cannot be avoided.

USI

USIE'R, ſ. m. a door-keeper, a meſſenger, a groom of the great chamber.
USITA'DO, adj. uſual, frequent.

USO

USO, ſ. m. uſe, cuſtom, faſhion. Alſo the uſance of exchange.
Uſo hace maéſtro, uſe makes a maſter, or makes a perfect man.

UST

USTA'GA, ſ. f. a ſea-term; I think it means a pulley, but am not ſure.
USTE'D, (an abbreviation of *vueſtra merced*) you, ſir; you, madam.
USTIO'N, ſ. f. the actual burning of any thing.

USU

USUA'L, adj. cuſtomary, uſual.
USUFRU'CTO, ſ. m. the growing profits or advantage reaped by land, houſes, employments, &c.
USUFRUCTUA'RIO, ſ. m. he that receives the profit or advantage made of a thing, but is not the proprietor.
USU'RA, ſ. f. uſury.
USURA'R, } v. n. uſure, to
USUREA'R, } practiſe uſury.
USURA'RIO, adj. uſurious.
USURE'RO, ſ. m. an uſurer.
USURPACIO'N, ſ. f. uſurpation, taking another man's right.
USURPADO'R, ſ. m. an uſurper.
USURPA'R, v. a. to uſurp, to poſſeſs wrongfully.

UTE

UTENSI'LIOS, ſ. m. pl. utenſils, neceſſaries in a houſe.
UTE'RO, ſ. m. the womb.

UTI

U'TIL, adj. uſeful, profitable, beneficial.
UTILIDA'D, ſ. f. uſefulneſs, profitableneſs.
UTILME'NTE, adv. uſefully, profitably.
UTILIZA'R, v. a. to be profitable
Utilizárſe, v. r. to get ſome benefit from any thing.

UTR

UTRE'RA, ſ. f. a young heifer.
UTRE'RO, ſ. m. a ſteer, a young bullock.

UVA

UVA, ſ. f. a grape.
Uva albilla, a ſort of ſweet grape.
Uva créſpa, or *eſpina*, a gooſeberry.
Uva de pérro, the wild bay-tree.
Uva paſſa, a raiſin.
Uva lupina, the herb wolf-bane.
Uvas javiés, a ſort of ſmall but excellent grapes.
Uvas de Almuñécar, the grapes of Almuñecar, which are long.
Uvas ligeruélas, the grapes that are firſt ripe.
Uva canilla, the plant called ordinary yellow prick-madam, or ſtonecrop.
Hacérſe uva, to be drunk.
Ponér a uno de uva caſca, to leave a man like the huſk of a grape, after the wine is preſſed out; to ſtrip him of all he has.
UVA'DA, ſ. f. plenty of grapes.
UVAGUEMAE'STRO, ſ. m. an officer in the army, under whoſe care is the baggage.
UVATE, ſ. m. a ſort of conſerve.
UVASPI'N, ſ. m. a gooſeberry.
UVASPINE'RO, ſ. m. a gooſeberry-bush.

UVE

U'VEA, adj. fem. the appellative of one of the tunicks of the eye.
UVE'RO, ſ. m. one who ſells grapes.

UVI

UVI'LLA, ſ. f. a ſmall ſort of grapes.

UX

UXIE'R, ſ. m. an inferior officer at court, a porter,

X

X, in Spanish is ſometimes pronounced in the throat, and has the ſame ſound with the J conſonant, or *jota*.

X A B

XABALO'N, ſ. m. one of the ſmall beams that form the roof of a houſe.
XABALONA'R, v. a. to place the ſmall beams in forming the roof of a houſe.
XABLACO'N, ſ. m. the ſame as *xabalon*.
XABALCONA'R, v. a. the ſame as *xabalonar*.
XABE'BA, ſ. f. a ſort of Moorish pipe to play on.
Xabeba, a large net ſo called.
XABE'CA, ſ. f. a large net ſo called.
XABE'GA, ſ. f. the ſame muſical inſtrument as *xabeba*; as alſo the ſame net as *xabeba* and *xabeca*.
XABEGUE'RO, adj. that fiſhes with the *xabega*, or belonging to the net called *xabega*.
XABE'QUE, ſ. m. a kind of veſſel called a shebeck; it is a ſort of large galley driven with oars.
XABO'N, ſ. m. ſoap.
XABONA'R, v. a. to ſoap, to waſh with ſoap.
Xabonár a úno, to reprove a man ſharply.
XABONCI'LLO, ſ. m. waſhing balls perfumed, uſed to ſhave.
XABONE'RA, ſ. f. the herb ſoapwort.
XABONERI'A, ſ. f. the place where the ſoap-boilers live.
XABONE'RO, ſ. m. a ſoap-boiler.
XABONE'TE, ſ. m. a waſh ball.

X A C

XA'CARA, ſ. f. a ſong ſo called; alſo a ſort of dance.
Xácara, a gang of young people ſinging at night through the ſtreets; alſo a lie, a ſtory.
XACARANDA'NA, } ſ. f. in
XACARANI'NA, } cant, the gibberiſh, or language of rogues and goal-birds; a company or gang of them; a cant, or a canting crew.
XACAREA'R, v. n. to ſing a ſong called *xácara*; alſo to plague and vex one.
XACARE'RO, ſ. m. one who likes to ſing *xácaras*.
XA'CARO, ſ. m. a bully, a boaſter, a bravo.
XA'CO, ſ. m. a kind of ſhort ſack wore anciently by ſoldiers.
Xáco, ſ. m. v. *XA'QUE*.

X A D

XADA, ſ. f. obſ. v. *AZA'DA*.
XADIA'R, v. a. to dig with a ſpade.

X A E

XAE'Z, v. *JAE'Z*.

X A G

XA'GA, ſ. f. obſ. v. *LLA'GA*.
XAGUADE'RO, ſ. m. obſ. vide *DESAGUADERO*.

X A H

XAHARRA'R, v. a. v. *JAHARA'R*, to plaſter wall with fine lime.
XAHA'RRO, ſ. m. fine plaſter for plaſtering of walls.
XAHERI'Z, ſ. f. obſ. an oil-mill.

X A L

XALA'PA, the purging root called jalap.
XALEA'R, v. a. to call the dogs in hunting.
XALES, ſ. m. obſ. canvaſs to cover waggons.
XALES, ſ. m. a kind of very coarſe linen cloth.
XALLU'LLO, ſ. m. a bit of dough made a cake and baked on charcoal.
XALMA, ſ. f. v. *ENXA'LMA*.
XALO'QUE, ſ. m. the ſouth-weſt wind.
XALVEGA'R, v. a. to white-wash.
La caſa eſtá bién xalvegáda, the houſe was well white-waſhed.

X A M

XAMACU'CO, ſ. m. v. *ZAMACUCO*.
XAMA'R, v. a. v. *LLAMA'R*.
XAMBORLIE'R, ſ. m. an officer about the king's perſon ſo called.
XAMBRA'R, v. a. v. *ENXAMBRA'R*.
XAME'TE, ſ. m. a ſort of ſattinet, half ſilk half worſted.
XAMU'GA, ſ. f. a particular ſort of ſaddle made for women to ride on.
XAMUSCA'R, v. a. v. *CHAMUSCA'R*.

X A N

XA'NDALO, adj. affected in ſpeaking or in walking.
XANO, adj. obſ. v. *LLANO*.

X A P

XAPO'IPA, ſ. f. a ſort of pancake.

X A Q

XA'QUE, ſ. m. a check at cheſs in cant, a ruffian, a bully.
Xaque y mate, checkmate.
Xáque de aqui, go out.
XAQUE'CA, ſ. f. v. *AXAQUE'CA*.
XA'QUETA, ſ. f. a ſort of looſe upper garment.
XAQUI'MA, ſ. f. a halter for a beaſt.
XAQUIMA'ZO, ſ. m. a blow given with a halter.
Xaquimázo, misfortune, hurt, cauſe of ſorrow.

X A R

XARA, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.
Xara, a kind of dart or arrow.
XARA'BE, ſ. m. ſirup, a ſweet draught made by apothecaries for ſick people.
XARABEA'RSE, v. r. to make uſe of ſyrups.
XARAI'Z, ſ. m. v. *LAGA'R*.
XARA'L, ſ. m. a heath, a place full of ſhrubs or bushes.
XARAMA'GO, ſ. m. wild rape.
XA'RCIAS, ſ. f. pl. the riggings of a ſhip; all ſorts of fishing-tackle.
XARE'TAS, ſ. f. pl. the nettings in a ſhip; nets made of ſmall ropes, uſed to cover men in cloſe fight; alſo the grating made like lattice-windows for the light and air to paſs through.
XARI'FE, ſ. m. v. *XERIFE*.
XARI'FO, adj. curious, beautiful, lovely, delicate.
XAROPA'R, v. a. to drench, to purge.
XARO'PE, ſ. m. a potion, a drench, a purge.
XAROPEA'R, v. a. v. *XAROPA'R*.
XARAGI'N, ſ. m. a garden of pleaſure.
XARRO, ſ. m. a vociferous, man a ſcolding woman.

X A U

XAURA'DA, adj. afflicted, ſorrowful, comfortleſs.
XA'URIA, ſ. f. a pack of hounds.
XAUTO, adj. inſipid, wanting ſalt.

X E A

XE'A, ſ. f. obſ. the name of a duty paid upon goods by the Moors.

X E F

XE'FE, ſ. m. a chief, a commander of a party.

X E J

XELFE, ſ. m. in cant, a ſlave.

X E M

XEMA'L, adj. belonging to the meaſure of a ſpan called *xeme*.
XE'ME, ſ. m. half a foot, or as much as a man can ſpan with his thumb and fore-finger.
Xeme, the female face.

X E N

XENA'BE, *XENA'BLE*, } ſ. m. muſtard.
XENO, adj. obſ. v. *LLENO*.

X E P

XEPE, ſ. m. v. *ALUMBRE*.

X E Q

XE'QUE, ſ. m. a lord, a commander, a governor.

X E R

XERA, ſ. f. as much land as a pair of oxen can plough in a day.
XE'RGA, ſ. f. a coarſe ſort of ſtuff like ſack-cloth.
Eſtár una coſa en xerga, to be begun, and not finished; coarſe and unpoliſhed.
XE'RGON, ſ. m. a ſtraw bed.
XERI'FE, ſ. m. a title of dignity among the Moors.
XERI'NGA, ſ. f. a ſyringe; alſo trouble, vexation.
XERINGA'R, v. a. to ſyringe; alſo to moleſt, to plague.
XERINGA'ZO, ſ. m. ſyringing.
XERQUERI'A, ſ. f. a ſlaughter-houſe where they kill ſheep.

X E T

XE'TA, ſ. f. a mushroom; metaph. they give this name to a black's mouth, or a hog's ſnout.
Xéta de peſcádo, a fish-pond.

X I A

XI'A, ſ. f. v. *CHI'A*.

X I B

XI'BIA, ſ. f. the cuttle-fish.
XIBIC'N, ſ. m. the cuttle-bone or fish.

X I C

XI'CARA, ſ. f. a dish uſed to drink chocolate out of.

X I F

XIFA, ſ. f. the bad part of the meat that they throw away when they kill beaſts.
XIFERI'A, ſ. f. the action of killing ſheep or oxen, as butchers do.
XIFE'RO, adj. clownish, dirty.
Xifero, ſ. m. a butcher; alſo a butcher's knife.
XIFERA'DA, ſ. f. a blow with ſuch a knife.

X I L

XILGUE'RO, ſ. m. a bird called a gold-finsh.
XILOBA'LSAMO, ſubſt. m. the balmtree.
Xilobálſamo, ſ. m. a balſam made by boiling and ſqueezing the leaves of the balſam-trees.

X I M

XIMELGA, ſ. f. ſailors call it a fish, being a piece of timber or plank, made faſt either to maſt or yard to ſtrengthen it when in danger of breaking.
XI'MIA, ſ. f. a she-ape.
XI'MIO, ſ. m. a he-ape; metaph. one that is always making ugly faces.

X I R

XI'RIDE, ſ. f. a plant ſo called.

X I S

XISCA, ſ. f. a kind of wild reed ſo called.

X I T

XITA'R, v. a. to drive out, to drive away.

X I X

XIXALLO, ſ. m. a ſhrub ſo called.

XIXALLA'R, ſ. m. the mountain where the *xixallo* grows in abundance.

X O

XO, a word uſed to ſtop horſes or other beaſts.

X O R

XORGOLI'N, ſ. m. in cant, the ſubordinate companion of a rogue.

X U A

XUAGA'RZO, ſ. m. a thorny bush that grows in mountainous places ſo called.

X U B

XUBE'TE, ſ. m. an armour formerly in uſe.

X U C

XUCLA, ſ. f. one of the ſeven ſigns that the Arabs place on their conſonants to denote ſome vowel.

X U G

XU'GO, ſ. m. the juice of any herb or fruit.

XUGOSIDA'D, juicineſs, juice.

XUGO'SO, adj. full of juice.

XU'GUE, ſ. m. filthineſs, foulneſs.

X U L

XULO, the leader of the flock; the ſame as *manſo*.

X U R

XURE'L, ſ. m. a ſort of fish ſo called.

X U T

XUTA, ſubſt. fem. an American bird ſo called, eaſily domeſticated.

Y.

Y, Is properly a Greeck vowel, but often uſed in Spanish.
Y, a conjunction copulative; and.
Y, an interjection, denoting anger or contempt.

Y A

YA, adv. already.
Ya ſlo, obſ. ſuppoſing, granting.
Ya ſe ſué, he is gone.

Y A C

YACE'R, v. n. to lie in a place. Commonly uſed on tombſtones; as, *acqui yáce*, here lies ſuch a one.
YACI'JA, ſ. f. a bed or the like where one lies.
Ser de mala yacija, to be full of pains; alſo to be a mean, baſe, wandering fellow.
YACTU'RA, ſ. f. loſs.

Y A M

YAMBO, ſ. m. an iambick; a Latin foot ſo called that has the firſt ſyllable short, the ſecond long.
YA'MBICO, adject. conſiſting of iambicks.

Y A N

YA'NTAR, ſ. m. food, meat.
Yantár, v. a. to eat, to breakfaſt.
Yantár, ſ. m. a tax that was formerly ſo called.

Y A R

YA'RO, ſ. m. the herb cuckoopit or calves-foot.

Y E G

YE'GUA, ſ. f. a mare.
Prov. *El que deſalába la yegua, eſſe la lleva*, he who diſpraiſes the mare, has her.
YEGUA'DA, ſ. f. a herd of mares.
YEGUECI'TA, ſ. f. a little mare.
YEGUE'RO, ſ. m. a keeper of mares.
YEGUEZUE'LA, ſ. f. a little or young mare.

Y E L

YE'LMO, ſ. m. a helmet, a head-piece.

Y E R

YERMA'R, v. a. to make waſte, to depopulate.
YE'RMO, adj. deſert, not inhabited.
Yérmo, ſubſt. m. a deſert, a ſolitude.
Un padre del yermo, one of the holy anchorets of old.
YE'RRO, ſ. m. an error, a miſtake.
YE'RTO, adj. ſtiff, ſtretched out, extended, like a dead body.
YE'RVO, ſ. m. a plant ſo called, which produces little pods like pea pods.

Y E S

YE'SCA, ſ. f. tinder.
Yeſca, whatever is quite dry, and diſpoſed of courſe to kindle and be burnt.
Yeſca, incentive of any paſſion.
YESCO, ſ. m. the herb danewort, or dwarf-elder.

Y E Z

YEZGO, ſ. m. a kind of willow.

Y O

YO, pronoun, I. Latin *ego*.
Yo, often uſed as an interjection of contempt.

Y O G

YOGA'R, v. a. obſ. to rejoice, to make merry; alſo to join in carnal copulation; alſo to be, to ſtay, to remain, to abide.
YOGUI'R, v. a. obſ. the ſame as *yogar*.

Y U

YUCCA, ſ. f. a root in America, of which the natives make a kind of bread.

Y U G

YUCA'DA, ſ. f. an acre of ground, or as much as a yoke of oxen can plough up in a day.
YUGE, ſ. m. obſ. a judge.
YUGO, ſ. m. a yoke.
Yugo, matrimony.
Yugo, law, ſuperior authority.
Yugo, any heavy or oppreſſive thing.
Yugo de navio, a ſtrong timber that ſtrengthens the ſtern of a ſhip.
Sacudir el yugo, to throw off all kind of obedience or ſubordination.
Sujetárſe al yugo, to ſubmit to the dominion or order of.
YUGUE'RO, ſubſt. m. a ploughman.
YUGULA'R, adj. jugular; ſaid of the veins in the throat.

Y U N

YU'NQUE, ſ. m. an anvil.
Prov. *Quándo fuéres yúnque, ſúfre cómo yúnque; quándo fuéres martillo, hiére cómo martillo*, when you are an anvil, bear like an anvil; when you are a hammer, ſtrike like a hammer. That is, ſuit yourſelf always to your conditions.
YU'NTA, ſ. f. a yoke of oxen.
YUNTERI'A, ſ. f. the place where they keep oxen.
YUNTE'RO, ſ. m. one who guides oxen when they plough.
YUNTO, adj. (ruſtick for *junto*) joined, united.

Y U S

YUSE'RA, ſ. f. an horizontal ſtone uſed in oil mills.
YU'SO, adv. obſ. beneath, under.
De Dios un yúſo, under God.
YUSSIO'N, ſ. f. an order, or the thing ordered.

Y U Y

YU'YUBA, ſ. f. v. *AZUFA'IFA*.

Z

Z, The laſt letter of the Spaniſh alphabet.

Z A

ZA, a word uſed in ſome parts to frighten dogs.

Z A B

ZA'BIDA, } ſ. f. a kind of houſe
ZA'BILA, } leek, or rather of aloes.
ZABO'RDA, ſ. f. the running of a ſhip aground.
ZABORDA'R, v. n. to run a ſhip aground.
ZABO'RDO, ſ. m. the running a ſhip aground.
ZA'BRA, ſ. f. a ſort of veſſel or ſhip.
ZABUCA'R, v. a. to overturn, to mingle, to mix; alſo to puſh.
ZABULLI'DA, ſ. f. vide ZAMBULLI'DA.
ZABULLIDU'RA, ſ. f. plunging, ſinking ſuddenly into water.
ZABULLI'R, v. a to plunge, to put ſuddenly under water.
Zabullirſe, v. r. to plunge, to ſink ſuddenly into water; alſo to diſappear, to hide one's ſelf.

Z A Ç

ZACAPE'LLA, ſ. f. any noiſy quarrel, diſpute, conteſt.
ZACA'TIN, ſ. m. a market, a rag fair.
ZACEA'R, v. a to frighten dogs.

Z A F

ZA'FA, ſ. f. v. ALBO'RNIA.
ZAFA'DA, ſ. f. clearing out a ſhip.
Zafada, flight, haſtening away, runnnig away.
ZAFA'R, v. a. to adorn to beautify; alſo to clear a ſhip.
Zafarſe, v. r. to run away, to fly; to excuſe one's ſelf from doing a thing.
ZAFARE'CHE, ſ. m. v. ESTA'NQUE.
ZAFARI', adj. (*granada zafari*) a kind of pomegranate.
ZAFARI'CHE, ſ. m. a board to put earthen pots upon.
ZAFERI'A, ſ. f. a farm, a village.
ZAFIEDA'D, ſ. f. ruſticity either in language or conduct.
ZA'FIO, adj. rude, ruſtical, unpoliſhed, unſkilled, ignorant, groſs.
ZA'FO, adj. free, without hindrance; alſo ſafe, free from danger or hurt; free in his behaviour, alert.

Z A G

ZA'GA, adv. obſ. behind.
Zaga, ſ. f. the extremity behind.
Zaga, the load put in the back part of a cart.
Zaga, ſ. m. he who is the laſt player, the left hand.
No ir en zaga, no quedarſe en zaga, not to be behind or inferior to others in any thing.
ZAGA'L, ſ. m. a ſtout youth, a ſhepherd.
ZAGA'LA, fem. of *zagál*.
ZAGALE'JA, fem. of *zagalejo*.
ZAGALE'JO, ſ. m. a young country lad alſo a ſort of women's petticoat.
ZAGALI'TO, ſ. m. dimin. of *zagal*.
ZAGUA'N, ſ. m. a porch or entry to a houſe.
ZAGUANE'TE, ſ. m. dimin. of *zaguan*.
ZAGUE'RO, adj. the laſt, the hindmoſt, that remains behind.

Z A H

ZAHARE'ñO, adj. (*páxaro zahareño*) a wild bird.
Zahareño, diſdainful, wild.
ZAHARRO'N, ſ. m. v. MOHARRA'CHE.
ZAHE'N, adj. the appellative of gold coin; formerly called *dobla zabén*.
ZAHERI'DOR, ſ. m. reproacher cenſurer.
ZAHERIMIE'NTO, ſubſt. m. reproach; cenſure.
ZAHERI'R, v. a. to blame, to reproach.
ZAHI'NAS, ſ. f. pl. a kind of pap that is eaten, ſo called.
ZAHO'N, ſ. m. great and wide breeches.
ZAHONA'DO, adject. of a dusky colour.
ZAHONDA'R, v. a. to ſink in the earth.
ZAHORI', ſ. m. an impoſter who pretends to into the bowels of the earth, through ſtone walls, or into a man's body.
ZAHO'RRA, ſ. f. the ballaſt of a ſhip.
ZAHUMA'R, v. a. v. SAUMA'R.
ZAHUMERI'O, ſ. m. vide SAUMERI'O.
ZAHU'RDA, ſ. f. a hog-ſty; alſo any dark or filthy place.

Z A I

ZAI'DA, ſ. f. a kind of bird ſo called.
ZAI'NA, ſ. f. in cant, the purſe.
ZAI'NO, adj. dark cheſnut without mixture of any other colour.
Zaino, adj. treacherous, falſe.
Mirar de zaino, á lo zaino, to look as diſſembling deceitful people do.

Z A L

ZALA, ſ. f. the Moorish prayers, devotion, or worship.
Hacer la zalá á uno, to court one.
ZALAGA'RDA, ſ. f. any confuſed noiſe made by low people; alſo a quarrel among bullies on purpoſe to be parted.
Zalagárda, ſ. f. a falſe alarm given to an enemy to haraſs him.
Zalagárda, a ſudden ſally out of an ambush with shouts; alſo a ſnare or a malicious and deceitful caſtineſs.
ZALA'MA, } ſ. f. flattery;
ZALAME'RIA, } adulation.
ZALAME'RO. ſ. m. f. a flatterer.
ZALE'A, ſ. f. a ſheep's skin dried, but not dreſſed or tanned.

ZALE'AR, v. a. to shake any thing or drag it with eaſineſs.
ZALE'AR, to part dogs by crying *ça, ça.*
ZALE'MA, ſ. f. an humble inclination bow, or curteſy.
ZALE'O, ſ. m. the skin of a ſheep or cow pulled to pieces by the wolf, and carried by the ſhepherd to his maſter.
Zaléo, ſ. m. the act of ſhaking any thing as one does the leather of an animal.
ZALO'MA, ſ. f. the cry uſed by ſailors working on board a ſhip.
ZALOMA'R, v. n. to cry as ſailors do wen they work on board.
ZALO'NA, ſ. f. a large earthen pot.

Z A M

ZAMACU'CO, ſ. m. a dunce, a ſilly fellow; alſo drunkenneſs.
ZAMA'NZA, ſ. f. a cudgelling, a ſound beating.
ZAMA'RRA, ſ. f. a garment of ſheep ſkings with the wool on, worn by ſhepherds.
Zamarrear, v. a. to drag and tear, as the wolf does a ſheep.
Zamarrear, to preſs cloſe in argument.
Zamarreár, to beat, to thraſh, to cudgel.
ZAMARRI'CO, ſ. m. dimin. of *çamarro.*
ZAMA'RRO, ſ. m. a garment made or lined with ſheep ſkins; alſo a dirty, clownish, lumpish fellow.
Barbas de çamárro, a thick dirty beard.
ZAMARRO'N, ſ. m. augmentative of *çamarra* and *çamarro.*
ZAMBA'RCO, ſ. m. the large ſtrap that is tied round the mules drawing a coach, that the ropes may not hurt their breaſt.
ZA'MBO, ſ. m. a wild beaſt in America ſo called.
ZA'MBO, } adj. ſplay-legged,
ZAMBI'GO, } having the legs turned inwards.
ZAMBO'A, ſ. f. a ſort of quince.
ZAMBO'MBA, ſ. f. a paſtoral inſtrument ſo called.
Zambómbo, ſ. m. a ruſtick, a clown, a rude witleſs fellow.
ZAMBORO'NDON, adj. groſs, rude, clownish.
ZAMBOROTU'DO, adj. idem.
ZA'MBRA, ſ. f. a feaſt or dance; any noiſy feaſt; a fray or quarrel.
ZAMBUCA'R, v. r. } to throw
ZAMBUCA'RSE, v. a. } oneſelf ſuddenly among any thing in order to be hidden.
ZAMBU'CO, ſ. m. hiding oneſelf ſuddenly.
ZAMBULLI'DA, ſ. f. ſinking into the water ſuddenly.
Zambullida, a particular trick ſo called in fencing.
ZAMBULLI'RSE, v. r. v. *ZABULLI'RSE.*
ZAMPALIMO'SNAS, ſubſt. m. a poor beggar.
ZAMPAPA'LO, ſ. m. a glutton, a great eater.
ZAMPA'R, v. a. to put one thing in another ſuddenly; alſo to eat voraciouſly and very quick.
Zampárſe, v. r. to rush into a place, to thruſt, to clap in ſuddenly.
ZAMPATO'RTAS, ſ. m. a glutton; alſo a dunce, a dolt.
ZAMPOñA, ſ. f. an inſtrument conſiſting of ſeveral flutes; in Madrid the boys call by that name a poor of the hoſpital.
Zampoña, an unwitty ſaying.
ZAMPUZA'R, v. a. to put any thing into the water; alſo to hide in any place.
ZAMPUZO, ſ. m. the act of hiding, concealing, or of finding under water.

Z A N

ZANAHO'RIA, ſ. f. a carrot; alſo a vain and falſe compliment.
ZANCA, ſ. f. a ſmall leg, a ſpindle ſhank; that part of the bird's leg which has not flesh on it.
Ir en çancas de araña, to proceed artfully.
ZANCA'DA, ſ. f. large ſtep.
ZANCADI'LLA, ſ. f. a trip; alſo a skip or hop, a ſnare, a fraud.
ZANCAJEA'R, v. n. to tread awkwardly kicking up the heel.
ZANCAJE'RA, ſ. f. the ſtep of a coach or chaiſe.
ZANCAJIE'NTO, adj. vide *ZANCAJO'SO.*
ZANCA'JO, ſ. m. the heel of the foot, ſtockings, or shoes.
Zancájo, a dull fellow.
ZANCAJO'SO, adj. having the feet turned outward.
Zancajóſo, dull, blundering.
ZANCARRO'N, ſ. m. the foot's bone, dry and without flesh; alſo any ſuch bone.
Zancarrón, an old, lean, ugly, naſty perſon.
Zancarrón, an ignorant profeſſor of any art or ſcience.
ZANCO, ſ. m. ſtilts; alſo a ſtalker.
Poner a uno en çancos, to raiſe one, to make one's fortune.
Subirſe en çancos, to grow proud and haughty.
ZANCU'DO, adj. long-legged.
ZANDA'LIA, ſ. f. v. *SANDA'LIA.*
ZANDA'LO, v. *SA'NDALO.*
ZANDI'A, ſ. f. v. *SANDI'A.*
ZANE'FA, ſ. f. v. *CENE'FA.*
ZA'NGA, ſ. f. a play at cards in four.
ZANGA'LA, ſ. f. a ſort of linen full of gum and well polished.
ZANGAMA'NGA, ſ. f. deceit, fraud.
ZANGANDO'NGO, } ſ. m. an
ZANGANDU'LLO, } idle fellow, a ſilly fellow.
ZANGANEA'R, v. n. to be very idle.
ZA'NGANO, ſ. m. a drone; a lazy fellow.
ZANGARI'LLA, ſ. f. a kind of temporary mill.
ZANGARILLE'JA, ſ. f. a young dirty girl.
ZANGARREA'R, v. a. to ſcratch the guittar, to play upon it without art.
ZANGARRIA'NA, ſ. f. a diſtemper in the head among ſheep; alſo melancholy.
ZANGARULLO'N, ſ. m. a tall idle lad.
ZANGOLOTEA'R, v. n. to move indecently.
ZANGOLOTE'O, ſ. m. indecent motion of one's body.
ZANGUA'NGA, ſ. f. a feigned infirmity to avoid work.

Hacér la ʒanguánga, to feign an infirmity in order to avoid, work and be idle.

ZANGUA'JO, ſ. m. a tall and lean man; an idle fellow; a ſimpleton; one who feigns ſimplicity.

ZA'NJA, ſ. f. a trench dug to lay the foundation of a houſe; alſo any foundation.

Abrir las ʒánjas, to dig, to begin an edifice.

ZANJA'R, v. a. to make a trench.

ZANJO'N, ſ. m. a great trench.

ZANJONCI'LLO, ſ. m. dimin. of *ʒanja*.

ZANQUEADO'R, ſ. m. a ſtalking perſon; alſo a great walker.

ZANQUEA'R, v. n. to ſtalk; alſo to ramble.

ZANQUILA'RGO, adj. long-legged.

ZANQUI'LLA, ſ. f. a long and thinlegged perſon.

ZANQUITUE'RTO, adj. having the legs crooked.

ZANQUIVA'NO, adj. having long legs.

Z A P

ZAPA, ſ. f. the ſpade uſed by the pioneer in war.

Zápa, a hoe for a garden.

Zápa, ſ. f. ſhagreen; alſo a work reſembling ſhagreen.

ZAPADO'R, ſ. m. one who ſaps; an underminer.

Caminár a la ʒápa, to undermine.

ZAPA'R, v. a. to hoe in a garden; in a martial ſenſe, to ſap; that is, to ſink a deep trench, deſcending by ſteps to get into the enemies works.

ZAPARRA'DA, ſ. f. v. *ZAPARRA'ZO*.

ZAPARRASTRA'R, v. n. to drag one's garment along the ground, ſo that they gather up the dirt.

ZAPARRASTRO'SO, adj. that drags his garment looſe along the ground, ſo that it gathers the dirt.

Zaparraſtroſo, ill done, clumſily made or done.

ZAPARRA'ZO, ſ. m. a great blow given by falling from on high; alſo ſudden infirmity and ſudden misfortune in proſperity.

ZAPA'TA, ſ. f. a piece of leather put under ſomething that it may not be ſpoiled by rubbing.

Zapata, a piece of timber put under a beam that leans on a pillar.

Zopata, a kind of half boat.

ZAPATA'ZO, ſ. m. a great blow with a ſhoe.

ZAPATEADO'R, ſ. m. who makes a noiſe with the ſhoes as in fencing.

ZAPATERI'A, ſ. f. ſhoemaker's ſhop or buſineſs.

ZAPATE'RO, ſ. m. a ſhoemaker.

ZAPATI'CO, ſ. m. a ſmall ſhoe.

ZAPA'TO, ſ. m. a ſhoe.

Zapáto ſobre pillar, a piece laid on a pillar for a beam to reſt on.

Metérſe en un ʒapáto, to creep into a ſhoe for fear.

Andar con ʒapátos de fiéltro, to move ſecretly, privately.

ZA'PE, the word uſed to a cat, to bid her be gone.

ZAPEA'R, v. a. to drive away the cat by crying *ʒape*.

ZAPHYR, adj. a delicate azure blue.

ZAPHY'RO, ſ. m. a precious ſtone called a ſaphire.

ZAPI'TO, ſ. m. a wooden veſſel into which cows are milked.

ZAPO'TE, ſ. m. an American tree ſo called, which now grows in Spain.

ZAPUZA'R, v. n. v. *ZAMPUZAR*.

Z A Q

ZAQUE, a leather bag for wine; alſo a drunkard.

ZAQUEA'R, v. a. to put the wine from a leather bag into another.

ZAQUIZA'MI, ſ. m. the ſpace or place between the plaſtering and the roof tiling, or covering of a houſe; alſo the ceiling or wainſcotting; alſo a cockloft.

Z A R

ZAR, ſ. m. the czar of Muſcovy.

ZA'RA, ſ. f. Indian corn.

ZARABA'NDA, ſ. f. ſaraband, a dance; alſo any noiſe.

ZARABUTE'RO, adj. lying, intriguing.

ZARADIO'N, ſ. m. a medicine formerly uſed to cure dogs.

ZARADI'QUE, ſ. m. idem.

ZARAGATO'NA, ſ. f. the herb flea-wort or flea-bane.

ZARAGOCI', adj. (*ciruéla ʒaragoci*) a ſort of plum ſo called.

ZARAGUE'LLES, ſ. m. large breeches.

ZARAMA'GO, ſ. m. a plant or herb ſo called.

ZARAMAGULLO'N, ſ. m. an aquatick bird ſo called.

ZARAMBE'QUE, ſ. m. a dance very gay and merry.

ZARA'NDA, ſ. f. a ſieve with large holes for the corn to fall through and the ſtraw to remain behind.

ZARA'NDADO'R, ſ. m. he who winnows corn.

ZARANDA'JAS, ſ. f. pl. ſmall trifles of little value.

ZARANDADERO, ſ. m. vide *ZARANDADOR*.

ZARANDA'R, *ZARANDEA'R*, v. a. to ſift the corn.

ZARANDI'LLO, ſ. m. a little ſieve.

Zarandillo, a little and brisk fellow.

Andar con zarandillo, to move briſkly.

ZARAPA'LLO'N, ſ. m. a dull, dirty, aged fellow.

ZARAPA'TO, ſ. m. a briſk fellow.

ZARAPI'TO, ſ. m. a kind of ſea-gull.

ZARATA'N, ſ. m. a cancer in the breaſts of women.

ZARA'ZAS, ſ. f. pl. a meſhmade to kill dogs, rats, &c. alſo, printed china cotton.

ZARCEA'R, v. a. to clean the water-pipes with long ſtaves or perches.

ZARCE'RO, adj. the appellative of a particular ſporting dog.

ZARCE'TA, ſ. f. a bird ſo called.

ZARCI'LLO, ſ. m. an ear-ring.

ZAR'CO, adj. light blue.

ZAREVITZ, ſ. m. the eldeſt ſon of the czar of Muſcovy.

ZARIA'NO, adj. belonging to the czar of Muſcovy.

ZARITZA, ſ. f. the empreſs of Muſcovy.
ZARCA, ſ. f. an engine to wind up ſilk.
ZARPA, ſ. f. the dirt that ſticks to dragging garments.
Zarpa, the paw of a quadruped.
ZARPA'R, v. a to weigh anchor.
ZARPA'ZO, ſ. m. the noiſe made by ſomething falling down.
ZARRACA'TIN, ſ. m. a miſer; one that haggles much for all he ſells or buys.
ZARZA, ſ. f. a briar, a bramble, a thorn, a bush.
ZARZA'GAN, *ZARZANE'TE*, *ZARZAGAVILLO*, } ſ. m. a cold wind.
ZARZAHA'N, ſ. m. a ſort of thin ſtriped ſilk.
ZARZAIDE'A, ſ. f. (the ſame as *frambueſco*) a raſpberry.
ZARZA'L, ſ. m. a place full of thorns, brambles or bushes.
ZA'RZAMORA, ſ. f. a black-berry.
ZARZAPARI'LLA, ſ. f. the plant called *ſarſa* or *ſarſapirella*, growing in New Spain.
ZARZAPARILLA'R, ſ. m. the place where the ſarſaparilla grows.
ZARZAPERRU'NA, ſ. f. dog-briar, eglantine.
ZARZARO'SA, ſ. f. the wild roſe.
ZA'RZO, ſ. m. an hurdle or crate.
Menear el zarzo, to beat, to chaſtiſe.
ZA'RZO'SO, adj. full of briars.
ZARZUE'LA, ſ. f. a comedy or farce in two acts.

Z A S

ZA'S, a word to expreſs a cut or a blow.
ZASCANDI'L, ſ. m. a blow ſuddenly given, or an act ſuddenly done.
Zaſcandil, a deceitful or teaſing man; or a meddling fellow that offers and promiſes what he cannot give.

Z A T

ZA'TA, *ZA'TARA*, } ſ. f. a float of timber ſent down a river.
ZATI'CO, *ZATI'LLO*, } ſ. m. a ſmall bit of bread.
ZATO, ſ. m. a bit of bread.

Z A Z

ZAZO'SO, adj. liſping.

Z E A.

ZE'A, ſ. f. v. *CE'A*.

Z E B

ZE'BRA, ſ. f. v. *CE'BRA*.

Z E D

ZE'DA, ſ. f. the name of the letter ẓ.
ZEDI'LLO, ſ. f. dimin. of *ẓeda*.
ZEDOA'RIA, ſubſt. f. a plant ſo called.

Z E L

ZELA'DO, adj. jealouſly or carefully looked after.
ZELADO'R, ſ. m. a zealous, or a jealous perſon.
ZELA'R, v. a to be zealous or jealous.
ZELE'RA, ſ. f. jealouſy.
ZE'LO, ſ. m. zeal.
Zelo, the rut in animals, their deſire of copulation.
Zelos, ſ. m. jealouſy.
Dar ẓelos, to make jealous, to occaſion jealouſy.
Pedir ẓelos, to ſhew jealouſy, to charge with infidelity in love.
ZELO'SO, adj. jealous.
ZELOTYPIA, ſ. f. jealouſy.

Z E N

ZENI'TH, ſ. m. the zenit, the point in the heavens directly over every man's head, the vertical point.
ZENZALINO, adj. belonging to gnats.
ZENZA'LO, ſ. m. a ſort of gnat.

Z E P

ZE'PHIRO, ſ. m. the weſt wind, a zephir, a ſoft breeze or wind.

Z E Q

ZE'QUI, ſ. m. a golden coin ſo called.
ZEQUI'A, ſ. f. v. *AZEQUI'A*.

Z E T

ZE'TA, ſ. f. v. *ZE'DA*.

Z E U

ZEU'GMA, ſ. f. a figure in grammar ſo called.

Z I L

ZILO'RGANO, ſ. m. a kind of organ.

Z I P

ZIPIZA'PE, ſ. m. a noiſy quarrel with blows.

Z I R

ZIRIGAÑA, flattery, adulation; alſo a trifle.

Z I S

ZISZAZ, words that expreſs a blow, or the noiſe of a blow.

Z I T

ZITA'RA, ſ. f. v. *AZITA'RA*.

Z I Z

ZIZA'ÑA, ſ. f. v. *VALLI'CO*.
Ziẓáña, diſſenſion; alſo infection.
ZIZAÑE'RO, adj. who raiſes diſſenſion or quarrels.

Z O C

ZO'CALO, a dye on which a pedeſtal ſtands.
ZOCA'TO, adj. pale with ripeneſs.
ZOCLO, ſ. m. buskin.
ZOCO, ſ. m. v. *ZUECO*.
Andár de ẓocos en colodros, to get out of a danger or of a difficult buſineſs, and get into another.
ZO'COBA, ſ. f. the name of a plant and of a tree.

Z O D

ZODI'ACO, ſ. m. the zodiack, or circle in the heavens on which the twelve ſigns are, and the ſun makes it yearly courſe.

Z O F

ZO'FRA, ſ. f. a ſort of carpet.

Z O I

ZOILO, ſ. m. an envious carping railing perſon.

Z O L

ZOLLIPA'R, v. a. to ſigh.
ZOLLI'PO, a ſigh with a hiccough.

ZOLO'CHO, adj. silly, foolish, lacking wit.

Z O M

ZO'MA, s. f. v. *SO'MA.*

ZO'MAS, s. f. pl. uneven ridges in the fields.

ZO'MPO, adj. v. *ZO'PO.*

Z O N

ZO'NA, s. f. a zone, or circle in the heavens.

ZONCERI'A, subst. f. insipidity, foolery, foolishness.

ZO'NZO, adj. insipid, unsavoury, tasteless; also insipid, naseous, silly, witless.

Ave zónza, an insipid man, a silly witless person.

ZONZORRIO'N, subst. m. a silly person.

Z O P

ZOPAS, s. f. pl. lisping.

ZOPI'SSA, s. f. the resin mixed with wax.

ZOPO, adj. lame; subst. used, an unhandy person, an aukward fellow.

Z O Q

ZOQUE'TE, s. m. a short and thick piece of wood; also a large piece of bread.

Zoquéte, s. m. a short and fat person; also an ignorant fellow.

ZOQUETE'RO, adj. beggarly.

ZOQUETU'DO, adj. gross, rude, ill-made.

Z O R

ZORITA, adj. (*paloma zorita*) a wild sort of pigeon.

ZO'RRA, s. f. a fox.

Estár una zorra, to be drunk.

Cazár una zorra, to make oneself drunk.

Prov. *Assi dixo la zorra a las uvas no pudiéndolas alcanzár que no estában maduras*, the fox said the grapes were not ripe, when she could not reach them.

Prov. *Quando la zorra anda al grillo, no hai para ella, ni para sus hijos*, when the fox goes a cricket-hunting, there is not enough for herself, nor her young.

Prov. *Mucho sabe la zorra, pero mas el que la toma*, the fox is very cunning, but he is more cunning that catches her.

ZORRE'RA, s. f. the hole of a fox; also a smoky place or house; so called, because they smoke foxes out of their holes.

ZORRERI'A, s. f. the trick of a fox; also any cunning sly trick.

ZORRE'RO, adj. heavy, lumpish.

Perro zorrero, a fox-dog, a kind of small dog so called.

ZORRI'LLA, s. f. a little fox.

Prov. *Zorilla tagarnilléra, hacése muérta por assir la présa*, the tricking fox lies as if he were dead to catch her prey.

Prov. *Zorrilla que mucho tarda cazaguárda*, the fox that waits long wait for a prey.

ZO'RRO, s. m. a he-fox; in cant, a cheating beggar; an idle fellow.

Prov. *Zorro en zórréra el humo lo echa fuera*, when a fox is in his hole, the smoke fetches him out.

Navio zórro, a ship very heavy.

Zórros, s. m. pl. the fox's tail; used to take off dust and powder; also the fox's skin dressed.

Estár hecho un zorro, to be very sleepy.

ZORROCLO'CO, s. m. a kind of paste made into wafers to eat.

Zorroclóco, a fellow that looks idle and lumpish, but cunning enough to know his advantage.

Zorroclóco, the act of coaxing, caressing, wheedling, flattering.

ZORRONGLO'N, adj. that does what is ordered him in an awkward manner through spight or unwillingness.

ZORRU'NO, adj. relating to a fox.

ZORRU'LLO, s. m. v. *ZURU'LLO.*

ZORZA'L, s. m. the bird feldfare.

ZORZALE'NA, adj. fem. (*azeituna zorzaléna*,) a very small round sort of olives.

Z O S

ZOSTER, s. m. a distemper so called.

Z O T

ZO'TE, s. m. a dolt, numbskul, a heavy dull fellow.

Z O Z

ZOZO'BRA, subst. f. a contrary wind, a hard gale; also trouble, grief.

ZOZOBRAR, v. n. to be in danger of foundering at sea; also to be in great trouble and affliction.

Z U

ZU'A, *ZU'DA*, } s. f. v. *AZU'DA.*

Z U B

ZU'BIA, s. f. a place where many waters meet.

Z U C

ZUCIEDA'D, subst. f. v. *SUCIEDA'D.*

ZUCIO, adj. v. *SUCI'O.*

Z U E

ZUE'CO, s. m. a woden shoe, also a sort of shoes with wooden soles.

Zueco, adject. plain, applied to style.

Z U F

ZU'FRE, s. m. v. *AZU'FRE.*

ZUFRI'A. v. n. v. *SUFRIR.*

Z U I

ZUI'ZA, s. f. a sort of sport, like a muster of soldiers.

Zuiza, s. f. quarrel, dispute, contest.

ZUIZON, s. m. v. *CHUZO'N.*

Z U L

ZULA'QUE, s. m. a kind of cement or mastick made of lime, oil, and other ingredients.

ZU'LLA, s. f. an herb given to cattle.

Zullárse, v. r. to ease oneself.

ZULLEN'CO, adj. said of a feeble old person.

ZULLO'N, s. m. a wind expelled without noise.

Z U M

ZUMACA'L, } s. m. a place full
ZUMACA'R, } of sumach-herb.

Zumacár, v. a. to tan skins with sumach.

ZUMACAYA, ſubſt. fem. v. *ZUMAYA*.

ZUMA'QUE, ſ. m. the ſumach-herb whoſe flowers are uſed in dying, and the bark in tanning.

Zumáque, in cant, wine.

Ser afinado al zumaque, to be drunk.

ZUMA'YA, ſ. f. a bird of the owl kind.

ZU'MBA, ſ. f. a large bell hanging on the neck of cattle; alſo mocking, joking upon one.

ZU'MBA'R, v. n. to hum, to buz like a bee; alſo to mock, to play upon one.

Zumbárſe, v. r. to jeſt.

ZUMBEL, ſubſt. m. frown, angry aſpect.

ZUMBI'DO, ſ. m. a humming or buzzing noiſe.

ZUMBO, ſ. m. the ſame as *zumbido*, but leſs uſed.

ZUMBO'N, adj. jeſting, mocking.

Palómo zumbón, a kind of pigeon ſo called.

ZUMIE'NTO, adj. full of juice, juicy.

ZUMI'LLO, ſ. m. the herb called dragon.

ZU'MO, ſ. m. juice, ſap, moiſture.

Zumo de cepas ò parras, wine.

ZUMO'SO, adject. juicy, full of juice.

Z U P

ZUPIA, ſ. f. foul, bad wine; alſo any bad liquor; the dregs of any thing.

Z U R

ZURA'NA, ſ. f. v. *ZORITA*.

ZURCIDE'RA, ſ. f. a woman that darns.

ZURCIDO'R, ſ. m. who mends cloths; alſo a pimp.

ZURCIDU'RA, ſ. f. mending of cloths.

ZURCI'R, v. a. to lie, to tell ſtories.

ZU'RDO, adj. left-handed.

A zurdas, adv. with the left hand, badly.

Zurdo, left; ſaid of the hand, and of any thing that is on the left ſide.

No ſer zurdo, to be expert, not to be a fool.

ZURI'TA, ſ. f. v. *ZORI'TA*.

ZURI'ZA, ſ. f. v. *ZUI'ZA*.

ZURO, adj. v. *ZORITA*.

ZURRA, ſ. f. obſ. v. *ZORRA*.

Zurra, the maceration that ſkin muſt undergo to be turned into leather.

Zurra, continued labour, inceſſant ſtudy.

Zurra, a handful of blows given to one.

Zurra, a reprimand, a rebuke.

Zurra, an interjection expreſſing that we are teazed and will be ſo no more.

Zurra al cañamo, beat him, chaſtiſe him.

Zurra, ſ. f. obſ. a fox.

Zurra, currying of skins or any other thing.

Zurra, a whipping or beating; alſo diſpute, conteſt.

Zurra, blame, reproach.

ZURRADO'R, ſ. m. a currier; alſo one who chaſtiſes or beats.

ZURRA'PAS, ſ. f. the lees or dregs ſinking in the bottom of a veſſel.

Con zurrápas, in a naſty manner.

ZURRAPO'SO, adj. full of lees.

ZURRAPI'LLAS, ſ. f. a few dregs.

ZURRIA'GA, ſ. f. a ſtrap of leather to caſt his dart with, a lash for a top or any ſuch whip.

Zurriaga, a bird ſo called, a kind of lark.

ZURRIAGA'R, v. n. to make a buzzing or humming noiſe.

Zurriár, to ſpeak with a bad tone of voice.

ZURRIBA'NDA, ſ. f. quarrel, fray, battle, fight.

ZURRIBU'RRI, ſ. m. a herd of mean people; alſo a mean perſon.

ZURRI'DO, ſ. m. humming, buzzing.

ZURRI'O, ſ. m. a humming or buzzing noiſe.

ZURRI'R, v. n. to emit a bad or rough ſound.

ZURRO'N, ſ. m. a leather budget or bag.

Zurron, the firſt pellicle of ſome fruits.

Zurron, the top of the ſtalk of corn where the grains are wrapped up.

Zurron, that kind of skin in which ſome children are wrapt up when coming in this world.

Zurron, a kind of little bag found in animals, that is full of worms, or on trees that is full of caterpillars or the like.

ZURRO'NA, ſ. f. a bad woman, a cheating wench.

ZURRU'SCO, ſ. m. a toaſt burnt.

ZURUJA'NO, ſ. m. obſ. v. *CIRUJA'NO*.

ZURU'LLO, ſ. m. a long and round piece of any thing.

Z U T

ZUTANI'LLO, *ZUTANI'CO*, *ZUTANI'TO*, } ſ. m. of dimin. of *zutáno*.

ZUTANO, ſ. m. f. ſuch a one.

Z U Z

ZUZA'R, v. a. v. *AZUZA'R*.

ZUZO, a word to call dogs or incite them.

FIN,